



OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer

The OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer feature as specified in RFC 7166 provides a mechanism to authenticate Open Shortest Path First version 3 (OSPFv3) protocol packets as an alternative to existing OSPFv3 IPsec authentication.

- [Information About OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer, on page 1](#)
- [How to Configure OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer, on page 2](#)
- [Configuration Examples for OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer, on page 5](#)
- [Additional References for OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer, on page 6](#)
- [Feature Information for OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer, on page 7](#)

Information About OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer

Overview of OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer

Prior to the OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer, OSPFv3 IPsec as defined in RFC 4552 was the only mechanism for authenticating protocol packets. The OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer feature defines an alternative mechanism to authenticate OSPFv3 protocol packets that additionally provides a packet replay protection via sequence number and does not have any platform dependencies.

To perform non-IPsec cryptographic authentication, OSPFv3 devices append a special data block, that is, Authentication Trailer, to the end of the OSPFv3 packets. The length of the Authentication Trailer is not included in the length of the OSPFv3 packet but is included in the IPv6 payload length. The Link-Local Signaling (LLS) block is established by the L-bit setting in the “OSPFv3 Options” field in OSPFv3 hello and database description packets. If present, the LLS data block is included along with the OSPFv3 packet in the cryptographic authentication computation.

A new Authentication Trailer (AT)-bit is introduced into the OSPFv3 Options field. OSPFv3 devices must set the AT-bit in OSPFv3 Hello and Database Description packets to indicate that all the packets on this link will include an Authentication Trailer. For OSPFv3 Hello and Database Description packets, the AT-bit indicates the AT is present. For other OSPFv3 packet types, the OSPFv3 AT-bit setting from the OSPFv3 Hello/Database Description setting is preserved in the OSPFv3 neighbor data structure. OSPFv3 packet types that do not include an OSPFv3 Options field will use the setting from the neighbor data structure to determine whether or not the AT is expected. The AT-bit must be set in all OSPFv3 Hello and Database Description packets that contain an Authentication Trailer.

To configure the Authentication Trailer, OSPFv3 utilizes existing Cisco IOS **key chain** command. For outgoing OSPFv3 packets, the following rules are used to select the key from the key chain:

- Select the key that is the last to expire.
- If two keys have the same stop time, select the one with the highest key ID.

The security association (SA) ID maps to the authentication algorithm and the secret key, which is used to generate and verify the message digest. The following authentication algorithms are supported:

- HMAC-SHA-1
- HMAC-SHA-256
- HMAC-SHA-384
- HMAC-SHA-512

If the authentication is configured but the last valid key is expired, then the packets are sent using the key. A syslog message is also generated. If no valid key is available then the packet is sent without the authentication trailer. When packets are received, the key ID is used to look up the data for that key. If the key ID is not found in the key chain or if the SA is not valid, the packet is dropped. Otherwise, the packet is verified using the algorithm and the key that is configured for the key ID. Key chains support rollover using key lifetimes. A new key can be added to a key chain with the send start time set in the future. This setting allows the new key to be configured on all devices before the keys are actually used.

The hello packets have higher priority than any other OSPFv3 packets and therefore can get re-ordered on the outgoing interface. This reordering can create problems with sequence number verification on neighboring devices. To prevent sequence mismatch, OSPFv3 verifies the sequence number separately for each packet type.

See RFC 7166 for more details on the authentication procedure.



Note If you receive packets that come in a non-decreasing sequence, the system displays an authentication error. This is not an error, and you can ignore this authentication error message. No other action is required from your end.

How to Configure OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer

Configuring OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **interface** *type number*
4. **ospfv3** [*pid*] [**ipv4** | **ipv6**] **authentication** {**key-chain** *chain-name* | **null**}
5. **router ospfv3** [*process-id*]
6. **address-family ipv6 unicast vrf** *vrf-name*
7. **area** *area-id* **authentication** {**key-chain** *chain-name* | **null**}
8. **area** *area-id* **virtual-link** *router-id* **authentication key-chain** *chain-name*

9. **area** *area-id* **sham-link** *source-address destination-address* **authentication key-chain** *chain-name*
10. **authentication mode** { **deployment** | **normal** }
11. **end**
12. **show ospfv3 interface**
13. **show ospfv3 neighbor** [*detail*]
14. **debug ospfv3 vrf authentication**

DETAILED STEPS

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	interface <i>type number</i> Example: Device(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 2/0	Specifies the interface type and number.
Step 4	ospfv3 [<i>pid</i>] [ipv4 ipv6] authentication { key-chain <i>chain-name</i> null } Example: Device(config-if)# ospfv3 1 ipv4 authentication key-chain ospf-1	Specifies the authentication type for an OSPFv3 instance.
Step 5	router ospfv3 [<i>process-id</i>] Example: Device(config-if)# router ospfv3 1	Enters OSPFv3 router configuration mode.
Step 6	address-family ipv6 unicast vrf <i>vrf-name</i> Example: Device(config-router)# address-family ipv6 unicast vrf vrfl	Configures the IPv6 address family in the OSPFv3 process and enters IPv6 address family configuration mode.
Step 7	area <i>area-id</i> authentication { key-chain <i>chain-name</i> null } Example: Device(config-router-af)# area 1 authentication key-chain ospf-chain-1	Configures the authentication trailer on all interfaces in the OSPFv3 area.
Step 8	area <i>area-id</i> virtual-link <i>router-id</i> authentication key-chain <i>chain-name</i>	Configures the authentication for virtual links.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Example: <pre>Device(config-router-af)# area 1 virtual-link 1.1.1.1 authentication key-chain ospf-chain-1</pre>	
Step 9	area area-id sham-link source-address destination-address authentication key-chain chain-name Example: <pre>Device(config-router-af)# area 1 sham-link 1.1.1.1 1.1.1.0 authentication key-chain ospf-chain-1</pre>	Configures the authentication for sham links.
Step 10	authentication mode { deployment normal } Example: <pre>Device(config-router-af)# authentication mode deployment</pre>	Specifies the type of authentication used for the OSPFv3 instance. The deployment keyword provides adjacency between configured and unconfigured authentication devices. In deployment mode, a router processes packets as following: • The ospf checksum is calculated for the outgoing packets even if the authentication trailer is configured. • However, for the incoming packets the packets without authentication trailer or the wrong authentication hash packets get dropped. In this mode, the show ospfv3 neighbor detail command shows the last packet authentication status which can be used to verify the authentication trailer method.
Step 11	end Example: <pre>Device(config-router-af)# end</pre>	Exits IPv6 address family configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
Step 12	show ospfv3 interface Example: <pre>Device# show ospfv3</pre>	(Optional) Displays OSPFv3-related interface information.
Step 13	show ospfv3 neighbor [detail] Example: <pre>Device# show ospfv3 neighbor detail</pre>	(Optional) Displays OSPFv3 neighbor information on a per-interface basis.
Step 14	debug ospfv3 vrf authentication Example: <pre>Device# debug ospfv3 vrf authentication</pre>	(Optional) Displays debugging information for OSPFv3.

Configuration Examples for OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer

Example: Configuring OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer

```
interface GigabitEthernet 0/0
 ospfv3 1 ipv4 authentication key-chain ospf-1
 router ospfv3 1
  address-family ipv6 unicast vrf vrfl
   area 1 authentication key-chain ospf-1
   area 1 virtual-link 1.1.1.1 authentication key-chain ospf-1
   area 1 sham-link 1.1.1.1 authentication key-chain ospf-1
   authentication mode deployment
!
key chain ospf-1
key 1
  key-string ospf
  cryptographic-algorithm hmac-sha-512
!
```

Example: Verifying OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer

The following examples show the output of the **show ospfv3** commands.

```
Device# show ospfv3
OSPFv3 1 address-family ipv6
Router ID 1.1.1.1
...
RFC1583 compatibility enabled
Authentication configured with deployment key lifetime
Active Key-chains:
  Key chain mama: Send key 1, Algorithm HMAC-SHA-256, Number of interfaces 1
  Area BACKBONE(0)
```

```
Device# show ospfv3 neighbor detail

OSPFv3 1 address-family ipv6 (router-id 2.2.2.2)

Neighbor 1.1.1.1
  In the area 0 via interface GigabitEthernet0/0
  Neighbor: interface-id 2, link-local address FE80::A8BB:CCFF:FE01:2D00
  Neighbor priority is 1, State is FULL, 6 state changes
  DR is 2.2.2.2 BDR is 1.1.1.1
  Options is 0x000413 in Hello (V6-Bit, E-Bit, R-Bit, AT-Bit)
  Options is 0x000413 in DBD (V6-Bit, E-Bit, R-Bit, AT-Bit)
  Dead timer due in 00:00:33
  Neighbor is up for 00:05:07
  Last packet authentication succeed
  Index 1/1/1, retransmission queue length 0, number of retransmission 0
  First 0x0(0)/0x0(0)/0x0(0) Next 0x0(0)/0x0(0)/0x0(0)
  Last retransmission scan length is 0, maximum is 0
  Last retransmission scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 0 msec
```

```
Device# show ospfv3 interface

GigabitEthernet0/0 is up, line protocol is up
...
Cryptographic authentication enabled
  Sending SA: Key 25, Algorithm HMAC-SHA-256 - key chain ospf-keys
  Last retransmission scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 0 msec
```

Additional References for OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases
Configuring OSPF features	IP Routing: OSPF Configuration Guide

Standards and RFCs

Related Topic	Document Title
RFC for Supporting Authentication Trailer for OSPFv3	RFC 6506
RFC for Authentication/Confidentiality for OSPFv3	RFC 4552

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support website provides extensive online resources, including documentation and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. To receive security and technical information about your products, you can subscribe to various services, such as the Product Alert Tool (accessed from Field Notices), the Cisco Technical Services Newsletter, and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) Feeds. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	http://www.cisco.com/support

Feature Information for OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Table 1: Feature Information for OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer	Cisco IOS XE Release 3.11S	The OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer feature as specified in RFC 6506 provides a mechanism to authenticate OSPFv3 protocol packets as an alternative to existing OSPFv3 IPsec authentication. The following commands were introduced or modified: ospfv3 authentication key-chain, authentication mode, debug ospfv3 vrf authentication.

Table 2: Feature Information for OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
OSPFv3 Authentication Trailer	Cisco IOS XE Release 17.4	This feature was introduced.

