

Implementing LPTS

Local Packet Transport Services (LPTS) maintains tables describing all packet flows destined for the secure domain router (SDR), making sure that packets are delivered to their intended destinations.

For a complete description of the LPTS commands listed in this module, refer to the LPTS Commands module of *IP Addresses and Services Command Reference for Cisco CRS Routers*.

Feature History for Implementing LPTS

Release	Modification
Release 3.6.0	The LPTS policer configuration feature was introduced.

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Prerequisites for Implementing LPTS

The following prerequisites are required to implement LPTS:

You must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes the proper task IDs. The command reference guides include the task IDs required for each command. If you suspect user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Information About Implementing LPTS

To implement LPTS features mentioned in this document you must understand the following concepts:

LPTS Overview

LPTS uses two components to accomplish this task: the port arbitrator and flow managers. The port arbitrator and flow managers are processes that maintain the tables that describe packet flows for a logical router, known

as the Internal Forwarding Information Base (IFIB). The IFIB is used to route received packets to the correct Route Processor or line card for processing.

LPTS interfaces internally with all applications that receive packets from outside the router. LPTS functions without any need for customer configuration. However, LPTS **show** commands are provided that allow customers to monitor the activity and performance of LPTS flow managers and the port arbitrator.

LPTS Policers

In Cisco IOS XR, the control packets, which are destined to the Route Processor (RP), are policed using a set of ingress policers in the incoming line cards. These policers are programmed statically during bootup by LPTS components. The policers are applied based on the flow type of the incoming control traffic. The flow type is determined by looking at the packet headers. The policer rates for these static ingress policers are defined in a configuration file, which are programmed on the line card during bootup.

You can change the policer values based on the flow types of these set of ingress policers. You are able to configure the rate per policer per node (locally) and globally using the command-line interface (CLI); therefore, overwriting the static policer values.



Note

If two different ACLs with same ACEs are applied to an LPTS Policer, only the first ACL applied takes effect. When the first ACL is removed, the second ACL does not take effect on the LPTS Policer. If you want the second ACL to take effect on the LPTS Policer, reconfigure it on the LPTS Policer.

Configuring LPTS Policers

This task allows you to configure the LPTS policers.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. configure
- 2. lpts pifib hardware police [location node-id]
- **3.** flow flow type {rate rate}
- 4. commit
- 5. show lpts pifib hardware police [location {all | node id}]

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure	
Step 2	lpts pifib hardware police [location node-id] Example:	Configures the ingress policers and enters pifib policer global configuration mode or pifib policer per node configuration mode.
	<pre>RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # lpts pifib hardware police location 0/2/CPU0 RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pifib-policer-per-node) #</pre>	mode and global

	Command or Action	Purpose
	<pre>RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# lpts pifib hardware police RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pifib-policer-global)#</pre>	
Step 3	<pre>flow flow_type {rate rate} Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pifib-policer-per-node) # flow ospf unicast default rate 20000</pre>	Configures the policer for the LPTS flow type. The example shows how to configure the policer for the ospf flow type. • Use the *flow_type* argument to select the applicable flow type. For information about the flow types, see *IP Addresses and Services Command Reference for *Cisco CRS Routers*. • Use the *rate* keyword to specify the rate in packets per seconds (PPS). The range is from 0 to 4294967295. *Note* LPTS policy for ntp-default flow type, supports a flow rate of 100 pps on Cisco ASR 9000 Series Router.
Step 4	commit	
Step 5	show lpts pifib hardware police [location {all node_id}]	Displays the policer configuration value set.
	Example: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show lpts pifib hardware police location 0/2/cpu0	 (Optional) Use the location keyword to display pre-Internal Forwarding Information Base (IFIB) information for the designated node. The node-id argument is entered in the rack/slot/module notation. Use the all keyword to specify all locations.

Configuration Examples for Implementing LPTS Policers

This section provides the following configuration example:

Configuring LPTS Policers: Example

The following example shows how to configure LPTS policers:

```
configure
lpts pifib hardware police
flow ospf unicast default rate 200
flow bgp configured rate 200
flow bgp default rate 100
!
lpts pifib hardware police location 0/2/CPU0
flow ospf unicast default rate 100
flow bgp configured rate 300
!
```

The following is the show command and the sample output:

```
show lpts pifib hardware police location 0/2/CPU0
FT - Flow type ID; PPS - Packets per second configured rate
FT Flow type
                        Rate (PPS) Accept/Drop
0 unconfigured-default 101 0/0
0
unconfigured-default
101
     0/0
Fragment
1000
/0
OSPF-mc-known
1500
32550
/0
OSPF-mc
-default
250
    0/0
OSPF-uc-known
2000
0
/0
OSPF
-uc-default
101
1
/0
ISIS-known
          250 1500 0/0
ISIS
-default
250
0
/0
8
BGP-known
2000 17612
/0
```

```
BGP-default cfg-peer
                                   203
5
/0
10 BGP
-default
500
4
/0
11
PIM-mcast
                 1500
                            0/0
12 PIM-ucast
                 1500
                            0/0
13 IGMP
     1500
     0/0
14
ICMP-local
                         0/0
                1046
15
ICMP-app
              1000
                      1046
                                  0/0
ICMP-control
1000
     0/0
17 ICMP
-default
1046
           0
/0
18
LDP-TCP-known
                      9965
          1500
/0
19
LDP-TCP-cfg-peer
1500
0/0
LDP-TCP-default
250
0
/0
21 LDP
-UDP
1000
59759
/0
22 All
-routers
            1500
                       0/0
23
```

```
LMP-TCP-known
         1500
                    0/0
LMP-TCP-cfg-peer
1500
0/0
25
LMP-TCP-default
      0/0
26 LMP
-UDP
                       1000
                                 0/0
27 RSVP-UDP
                 1000
                       0/0
28 RSVP
          0/0
1000
29 IKE
              1000
                       0/0
30
IPSEC-known
1000
0/0
31 IPSEC
-default
250
      0/0
32
MSDP-known
                1000
                           0/0
33
MSDP-cfg-peer
1000
0/0
34 MSDP-default
      0/0
35 SNMP
1000
0/0
36 NTP
500
      0/0
37
SSH-known
              1000
                         0/0
38 SSH
-default
              1000
                         0/0
39
HTTP-known
             1000
                        0/0
40 HTTP
-default
1000
          0/0
41
SHTTP-known
```

```
1000
                        0/0
42 SHTTP
-default
             1000
                        0/0
43
TELNET-known
            500
                1000
                              0/0
44 TELNET
-default
500
       0/0
45
CSS-known
1000
0/0
46 CSS
-default
500
       0/0
47
RSH-known
1000
0/0
48 RSH
-default
500
      0/0
49
UDP-known
2000
    0/0
50
UDP-listen
              1500
                         0/0
UDP-cfg-peer
1500
0
/0
52 UDP
-default
101
 653
/0
53
TCP-known
                 2000
                            0/0
TCP-listen
              2000
                         0/0
TCP-cfg-peer
2000
```

```
0
/0
56 TCP
-default
101
 6
/0
57
Mcast-known
2000
0/0
58 Mcast
-default
101
       0/0
59
Raw-listen
                             0/0
                 250
60 Raw
-default
250
       0/0
61 ip-sla
1000
      0/0
62 EIGRP
                     1500
                                 0/0
63 RIP
                    2398
                             1500
                                        0/0
64
PCEP
                            101
                                       0/0
```

Additional References

The following sections provide references related to implementing LPTS.

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title	
1	Cisco LPTS Commands module in the IP Addresses and Services Command Reference for Cisco CRS Routers	

Standards

Standards	Tide
No new or modified standards are supported by this feature, and support for existing standards has not been modified by this feature.	_

MIBs

MBs	MIBs Link
	To locate and download MIBs, use the Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL and choose a platform under the Cisco Access Products menu: https://mibs.cloudapps.cisco.com/ITDIT/MIBS/servlet/index

RFCs

RFCs	Title
No new or modified RFCs are supported by this feature, and support for existing RFCs has not been modified by this feature.	

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Technical Support website contains thousands of pages of searchable technical content, including links to products, technologies, solutions, technical tips, and tools. Registered Cisco.com users can log in from this page to access even more content.	http://www.cisco.com/techsupport

Additional References