



IPSec Commands

This module describes the IPSec commands.



Note The following IPSec commands are available only if the <platform>-k9sec.pie is installed.

- [clear crypto ipsec sa](#), on page 2
- [description \(IPSec profile\)](#), on page 3
- [interface tunnel-ip \(GRE\)](#), on page 4
- [show crypto ipsec sa](#), on page 5
- [show crypto ipsec summary](#), on page 9
- [show crypto ipsec transform-set](#), on page 11
- [tunnel mode \(IP\)](#), on page 12
- [tunnel tos \(IP\)](#), on page 13
- [tunnel ttl \(IP\)](#), on page 14
- [tunnel dfbit disable \(IP\)](#), on page 15

clear crypto ipsec sa

To delete specific security associations (SAs), or all SAs in the IP Security (IPSec) security associations database (SADB), use the **clear crypto ipsec sa** command.

clear crypto ipsec sa {*sa-id* | **all** | **counters** | {*sa-id* | **all**} | **interface tunnel-ipsec**}

Syntax Description

<i>sa-id</i>	Identifier for the SA. IPSec supports from 1 to 64,500 sessions.
all	Deletes all IPSec SAs in the IPSec SADB.
counters	Clears the counters in the IPSec SADB.
interface	Clears the interfaces in the IPSec SADB.
tunnel-ipsec	The range of tunnel-ipsec is <0-4294967295>.

Command Default

No default behavior or values

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
Release 2.0	This command was introduced.
Release 3.4.0	The range for the <i>sa-id</i> argument increased to 16500 sessions.
Release 3.6.0	The upper limit for the <i>sa-id</i> argument range was increased to 64,500 sessions.

Usage Guidelines

SAs are established to secure data flows in IPSec. Use the **clear crypto ipsec sa** command to delete active IPSec sessions or force IPSec to reestablish new SAs. Usually, the establishment of SAs is negotiated between peers through Internet Key Exchange (IKE) on behalf of IPSec.

Task ID

Task ID	Operations
crypto	execute

Examples

The following example shows how to remove the SA with ID 100 from the SADB:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# clear crypto ipsec sa 100
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show crypto ipsec sa, on page 5	Displays the settings used by current SAs.

description (IPSec profile)

To create a description of an IPSec profile, use the **description** command in profile configuration mode. To delete a profile description, use the **no** form of this command.

description *string*

Syntax Description	<i>string</i> Character string describing the IPSec profile.
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Command Default	None
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Command Modes	Crypto IPSec profile
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Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 2.0	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines	Use the description command inside the profile configuration submode to create a description for an IPSec profile.
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Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	profile configuration	read, write

Examples

The following example shows the creation of a profile description:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# crypto ipsec profile newprofile
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-newprofile)# description this is a sample profile
```

interface tunnel-ip (GRE)

To configure a tunnel interface for generic routing encapsulation (GRE), use the **interface tunnel-ip** command in global configuration mode. To delete the IP tunnel interface, use the **no** form of this command.

```
interface tunnel-ip number
no interface tunnel-ip number
```

Syntax Description

number Instance number of the interface. The range is from 0 to 65535.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Global configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Task ID

Task ID	Operations
interface	read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to use the **interface tunnel-ip** command:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface tunnel-ip 50000
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)#
```

show crypto ipsec sa

To display security association (SA) information based on the rack/slot/module location, use the **show crypto ipsec sa** command in EXEC mode.

```
show crypto ipsec sa [{sa-id | peer ip-address | profile profile-name | detail | count | fvrf fvrf-name |
ivrf ivrf-name | location node-id}]
```

Syntax	Description
sa-id	(Optional) Identifier for the SA. The range is from 1 to 64500.
peer ip-address	(Optional) IP address used on the remote (PC) side. Invalid IP addresses are not accepted.
profile profile-name	(Optional) Specifies the alphanumeric name for a security profile. The character range is from 1 to 64. Profile names cannot be duplicated.
detail	(Optional) Provides additional dynamic SA information.
count	(Optional) Provides SA count.
fvrf fvrf-name	(Optional) Specifies that all existing SAs for front door virtual routing and forwarding (FVRF) is the same as the fvrf-name.
ivrf ivrf-name	(Optional) Specifies that all existing SAs for inside virtual routing and forwarding (IVRF) is the same as the ivrf-name.
location node-id	(Optional) Specifies that the SAs are configured on a specified location.

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 2.0	This command was introduced.
	Release 3.4.0	The range for the <i>sa-id</i> argument increased to 16500 sessions. Support was added for the following keywords: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • fvrf • ivrf • location
	Release 3.6.0	The upper limit for the <i>sa-id</i> argument range was increased to 64,500 sessions.

Usage Guidelines If no optional argument or keyword is used, all SAs are displayed within a flow. Within a flow, the SAs are listed by protocol (Encapsulating Security Payload [ESP] or Authentication Header [AH]) and direction (inbound or outbound).

The **detail** keyword provides additional information only for SAs that are configured in a software crypto engine. The SAs are configured by using tunnel-ipsec and transport.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	crypto	read

Examples

The following sample output is from the **show crypto ipsec sa** command:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show crypto ipsec sa

SSA id:          510
Node id:         0/1/0
SA Type:         MANUAL
interface:       service-ipsec22
profile :        p7
local ident (addr/mask/prot/port) : (0.0.0.0/0.0.0.255/512/0)
remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port) : (0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0/512/0)
local crypto endpt: 0.0.0.0, remote crypto endpt: 0.0.0.0, vrf default

#pkts tx          :0                #pkts rx          :0
#bytes tx         :0                #bytes rx         :0
#pkts encrypt     :0                #pkts decrypt    :0
#pkts digest      :0                #pkts verify     :0
#pkts encrpt fail:0                #pkts decrpt fail:0
#pkts digest fail:0                #pkts verify fail:0
#pkts replay fail:0
#pkts tx errors   :0                #pkts rx errors   :0

outbound esp sas:
  spi: 0x322(802)
  transform: esp-3des-md5
  in use settings = Tunnel
  sa agreed lifetime: 3600s, 4194303kb
  sa timing: remaining key lifetime: 3142303931sec/0kb
  sa DPD: disable, mode none, timeout 0s
  sa idle timeout: disable, 0s
  sa anti-replay (HW accel): enable, window 64
inbound esp sas:
  spi: 0x322(802)
  transform: esp-3des-md5
  in use settings = Tunnel
  sa agreed lifetime: 3600s, 4194303kb
  sa timing: remaining key lifetime: 3142303931sec/0kb
  sa DPD: disable, mode none, timeout 0s
  sa idle timeout: disable, 0s
  sa anti-replay (HW accel): enable, window 64
```

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 1: show crypto ipsec sa Field Descriptions

Field	Description
SA id	Identifier for the SA.
interface	Identifier for the interface.
profile	String of alphanumeric characters that specify the name of a security profile.
local ident	IP address, mask, protocol, and port of the local peer.

Field	Description
remote ident	IP address, mask, protocol and port of the remote peer.
outbound esp sas	Outbound ESP SAs.
inbound esp sas	Inbound ESP SAs.
transform	The transform being used in the SA.
sa lifetime	The lifetime value used in the SA.

The following sample output is from the **show crypto ipsec sa** command for the **profile** keyword for a profile named pn1:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show crypto ipsec sa profile pn1

SA id: 2
interface: tunnel0
profile: pn1
local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (172.19.70.92/255.255.255.255/0/0)
remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (172.19.72.120/255.255.255.255/0/0)
local crypto endpt: 172.19.70.92, remote crypto endpt: 172.19.72.120
outbound esp sas:
spi: 0x8b0e950f (2332988687)
transform: esp-3des-sha
in use settings = Tunnel
sa lifetime: 3600s, 4194303kb

SA id: 2
interface: tunnel0
profile: pn1
local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (172.19.72.120/255.255.255.255/0/0)
remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (172.19.70.92/255.255.255.255/0/0)
local crypto endpt: 172.19.72.120, remote crypto endpt: 172.19.70.92
inbound esp sas:
spi: 0x2777997c (662149500)
transform: esp-3des-sha
in use settings = Tunnel
sa lifetime: 3600s, 4194303kb
```

The following sample output is from the **show crypto ipsec sa** command for the **peer** keyword:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show crypto ipsec sa peer 172.19.72.120

SA id: 2
interface: tunnel0
profile: pn1
local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (172.19.70.92/255.255.255.255/0/0)
remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (172.19.72.120/255.255.255.255/0/0)
local crypto endpt: 172.19.70.92, remote crypto endpt: 172.19.72.120
outbound esp sas:
spi: 0x8b0e950f (2332988687)
transform: esp-3des-sha
in use settings = Tunnel
sa lifetime: 3600s, 4194303kb

SA id: 2
interface: tunnel0
```

```
profile: pn1
local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (172.19.72.120/255.255.255.255/0/0)
remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (172.19.70.92/255.255.255.255/0/0)
local crypto endpt: 172.19.72.120, remote crypto endpt: 172.19.70.92
inbound esp sas:
spi: 0x2777997c (662149500)
transform: esp-3des-sha
in use settings = Tunnel
sa lifetime: 3600s, 4194303kb
```


show crypto ipsec summary

To display IP Security (IPSec) summary information, use the **show crypto ipsec summary** command in EXEC mode.

show crypto ipsec summary

Syntax Description This command has no keywords or arguments.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 2.0	This command was introduced.
	Release 3.5.0	Sample output was modified to display port number to the local peer and remote peer fields.

Usage Guidelines No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	crypto	read

Examples

The following sample output is from the **show crypto ipsec summary** command:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show crypto ipsec summary
# * Attached to a transform indicates a bundle
# Active IPsec Sessions: 1

SA  Interface          Local Peer/Port  Remote Peer/Port  FVRF   Profile  Transform  Lifetime
-----
502 service-ipsec100 70.70.70.2/500  60.60.60.2/500   default ipsec1   esp-3des  esp
3600/100000000
```

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 2: show crypto ipsec summary Field Descriptions

Field	Description
SA	Identifier for the security association.
Node	Identifier for the node.
Local Peer	IP address of the local peer.

Field	Description
Remote Peer	IP address of the remote peer.
FVRF	The front door virtual routing and forwarding (FVRF) of the SA. If the FVRF is global, the output shows f_vrf as an empty field
Mode	Profile mode type.
Profile	Crypto profile in use.
Transform	Transform in use.
Lifetime	Lifetime value, displayed in seconds followed by kilobytes.

show crypto ipsec transform-set

To display the configured transform sets, use the **show crypto ipsec transform-set** command in EXEC mode.

```
show crypto ipsec transform-set [transform-set-name]
```

Syntax Description	<i>transform-set-name</i> (Optional) IPSec transform set with the specified value for the <i>transform-set-name</i> argument are displayed.
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Command Default	No default values. The default behavior is to print all the available transform-sets.
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Command Modes	EXEC mode
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Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 3.5.0	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines	If no transform is specified, all transforms are displayed.
-------------------------	---

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	crypto	read

Examples

The following sample output is from the **show crypto ipsec transform-set** command:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show crypto ipsec transform-set

Transform set combined-des-sha: {esp-des esp-sha-hmac}
Transform set tsfm2: {esp-md5-hmac esp-3des }
      Mode: Transport
Transform set tsfm1: {esp-md5-hmac esp-3des }
      Mode: Tunnel
Transform set tsl: {esp-des }
      Mode: Tunnel
```

tunnel mode (IP)

To set the encapsulation mode of the tunnel interface, use the **tunnel mode** in interface configuration mode. To delete the encapsulation mode, use the **no** form of this command.

tunnel mode gre ipv4

Syntax Description	gre Generic Routing Encapsulation tunnel component.						
	<i>ipv4</i> IPv4 address of the tunnel interface.						
Command Default	The default tunnel mode is gre ipv4 .						
Command Modes	Interface configuration						
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 3.9.0</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.		
Release	Modification						
Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.						
Usage Guidelines	The tunnel is not operational until one of the modes is specified. Only one mode can be specified for a tunnel instance at any given time.						
Task ID	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th> <th>Operations</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>tunnel</td> <td>read, write</td> </tr> <tr> <td>interface</td> <td>read, write</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operations	tunnel	read, write	interface	read, write
Task ID	Operations						
tunnel	read, write						
interface	read, write						
Examples	<p>The following example shows how to set the encapsulation mode of the tunnel interface:</p> <pre>RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface tunnel-ip 1 RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# tunnel mode gre ipv4</pre>						

tunnel tos (IP)

To specify a TOS value in the tunnel encapsulating packet, use the **tunnel tos** command in the interface configuration mode. To return to the default TOS value, use the **no** form of this command.

tunnel tos *tos number*

Syntax Description	<i>tos</i> TOS value in numbers. Range is from 0 to 255 <i>number</i>				
Command Default	The system copies the TOS and COS bits of the internal IP header to the GRE IP header.				
Command Modes	Interface configuration				
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 3.9.0</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.				

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	tunnel	read, write
	interface	read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to set the encapsulation mode of the tunnel interface:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface tunnel-ip 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# tunnel tos 134
```

tunnel ttl (IP)

To configure the time-to-live (TTL) value for the packets entering the tunnel, use the **tunnel ttl** command in the interface configuration mode. To return to the default TTL value, use the **no** form of this command.

tunnel ttl *ttl number*

Syntax Description	<i>ttl</i> TTL value in numbers. Range is from 1 to 255 <i>number</i>
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Command Default	The default value is 255.
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Command Modes	Interface configuration
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Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.
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Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	tunnel	read, write
	interface	read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to set the encapsulation mode of the tunnel interface:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface tunnel-ip 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# tunnel ttl 100
```

tunnel dfbit disable (IP)

To allow fragmentation by configuring the DF bit setting in the tunnel transport header, use the **tunnel dfbit disable** command in the interface configuration mode. To return to the default DF bit setting, use the **no** form of this command.

tunnel dfbit disable

Syntax Description	This command has no keywords or arguments.	
Command Default	The tunnel transport header is encapsulated with the DF bit set.	
Command Modes	Interface configuration	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.	
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	tunnel	read, write
	interface	read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to set the encapsulation mode of the tunnel interface:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface tunnel-ip 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# tunnel dfbit disable
```

■ tunnel dfbit disable (IP)