

RIB Commands

This module describes the commands used to display and clear information in the Routing Information Base (RIB).

For detailed information about RIB concepts, configuration tasks, and examples, see the *Implementing RIB* on Cisco IOS XR Softwaremodule in Routing Configuration Guide for Cisco CRS Routers.

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address-family next-hop dampening disable

To disable Routing Information Base (RIB) next-hop dampening, use the **address-family next-hop dampening disable** command in router configuration mode. To enable RIB next-hop dampening, use the **no** form of this command.

address-family {ipv4 | ipv6} next-hop dampening disable no address-family {ipv4 | ipv6} next-hop dampening disable

Syntax Description	ipv4 Specifies IP Version 4 (IPv4) address prefixes.
	ipv6 Specifies IP Version 6 (IPv6) address prefixes.
Command Default	RIB next-hop dampening is enabled.
Command Modes	Router configuration
Command History	Release Modification
	Release 3.4.0 This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.
Task ID	Task Operations ID
	rib read, write
Examples	The following example shows how to disable RIB next-hop dampening for IPv6 address families:
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# router rib RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rib)# address-family ipv6 next-hop dampening disable

clear route

To clear routes from the IP routing table, use the clear route command in EXEC configuration mode.

clear route [vrf {vrf-name | all}] {ipv4 | ipv6 | safi-all} {unicast | multicast | safi-all} [topology topo-name] [ip-address mask]

Syntax Description	vrf { vrf-name all }	(Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance or all VRF instances.				
	ipv4	Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes.				
	ipv6	Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.				
	safi -all	Specifies IP Version 4 and IP Version 6 address prefixes. Specifies unicast address prefixes. Specifies multicast address prefixes. Specifies unicast and multicast address prefixes.				
	safiunicast					
	multicast					
	safi-all					
	topology <i>topo-name</i> (Optional) Specifies topology table information and name of the topology table.					
	ip-address node-id	(Optional) Clears hardware resource counters from the designated node. The <i>node-id</i> argument is entered in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation.				
	ip-address	Network IP address about which routing information should be displayed.				
	mask	Network mask specified in either of two ways:				
		Network mask can be a four-part, dotted-decimal address. For example, 255.0.0.0 indicates that each bit equal to 1 means the corresponding address bit is a network address.				
		Network mask can be indicated as a slash (/) and number. For example, /8 indicates that the first 8 bits of the mask are 1s, and the corresponding bits of the address are the network address.				
Command Default	If a vrf <i>vrf-name</i> is not	ot specified, routes are cleared from the default IPv4 unicast VRF.				
Command Modes	EXEC configuration					
Command History	Release Modifica	ition				
	Release 2.0 This con	nmand was introduced.				
	Release 3.2 The afi -	all and safi-all keywords were added.				
	Release 3.3.0 The vrf	<i>vrf-name</i> keyword and argument were added.				
	Release 3.4.0 The all	keyword was added.				

	Release Modification
	Release 3.7.0 The topology <i>topo-name</i> keyword and argument were added.
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.
	Use the clear route command to clear routes from an IP routing table to a specific network, a matching subnet address, or all routes.
Task ID	Task Operations ID
	rib read, write
Examples	The following example shows how to remove all routes matching the subnet address 192.168.2.0 and mask 255.255.255.0 from the IPv4 unicast routing table:
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# clear route ipv4 unicast 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0
	The following example shows how to remove all routes from the IPv4 unicast routing table:
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# clear route ipv4 unicast

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show route, on page 55	Displays the current state of the routing table.

maximum prefix (RIB)

To set the prefix limit for the VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance, use the **maximum prefix** command in global VRF address family configuration mode. To set the prefix limits to the default values, use the **no** form of this command.

maximum prefix maximum [mid-threshold]
no maximum prefix

Syntax Description	maximum	Maximum number of prefixes allowed in the VRF instance. Range is 32 to 2000000.
	mid-threshold	(Optional) Integer specifying at what percentage of the <i>maximum</i> argument value the software starts to generate a Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) trap. Range is 1 to 100.
Command Default	No default beh	avior or values
Command Modes	Global VRF ad	ldress family configuration
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 3.3.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		nmand, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
	Use the maxim allowed to rece	num prefix command to configure a maximum number of prefixes that a VRF instance is vive.
Task ID	Task Operat ID	ions
	rib read, write	
Examples	The following	example shows how to set the maximum number of prefixes allowed to 1000:
	RP/0/RP0/CH	200:router(config)# vrf vrf-A 200:router(config-vrf)# address-family ipv4 unicast 200:router(config-vrf-af)# maximum prefix 1000
		umber of routes is applicable to dynamic routing protocols as well as static or connected naximum prefix is configured, an syslog message is generated in the following

- 1. if the number of routes is above the threshold when "maximum prefix" configuration has been committed
- 2. if the number routes reaches the configured "maximum prefix" values for the VRF

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show rib tables, on page 47	Displays all tables known to the RIB.

lcc

To enable Label Consistency Checker (lcc) background scan for IPv6 or IPv4 labels, use the **lcc enable** command in global configuration mode. To disable lcc background scan, use the **no** for of this command.

lcc {ipv4 | ipv6} unicast {enable | period milliseconds}
no lcc {ipv4 | ipv6} unicast {enable | period milliseconds}

Syntax Description	ipv4	Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes.
	ipv6	Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.
	unicast	Specifies unicast address prefixes.
	period millisecon	<i>nds</i> Specifies the period between scans in milliseconds. Range is 100 to 600000 milliseconds.
Command Default	Label consistency	checker is disabled.
Command Modes	Global configurat	ion
Command History	Release Mo	odification
	Release Thi 4.2.0	is command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		and, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate tasl oup assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrato
Task ID	Task Operation ID	n
	ipv4 read, write	_
		—

This example shows how to enbale lcc for IPv6 lables:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router#configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)#lcc ipv6 unicast enable

ipv6

read, write

rcc

To enable Route Consistency Checker (rcc) background scan for IPv6 or IPv4 routes, use the **rcc enable** command in global configuration mode. To disable rcc background scan, use the **no** form of this command.

rcc {ipv4 | ipv6} unicast {enable | period milliseconds}
no rcc {ipv4 | ipv6} unicast {enable | period milliseconds}

Suntax Description		
Syntax Description	ipv4	Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes.
	ipv6	Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.
	unicast	Specifies unicast address prefixes.
	period mil	<i>liseconds</i> Specifies the period between scans in milliseconds. Range is 100 to 600000 milliseconds.
Command Default	Route consis	stency checker is disabled.
Command Modes	Global conf	iguration
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 4.2.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	To use this c	command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task
	IDs. If the up for assistance	ser group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator e.
	for assistance Use the peri scan process	
Task ID	for assistance Use the peri scan process forwarding i	e. od option to control how often the scan be triggered. Each time the scan is triggered, the background s resumes verification from where it was left out and sends one buffer's worth of routes to the
Task ID	for assistance Use the peri scan process forwarding i Task Ope	d option to control how often the scan be triggered. Each time the scan is triggered, the background s resumes verification from where it was left out and sends one buffer's worth of routes to the information base (FIB).

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router#configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)#rcc ipv6 unicast enable
```

This example shows how to enable rcc with a scan period of 500 milliseconds for IPv6 unicast:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router#configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)#rcc ipv6 unicast period 500

rcc

recursion-depth-max

To set the maximum depth for route recursion checks, use the **recursion-depth-max** command in router configuration mode. To set the recursion checks to the default value, use the **no** form of this command.

recursion-depth-max maximum no recursion-depth-max maximum

Syntax Description	maximum Maximum depth for recursion checks. Range is 5 to 16.
Command Default	The default recursion depth is 128.
Command Modes	Router configuration
Command History	Release Modification
	Release 3.5.0 This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.
	Use the recursion-depth-max command to configure a specific maximum number of recursion checks in the range of 5 to 16.
Task ID	Task Operations ID
	rib read, write
Examples	The following example shows how to set the maximum depth for route recursion checks to 12:
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# router rib RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rib)# recursion-depth-max 12

router rib

To enter Routing Information Base (RIB) configuration mode, use the **router rib** command in global configuration mode. To remove all RIB configurations and terminate the RIB routing process, use the **no** form of this command.

router rib no router rib

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments of	or keywords.
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Command Default Router configuration mode is not enabled.

Command Modes Global configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 3.4.0	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Task ID	Operations
bgp	read, write
ospf	read, write
hsrp	read, write
isis	read, write
	ID bgp ospf hsrp

Examples

The following example shows how to enter RIB configuration mode:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # router rib

rump always-replicate

To enable replication from uRIB to muRIB as usual even after features such as MTR are configured, use the **rump always-replicate** command in router configuration mode. To diable replication from uRIB to muRIB, use the **no** form of this command.

rump always-replicate [access-list]
no rump always-replicate [access-list]

Syntax Description	access	-list-name	(Optional) Name of the ac	cess list.
Command Default	Replica	tion from uR	RIB to muRIB is enabled.	
Command Modes	Router	address fami	ily configuration	
Command History	Releas	e Mod	lification	-
	Releas	e 3.9.0 This	command was introduced.	-
Usage Guidelines		he user grou		roup associated with a task group that includes appropriate task g you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
	routing service with the	gradually wi disruption. V lowest adm	ithout a flag day where all When rump always-repli in distance. So if protocol	nand allows routers in a network to be upgraded to multitopology routers need to be configured at the same time without major cate is configured, replicated routes are added into the muRIB is are populating the muRIB, they continue to do so. For the d routes because of higher admin distance.
			1	n the uRIB, optionally provide an access list through which the ne access list, the route is replicated by RUMP.
Task ID	Task ID	Operations		
	rib	read, write		
Examples	The foll	lowing exam	ple shows how to enale re	eplication from uRIB to muRIB:
			router(config)# router router(config-rib)# ad	

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rib)# address-family ipv4 RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rib-afi)# rump always-replicate

show lcc statistics

To view results of a label consistency checker (lcc) background scan, use the **show lcc statistics** command in EXEC mode.

show lcc {ipv4 | ipv6} unicast statistics {scan-id | summary}

Syntax Description	ipv4	IPv4 address prefix.					
	ipv6	IPv6 address prefix.	ĩx.				
	unicast						
	scan-id scan-i	<i>d-value</i> Specifies the scan ID	value. The range is betwe	en <0-100000>.			
	summary	Displays a summary	Displays a summary of the BG route consistency check statistics.				
Command Default	None						
Command Modes	EXEC						
Command History	Release	Modification	_				
	Release 4.2.0	This command was introduced	-				
Usage Guidelines				group that includes appropriate task and, contact your AAA administrator			
Task ID	Task Operati ID	on					
	ipv4 read						
	ipv6 read						
	This example shows background scan statistics for AFI-SAFI mplsv6-unicast:						
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router#show lcc ipv6 unicast statistics						
	Background Scan Statistics for AFI-SAFI mplsv6-unicast:						
	Scan enabled: Current scan- Configured pe	id: 0	Scan triggered: Current period:	False O			
	Paused by rou	ge scan: False te churn: False or scan: False					

L

Default route churn: 10 Last data sent: 0 entries Damping percent: Current route churn: 0 Route churn last calculated at Dec 31 16:00:00.000 Logs stored for background scan ids:

Log for AFI-SAFI mplsv6-unicast: ------

End Of Logs

This example shows background scan statistics for AFI-SAFI mplsv4-unicast:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router#show lcc ipv4 unicast statistics

Background Scan Statistics for AFI-SAFI mplsv4-unicast: _____

Scan enabled:	False		
Current scan-id:	0	Scan triggered:	False
Configured period:	60	Current period:	0
Paused by range scan: F Paused by route churn: Paused by error scan: F	False		
Last data sent: 0 entri	es	Damping percent:	70
Default route churn:	10	Current route churn:	0
Route churn last calcul	ated at	Dec 31 16:00:00.000	
Logs stored for backgro	und scan ids:		

Log for AFI-SAFI mplsv4-unicast: _____

End Of Logs

show rcc

To display route consistency checker (RCC) information, use the show rcc command in EXEC mode.

show rcc	{ipv4 ipv6}	unicast	[{prefix	netmask	vrf	vrf-name}]

Syntax Description	ipv4	Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes.						
	ipv6	Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.						
	unicast Specifies unicast address prefixes.							
	prefix (Optional) Starting prefix.							
	netmask	(Optional) Network mask.						
	vrf vrf-name	(Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance or all VRF instances.						
Command Default	No default beh	avior or values						
Command Modes	EXEC							
Command History	Release	Modification						
	Release 3.5.0 This command was introduced.							
	Release 3.6.0 The following keywords and arguments were added:							
	• prefix							
	• mask							
		• vrf vrf-name						
Usage Guidelines		nmand, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator						
Task ID	Task Operat ID	ions						
	ipv4 read							
Examples	The following	is sample output from the show rcc command:						
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rcc ipv4 unicast statistics Thu Mar 26 13:47:28.391 IST							
	Declary and C							
	Background Sc	Jan Summary						

```
False
Scan enabled:
                                    Last scan-id: 0
Configured period: 15000
                                    Current period:
                                                         0
Paused By:
 route churn:False on-demand scan:False error scan:False
Last data sent: 0 entries
                                     Damping percent: 69
Default route churn: 100
                                     Current route churn: 0
Route churn last calculated at
                                      Never
Logs last cleared at
                                      Never
Scan paused by ISSU
                                      False
Logs stored for background scan ids:
Scan Logs
_____
Legend:
       ? - Currently Inactive Node, ! - Non-standard SVD Role
       * - Node did not reply
End of Logs
```

show rcc statistics

To view results of a route consistency checker (rcc) background scan, use the **show rcc statistics** command in EXEC mode.

show rcc {ipv4 | ipv6} unicast statistics {scan-id | summary}

Syntax Description	ipv4		IPv4 address prefix	IPv4 address prefix.				
	ipv6		IPv6 address prefix					
	unica	st	Specifies unicast ad	ldress prefixes.				
	scan-i	d scan-id-valı	e Specifies the scan I	D value. The range is betwe	en <0-100000>.			
	summ	ary	Displays a summar	y of the BG route consistenc	y check statistics.			
Command Default	None							
Command Modes	EXEC							
Command History	 Relea:	se Modifi	ication					
ooninnana mistory	nelea		icativii					
	Releas 4.2.0	se This co	ommand was introduce	d.				
Usage Guidelines		the user group			group that includes appropriate task and, contact your AAA administrator			
Task ID	Task ID	Operation						
	ipv4	read						
	ipv6	read						
	This example shows background scan statistics for AFI-SAFI IPv6 unicast:							
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router#show rcc ipv6 unicast statistics							
	Background Scan Statistics for AFI-SAFI ipv6-unicast:							
	Curren	enabled: it scan-id: gured period:	False 0 60	Scan triggered: Current period:	False O			
	Paused	l by range so l by route ch l by error so	nurn: False					

Last data sent: 0 entriesDamping percent:70Default route churn:10Current route churn:0Route churn last calculated atDec 31 16:00:00.000200Logs stored for background scan ids:Current route churn:0

Log for AFI-SAFI ipv6-unicast:

End Of Logs

This example shows background scan statistics for AFI-SAFI Ipv4 unicast:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router#show rcc ipv4 unicast statistics

Background Scan Statistics for AFI-SAFI ipv4-unicast:

Scan enabled: Current scan-id: Configured period:	False O 60	Scan triggered: Current period:	False O
Paused by range scan: F Paused by route churn: Paused by error scan: F	False		
Last data sent: 0 entri Default route churn: Route churn last calcul	10	Damping percent: Current route churn: Dec 31 16:00:00.000	70 0
Logs stored for backgro	ound scan ids:		
Log for AFI-SAFI ipv4-u	nicast:		

End Of Logs

show rcc vrf

To run on-demand route consistency checker (rcc) scan on AFI, SAFI, table, and prefix or the entire set of prefixes in the table, use the **show rcc vrf** command in EXEC mode.

show	rcc	{ipv4	ipv6}	unicast	prefix/	mask	vrf	vrfname

Syntax Description	ipv4	IPv4 address prefix.	
	ipv6	IPv6 address prefix.	
	prefix / ma.	sk Specifies unicast address pref	Х.
	vrf	Specifies VPN routing and for	warding (VRF) instance.
	vrfname	Name of the VRF.	
Command Default	None.		
Command Modes	EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Release 4.2.0	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines		ser group assignment is preventin	oup associated with a task group that includes appropriate task g you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
Task ID	Task Ope ID	eration	
	ipv4 rea	ıd	
	ipv6 rea		

This example shows how to run on-demand rcc scan for an IPv6 prefix:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router#**show rcc ipv6 unicast 2001:DB8::/32 vrf vrf_1** This example shows how to run on-demand rcc scan for an Ipv4 prefix:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router#show rcc ipv4 unicast 10.2.3.4/32 vrf vrf-1

show rib

To display Routing Information Base (RIB) data, use the show rib command in EXEC mode.

show rib {ipv4 | ipv6} {unicast | multicast}[{firsthop | [{ type interface-path-id}] | next-hop | [{ typeinterface-path-id}] | opaques | {attribute | ip-nexthop | ipfrr | safi-tunnel | summary | tunnel-nexthop}| protocols | [{standby}] | statistics | [{name}] | [{standby}] | topology | {topo-name | all}}]

Syntax Description	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes.
	ipv6	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.
	unicast	(Optional) Specifies unicast address prefixes. This is the default.
	multicast	(Optional) Specifies multicast address prefixes.
	firsthop	(Optional) Specifies registered first-hop notification addresses
	type	Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.
	interface-path-id	Identifies a physical interface or a virtual interface.
		Note Use the show interfaces command to see a list of all possible interfaces currently configured on the router.
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.
	next-hop	(Optional) Specifies registered next-hop notification addresses.
	opaques	(Optional) Specifies opaque data installed in the RIB.
	attribute	(Optional) Specifies opaque attributes installed in the RIB.
	ip-nexthop	(Optional) Specifies P next-hop data installed in the RIB.
	ipfrr	(Optional) Specifies IP fast reroute (IPFRR) opaque data installed in the RIB.
	safi-tunnel	(Optional) Specifies subaddress family (SAFI) tunnel opaque data installed in the RIB.
	summary	(Optional) Specifies a summary of opaque data installed in the RIB.
	tunnel-nexthop	(Optional) Specifies tunnel next-hop opaque data installed in the RIB.
	protocols	(Optional) Specifies registered protocols.
	statistics name	(Optional) Specifies RIB statistics of a given name.
	standby	(Optional) Specifies standby information.
	all	(Optional) Specifies that all topology table information should be displayed.

Command Default No default behavior or values

Command Modes	EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 3.3.0	This command was introduced.
	Release 3.4.0	The ipv4, ipv6, and standby keywords were added.
Usage Guidelines		nmand, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
Task ID	Task Opera ID	tions
	ipv4 read	
Examples	The following	example illustrates the show rib command:
	RP/0/RP0/C	PU0:router# show rib
		ipv4 multicast
		topology BLUE
	RP/0/RP0/C Protocol isis	PU0:router# show rib topology BLUE ipv4 multicast protocols Handle Instance 0 mt

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show rib afi-all, on page 23	Displays both IPv4 and IPv6 RIB information.

show rib afi-all

To display Routing Information Base (RIB) data for both IPv4 and IPv6 address families, use the **show rib afi-all** command in EXEC mode.

show rib afi-all [attributes] [client-id] [clients] [extcomms] [firsthop] [history] [multicast] [next-hop] [opaques] [protocols] [recursion-depth-max] [safi-all] [statistics] [tables] [trace] [unicast] [vpn-attributes]

Syntax Description	attributes	(Optional) Displays all BGP attributes installed in RIB.						
	client-id	(Optional) Displays RIB client ID for longer history of redistributed routes sent to the client. (Optional) Displays RIB clients.						
	clients							
	extcomms	(Optional) Displays all extended communities installed in RIB.						
	firsthop	(Optional) Displays registered firsthop notification addresses.						
	history	(Optional) Displays redistributed routes sent to RIB clients.						
	multicast	(Optional) Displays multicast commands.						
	next-hop	(Optional) Displays registered next-hop notification addresses.						
	opaques	(Optional) Displays opaquae data installed in RIB.						
	protocols	 (Optional) Displays registered protocols. (Optional) Displays maximum recursion depth in RIB. (Optional) Displays unicast and multicast commands. (Optional) Displays RIB statistics. (Optional) Displays a list of tables known to RIB. (Optional) Displays RIB trace entries. (Optional) Displays unicast commands. 						
	recursion-depth-max							
	safi-all							
	statistics							
	tables							
	trace							
	unicast							
	vpn-attributes (Optional) Displays all VPN attributes installed in RIB.							
Command Default	No default behavior or	values						
Command Modes	EXEC							
Command History	Release Modific	ation						
	Release 3.7.0 This con	nmand was introduced.						

RIB Commands

Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.							
Task ID	Task Operations ID							
	ipv4 read							
Examples	The following example illustrates the show rib afi-all attributes command:							
	RP/0/RP0/CP00:router# show rib afi-all attributes BGP attribute data in IPv4 RIB:							
	0 Attributes, for a total of 0 bytes.							
	BGP attribute data in IPv6 RIB:							
	0 Attributes, for a total of 0 bytes.							

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show rib, on page 21	Displays RIB information.

show rib attributes

To display Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) attributes installed in the Routing Information Base (RIB), use the **show rib attributes** command in EXEC mode.

show rib attributes [summary] [standby]

Syntax Description	summary(Optional) Displays a summary of BGP attribute data installed in the RIB.standby(Optional) Displays standby information.							
Command Default	No default behavior or values							
Command Modes	EXEC							
Command History	Release Modification							
	Release 3.5.0 This command was introduced.							
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.							
Task ID	Task Operations ID							
	rib read							
Examples	The following is sample output from the show rib attributes command:							
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rib attributes							
	BGP attribute data in IPv4 RIB:							
	Attribute ID (0x2):size (68) Attribute ID (0x3):size (52) Attribute ID (0x4):size (68) Attribute ID (0x5):size (52)							
	4 Attributes, for a total of 240 bytes.							
	Attribute ID : ID assigned for the attribute by BGP size : size of the attribute data.							

show rib client-id

To display Routing Information Base (RIB) redistribution histories, use the **show rib client-id** command in EXEC mode.

show	rib	client-id	id	redistribution	history	[standby]	

Syntax Description	<i>id</i> ID of the client. Range is 0 to 4294967295.								
	redistribution history Displa	ys longer history of re	distributed routes sen	t to RIB clients.					
	standby (Optic	onal) Displays standby	information.						
Command Default	No default behavior or value	S							
Command Modes	EXEC								
Command History	Release Modification								
	Release 3.3.0 This comman	nd was introduced.							
	Release 3.4.0 The standby	keyword was added.							
Usage Guidelines	IDs. If the user group assign for assistance.	nent is preventing you command to display a	from using a comma	group that includes appropriate task and, contact your AAA administrator additions, deletions, and updates sent					
Task ID	Task Operations ID								
	rib read								
Examples	The following is sample out	out from the show rib	client-id command						
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router#	show rib client-id	13 redistribution	history					
	PID JID Client 151630 113 bcdl_age Table ID: 0xe0000000 S 80.80.80.0/24[1 S 80.80.80.0/24[1 S 140.140.140.0/2 S 80.80.80.0/24[1	/0] upda /0] upda 4[1/0] upda		:0 Jan 31 09:53:39.736 :0 Jan 31 09:53:39.729					
	S 140.140.140.0/2 S 80.80.80.0/24[1 S 100.100.100.0/2	4 dele /0] upda	eted, ate, 6 path(s), 0; ate, 1 path(s), 0;	Jan 30 22:08:38.543 30 Jan 30 22:03:05.889					

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 1: show rib client-id Field Descriptions

Field	Description
PID	Process ID of the client.
JID	Job ID of the client.
Client	Client name.
Location	Location node on which the client is present.

Related Commands

Command	Description
show rib clients, on page 28	Displays RIB clients.

show rib clients

To display Routing Information Base (RIB) clients, use the show rib clients command in EXEC mode.

show rib [{afi-all | ipv4 | ipv6}] clients [{protocols | redistribution [history]}] [standby]

afi-all	(Optional) Specifies all address families.							
ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes. This is the default.							
ipv6	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.							
protocols	(Optional) Specifies client protocols.							
redistribution	(Optional) Specifies protocols redistributed by clients							
history	(Optional) Specifies redistributed routes sent to RIB clients.							
standby	(Optional) Displays standby information.							
No default behav	vior or values							
EXEC								
Release N	N odification							
Release 3.3.0 This command was introduced.								
Release 3.4.0 The ipv4 , ipv6 , and standby keywords were added.								
To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.								
Use the show rib clients command to display the list of clients who have registered with RIB, what protocol routes they are redistributing, and a history of the routes sent to the client.								
The maximum n other protocols.	umber of redistribution entries is 5000 for Bulk Content Downloader (BCDL) and 500 for							
Task Operatio	ons							
rib read								
The following is	sample output from the show rib clients command:							
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rib clients								
Process	Location Client ID Redist Proto							
	ipv4 ipv6 protocols redistribution history standby No default behave EXEC Release M Release M Release 3.3.0 T Release 3.4.0 T To use this commonstructure Use the show rime routes they are ready The maximum nother protocols. Task Operation D rib rib read The following is RP/0/RP0/CPU							

isis ospf	node0_5_CPU0 node0_5_CPU0		insync insync insync insync								
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rib clients redistribution											
isis node0_5_CPU0											
-	vrf default	-	route								
static		insync									
ospf node0_5_CPU0											
1 ·	vrf default	- 2 -	route								
static		insync									
local		insync									
bgp node0_5_CPU0											
ipv4 uni	vrf abc	insync	route								
static		insync									
bcdl agent node0 5	CPU0										
ipv4 uni	vrf default	insync	rib fib								
ipv4 uni	vrf bar	insync	rib fib								
ipv4 uni	vrf abc	insync	rib fib								
ipv4 uni	vrf test	insync	rib fib								
÷		-	_								

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 2: show rib clients Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Process	Client process name.
Location	Location where the client process in running.
Client ID	ID assigned to the client by RIB.
Redist	Whether the client is redistributing any protocols or not and whether it has read all routes from RIB or not. • insync—read • outsync—not read.
Proto	 Whether the protocol has sent all its routes to RIB and signaled update complete or not. insync—read outsync—not read.

show rib extcomms

To display all extended communities installed in the Routing Information Base (RIB), use the **show rib** extcomms command in EXEC mode.

show	rib	E	{afi-all	i	pv4	i	pv6}]	extcomms	summary	/]	[standby]	
------	-----	---	----------	---	-----	---	-------	----------	---------	----	-----------	--

	<u> </u>					
Syntax Description	afi-all (Op	all (Optional) Specifies all address families.				
	ipv4 (Op	otional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes. This is the default.				
	ipv6 (Op	otional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.				
	summary (Op	ptional) Specifies a summary of all extended communities in the RIB.				
	standby (Op	otional) Displays standby information.				
Command Default	No default behavior or values					
Command Modes	EXEC					
Command History	Release N	Iodification				
	Release 3.3.0 This command was introduced.					
	Release 3.4.0 T	The ipv4, ipv6, and standby keywords were added.				
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.					
Task ID	Task Operatio	ns				
	rib read					
Examples	The following is	sample output from the show rib extcomms command:				
	RP/0/RP0/CPU	0:router# show rib extcomms				
	Extended com	munity data in RIB:				
	Extended com COST:128:128 EIGRP route- EIGRP AD:1:2 EIGRP RHB:25	:41984 1 info:0x8000:0 1 5600 1				
	EIGRP LM:0x0	:1:4470 1				

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3: show rib extcomms Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Extended Community	Type of extended communities. Different protocols can add different extended communities.
Ref Count	Number of routes referring to the Extended community.

show rib firsthop

To display registered first-hop notification addresses, use the **show rib firsthop** command in EXEC mode.

show rib [vrf {vrf-name | all}] [{afi-all | ipv4 | ipv6}] [{unicast | multicast | safi-all}] firsthop
[client-name] [{type interface-path-id | ip-address / prefix-length | ip-address mask | resolved | unresolved
| damped}] [summary] [standby]

Syntax Description	<pre>vrf { vrf-name all }</pre>	(Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance or all VRF instances.					
	afi-all	(Optional) Specifies all address families.					
	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes. This is the default.					
	ipv6	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.					
	unicast	(Optional) Specifies unicast address prefixes. This is the default.					
	multicast	(Optional) Specifies multicast address prefixes.					
	safi-all	(Optional) Specifies unicast and multicast address prefixes.					
	client-name	(Optional) Name of the RIB client.					
	type	Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.					
	interface-path-id	Physical interface or virtual interface.					
		Note Use the show interfaces command to see a list of all interfaces currently configured on the router.					
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark ($?$) online help function.					
	ip-address	(Optional) Network that BGP advertises.					
	/ prefix-length	(Optional) Length of the IP address prefix. A decimal value that indicates how many of the high-order contiguous bits of the address compose the prefix (the network portion of the address). A slash (/) must precede the decimal value.					
	ip-address mask	(Optional) Network mask applied to the <i>ip-address</i> argument.					
	resolved	(Optional) Specifies resolved next-hops.					
	unresolved	(Optional) Specifies unresolved next-hops.					
	damped	(Optional) Specifies next-hops that are damped.					
	summary	(Optional) Specifies a summary of the next-hop information.					
	standby	(Optional) Displays standby information.					

Command Modes

EXEC

Command Default	If a vrf vrf-name is not specified, the registered first-hop notifications addresses are displayed for the default
	IPv4 unicast VRF.

oonmana moacs			
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Release 3.3.	0 This command was introduced.	
	Release 3.4.	0 The following keywords were added:	
		• all	
		• looped	
		• damped	
		• standby	
	Release 3.6.	0 The looped keyword was removed.	
Usage Guidelines		er group assignment is preventing you f	sociated with a task group that includes appropriate task from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
		w rib firsthop command to display the ess and interface through which they are	list of first hops registered by various clients with RIB resolved.
Task ID	Task Ope ID	rations	
	rib read	L	
Examples	The followin	g is sample output from the show rib f	irsthop command:
	RP/0/RP0/	CPU0:router# show rib firsthop	
	0.0.0.0/0 1.1.0.1/3 1.1.1.1/3 10.10.10. 10.10.10. 15.15.15. 20.20.20.	d firsthop notifications: via 1.1.0.1 - MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0, 2 via 1.1.0.1 - MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0 2 via 1.1.1.1 - MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0 1/32 via 10.10.10.1 - Loopback0, 3/32 via 10.10.10.3 - Loopback0, 1/32 via 10.10.10.1 - Loopback0, 1/32 via 1.1.1.1 - MgmtEth0/5/CPU 1/32 via 1.1.1.2 - MgmtEth0/5/CPU	<pre>0, ipv4_static/node0_5_CPU0 0, ipv4_static/node0_5_CPU0 ipv4_static/node0_5_CPU0 ipv4_static/node0_5_CPU0 ipv4_static/node0_5_CPU0 J0/0, ipv4_static/node0_5_CPU0</pre>

show rib history

To display history information for Routing Information Base (RIB) clients, use the **show rib history** command in EXEC mode.

show rib [{afi-all | ipv4 | ipv6}] history [client-id client-id] [standby]

Syntax Description	afi-all							
			(Optional) Speci	fies all address families.	l address families.			
	ipv4		(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes. This is the default.					
	ipv6		(Optional) Speci	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.(Optional) Specifies the ID of the client. Range for <i>client-id</i> argument is 0 to4294967295.				
	client-i	id client-id	1					
	standb	y	(Optional) Displa	ays standby information.				
Command Default	No defa	ult behavior	or values					
Command Modes	EXEC							
Command History	Releas	e Modi	fication					
	Release	Release 3.3.0 This command was introduced.						
	Release	Release 3.4.0 The standby keyword was added.						
Usage Guidelines	IDs. If t for assis	the user group stance.	p assignment is pre	eventing you from using a co	a task group that includes appropriate task ommand, contact your AAA administrator hat RIB has sent to various clients.			
Task ID	Task ID	Operations						
	rib	read						
Examples	The foll	lowing is san	ple output from th	ne show rib history comm	and:			
Examples		-	nple output from th outer# show rib		and:			
Examples	RP/0/ JID 229	-	outer# show rib Locati node0_	history	and:			

JID	Client	Location	n			
260	ospf	node0_5	CPU0			
Tabl	Le ID: 0xe0000000					
S	8 80.80.80.0/24[1/0]]	update,	6	path(s),	04:32:09
S	5 100.100.100.0/24[1/0]	update,	1	path(s),	04:32:09
S	6 40.40.40.0/24[1/0]]	update,	1	path(s),	04:32:09
5	5 15.15.15.0/24[1/0]]	update,	1	path(s),	04:32:09

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 4: show rib history Field Descriptions

Field	Description
JID	Job ID of the client process.
Client	Name of the client process.
Location	Information about where the client process is running.

show rib next-hop

To display registered next-hop notification addresses, use the show rib next-hop command in EXEC mode.

show rib [vrf {vrf-name | all}] [{afi-all | ipv4 | ipv6}] [{unicast | multicast | safi-all}] next-hop
[client-name] [{type interface-path-id | ip-address / prefix-length | ip-address mask | resolved | unresolved
| damped}] [summary] [standby]

Syntax Description	<pre>vrf { vrf-name all }</pre>	(Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance or all VRF instances.					
	afi-all	(Optional) Specifies all address families.					
	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes. This is the default.					
	ipv6	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.					
	unicast	(Optional) Specifies unicast address prefixes. This is the default.					
	multicast	(Optional) Specifies multicast address prefixes.					
	safi-all	(Optional) Specifies unicast and multicast address prefixes.					
	client-name	(Optional) Name of the RIB client.					
	type	Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.					
	interface-path-id	Physical interface or virtual interface.					
		Note Use the show interfaces command to see a list of all interfaces currently configured on the router.					
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark ($\ref{eq:2}$) online help function.					
	ip-address	(Optional) Network IP address about which routing information should be displayed.					
	mask	(Optional) Network mask specified in either of two ways:					
		• Network mask can be a four-part, dotted-decimal address. For example, 255.0.0.0 indicates that each bit equal to 1 means the corresponding address bit is a network address.					
		• Network mask can be indicated as a slash (/) and number. For example, /8 indicates that the first 8 bits of the mask are 1s, and the corresponding bits of the address are the network address.					
	/ prefix-length	(Optional) Length of the IP address prefix. A decimal value that indicates how many of the high-order contiguous bits of the address compose the prefix (the network portion of the address). A slash (/) must precede the decimal value.					
	resolved	(Optional) Specifies resolved next-hops.					
	unresolved	(Optional) Specifies unresolved next-hops.					

I

	damped	(Optional) Specifies next-hops that are damped.
	summary	(Optional) Specifies a summary of the next-hop information.
	standby	(Optional) Displays standby information.
Command Default	No default be	shavior or values
Command Modes	EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 3.5.0) This command was introduced.
	Release 3.6.0) The looped keyword was removed.
Usage Guidelines	IDs. If the use for assistance Use the shov	ommand, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task er group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator e. v rib next-hop command to display the list of next-hops registered by various clients with the address and interface through which they are resolved.
Task ID	Task Oper ID	rations
	rib read	
Examples	The following	g is sample output from the show rib next-hop command:
	RP/0/RP0/	CPU0:router# show rib next-hop
	Registere	d nexthop notifications:
		via 172.29.52.1 - MgmtEth0/RP1/CPU0/0, ospf/node0_RP0_CPU0 .1/32 via 172.29.52.1 - MgmtEth0/RP1/CPU0/0, ipv4_static/node0_RP0_CPU0

show rib opaques

To display opaque data installed in the Routing Information Base (RIB), use the **show rib opaques** command in EXEC mode.

show rib [vrf {vrf-name | all}] [{afi-all | ipv4 | ipv6}] [{unicast | multicast | safi-all}] opaques {attribute | ip-nexthop | ipfrr | safi-tunnel | summary | tunnel-nexthop} [rib-client-name] [standby]

Syntax Description	<pre>vrf { vrf-name all }</pre>	(Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance or all VRF instances.		
	afi-all	(Optional) Specifies all address families.		
	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes. This is the default.		
	ipv6	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.		
	unicast	(Optional) Specifies unicast address prefixes. This is the default.		
	multicast	(Optional) Specifies multicast address prefixes.		
	safi-all	(Optional) Specifies unicast and multicast address prefixes. Displays opaque attributes installed in the RIB.		
	attribute			
	ip-nexthop	Displays IP next-hop data installed in the RIB.Displays IP fast reroute (IPFRR) opaque data installed in the RIB.Displays subaddress family (SAFI) tunnel opaque data installed in the RIB.Displays a summary of opaque data installed in the RIB.Displays tunnel next-hop opaque data installed in the RIB.(Optional) Name of the RIB client.		
	ipfrr			
	safi-tunnel			
	summary			
	tunnel-nexthop			
	rib-client-name			
	standby	(Optional) Displays standby information.		
Command Default	No default behavior or v	values		
Command Modes	EXEC			
Command History	Release Modifica	ation		
	Release 3.5.0 This com	nmand was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines		ou must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task signment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator		

If information is not used by the RIB server process, it is viewed as opaque data. Use the **show rib opaques** command to display opaque data installed in the RIB.

Task ID	Task Operations ID
	rib read
Examples	The following is sample output from the show rib opaques command:
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rib opaques safi-tunnel
	Summary of safi tunnel opaque data in IPv4 RIB:
	Opaque key: 1:10.1.0.2 Opaque data: Tunnel Encap - ifhandle=0x1000180, type=L2TPv3, Params=[Session-id=0x1EB1127C, ` Cookielen=8, Cookie=0xA73A3E0AFCD419A6] Opaque key: 65535:10.0.101.1 Opaque data:
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rib ipv6 opaques tunnel-nexthop
	Summary of 6PE/6VPE IP over tunnel nexthop opaque data in IPv6 RIB:
	Opaque key: 1:::ffff:10.1.0.2 Opaque key: 65535:::ffff:10.0.101.1 Opaque key: 65535:::ffff:10.0.101.2 Opaque key: 65535:::ffff:10.0.101.3 Opaque key: 65535:::ffff:10.0.101.4 Opaque key: 65535:::ffff:10.0.101.5

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 5: show rib opaques Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
Opaque key	Unique key for the opaque data as populated by the protocol client.	
Opaque data	Data for the given key.	

Related Commands

ds	Command	Description
	show route, on page 55	Displays current routes information in the Routing Information Base (RIB).
	show ospf routes	Displays Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) topology table.

show rib protocols

-	To display protocols reg	sistered for route addition, use the show rib protocols command in EXEC mode.	
	show rib [vrf {vrf-name all}] [{afi-all ipv4 ipv6}] [{unicast multicast safi-all}] protocols [standby]		
Syntax Description	<pre>vrf { vrf-name all }</pre>	(Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance or all VRF instances.	
	afi-all	(Optional) Specifies all address families.	
	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes. This is the default.	
	ipv6	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.	
	unicast	(Optional) Specifies unicast address prefixes. This is the default. (Optional) Specifies unicast and multicast address prefixes.	
	safi-all		
	standby	(Optional) Displays standby information.	
Command Default	If a vrf <i>vrf-name</i> is not specified, the registered first-hop notification addresses are displayed for the default IPv4 unicast VRF.		
Command Modes	EXEC		
Command History	Release Modifica	ation	
	Release 3.3.0 This command was introduced.		
	Release 3.4.0 The all and standby keywords were added.		
	Release 3.9.0 Asplain format for 4-byte Autonomous system numbers notation was supported. The input parameters and output were modified to display 4-byte autonomous system numbers and		

extended communities in either asplain or asdot notations.

To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task **Usage Guidelines** IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Task ID Task **Operations** ID rib read

Examples The following is sample output from the show rib protocols command:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rib protocols

Protocol	Handle	Instance
isis	0	rib
connected	1	
static	2	
local	3	
bgp	4	102
ospf	5	1

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 6: show rib protocols Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Protocol	Name of the protocol.
Handle	Handle assigned to the protocol instance.
Instance	Protocol instance.

show rib recursion-depth-max

To display the maximum recursion depth in the Routing Information Base (RIB), use the **show rib** recursion-depth-max command in EXEC mode.

show rib [{afi-all | ipv4 | ipv6}] recursion-depth-max [standby]

Syntax Description	afi-all (Optional) Specifies all address families.			
	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 ad	ddress prefixes. This is the default.	-
	ipv6	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 a	ddress prefixes.	-
	standby	(Optional) Displays standby inform	nation.	
Command Default	No default	t behavior or values		
Command Modes	EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Release 3	.5.0 This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appr IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA a for assistance.			
		ow rib recursion-depth-max comm e number of next-hops that can be sp		on depth for RIB. Recursion
Task ID	Task O ID	perations		
	rib re	ead		
Examples	The follow	ving is sample output from the show	v rib recursion-depth-max comm	and:
	RP/0/RE	PO/CPU0:router# show rib recurs	ion-depth-max	
	IPv4:			
	 Maximun	n recursion depth in RIB:		
	Cor	nfigured: 12 In Use: 128		
	IPv6:			
		a recursion depth in RIB:		

Configured: 12 In Use: 128

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 7: show rib recursion-depth-max Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Configured	Value of maximum recursion depth currently configured.
In Use	Value of maximum recursion depth RIB is using. This value can be different from the configured value because RIB has to be restarted after the configuration is changed for the new configuration to be effective.

show rib statistics

To display Routing Information Base (RIB) statistics, use the show rib statistics command in EXEC mode.

show rib [vrf {vrf-name | all}] [{afi-all | ipv4 | ipv6}] [{unicast | multicast | safi-all}] statistics
[client-name] [standby]

Syntax Description	vrf { vrf-name all }	(Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance or all VRF instances.	
	afi-all	(Optional) Specifies all address families.	
	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes. This is the default.	
	ipv6	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.	
	unicast	(Optional) Specifies unicast address prefixes. This is the default.	
	multicast	(Optional) Specifies multicast address prefixes.	
	safi-all	(Optional) Specifies unicast and multicast address prefixes.	
	client-name	(Optional) Name of the RIB client.	
	standby	(Optional) Displays standby information.	
Command Modes	EXEC	ation	
	Release 3.4.0 This con	nmand was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines		ou must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task ssignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator	
	Use the show rib statistics command to display RIB statistics. The statistics include requests sent from the clients to the RIB and the information redistributed to the client.		
	RIB maintains counters for all requests sent from a client including:		
	 Route operations 		

Task ID Task Operations ID rib read **Examples** The following is sample output from the show rib statistics command: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rib statistics RIB Statistics: Received 142 batch messages 137 route operations, 0 attribute operations 0 opaque operations 11 complete operations, 0 convergent operations Results of the batch message received: 142 successes O forward references, O invalid client id, O unknown errors 0 memory allocation errors, 0 client lookup errors, table lookup errors 0 O proto lookup errors, O client proto lookup errors ipv4 connected/node0 RP0 CPU0 last performed route operation with status BATCH SUCESS at Jun 26 21:43:33.601 Received 217422 light weight messages 4 route add requests, 2 route delete requests 10 protocol registered, 1 protocol unregistered 0 protocol modify, 0 protocol purged 14 protocol redistributions, 0 unregistered protocol redistributions 0 reset protocol redistributions 3 first hop registered, 1 first hop unregistered 3 advertisements, 0 unregistered advertisement 57 bind data, 97 update completes, 217230 other requests udp/node0_RP0_CPU0 last performed firsthop lookup operation with status success at Jun 27 10:09:59.990 Received 0 nexthop batch messages 0 successes 0 inits 0 registers, 0 unregisters 0 register complete, 0 sync unregistered, 0 batch finished

RIB also maintains the results of the requests.

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 8: show rib statistics Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Received	Statistics received including batch messages and route, attribute, complete, and convergent operations.
Results of the batch message received	Batch message results.
Received <i>n</i> light weight messages	Number of lightweight API messages sent from RIB clients.

RIB Commands

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Field	Description
Received <i>n</i> nexthop batch messages	Number of batch API messages sent from RIB clients received by the RIB.

show rib tables

default

uni

0xe0000000

2000000

72

To display all tables known to the Routing Information Base (RIB), use the **show rib tables** command in EXEC mode.

show rib [{afi-all | ipv4 | ipv6}] tables [summary] [standby] **Syntax Description** afi-all (Optional) Specifies all address families. ipv4 (Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes. This is the default. ipv6 (Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes. (Optional) Displays summary table information. summary standby (Optional) Displays standby information. No default behavior or values **Command Default** EXEC **Command Modes Command History** Release **Modification** Release 3.3.0 This command was introduced. Release 3.4.0 The ipv4, ipv6, and standby keywords were added. Release 3.5.0 The summary keyword was added. To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task **Usage Guidelines** IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance. Use the **show rib tables** command to display all tables known to the RIB, including table attributes. Attributes include VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance, address family, and maximum prefix information. Task ID Task Operations ID rib read **Examples** The following is sample output from the **show rib tables** command when entered without an address: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rib tables Codes: N - Prefix Limit Notified, F - Forward Referenced D - Table Deleted, C - Table Reached Convergence VRF PrfxLmt PrfxCnt TblVersion N F D C SAFI Table ID

137 NNNY

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default multi 0xe0100000 2000000 0 0 N N N Y

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 9: show rib tables Field Descriptions

Field	Description
VRF	Name of the VRF instance.
SAFI	Subaddress family instance.
Table ID	ID of the RIB table.
PrfxLmt	Configured prefix limit for the RIB table.
PrfxCnt	Number of configured prefixes in the RIB table.
TblVersion	Tables version number.
N	Message sent when prefix limit is exceeded.
F	Forward referenced. If Y is indicated, a table has been created by RIB because a client has registered for the table, but RIB has not heard from the router space infrastructure (RSI) about the table. RSI manages the tables.
D	If Y is indicated, the table has been deleted in the RSI but RIB has not cleared the information.
С	Table reached convergence.

show rib trace

To display all Routing Information Base (RIB) library call tracer (ltrace) entries, use the **show rib trace** command in EXEC mode.

show rib [{afi-all | ipv6}] trace [{clear | counts | event-manager | startup | sync | timing}] [{unique | wrapping}] [last *entries*] [hexdump] [reverse] [tailif] [stats] [verbose] [{file *name* original location *node-id* | location {all*node-id*}}]

Syntax Description	afi-all	(Optional) Specifies all address families.
	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes. This is the default.
	іруб	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.
	counts clear	(Optional) Displays route clear trace entries.
	counts	(Optional) Displays counts trace entries.
	event-manager	(Optional) Displays RIB event manager trace entries.
	startup	(Optional) Displays RIB startup trace entries.
	sync	(Optional) Displays client synchronization trace entries.
	timing	(Optional) Displays timing trace entries.
	unique	(Optional) Displays unique entries with counts.
	wrapping	(Optional) Displays wrapping entries.
	last entries	(Optional) Displays a specified number of the last entries. Range is 1 to 4294967295.
	hexdump	(Optional) Displays traces in hexadecimal format.
	reverse	(Optional) Displays the latest traces first.
	tailif	(Optional) Displays new traces as they are added.
	stats	(Optional) Displays statistics.
	verbose	(Optional) Displays internal debugging information.
	file name original location node-id	(Optional) Displays trace entries for a specific file for the designated node. The <i>node-id</i> argument is entered in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation.
	location { all node-id }	(Optional) Displays ltrace entries for the designated node. The <i>node-id</i> argument is entered in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation. The all keyword displays ltrace entries for all nodes.

Command Default No default behavior or values

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Command Modes	des EXEC			
Command History	Releas	se l	Modification	
	Releas	se 3.5.0	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines		the user g		up associated with a task group that includes appropriate task you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
Task ID	Task ID	Operati	DNS	
	rib	read		
Examples	RP/0	/RP0/CP	Source the sample output from the show	
	Mar	16 14:5		, 0 filtered, 1784 total) startup 0/RP0/CPU0 t1 Create: Management thread startup 0/RP0/CPU0 t2 Create: Management event
	Mar Mar Mar Mar 1 for p	16 14:5 16 14:5 16 14:5 16 14:5 16 14:59 orotocol	9:28.346 rib/ipv4_rib/rib- 9:28.676 rib/ipv4_rib/rib- 9:28.693 rib/ipv4_rib/rib- :28.694 rib/ipv4_rib/rib-ic notification	io 0/RP0/CPU0 t1 Initialise: RIB server io 0/RP0/CPU0 t1 Initialise: Client collection io 0/RP0/CPU0 t1 Initialise: DB collection io 0/RP0/CPU0 t1 Initialise: Timer tree 0/RP0/CPU0 t1 RUMP: Bind to sysdb /ipc/gl/ipv4-rib/ tartup 0/RP0/CPU0 t2 Initialise: Debugging routine
				o O/RPO/CPU0 t1 Register: read, select cb functions
		16 14:5 b_error		startup 0/RP0/CPU0 t1 Register: cerrno DLL name

show rib vpn-attributes

To display all VPN attributes installed in the Routing Information Base (RIB), use the **show rib vpn-attributes** command in EXEC mode.

show rib [{afi-all | ipv4 | ipv6}] vpn-attributes [summary] [standby]

Syntax Description	afi-all	(Optional) Specifies all address	families.	
	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version	4 address prefixes.	
	ipv6	(Optional) Specifies IP Version	6 address prefixes.	
	summary	(Optional) Displays VPN attrib	ute information.	
	standby	(Optional) Displays standby in	ormation.	
Command Default	The default	is IPv4 address prefixes.		
Command Modes	EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Release 3.5	.0 This command was introduced	l	
Task ID	for assistant		ig you from using a con	nmand, contact your AAA administrator
	rib rea	ıd		
Examples	RP/0/RP0	ng is sample output from the sho /CPU0:router# show rib vpn-	-	command:
	Extended	l community data in RIB:		
	COST:128 COST:128 COST:128 COST:128 COST:128 EIGRP rc EIGRP rc EIGRP AD	<pre>1 community :128:41984 :129:42240 :129:44544 :129:169984 :129:307200 pute-info:0x0:0 pute-info:0x8000:0 p:444:25600 p:444:25856</pre>	Ref cou	nt 2 2 1 2 1 6 2 2 2 2
	EIGRP AD	:444:28160		1

EIGRP AD:444:51200	1
EIGRP AD:444:153600	2
EIGRP RHB:255:0:16384	2
EIGRP RHB:255:1:16384	5
EIGRP RHB:255:1:256000	1
EIGRP LM:0x0:1:1500	3
EIGRP LM:0x0:1:1514	2
EIGRP LM:0x0:1:4470	3
EIGRP AR:0:192.168.0.13	6
EIGRP PM:11:0	6
MVPN attribute data in RIB:	
MVPN Attribute	Ref count
0:0:1:f4:0:0:0:1:1:1:1:1	1
0:0:2:bc:0:0:0:1:3:3:3:3	10

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 10: show rib vpn-attributes Field Descriptions

0:0:2:bc:0:0:0:1:3:3:3:4

Field	Description
Extended Community	Extended community added by the protocol clients
Ref Count	Number of routes referring to the same extended community.
MVPN Attribute	Connector attribute added by BGP to support MVPNs.
Ref Count	Number of routes referring to the same extended community.

show rib vrf

To display all VRF table information in the Routing Information Base (RIB), use the **show rib vrf** command in EXEC mode.

show rib vrf {*vrf-name* | all} [ipv6] [afi-all] [firsthop] [next-hop] [opaques] [protocols] [statistics *name*]

Syntax Description	vrf { vrf-name	all } (Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance or all VRF instances.		
	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes.		
	ipv6	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.		
	afi-all	(Optional) Specifies all address families.		
	firsthop	(Optional) Specifies registered first-hop notification addresses		
	next-hop	(Optional) Specifies registered next-hop notification addresses.		
	opaques	(Optional) Specifies opaque data installed in the RIB.		
	protocols	(Optional) Specifies registered protocols.		
	statistics name	(Optional) Specifies RIB statistics for the given name.		
Command Default	No default behavio	or or values		
Command Modes	EXEC			
Command History	Release Mo	odification		
	Release 3.7.0 Th	is command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines		and, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task oup assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator		
Task ID	Task Operations			
	ipv4 read	_		
Examples	The following exa	mple shows output from the show rib vrf all statistics command:		
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0 RP/0/RP0/CPU0	:router# show rib vrf all statistics :router#		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show rib, on page 21	Displays RIB information.

show route

To display the current routes in the Routing Information Base (RIB), use the **show route** command in EXEC mode.

show route [vrf {vrf-name | all}] [{afi-all | ipv4 | ipv6}] [{unicast | multicast | safi-all}] [{protocol
[instance] | ip-address [mask] | ip-address/prefix-length}] [standby] [detail]

Syntax Description	<pre>vrf { vrf-name all }</pre>	(Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance or all VRF instances.
	afi-all	(Optional) Specifies all address families.
	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes. This is the default.
	ipv6	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.
	unicast	(Optional) Specifies unicast address prefixes. This is the default.
	multicast	(Optional) Specifies multicast address prefixes.
	safi-all	(Optional) Specifies unicastand multicast address prefixes.
	protocol	(Optional) Name of a routing protocol. If you specify a routing protocol, use one of the following keywords:
		• bgp • eigrp • isis • ospf • rip
		• static
		• local • connected
	instance	(Optional) Number or name used to identify an instance of the specified protocol.
	ip-address	(Optional) Network IP address about which routing information should be displayed.
	mask	(Optional) Network mask specified in either of two ways:
		• Network mask can be a four-part, dotted-decimal address. For example, 255.0.0.0 indicates that each bit equal to 1 means the corresponding address bit is a network address.
		• Network mask can be indicated as a slash (/) and number. For example, /8 indicates that the first 8 bits of the mask are 1s, and the corresponding bits of the address are the network address.
	/prefix-length	(Optional) Length of the IP address prefix. A decimal value that indicates how many of the high-order contiguous bits of the address compose the prefix (the network portion of the address). A slash (/) must precede the decimal value.

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	standby	(Optional) Displays standby information.		
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information for the specified prefix.		
Command Default	mand Default If a vrf vrf-name is not specified, routes are displayed for the default IPv4 unicast VRF.			
Command Modes	EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Release 2.0	This command was introduced.		
	Release 3.2	2 The afi-all and safi-all keywords were added.		
	Release 3.3	.0 The eigrp and rip keywords and vrf vrf-name keyword and argument were added.		
	Release 3.4	.0 The all, detail, and standby keywords were added.		
	Release 3.9	2.0 Asplain format for 4-byte Autonomous system numbers notation was supported. The input parameters and output were modified to display 4-byte autonomous system numbers and extended communities in either asplain or asdot notations.		
Usage Guidelines	IDs. If the u for assistance	command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task ser group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator ce. Ifi-all keyword is used, the <i>ip-address</i> and <i>mask</i> arguments are not available.		
	The topolo	gy keyword must be accompanied by the ipv4 multicast keywords, except when the afi-all the safi-all keyword is specified.		
Task ID	Task Ope ID	erations		
	rib rea	d		
Examples	The following	ng is sample output from the show route command when entered without an address:		
	RP/0/RP0/	CPU0:router# show route		
	D - N1 E1 i - ia U -	<pre>E - connected, S - static, R - RIP, B - BGP EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP ISIS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2 - IS-IS inter area, su - IS-IS summary null, * - candidate default per-user static route, o - ODR, L - local, G - DAGR access/subscriber, (!) - FRR Backup path</pre>		
	Gateway	of last resort is 1.0.0.1 to network 0.0.0.0		
	C 1.0	.0.0/0 [1/0] via 1.0.0.1, 13:14:59 .0.0/16 is directly connected, 13:14:59, MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0 .14.15/32 is directly connected, 13:14:59, MgmtEth0/5/CPU0/0		

C 3.2.3.0/24 is directly connected, 00:04:39, GigabitEthernet0/3/0/0 L 3.2.3.2/32 is directly connected, 00:04:39, GigabitEthernet0/3/0/0 O E2 5.2.5.0/24 [110/20] via 3.3.3.1, 00:04:20, GigabitEthernet0/3/0/0 O E2 6.2.6.0/24 [110/20] via 3.3.3.1, 00:04:20, GigabitEthernet0/3/0/0 C 7.2.7.0/24 is directly connected, 00:04:20, GigabitEthernet0/3/0/7 L 7.2.7.2/32 is directly connected, 00:04:20, GigabitEthernet0/3/0/7 O E2 8.2.8.0/24 [110/20] via 3.3.3.1, 00:04:20, GigabitEthernet0/3/0/7 C 10.3.0.0/16 is directly connected, 13:14:59, GigabitEthernet0/0/0/0 L 10.3.0.2/32 is directly connected, 13:14:59, GigabitEthernet0/0/0/0

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 11: show route Field Descriptions

Field	Description
S*	Code indicating how the route was derived. See the code legend preceding the output. In this case, the route was derived from a static (candidate default).
[1/0]	First number in the brackets is the administrative distance of the information source; the second number is the metric for the route.
1.0.0.0/16	Address and prefix length of the remote network.
MgmtEthernet 0/5/CPU0/0	Specifies the interface through which the specified network can be reached.
С	Code indicating how the route was derived. See the code legend preceding the output. In this case, the route was connected.
L	Code indicating how the route was derived. See the code legend preceding the output. In this case, the route was local.
0	Code indicating how the route was derived. See the code legend preceding the output. In this case, the route was on-demand routing (ODR).
E2	Code indicating how the route was derived. See the code legend preceding the output. In this case, the route was OSPF external type 2.
8.2.8.0/24	Address and prefix length of the remote network connected to the static route.
via 3.3.3.1	Specifies the address of the next router to the remote network.
13:14:59	Specifies the last time the route was updated.

When you specify that you want information about a particular network, more detailed statistics are displayed. The following is sample output from the **show route** command when entered with an IP address:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show route 10.0.0.0
Routing entry for 10.0.0/16
Known via "connected", distance 0, metric 0 (connected)
Installed Mar 22 22:10:20.906
Routing Descriptor Blocks
```

```
directly connected, via GigabitEthernet0/0/0/0
Route metric is 0
No advertising protos.
```

Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS) includes an IP address typed length value (TLV) in its link-state packet (LSP) that helps identify the node injecting the route into the network. The IS-IS node uses one of its own interface addresses in this TLV. A loopback address is preferred among interfaces configured under IS-IS. When other networking devices calculate IP routes, they can store the IP address as the originator address with each route in the routing table.

The following example shows the output from the **show route** command for a specific IP address on a router configured with IS-IS. Each path that is shown under the Routing Descriptor Blocks report displays two IP addresses. The first address (10.0.0.9) is the next-hop address; the second is the originator IP address from the advertising IS-IS router.

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show route 10.0.0.1
Routing entry for 10.0.0.0/8
Known via "isis", distance 115, metric 10, type level-2
Installed Jan 22 09:26:56.210
Routing Descriptor Blocks:
 * 10.0.0.9, from 10.0.0.9, via GigabitEthernet2/1
Route metric is 10
No advertising protos.
```

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Field	Description
Routing entry for	Network address and mask.
Known via	Indicates how the route was derived.
distance	Administrative distance of the information source.
metric	Route value assigned by the routing protocol.
type	IS-IS type level.
Routing Descriptor Blocks:	Displays the next-hop IP address followed by the information source.
from via	First address is the next-hop IP address, and the other is the information source. This report is followed by the interface for this route.
Route metric	Best metric for this Routing Descriptor Block.
No advertising protos.	Indicates that no other protocols are advertising the route to their redistribution consumers. If the route is being advertised, protocols are listed in the following manner:
	Redist Advertisers: isis p ospf 43

The following example illustrates the **show route** command with the **topology** *topo-name* keyword and argument specified:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show route ipv4 multicast topology green Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, B - BGP D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP i - ISIS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2 ia - IS-IS inter area, su - IS-IS summary null, * - candidate default U - per-user static route, o - ODR, L - local, G - DAGR A - access/subscriber, (!) - FRR Backup path Gateway of last resort is not set i L1 10.1.102.0/24 [115/20] via 10.1.102.41, 1w4d, GigabitEthernet0/1/0/0.1 i L1 10.3.3.0/24 [115/20] via 10.1.102.41, 1w4d, GigabitEthernet0/1/0/0.1

i L1 192.168.0.40/32 [115/20] via 10.1.102.41, 1w4d, GigabitEthernet0/1/0/0.1

This example is a sample **show route detail** command output that displays path ID and backup-path ID information:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router#show route 10.1.1.3 detail
Routing entry for 10.1.1.16/32
  Known via "ospf 2", distance 110, metric 21, type intra area
  Installed Oct 28 16:07:05.752 for 00:01:56
 Routing Descriptor Blocks
    40.1.10.1, from 10.1.1.16, via Bundle-Ether10, Protected
      Route metric is 21
     Label: None
     Tunnel ID: None
     Extended communities count: 0
     Path id:2
                 Path ref count:0
     Backup path id:33
    200.40.1.101, from 10.1.1.16, via Bundle-Ether1.1, Protected
     Route metric is 21
     Label: None
     Tunnel ID: None
     Extended communities count: 0
      Path id:1
                   Path ref count:0
     Backup path id:33
    100.100.2.1, from 10.1.1.16, via TenGigE0/2/0/3.1, Backup
     Route metric is 0
     Label: None
      Tunnel ID: None
     Extended communities count: 0
                    Path ref count:2
     Path id:33
  Route version is 0xe (14)
  No local label
  IP Precedence: Not Set
  QoS Group ID: Not Set
  Route Priority: RIB_PRIORITY_NON_RECURSIVE_LOW (6) SVD Type RIB_SVD_TYPE_LOCAL
  No advertising protos.
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show interfaces	Lists interface information.

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Command	Description
show route summary, on page 81	Displays the current contents of the routing table in summary format.
show rib opaques, on page 38	Displays opaque data installed in the Routing Information Base (RIB).
show ospf routes	Displays Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) topology table.

show route backup

To display backup routes from the Routing Information Base (RIB), use the **show route backup** command in EXEC mode.

show route [vrf {vrf-name | all}] [{afi-all | ipv4 | ipv6}] [{unicast | multicast | {topology topo-name}}
| safi-all}] backup [{ip-address [mask] ip-address /prefix-length]}][standby]

Syntax Description	vrf { vrf-name all }	(Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance or all VRF instances.	
	afi-all	(Optional) Specifies all address families.	
	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes.	
	ipv6	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.	
	unicast	(Optional) Specifies unicast address prefixes.	
	multicast	(Optional) Specifies multicast address prefixes.	
	safi-allsafi-all	(Optional) Specifies unicast and multicast address prefixes.	
	ip-address	(Optional) Network IP address about which backup routing information should be displayed.	
	mask	(Optional) Network mask specified in either of two ways:	
		• Network mask can be a four-part, dotted decimal address. For example, 255.0.0.0 indicates that each bit equal to 1 means the corresponding address bit is a network address.	
		• Network mask can be indicated as a slash (/) and number. For example, /8 indicates that the first 8 bits of the mask are ones, and the corresponding bits of the address are the network address.	
	/prefix-length	(Optional) Length of the IP address prefix. A decimal value that indicates how many of the high-order contiguous bits of the address compose the prefix (the network portion of the address). A slash (/) must precede the decimal value.	
	standby	(Optional) Displays standby information.	
Command Default	If a vrf <i>vrf-name</i> is no VRF.	ot specified, the backup routes from the RIB are displayed for the default IPv4 unicast	
Command Modes	EXEC		
Command History	Release Modific	ation	
	Release 2.0 This cor	nmand was introduced.	
	Release 3.2 The afi	-all and safi-all keywords were added.	

	Release Modification
	Release 3.3.0 The vrf-name keyword and argument were added.
	Release 3.4.0 The all and standby keywords were added.
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.
	Use the show route backup command to display information about routes that have been installed into the RIB as backup routes. This command also displays information about the currently selected active route for which there is a backup.
	When the afi-all keyword is used, the <i>ip-address</i> and <i>mask</i> arguments are not available.
	The topology keyword must be accompanied by the ipv4 multicast keywords, except when the afi-all keyword or the safi-all keyword is specified.
Task ID	Task Operations ID
	rib read
Examples	The following is sample output from the show route backup command:
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show route backup
	<pre>Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP i - ISIS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2 ia - IS-IS inter area, su - IS-IS summary null, * - candidate default U - per-user static route, o - ODR, L - local S 172.73.51.0/24 is directly connected, 2d20h, GigabitEthernet 4/0/0/1</pre>

S 172.73.51.0/24 is directly connected, 2d20h, GigabitEthernet 4/0/0/1 Backup O E2 [110/1] via 10.12.12.2, GigabitEthernet 3/0/0/1

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Field	Description
S	Code indicating how the route was derived. See the legend of the codes preceding the output.
172.73.51.0/24	IP address and length of the route.
2d20h	Time (in hh:mm:ss) since the route was installed in the RIB.
GigabitEthernet4/0/0/1	Outbound interface for the route.
Backup	Identifies the entry as a backup version of the route, typically installed by a different routing protocol.

Table 13: show route backup Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
0	Code indicating how the route was derived. See the code legend preceding the output.	
E2 Code for the type of route. This code is relevant only for OSPF and IS- The codes for an OSPF route can be:		
	IA—interarea route	
	E1—external type 1	
	E2—external type 2	
	N1—NSSA external type 1 N2—NSSA external type 2	
	The codes for an IS-IS route can be:	
	L1—level 1	
	L2—level 2	
	ia—interarea	
	su—summary route	
[110/1]	Distance and metric for the route.	
10.12.12.2	IP address of next-hop on the route.	
GigabitEthernet3/0/0/1	Outbound interface for the OSPF version of the route.	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show route, on page 55	Displays the current routes in the RIB.

show route best-local

To display the best local address to use for return packets from the given destination, use the **show route best-local** command in EXEC mode.

show route [vrf {vrf-name|all}] [{ipv4|ipv6}] [{unicast|multicast|{topology topo-name}|safi-all}]
best-local ip-address [standby]

Syntax Description	vrf { vrf-nan	<i>ae</i> all } (Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance or all VRF instances.
	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes.
	ipv6	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.
	unicast	(Optional) Specifies unicast address prefixes.
	multicast	(Optional) Specifies multicast address prefixes.
	safi-all	(Optional) Specifies unicast and multicast address prefixes.
	ip-address	IP address about which best local information should be displayed.
	standby	(Optional) Displays standby information.
		we is not movified the best level address is displayed for the default ID-4 unicest VDE
Command Default	lf a vri vrj-n	ame is not specified, the best local address is displayed for the default IPv4 unicast VRF.
Command Modes	EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 2.0	This command was introduced.
	Release 3.2 The afi-all and safi-all keywords were added.	
	Release 3.3.0	The vrf-name keyword and argument were added.
	Release 3.4.0	The all and standby keyword were added.
		The afi-all keyword was removed.
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.	
	Use the show table.	route best-local command to display information about the best local routes in the routing
		keyword must be accompanied by the ipv4 multicast keywords, except when the afi-all e safi-all keyword is specified.

Task ID Task **Operations** ID rib read **Examples** The following is sample output from the show route best-local command: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show route best-local 10.12.12.1/32 Routing entry for 10.12.12.1/32 Known via "local", distance 0, metric 0 (connected) Routing Descriptor Blocks 10.12.12.1 directly connected, via GigabitEthernet3/0/0/1 $\,$ Route metric is 0 This table describes the significant fields shown in the display. Table 14: show route best-local Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Routing entry for	Identifies the requested IP address.
Known via	Indicates how the route was derived.
distance	Administrative distance of the information source.
metric	Route value assigned by the routing protocol.
Routing Descriptor Blocks:	Displays the next-hop IP address followed by the information source.
10.12.12.1 Directly connected via	First address is the next-hop IP address, followed by a report that it is directly connected. This report is followed by the interface for this route.

Related Commands

Command	Description
show route local, on page 68	Displays local addresses installed in the RIB as a receive entry.

show route connected

To display the current connected routes of the routing table, use the **show route connected** command in EXEC mode.

show route [vrf {vrf-name | all}] [{afi-all | ipv4 | ipv6}] [{unicast | multicast | {topology topo-name}}
| safi-all}] connected [standby]

Syntax Description	vrf { vrf-name all }	(Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance or all VRF instances.	
	afi-all	(Optional) Specifies all address families.	
	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes.	
	ipv6	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.	
	unicast	(Optional) Specifies unicast address prefixes.	
	multicast	(Optional) Specifies multicast address prefixes. (Optional) Specifies unicast and multicast address prefixes.	
	safi-all		
	standby	(Optional) Displays standby information.	
Command Modes	default IPv4 unicast VF The topology keyword keyword or the safi-all EXEC	I must be accompanied by the ipv4 multicast keywords, except when the afi-all	
Command History	Release Modific	ation	
	Release 2.0 This cor	nmand was introduced.	
	Release 3.2 The afi	-all and safi-all keywords were added.	
	Release 3.3.0 The vrf-name keyword and argument were added.		
	Release 3.4.0 The all	and standby keywords were added.	
Usage Guidelines	· · · · ·	ou must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate tas signment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrato	
	Use the show route con	nected command to display information about connected routes in the routing table	

Task ID	Task ID	Operations		
	rib	read		
Examples	The fol	llowing is samp	ble output from the show route connected command:	
	RP/C	/RP0/CPU0:rou	ater# show route connected	
	c c c c c This ta	<pre>C 3.3.3.0/24 is directly connected, 00:23:23, GigabitEthernet0/3/0/0 C 7.7.7.0/24 is directly connected, 00:33:00, GigabitEthernet0/3/0/7 C 10.0.0.0/16 is directly connected, 13:43:40, GigabitEthernet0/0/0/0 C 10.10.10.0/30 is directly connected, 13:43:40, Loopback0</pre>		
	Table 15	show route conne	cted Field Descriptions	
	Field		Description	
	С		Code to indicate the route is connected.	
	1.68.0	.0/16	IP address and length of the route.	
	13:43:	40	Time (in hh:mm:ss) since the route was installed in the RIB.	
	Mgmt	Eth0/5/CPU0/0	Outbound interface for the route.	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show route summary, on page 81	Displays the current contents of the RIB.

show route local

To display local routes receiving routing updates from the Routing Information Base (RIB), use the **show** route local command in EXEC mode.

show route [vrf {vrf-name | all}] [{afi-all | ipv4 | ipv6}] [{unicast | multicast | {topology topo-name}}
| safi-all}] local [{type interface -path-id}] [standby]

Syntax Description	vrf { vrf-name all } afi-all		(Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance or all VRF instances.(Optional) Specifies all address families.		
	ipv4		(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes.		
	ipv6		(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.		
	unicast		(Optional) Specifies unicast address prefixes.		
	multicast safi-all type interface-path-id		(Optional) Specifies multicast address prefixes.		
			(Optional) Specifies unicast and multicast address prefixes. Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.		
			Physical interface or virtual interface.		
	Note Use the show interfaces command to see a list of all interfaces currently configured on the router.				
	For more information about online help function.		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark ($\ref{eq:2}$) online help function.		
	standby		(Optional) Displays standby information.		
Command Default	If a vrf vrf- default IPv4 u		ot specified, the local routes receiving updates from the RIB are displayed for the F.		
Command Modes	EXEC				
Command History	Release	Modifica	ation		
	Release 2.0	This con	nmand was introduced on the Cisco CRS-1\.		
	Release 3.2	The afi-	-all and safi-all keywords were added.		
	Release 3.3.0 The vrf-name keyword and argument were added.				
	Release 3.4.0 The all and standby keywords were added.				

Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.			
	Use the show route local command to display information about local routes in the routing table.			
	The topology keyword must be accompanied by the ipv4 multicast keywords, except when the afi-all keyword or the safi-all keyword is specified.			
Task ID	Task Operations ID			
	rib read			
Examples	The following is sample output from the show route local command:			
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show route local			
	L 10.10.1/32 is directly connected, 00:14:36, Loopback0			
	L 10.91.36.98/32 is directly connected, 00:14:32, GigabitEthernet6/0/0/1			
	L 172.22.12.1/32 is directly connected, 00:13:35, GigabitEthernet3/0/0/1			
	L 192.168.20.2/32 is directly connected, 00:13:27, GigabitEthernet4/0/0/1			
	L 10.254.254.1/32 is directly connected, 00:13:26, GigabitEthernet5/0/0/1			

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 16: show route local Field Descriptions

Field	Description
L	Code to indicate the route is local.
10.10.10.1/32	IP address and length of the route.
00:14:36	Time (in hh:mm:ss) since the route was installed in the RIB.
Loopback0	Outbound interface for the route.

Related Commands	Command	Description
		Displays information about all clients that have registered with the RIB as protocols.

show route longer-prefixes

To display the current routes in the Routing Information Base (RIB) that share a given number of bits with a given network, use the **show route longer-prefixes** command in EXEC mode.

show route [vrf {vrf-name | all}] [{ipv4 | ipv6}] [{unicast | multicast | {topology topo-name} | safi-all}] longer-prefixes {ip-address mask ip-address/prefix-length} [standby]

Syntax Description	vrf { vrf-name	all } (Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance or all VRF instances.
	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes.
	ipv6	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.
	unicast	(Optional) Specifies unicast address prefixes.
	multicast	(Optional) Specifies multicast address prefixes.
	safi-all	(Optional) Specifies unicast and multicast address prefixes.
	ip-address	Network IP address about which routing information should be displayed.
	mask	Network mask specified in either of two ways:
		• Network mask can be a four-part, dotted-decimal address. For example, 255.0.0.0 indicates that each bit equal to 1 means the corresponding address bit is a network address.
		• Network mask can be indicated as a slash (/) and number. For example, /8 indicates that the first 8 bits of the mask are 1s, and the corresponding bits of the address are the network address.
	/ prefix-length	Length of the IP address prefix. A decimal value that indicates how many of the high-order contiguous bits of the address compose the prefix (the network portion of the address). A slash (/) must precede the decimal value.
	standby	(Optional) Displays standby information.
Command Default	If a vrf <i>vrf-name</i> is not specified, the current routes in the RIB sharing a specified number of bits with a network are displayed for the default IPv4 unicast VRF.	
Command Modes	EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	D 1 0 0 5	This command was introduced.
	Release 2.0	This command was introduced.
		The afi-all and safi-all keywords were added.

	Release	Modification		
	Release 3.4.0	The all and standby keywords were added.		
		The afi-all keyword was removed.		
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.			
	Use the show long prefix.	Use the show route longer-prefixes command to troubleshoot forwarding problems whose cause may be a long prefix.		
		w keyword must be accompanied by the ipv4 multicast keywords, except when the afi-all e safi-all keyword is specified.		
Task ID	Task Opera ID	ations		
	rib read			
Examples	The following	is sample output from the show route longer-prefixes command:		
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show route longer-prefixes 172.16.0.0/8			
	D - N1 E1 i - ia	 connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP ISIS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2 IS-IS inter area, su - IS-IS summary null, * - candidate default per-user static route, o - ODR, L - local 		
	L 172.2	29.52.70/32 is directly connected, 4d15h, MgmtEth0/RP0/CPU0/0 29.52.71/32 is directly connected, 4d15h, MgmtEth0/RP1/CPU0/0 29.52.72/32 [0/0] via 172.29.52.72, 4d15h, MgmtEth0/RP0/CPU0/0		
	TT1 ' 4 1 1 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 17: show route longer-	prefixes Field	Descriptions
------------------------------	----------------	--------------

Field	Description
172.29.52.70/32	IP address and length of the route.
4d15h	Time (in hh:mm:ss or <i>n</i> d <i>n</i> h) since the route was installed in the RIB.
MgmtEth0/RP0/CPU0/0	Outbound interface for the route.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	router static	Establishes a static route.

Command	Description
show interfaces	Lists interface information.
show route summary, on page 81	Displays the current contents of the routing table in summary format.

show route next-hop

To filter routes by the next-hop address or interface, use the show route next-hop command in EXEC mode.

show route [vrf {vrf-name|all}] [{ipv4|ipv6}] [{unicast|multicast|{topology topo-name}|safi-all}]
next-hop [ip-address][{[standby]}]

Syntax Description	vrf { vrf-name all }	(Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance or all VRF instances.		
	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes.		
	ipv6	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.		
	unicast	(Optional) Specifies unicast address prefixes.		
	multicast	(Optional) Specifies multicast address prefixes.		
	safi-all	(Optional) Specifies unicast and multicast address prefixes.		
	ip-address	(Optional) IP address about which next-hop information is to be displayed.		
	standby	(Optional) Displays standby information.		
Command Default	If a vrf <i>vrf-name</i> is no VRF.	ot specified, the next-hop gateway or host is displayed for the default IPv4 unicast		
Command Modes	EXEC			
Command History	Release Modification			
	Release 3.4.0 Function of this command was changed. See the show route resolving-next-hop command.			
	Release 3.5.0 The <i>ip-address</i> argument was changed from required to optional.			
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.			
	Use the show route next-hop command to find all routes going through a next-hop address or interface.			
	The topology keyword keyword or the safi-all	I must be accompanied by the ipv4 multicast keywords, except when the afi-all keyword is specified.		
Task ID	Task Operations ID			
	rib read			

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show route next-hop** command filtering routes on the next-hop address:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show route next-hop 1.68.0.1 Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP i - ISIS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2 ia - IS-IS inter area, su - IS-IS summary null, * - candidate default U - per-user static route, o - ODR, L - local Gateway of last resort is 1.68.0.1 to network 0.0.0.0 S* 0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 1.68.0.1, 15:01:49 S 223.255.254.254/32 [1/0] via 1.68.0.1, 15:01:49

The following is sample output from the **show route next-hop** command filtering routes on the next-hop interface:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show route next-hop GigabitEthernet 0/1/0/2
Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - ISIS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2
ia - IS-IS inter area, su - IS-IS summary null, * - candidate default
U - per-user static route, o - ODR, L - local
Gateway of last resort is 1.68.0.1 to network 0.0.00
C 11.1.1.0/24 is directly connected, 15:01:46, GigabitEthernet0/1/0/2
L 11.1.2/32 is directly connected, 15:01:46, GigabitEthernet0/1/0/2
```

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 18: show route next-hop Field Descriptions

Field	Description
11.1.1.0/24	IP address and length of the route.
15:01:46	Time (in hh:mm:ss or <i>n</i> d <i>n</i> h) since the route was installed in the RIB.
GigabitEthernet0/1/0/2	Outbound interface for the route.

Related Commands

ıds	Command	Description
	show route, on page 55	Displays the current contents of the routing table.

show route quarantined

To display mutually recursive (looping) routes, use the show route quarantined command in EXEC mode.

show route [vrf {vrf-name | all}] [{ipv4 | ipv6}] [{unicast | multicast | {} | safi-all}] quarantined [{ip-address/prefix-length]ip-address mask}] [standby]

Syntax Description	vrf { vrf-name all }	(Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance or all VRF instances.		
	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes.		
	ipv6	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.		
	unicast	(Optional) Specifies unicast address prefixes.		
	multicast	(Optional) Specifies multicast address prefixes.		
	safi-all	(Optional) Specifies unicast and multicast address prefixes.		
	ip-address	(Optional) IP address about which looping routes information is to be displayed.		
	/ prefix-length	(Optional) Length of the IP address prefix. A decimal value that indicates how many of the high-order contiguous bits of the address compose the prefix (the network portion of the address). A slash (/) must precede the decimal value.		
	ip-address mask	(Optional) Network mask applied to the <i>ip-address</i> argument.		
	standby	(Optional) Displays standby information.		
Command Default	I Default If a vrf vrf-name is not specified, the next-hop gateway or host is displayed for the default IPv4 unica VRF.			
Command Modes	EXEC			
Command History	Release Modifica	ation		
	Release 3.5.0 This command was introduced.			
	Release 3.6.0 The <i>ip-address</i> argument was changed to <i>ip-address /prefix-length</i> <i>ip-address mask</i> .			
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.			
	RIB quarantining detects mutually recursive routes and quarantines the last route that actually completes the mutual recursion. The quarantined route is periodically evaluated to see if the mutual recursion has gone away. If the recursion still exists, the route remains quarantined. If the recursion has gone away, the route is released from quarantine.			
	Use the show route qu	arantined command to display mutually recursive (looping) routes.		

The **topology** keyword must be accompanied by the **ipv4 multicast** keywords, except when the **afi-all** keyword or the **safi-all** keyword is specified.

Task ID	Task Operations ID	
	rib read	
Examples	The following is sample output from the show route quarantined command:	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:routerr# show route quarantined	
	Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP i - ISIS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2 ia - IS-IS inter area, su - IS-IS summary null, * - candidate default U - per-user static route, o - ODR, L - local	
	<pre>S 10.10.109.1/32 [1/0] via 10.10.34.1, 00:00:01 (quarantined) [1/0] via 10.10.37.1, 00:00:01 (quarantined) [1/0] via 10.10.66.1, 00:00:01 (quarantined) [1/0] via 10.10.68.1, 00:00:01 (quarantined) [1/0] via 10.10.93.1, 00:00:01 (quarantined) [1/0] via 10.10.97.1, 00:00:01 (quarantined) [1/0] via 10.10.97.1, 00:00:01</pre>	
	<pre>S 10.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via 11.11.11.11, 00:01:29 (quarantined) S 10.10.0.0/16 [1/0] via 11.11.11.11, 00:01:29 (quarantined) S 10.10.10.0/24 [1/0] via 11.11.11.11, 00:01:29 (quarantined) S 10.10.10.10/32 [1/0] via 11.11.11.11, 00:00:09 (quarantined)</pre>	

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 19: show route quarantined Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
10.10.109.1/32	IP address and length of the route.	
[1/0]	Distance and metric for the route.	
via 10.10.34.1	IP address of next-hop on the route.	
00:00:01	Time (in hh:mm:ss or <i>n</i> d <i>n</i> h) since the route was installed in the RIB.	
(quarantined)	Shows that the route is quarantined.	

Related Commands

nds	Command	Description
	show route, on page 55	Displays the current contents of the routing table.

show route resolving-next-hop

To display the next-hop gateway or host to a destination address, use the **show route resolving-next-hop** command in EXEC mode.

show route [vrf {vrf-name | all}] [{ipv4 | ipv6}] [{unicast | multicast | {topology topo-name} | safi-all}] resolving-next-hop ip-address [standby]

Syntax Description	vrf { vrf-nan	<i>ne</i> all } (Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance or all VRF instances.		
	ipv4	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes.		
	ipv6	(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.		
	unicast	(Optional) Specifies unicast address prefixes.		
	multicast	(Optional) Specifies multicast address prefixes.		
	safi-all	(Optional) Specifies unicast and multicast address prefixes.		
	ip-address	IP address about which resolved next-hop information is to be displayed.		
	standby	(Optional) Displays standby information.		
Command Default	If a vrf <i>vrf-name</i> is not specified, the next-hop gateway or host is displayed for the default IPv4 unicast VRF.			
Command Modes	EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Release 2.0	This command was introduced.		
	Release 3.2 The afi-all and safi-all keywords were added.			
	Release 3.3.0	The vrf-name keyword and argument were added.		
	Release 3.4.0 This command was changed from show route next-hop to show route resolving-next-hop .			
		The all and standby keywords were added.		
	The afi-all keyword was removed.			
Usage Guidelines				
Usage Guidelines		nmand, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task r group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator		

The **topology** keyword must be accompanied by the **ipv4 multicast** keywords, except when the **afi-all** keyword or the **safi-all** keyword is specified.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations	
	rib	read	
Examples	The follo	owing is sam	le output from the show route resolving-next-hop command
	RP/0/	RP0/CPU0:rc	ter# show route resolving-next-hop 10.1.1.1
	Kno Ins Dir	talled Aug ectly conne	1", distance 0, metric 0 (connected) 2 01:57:08.514 ted nexthops ectly connected, via Loopback0

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 20: show route resolving-next-hop Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
Known via	Name of the routing protocol that installed the matching route.	
Route metric is	Metric of the route.	

Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show route, on page 55	Displays the current contents of the routing table.	

show route static

To display the current static routes of the Routing Information Base (RIB), use the **show route static** command in EXEC mode.

show route [vrf {vrf-name | all}] [{afi-all | ipv4 | ipv6}] [{unicast | multicast | {topology topo-name} | safi-all}] static [standby]

Syntax Description	vrf { vrf-nar		(Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance or all VRF instances.	
	afi-all	((Optional) Specifies all address families.	
	ipv4	((Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes.	
	ipv6	((Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.	
	unicast	((Optional) Specifies unicast address prefixes.	
	multicast	((Optional) Specifies multicast address prefixes.	
	safi-all		(Optional) Specifies unicast and multicast address prefixes.	
	standby		(Optional) Displays standby information.	
Command Modes	EXEC	NA . 110		
Command History	Release	Modificati		
	Release 2.0 This command was introduced.			
	Release 3.2 The afi-all and safi-all keywords were added.		II and safi-all keywords were added.	
	Release 3.3.0 The vrf-name keyword and argument were added.			
	Release 3.4.0 The all and standby keywords were added.			
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.			
	Use the show route static command to display information about static routes in the routing table.			
			must be accompanied by the ipv4 multicast keywords, except when the afi-all keyword is specified.	

Task ID Task Operations ID rib

Examples

The following is sample output from the show route static command:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show route static

S 10.1.1.0/24 is directly connected, 00:54:05, GigabitEthernet3/0/0/1
S 192.168.99.99/32 [1/0] via 10.12.12.2, 00:54:04

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Field	Description
S	Code to indicate the route is static.
10.1.1.0/24	IP address and distance for the route.
00:54:05	Time (in hh:mm:ss) since the route was installed in the RIB.
GigabitEthernet3/0/0/1	Outbound interface for the route.
[1/0]	Distance and metric for the route.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show route, on page 55	Displays the current contents of the routing table.

show route summary

To display the current contents of the Routing Information Base (RIB), use the **show route summary** command in EXEC mode.

show route [vrf {vrf-name | all}] [{afi-all | ipv4 | ipv6}] [{unicast | multicast | {topology topo-name} | safi-all}] summary [detail] [standby]

Syntax Description	vrf { vrf-name all } (Optional) Specifies a particular VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) in all VRF instances. afi-all (Optional) Specifies all address families. ipv4 (Optional) Specifies IP Version 4 address prefixes.				
	ipv6		(Optional) Specifies IP Version 6 address prefixes.		
	unicast		(Optional) Specifies unicast address prefixes.		
	multicast		(Optional) Specifies multicast address prefixes.		
	safi-all		(Optional) Specifies unicast and multicast address prefixes.		
	detail		(Optional) Displays a detailed summary of the contents of the RIB, including the number of paths and some protocol-specific route attributes.		
	standby		(Optional) Displays standby information.		
Command Default Command Modes	EXEC		ot specified, the contents of the RIB are displayed for the default IPv4 unicast VRF.		
Command History	Release	ase Modification			
	Release 2.0	This con	nmand was introduced.		
	Release 3.2	The afi-	-all and safi-all keywords were added.		
	Release 3.3.0	The vrf	vrf-name keyword and argument were added.		
	Release 3.4.0	3.4.0 The all and standby keywords were added.			
Usage Guidelines		er group as	ou must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task ssignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator		
	Use the show	route sun	nmary command to display information about routes in the routing information base.		
	summary con	mmand wi	is needed frequently—for instance, in a polling situation—use the show route ithout the detail keyword. The detail keyword is used less frequently for verification nuch more expensive (in bandwidth), requiring a scan of the entire routing database.		

The **topology** keyword must be accompanied by the **ipv4 multicast** keywords, except when the **afi-all** keyword or the **safi-all** keyword is specified.

sk ID	Task ID	Operations
	rib	read

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show route summary** command:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show route summary

Route Source static connected local ospf isis	Routes 1 2 3 1673 2	Backup 0 1 0 2 0	Deleted 0 0 0 0 0	Memory (bytes) 136 408 408 272 272
Total	10	1	0	1496

This table explains fields in the output of the show route summary command.

Table 22: show route summary Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Route Source	Routing protocol name.
Routes	Number of selected routes that are present in the routing table for each route source.
Backup	Number of routes that are not selected (are backup to a selected route).
Deleted	Number of routes that have been marked for deletion in the RIB, but have not yet been purged.
Memory	Number of bytes allocated to maintain all routes for the particular route source.

The following is sample output from the show route summary command with the detail keyword:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show route summary detail

static connected local isis Level 1: Level 2: ospf 1673 Intra-Area: Inter-Area: External-1:	Active Route 1 2 3 1 0 1 6 3 3 0	Active Path 1 2 3 1 0 1 12 6 6 0	Backup Route 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Backup Path 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	3 0	6 0	0 0	0
External-2: bgp 100 External:	0 10 5	0 20 10	0 4 4	0 8 8

Internal:	5	10	0	0
local:	0	0	0	0
Total	7	7	2	2

This table explains fields in the output of the show route summary detail command.

Table 23: show route summary detail Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Route Source	Source of the route. Routing protocol name and type.
Active Route	Number of active routes present in the routing table for each route source.
Active Path	Number of active paths present in the routing table for each route source.
Backup Route	Number of routes that are backup to a selected route for each route source.
Backup Path	Number of paths that are backup to a selected path for each route source.

Related Commands	Command	Description		
	show route, on page 55	Displays the current contents of the routing table.		

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