# ·I|III|II CISCO

# Cisco IC3000 Industrial Compute Gateway Deployment Guide

The purpose of this document is to describe the procedures to successfully deploy the IC3000 by following these phases:

- Phase 1: Unboxing, Installing and Connecting to the IC3000 Device, page 160
  - Unboxing the IC3000, page 160
  - Installing the IC3000, page 160
  - Connecting the IC3000 to a PC, page 161
  - IC3000 Show Commands, page 161
- Phase 2: Managing the IC3000 with FND, page 162
  - Step 1: Installing FND, page 162
  - Step 2: DHCP Option 43 Settings, page 162
  - Step 5: IC3000 Registration, page 165
  - Step 3: Understanding the Device Configuration Template, page 163
  - Step 6: Uploading the Firmware to FND, page 165
  - Step 7: Upgrading Firmware with FND, page 166
  - Step 8: Deploying the IOx Applications via FND, page 166
- Phase 3: Developer Mode: Testing IOX Applications via Local Manager, page 169
  - Understanding Developer Mode, page 169
  - Understanding Production Mode, page 169
  - Developer Mode Connectivity, page 170
  - Steps to Connect to the Management Port, page 170
- Phase 4: Connecting and Managing via Local Manager, page 172
  - About Local Manager, page 172
  - Accessing the IC3000 via Local Manager, page 172
  - Use Case Example: Installing a Prebuilt Application via Local Manager, page 173
  - Additional Examples, page 176
- Remote Device Management, page 177

Cisco Systems, Inc. www.cisco.com

This guide also discusses:

- Additional Administration, page 179
  - IC3000 Image Installation, page 179
  - SSH Access, page 180
- Troubleshooting, page 181
  - IC3000 Related, page 181
  - Local Manager Related, page 187
  - FND Related, page 187
  - FND Logs, page 187
- Appendix: FND 4.3 device-configuration templates (Deprecated), page 189
- Related Documentation, page 205

# Introduction

The IC3000 Industrial Compute Gateway (IC3000) is an edge computing platform which extends the cloud computing paradigm to the edge of the network. Instead of hosting applications in a remote data center, applications can now be hosted on the edge itself. Imagine, if we can host specific applications in the field close to the sensors, meters or the things. whatever may be the IOT use case, IC3000 serves the purpose by allowing us to deploy applications that need more cores and memory.

The Cisco IC3000 Industrial Compute Gateway is fully supported by Cisco IoT Field Network Director for zero-touch deployment, lifecycle management, application management, monitoring, and troubleshooting securely at scale from a single pane of glass.

The IC3000 is a mid-range, low-power, fanless, edge server ruggedized for Industrial Applications. It is powered by a 4 core 1.2GHz Intel Rangeley CPU with 8 GB of 1333MHz DDR3 memory, and a 100GB mSATA drive (internal). For connectivity it supports 2x1GbE SFP and 2x10/100/1000Base-T with a management port.

This next section describes the phases you will need to follow for a successful installation.

**Note:** Examples shown in this document use IP addresses that are from a lab environment and should not be used on a typical customer installation.

# Phase 1: Unboxing, Installing and Connecting to the IC3000 Device

# Unboxing the IC3000

Complete details for the hardware installation of the product are covered in the Cisco IC3000 Industrial Compute Gateway Hardware Installation Guide. The following steps are a high level overview.

# Installing the IC3000

- 1. Review the general description of the unit in the Product Overview section of the hardware installation guide.
- 2. Check the Equipment, Tools, and Connections section of the hardware installation guide to ensure you have everything you need for the installation.
- **3.** Review the procedures for Mounting, Grounding, Connecting to DC Power and Connecting to the IC3000 in the hardware installation guide.

- 4. If you are installing the device in a Hazloc location, follow the printed instructions that came inside the box with the device.
- 5. Power on the device.

# Connecting the IC3000 to a PC

1. Connect a PC to the device. If your PC warns you that you do not have the proper drivers to communicate with the device, you can obtain them from your computers manufacturer or go to:

https://software.cisco.com/download/home/282774227/type/282855122/release/3.1

- 2. Determine how your computer mapped the new COM port that was created when you installed the USB-to-serial port driver. You need this information to appropriately configure your serial communications program in the next step.
- **3.** Start your serial communications program and connect to the router. The console port settings to use for the serial connection are:
  - 9600 baud
  - 8 data bits
  - 1 stop bit
  - no parity
  - no flow control

If the device is properly connected and powered up, you should see the ic3k> prompt.

4. Verify that your computer is properly connected to the device by checking the LEDs on the unit as described in the Hardware Installation Guide.

# IC3000 Show Commands

The following show commands are supported on the device via the console. Unlike other Cisco routers, the IC3000 only supports one user mode, which is user EXEC mode. The device prompt shows as **ic3k>**.

Show Command	Description
show version	shows the version information
show dns	shows the domain name service information
show ida	shows whether the device is in production or developer mode.
show ntp	shows the network time protocol information
show techsupport	shows the technical support logs
show iox	shows the IOx application hosting information
show iox summary	shows the application hosting summary
show iox detail	shows the application hosting details
help developer-mode	shows instructions for configuring developer-mode
help production-mode	shows instructions for configuring production-mode

The CLI and prompt is a CLISH wrapper built on top of Linux OS for administrator usage.

There are examples of command output to illustrate the show commands located in Troubleshooting, page 181. Your device may show different results depending on your configuration.

# Phase 2: Managing the IC3000 with FND

There are seven steps involved in deployment:

- Step 1: Installing FND, page 162
- Step 2: DHCP Option 43 Settings, page 162
- Step 3: Understanding the Device Configuration Template, page 163
- Step 4: Adding the IC3000 Gateway(s) to FND, page 163
- Step 5: IC3000 Registration, page 165
- Step 6: Uploading the Firmware to FND, page 165
- Step 7: Upgrading Firmware with FND, page 166
- Step 8: Deploying the IOx Applications via FND, page 166

# Step 1: Installing FND

If this is your first time setting up the FND OVA infrastructure, go to Appendix: FND 4.3 device-configuration templates (Deprecated), page 189 for complete information.

Download the IoT Field Network Director software from this location:

https://software.cisco.com/download/home/286287993/type

Visit FND URL https://<IP address from step 4>/ and change the password for root user. Default username/password is root/root123

**Note**: Change the **ADMIN > SYSTEM MANAGEMENT > PROVISIONING SETTINGS > IOT FND URL** with the FND IP address as shown in Figure 1. Otherwise, registration may fail.

### Figure 1 Provisioning Settings

IoT-FND URL:	https://172.27.127.11:9121
	Field Area Router uses this URL to register with IoT-FND after the tunnel is configured
eriodic Metrics URL:	https://172.27.127.11:9121

# Step 2: DHCP Option 43 Settings

If the IC3000 gateway gets an IP address from the DHCP server, Option 43 is used to advertise the FND IP address via DHCP.

Example DHCP Option 43

Configure the following on an IR8x9:

```
ip dhcp pool callisto_pool2
network 172.27.88.0 255.255.128
dns-server 173.36.131.10
option 43 ascii 5A;K4;B2;I172.27.88.63;J9125
option 42 ip 171.70.168.183
default-router 172.27.88.1
lease 0 0 2
```

Please make note of Option 43 usage:

- If you have a DHCP server, use the "same" PNP discovery option string that we use for regular IOS routers Option 43 ascii "5A;K4;B2;I172.27.88.63;J9125" (IGMA will use port 9121 as default. IoT FND IP is 172.27.88.63)
- If you wish to use a different port provide the following configuration:

option 43 ascii "5A;K4;B2;I192.168.10.6;J9125;W9128"

On a regular Linux server running DHCP, use the following instructions:

```
cat /etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf
subnet 10.10.100.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {
    option routers 10.10.100.1;
    range 10.10.10.100 10.10.10.199;
    option domain-name-servers 10.10.100.1;
    option domain-name "test1.dom";
    option vendor-encapsulated-options "5A;K4;B2;I10.48.43.227;J9125";
}
```

# Step 3: Understanding the Device Configuration Template

There is a default template within the FND for IC3000. It is located under **CONFIG >Device Configuration tab >** default-IC3000 > Edit Configuration template. See Figure 2.

Edit the interface configuration or add interface settings as required by your use case. Once edited, use the Push Configuration tab to push the new configuration to the active or registered devices.

**Note**: It is important to make sure the map is correctly configured. If valid entries do not exist, you will get an error message like the on shown in Figure 2.

cisco FIELD NETWORK D	RECTOR	DASHBOARD DEVICES OPERATIONS CONFIG ADMIN APPS
DEVICES > FIELD DEVICES		
Browse Devices Quid	ck Views	Q Show Filters
All FAN Devices		Map Inventory
T 👗 GATEWAY (1)		Zoom to Devices Grayscale Overlay None 🗸
(C3000 (1)		
Status		
🔽 Up (1)		
4 Labels		
		θ
		Oops! Something went wrong.
		This page didn't load Google Maps correctly. See the JavaScript console for technical details.

# Figure 2 Map Error

# Step 4: Adding the IC3000 Gateway(s) to FND

 Prepare a spreadsheet with the list of devices to add. This must be completed **before** adding devices to avoid additional steps. Your spreadsheet will need the fields as shown in the following example:

eid	deviceType	lat	lng	IOxUserName	IOxUserPassword
IC3000-2C2F-K9+FOC2227Y2ZC	IC3000	37.414639	-121.936836	admin	IC3000password

**Note**: The eid is a combination of the PlatformID+HardwareID. The platform id for the IC3000 is always IC3000-2C2F-K9 and the HardwareID or Serial number is unique for each platform. The serial number can be read from the label on the box, or if you have access to the console of the device run the **show version** command and the hardware id /serial number will be displayed.

**Note:** The latitude (lat) and Longitude (lng) entries in the spreadsheet will need to represent actual values, complete with decimal notation. For latitude, a positive number represents North and a negative number represents South. For longitude, a positive number represents East and a negative number represents West. Failure to specify an actual value will result in an error being displayed from Google Maps.

Note: There are password restrictions for the IOxUserPassword.

The following password rules must be adhered to:

- Minimum length = 6
- Must not be based upon a dictionary word
- Must not be a combination of dictionary words
- Must not be composed of common string patterns like "qwerty", "asdfgh" etc...
- Must not be a combination of common string patterns and dictionary words
- Currently not supporting Unicode

To download a sample spreadsheet click on the following link:

https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en/us/td/docs/routers/ic3000/deployment/guide/IC3000-default-Input-template.csv

2. Get the Serial number and Model number and use system as the ioxusername and admin as the password. The serial number is located on the device label and is something like "FOC2227Y304". The serial number can also be found through the show version command output:

```
c3k>show version
Version: 1.7.0-0.9.59
Platform ID: IC3000-2C2F-K9
Hardware ID: FOC2227Y304
ic3k>
```

 Click DEVICES > FIELD DEVICES > Inventory > Add Devices. Browse to the location of your excel spreadsheet and click Add. See Figure 3.

# Figure 3 Add Devices

SISCO FIELD NETW	ORK DIRECTOR			DASHB	OARD DEV	ICES - OPE	RATIONS 🛩 🤇	CONFIG 🗸	ADMIN 🗸	APPS	
EVICES > FIELD DEV	ICES										
Browse Devices	Quick Views					Q Show	Filters				
CATENAN Devices		Map Inventory Prog Tracerouse Add Deve	ces Label + Bulk Op	eration 🕶 🖡	tore Actions 👻 🛃					Displaying 1 - 2	Page 1   )
		D Name	Add Devices							×	
Status		C IC3000-2C2F- K9+FOC2213Y47F	Upload File								127.174
🖸 Unheard (1)		IC3000-2C2F- K9+FOC2223Y2DI	CSV/XML File: Download sam	Devices to ple .csv temp	ble added	ateway, Endpoin	t and Extender, IF	R500		Browse	
			Status No job running								
			History				Displaying 1 - 1	1 of 1  4 4	Page 1 of 1	) þi 50 <b>- €</b>	
			File	Ву	Submitted At	Last Updated	Status	Total#	Success#	Failure#	
			callisto_input	root	2018-08-12 10:49	2018-08-12 10:49	COMPLETED	2	2	0	

Note: The IC3000 belongs under the gateway category when adding devices.

# Step 5: IC3000 Registration

After you add devices to the IoT FND (FND) Network Management application, wait for a few minutes for the IC3000 devices to learn the option 43 settings from the DHCP server, and then register with FND. Once the IC3000 gets an ip address from DHCP server, the option 43 issues an FND IP address for the device to register to FND.

Note: Make sure the DHCP server settings are set properly with FND IP in option 43 string.

Once the device is registered you should see the registration events listed for each IC3000 unit as shown in the example on Figure 4.

DEVICES > FIELD DEVI	CES						
Browse Devices	Quick Views	<< Back IC3000-2C2	F-K9+FOC2213Y47R				
The second s		Show on Map Ping Trace	Refresh Metrics Rebo	ot Upload Logs			
All FAN Devices		Device Info Events	Config Properties Assets	App IOx			
T 👗 GATEWAY (2)						Displaying 1 - 11	of 11   4 4   Page 1 of 1   ▶ ≫    5
IC3000 (2)		Time	Event Name	Severity	Message		
Status		2018-08-14 10:35:26:826	Up	INFO	Device is up		
? Unheard (1)		2018-08-14 09:56:51:210	Down	MAJOR	Device is down		
💙 Up (1)		2018-08-14 09:26:06:109	Registration Success	INFO	Registration of Device succe	ssful.	
		2018-08-14 09:26:06:015	Registration Request	INFO	Registration request from De	vice.	
		2018-08-13 22:41:06:875	Registration Success	INFO	Registration of Device succe	isful.	
		2018-08-13 22:41:06:778	Registration Request	INFO	Registration request from De	rice.	
		2018-08-12 11:04:15:879	Registration Success	INFO	Registration of Device succe	isful.	
		2018-08-12 11:04:15:743	Registration Request	INFO	Registration request from De	rice.	
		2018-08-12 10:55:26:668	Registration Success	INFO	Registration of Device succe	ssful.	
		2018-08-12 10:55:26:477	Registration Request	INFO	Registration request from De	vice.	
		2018-08-12 10:51:13:508	Registration Success	INFO	Registration of Device succe	isful.	

### Figure 4 Device Registration

The refresh metric should work and should be able to refresh the device related details.

# Step 6: Uploading the Firmware to FND

In order to upgrade the firmware of the IC3000, you must download the required firmware from Cisco.com to upload the firmware to FND.

Select **CONFIG > Firmware Update > Images**. A list of the IC3000 images is presented. Click + - and upload the required image. See Figure 5.

### Figure 5 Firmware Upload

CISCO FIELD NETWORK DIRECTOR						- CONFIG			
ONFIG > FIRMWARE UPDATE							-		
Assign devices to Group									
Groups Images	Firmware Images						Displayir	ng 1 - 3 of 3 🖂 🗐 Page	1 of 1 🕨 🕅 50 💌 🖸
<ul> <li>FIRMWARE IMAGES</li> </ul>	Name		Version	Hardware ID	Vendor Hardware ID	Kernel Version	Size	Active Download?	
T 👗 GATEWAY	IC3000-K9-1.7.0-0.9.	63.SPA	1.7.0-0.9.63	Not specified			98.3 MB	No	Delete
LORAWAN	IC3000-K9-1.7.0-0.9.	64.SPA	1.7.0-0.9.64	Not specified			98.3 MB	No	Delete
103000	IC3000- Add Firm	ware Image to: iotgate	way				×	No	Delete
	File:	Select a file from loca	I directory	dd File		Brows			

# Step 7: Upgrading Firmware with FND

Once Step 5 is complete, you may now upgrade the firmware against the registered Units that require the update.

### Select CONFIG > Firmware update > Select the device group > Upload Image

Once the Image upload is complete, select the **Install Image** tab and proceed with upgrading the firmware.

# Images Groups Firmware Groups Firmware Groups Gateway

# Figure 6 Firmware Update

# Step 8: Deploying the IOx Applications via FND

To deploy an IOx application perform the following:

1. From the Main page select APP > Import Apps and select the required application to install.

# Figure 7 Application Upload



Once imported, you will find the list of applications imported in the right column.

2. Select the application that needs to be installed and click Install.

Note: You can now import multiple versions of the same application (IoT FND 4.5 and greater)

### Figure 8 Application Install



3. Select the Devices > Add Selected Devices. With your device present, click Next

# Figure 9 Add Devices

CISCO FIELD NETWORK DIRECTOR	
APP MANAGEMENT	
Import App	Filter Devices
✓ MONGO (0)	You can <b>add more devices</b> from
LATEST (0)	

Select the appropriate actions and tabs and provide details as required. See Figure 10

# Figure 10 Selected Device Action Tabs

	cisco FIELD NETWORK DIRECTOR	
ŀ	APP MANAGEMENT	
	Import App	Installation Summary
	- MONGO (0)	Selected Devices: 3
	LATEST (0)	Selected Devices
4. Then click Done,	, Let's Go. The Installation progress window	appears. See Figure 11.

# Figure 11 Installation Progress



If installation is successful, you should be able to see the installed count increasing. See Figure 12.

### Figure 12 Installation Successful



# Phase 3: Developer Mode: Testing IOX Applications via Local Manager

# Understanding Developer Mode

Typically, when connected to the IC3000 through a laptop, you are in developer mode. This mode is suitable for developers, system integrators or engineers who want to test or build an application, which is specific to their choice of use case, before deploying in large scale via FND. It is assumed that the IOX client utility can be used to package the application as a container or Docker. VM based APP support will be included in later releases.

# Understanding Production Mode

This mode is typically when the IC3000 has been deployed in field, and actively performing in the field hosting apps that were prebuilt and designed to run. This mode must be managed by FND. The device management ports learn the DHCP address and gradually registers with FND. Please refer the IC3000 device registration section.

# Developer Mode Connectivity

Consider the following points in order to connect to the IC3000 in developer mode:

- Brand new devices (fresh from Cisco factory) have the capability of determining the mode autonomously depending on the networking configurations.
- Developer mode enables the Cisco IOx Local Manager interface which can be accessed via the browser on the computer connected to the gateway.
- Developer mode is activated ONLY over the management Ethernet port of the device.
- Developer mode operates ONLY over a predetermined IPv4 Link-local addresses (169.254.x.x). You cannot use developer mode over a LAN/WAN.
- Developer mode CANNOT be turned ON via FND.
- An IC3000 deployed in production can be re-configured to operate in developer mode by pressing the "Reset" button on the device. All existing configuration information is removed on reset.

# Steps to Connect to the Management Port

Figure 13 shows a laptop connected to the management interface via a standard Ethernet cable.



# Figure 13 PC Connected to Management Interface

1 (Management Interface Configuration)	2 (Laptop Configuration)
IP address 169.254.128.2	IP address 169.254.128.4
Netmask 255.255.0.0	Netmask 255.255.0.0

- 1. Follow steps 1-4 of Phase 1: Unboxing, Installing and Connecting to the IC3000 Device, page 160.
- 2. Connect the Management interface on the IC3000 and your laptop with a console cable.
- 3. Do not power on the IC3000 yet.
- 4. Assign the IP address of 169.254.128.4 with a netmask of 255.255.0.0 to the network interface on your computer.

Note: It is critical you assign this specific IPv4 link-local address.

- 5. Now, power-on the IC3000.
- 6. The IC3000 will be ready to operate in developer mode in 30 seconds (The delay of 30 seconds only occurs the first time a device is booted up. All subsequent reloads will immediately take the device to developer mode without delay).
- 7. Open a browser on your laptop and enter https://169.254.128.2:8443 as a URL. The Local Manager opens. Enter **developer** as your username and then create a password. Use the following commands to establish a password.

Note: The following password rules must be adhered to:

- Minimum length = 6
- Must not be based upon a dictionary word
- Must not be a combination of dictionary words
- Must not be composed of common string patterns like "qwerty", "asdfgh" etc...
- Must not be a combination of common string patterns and dictionary words
- Currently not supporting Unicode

```
ic3k>developer set-password
Enter password: <your-password>
Re-enter password: <your-password>
Password set successfully!
```

8. You can change an existing password using the following commands:

```
ic3k>developer change-password
Enter old password: <your-old-password>
Enter new password: <your-new-password>
Re-enter new password: <your-new-password>
Password changed!
```

### Upgrading the IC3000 Firmware with Local Manager

The following steps are used to upgrade the device firmware through the Local Manager GUI in Developer Mode.

- 1. Login to LM GUI using the LLA address
- 2. Use the developer password previously created.
- **3.** Once you are logged into the GUI, click on the **Device Config** tab, then select the **Software Upgrade**. (See Figure 14).
- 4. Select the image file and then click Upload & Install.
- 5. If you receive any pop-up messages click OK.
- 6. The image is pushed to the IC3000 and it is rebooted with the new firmware.

### Figure 14 Device Config Tab

cisco Sy Cisco Cisco IO>	<b>stems</b> < Local Manag	er			
Applications	Cartridges/	Layers	System Info	System Settir	ng System Troubl
▼ Data Interfac	e Config		J		
Interface		IP Addres	S		Action
svcbr_0		169.254.1	.28.2		edit  view
int1					enable   edit  view
int2					enable   edit  view

# Phase 4: Connecting and Managing via Local Manager

# About Local Manager

Cisco IOx Local Manager provides a web-based user interface that you can use to manage, administer, monitor, and troubleshoot applications on a device, and to perform a variety of related activities.

# Accessing the IC3000 via Local Manager

Find the Management port address to access the IC3000 via a web browser. After connecting the IC3000 to a laptop, gather the svcbr\_0 address whether you are in production mode, or developer mode. Use the **show interfaces** command to determine the IP address, or if you are managing the device via FND, get the device IP address. Use the ioxusername and ioxpassword to login via Local Manager, or you can create users on the IC3000 from the device configuration tab. Use the json commands to create users and passwords that Local Manager can use.

```
ic3k>show interfaces
```

```
svcbr_0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr f8:b7:e2:b5:26:80
inet addr:172.27.127.174 Bcast:172.27.127.255 Mask:255.255.00
inet6 addr: fe80::fab7:e2ff:feb5:2680/64 Scope:Link
UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
RX packets:396 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
TX packets:25 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
RX bytes:29614 (28.9 KiB) TX bytes:3373 (3.2 KiB)
```

**Note**: If the IC3000 is in developer mode, you will be using an IPv4 LLA address of 169.254.128.x. The rest of the following work flow is the same.

- 1. Open a web browser and enter https://169.254.128.2:8443 in the address bar.
- Login by using the credentials developer/<your-password>. This is the password that was created by the developer set-password or developer change-password command. You should have various tabs that Local Manager supports, since you are accessing the unit via Local Manager. You should be familiar with the developer mode options like Device Config tab.

If a security exception message appears in your browser, confirm the exception to continue to the Cisco IOx Local Manager Login screen.

If you see the message "For best results use a supported browser" near the top of this screen, your browser may have compatibility issues with this version of Cisco IOx Local Manager. In this case, we recommend that you load a compatible browser. Hover your mouse pointer over the down-arrow next to this message to see a list of compatible browsers as shown in Figure 15.





3. Click Log In.

The Local Manager Applications Tab appears. See Figure 16.

### Figure 16 Local Manager Applications Tab

Applications	Cartridges/Layers	System Info	System Setting	System Troubleshoot	Device Config	
	O Add New S Refre	sh				

4. Your IC3000 is now ready for Cisco IOx application development.

# Use Case Example: Installing a Prebuilt Application via Local Manager

This section shows you how to use Cisco IOx Local Manager to load a sample EFM application and how to run the application.

1. Download the LXC or Docker application on to your desktop. Go to the following link:

https://software.cisco.com/download/home/286316104/type/286312892/release/1.5.0

 In the Cisco IOx Local Manager Applications Tab, click Add New. The Deploy application dialog box appears, see Figure 17.

### Figure 17 Deploy application

	Hello, test   Log Out   Abou
o System Setting System Troubleshoot Device Config	
Deploy application       ×         Application fit:       best, app         Select Application Archive       Choose File         No file chosen       Cancel	
	fo System Setting System Troubleshoot Device Config Deploy application Application 1c: Ed.,800 Select Application Archive Chosen File No file chosen Concerting Concert

- 3. In the Deploy Application dialog box, take these actions:
  - a. In the Application ID field, enter a name.
  - b. In the Select Application Archive field, click Choose File and navigate to, then select the sample application file that you downloaded in Step 1.
  - c. Click OK.
- 4. The application file uploads to Cisco IOx. See Figure 18

Note: Do NOT refresh the browser during the upload.

### Figure 18 Upload Operation Window

cisco Cisco	Systems IOx Local Manager					Hello, system   L
Applications	Cartridges/Layers	System Info	System Setting	System Troubleshoot	Device Config	
	Add New C Refree	sh				
				بالبراب		
				CISCO Operation in progress, this can tai Please wait and do not reload th	ke some time. le browser	

5. When you see the pop-up message "Successfully Deployed", click OK.

# Figure 19 Application Successfully Deployed

	DEP	LOYED		
at creates creates tty	processes	BROETLE		
2.0		c1.small		
		1.0%	Add New	C Refresh
		1.9%		
Upgrade	Delete			
	VERSION 2.0	VERSION 2.0	DEPLOYED at creates creates thy processes VERSION PROFILE 2.0 C.s.mail 1.0% 1.9% Ý Upgrade  Delete	Add New  Add New  Add New  Add New   Add New    Add New

The Cisco IOx Local Manager Applications tab updates to show the EFM application area.

6. In the test1/APP area, click the Activate button. The Applications > Resources tab displays, see Figure 20.

### Figure 20 Applications > Resources Tab

plications	Cartridges/Layers	System Info System Setting	System Troubleshoot	Device Config	test1	
esources	App-info App-Con	ifig App-DataDir Logs				
Resouces						
Resource	Profile			* Network	Configuration	
Profile:	c1.small \$			eth0	v iox-nat0 - nat	Port Mapping
CPU	200	cpu-units			int1 Data interface via int1 int2 Data interface via int2	
Memory	64	MB			int3 Data interface via int3 int4 Data interface via int4	
Disk	10	MB				

- 7. In the Network Configuration area of the Applications > Resources tab, perform the following:
  - a. Choose int1 Default Network from the eth0 drop-down list.
  - b. Choose int2 from the eth1 drop down list.

Note: Always use eth1 to connect your device to your local network.

- 8. While still in the Applications > Resources tab, click the Activate button to activate the application.
- 9. Click the Applications tab.
- 10. In the EFM area, click the Start button. See Figure 21.

Note: Make sure that activated the application before clicking Start.

# Figure 21 Applications > Start

ications	Cartridges/Layers	System Info	System Setting	System Troubleshoot	Device Config	test1
t1		АСТІ	WATED			
le LXC Style a	pp that creates creates tty p	processes				
	VERSION 2.0		PROFILE c1.small			
			1.0%	• Add New	${\cal G}$ Refresh	
			1.9%			
► Start	Ø Deactivate	🌣 Manage				
	1					

11. Click the **App-info** tab and make sure that data ports int1 and int2 are up. Then, once the application is started check the dhcp obtained address in the **App-info** tab. See Figure 22.

# Figure 22 App-info Tab

			Network	k information	
plications Cartridges/Lay	ers System Info System Setting		interface-name:	eth0	
			TCP:	Info	
tesources App-into	App-Config App-DataDir Logs		UDP:	Info	
			mac_address:	06:f8:b7:e2:b5:f2	
	Application information		network_name:	int1	Basaurea
10.	Application information				200 en unite
1D:	Lesti Activities			OK	200 cpu-units
State:	ACTIVATED	-	London Hanna		- 64 MB
Name:	200MB_APP		Profile:		c1.small
Cartidge Required:	None	Disk:			10 MB
Version:	2.0				
Author:	Cisco Systems			Networ	k information
Author link:	http://www.cisco.com		interface-name:		eth0
Application type:	İxc				
Description:	Simple LXC Style app that creates creates tty processes			Ap	p Health
Toolkit service:	None		App Health		Healthy
Debug mode:	false		Reconcile Attempted	d	false
	1.000		Reconcile Failure		false
				Reso	urce Usage
C Refresh			Disk:		0 MB
			Disk Remaining:		10 MB

# Additional Examples

There are a number of applications that can be loaded onto the IC3000. Developers can package any application as long as it is in a container or VM. Additional information and examples are located on DevNet documentation on IOx. Provides an overview as well as details by scrolling down the left hand side:

https://developer.cisco.com/site/devnet/support/

# Remote Device Management

The remote device management feature provides the user with the ability to enable or disable the remote access to the device configuration page from Cisco IOx Local Manager over a non-link local address.

Note: Remote Device Management is new with Local Manager version 1.8. If your device is still running version 1.7, you will need to upload the new image. See Step 1. below.

The procedure to bring the IC3000 up into Developer Mode remains exactly same as previously described in Phase 3: Developer Mode: Testing IOX Applications via Local Manager, page 169. Use the pre-defined link-local address169.254.128.2 to get the device up in developer mode.

Next, follow these additional steps to enable remote device management:

- 1. If required, upload the new Image from the Device Config tab and it will reload the device with the latest image.
- Open a NEW browser and login again with the 169.254.128.2 address to the Local Manager using developer credentials.

Note: The old browser is now non-functional.

3. In the Device Config tab there is a new section on the right side called "Remote Device Management". See the highlighted area in Figure 23.

# Figure 23 Remote Device Management

cisco Cisco IC	Systems Ox Local Manager		
Applications	Cartridges/Layers System Info S	System Setting System Troubleshoot	wice Config
▼ Data Interfa	ace Config		* User Config
Interface	IP Address	Action	Name: test2
svcbr_0	169.254.128.2	edit   view	Change Password
int1	22.22.22.22	disable   edit   view	
int2		disable   edit   view	Developer Mode  Developer Mode: On  Remote Device Management: Disabled
int3		enable   edit   view	C Developer Mode Off Enable Remote Management
int4		enable   edit   view	
			▼ Default Route
Software Up Select Image:     Upload & 1	Choose File No file chosen		Gateway IP: Interface: *
C Refresh			

4. Click Enable Remote Management, and then respond with Yes/Okay for any pop-ups.

After enabling remote device management, the user can access the device configuration page from any IP address other than the link local address.

**Note**: Since the HTTP server is not only binding with the link local IP address, the user can access the device config page from the data port as long as it has routable IP address configured with an up state.

5. Use the https://<new address>:8443 in a new browser window to login to LM using developer credentials.

See Figure 24 for guidance for these steps.

 Make sure you are aware of your network topology (static ip address or DHCP) for the management interface svcbr\_0.

### If the address is non link local address other than 169.x.x.x:

a. Edit the svcbr\_0 address to <your ip address> and make sure to add a network on the laptop to connect to the Local Manager.

**b.** Use the new address from the browser to login to the Local Manager with developer credentials.

### If the address is a static routable address:

- a. Obtain the default-route details and add the Gateway IP route details to the svcbr\_0 interface below" Default Route" section below
- **b.** On the left side of the Device Config screen, edit the svcbr\_0 interface , static option ,with chosen IP address and set mask. Click **Ok**.
- c. Attach the MGMT port to the network where the address is reachable.

**Note:** The Local Manager is not reachable anymore once the configuration is pushed, you have to connect the MGMT port of the IC3000 to a network where the address is reachable.

d. Use the new chosen address from a new browser window to login into Local Manager with the developer credentials.

# If the MGMT/svcbr\_0 is connected to a DHCP network, after enabling remote management edit the svcbr\_0 interface to select the DHCP option.

- a. Disconnect IC3000 mgmt port from laptop and connect to the network for active DHCP learning on svcbr\_0.
- b. Check the ip address learned via DHCP on the platform console using the CLI show interfaces.
- c. Use the https://<new address>:8443 in a new browser window to login to LM using developer credentials.
- 7. Obtain the default-route details and add the Gateway IP route details to the svcbr\_0 interface below Default Route.
- 8. On the left side of the Device Config screen, edit the svcbr\_0 interface with chosen IP address and mask. Click Ok
- 9. See Figure 24 for guidance for these steps.

### Figure 24 Remote Device Management (Enabled)

← → C ▲ Not Secure   https://33.33.33:8443/admin	x • ¥ M @ Q   😝 :
uliulin Cisco Systems Cisco Dix Local Manager	Helio, test2   Log Out   Abox
Applications Cartridges/Layers System Info System Setting System Troubleshoot Device Config	
▼ Data Interface Config         ▼ User Config           Interface         IP Address         Action           Name: test2         Orange P           int1         22.22.22         disable   oft   view           int2          disable   oft   view           int3          enable   oft   view           int4          enable   oft   view	rfig assword de: On per Mode Off Disable Remote Management
Software Upgrade     Software Upgrade     Software Upgrade     Software Upgrade     Software Upgrade     Choose File. No file chosen     O Upload & Install     Choose File. No file chosen     Software     Software	Route

### To disable remote device management

From the same Device Config tab window, you can see the Remote Device Management section status has toggled to "Enabled". To disable the feature, click **Disable Remote Management.** 

Disabling the remote device management feature will bind the server back to the 169.254.128.2 address of the link local manager. The user will not be allowed to disable the remote device management unless they change the IP address for "svcbr\_0" back to 169.254.128.2.

### Figure 25 Disable Remote Device Management Warning

Applications Ca	artridges/Layers System Info System Se	Unable to disable remote device mainterface as "169.254.128.2".	nagement. Please configure the JP address for svcp.0
• Data Interface Co	onfig		▼ User Config
Interface	IP Address	Action	Name: test2
svcbr_0	33.33.33	edit   view	Change Password
int1	22.22.22.22	disable   edit   view	
int2		disable   edit   view	Developer Mode  Developer Mode: On Remote Device Management: Enabled
int3		enable   edit   view	(*) Developer Mode Off Disable Remote Management
int4		enable   edit   view	
			▼ Default Route
Software Upgrade Select Image:     Unload & Install	e Choose File No file chosen		Getewy IP: Interface: ▼

# Additional Administration

The following are some of the additional items to consider as an administrator:

- IC3000 Image Installation, page 179
- SSH Access, page 180

# IC3000 Image Installation

The IC3000 is shipped with a factory installed image. Once the device is powered up the version installed can be verified by running the **show version** command via the console. If the version is the latest CCO version, or a recommended version, you may continue with your next steps.

For example:

```
c3k>show version
Version: 1.0.1
Platform ID: IC3000-2C2F-K9
Hardware ID: FOC2235V0SW
```

The version string shown in the example is a representation of the CCO download image C3000-K9-1.0.1.SPA.

If the version is an older version and needs to be upgraded, then please download the latest version from CCO site and update the firmware using LM or FND.

Choose LM or FND as a preference of choice. For example, if you are accessing the device locally connected to a PC, then you may be able to use LM to upgrade the firmware. If you are managing a number of IC3000 devices via FND, then you should be able to use the firmware update tab in FND to upgrade the firmware.

The LM work flow is as follows:

- 1. Connect the IC3000 to a laptop or use the svcbr\_0 interface address and access the LM via the following URL: https://<ipaddress>:8443
- Select the Device Config tab, then click the Choose File button in the Software Upgrade section to select the image file. See Figure 26. Click the Upload & Install button to upload the image. Note that the device will be rebooted after the new image is installed.

**Note**: the device configuration tab will not be enabled in standalone mode. You should be in developer mode to access the device configuration tab and this can be achieved by factory resetting the box.

# Figure 26 Device Config Tab

	Remote Docker Workflow	Docker Layers System Info	System Setting	System Troubleshoot	Device Config	User Config	
• Data Inter	ace Config			▼ Standalone Mode			
Interface	IP Address	Action		Standalone Mode: On	Remote	Device Management: Enabled	
svcbr_0	172.27.166.6	edit) view		C Standalone Mod	ie Off Disal	e Remote Management	
int1		disable   edit  view					
int2		disable   edit  view		✓ Default Route	r . Totorfaco	auto 6 -	
int3		disable   edit  view		Gateway IP. 1/2.2/.16	6.1 Interface.	svcbr_0 +	
int4		disable   edit  view		窗 Delete Default F	Route		
FND Certif	cate						
				Configure DNS			
elect Certificate	Browse No file	selected.		▼ Time Date:		Time: Fore-bath	22-1
O Upload	T Delete			Select Timezone: (UT	C+00:00) Casablanc	a, Dublin, Lisbon, Lond 💌	100
* NTP				Change Time			
	MaxPoll:						
InPoll:	Preferred-Server	AuthId					
finPoll: NTP Server							
inPoll: NTP Server Configure N	TP						

The FND work flow is as follows:

Please follow the Step 7: Upgrading Firmware with FND, page 166 procedure.

**Note**: The reboot time is approximately 3 minutes and the size of the firmware is roughly 100MB. It could take 5 to 6 minutes for the IC3000 to upgrade the firmware. The CAF or IGMA will be upgraded as well, and will be automatically loaded and running once the device is up. There is no upgrade needed for CAF.

# SSH Access

SSH access is disabled by default to prevent unauthorized access to the device. However, you can troubleshoot an application while you are in developer mode. The application console is enabled in developer mode. If developer mode is off, the application console access is disabled.

# Audit Trail for Application Management Operations

Note: This functionality is only supported in the IoT FND and Fog Director Integrated Solution.

The following two Application Management operations will generate an Audit Log:

- Install App
- Uninstall App

**Note: There is no audit trail** to track when you import or delete an application to or from the IoT FND and Fog Director Integrated Solution.

To view the Audit Log details, choose ADMIN > SYSTEM MANAGEMENT > AUDIT TRAIL.

# Figure 27 Audit Trail

edudu 107 0960 FELD NETW	ORK DRECTO	a l			CASHECA/O	OUNCES +	oreanous +	conris.+	ADMN+ APPS
ADMIN > SYSTEM MAR	NAGEMENT > A	UDIT TRAL							Deploying 1 - 3 of 3 (1.1
Oate/Time ·	Domain	User Name		Operation		Status	Ovtails		
2010-06-13 15:14:55	next	exet	10.24.90.237	Uninstal app		Success	Uninstating	Cisce Dummy /	op succeeded on 1 device(s)
2010-06-13 15:13:14	reat	net	10.24.90.237	install app		Success	installing C	isco Dummy App	succeeded on 1 device(s).
2019-06-13 15:08:11	reat	reat	10.34.90.237	Login		Success	NA		

Note: You can now import multiple versions of the same application.

# Troubleshooting

This section provides some tips for troubleshooting problems that may occur.

# IC3000 Related

Use the following commands from the console to determine the status of running applications.

To view which version of software the device is running:

#show version

To view whether the device is running developer mode or production mode:

#show ida

To view the status of IOx:

#show iox summary
#show iox details

To display debugging information when working with support:

#show tech support

# Examples of Show Commands

ic3k>show
dns
ida
ida
interfaces
iox
ntp
operating-mode
tech-support
version
ic3k>show dns

```
search cisco.com
nameserver 171.70.168.183 > The DNS Server is obtained via DHCP
```

### ic3k>**show ida status**

Status: Running Operation Mode: Production FND Host: 172.27.88.60:9121 FND Connection Status: Connected > The device is connected to FND Periodic Metrics Interval: 300 Heartbeat Interval: 60 Is Registered: True HTTP Server Status: N/A (Stopped)

> The ida is running > The device is in production mode > The device is connected to an FND host IP address > The device will update its metrics every 300 seconds > What is the heartbeat for? > The device is registered with FND

### ic3k>**show version**

Version: 1.0.1 Platform ID: IC3000-2C2F-K9 Hardware ID: FOC2227Y304 ic3k>

ic3k>**show interfaces** 

- dpbr 0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 52:54:00:b2:0a:6f UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1 RX packets:157904 errors:0 dropped:556 overruns:0 frame:0 TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0 collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000 RX bytes:7520723 (7.1 MiB) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
- dpbr 0-nic Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 52:54:00:b2:0a:6f BROADCAST MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1 RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0 TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0 collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000 RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
- dpbr\_n\_0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 52:54:00:a1:2b:7b inet addr:192.168.10.1 Bcast:0.0.0.0 Mask:255.255.254 UP BROADCAST MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1 RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0 TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0 collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000 RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
- dpbr n 0-nic Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 52:54:00:a1:2b:7b BROADCAST MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1 RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0 TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0 collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000 RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
- int1 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr f8:b7:e2:b5:ed:83 BROADCAST MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1 RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0 TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0 collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000 RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B) Memory:809a0000-809bffff
- Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr f8:b7:e2:b5:ed:84 int2 BROADCAST MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1 RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0 TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0 collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000 RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B) Memory:809c0000-809dffff
- int3 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr f8:b7:e2:b5:ed:85 BROADCAST MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1

RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0 TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0 collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000 RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B) Memory:809e0000-809fffff

- int4 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr f8:b7:e2:b5:ed:86
  BROADCAST MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
  RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
  TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
  collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
  RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
  Memory:80a00000-80a1ffff
- lo Link encap:Local Loopback inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0 inet6 addr: ::1/128 Scope:Host UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536 Metric:1 RX packets:5038 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0 TX packets:5038 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0 collisions:0 txqueuelen:1 RX bytes:1047250 (1022.7 KiB) TX bytes:1047250 (1022.7 KiB)
- mgmt0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr f8:b7:e2:b5:ed:80 UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1 RX packets:173199 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0 TX packets:6432 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0 collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000 RX bytes:11348931 (10.8 MiB) TX bytes:1051377 (1.0 MiB) Memory:8000000-807fffff
- svcbr\_0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr f8:b7:e2:b5:ed:80
  inet addr:172.27.88.6 Bcast:172.27.88.127 Mask:255.255.255.128 <<svcbr\_0 address
  inet6 addr: fe80::fab7:e2ff:feb5:ed80/64 Scope:Link
  UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
  RX packets:164135 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
  TX packets:6411 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
  collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
  RX bytes:8055206 (7.6 MiB) TX bytes:1049871 (1.0 MiB)</pre>
- veth0\_0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 22:24:b5:97:78:88 inet6 addr: fe80::2024:b5ff:fe97:7888/64 Scope:Link UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1 RX packets:8 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0 TX packets:158137 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0 collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000 RX bytes:648 (648.0 B) TX bytes:9751066 (9.2 MiB)
- veth1\_0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr ea:75:6b:25:a2:3e inet6 addr: fe80::e875:6bff:fe25:a23e/64 Scope:Link UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1 RX packets:158137 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0 TX packets:8 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0 collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000 RX bytes:9751066 (9.2 MiB) TX bytes:648 (648.0 B)

ic3k>

ic3k>show ntp NTP Servers received from DHCP: 171.70.168.183 ic3k> ic3k>**show iox summary** IOx Infrastructure Summary: eid: IC3000-2C2F-K9+FOC2227Y304 pfm: IC3000-2C2F-K9 s/n: FOC2227Y304 images: Lnx: 1.0.1., IOx: 1.7.0:r/1.7.0.0:fc6e9cf boot: 2018-09-17 17:37:55 time: 2018-09-18 18:07:28 load: 18:07:28 up 1 day, 29 min, 0 users, load average: 0.32, 0.11, 0.02 memory: ok, used: 481/7854 (6%) disk: ok, used: /:270305/338869 (79%), /software:57272/87462892 (0%) process: warning, running: 4/5, failed: sshd networking: ok logs: ok, errors: caf (0) apps: ok, ic3k>show iox detail IOx Infrastructure Summary: -----

eid: IC3000-2C2F-K9+FOC2227Y304
pfm: IC3000-2C2F-K9
s/n: FOC2227Y304
images: Lnx: 1.0.1., IOx: 1.7.0:r/1.7.0.0:fc6e9cf
boot: 2018-09-17 17:37:55
time: 2018-09-18 18:07:22
load: 18:07:22 up 1 day, 29 min, 0 users, load average: 0.03, 0.05, 0.00
memory: ok, used: 482/7854 (6%)
disk: ok, used: /:270305/338869 (79%), /software:57272/87462892 (0%)
process: warning, running: 4/5, failed: sshd
networking: ok
logs: ok, errors: caf (0)
apps: ok,

Application Information:

--Virsh--

Containers: Id Name State

Virtual Machines: Id Name State

Networking Information:

--Address-svcbr\_0 UP 172.27.88.6/25 fe80::fab7:e2ff:feb5:ed80/64

--Interface Stats--Iface MTU Met RX-OK RX-ERR RX-DRP RX-OVR TX-OK TX-ERR TX-DRP TX-OVR Flg

```
svcbr 0 1500 0 164167 0 0 0 6412 0 0 0 BMRU
dpbr 0 1500 0 157935 0 556 0 0 0 0 0 BMRU
dpbr n 0 1500 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 BMU
--Bridge Info--
bridge namebridge idSTP enabledinterfaces
dpbr 0 8000.525400b20a6fnodpbr 0-nic
                         veth1 0
dpbr n 08000.525400a12b7bnodpbr n 0-nic
svcbr 0 8000.f8b7e2b5ed80nomgmt0
                         veth0 0
--IP Routes--
Destination Gateway Genmask Flags Metric Ref Use Iface
0.0.0.0 172.27.88.1 0.0.0.0 UG 0 0 0 svcbr 0
172.27.88.0 0.0.0.0 255.255.255.128 U 0 0 0 svcbr 0
192.168.10.0 0.0.0.0 255.255.255.224 U 0 0 0 dpbr_n_0
Process Information:
--Monit--
Process 'igma'
status Running
pid 1147
uptime 1d Oh 28m
memory percent total 0.1%
cpu percent total 0.0%
Process 'libvirtd'
status Running
pid 1015
 uptime 1d Oh 28m
 memory percent total 0.1%
cpu percent total 0.0%
Process 'caf'
 status Running
pid 1109
uptime 1d Oh 28m
memory percent total 0.6%
 cpu percent total 0.0%
--Process Info--
 PID STIME CMD
 1073 Sep17 /usr/bin/monit -s /var/run/monit.state
 1109 Sep17 python /home/root/iox/caf/scripts/startup.pyc /home/root/iox/caf/config/system-config.ini
/home/root/iox/caf/config/log-config.ini
1015 Sep17 /usr/sbin/libvirtd --daemon --listen
Error: /usr/sbin/sshd not found
1147 Sep17 /usr/bin/igma
--PID info--
monit:1073
caf:1109
libvirtd:1015
sshd:0
igma:1147
Disk Usage Information:
------
--Free Disk--
Filesystem 1024-blocks Used Available Capacity Mounted on
/dev/root 362084 270305 68564 80% /
/dev/sda2 92167844 57272 87405620 1% /software
```

--Mount--

/dev/ram on / type ext4 (rw,relatime,data=ordered) /dev/sda2 on /software type ext4 (rw,relatime,data=ordered) tmpfs on /run type tmpfs (rw,nosuid,nodev,mode=755) tmpfs on /var/volatile type tmpfs (rw,relatime) cgroup on /sys/fs/cgroup type tmpfs (rw,relatime,mode=755) --Top Disk Usage--/\*: 233M/usr 99M /golden /software/\*: 208K/software/caf 28K /software/ssh ic3k> ic3k>show operating-mode Operating-mode: Production Remote Device Management: N/A ic3k>show ida status IDA Version: 2.0.1 Status: Running Operation Mode: Production FND Host: 172.27.88.64:9121 FND Connection Status: Connected Periodic Metrics Interval: 300 Heartbeat Interval: 120 Is Registered: True HTTP Server Status: N/A (Stopped) Remote Device Management: N/A ic3k>show dns Show DNS information ida Show IDA information interfaces Show interface information iox Show IOx app hosting information ntp Show NTP information operating-mode Show operating mode information tech-support Show tech-support information version Show version information ic3k>

### ic3k>help developer-mode

In developer mode, the IC3000 is an unmanaged development device. It will be controlled via Local Manager and ioxclient.

 Set the password for "developer" user (use command developer set-password).
 Connect the Management interface on the IC3000 to your Computer with a network cable.
 Assign "169.254.128.4 (netmask 255.255.0.0)" IP address to the network interface on your computer. NOTE: It is critical you assign this specific IPv4 link-local address.
 The IC3000 will be ready to operate in Developer mode in 30 seconds (The delay of 30 seconds only occurs the first time the IC3000 is booted up. All subsequent reloads will immediately take the IC3000 to developer mode without delay).
 Access "https://169.254.128.2:8443" from your browser on the computer.
 Login using the "developer" user and password you set in step #1 above.

### ic3k>help production-mode

In production mode, the IC3000 is managed by the IoT Field Network Director (FND).

1. Setup a DHCP server for assigning an IP address to the management interface.

- 2. DHCP server MUST provide "option 43" to the IC3000 for FND discovery.
- Option 43 string must carry "I<fnd ip or host>". Example "I172.27.133.25"
- 3. Connect the management interface to the DHCP server.

4. Claim the IC3000 on the FND setup suitable configurations. Follow FND User Guide from Cisco's website.
5. The IC3000 will connect with FND after the DHCP discovery process is completed.
ic3k>

# Local Manager Related

The Local Manager GUI provides some details on your device status.

- To debug Application status use the **APP Tab**
- To download APP logs go to the APP Tab > Manage APP > APP-Dir or App-Logs and download the logs.
- To view Application failure issues go to the **System Troubleshooting Tab** and look for events or errors.
- To turn off the Developer Mode, go to Device-Config > Developer Mode Off.

# **FND** Related

If your device is not registering with FND, check the following:

- Check the option 43 address format, and validate if it is the correct ip address of FND
- Check the platform **show ida** status and **show interfaces** status to see which ip address the device has learned.
- Check the FND provisional setting URL to ensure FND IP address:9121
- Check whether the serial number in the FND input file is accurate

# **FND** Logs

See the following table for details on the location and names of FND log files.

File Type	Host	Container	Files
FND-logs	/opt/fnd/logs/	/opt/cgms/server/cgms/log/	cgms_setup.log
			server.log
			access_log. <date></date>
			cgms_stacktrace.log
			cgms_db_connection_test.log
			cgms_status.log
FND-data	/opt/fnd/data/	/tmp/fnd-data/	cgms_keystore.selfsigned
			cgms.properties
			userPropertyTypes.xml

File Type	Host	Container	Files
FND-scripts	/opt/fnd/scripts/	N/A	upgrade-fnd.sh (To upgrade FND docker image) Note: If required Postgres, Influx rpm
			host.)
Docker environment	/opt/fnd/conf/	N/A	fnd-env.list

See the following table for details on the location and names of FD log files.

File Type	Host	Container	Files
FD-logs	/var/lib/docker/volumes /fd_logs/_data/	/var/log/fd	application.log appmgr-console.log catalina.out host-manager. <date>.log manager.<date>.log appmgr-backup-restore.log catalina.<date>.log hibernate localhost.<date>.log metrics usagestats</date></date></date></date>
FD-data	/var/lib/docker/volumes /fogd_data/_data/	/var/cisco/appmgr	.bash_history .bashrc backup certificate extensions fog_director.properties .InstallAnywhere .java .keystore .profile .rnd

File Type	Host	Container	Files
FD-scripts	/opt/fogd/scripts/		upgrade-fogd.sh (To upgrade FogD docker image)
Docker environment	/opt/fogd/conf/		fogd-env.list

# Appendix: FND 4.3 device-configuration templates (Deprecated)

Understand the default values and select the other parameters as required and save the template. Use the (i) button to understand the optional and mandatory parameters.

Once complete, push the configurations to the devices using the **Push Configuration tab** on the top of the window.

ECTOR		DASHBOARD	DEVICES 🗸	OPERATIONS 🗸	CONFIG 🗸	ADMIN 🗸 APPS
TION						
Device Properties	default-ic3000					
	Group Members Edit Configuration	n Template Push C	Configuration Gro	up Properties		
	Current Configuration revision #2 - Las	t Saved on 2018-12-17	12:19			
	Select Configurations	Periodic Metric	s Management Prof	ile 🚺		
	✓ Periodic Metrics Management Profile	Interval:	300			
	✓ Heart Beat Management Profile	Heart Beat Man	agement Profile 🚺	_		
	✓ IOx Credentials	Interval:	60			
	User Credentials					
	IPv4 Interface Settings IPv6 Interface Settings	IOx Credentials	0			
	IP Static Boute Settings	IOx Username:	Use property 'IOxU	JserName' 💌	IOx Passw	ord: Use property 'IOxUserPa
		→ IPv4 Interface S	ettings () Max 5 entries			
		Interface N	lame Status	IPv4 Address	Netmask	Disa DHCP IPv4 Client
		int1	on			

Figure 28 Edit Configuration Template

For the FND 4.3.1 release and greater, the JSON formats for editing a particular IC3000 device are as follows:

```
Bring up interface:
"{
"name": "InterfaceSettings",
"value": {
"ifName": "intl",
"status": 1
}
Bring down interface:
{
"name": "InterfaceSettings",
"value": {
```

```
"ifName": "int2",
"status": 0
}
Setting DHCP:
{
"name": "InterfaceSettings",
"value": {
"ifName": "int3",
"dhcpClient": 1
}
Setting static IP:
"name": "InterfaceSettings",
"value": {
"ifName": "int4",
"status": 1,
"ipv4": "12.23.34.45",
"netmask": "255.255.255.0"
}
}
Create user:
ł
"name": "UserMgmt",
"value": {
"userName": "user1",
"newPassword": "passwd4user1!"
}
}
Delete user:
"name": "UserMgmt",
"value": {
"userName": "user1",
"delUser": "True"
}
}
Change user password:
{
"name": "UserMgmt",
"value": {
"userName": "user1",
"oldPassword": "passwd4user1!",
"newPassword": "user1passwd!"
}
```

To download a text file with clean JSON entries, go here:

https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en/us/td/docs/routers/ic3000/deployment/guide/IC3000-JSON.txt

**Note:** Make sure your JSON is validated properly before pushing the configuration to device. It is highly recommended to use a JSON validator such as this one:

### https://jsonlint.com/

Copy and paste your entire device configuration template and see if its set appropriately. Anything that's commented has to be removed before validation.

A typical comment section in json is between the following characters.

<#--

Comment text here

-->

As an example, a working JSON entry for bringing all the interface up on IC3000 is as follows.

```
[ {
       "name": "MgmtProfile",
        "value": {
           "id": 2,
           "name": "PeriodicMetrics",
           "interval": 300,
           "dataIds": ["5", "18", "23", "24", "25"]
       }
    }, {
       "name": "UserMgmt",
       "value": {
           "userName": "${device.IOxUserName}",
           "newPassword": "${device.IOxUserPassword}"
       }
    },
    {
       "name": "MgmtProfile",
       "value": {
           "id": 1,
           "name": "Heartbeat",
           "interval": 60,
           "dataIds": ["4"]
       }
    }, {
        "name": "InterfaceSettings",
       "value": {
           "ifName": "int1",
           "status": 1
       }
    }, {
        "name": "InterfaceSettings",
       "value": {
           "ifName": "int2",
           "status": 1
       }
    }, {
       "name": "InterfaceSettings",
       "value": {
           "ifName": "int3",
           "status": 1
       }
    }, {
        "name": "InterfaceSettings",
       "value": {
           "ifName": "int4",
           "status": 1
       }
    }
]
```

# Appendix: Installing Cisco IoT Field Network Director (Cisco IoT FND)

This section provides the steps required to install the Cisco IoT Field Network Director (Cisco IoT FND) Release 4.3.1 and greater application with Integrated Application Management (Fog Director) on an Open Virtual Appliance (OVA), VMware ESXi 5.5 or 6.0. You use the same instructions to install both VMware versions.

**Note:** For information about installing Cisco IoT FND and Oracle on an OVA for Release 4.3 and greater, refer to the following guides:

Cisco IoT FND Deployment on an Open Virtual Appliance, VMware ESXi 5.5/6.0

Cisco IoT Field Network Director Installation Guide-Oracle Deployment, Releases 4.3.x, 4.4.x and 4.5.x

For an overview of the features and functionality of the IoT FND application and details on how to configure features and manage Cisco IoT FND after its installation, refer to the Cisco IoT Field Network Director User Guide for your current FND release (4.3.x, 4.4.x or 4.5.x)

# Prerequisites

- Access to the VMware ESXi server.
  - Contact your IT administrator to obtain the IP address to the VMware ESXi server.

or

- If you are installing the VMware ESXi server software yourself, go to the VMware ESXi site to download the software: https://www.vmware.com/products/esxi-and-esx.html
- Install the VMware vSphere Client for the ESXi 5.5 or 6.0 server.
- Locate the VMware credentials to create virtual machines in ESXi 5.5. or 6.0, respectively.
- Ensure that you meet the VMware server machine requirements. Listed below are the VM CPU and memory requirements for a small scale deployment:

### **NMS OVA**

- 16 GB memory
- 1 core and 4 virtual sockets
- 150 GB of virtual storage
- Download the OVA from Cisco.com.

# Installing the OVA

- 1. Use VMware Fusion or VMware vSphere client to deploy OVA on ESXi Server. Do not change the defaults for the installation.
  - a. Under File, choose Deploy OVF template.



b. Keep the default location and click Next.



c. Click Next.

CISCO-IOK-FAD	test-lok.clisco.com VMware Getting Started Summary	Deploy OVF Template OVF Template Details Verify OVF template details.	×	
CISCO-JOU-GROUNESTBATE	What is a Host? A host is a computer ti as ESX of ESX. for un CPU and memory resc onnectivity. You can add a virtual i one or by depixing an The easiest way to add withual applications. A vir machine with an opera- installed. A new virtual system installed on it. Basic Tasks of Create a new vir	Source OVF Templete Octais Name and Locaton Disk Format Network Mapping Ready to Complete	Product:     be/fml       Version:	
< >				~
Recent Tasks	0.1	Help	< Back Next > Cancel Name, Target	or Status contains:  Clear X
Image         Target           Image         Image           Image </td <td>t-find O Completed</td> <td>root</td> <td>/152018 10:11:42 (/15/2018 10:11:42 (/15/2018 10:11:50 (/15/2018 10:11:33 (/15/2018 10:11:34</td> <td></td>	t-find O Completed	root	/152018 10:11:42 (/15/2018 10:11:42 (/15/2018 10:11:50 (/15/2018 10:11:33 (/15/2018 10:11:34	
Tasks 1				Evaluation Mode: Expired root

d. Enter a name of the deployed template.

C 172.27.163.211 C 172.27.163.211 C 15CO-10K-CA C 15CO-10K-FND C 15CO-10K-HER	test-lok.cisco.com VHware Getting Started Summary	Deploy OVF Template Name and Location Specify a name and loci	- C X
G CISCO-ION-GROMESTRATE G CISCO-ION-GRA G CISCO-ION-TPS	What is a Host? A host is a computer th as ESX or ESX), to run CPU and memory resc give virtual machines a connectivity. You can add a virtual i one or by deploying a	Source OVF Template Details Name and Location Disk Format Network Mapping Ready to Complete	Name: Interest The name can contain up to 80 characters and it must be unique within the inventory folder.
	The easiest way to ad virtual appliance. A vir machine with an opera installed. A new virtual system installed on it,		
	Basic Tasks 양 Deploy from VA 양 Create a new vi		
Recent Tasks		Help	<back next=""> Cancel Name, Target or Status contains.   Clear &gt;</back>
Name Target	Status t-fnd © Completed t-fnd © Completed	root	6/15/2018 10:11:42 6/15/2018 10:11:42 6/15/2018 10:11:50 6/15/2018 10:11:33 6/15/2018 10:11:33 6/15/2018 10:11:34
Tasks			

e. Choose the format that you want virtual disks to be stored.

Note: Thick provisions require 600 GB of disk space on the ESXi server.

CISCO-10K-CA CISCO-10K-CA CISCO-10K-FND CISCO-10K-HER	Constant State     Constant		want to store the virtual disks?	٢	-	o x		
GISCO-100-GRCHESTATU GISCO-100-FAA GISCO-100-TPS	What is a Host? A host is a computer ti as ESX of ESX, to run CPU and memory ress give virtual machines : connectivity. You can add a virtual one or by deploying a The easiest way to ad virtual applicance. A vir machine with an oper- installed A new virtua system installed on it, Basic Tasks of Deploy from VA of Create a new vir	Source OVF Tempolate Details Usame and Location Disk format Network Mapping Ready to Complete	Datastore: Available space (28): (* Thick Provision Lary (* Thick Provision Eage (* Thick Provision	datastor t 1 957.1 Zeroed r Zeroed				~
< >								~
Recent Tasks	7	Нер			< Back Next >	Cancel	Name, Target or Status contains: •	Clear
Name Target Remove entity D ic Power Off virtual mach	Status ot-find O Completed ot-find O Completed	root	6/15/2018 10:11:42 6/15/2018 10:11:33	6/15/2018 10:11:42 6/15/2018 10:11:33	6/15/2018 10:11:50 6/15/2018 10:11:34		Evolution	Mode Excircit root
Name     Jarget       Image: Second Se	status t-fnd © Completed Completed		6/15/2018 10:11:42 6/15/2018 10:11:33	6/15/2018 10:11:42 6/15/2018 10:11:33	6/15/2018 10:11:50 6/15/2018 10:11:34	<u>a</u> 🗸	ی میں بی اور	Mode: Expired ( 6-13 PM ( 6/15/2018

f. Click Next.

E 172.27.163.211 CISCO-IOK-CA CISCO-IOK-PND CISCO-IOK-HER	test-lok.cisco.com VHware Getting Started Summary	Network Mapping What networks should t	the deployed template use?				
CISCO-IOK-ORCHESTRATIX CISCO-IOK-RA CISCO-IOK-TPS	What is a Host? A host is a computer ti	Source OVF Template Details	Map the networks used in this OVF ter	plate to networks in your inventory			
2733	as ESX or ESXI, to run CPU and memory resc give virtual machines a connectivity.	Name and Location Disk Format Network Mapping Ready to Complete	Source Networks VM Network	Destination Networks VM Network			
	You can add a virtual i one or by deploying a						
	The easiest way to ad- virtual appliance. A vir machine with an opera						
	installed. A new virtual system installed on it,		Description: The VM Network network		*		
	Danie Tanke				~		
	Basic Tasks						
	👸 Create a new vii						
· · · · · ·		Help 1		and I may	our l		
ecent Tasks		hep		< Back Next >	Cancel	Name, Target or Status contains: •	Clear
Remove entity     Power Off virtual mach	-fnd Completed -fnd Completed	toot	6/15/2018 10:11:42 6/15/2018 1/ 6/15/2018 10:11:33 6/15/2018 1/	0:11:42 6/15/2018 10:11:50 0:11:33 6/15/2018 10:11:34			
Tasks						Evaluation	Mode Expired root
	5		A 🐴 📼 🤱 🖉		A M	-8 • - M = 2 > 40 m	613 PM

g. Review and click Finish.

172.27.163.211     CISCO-IOK-CA     CISCO-IOK-FND     CISCO-IOK-HEP     CISCO-IOK-HEP	t-lok.cisco.com VHware tting Started Summary	Ready to Complete Are these the options yo	u want to use?				
G LIGO INO MAN G LIGO INO MANUESTRATH G LIGO INO ARANESTRATH G LIGO INO ARANE G LIGO INTA G LIGO INTA G LIGO INTA G LIGO INTA	hat is a Host? host is a computer ti ESX or ESX, to run U and memory resc ve virtual machines a mnectivity. Du Can add a virtual ae or by deploying al he easiest way to ad- fluid applance. A vir he ad- statled. A new virtual ristem installed on it. asic Tasks Deploy from VA Create a new vir	Source One Translate Details Name and Sociation Carls Format Network Manchon Ready to Complete	When you click Finish, the deplo Deployment settings: OVF file: Demlo ad size: Size on disk: Name: Host/Cliater: Disk pravisiong Network Mapping:	ment task will be started. C:[Users'lab]Downloads'ljot-fnd-3.0-98ov 3.0.08 iot-fnd test-iok.clos.com distartored Thick Provision Lazy Zeroed "VM Network" to "VM Network"	2		^
			Power on after deployment				
C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		Help		< Badk Finish	Cano	el Name, Target or Status contains: •	Clear >
Name         Target           Image: State of the s	Status Completed Completed	root	6/15/2018 10:11:42 6/15/2 6/15/2018 10:11:33 6/15/2	18 10:11:42 6/15/2018 10:11:50 18 10:11:33 6/15/2018 10:11:34		Evilance M	lode: Expired root

The template starts downloading. When it is completed, the template is listed on the left pane.



2. Power on the VM. Right click on the iot-fnd template name. Select Power and Power On.

CISCO	63.211 0-IOK-CA 0-IOK-FND 0-IOK-HER	iot-find Getting Started	ummary Resource Allocati	ion Performa	nce Events Co	Site, Viennissona close tab (1)	
CISCO	0-IOK-ORCHESTRATIK	What is a Virtu	ual Machine?				
CISCO	0-IOK-RA 0-IOK-TPS	A virtual machin	ne is a software compu	iter that. like	a	Virtual Machines	
int.In	al de la companya de	obusiani anmou	tor nine an oneration	evetam and			
-	Power		Power On	Ctrl+B	rtual		
	Snanchot		Power Off	Ctri+E	1 ×		
-	Open Console	,	Basat	Ctrie Z	outing		
8	Edit Cattioner		Accel	Ctri+1	ktop or	Host	
1	Add Permission	Ctd-D	Restart Guest	Ctrl+R			
	Add Permission	Ctri+P	run on hosts. The sa	ame host ca	n run		
	Report Performance		hines.				
	Rename		_				
	Open in New Windo	w Ctrl+Alt+N					
	Remove from Invent	ory				vSphere Client	
	Delete from Disk		he virtual machine				
		Seat virtua	al machine settings				
	>						

3. Assign a static IP address. Or, setup a DHCP server in the network, so an IP address gets assigned.

Setup a valid, reachable working DNS server on the Host VM. (mandatory)

CISCO-IOK-I	Q Settings			Network		_ ¤ ×	
CISCO-10K-4 CISCO-10K-4 List-find	TWI-Fi	Cancel Details Identity	Wired	urity	Apply +		
1	Background     Notifications	IPv4 Method	<ul> <li>Automatic (DHCP)</li> <li>Manual</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Link-Local Only</li> <li>Disable</li> </ul>	+		
Л	Q Search	Addresses Address 172.27.163.169	Netmask 255.255.128	Gateway 172.27.163.129	0		
	Universal Access     Online Accounts				•		
	Privacy Sharing	DNS 171.70.168.183 Separate IP addresses with	h commas	Automatic ON			
	≠ Sound	Routes Address	Netmask	Automatic ON Gateway Metr			
<b>us</b>	Ce Power				0		
On virtual m							

Use this IP address to access the FND GUI.

- 4. Click on Console and login with root/cisco123 once the OS is up.
  - a. Once logged in, navigate to Applications -> System Tools ->Settings ->Network.
  - **b.** Click the plus sign (+).
- 5. From a web browser, access FND URL and change the password for the root user. Default username/password is root/root123.

6. Open a terminal window, and setup Health Monitoring for the Fog Director Container from FND.

[root@iot-fnd ~]# cd /opt/monitor/

[[root@iot-fnd monitor]# ./setup.sh
Setup health metrics monitor for App Management Servers
[Enter FND Username: root
[Enter FND Password:
Successfully configured health metrics monitor for App Management Servers

After completing these steps, FND starts monitoring Fog Director container on the ADMIN  $\rightarrow$  SERVERS page.

# Using a Custom cgms\_keystore in the FND Container

Enter the following information to provide a secure connection to devices within this OVA deployment.

Use these steps to have FND use your custom keystore.

- 1. Put your cgms\_keystore file in /opt/fnd/data/ on the Host.
- 2. Run the following command to encrypt the password for the new cgms\_keystore:

docker exec -it fnd-container /opt/cgms/bin/encryption\_util.sh encrypt <keystore password>

[root@iot-fnd ~]# docker exec -it fnd-container /opt/cgms/bin/encryption\_util.sh encrypt ciscol23
2bVvZsq+vsq94YxuAKdaag==

3. Modify the cgms.properties file in the /opt/fnd/data folder, and edit the following line to set the new encrypted cgms\_keystore password:

cgms-keystore-password-hidden=encrypted new cgms\_keystore password

Note: With OVA 4.3.1 and above you can leave the cgms\_keystore.selfsigned default bundled keystore untouched.

If both the files (cgms\_keystore and cgms\_keystore.selfsigned) are present, the cgms\_keystore will be used by the container.

# Configuring FND for IPv6 Tunnel Provisioning and Registration

FND OVA supports only IPv4 tunnels and Registration out of the box.

To setup an IPv6 network for tunnel provisioning and registration, follow these steps:

1. Ensure you have one interface with a valid IPv6 network which has a IPv6 prefix length less than125.

See the following example of the ens32 interface:

```
[root@iot-fnd ~]# ifconfig ens224
ens224: flags=4163[UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST] mtu 1500
inet 2.2.56.117 netmask 255.255.0.0 broadcast 2.2.255.255
inet6 fe80::54f0:5d24:d320:8e38 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20[ink]
inet6 2001:420:7bf:5f::1522 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x0[global]
ether 00:0c:29:18:1b:3a txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
RX packets 97618 bytes 12391774 (11.8 MiB)
RX errors 1001 dropped 1011 overruns 0 frame 0
TX packets 3004 bytes 568097 (554.7 KiB)
TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

[root@iot-fnd ~]#

2. Run the ./setup-IPv6-network.sh script in the /opt/fnd/scripts directory to obtain the FND IPv6 address on the router for tunnel provisioning and registration.



**Note:** While specifying the IPv6 address for the network-mgmt-bridge, provide an Interface Name and a valid IPv6 address (and IP address prefix length) that is in the subnet of the provided host interface. If IPv6 address is in a different subnet, the IPv6 tunnel provisioning and registration will not be successful.

# Installing Custom CA Certificates on FND

By default the FND container comes bundled with cgms\_keystore.

- Keystore Location in the FND Container: /opt/cgms/server/cgms/conf/
- Keystore Name: cgms\_keystore
- Default Password: Public123!
- Default Trusted Certification Entry in Keystore: cisco\_sudi, jmarconi

To use a custom CA certificate on the router, add a CA certificate to the trusted certificate entries in the cgms\_keystore.

**1.** Place the certificate file in the following location on the host machine.

/opt/fnd/data/

2. Enter into FND container

docker exec -i -t fnd-container /bin/bash

3. Change into the conf directory.

cd /opt/cgms/server/cgms/conf/

4. Import a root or intermediate CA certificate to cgms\_keystore.

/opt/cgms/jre/bin/keytool -import -trustcacerts -alias alias-name -file /tmp/fnd-data/ca.crt -keystore cgms\_keystore

Use a preferred alias name

5. Restart FND.

/etc/init.d/cgms restart

6. Verify that the certificate was added to the trusted entry.

/opt/cgms/jre/bin/keytool -list -v -keystore cgms\_keystore

Enter keystore password.

# Upgrading FND

To update FND, you must have access to dockerhub.cisco.com.

Run the upgrade-fnd.sh script from the following directory:

1. cd /opt/fnd/scripts/

The following examples show the upgrade process which includes upgrading cgms-postgres.rpm and cgms-influx.rpm.

```
[root@iot-fnd scripts]# ./upgrade-fnd.sh
This script must be run with root privileges.
Usage: All upgrade: Requires <path to cgms-postgres.rpm> and <path to cgms-influx.rpm>
      For FND container upgrade: No resource required
      For FND Postgres RPM upgrade: Requires <path to cgms-postgres.rpm>
     FND Influx RPM upgrade: Requires <path to cgms-influx.rpm>
1) Full upgrade
                         4) FND Influx RPM upgrade
2) FND container upgrade
                         5) Quit
3) FND Postgres RPM upgrade
Enter your choice: 3
Enter cgms-postgres rpm file path:
/root/cgms-postgres-4.3.0-48.x86 64.rpm
Stopping FND container...
fnd-container
Preparing...
                                 Updating / installing...
                                 1:cgms-postgres-4.3.0-48
Cleaning up / removing...
  2:cgms-postgres-4.3.0-47
                                 Starting FND container...
```

```
[root@iot-fnd scripts]# ./upgrade-fnd.sh
This script must be run with root privileges
Usage: All upgrade: Requires <path to cgms-postgres.rpm> and <path to cgms-influx.rpm>
For FND container upgrade: No resource required
       For FND Postgres RPM upgrade: Requires <path to cgms-postgres.rpm>
       FND Influx RPM upgrade: Requires <path to cgms-influx.rpm>
1) Full upgrade
                              4) FND Influx RPM upgrade
2) FND container upgrade
                              5) Quit
3) FND Postgres RPM upgrade
Enter your choice: 2
Stopping FND container...
fnd-container
Remove FND container...
fnd-container
Prune Docker container...
WARNING! This will remove all stopped containers.
Are you sure you want to continue? [y/N] Total reclaimed space: OB
Downloading latest FND docker image.
latest: Pulling from field-network-director-dev-docker/fnd-image
469cfcc7a4b3: Already exists
78e1c8192d09: Already exists
24106544ca78: Already exists
7ad1c8dc78ad: Already exists
3ed6a9248eed: Already exists
ae1446b14021: Already exists
ba0a265aacaf: Already exists
Digest: sha256:4451daf1d8b0f0d7f370dda8c553a68807d545a881e059029f6f0b0a31cfd6b1
Status: Image is up to date for dockerhub.cisco.com/field-network-director-dev-docker/fnd-image:latest
Starting FND container...
4bc00c18b2c83f7f10215878c9552a17fecc9e852949ab80348e448ea25d6fb2
```

# Starting and Stopping FND

Use the fnd-container.sh {start|stop|status|restart} script in the following directory to start, stop, obtain status, and restart FND:

cd /opt/fnd/scripts/

[root@iot-fnd scripts]# ./fnd-container.	.sh status					
fnd-container is running, pid=22745						
CONTAINER ID NAME	CPU %	MEM USAGE / LIMIT	MEM &	NET I/O	BLOCK I/O	PIDS
4bc00c18b2c8 fnd-container	1.99%	1.064GiB / 23.38GiB	4.55%	8.63MB / 8.07MB	0B / 1.76MB	272
[root@iot-fnd scripts]# ./fnd-container.	.sh stop					
Stopping FND container						
fnd-container						
[root@iot-fnd scripts]# ./fnd-container.	.sh start					
[root@iot-fnd scripts]# Starting FND con	ntainer					
fnd-container						
[root@iot-fnd scripts]# ./fnd-container.	.sh restart					
Stopping FND container						
fnd-container						
[root@iot-fnd scripts]# Starting FND con	ntainer					
fnd-container						

# Upgrading Fog Director

To update Fog Director, you must have access to dockerhub.cisco.com.

Run the upgrade-fogd.sh script from the following directory:

cd /opt/fogd/scripts

[root@iot-fnd scripts]# ./upgrade-fogd.sh Stopping Fog Director container... fogd-container Remove Fog Director container... fogd-container Prune Docker container... WARNING! This will remove all stopped containers. Are you sure you want to continue? [y/N] Total reclaimed space: OB Downloading latest Fog Director docker image.. latest: Pulling from fog-director-dev-docker/fogd-image 324d088ce065: Already exists 2ab951b6c615: Already exists 9b01635313e2: Already exists 04510b914a6c: Already exists 83ab617df7b4: Already exists 39460e334589: Already exists c6dff050367e: Already exists 2b0b56e80504: Already exists 54614f34f9fa: Already exists 24f76a367fd4: Already exists Digest: sha256:0a4dlae165aa6be0de20c1196055ab5153b34f808bc08aaaf9087eb23bd805cf Status: Image is up to date for dockerhub.cisco.com/fog-director-dev-docker/fogd-image:latest Starting Fog Director container... f2bc75fa77c29127f7cc7de7e9cba9011e7d09e8dbcf692729141b94e0815cf6 [root@iot-fnd scripts]#

# Starting and Stopping Fog Director

Use the fogd-container.sh {start|stop|status|restart} script in the following directory to start, stop, obtain status, and restart Fog Director:

cd /opt/fogd/scripts



# Obtaining Status of All Services Running on the Host

Use the status.sh script in the following directory to show the status of all services running on the host.

cd /opt/scripts

[root@iot-fnd ~]# [root@iot-fnd scr	cd /opt/scripts/ ipts]# ./status.sh						
<ul> <li>postgresql-9.6. Loaded: loaded Active: active Docs: https: Process: 1016 E</li> <li>Main PID: 1070 (j Tasks: 24 Memory: 166.2M</li> </ul>	service - PostgreSQ (/usr/lib/systemd/ (running) since Fr //www.postgresql.or xecStartFree/usr/pg postmaster)	L 9.6 database s system/postgresg i 2018-06-15 17: g/docs/9.6/static sql-9.6/bin/postg	arver 1-9.6.service; enabled; vend 02:07 PDT; 13min ago gresq196-check-db-dir \${PGDA	or preset: dis. TA) (code=exit	abled) ed, status=0/SUCCESS)		
<ul> <li>influxdb.servic Loaded: loaded Active: active Docs: https: Main PID: 1024 ( Tasks: 11 Memory: 47.4M</li> </ul>	<pre>e - InfluxDB is an (/usr/lib/systemd/ (running) since Fr //docs.influxdata.co influxd)</pre>	open-source, dis system/influxdb.: i 2018-06-15 17:( om/influxdb/	tributed, time series databa service; enabled; vendor pre D2:03 PDT; 13min ago	se set: disabled)			
fnd-container is :	running, pid=2064						
CONTAINER ID	NAME	CPU %	MEM USAGE / LIMIT	MEM %	NET I/O	BLOCK I/O	PIDS
a67827470562	fnd-container	1.04%	1.064GiB / 23.38GiB	4.55%	6.69MB / 8.19MB	581MB / 2.22MB	275
fogd-container is	running, pid=5192						
CONTAINER ID	NAME	CPU %	MEM USAGE / LIMIT	MEM &	NET I/O	BLOCK I/O	PIDS
f6c0c5c313cb	fogd-container	1.64%	762.3MiB / 23.38GiB	3.18%	1.84MB / 3.45MB	106kB / 184kB	117
[root@iot-fnd scr.	ipts]#						

# Upgrading Both Fog Director and FND

Use the upgrade.sh script in the following directory to fully upgrade both Fog Director and FND.

# opt/fnd/scripts/

Note: Since this performs a full FND upgrade, you must provide the paths to cgms-postgres.rpm and cgms-influx.rpm



# Backup and Restore

You can export the entire OVA image file as backup, port it to different deployment or restore from an older image file.

- 1. Power down the OVA in vSphere Client.
- 2. Select the OVA, and then select File -> Export -> Export OVF Template.

# Setting the Time and Timezone Using NTP Service

Use the **timedatectl** command on the Host VM to perform following operations to sync the time between the host and the docker:

- Displaying the Current Date and Time: timedatectl
- Changing the Current Time: timedatectl set-time HH:MM:SS
- Changing the Current Date: timedatectl set-time YYYY-MM-DD
- Listing the Time Zone: timedatectl list-timezones
- Changing the Time Zone: timedatectl set-timezone time\_zone
- Enabling NTP Service: timedatectl set-ntp yes

<pre>[root@iot-fnd ~]#</pre>	timedatectl					
Local time:	Tue 2018-08-28 07:18:37 PDT					
Universal time:	Tue 2018-08-28 14:18:37 UTC					
RTC time:	Tue 2018-08-28 14:18:37					
Time zone:	America/Los_Angeles (PDT, -0700)					
NTP enabled:	yes					
NTP synchronized:	yes					
RTC in local TZ:	no					
DST active:	yes					
Last DST change:	DST began at					
	Sun 2018-03-11 01:59:59 PST					
	Sun 2018-03-11 03:00:00 PDT					
Next DST change:	DST ends (the clock jumps one hour backwards) at					
	Sun 2018-11-04 01:59:59 PDT					
	Sun 2018-11-04 01:00:00 PST					
<pre>[root@iot-fnd ~]#</pre>						

Please refer to the following link for more info on usage of timedatectl command

https://access.redhat.com/documentation/en-us/red\_hat\_enterprise\_linux/7/html/system\_administrators\_guide/chap -configuring\_the\_date\_and\_time

# **Related Documentation**

For information about FND, go to the following:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/iot-field-network-director/tsd-products-support/cloud-systems-management/support/cloud-systems-management/support/cloud-systems-management/support/cloud-systems-management/support/cloud-systems-management/support/cloud-systems-mana

Cisco Fog Director Reference Guide:

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/cloud-systems-management/fog-director/products-technical-reference-list.html

Cisco IOx Local Manager User Guide

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/routers/access/800/software/guides/iox/lm/reference-guide/1-6/iox\_local\_manager\_ref\_guide.html

For additional information about Cisco IOx, go to the following:

DevNet documentation on IOx. Provides an overview as well as details by scrolling down the left hand side:

https://developer.cisco.com/site/devnet/support/

Cisco IOx:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/cloud-systems-management/iox/tsd-products-support-series-home.html