



# Alarm Support

- [Feature Summary and Revision History, on page 1](#)
- [Feature Description, on page 1](#)
- [Configuring Alarm Support, on page 9](#)

## Feature Summary and Revision History

### Summary Data

*Table 1: Summary Data*

|                                          |                                   |
|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Applicable Product(s) or Functional Area | cnBNG                             |
| Applicable Platform(s)                   | SMI                               |
| Feature Default Setting                  | Disabled - Configuration Required |
| Related Documentation                    | Not Applicable                    |

### Revision History

*Table 2: Revision History*

| Revision Details  | Release   |
|-------------------|-----------|
| First introduced. | 2022.02.0 |

## Feature Description

When an anomaly is detected, the system generates a notification called an alarm or alert. The system triggers an alarm or alert when the statistics crosses the specified threshold. The Cloud Native BNG Control Plane uses the Common Execution Environment (CEE) infrastructure to generate alarms and SNMP traps.

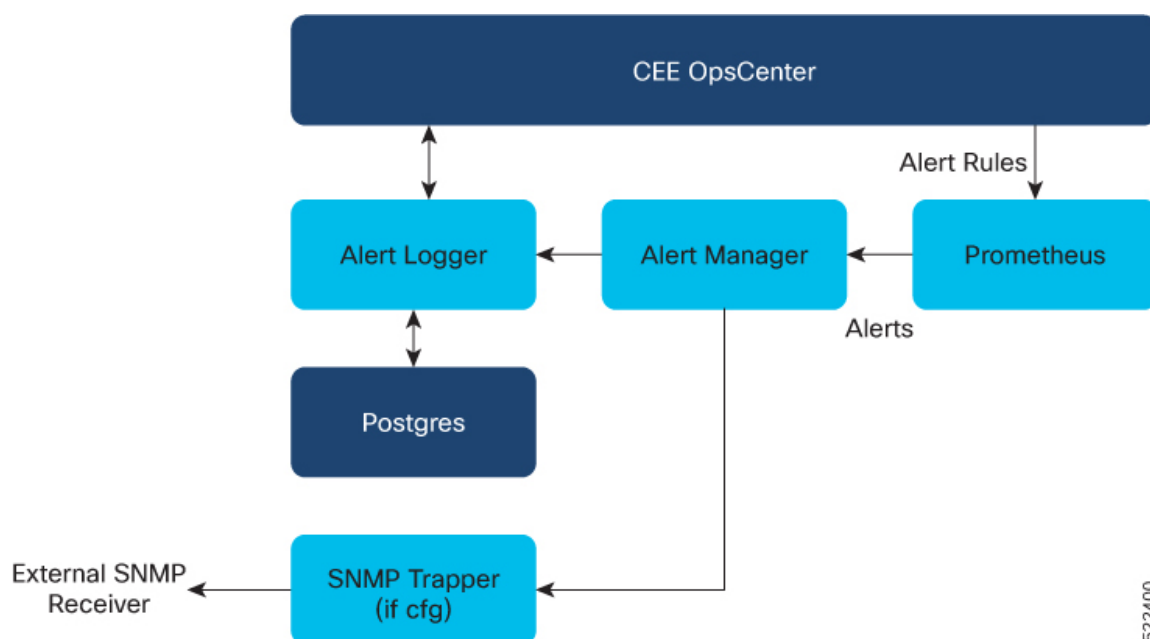
The Common Execution Environment (CEE) uses the Prometheus Alert Manager for alerting operations. The CEE YANG model - either through CLI or API - allows users to view the active alerts, silenced alerts, and alert history. Also, the applications can call the alert API directly to add or clear alerts. The Prometheus Alert Manager API (v2) is the standard API used.

The Prometheus Alerts Manager includes the following options:

- **Defining Alert Rules:** This option defines the types of alerts that the Alert Manager should trigger. Use the Prometheus Query Language (PromQL) to define the alerts.
- **Defining Alert Routing:** This option defines the action the Alert Manager should take after receiving the alerts. At present, the SNMP Trapper is supported as the outbound alerting. Also, the CEE provides an Alert Logger for storing the generated alerts.

The CNEE provides a set of predefined alerting rules regarding system health and Ops Center monitoring. For more details, see the "Alerts Reference" chapter in the *Ultra Cloud Core Subscriber Microservices Infrastructure Operations Guide*

The following figure depicts the components involved in the alerting mechanism.



## Supported Alarm Categories

The cnBNG CP supports the following alarm categories.

- **CP-UP Connectivity**—Alarms are generated if Control Plane (CP) - User Plane (UP) association fails, active, or inactive. Expressions can be formulated on CP defined UPF and Packet Forwarding Control Protocol (PFCP) metrics.
- **cnBNG Session**—Alarms can be generated if session bring-up or bring-down success rate is less than the specified threshold, drop rate, and if subscriber limit is crossed. Expressions can be formulated on Session Manager (SM) and First Sign of Life (FSOL) metrics.

- **Accounting**—Alarms can be generated if accounting start, interim, and stop success rate is less than the specified certain threshold and so on. Expressions can be formulated on accounting metrics.
- **Radius**—Alarms can be generated for RADIUS server for the following events:
  - Active or Inactive server state
  - Statistics success, failure, or reject rates for Authorization and Accounting based on threshold
  - Change of Authorization (CoA) success or failure rates.

Expressions can be formulated on RADIUS metrics.

- **IP Pool**—Alarms can be generated if IP pool allocation reaches the specified threshold. Expressions can be formulated on IPAM metrics.

## Alert Configuration Recommendations

Based on alarm categories, the following alert configurations are recommended.



### Note

- The Threshold field is configurable as per requirement.
- The *interval-seconds* and *duration* can vary based on requirements.

## Application-based Alerts

Configure the following alerts to detect an application anomaly and trigger the alert or alarm.



### Note

These alerts are critical, therefore, it is recommended that these alerts are configured.

### RADIUS Authorization or Accounting Status

Use the following commands to configure an alert when the RADIUS authorization or accounting server is down.

```
alerts rules group RadiusEP
  interval-seconds 300
  rule Auth_Radius_Server_Down
    expression "sum by (namespace,
rad_svr_ip,rad_svr_port)(radius_server_status{rad_svr_port_type=\"Auth\"} < 1)"
    duration 5m
    severity major
    type "Processing Error Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "Auth Radius Server: {{ $labels.rad_svr_ip}}, Port: {{ $labels.rad_svr_port
}} in namespace: {{ $labels.namespace }} is DOWN for more than 5min."
    exit
  rule Acct_Radius_Server_Down
    expression "sum by (namespace,
radSvrIP,rad_svr_port)(radius_server_status{rad_svr_portType=\"Acct\"} < 1)"
    duration 5m
    severity major
```

```

type          "Processing Error Alarm"
annotation summary
value "Acct Radius Server: {{ $labels.rad_svr_ip}}, Port: {{ $labels.rad_svr_port
}} in namespace: {{ $labels.namespace }} is DOWN for more than 5min."
exit
exit

```

### User Plane Function Status

Use the following commands to configure an alert related to User Plane (UP) to Control Plane (CP) connectivity.

```

alerts rules group CpUpAssociation
interval-seconds 300
rule CpUpConnectionStatus
expression "sum by (namespace, upf) (upf_status{status=~\"Inactive\"}) > 0 )"
duration 1m
severity major
type "Processing Error Alarm"
annotation summary
value "Upf {{ $labels.namespace }}/{{ $labels.upf }} is inactive for 1m"
exit
exit

```

### Subscriber Limit Threshold

Use the following commands to configure an alert when the session count crosses the specified threshold.

```

alerts rules group BngSession
interval-seconds 300
rule BngSubscriberLimit
expression "sum by (namespace) ((avg(db_records_total{session_type=\"SM:PPPOE\"})
OR on() vector(0)) + (avg(db_records_total{session_type=\"SM:DHCP\"}) OR on() vector(0))
+ (avg(db_records_total{session_type=\"SM:LNS\"}) OR on() vector(0)) +
(avg(db_records_total{session_type=\"SM:LAC\"}) OR on() vector(0))) > THRESHOLD"
severity critical
type "Communications Alarm"
annotation summary
value "This alert is fired when session count rises above threshold."
exit
exit

```

### System Overload Status

Use following commands to configure an alert if or when the system overloads.

```

alerts rules group BngSystemStatus
interval-seconds 300
rule BngOverload
expression "sum by(component,level) (system_overload_status{level=~\"Critical|Crash\"})
== true"
duration 5m
severity critical
type "Communications Alarm"
annotation summary
value "This alert is fired when there is system overload as component {{ $labels.component
}} has health level is {{ $labels.level }}."
exit
exit

```

### IP Pool Consumption

Use the following commands to configure IP pool consumption alerts.

```

alerts rules group IPPool
  interval-seconds 300
  rule IPPoolConsumption
    expression "sum by (namespace,pool,addressType) (ipam_address_allocations_current)/sum
by (namespace,pool,address_type) (IPAM_address_pool_total) > THRESHOLD"
    duration 1m
    severity major
    type "Processing Error Alarm"
    annotation summary
      value "Pool: {{ $labels.pool }} AddressType: {{ $labels.address_type }} in Namespace: {{
$labels.namespace }} has reached THRESHOLD % of utilization"
    exit
exit

```

### PPPoE Session Limit Threshold

Use the following commands to configure an alert when the PPPoE session limit crosses the specified threshold.

```

alerts rules group PPPoESessionLimit
  rule PPPoESessionLimit
    expression
      "(pppoe_session_limit_total{session_limit_count=\"SessionRejected\",session_limit_type=\"SessionMaxLimit\"}
unless
pppoe_session_limit_total{session_limit_count=\"SessionRejected\",session_limit_type=\"SessionMaxLimit\"}
offset 1m) OR
(increase(pppoe_session_limit_total{session_limit_count=\"SessionRejected\",session_limit_type=\"SessionMaxLimit\"}[1m])
) > 0"
    severity critical
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
      value "PPPoE session limit crossed in last 1min."
    exit
exit
exit

```

### L2TP Session Limit Threshold

Use the following commands to configure an alert when the L2TP session limit crosses the specified threshold.

```

alerts rules group L2TPSession
  rule SessionLimit
    expression "sum by (remote_hostname,upf_name) ((l2tp_session_limit_total unless
l2tp_session_limit_total offset 1m) OR (increase(l2tp_session_limit_total[1m]) )) > 0"
    severity critical
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
      value "Session Limit crossed for Tunnel: Routername {{ $labels.upf_name }} Remote
{{ $labels.remote_hostname }} !!!"
    exit
exit
exit

```

## Use-Case Based Alerts

Configure the following alerts based on requirements.

### RADIUS Authorization Success Rate

Use the following commands to configure RADIUS authorization success rate alerts.

```

alerts rules group RadiusEP
  interval-seconds 300
  rule RadiusAuthSuccessRate

```

```

        expression "sum by (namespace) (increase(radius_requests_statistics{
rad_msg_code=\"AaaAuthReq\", rad_pkt_type=\"Rx\", rad_result=\"Success\"}[5m]))/sum by
(namespace) (increase(radius_requests_statistics{
rad_msg_code=\"AaaAuthReq\", rad_pkt_type=\"Tx\"}[5m])) < THRESHOLD"
        severity    major
        type         "Communications Alarm"
        annotation summary
        value "This alert is fired when the percentage of successful Radius Authentication
responses received is lesser than threshold"
        exit
    exit

```

### RADIUS Accounting Success Rate

Use the following commands to configure RADIUS accounting response success rate alerts.

```

alerts rules group RadiusEP
    interval-seconds 300
    rule RadiusAcctSuccessRate
        expression "sum by (namespace) (increase(radius_requests_statistics{
rad_msg_code=\"AaaAcctReq\", rad_pkt_type=\"Rx\", rad_result=\"Success\"}[5m]))/sum by
(namespace) (increase(radius_requests_statistics{
rad_msg_code=\"AaaAcctReq\", rad_pkt_type=\"Tx\"}[5m])) < THRESHOLD"
        severity    major
        type         "Communications Alarm"
        annotation summary
        value "This alert is fired when the percentage of successful Radius Accounting
responses received is lesser than threshold"
        exit
    exit

```

### Radius CoA Success Rate

Use the following commands to configure RADIUS Change of Authorization (CoA) success rate alerts.

```

alerts rules group RadiusEP
    interval-seconds 300
    rule RadiusCoaSuccessRate
        expression "sum by (namespace) (increase(radius_coa_dm_requests_statistics{
rad_msg_code=\"CoAACK\", rad_pkt_type=\"Tx\", rad_result=\"Success\"}[5m]))/sum by
(namespace) (increase(radius_coa_dm_requests_statistics{
rad_msg_code=\"CoARequest\", rad_pkt_type=\"Rx\"}[5m])) < THRESHOLD"
        severity    major
        type         "Communications Alarm"
        annotation summary
        value "This alert is fired when the percentage of successful Coa Ack received is
lesser than threshold"
        exit
    exit

```

### Accounting Start Success Rate

Use the following commands to configure accounting start success rate alerts.

```

alerts rules group Accounting
    interval-seconds 300
    rule AcctStartSuccessRate
        expression "sum by (namespace) (increase(accounting_message_total{
acct_type=\"Start\", status=\"Success\"}[5m]))/sum by
(namespace) (increase(accounting_message_total{ acct_type=\"Start\", status=\"Attempt\"}[5m]))
< THRESHOLD"
        severity    major
        type         "Processing Error Alarm"

```

```

        annotation summary
        value "This alert is fired when the percentage of successful Accounting Start Responses
        received is lesser than threshold"
        exit
    exit

```

### Accounting Interim Success Rate

Use the following commands to configure accounting interim success rate alerts.

```

alerts rules group Accounting
    interval-seconds 300
    rule AcctInterimSuccessRate
        expression "sum by (namespace) (increase(accounting_message_total{
acct_type=\"Interim\",status=\"Success\"}[5m]))/sum by
(namespace) (increase(accounting_message_total{ acct_type=\"Interim\",status=\"Attempt\"}[5m]))
        < THRESHOLD"
        severity major
        type "Processing Error Alarm"
        annotation summary
        value "This alert is fired when the percentage of successful Accounting Interim
Responses received is lesser than threshold"
        exit
    exit

```

### Accounting Stop Success Rate

Use the following commands to configure accounting stop success rate alerts.

```

alerts rules group Accounting
    interval-seconds 300
    rule AcctStopSuccessRate
        expression "sum by (namespace) (increase(accounting_message_total{
acct_type=\"Stop\",status=\"Success\"}[5m]))/sum by
(namespace) (increase(accounting_message_total{ acct_type=\"Stop\",status=\"Attempt\"}[5m]))
        < THRESHOLD"
        severity major
        type "Processing Error Alarm"
        annotation summary
        value "This alert is fired when the percentage of successful Accounting Stop Responses
received is lesser than threshold"
        exit
    exit

```

### N4 Session Creation Success Rate

Use the following commands to configure N4 session creation success rate alerts.

```

alerts rules group BngSession
    interval-seconds 300
    rule SessionCreateSuccessRate
        expression "sum by(namespace,upf_name)
(increase(bng_proto_udp_total{message_name=\"n4_session_establishment_res\",message_direction=\"inbound\",
status=\"accepted\"}[5m]))/sum by (namespace,upf_name) (increase(bng_proto_udp_total{
message_name=\"n4_session_establishment_req\", message_direction=\"outbound\",
transport_type=\"origin\",status=\"accepted\"}[5m])) < THRESHOLD"
        severity major
        type "Communications Alarm"
        annotation summary
        value "This alert is fired when the percentage of successful Session Creation Responses
received is lesser than expected threshold for upf: {{$labels.upf}}"
        exit
    exit

```

## N4 Session Update Success Rate

Use the following commands to configure N4 session update success rate alerts.

```
alerts rules group BngSession
    interval-seconds 300
    rule SessionUpdateSuccessRate
        expression "sum by(namespace,upf)
(increase(bng_proto_udp_total{message_name=\"n4_session_modification_res\",message_direction=\"inbound\",
status=\"accepted\"}[5m]))/sum by (namespace,upf) (increase(bng_proto_udp_total{
message_name=\"n4_session_modification_req\", message_direction=\"outbound\",
transport_type=\"origin\",status=\"accepted\"}[5m])) < THRESHOLD"
        severity major
        type "Communications Alarm"
        annotation summary
        value "This alert is fired when the percentage of successful Session Update Responses
received is lesser than expected threshold for upf: {{$labels.upf_name}}"
        exit
exit
```

## N4 Session Release Success Rate

Use the following commands to configure N4 session release success rate alerts.

```
alerts rules group BngSession
    interval-seconds 300
    rule SessionReleaseSuccessRate
        expression "sum by (namespace,upf_name)
(increase(bng_proto_udp_total{message_name=\"n4_session_deletion_res\",message_direction=\"inbound\",
status=\"accepted\"}[5m]))/sum by (namespace,upf_name) (increase(bng_proto_udp_total{
message_name=\"n4_session_deletion_req\", message_direction=\"outbound\",
transport_type=\"origin\",status=\"accepted\"}[5m])) < THRESHOLD"
        severity major
        type "Communications Alarm"
        annotation summary
        value "This alert is fired when the percentage of successful Session Release Responses
received is lesser than expected threshold for upf: {{$labels.upf_name}}"
        exit
exit
```

## N4 Session Request Timeouts

Use the following commands to configure alerts to calculate the rate of N4 session requests that timeout awaiting response from the UP.

```
alerts rules group BngSession
    interval-seconds 300
    rule N4SessionReqTimeouts
        expression "sum by (namespace,
upf_name) (increase(bng_proto_udp_total{message_name=\"n4_session_establishment_req|n4_session_modification_req|n4_session_deletion_req\",message_direction=\"outbound\",
status=\"Timeout\"}[15m]))/sum by (namespace, upf_name) (increase(bng_proto_udp_total{
message_name=~\"n4_session_establishment_req|n4_session_modification_req|n4_session_deletion_req\",
message_direction=\"outbound\", transport_type=\"origin\"}[15m])) > THRESHOLD"
        severity major
        type "Communications Alarm"
        annotation summary
        value "This alert is fired for upf {{$labels.upf_name}} as n4 session requests are
getting timeout for last 15mins"
        exit
exit
```

## Alert Routing to SNMP Trapper

The CNEE SNMP Trapper supports alert or alarm routing. Login to the CNEE Ops center to enable the SNMP Trapper because it is disabled by default. To enable SNMP traps, see [Configuring SNMP Traps, on page 11](#).

The SNMP agent uses the Management Information Base (MIB) to handle SNMP trap notifications in the CISCO-CNEE-MIB.my. The CNEE generates two types of notifications with the following trap object identifiers (OID):

- **cneeFaultClearNotif**—The CNEE generates this notification when fault or alert gets cleared.
- **cneeFaultActiveNotif**—The CNEE generates this notification when fault or alert gets triggered.

For more details, see the "SMI MIB Reference" chapter in the *Ultra Cloud Core Subscriber Microservices Infrastructure Operations Guide*.

## Alert Routing to Alert Logger

The Alert Logger allows to view active and silenced alerts or history of alerts triggered from CNEE Ops Center using show commands. Alert routing is enabled by default.

For more details, see the "Viewing Alert Logger" section in the "Common Execution Environment" chapter of the *Ultra Cloud Core Common Execution Environment Configuration and Administration Guide*.

## Alarm Severity Levels

The alert or alarm severity levels are as follows:

- Critical
- Major
- Minor
- Warning

All severity level alerts are routed to the SNMP Trapper. The CNEE does not have a mechanism to route only critical or major alerts or alarms to the SNMP Trapper while configuring alerts rules. To address this requirement, configure the following CLI command to avoid routing minor or warning alerts or alarms to the SNMP Trapper.

```
cee# alerts silence add matchers { name severity isRegex true value
\"warning\"|minor\" }
```

Use the following command to view silenced alerts or alarms.

```
show alerts silenced { summary | detail }
```

## Configuring Alarm Support

This section describes how to configure Alarm Support on cnBNG CP.

Configuring Alarm Support involves the following procedures:

## Configuring Alert Rules

Use the following commands to configure alert rules:

```
config
  alerts rules group alert_group_name
  interval-seconds seconds
  rule rule_name
    expression promql_expression
    duration duration
    severity severity_level
    type alert-type
    annotation annotation_name
    value annotation_value
  exit
exit
```

### NOTES:

- **alerts rules:** Specifies the Prometheus alerting rules.
- **group *alert\_group\_name*:** Specifies the Prometheus alerting rule group. One alert group can have multiple lists of rules. *alert-group-name* is the name of the alert group. The alert-group-name must be a string in the range of 0 to 64 characters.
- **interval-seconds *seconds*:** Specifies the evaluation interval of the rule group in seconds.
- **rule *rule\_name*:** Specifies the alerting rule definition. *rule\_name* is the name of the rule.
- **expression *promql\_expression*:** Specifies the PromQL alerting rule expression. *promql\_expression* is the alert rule query expressed in PromQL syntax.
- **duration *duration*:** Specifies the duration of a true condition before it is considered true. *duration* is the time interval before the alert is triggered.
- **severity *severity\_level*:** Specifies the severity of the alert. *severity-level* is the severity level of the alert. The severity levels are critical, major, minor, and warning.
- **type *alert\_type*:** Specifies the type of the alert. *alert\_type* is the user-defined alert type. For example, Communications Alarm, Environmental Alarm, Equipment Alarm, Indeterminate Integrity Violation Alarm, Operational Violation Alarm, Physical Violation Alarm, Processing Error Alarm, Quality of Service Alarm, Security Service Alarm, Mechanism Violation Alarm, or Time Domain Violation Alarm.
- **annotation *annotation\_name*:** Specifies the annotation to attach to the alerts. *annotation\_name* is the name of the annotation.
- **value *annotation\_value*:** Specifies the annotation value. *annotation\_value* is the value of the annotation.

The following example configures an alert, which is triggered when the percentage of Unified Data Management (UDM) responses is less than the specified threshold limit.

### Example:

```
config terminal
  alerts rules group BNGUDMchk_incr
  interval-seconds 300
  rule BNGUDMchk_incr
    expression "sum(increase(bng_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"udm\"},
```

```

message_direction="outbound", response_status=~"2.."[3m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type="udm", message_direction="outbound"}[3m]))
< 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage of UDM responses is less than threshold"
    exit
exit

```

You can view the configured alert using the **show running-config alerts** command.

### Example:

The following example displays the alerts configured in the running configuration:

```

show running-config alerts
interval-seconds 300
rule SMFUDMchk_incr
expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type="udm",
message_direction="outbound", response_status=~"2.."[3m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type="udm", message_direction="outbound"}[3m]))
< 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage of UDM responses is less than threshold"

    exit
exit

```

## Configuring SNMP Traps

Use the following commands to configure or enable SNMP Traps.

```

config
    snmp-trapper enable true
    snmp-trapper { v2c-target target | v3-target target |
v3-engine-id source_engine_id }
        community [ community_string ]
        port [ port ]
    exit
    snmp-trapper source-ip-routes [ vip_options ]
exit

config
    no snmp-trapper enable
exit

```

### NOTES:

- **snmp-trapper enable true:** Enables the SNMP trapper parameters.
- **v2c-target|v3-target [ target ]:** Specifies the list of SNMP v2c and v3 trap receivers.
- **community [ community\_string ]:** Specifies the SNMP trap receiver community.
- **v3-engine-id source\_engine\_id:** Specifies the source engine ID for the v3 traps. *source\_engine\_id* must be an hexagonal string. For instance, 80004f.

- **port** [ *port* ]: Specifies the SNMP trap receiver port. *port* must be an integer in the range of 0 through 65535. The default value is 162.
- **source-ip-routes** [ *vip\_options* ]: Enables binding to source IP for SNMP routing. *vip\_options* specifies the virtual IP (VIP) address. The different options for virtual IP addresses include:
  - **default-external-vip**: Specifies the default external VIP for source IP routing.
  - **internal-vip**: Specifies the internal VIP for source IP routing.
  - **source-external-vips**: Specifies the external VIP per namespace.
- **no snmp-trapper enable**: Disables SNMP traps.