



## **Cloud Native BNG Control Plane Command Reference Guide, Release 2024.01**

**First Published:** 2024-01-31

### **Americas Headquarters**

Cisco Systems, Inc.  
170 West Tasman Drive  
San Jose, CA 95134-1706  
USA  
<http://www.cisco.com>  
Tel: 408 526-4000  
800 553-NETS (6387)  
Fax: 408 527-0883

THE SPECIFICATIONS AND INFORMATION REGARDING THE PRODUCTS IN THIS MANUAL ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. ALL STATEMENTS, INFORMATION, AND RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS MANUAL ARE BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE BUT ARE PRESENTED WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED. USERS MUST TAKE FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THEIR APPLICATION OF ANY PRODUCTS.

THE SOFTWARE LICENSE AND LIMITED WARRANTY FOR THE ACCOMPANYING PRODUCT ARE SET FORTH IN THE INFORMATION PACKET THAT SHIPPED WITH THE PRODUCT AND ARE INCORPORATED HEREIN BY THIS REFERENCE. IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO LOCATE THE SOFTWARE LICENSE OR LIMITED WARRANTY, CONTACT YOUR CISCO REPRESENTATIVE FOR A COPY.

The Cisco implementation of TCP header compression is an adaptation of a program developed by the University of California, Berkeley (UCB) as part of UCB's public domain version of the UNIX operating system. All rights reserved. Copyright © 1981, Regents of the University of California.

NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER WARRANTY HEREIN, ALL DOCUMENT FILES AND SOFTWARE OF THESE SUPPLIERS ARE PROVIDED "AS IS" WITH ALL FAULTS. CISCO AND THE ABOVE-NAMED SUPPLIERS DISCLAIM ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, THOSE OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NON-INFRINGEMENT OR ARISING FROM A COURSE OF DEALING, USAGE, OR TRADE PRACTICE.

IN NO EVENT SHALL CISCO OR ITS SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, LOST PROFITS OR LOSS OR DAMAGE TO DATA ARISING OUT OF THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THIS MANUAL, EVEN IF CISCO OR ITS SUPPLIERS HAVE BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

Any Internet Protocol (IP) addresses and phone numbers used in this document are not intended to be actual addresses and phone numbers. Any examples, command display output, network topology diagrams, and other figures included in the document are shown for illustrative purposes only. Any use of actual IP addresses or phone numbers in illustrative content is unintentional and coincidental.

All printed copies and duplicate soft copies of this document are considered uncontrolled. See the current online version for the latest version.

Cisco has more than 200 offices worldwide. Addresses and phone numbers are listed on the Cisco website at [www.cisco.com/go/offices](http://www.cisco.com/go/offices).

Cisco and the Cisco logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Cisco and/or its affiliates in the U.S. and other countries. To view a list of Cisco trademarks, go to this URL: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/about/legal/trademarks.html>. Third-party trademarks mentioned are the property of their respective owners. The use of the word partner does not imply a partnership relationship between Cisco and any other company. (1721R)

© 2024 Cisco Systems, Inc. All rights reserved.



## About this Guide



**Note** The documentation set for this product strives to use bias-free language. For purposes of this documentation set, bias-free is defined as language that does not imply discrimination based on age, disability, gender, racial identity, ethnic identity, sexual orientation, socioeconomic status, and intersectionality. While any existing biased terms are being substituted, exceptions may be present in the documentation due to language that is hardcoded in the user interfaces of the product software, language used based on RFP documentation, or language that is used by a referenced third-party product.

This guide provides details about the CLI commands available for the Cloud Native Broadband Network Gateway (cnBNG) Control Plane (CP).

- [Conventions Used, on page iii](#)

## Conventions Used

The following tables describe the conventions used throughout this documentation.

Notice Type	Description
Information Note	Provides information about important features or instructions.
Caution	Alerts you of potential damage to a program, device, or system.
Warning	Alerts you of potential personal injury or fatality. May also alert you of potential electrical hazards.

Typeface Conventions	Description
Text represented as a screen display	This typeface represents displays that appear on your terminal screen, for example: <code>Login:</code>
Text represented as <b>commands</b>	This typeface represents commands that you enter, for example: <b><code>show ip access-list</code></b> This document always gives the full form of a command in lowercase letters. Commands are not case sensitive.

Typeface Conventions	Description
Text represented as a <b>command</b> <i>variable</i>	This typeface represents a variable that is part of a command, for example: <b>show card</b> <i>slot_number</i> <i>slot_number</i> is a variable representing the desired chassis slot number.
Text represented as menu or sub-menu names	This typeface represents menus and sub-menus that you access within a software application, for example: Click the <b>File</b> menu, then click <b>New</b>



## CHAPTER 1

# cnBNG CP Commands

---

This guide describes the CLI commands that are used to configure a control plane in cnBNG.

Some keywords and commands are common across multiple commands and configuration modes respectively. Use the information in the Command Modes section only as a reference to navigate to the command in the applicable configuration modes.

- [auto-test enable, on page 4](#)
- [auto-test enable idle-timer, on page 5](#)
- [clear subscriber, on page 5](#)
- [endpoint ep, on page 7](#)
- [endpoint ep interface, on page 7](#)
- [endpoint ep interface sla, on page 8](#)
- [endpoint ep interface vip, on page 8](#)
- [endpoint ep vip, on page 9](#)
- [helm, on page 9](#)
- [helm charts, on page 10](#)
- [helm repository, on page 10](#)
- [ipam address-pool, on page 11](#)
- [ipam address-pool ipv4 address-range, on page 11](#)
- [ipam address-pool ipv4 split-size, on page 12](#)
- [ipam address-pool ipv4 threshold, on page 13](#)
- [ipam address-pool ipv6 address-ranges address-range, on page 13](#)
- [ipam address-pool ipv6 address-ranges split-size, on page 14](#)
- [ipam address-pool ipv6 address-ranges threshold, on page 14](#)
- [ipam address-pool ipv6 prefix-ranges prefix-range, on page 14](#)
- [ipam address-pool ipv6 prefix-ranges split-size, on page 15](#)
- [ipam address-pool ipv6 prefix-ranges threshold, on page 15](#)
- [ipam address-pool static, on page 16](#)
- [ipam source, on page 16](#)
- [ipam threshold, on page 16](#)
- [k8 bng, on page 17](#)
- [k8 label pod-group-config, on page 18](#)
- [kubernetes, on page 19](#)
- [kubernetes nodes, on page 20](#)
- [logging level, on page 20](#)

- [logging logger](#), on page 22
- [logging logger level](#), on page 22
- [logging transaction](#), on page 24
- [profile aaa](#), on page 24
- [profile aaa accounting](#), on page 25
- [profile aaa authentication](#), on page 25
- [profile aaa authorization](#), on page 25
- [profile aaa authorization type subscriber](#), on page 26
- [profile aaa authorization username](#), on page 26
- [profile attribute-format](#), on page 27
- [profile coa](#), on page 27
- [profile coa client](#), on page 27
- [profile dhcp](#), on page 28
- [profile dhcp ipv4](#), on page 28
- [profile dhcp ipv4 class](#), on page 29
- [profile dhcp ipv4 class matches](#), on page 29
- [profile dhcp ipv4 class matches match](#), on page 29
- [profile dhcp ipv4 class server](#), on page 30
- [profile dhcp ipv4 class server lease](#), on page 31
- [profile dhcp ipv4 class server netbios-node-type](#), on page 32
- [profile dhcp ipv4 class server option-codes](#), on page 32
- [profile dhcp ipv4 class server option-codes option-code](#), on page 33
- [profile dhcp ipv4 server](#), on page 34
- [profile dhcp ipv4 server lease](#), on page 35
- [profile dhcp ipv4 server netbios-node-type](#), on page 35
- [profile dhcp ipv4 server option-codes](#), on page 36
- [profile dhcp ipv4 server option-codes option-code](#), on page 37
- [profile dhcp ipv6](#), on page 38
- [profile dhcp ipv6 class](#), on page 38
- [profile dhcp ipv6 class server](#), on page 38
- [profile dhcp ipv6 class server lease](#), on page 39
- [profile dhcp ipv6 server](#), on page 40
- [profile dhcp ipv6 server lease](#), on page 41
- [profile feature-template](#), on page 42
- [profile feature-template ipv4](#), on page 42
- [profile feature-template ipv4 verify-unicast-source](#), on page 43
- [profile feature-template ipv6](#), on page 43
- [profile feature-template ipv6 verify-unicast-source](#), on page 44
- [profile feature-template ppp](#), on page 44
- [profile feature-template ppp chap](#), on page 45
- [profile feature-template ppp ipcp](#), on page 45
- [profile feature-template ppp ipcp dns](#), on page 46
- [profile feature-template ppp ipcp renegotiation](#), on page 46
- [profile feature-template ppp ipcp wins](#), on page 46
- [profile feature-template ppp ipv6cp renegotiation](#), on page 47
- [profile feature-template ppp keepalive](#), on page 47

- profile feature-template ppp lcp delay, on page 48
- profile feature-template ppp lcp renegotiation, on page 48
- profile feature-template ppp pap, on page 49
- profile feature-template ppp timeout, on page 49
- profile feature-template ppp timeout absolute, on page 49
- profile feature-template qos, on page 50
- profile feature-template service-accounting, on page 50
- profile feature-template session-accounting, on page 51
- profile pppoe, on page 52
- profile pppoe max-payload, on page 55
- profile pppoe session-limit circuit-id, on page 56
- profile pppoe session-limit mac, on page 56
- profile pppoe session-limit max, on page 56
- profile pppoe session-limit outer-vlan, on page 57
- profile radius, on page 57
- profile radius accounting, on page 58
- profile radius accounting attribute called-station-id, on page 60
- profile radius accounting attribute calling-station-id, on page 61
- profile radius accounting attribute nas-identifier-format, on page 61
- profile radius accounting attribute nas-port-id, on page 61
- profile radius accounting detect-dead-server, on page 62
- profile radius attribute called-station-id, on page 62
- profile radius attribute called-station-id format, on page 63
- profile radius attribute calling-station-id, on page 63
- profile radius attribute calling-station-id format, on page 64
- profile radius attribute nas-identifier-format, on page 64
- profile radius attribute nas-identifier-format format, on page 65
- profile radius attribute nas-ip, on page 65
- profile radius attribute nas-port-id, on page 66
- profile radius attribute nas-port-id format, on page 66
- profile radius detect-dead-server, on page 67
- profile radius server, on page 67
- profile radius server-group, on page 68
- profile radius server-group server, on page 68
- profile server-group, on page 69
- profile subscriber, on page 69
- profile subscriber aaa, on page 70
- profile subscriber class, on page 71
- profile subscriber class aaa, on page 72
- profile subscriber class matches, on page 72
- profile subscriber class matches match, on page 72
- profile subscriber event, on page 73
- profile subscriber event aaa, on page 74
- profile subscriber event class, on page 75
- profile subscriber event class aaa, on page 75
- profile subscriber event class matches, on page 76

- [profile subscriber event class matches match, on page 76](#)
- [show sessions, on page 77](#)
- [show sessions affinity, on page 77](#)
- [show sessions commit-pending, on page 78](#)
- [show diagnostics, on page 78](#)
- [show diagnostics info, on page 78](#)
- [show endpoint all, on page 78](#)
- [show endpoint info, on page 78](#)
- [show ipam dp, on page 79](#)
- [show ipam pool, on page 79](#)
- [show peers, on page 79](#)
- [show peers all, on page 79](#)
- [show resources, on page 80](#)
- [show resources info, on page 80](#)
- [show rpc, on page 80](#)
- [show rpc all, on page 80](#)
- [show running-status, on page 80](#)
- [show running-status info, on page 81](#)
- [show subscriber, on page 81](#)
- [show subscriber, on page 82](#)
- [show subscriber filter, on page 83](#)
- [show subscriber redundancy, on page 86](#)
- [show subscriber redundancy-sync, on page 86](#)
- [show subscriber session, on page 87](#)
- [show subscriber synchronize, on page 87](#)
- [subscriber featurette dhcp-lease-reservation enable, on page 88](#)
- [subscriber-redundancy group, on page 88](#)
- [subscriber redundancy session-synchronize add, on page 89](#)
- [subscriber redundancy session-synchronize delete, on page 90](#)
- [subscriber reset-token, on page 91](#)
- [subscriber route-synchronize, on page 91](#)
- [subscriber session-synchronize, on page 91](#)
- [subscriber session-synchronize-cp, on page 92](#)
- [subscriber token, on page 92](#)
- [user-plane, on page 93](#)
- [user-plane flowctrl-group, on page 93](#)
- [user-plane peer-address, on page 94](#)
- [user-plane port-id, on page 94](#)

## auto-test enable

Enables RADIUS automated testing.

### Command Modes

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius) > Server Configuration (config-server)



**Syntax Description** `auto-test enable`

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to enable RADIUS automated testing. To disable the RADIUS Automated Testing feature, use the **no auto-test enable** command.

## auto-test enable idle-timer

Enables RADIUS automated testing along with idle-timer functionality.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius) > Server Configuration (config-server)

**Syntax Description** `auto-test enable idle-timer value`

**idle-timer value**

Specify the value for idle-timer.

Must be a number in the range of 1 - 30.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to enable RADIUS automated testing along with idle-timer functionality. To disable the idle-timer functionality, use the **no auto-test idle-timer** command.

## clear subscriber

Clears BNG subscriber data.

**Command Modes** Exec

**Syntax Description** `clear subscriber [ force ] type { [ ipv4-pool ipv4_pool_name ] [ ipv4-range ipv4_address_range ] [ ipv6-addr-pool ipv6_address_pool_name ] [ ipv6-addr-range ipv6_address_range ] [ ipv6-pfx-pool ipv6_prefix_pool_name ] [ ipv6-pfx-range ipv6_prefix_range ] [ mac mac_address ] [ port-id upf_port_id ] [ sublabel subscriber_label ] [ upf upf_name ] }`

**force**

Specify to force session deletion, even if UP is down.

**ipv4-pool ipv4\_pool\_name**

Specify the IPv4 address pool name.

Must be a string.

**ipv4-range ipv4\_address\_range**

Specify the IPv4 address range in the format "*poolName/start-ip*".

Must be a string.

**ipv6-addr-pool *ipv6\_address\_pool\_name***

Specify the IPv6 address pool name.

Must be a string.

**ipv6-addr-range *ipv6\_address\_range***

Specify the IPv6 address range in the format "*poolName/start-ip*".

Must be a string.

**ipv6-pfx-pool *ipv6\_prefix\_pool\_name***

Specify the IPv6 prefix pool name.

Must be a string.

**ipv6-pfx-range *ipv6\_prefix\_range***

Specify the IPv6 prefix range in the format "*poolName/start-pfx*".

Must be a string.

**mac *mac\_address***

Specify the MAC address in the format "*aabb.ccdd.eeff*".

Must be a string.

**port-id *upf\_port\_id***

Specify the user plane function port ID in the format "*upf/port-id*".

Must be a string.

**sublabel *subscriber\_label***

Specify the subscriber label.

Must be a string.

**upf *upf\_name***

Specify the user plane function name.

Must be a string.

***type***

Specify the type.

Must be one of the following:

- **dhcp**
- **pppoe**
- **sessmgr**

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to clear BNG subscriber data.

## endpoint ep

Configures endpoint parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration

**Syntax Description** `endpoint endpoint_type { replicas replicas_per_node | nodes node_replicas_for_resiliency | loopbackEth loopbackEth | loopbackPort loopbackPort }`

**eptype endpoint\_type**

Specify the endpoint type.

**loopbackEth loopbackEth**

Specify the endpoint local interface name or host IP.

Must be a string.

**loopbackPort loopbackPort**

Specify the endpoint local port.

Must be an integer.

**nodes node\_replicas\_for\_resiliency**

Specify the number of node replicas for resiliency.

Must be an integer.

Default Value: 1.

**replicas replicas\_per\_node**

Specify the number of replicas per node.

Must be an integer.

Default Value: 1.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure endpoint parameters.

## endpoint ep interface

Configures the interface type.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration

**Syntax Description** `endpoint ep interface interface_type`

**loopbackEth *loopback\_eth***

Specify the loopback Eth.

Must be a string.

**loopbackPort *loopback\_port***

Specify the loopback port.

Must be an integer.

***interface\_type***

Specify the interface type.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the interface type.

## endpoint ep interface sla

Configures SLA parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration

**Syntax Description** `endpoint ep interface sla { response response_time | procedure procedure_time }`

**procedure *procedure\_time***

Specify the procedure time in milliseconds.

Must be an integer in the range of 1000-120000.

**response *response\_time***

Specify the response time in milliseconds.

Must be an integer in the range of 1000-180000.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure SLA parameters.

## endpoint ep interface vip

Configures VIP IP parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration

**Syntax Description** `endpoint ep interface vip { vip-ip vip_ip | vip-port vip_port | offline }`

**offline**

Specify to mark the vip-ip as offline.

**vip-ip *vip\_ip***

Specify the host IP address.

Must be a string.

**vip-port *vip\_port***

Specify the port number.

Must be an integer.

---

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure VIP IP parameters.

## endpoint ep vip

Configures VIP parameters.

---

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration > Endpoint Configuration

---

**Syntax Description** **vip-ip** *vip\_ip\_address* [ [ **vip-port** *port\_number* ] [ **offline** ] ]

**offline**

Specify the VIP-IP as offline.

**vip-ip *vip\_ip\_address***

Specify the VIP IP address.

Must be a string.

**vip-port *port\_number***

Specify the port number.

Must be an integer.

---

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure VIP parameters.

## helm

Configures Helm configuration parameters.

---

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config)

---

**Syntax Description** **helm default-repository** *default\_repository\_name*

**default-repository *default\_repository\_name***

Specify the name of the default Helm repository.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure Helm configuration parameters.

## helm charts

Displays Helm release details.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config)

**Syntax Description** `charts`

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to view Helm release details.

## helm repository

Configures Helm repository parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config)

**Syntax Description** `helm repository helm_repo_name [ [ access-token access_token ] [ url helm_repo_url ] [ username helm_repo_username ] [ password helm_repo_password ] ]`

**access-token** *helm\_repo\_access\_token*

Specify the access token for the Helm repository.

Must be a string.

**password** *helm\_repo\_password*

Specify the password for the Helm repository.

Must be an aes-cfb-128-encrypted string.

**url** *helm\_repo\_url*

Specify the URL for the Helm repository.

Must be a string.

**username** *helm\_repo\_username*

Specify the username for the Helm repository.

Must be a string.

**helm\_repo\_name**

Specify the name of the Helm repository.

Must be a string.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the Helm repository parameters.

# ipam address-pool

Configures IPAM address pools.

---

## Command Modes

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > IPAM Configuration (config-ipam)

---

## Syntax Description

**address-pool** *pool\_name* [ **static** | **offline** | **vrf-name** *vrf\_name* ]

### **address-quarantine-timer** *address\_quarantine\_timer\_interval*

Specify the address quarantine timer interval in seconds.

Must be an integer in the range of 4-60.

Default Value: 4.

### **default-gateway** *ip\_address*

Specify the default gateway IP address for static pool.

Must be an IPv4 address.

### **offline**

Specify the pool as an offline pool.

### **prefix-length** *prefix\_length*

Specify the prefix length.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-64.

Default Value: 64.

### **vrf-name** *vrf\_name*

Specify the VRF name.

Must be a string.

### **pool\_name**

Specify the address pool's name.

Must be a string.

---

## Usage Guidelines

Use this command to configure IPAM address pools.

# ipam address-pool ipv4 address-range

Configures IPv4 address ranges.

---

## Command Modes

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > IPAM Configuration (config-ipam) > Address Pool Configuration

---

**Syntax Description**    **address-range** *start\_ipv4\_address end\_ipv4\_address* [ **offline** ]

**default-gateway *ip\_address***

Specify the default gateway IP address for static pool.

Must be an IPv4 address.

**offline**

Specify the IPv4 address range as offline.

***end\_ipv4\_address***

Specify the end address of the IPv4 address range.

Must be an IPv4 address.

***start\_ipv4\_address***

Specify the start address of the IPv4 address range.

Must be an IPv4 address.

---

**Usage Guidelines**    Use this command to configure IPv4 address ranges.

## ipam address-pool ipv4 split-size

Configures chunk split size.

---

**Command Modes**    Exec > Global Configuration > IPAM Configuration

---

**Syntax Description**    **split-size** [ **per-cache** *number\_of\_addresses* ] [ **per-dp** *number\_of\_addresses* ]

**no-split**

Specify not to split the address range into smaller chunks.

***per-cache number\_of\_addresses***

Specify the number of addresses per chunk for IPAM cache allocation. Specify in power of 2.

Must be an integer in the range of 2-262144.

***per-dp number\_of\_addresses***

Specify the number of addresses per chunk for data-plane allocation. Specify in power of 2.

Must be an integer in the range of 2-262144.

---

**Usage Guidelines**    Use this command to configure chunk split sizes.



## ipam address-pool ipv4 threshold

Configures pool thresholds.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration > IPAM Configuration

**Syntax Description** **threshold** **upper-threshold** *upper\_threshold*

**upper-threshold** *upper\_threshold*

Specify the upper threshold value in percentage.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-100.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure pool thresholds.

## ipam address-pool ipv6 address-ranges address-range

Configures IPv6 address ranges.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > IPAM Configuration (config-ipam) > Address Pool Configuration > Address Ranges Configuration

**Syntax Description** **address-range** *start\_ipv6\_address end\_ipv6\_address* [ **offline** ]

**default-gateway** *ip\_address*

Specify the default gateway IP address for static pool.

Must be an IPv4 address.

**offline**

Specify the IPv6 address range as offline.

**end\_ipv6\_address**

Specify the end address of the IPv6 address range.

Must be an IPv6 address.

**start\_ipv6\_address**

Specify the start address of the IPv6 address range.

Must be an IPv6 address.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure IPv6 address ranges.

## ipam address-pool ipv6 address-ranges split-size

Configures chunk split size.

### Command Modes

Exec > Global Configuration > IPAM Configuration

### Syntax Description

**split-size** [ **per-cache** *number\_of\_addresses* ] [ **per-dp** *number\_of\_addresses* ]

#### **no-split**

Specify not to split the address range into smaller chunks.

#### **per-cache** *number\_of\_addresses*

Specify the number of addresses per chunk for IPAM cache allocation. Specify in power of 2.  
Must be an integer in the range of 2-262144.

#### **per-dp** *number\_of\_addresses*

Specify the number of addresses per chunk for data-plane allocation. Specify in power of 2.  
Must be an integer in the range of 2-262144.

### Usage Guidelines

Use this command to configure chunk split sizes.

## ipam address-pool ipv6 address-ranges threshold

Configures pool thresholds.

### Command Modes

Exec > Global Configuration > IPAM Configuration

### Syntax Description

**threshold** **upper-threshold** *upper\_threshold*

#### **upper-threshold** *upper\_threshold*

Specify the upper threshold value in percentage.  
Must be an integer in the range of 1-100.

### Usage Guidelines

Use this command to configure pool thresholds.

## ipam address-pool ipv6 prefix-ranges prefix-range

Configures IPv6 prefix ranges.

### Command Modes

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > IPAM Configuration (config-ipam) > Address Pool Configuration > Prefix Ranges Configuration

---

**Syntax Description**    **prefix-range** *prefix\_value* **length** *prefix\_length* [ **offline** ]

**length** *prefix\_length*

Specify the prefix length.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-63.

**offline**

Specify the IPv6 prefix range as offline.

**prefix-range** *prefix\_value*

Specify the IPv6 prefix range.

Must be an IPv6 address.

---

**Usage Guidelines**    Use this command to configure IPv6 prefix ranges.

## ipam address-pool ipv6 prefix-ranges split-size

Configures chunk split size.

---

**Command Modes**    Exec > Global Configuration > IPAM Configuration

---

**Syntax Description**    **split-size** [ **per-cache** *number\_of\_addresses* ] [ **per-dp** *number\_of\_addresses* ]

**no-split**

Specify not to split the address range into smaller chunks.

**per-cache** *number\_of\_addresses*

Specify the number of addresses per chunk for IPAM cache allocation. Specify in power of 2.

Must be an integer in the range of 2-262144.

**per-dp** *number\_of\_addresses*

Specify the number of addresses per chunk for data-plane allocation. Specify in power of 2.

Must be an integer in the range of 2-262144.

---

**Usage Guidelines**    Use this command to configure chunk split sizes.

## ipam address-pool ipv6 prefix-ranges threshold

Configures pool thresholds.

---

**Command Modes**    Exec > Global Configuration > IPAM Configuration

**Syntax Description** `threshold upper-threshold upper_threshold`

**upper-threshold *upper\_threshold***

Specify the upper threshold value in percentage.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-100.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure pool thresholds.

## ipam address-pool static

Configures static pool parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > IPAM Configuration (config-ipam) > Address Pool Configuration

**Syntax Description** `static { enable | user-plane user_plane }`

**enable**

Specify to set pool as static.

**user-plane *user\_plane***

Specify to associate user plane for this static pool.

Must be a string.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure static pool parameters.

## ipam source

Configures pool-datastore source selection.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config)

**Syntax Description** `ipam source local`

**local**

Specify to use local address pool datastore.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure pool-datastore source selection. Enters the IPAM Configuration mode";

## ipam threshold

Configures global thresholds.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > IPAM Configuration (config-ipam)

**Syntax Description**

```
threshold [ [ ipv4-addr ipv4_address_threshold ] | [ ipv6-addr
ipv6_address_threshold ] | [ ipv6-prefix ipv6_prefix_threshold ] ]
```

**ipv4-addr *ipv4\_address\_threshold***

Specify the IPv4 address threshold in percentage.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-100.

**ipv6-addr *ipv6\_address\_threshold***

Specify the IPv6 address threshold in percentage.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-100.

**ipv6-prefix *ipv6\_prefix\_threshold***

Specify the IPv6 prefix threshold in percentage.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-100.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure global thresholds.

## k8 bng

Configures k8 BNG parameters.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration

**Syntax Description**

```
bng etcd-endpoint etcd_endpoint datastore-endpoint datastore_endpoint
coverage-build { false | true }
```

**etcd-endpoint *etcd\_endpoint***

Specify the Etcd endpoint configuration. For example, *hostname:port*

Default Value: "etcd:2379".

**datastore-endpoint *datastore\_endpoint***

Specify the Datastore endpoint configuration. For example, *hostname:port*

**etcd-endpoint *etcd\_endpoint***

Specify the Etcd endpoint configuration. For example, *hostname:port*

Default Value: "datastore-ep-session:8882".

**coverage-build { false | true }**

Specify to enable or disable coverage build.

Must be one of the following:

- **false**

- **true**

Default Value: false.

**datastore-endpoint** *datastore\_endpoint*

Specify the Datastore endpoint configuration. For example, *hostname:port*

**etcd-endpoint** *etcd\_endpoint*

Specify the Etcd endpoint configuration. For example, *hostname:port*

---

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure k8 BNG parameters.

## k8 label pod-group-config

Configures K8 node affinity label pod group configuration.

---

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration

---

**Syntax Description**

**k8 label pod-group-config** **pod-group** *pod\_group* **key** *label\_key* **value** *label\_value*

**key** *label\_key*

Specify the key for the label.

Must be a string.

**pod-group** *pod\_group*

Specify the pod group for the VMs.

Must be one of the following:

- **cdl-layer**
- **oam-layer**
- **protocol-layer**
- **service-layer**

**value** *label\_value*

Specify the value for the label.

Must be a string.

---

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure K8 node affinity label pod group configuration.

# kubernetes

Configures Kubernetes parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config)

**Syntax Description** **k8s name** *k8s\_cluster\_name* [ [ **image-pull-secrets** *image\_pull\_secrets* ] [ **ingress-host-name** *ingress\_host\_name* ] [ **namespace** *k8s\_namespace* ] [ **nf-name** *nf\_name* ] [ **registry** *image\_registry* ] [ **single-node** { **false** | **true** } ] [ **use-volume-claims** { **false** | **true** } ] ]

**image-pull-secrets** *image\_pull\_secrets*

Specify the image pull secrets stored within K8s.

Must be a string.

**ingress-host-name** *ingress\_host\_name*

Specify the generic ingress host name.

Must be a string.

**name** *k8s\_cluster\_name*

Specify the K8s cluster name.

Must be a string.

**namespace** *k8s\_namespace*

Specify the K8s namespace for the network function.

Must be a string.

**nf-name** *nf\_name*

Specify the NF deployed in this k8s namespace.

Must be a string.

**registry** *image\_registry*

This keyword is deprecated.

Must be a string.

**single-node** { **false** | **true** }

Specify to enable or disable single node deployment.

Must be one of the following:

- **false**
- **true**

Default Value: false.

**use-volume-claims { false | true }**

Specify to enable or disable using volume claims when deploying.

Must be one of the following:

- false
- true

Default Value: false.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure Kubernetes parameters.

## kubernetes nodes

Configures list of k8s nodes.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config)

**Syntax Description** **k8s nodes** *k8s\_node\_name* [ [ **node-type** *node\_type* ] [ **worker-type** *worker\_type* ] ]

**node-type** *node\_type*

Specify the K8s node type.

Must be a string.

**worker-type** *worker\_type*

Specify the k8s worker type.

Must be a string.

**k8s\_node\_name**

Specify the K8s node name.

Must be a string.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the list of k8s nodes.

## logging level

Configures the logging level.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration

**Syntax Description** **level** *log\_level*



**application *application\_log\_level***

Specify the application logging level.

Must be one of the following:

- **debug**
- **error**
- **info**
- **off**
- **trace**
- **warn**

**monitor-subscriber *monitor\_subscriber\_log\_level***

Specify the monitor subscriber logging level.

Must be one of the following:

- **debug**
- **error**
- **info**
- **off**
- **trace**
- **warn**

**tracing *tracing\_log\_level***

Specify the tracing logging level.

Must be one of the following:

- **debug**
- **error**
- **info**
- **off**
- **trace**
- **warn**

**transaction *transaction\_log\_level***

Specify the transaction logging level.

Must be one of the following:

- **debug**

- **error**
- **info**
- **off**
- **trace**
- **warn**

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the logging level.

## logging logger

Configures the log name.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration

**Syntax Description** `logger log_name`

*log\_name*

Specify the log name in "module.component.interface" format.

Must be a string.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the log name.

## logging logger level

Configures the logging level.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration

**Syntax Description** `logger level log_type_options`

*application application\_log\_level*

Specify the application logging level.

Must be one of the following:

- **debug**
- **error**
- **info**
- **off**
- **trace**
- **warn**

**monitor-subscriber *monitor\_subscriber\_log\_level***

Specify the monitor subscriber logging level.

Must be one of the following:

- **debug**
- **error**
- **info**
- **off**
- **trace**
- **warn**

**tracing *tracing\_log\_level***

Specify the tracing logging level.

Must be one of the following:

- **debug**
- **error**
- **info**
- **off**
- **trace**
- **warn**

**transaction *transaction\_log\_level***

Specify the transaction logging level.

Must be one of the following:

- **debug**
- **error**
- **info**
- **off**
- **trace**
- **warn**

---

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure the logging level.

# logging transaction

Configures the transaction logging parameters.

## Command Modes

Exec > Global Configuration

## Syntax Description

**transaction** *transaction\_log\_parameters*

### duplicate

Specify to enable duplicate in transaction logging.

Must be one of the following:

- **disable**
- **enable**

Default Value: disable.

### message

Specify to enable messages in transaction logging.

Must be one of the following:

- **disable**
- **enable**

Default Value: disable.

## Usage Guidelines

Use this command to configure the transaction logging parameters.

# profile aaa

Configures AAA profiles.

## Command Modes

Exec > Global Configuration (config)

## Syntax Description

**profile aaa** *aaa\_profile\_name*

### *aaa\_profile\_name*

Specify the AAA profile name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s,\t,\'"]\*).

## Usage Guidelines

Use this command to configure AAA profiles. Enters the AAA Profile Configuration mode.

## profile aaa accounting

Configures accounting configuration parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > AAA Profile Configuration (config-aaa-aaa\_profile\_name)

**Syntax Description** **accounting method-order** *method\_list\_order*

**method-order** *method\_list\_order*

Specify the method list order.

Must be one of the following:

- **radius**

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure accounting parameters.

You can configure a maximum of three elements with this command.

## profile aaa authentication

Configures authentication parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > AAA Profile Configuration (config-aaa-aaa\_profile\_name)

**Syntax Description** **authentication** [ **method-order** *method\_list\_order* ]

**method-order** *method\_list\_order*

Specify the method list order.

Must be one of the following:

- **radius**

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure authentication parameters.

You can configure a maximum of three elements with this command.

## profile aaa authorization

Configures authorization parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > AAA Profile Configuration (config-aaa-aaa\_profile\_name)

**Syntax Description** **authorization** [ **password** *default\_password* ]

**password *default\_password***

Specify the default password.

Must be a string.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure authorization parameters. Enters the Authorization Configuration mode.

## profile aaa authorization type subscriber

Configures authorization type subscriber.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > AAA Profile Configuration (config-aaa-aaa\_profile\_name) > Authorization Configuration (config-authorization)

**Syntax Description** **type subscriber method-order** *method\_list\_order*

**method-order *method\_list\_order***

Specify the method list order.

Must be one of the following:

- radius

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure authorization type subscriber.  
You can configure a maximum of three elements with this command.

## profile aaa authorization username

Configures the default user name.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > AAA Profile Configuration (config-aaa-aaa\_profile\_name) > Authorization Configuration (config-authorization)

**Syntax Description** **username { format *attribute\_format* | identifier *identifier\_type* | value *user\_name***  
**}**

**format *attribute\_format***

Specify the attribute format.

**identifier *identifier\_type***

Specify the identifier type.

**value *user\_name***

Specify the user name.

Must be a string.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the default user name.

## profile attribute-format

Configures AAA attribute templates.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config)

**Syntax Description** `profile attribute-format profile_name [ format-order attributes_list ]`

**format-order *attributes\_list***

Specify the ordered list of attributes.

***profile\_name***

Specify the profile name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9\_][^\s,\t,\";')\*).

Must be a string.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure AAA attribute templates. Enters the Attribute Format Profile Configuration mode.

You can configure a maximum of 32 elements with this command.

## profile coa

Configures RADIUS Dynamic-author/COA parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration

**Syntax Description** `profile coa server-key server_shared_secret_key`

**server-key *server\_shared\_secret\_key***

Specify the COA server shared secret key.

Must be an aes-cfb-128-encrypted string.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure RADIUS Dynamic-author/COA parameters.

## profile coa client

Configures RADIUS COA client parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration

---

**Syntax Description**    **client ip** *client\_ip\_address* **server-key** *client\_shared\_secret\_key*

**ip** *client\_ip\_address*

Specify the client IP address.

Must be an IP address.

**server-key** *client\_shared\_secret\_key*

Specify the client shared secret key.

Must be an aes-cfb-128-encrypted string.

---

**Usage Guidelines**    Use this command to configure RADIUS COA client parameters.

## profile dhcp

Configures DHCP profiles.

---

**Command Modes**    Exec > Global Configuration (config)

---

**Syntax Description**    **dhcp** *dhcp\_profile\_name*

**dhcp** *dhcp\_profile\_name*

Specify the DHCP profile name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s,\t,\"')]\*).

---

**Usage Guidelines**    Use this command to configure DHCP profiles. Enters the DHCP Profile Configuration mode.

## profile dhcp ipv4

Configures DHCP IPv4 parameters.

---

**Command Modes**    Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-*dhcp\_profile\_name*)

---

**Syntax Description**    **ipv4** [ **mode** *dhcp\_mode* ]

**mode** *dhcp\_mode*

Specify the DHCP server or proxy mode.

Default Value: server.

---

**Usage Guidelines**    Use this command to configure DHCP IPv4 parameters. Enters the DHCP IPv4 Configuration mode.



## profile dhcp ipv4 class

Configures DHCP IPv4 class configuration parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4)

**Syntax Description** **class** *dhcp\_class\_name*

*dhcp\_class\_name*

Specify the DHCP class name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9\_][^\s,\t,\"']\*).

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure DHCP IPv4 class configuration parameters. Enters the DHCP Class Configuration mode.

## profile dhcp ipv4 class matches

Configures the list of match values.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Class Configuration (config-class-dhcp\_class\_name)

**Syntax Description** **matches** [ **match-type** { **all** | **any** } ]

**match-type** *match\_type*

Specify the match type.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the list of match values. Enters the Matches Configuration mode.

## profile dhcp ipv4 class matches match

Configures match key and value.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP Class Configuration (config-class-dhcp\_class\_name) > Matches Configuration (config-matches)

**Syntax Description** **match** *match\_key* { **ascii** *ascii\_string* | **hex** *hex\_string* }

*match\_key*

Specify the match key.

**ascii *ascii\_string***

Specify the ASCII strings.

Must be a string.

**hex *hex\_string***

Specify the hexadecimal strings.

Must be a string in the pattern `([0-9a-fA-F]{2}([0-9a-fA-F]{2})*)?`.

**match\_key**

Specify the match key.

You can configure a maximum of "8" elements with this command.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure match key and value.

You can configure a maximum of "8" elements with this command.

## profile dhcp ipv4 class server

Configures DHCP server mode.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4)

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Class Configuration (config-class-dhcp\_class\_name)

**Syntax Description**

```
server [ boot-filename boot_file_name | dns-servers ip_address | domain-name
domain_name | netbios-name-server ip_address | next-server ip_address |
ntp-servers ntp_servers | pool-name pool_name ]
```

**boot-filename *boot\_file\_name***

Specify the boot file name.

Must be a string in the pattern `([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s,\\t,\\"])*`.

**dns-servers *ip\_address***

Specify the DNS server IP addresses.

Must be an IPv4 address.

**domain-name *domain\_name***

Specify the domain name.

Must be a string in the pattern `([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s,\\t,\\"])*`.

**netbios-name-server *ip\_address***

Specify the NetBIOS name server IP addresses.

Must be an IPv4 address.

**next-server *ip\_address***

Specify the TFTP server IP address to be used by the client.

Must be an IPv4 address.

**ntp-servers *ntp\_servers***

Specify the NTP servers.

Must be an IPv4 address.

**pool-name *pool\_name***

Specify the pool name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9\_][^\s,\t,',']\*).

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure the DHCP server mode. Enters the DHCP Server Configuration mode.

You can configure a maximum of "8" elements with this command.

## profile dhcp ipv4 class server lease

Configures DHCP Server Lease parameters.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server)

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Class Configuration (config-class-dhcp\_class\_name) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server)

**Syntax Description**

```
lease { [ days days ] [ hours hours ] [ minutes minutes ] }
```

**days *days***

Specify the number of days.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-365.

**hours *hours***

Specify the hours.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-23.

**minutes** *minutes*

Specify the minutes.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-59.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the DHCP Server Lease parameters.

## profile dhcp ipv4 class server netbios-node-type

Configures NetBIOS node type.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server)

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Class Configuration (config-class-dhcp\_class\_name) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server)

**Syntax Description** `netbios-node-type { broadcast-node | hexadecimal hex_number | hybrid-node | mixed-node | peer-to-peer-node }`

**broadcast-node**

Specify broadcast node.

**hexadecimal** *hex\_number*

Specify the hexadecimal number.

Must be a string in the pattern `([0-9a-fA-F]{2}(:[0-9a-fA-F]{2})*)?`.

**hybrid-node**

Specify hybrid node.

**mixed-node**

Specify mixed node.

**peer-to-peer-node**

Specify peer-to-peer node.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the NetBIOS node type.

## profile dhcp ipv4 class server option-codes

Configures the OptionCode table.

<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp_profile_name) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server)
<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp_profile_name) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Class Configuration (config-class-dhcp_class_name) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server)
<b>Syntax Description</b>	<b>option-codes</b>
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	Use this command to configure the OptionCode table. Enters the Option Codes Configuration mode.

## profile dhcp ipv4 class server option-codes option-code

Configures a DHCP option code.

<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp_profile_name) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server) > Option Codes Configuration (config-option-codes)
----------------------	---

<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp_profile_name) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Class Configuration (config-class-dhcp_class_name) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server) > Option Codes Configuration (config-option-codes)
----------------------	---

<b>Syntax Description</b>	<b>option-code</b> <i>dhcp_option_code</i> [ <b>ascii-string</b> <i>ascii_string</i>   <b>force-insert</b> { <b>false</b>   <b>true</b> }   <b>hex-string</b> <i>hex_string</i>   <b>ip-address</b> <i>ip_address</i> ]
---------------------------	---

### **ascii-string** *ascii\_string*

Specify the ASCII string.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9\_]^[^\s,\t,"']\*).

### **force-insert** { **false** | **true** }

Specify whether to force insert this option.

Must be one of the following:

- **false**
- **true**

### **hex-string** *hex\_string*

Specify the hexadecimal string.

Must be a string in the pattern ([0-9a-fA-F]{2}([0-9a-fA-F]{2})\*)?.

### **ip-address** *ip\_address*

Specify the server's IP addresses.

Must be an IPv4 address.

**option-code *dhcp\_option\_code***

Specify the DHCP option code.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-255.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure a DHCP option code. Enters the Option Code Configuration mode.

You can configure a maximum of "8" elements with this command.

## profile dhcp ipv4 server

Configures DHCP server mode.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-*dhcp\_profile\_name*) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4)

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-*dhcp\_profile\_name*) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Class Configuration (config-class-*dhcp\_class\_name*)

**Syntax Description**

**server** [ **boot-filename** *boot\_file\_name* | **dns-servers** *ip\_address* | **domain-name** *domain\_name* | **netbios-name-server** *ip\_address* | **next-server** *ip\_address* | **ntp-servers** *ntp\_servers* | **pool-name** *pool\_name* ]

**boot-filename *boot\_file\_name***

Specify the boot file name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s,\\t,\\"])\*).

**dns-servers *ip\_address***

Specify the DNS server IP addresses.

Must be an IPv4 address.

**domain-name *domain\_name***

Specify the domain name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s,\\t,\\"])\*).

**netbios-name-server *ip\_address***

Specify the NetBIOS name server IP addresses.

Must be an IPv4 address.

**next-server *ip\_address***

Specify the TFTP server IP address to be used by the client.

Must be an IPv4 address.

**ntp-servers *ntp\_servers***

Specify the NTP servers.

Must be an IPv4 address.

**pool-name *pool\_name***

Specify the pool name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9\_]^[^\s,\\t,\\",']\*).

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure the DHCP server mode. Enters the DHCP Server Configuration mode.

You can configure a maximum of "8" elements with this command.

## profile dhcp ipv4 server lease

Configures DHCP Server Lease parameters.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-*dhcp\_profile\_name*) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server)

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-*dhcp\_profile\_name*) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Class Configuration (config-class-*dhcp\_class\_name*) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server)

**Syntax Description**

**lease** { [ **days** *days* ] [ **hours** *hours* ] [ **minutes** *minutes* ] }

**days *days***

Specify the number of days.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-365.

**hours *hours***

Specify the hours.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-23.

**minutes *minutes***

Specify the minutes.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-59.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure the DHCP Server Lease parameters.

## profile dhcp ipv4 server netbios-node-type

Configures NetBIOS node type.

<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp- <i>dhcp_profile_name</i> ) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server)
<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp- <i>dhcp_profile_name</i> ) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Class Configuration (config-class- <i>dhcp_class_name</i> ) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server)
<b>Syntax Description</b>	<p><b>netbios-node-type</b> { <b>broadcast-node</b>   <b>hexadecimal</b> <i>hex_number</i>   <b>hybrid-node</b>   <b>mixed-node</b>   <b>peer-to-peer-node</b> }</p> <p><b>broadcast-node</b> Specify broadcast node.</p> <p><b>hexadecimal</b> <i>hex_number</i> Specify the hexadecimal number. Must be a string in the pattern ([0-9a-fA-F]{2}(:[0-9a-fA-F]{2})*)?.</p> <p><b>hybrid-node</b> Specify hybrid node.</p> <p><b>mixed-node</b> Specify mixed node.</p> <p><b>peer-to-peer-node</b> Specify peer-to-peer node.</p>
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	Use this command to configure the NetBIOS node type.

## profile dhcp ipv4 server option-codes

Configures the OptionCode table.

<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp- <i>dhcp_profile_name</i> ) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server)
<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp- <i>dhcp_profile_name</i> ) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Class Configuration (config-class- <i>dhcp_class_name</i> ) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server)
<b>Syntax Description</b>	<b>option-codes</b>
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	Use this command to configure the OptionCode table. Enters the Option Codes Configuration mode.



# profile dhcp ipv4 server option-codes option-code

Configures a DHCP option code.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server) > Option Codes Configuration (config-option-codes)

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4) > DHCP Class Configuration (config-class-dhcp\_class\_name) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server) > Option Codes Configuration (config-option-codes)

**Syntax Description** **option-code** *dhcp\_option\_code* [ **ascii-string** *ascii\_string* | **force-insert** { **false** | **true** } | **hex-string** *hex\_string* | **ip-address** *ip\_address* ]

## **ascii-string** *ascii\_string*

Specify the ASCII string.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9\_][^\s,\t,\"'])\*).

## **force-insert** { **false** | **true** }

Specify whether to force insert this option.

Must be one of the following:

- **false**
- **true**

## **hex-string** *hex\_string*

Specify the hexadecimal string.

Must be a string in the pattern ([0-9a-fA-F]{2}([0-9a-fA-F]{2})\*)?.

## **ip-address** *ip\_address*

Specify the server's IP addresses.

Must be an IPv4 address.

## **option-code** *dhcp\_option\_code*

Specify the DHCP option code.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-255.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure a DHCP option code. Enters the Option Code Configuration mode. You can configure a maximum of "8" elements with this command.

## profile dhcp ipv6

Configures DHCP IPv6 parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name)

**Syntax Description** **ipv6** [ **mode** *dhcp\_mode* ]

**mode** *dhcp\_mode*

Specify the DHCP mode server or proxy.

Default Value: server.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure DHCP IPv6 parameters. Enters the DHCP IPv6 Configuration mode.

## profile dhcp ipv6 class

Configures DHCP IPv6 class configuration parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv6 Configuration (config-ipv6)

**Syntax Description** **class** *dhcp\_class\_name*

**dhcp\_class\_name**

Specify the DHCP class name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s,\t,']\*)

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure DHCP IPv6 class configuration parameters.

## profile dhcp ipv6 class server

Configures DHCP server mode.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv6 Configuration (config-ipv6)

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv6 Configuration (config-ipv6) > DHCP Class Configuration (config-class-dhcp\_class\_name)

**Syntax Description** **server** { **aftr-name** *aftr\_name* | **dns-servers** *ip\_address* | **domain-name** *domain\_name* | **iana-pool-name** *iana\_pool\_name* | **iapd-pool-name** *iapd\_pool\_name* | **preference** *server\_preference* | **rapid-commit** }

**aftr-name *aftr\_name***

Specify the Address Family Transition Router (AFTR) name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s\\t\\\";')]\*).

**dns-servers *ip\_address***

Specify the DNS server IP addresses.

Must be an IPv6 address.

**domain-name *domain\_name***

Specify the domain name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s\\t\\\";')]\*).

**iana-pool-name *iana\_pool\_name***

Specify the IANA pool name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s\\t\\\";')]\*).

**iapd-pool-name *iapd\_pool\_name***

Specify the IAPD pool name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s\\t\\\";')]\*).

**preference *server\_preference***

Specify the DHCP server preference.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-255.

**rapid-commit**

Specify to allow rapid commit.

---

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure the DHCP server mode.

You can configure a maximum of "8" elements with this command.

## profile dhcp ipv6 class server lease

Configures the lease parameters.

---

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv6 Configuration (config-ipv6) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server)

---

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv6 Configuration (config-ipv6) > DHCP Class Configuration (config-class-dhcp\_class\_name) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server)

---

**Syntax Description**    `lease { [ days days ] [ hours hours ] [ minutes minutes ] }`

**days** *days*

Specify the number of days.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-365.

**hours** *hours*

Specify the hours.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-23.

**minutes** *minutes*

Specify the minutes.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-59.

---

**Usage Guidelines**    Use this command to configure lease parameters.

## profile dhcp ipv6 server

Configures DHCP server mode.

---

**Command Modes**    Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv6 Configuration (config-ipv6)

---

**Command Modes**    Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv6 Configuration (config-ipv6) > DHCP Class Configuration (config-class-dhcp\_class\_name)

---

**Syntax Description**    `server { aftr-name aftr_name | dns-servers ip_address | domain-name domain_name | iana-pool-name iana_pool_name | iapd-pool-name iapd_pool_name | preference server_preference | rapid-commit }`

**aftr-name** *aftr\_name*

Specify the Address Family Transition Router (AFTR) name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s,\t,'])\*).

**dns-servers** *ip\_address*

Specify the DNS server IP addresses.

Must be an IPv6 address.

**domain-name** *domain\_name*

Specify the domain name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s,\t,'])\*).

**iana-pool-name** *iana\_pool\_name*

Specify the IANA pool name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s\\t\\\";')]\*).

**iapd-pool-name** *iapd\_pool\_name*

Specify the IAPD pool name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s\\t\\\";')]\*).

**preference** *server\_preference*

Specify the DHCP server preference.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-255.

**rapid-commit**

Specify to allow rapid commit.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure the DHCP server mode.

You can configure a maximum of "8" elements with this command.

## profile dhcp ipv6 server lease

Configures the lease parameters.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv6 Configuration (config-ipv6) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server)

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > DHCP Profile Configuration (config-dhcp-dhcp\_profile\_name) > DHCP IPv6 Configuration (config-ipv6) > DHCP Class Configuration (config-class-dhcp\_class\_name) > DHCP Server Configuration Mode (config-server)

**Syntax Description**

**lease** { [ **days** *days* ] [ **hours** *hours* ] [ **minutes** *minutes* ] }

**days** *days*

Specify the number of days.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-365.

**hours** *hours*

Specify the hours.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-23.

**minutes** *minutes*

Specify the minutes.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-59.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure lease parameters.

## profile feature-template

Configures feature templates.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config)

**Syntax Description** **feature-template** *feature\_template\_name* [ [ **vrf-name** *vrf\_name* ] [ **httpr-policy** *httpr\_policy\_name* ] ]

### **httpr-policy** *httpr\_policy\_name*

Specify the PBR HTTPR policy name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s,\t,'])\*).

### **vrf-name** *vrf\_name*

Specify the VRF name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s,\t,'])\*).

### **feature\_template\_name**

Specify the feature template name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s,\t,'])\*).

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure feature templates. Enters the Feature Template Configuration mode.

## profile feature-template ipv4

Configures IPv4 features.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template-*feature\_template\_name*)

**Syntax Description** **ipv4** [ [ **mtu** *maximum\_transmission\_unit* ] [ **ingress-acl** *ingress\_ipv4\_acl\_name* ] [ **egress-acl** *egress\_ipv4\_acl\_name* ] [ **disable-unreachables** ] ]

### **disable-unreachables**

Specify to disable sending ICMP Unreachable messages.

### **egress-acl** *egress\_ipv4\_acl\_name*

Specify the egress IPV4 ACL name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s,\t,'])\*).

**ingress-acl *ingress\_ipv4\_acl\_name***

Specify the ingress IPV4 ACL name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9\_][^\s,\t,\";')]\*).

**mtu *maximum\_transmission\_unit***

Specify the Maximum Transmission Unit in bytes.

Must be an integer in the range of 68-65535.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure IPv4 features. Enters the IPv4 Configuration mode.

## profile feature-template ipv4 verify-unicast-source

Enables per-packet validation for unicast.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template-*feature\_template\_name*) > IPv4 Configuration (config-ipv4)

**Syntax Description**

**verify-unicast-source reachable-via-rx**

**reachable-via-rx**

Specify the source is reachable via interface on which packet was received.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to enable per-packet validation for unicast.

## profile feature-template ipv6

Configures IPv6 features.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template-*feature\_template\_name*)

**Syntax Description**

**ipv6** [ [ **mtu** *maximum\_transmission\_unit* ] [ **ingress-acl** *ingress\_ipv6\_acl\_name* ] [ **egress-acl** *egress\_ipv6\_acl\_name* ] ]

**disable-unreachables**

Specify to disable sending ICMP Unreachable messages.

**egress-acl *egress\_ipv6\_acl\_name***

Specify the egress IPV6 ACL name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9\_][^\s,\t,\";')]\*).

**ingress-acl *ingress\_ipv6\_acl\_name***

Specify the ingress IPV6 ACL name.

Must be a string in the pattern (`[a-zA-Z1-9][^\s,\t,\"']*`).

**mtu *maximum\_transmission\_unit***

Specify the Maximum Transmission Unit in bytes.

Must be an integer in the range of 1280-65535.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure IPv6 features. Enters the IPv6 Configuration mode.

## profile feature-template ipv6 verify-unicast-source

Configures per packet validation for unicast.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template-*feature\_template\_name*) > IPv6 Configuration (config-ipv6)

**Syntax Description** **verify-unicast-source reachable-via-rx**

**reachable-via-rx**

Specify source is reachable via interface on which packet was received.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure per packet validation for unicast.

## profile feature-template ppp

Configures PPP feature.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template-*feature\_template\_name*)

**Syntax Description** **ppp [ [ authentication *authentication\_method* ] [ max-bad-auth *max\_auth\_failures* ] [ max-configure *max\_configure* ] [ max-failure *max\_conf\_naks* ] ]**

**authentication *authentication\_method***

Specify the authentication method.

Must be one of the following:

- chap
- pap

**max-bad-auth *max\_auth\_failures***

Specify the maximum authentication failures to allow.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-10.



**max-configure** *max\_configure*

Specify the maximum conf-reqs to send without response.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-10.

**max-failure** *max\_conf\_naks*

Specify the maximum conf-naks to receive.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-5.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure the PPP feature. Enters the PPP Configuration mode.

You can configure a maximum of "2" elements with this command.

## profile feature-template ppp chap

Configures Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) parameters.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template-*feature\_template\_name*) > PPP Configuration (config-ppp)

**Syntax Description**

**chap** **hostname** *chap\_host\_name* [ **password** *chap\_password* ]

**hostname** *chap\_host\_name*

Specify the CHAP host name.

**hostname** *chap\_host\_name*

Specify the CHAP host name.

**password** *chap\_password*

Specify the CHAP password.

Must be an aes-cfb-128-encrypted string.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure CHAP parameters.

## profile feature-template ppp ipcp

Configures PPP IPCP negotiation parameters.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template-*feature\_template\_name*) > PPP Configuration (config-ppp)

**Syntax Description**

**ipcp** **peer-address-pool** *peer\_address\_pool\_name*

**peer-address-pool** *peer\_address\_pool\_name*

Specify the peer-address pool name.

---

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure PPP IPCP negotiation parameters.

## profile feature-template ppp ipcp dns

Configures DNS address to be used for peer.

---

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template-*feature\_template\_name*) > PPP Configuration (config-ppp)

---

**Syntax Description**

**ipcp dns primary-address** *primary\_address* **secondary-address** *secondary\_address*

**primary-address** *primary\_address*

Specify the primary address. The first address is considered as Primary and second address as Secondary.

Must be an IPv4 address.

**secondary-address** *secondary\_address*

Specify the secondary address.

Must be an IPv4 address.

---

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure DNS address to be used for peer.

## profile feature-template ppp ipcp renegotiation

Configures renegotiation parameters.

---

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template-*feature\_template\_name*) > PPP Configuration (config-ppp)

---

**Syntax Description**

**ipcp renegotiation ignore**

**ignore**

Specify to ignore attempts by the peer to renegotiate LCP.

---

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure renegotiation parameters.

## profile feature-template ppp ipcp wins

Configures WINS address to be used for peer.

<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template- <i>feature_template_name</i> ) > PPP Configuration (config-ppp)
<b>Syntax Description</b>	<p><b>ipcp wins primary-address</b> <i>primary_ip_address</i> <b>secondary-address</b> <i>secondary_ip_address</i></p> <p><b>primary-address</b> <i>primary_ip_address</i> Specify the primary address. Must be an IPv4 address.</p> <p><b>secondary-address</b> <i>secondary_ip_address</i> Specify the secondary address. Must be an IPv4 address.</p>
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	Use this command to configure WINS address to be used for peer.

## profile feature-template ppp ipv6cp renegotiation

Configures IPv6CP renegotiation parameters.

<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template- <i>feature_template_name</i> ) > PPP Configuration (config-ppp)
<b>Syntax Description</b>	<p><b>ipv6cp renegotiation ignore</b></p> <p><b>ignore</b> Specify to ignore attempts by the peer to renegotiate LCP.</p>
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	Use this command to configure IPv6CP renegotiation parameters.

## profile feature-template ppp keepalive

Configures PPP Keepalive parameters.

<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template- <i>feature_template_name</i> ) > PPP Configuration (config-ppp)
<b>Syntax Description</b>	<p><b>keepalive { disable   interval</b> <i>keepalive_interval</i> <b>  retry</b> <i>keepalive_retries</i> <b>}</b></p> <p><b>disable</b> Specify to disable PPP keepalive.</p> <p><b>interval</b> <i>keepalive_interval</i> Specify the keepalive interval in minutes.</p>

Must be an integer in the range of 10-120.

**retry *keepalive\_retries***

Specify the number of keepalive retries.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-255.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure PPP Keepalive parameters.

## profile feature-template ppp lcp delay

Configures the time to delay before starting active LCP negotiations.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template-*feature\_template\_name*) > PPP Configuration (config-ppp)

**Syntax Description** **lcp delay seconds** *delay\_value* **milliseconds** *delay\_value*

**milliseconds** *delay\_value*

Specify the delay value in milliseconds.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-70000000.

**seconds** *delay\_value*

Specify the delay value in seconds.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-255.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the time to delay before starting active LCP negotiations.

## profile feature-template ppp lcp renegotiation

Configures LCP renegotiation feature.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template-*feature\_template\_name*) > PPP Configuration (config-ppp)

**Syntax Description** **lcp renegotiation ignore**

**ignore**

Specify to ignore attempts by the peer to renegotiate LCP.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure LCP renegotiation feature.

## profile feature-template ppp pap

Configures PAP parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template-*feature\_template\_name*) > PPP Configuration (config-ppp)

**Syntax Description** **pap accept-null-password**

**accept-null-password**

Specify to accept null-password option.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure PAP parameters.

## profile feature-template ppp timeout

Configures PPP timeout parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template-*feature\_template\_name*) > PPP Configuration (config-ppp)

**Syntax Description** **timeout { [ authentication total\_auth\_complete\_time ] [ retry max\_response\_time ] }**

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Endpoint N4 Protocol Configuration (config-endpoint-n4-protocol)

**Syntax Description** **retransmission timeout total\_auth\_complete\_time [ retry max\_response\_time ]**

**authentication total\_auth\_complete\_time**

Specify the total time to allow for authentication to complete.

Must be an integer in the range of 3-30.

**retry max\_response\_time**

Specify the maximum time to wait for a response to a Conf-Req in seconds.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-10.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure PPP timeout parameters.

## profile feature-template ppp timeout absolute

Configures the absolute timeout period for a PPP session.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template-*feature\_template\_name*) > PPP Configuration (config-ppp)

**Syntax Description** **timeout absolute minutes** *timeout\_minutes* **seconds** *timeout\_seconds*

**minutes** *timeout\_minutes*

Specify the timeout period in minutes.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-70000000.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the absolute timeout period for a PPP session.

## profile feature-template qos

Configures QoS input policy parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template-*feature\_template\_name*)

**Syntax Description** **qos [ in-policy in\_policy\_name | out-policy out\_policy\_name | merge-level merge\_level ]**

**in-policy in\_policy\_name**

Specify the QoS input policy name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s,\t,']\*)

**merge-level merge\_level**

Specify the merge level. 0 = merge disabled, 0 = merge enabled + level.

Must be an integer.

**out-policy out\_policy\_name**

Specify the QoS output policy name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s,\t,']\*)

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure QoS input policy parameters.

## profile feature-template service-accounting

Configures service accounting parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template-*feature\_template\_name*)

**Syntax Description** `service-accounting [ [ enable ] [ aaa-profile aaa_profile_name ] [ periodic-interval interim_interval ] ]`

**aaa-profile *aaa\_profile\_name***

Specify the AAA profile to use for service accounting.

**enable**

Specify to enable service accounting.

**periodic-interval *interim\_interval***

Specify the interim interval in seconds.

Must be an integer in the range of 60-4320000.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure service accounting parameters.

## profile feature-template session-accounting

Configures session accounting parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Feature Template Profile Configuration (config-feature-template-*feature\_template\_name*)

**Syntax Description** `session-accounting enable { aaa-profile aaa_profile_name | periodic-interval interim_interval | dual-stack-delay dual_stack_delay_wait }`

**aaa-profile *aaa\_profile\_name***

Specify the AAA profile to use for session accounting.

**dual-stack-delay *dual\_stack\_delay\_wait***

Specify the dual stack set delay wait in seconds.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-30.

**enable**

Specify to enable session accounting.

**periodic-interval *interim\_interval***

Specify the interim interval in seconds.

Must be an integer in the range of 60-4320000.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure session accounting parameters.

# profile pppoe

Configures PPPOE Subscriber profiles.

## Command Modes

Exec > Global Configuration (config)

## Syntax Description

```
profile pppoe pppoe_profile_name [ [ ac-cookie ac_cookie ] [ ac-name ac_name ] [ ctrl-pkt-priority priority ] [ service-name pppoe_service_names ] [ service-selection-disable { false | true } ] [ timeout-completion session_completion_timeout ] ]
```

### **ctrl-pkt-priority** *priority*

Specify the CoS bits to use in PADx packets.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-7.

Default Value: 0.

### **mtu** *pppoe\_mtu*

Specify the PPPOE MTU for LCP negotiation.

Must be an integer in the range of 500-2000.

Default Value: 1492.

### **service-name** *pppoe\_service\_names*

Specify the supported PPPoE service names. You can simultaneously configure multiple service names.

### **service-selection-disable** { **false** | **true** }

Specify to disable or enable the advertising of extra service names in PADO packets.

Must be one of the following:

- **false**
- **true**

Default Value: false.

### **pppoe\_profile\_name**

Specify the PPPOE profile name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9\_][^\s,\t,'])\*).

### **ac-name** *ac\_name*

Specify the the AC-Name to use in PADO packets.



**ctrl-pkt-priority *priority***

Specify the CoS bits to use in PADx packets.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-7.

Default Value: 0.

**mtu *pppoe\_mtu***

Specify the PPPOE MTU for LCP negotiation.

Must be an integer in the range of 500-2000.

Default Value: 1492.

**service-name *pppoe\_service\_names***

Specify the supported PPPoE service names. You can simultaneously configure multiple service names.

**service-selection-disable { *false* | *true* }**

Specify to disable or enable the advertising of extra service names in PADO packets.

Must be one of the following:

- **false**
- **true**

Default Value: false.

***pppoe\_profile\_name***

Specify the PPPOE profile name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9\_][^\s,\t,']\*)

**ac-cookie *ac\_cookie***

Specify the AC-Cookie to use in PADO packets.

**ac-name *ac\_name***

Specify the the AC-Name to use in PADO packets.

**ctrl-pkt-priority *priority***

Specify the CoS bits to use in PADx packets.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-7.

Default Value: 0.

**mtu *pppoe\_mtu***

Specify the PPPOE MTU for LCP negotiation.

Must be an integer in the range of 500-2000.

Default Value: 1492.

**service-name *pppoe\_service\_names***

Specify the supported PPPoE service names. You can simultaneously configure multiple service names.

**service-selection-disable { false | true }**

Specify to disable or enable the advertising of extra service names in PADO packets.

Must be one of the following:

- false
- true

Default Value: false.

***pppoe\_profile\_name***

Specify the PPPOE profile name.

Must be a string in the pattern (`[a-zA-Z1-9_][^\s,\\t,\\\";]*`).

**ac-cookie *ac\_cookie***

Specify the AC-Cookie to use in PADO packets.

**ac-name *ac\_name***

Specify the the AC-Name to use in PADO packets.

**ctrl-pkt-priority *priority***

Specify the CoS bits to use in PADx packets.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-7.

Default Value: 0.

**mtu *pppoe\_mtu***

Specify the PPPOE MTU for LCP negotiation.

Must be an integer in the range of 500-2000.

Default Value: 1492.

**service-name *pppoe\_service\_names***

Specify the supported PPPoE service names. You can simultaneously configure multiple service names.

**service-selection-disable { false | true }**

Specify to disable or enable the advertising of extra service names in PADO packets.

Must be one of the following:

- **false**
- **true**

Default Value: false.

#### **timeout-completion *session\_completion\_timeout***

Specify the maximum wait time for session to be completed.

Must be an integer in the range of 3-600.

Default Value: 180.

#### ***pppoe\_profile\_name***

Specify the PPPOE profile name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9\_] [^\s,\t,\'']\*).

#### **Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure PPPOE Subscriber profiles. Enters the PPPOE Profile Configuration mode.

## profile pppoe max-payload

Configures a range for the ppp-max payload tag value.

#### **Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > PPPOE Profile Configuration (config-pppoe-*pppoe\_profile\_name*)

#### **Syntax Description**

```
max-payload { deny | minimum minimum_payload_value | maximum maximum_payload_value
}
```

#### **deny**

Specify to deny the PPP-max payload value.

#### **maximum *maximum\_payload\_value***

Specify the maximum payload value.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-40000.

Default Value: "1500".

#### **minimum *minimum\_payload\_value***

Specify the minimum value for the payload.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-40000.

Default Value: "1492".

#### **Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure a range for the ppp-max payload tag value.

## profile pppoe session-limit circuit-id

Configures the maximum number of sessions allowed per Circuit-ID.

### Command Modes

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > PPPOE Profile Configuration (config-pppoe-*pppoe\_profile\_name*)

### Syntax Description

**session-limit circuit-id** *value* [ **threshold** *threshold\_count* ]

#### **threshold** *threshold\_count*

Specify the threshold count.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-65535.

#### **value** *attribute\_value*

Specify the attribute value.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-65535.

### Usage Guidelines

Use this command to configure the maximum number of sessions allowed per Circuit-ID.

## profile pppoe session-limit mac

Configures the maximum number of sessions allowed per peer MAC address.

### Command Modes

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > PPPOE Profile Configuration (config-pppoe-*pppoe\_profile\_name*)

### Syntax Description

**session-limit mac** *value* [ **threshold** *threshold\_count* ]

#### **threshold** *threshold\_count*

Specify the threshold count.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-65535.

#### **value** *attribute\_value*

Specify the attribute value.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-65535.

### Usage Guidelines

Use this command to configure the maximum number of sessions allowed per peer MAC address.

## profile pppoe session-limit max

Configures the maximum number of sessions allowed under the PPPoE profile.

### Command Modes

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > PPPOE Profile Configuration (config-pppoe-*pppoe\_profile\_name*)

**Syntax Description** `session-limit max value [ threshold threshold_count ]`

**threshold threshold\_count**

Specify the threshold count.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-65535.

**value attribute\_value**

Specify the attribute value.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-65535.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the maximum number of sessions allowed under the PPPoE profile.

## profile pppoe session-limit outer-vlan

Configures the maximum number of sessions allowed per outer-vlan, per access interface.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > PPPOE Profile Configuration (config-pppoe-*pppoe\_profile\_name*)

**Syntax Description** `session-limit outer-vlan value [ threshold threshold_count ]`

**threshold threshold\_count**

Specify the threshold count.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-65535.

**value attribute\_value**

Specify the attribute value.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-65535.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the maximum number of sessions allowed per outer-vlan, per access interface.

## profile radius

Configures RADIUS client profile parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config)

**Syntax Description** `profile radius [ algorithm radius_server_selection_algorithm | deadtime dead_time | max-retry max_retry | timeout retransmit_timeout_duration ]`

**algorithm radius\_server\_selection\_algorithm**

Specify the algorithm for selecting RADIUS server.

Must be one of the following:

- **first-server**: Highest priority first.
- **round-robin**: Round-robin.

**deadtime** *dead\_time*

Specify the time to elapse, in minutes, between RADIUS server marked unreachable and when connection can be re-attempted.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-65535.

**max-retry** *max\_retry*

Specify the maximum number of times the system must attempt retry with the RADIUS server.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-65535.

**timeout** *retransmit\_timeout\_duration*

Specify the time duration to wait for response from the RADIUS server before retransmitting.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-65535.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure RADIUS client parameters. Enters the RADIUS Client Profile Configuration mode.

## profile radius accounting

Configures RADIUS accounting parameters.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius)

**Syntax Description**

```
profile radius accounting
  algorithm { first-server | round-robin }
  attribute { nas-identifier value | nas-ip { ipv4_address | user-plane-ip
} |
  nas-port { nas_port } | { format-e format_e
      { nas-port-type nas_port_type } }
  deadtime value
  detect-dead-server response-timeout value
  max-retry value
  timeout value
  commit
```

**algorithm** { *first-server* | *round-robin* }

Specify the algorithm for selecting RADIUS server.

Must be one of the following:

- **first-server**: Highest priority first.
- **round-robin**: Round-robin.

**attribute { nas-identifier *value* | nas-ip { *ipv4\_address* | user-plane-ip } | nas-port { format-e *format\_e\_value* | nas-port-type *nas\_port\_type* } }**

Configures the RADIUS identification parameters.

- **nas-identifier *value***: Specifies the attribute name by which the system will be identified in Accounting-Request messages. *value* must be an alphanumeric string.
- **nas-ip *ipv4\_address***: Specifies the NAS IPv4 address. *ipv4\_address* must be an IPv4 address in dotted decimal notation.
- **nas-ip user-plane-ip**: Enables the `user-plane-ip-address` AVPair to use the configured User-Plane IP address in Accounting-Request messages.
- **nas-port { *nas\_port* } | { format-e *format\_e* { nas-port-type *nas\_port\_type* } }**: Specifies the nas-port attributes.
  - *nas\_port* configures the NAS port value. The NAS port value ranges from 1 to 4294967295.




---

**Note** If none of the NAS port configurations are present, the existing default nas-port logic is applied. That is, setting a fixed-number per radius-pod.

---

- **format-e *format\_e\_value*** : Specifies the custom attribute formation support for nas-port. The nas-port is a 32 bit integer format. The configuration takes a 32 length of characters, each presenting a particular attribute mapping. The *format\_e\_value* pattern is: 01FSAPRiLUVQ]\*):
- 0 – Set bit to 0
- 1 – Set bit to 1
- F - PHY\_SHELF
- S – PHY\_SLOT
- A – PHY\_ADAPTER
- P - PHY\_PORT
- R - PHY\_CHASSIS
- i - PHY\_SUBSLOT
- L - PHY\_CHANNEL
- V - OUTER\_VLAN\_ID
- Q - INNER\_VLAN\_ID
- U - PPPOE\_SESSION\_ID
- **nas-port-type *nas\_port\_type***: Specifies the NAS port type. The supported values range from 0 to 44.



- 
- Note**
- The nas-port-type configuration is not in scope of the Control Plane. It is derived from the interface-type.
  - The supported NAS port types are 36 , 37, 43, and 44.
  - The NAS port type value takes precedence over the common NAS port format-e.
- 

### **deadtime *dead\_time***

Sets the time to elapse, in minutes, between RADIUS server marked unreachable and when connection can be re-attempted.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-65535. Default: 10 minutes.

### **detect-dead-server response-timeout *value***

Sets the timeout value that marks a server as "dead" when a packet is not received for the specified number of seconds.

*value* must be an integer from 1 through 65535. Default: 10 seconds.

### **max-retry *max\_retry***

Sets the maximum number of times the system must attempt retry with the RADIUS server.

Must be an integer in the range of 0-65535. Default: 2

### **timeout *retransmit\_timeout\_duration***

Sets the time duration to wait for response from the RADIUS server before retransmitting.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-65535. Default: 2 seconds.

### **Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure RADIUS accounting parameters. Enters the RADIUS Accounting Configuration mode.

## **profile radius accounting attribute called-station-id**

Configures the AAA called-station-id attribute.

### **Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius)

### **Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius) > RADIUS Accounting Configuration (config-accounting)

### **Syntax Description**

**attribute called-station-id** *value*



**value**

Specify the value of the AAA called-station-id attribute.

Must be a string.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure the AAA called-station-id attribute.

## profile radius accounting attribute calling-station-id

Configures the AAA calling-station-id attribute.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius)

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius) > RADIUS Accounting Configuration (config-accounting)

**Syntax Description**

**attribute calling-station-id** *value*

**value**

Specify the value of the AAA calling-station-id attribute.

Must be a string.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure the AAA calling-station-id attribute.

## profile radius accounting attribute nas-identifier-format

Configures the AAA nas-identifier-format attribute.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius)

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius) > RADIUS Accounting Configuration (config-accounting)

**Syntax Description**

**attribute nas-identifier-format** *value*

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure the AAA nas-identifier-format attribute.

## profile radius accounting attribute nas-port-id

Configures the AAA nas-port-id attribute.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius)

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius) > RADIUS Accounting Configuration (config-accounting)

**Syntax Description** `attribute nas-port-id value`

**value**

Specify value of the AAA nas-port-id attribute.

Must be a string.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the AAA nas-port-id attribute.

## profile radius accounting detect-dead-server

Configures parameters to detect a dead RADIUS server.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius)

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius) > RADIUS Accounting Configuration (config-accounting)

**Syntax Description** `detect-dead-server response-timeout response_timeout_duration`

**response-timeout response\_timeout\_duration**

Specify the time duration, in seconds, for a response from the RADIUS server to mark it as unreachable.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-65535.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure parameters to detect a dead RADIUS server.

## profile radius attribute called-station-id

Configures the AAA called-station-id attribute.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius)

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius) > RADIUS Accounting Configuration (config-accounting)

**Syntax Description** `attribute called-station-id value`

**format-name format\_name**

Specify the attribute format name.

Must be a string.

**value**

Specify the value of the AAA called-station-id attribute.

Must be a string.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the AAA called-station-id attribute.

## profile radius attribute called-station-id format

Configures node parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius)

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius) > RADIUS Accounting Configuration (config-accounting)

**Syntax Description** **attribute** *attribute\_name* **format** **nas-port-type** *nas\_port\_type* **format-name** *format\_name*

**nas-port-type** *nas\_port\_type*

Specify the Nas-Port-Type value to apply format name on.

Must be an integer.

**format-name** *format\_name*

Specify the attribute format name.

Must be a string.

**nas-port-type** *nas\_port\_type*

Specify the Nas-Port-Type value to apply format name on.

Must be an integer.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure node parameters for nas-port-id, calling-station-id, called-station-id, nas-identifier-format.

## profile radius attribute calling-station-id

Configures the AAA calling-station-id attribute.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius)

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius) > RADIUS Accounting Configuration (config-accounting)

**Syntax Description** **attribute** **calling-station-id** *value*

**format-name** *format\_name*

Specify the attribute format name.

Must be a string.

**value**

Specify the value of the AAA calling-station-id attribute.

Must be a string.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the AAA calling-station-id attribute.

## profile radius attribute calling-station-id format

Configures node parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius)

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius) > RADIUS Accounting Configuration (config-accounting)

**Syntax Description** **attribute** *attribute\_name* **format** **nas-port-type** *nas\_port\_type* **format-name** *format\_name*

**nas-port-type** *nas\_port\_type*

Specify the Nas-Port-Type value to apply format name on.

Must be an integer.

**format-name** *format\_name*

Specify the attribute format name.

Must be a string.

**nas-port-type** *nas\_port\_type*

Specify the Nas-Port-Type value to apply format name on.

Must be an integer.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure node parameters for nas-port-id, calling-station-id, called-station-id, nas-identifier-format.

## profile radius attribute nas-identifier-format

Configures the AAA nas-identifier-format attribute.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius)

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius) > RADIUS Accounting Configuration (config-accounting)

**Syntax Description** **attribute** **nas-identifier-format** *value*

**format-name** *format\_name*

Specify the attribute format name.

Must be a string.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure the AAA nas-identifier-format attribute.

## profile radius attribute nas-identifier-format format

Configures node parameters.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius)

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius) > RADIUS Accounting Configuration (config-accounting)

**Syntax Description**

**attribute** *attribute\_name* **format nas-port-type** *nas\_port\_type* **format-name** *format\_name*

**nas-port-type** *nas\_port\_type*

Specify the Nas-Port-Type value to apply format name on.

Must be an integer.

**format-name** *format\_name*

Specify the attribute format name.

Must be a string.

**nas-port-type** *nas\_port\_type*

Specify the Nas-Port-Type value to apply format name on.

Must be an integer.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure node parameters for nas-port-id, calling-station-id, called-station-id, nas-identifier-format.

## profile radius attribute nas-ip

Configures the NAS IPv4 or User-Plane IP address.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius)

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius) > RADIUS Attribute Configuration (config-attribute)

**Syntax Description**

**attribute nas-ip** { *ipv4\_address* | **user-plane-ip** }

**nas-ip *ipv4\_address***

Specifies the AAA NAS IPv4 address.

**nas-ip user-plane-ip**

Enables the `user-plane-ip-address` AVPair to use the configured User-Plane IP address in Access-Request or Accounting-Request messages.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure the AAA NAS-IP attribute.

## profile radius attribute nas-port-id

Configures the AAA nas-port-id attribute.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius)

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius) > RADIUS Accounting Configuration (config-accounting)

**Syntax Description**

**attribute nas-port-id** *value*

**format-name** *format\_name*

Specify the attribute format name.

Must be a string.

**value**

Specify value of the AAA nas-port-id attribute.

Must be a string.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure the AAA nas-port-id attribute.

## profile radius attribute nas-port-id format

Configures node parameters.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius)

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius) > RADIUS Accounting Configuration (config-accounting)

**Syntax Description**

**attribute** *attribute\_name* **format nas-port-type** *nas\_port\_type* **format-name** *format\_name*

**nas-port-type** *nas\_port\_type*

Specify the Nas-Port-Type value to apply format name on.

Must be an integer.

**format-name** *format\_name*

Specify the attribute format name.

Must be a string.

**nas-port-type** *nas\_port\_type*

Specify the Nas-Port-Type value to apply format name on.

Must be an integer.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure node parameters for nas-port-id, calling-station-id, called-station-id, nas-identifier-format.

## profile radius detect-dead-server

Configures parameters to detect a dead RADIUS server.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius)

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius) > RADIUS Accounting Configuration (config-accounting)

**Syntax Description**

**detect-dead-server** **response-timeout** *response\_timeout\_duration*

**response-timeout** *response\_timeout\_duration*

Specify the time duration, in seconds, for a response from the RADIUS server to mark it as unreachable.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-65535.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure parameters to detect a dead RADIUS server.

## profile radius server

Configures RADIUS external server configuration.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius)

**Syntax Description**

**server** *radius\_server\_ip\_address* *radius\_server\_port\_number* [ **priority** *radius\_server\_priority* | **secret** *radius\_server\_secret* | **type** *server\_type* ]

**priority** *radius\_server\_priority*

Specify the priority of the RADIUS server.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-100.

**secret *radius\_server\_secret***

Specify the secret of the RADIUS server.

Must be an aes-cfb-128-encrypted string.

**type *server\_type***

Specify the server type.

Must be one of the following:

- **acct**
- **auth**

Default Value: auth.

***radius\_server\_ip\_address***

Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server.

Must be an IP address.

***radius\_server\_port\_number***

Specify the port number of the RADIUS server.

Must be an integer in the range of 1-65535.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure RADIUS external server configuration.

## profile radius server-group

Configures association of RADIUS servers to groups.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius)

**Syntax Description**

**server-group** *server\_group\_name*

***server\_group\_name***

Specify the server group name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9][^\s,\t,\";])\*).

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure association of RADIUS servers to groups. Enters the Server Group Configuration mode.

## profile radius server-group server

Configures RADIUS server information.



**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > RADIUS Profile Configuration (config-radius) > RADIUS Server Group Configuration (config-server-group-server\_group\_name)

**Syntax Description** **server** *radius\_server\_type* **ip** *radius\_server\_ip\_address* **port** *radius\_port\_number*

**ip** *radius\_server\_ip\_address*

Specify IP address of the RADIUS server.

**port** *radius\_port\_number*

Specify the port number of the RADIUS server.

**radius\_server\_type**

Specify the server type.

Must be one of the following:

- **acct**: Server used for accounting requests.
- **auth**: Server is used for authentication/authorization requests.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure RADIUS server information.

## profile server-group

Configures AAA custom server groups.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config)

**Syntax Description** **server-group** *server\_group\_name* **radius-group** *radius\_server\_group\_name*

**radius-group** *radius\_server\_group\_name*

Specify the RADIUS server group name.

**aaa\_server\_group\_name**

Specify the AAA server group name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9\_][^\s,\t,\"']\*).

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure AAA custom server groups.

## profile subscriber

Configures subscriber profiles.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config)

**Syntax Description** `profile subscriber subscriber_profile_name [ [ activate-feature-templates template_names ] [ apply-all-class ] [ dhcp-profile dhcp_profile_name ] [ pppoe-profile pppoe_profile_name ] [ session-type session_type ] ]`

**activate-feature-templates *template\_names***

Specify the list of feature templates to activate.

**apply-all-class**

Specify to apply all classes if enabled.

**dhcp-profile *dhcp\_profile\_name***

Specify the DHCP-FSOL profile name.

**pppoe-profile *pppoe\_profile\_name***

Specify the PPPOE-FSOL profile name.

**session-type *session\_type***

Specify the allowed session type.

Must be one of the following:

- ipv4
- ipv4v6
- ipv6

Default Value: ipv4v6.

***subscriber\_profile\_name***

Specify the subscriber profile name.

Must be a string in the pattern (`[a-zA-Z1-9][^\s\\t\\t,\\t,\\t]*`).

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure subscriber profiles. Enters the Subscriber Profile Configuration mode. You can configure a maximum of "8" elements with this command.

## profile subscriber aaa

Configures AAA operations.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration (config-subscriber-*subscriber\_profile\_name*)

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration (config-subscriber-*subscriber\_profile\_name*) > Class Configuration (config-class-*class\_name*)

<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration (config-subscriber-subscriber_profile_name) > Event Configuration (config-event-event_name)
<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration (config-subscriber-subscriber_profile_name) > Event Configuration (config-event-event_name) > Class Configuration (config-class-class_name)
<b>Syntax Description</b>	<p><b>aaa</b> <i>aaa_option</i> <i>aaa_profile_name</i></p> <p><b>aaa_option</b></p> <p>Specify the AAA option.</p> <p>Must be one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>authenticate</b></li> <li>• <b>authorize</b></li> </ul> <p><b>aaa_profile_name</b></p> <p>Specify the AAA profile name.</p>
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	Use this command to configure AAA operations.

## profile subscriber class

Configures subscriber classification parameters.

<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration (config-subscriber-subscriber_profile_name)
<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration (config-subscriber-subscriber_profile_name) > Event Configuration (config-event-event_name)
<b>Syntax Description</b>	<p><b>class</b> <i>class_name</i> [ <b>activate-feature-templates</b> <i>feature_template_names</i> ]</p> <p><b>activate-feature-templates</b> <i>feature_template_names</i></p> <p>Specify the list of feature template names to activate.</p> <p><b>class_name</b></p> <p>Specify the class name.</p> <p>Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9_][^\s,\t,\'']*).</p>
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	<p>Use this command to configure subscriber classification parameters. Enters the Subscriber Class Configuration mode.</p> <p>You can configure a maximum of "8" elements with this command.</p>

## profile subscriber class aaa

Configures AAA operations.

### Command Modes

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration  
(config-subscriber-*subscriber\_profile\_name*) > Subscriber Class Configuration (config-class-*class\_name*)

### Syntax Description

**aaa** *aaa\_option profile\_name*

#### *aaa\_option*

Specify the AAA option.

Must be one of the following:

- **authenticate**
- **authorize**

#### *profile\_name*

Specify the AAA profile name.

### Usage Guidelines

Use this command to configure AAA operations.

## profile subscriber class matches

Configures the list of match values.

### Command Modes

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration  
(config-subscriber-*subscriber\_profile\_name*) > Class Configuration (config-class-*class\_name*)

### Command Modes

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration  
(config-subscriber-*subscriber\_profile\_name*) > Event Configuration (config-event-*event\_name*) > Class  
Configuration (config-class-*class\_name*)

### Syntax Description

**matches** [ **match-type** { **all** | **any** } ]

#### **match-type** *match\_type*

Specify the match type.

### Usage Guidelines

Use this command to configure the list of match values. Enters the Matches Configuration mode.

## profile subscriber class matches match

Configures match key and value.

---

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration (config-subscriber-subscriber\_profile\_name) > Class Configuration (config-class-class\_name) > Matches Configuration (config-matches)

---

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration (config-subscriber-subscriber\_profile\_name) > Event Configuration (config-event-event\_name) > Class Configuration (config-class-class\_name) > Matches Configuration (config-matches)

---

**Syntax Description** `match match_key { match_protocol | ascii ascii_string | regex regex_string }`

***match\_key***

Specify the match key.

***ascii ascii\_string***

Specify the ASCII string.

Must be a string.

***regex regex\_string***

Specify the regular expression string.

Must be a string.

***match\_key***

Specify the match key.

***match\_protocol***

Specify the match protocol.

Must be one of the following:

- **dhcp**
- **ppp**

You can configure a maximum of "2" elements with this command.

You can configure a maximum of "8" elements with this command.

---

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure match key and value.

You can configure a maximum of "8" elements with this command.

## profile subscriber event

Configures subscriber events.

---

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration (config-subscriber-subscriber\_profile\_name) > Event Configuration (config-event-event\_name)

**Syntax Description** `event event_name [ activate-feature-templates template_names | apply-all-class | deactivate-feature-templates template_names ]`

**event event\_name**

Specify the event name.

**activate-feature-templates template\_names**

Specify the list of feature templates to activate.

**apply-all-class**

Specify to apply all classes if enabled.

**deactivate-feature-templates template\_names**

Specify the list of feature templates to deactivate.

**event event\_name**

Specify the event name.

You can configure a maximum of "8" elements with this command.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure subscriber events.

You can configure a maximum of "8" elements with this command.

## profile subscriber event aaa

Configures AAA operations.

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration (config-subscriber-subscriber\_profile\_name)

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration (config-subscriber-subscriber\_profile\_name) > Class Configuration (config-class-class\_name)

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration (config-subscriber-subscriber\_profile\_name) > Event Configuration (config-event-event\_name)

**Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration (config-subscriber-subscriber\_profile\_name) > Event Configuration (config-event-event\_name) > Class Configuration (config-class-class\_name)

**Syntax Description**

`aaa aaa_option aaa_profile_name`

**aaa\_option**

Specify the AAA option.

Must be one of the following:

- **authenticate**
- **authorize**

### ***aaa\_profile\_name***

Specify the AAA profile name.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure AAA operations.

## profile subscriber event class

Configures subscriber classification.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration

**Syntax Description** **class** { **class-name** *class\_name* | **deactivate-feature-templates** *template\_names* | **activate-feature-templates** *template\_names* }

### **activate-feature-templates** *template\_names*

Specify the list of feature template names to activate.

### **class-name** *class\_name*

Specify the class name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9\_][^\s,\t,\"']\*).

### **deactivate-feature-templates** *template\_names*

Specify the list of feature template names to deactivate.

You can configure a maximum of "8" elements with this command.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure subscriber classification.

You can configure a maximum of "8" elements with this command.

## profile subscriber event class aaa

Configures AAA operations.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration (config-subscriber-*subscriber\_profile\_name*) > Subscriber Class Configuration (config-class-*class\_name*)

**Syntax Description** **aaa** *aaa\_option profile\_name*

### **aaa\_option**

Specify the AAA option.

Must be one of the following:

- **authenticate**
- **authorize**

***profile\_name***

Specify the AAA profile name.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure AAA operations.

## profile subscriber event class matches

Configures the list of match values.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration (config-subscriber-*subscriber\_profile\_name*) > Class Configuration (config-class-*class\_name*)

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration (config-subscriber-*subscriber\_profile\_name*) > Event Configuration (config-event-*event\_name*) > Class Configuration (config-class-*class\_name*)

**Syntax Description** **matches** [ **match-type** { **all** | **any** } ]

**match-type** *match\_type*

Specify the match type.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the list of match values. Enters the Matches Configuration mode.

## profile subscriber event class matches match

Configures match key and value.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration (config-subscriber-*subscriber\_profile\_name*) > Class Configuration (config-class-*class\_name*) > Matches Configuration (config-matches)

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > Subscriber Profile Configuration (config-subscriber-*subscriber\_profile\_name*) > Event Configuration (config-event-*event\_name*) > Class Configuration (config-class-*class\_name*) > Matches Configuration (config-matches)

**Syntax Description** **match** *match\_key* { *match\_protocol* | **ascii** *ascii\_string* | **regex** *regex\_string* }

**match\_key**

Specify the match key.



**ascii** *ascii\_string*

Specify the ASCII string.

Must be a string.

**regex** *regex\_string*

Specify the regular expression string.

Must be a string.

**match\_key**

Specify the match key.

**match\_protocol**

Specify the match protocol.

Must be one of the following:

- **dhcp**
- **ppp**

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure match key and value.

You can configure a maximum of "8" elements with this command.

## show sessions

Displays pending session commits in the database.

**Command Modes**

Exec

**Syntax Description**

**show sessions**

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to view pending session commits in the database.

## show sessions affinity

Displays instance-wise affinity count.

**Command Modes**

Exec

**Syntax Description**

**show sessions affinity**

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to view the instance-wise affinity count.

## show sessions commit-pending

Displays all pending session commits.

---

**Command Modes** Exec

---

**Syntax Description** `show sessions commit-pending`

---

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to view all pending session commits.

## show diagnostics

Displays diagnostics information.

---

**Command Modes** Exec

---

**Syntax Description** `show diagnostics`

---

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to view diagnostics information.

## show diagnostics info

Displays diagnostics information.

---

**Command Modes** Exec

---

**Syntax Description** `show diagnostics info`

---

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to view diagnostics information.

## show endpoint all

Displays endpoint status.

---

**Command Modes** Exec

---

**Syntax Description** `show endpoint all`

---

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to view endpoint status for all endpoints.

## show endpoint info

Displays endpoint information.

---

<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec
<b>Syntax Description</b>	<code>show endpoint info</code>
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	Use this command to view endpoint information.

## show ipam dp

Displays IPAM data-plane allocations.

---

<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec
<b>Syntax Description</b>	<code>show ipam dp</code>
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	Use this command to view IPAM data-plane allocations.

## show ipam pool

Displays pool allocation information.

---

<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec
<b>Syntax Description</b>	<code>show ipam pool</code>
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	Use this command to view pool allocation information.

## show peers

Displays peer information.

---

<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec
<b>Syntax Description</b>	<code>show peers</code>
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	Use this command to view peer information.

## show peers all

Displays information for all peers.

---

<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec
<b>Syntax Description</b>	<code>show peers all</code>
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	Use this command to view information for all peers.

## show resources

Displays resources information.

---

**Command Modes** Exec

---

**Syntax Description** `show resources`

---

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to view resources information.

## show resources info

Displays resources information.

---

**Command Modes** Exec

---

**Syntax Description** `show resources info`

---

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to view resources information.

## show rpc

Displays RPC information.

---

**Command Modes** Exec

---

**Syntax Description** `show rpc`

---

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command view RPC information.

## show rpc all

Displays information for all RPCs.

---

**Command Modes** Exec

---

**Syntax Description** `show rpc all`

---

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to view information for all RPCs.

## show running-status

Displays system running status information.

<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec
<b>Syntax Description</b>	<code>show running-status</code>
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	Use this command to view system running status information.

## show running-status info

Displays system running status information.

<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec
<b>Syntax Description</b>	<code>show running-status info</code>
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	Use this command to view system running status information.

## show subscriber

Displays BNG subscriber data.

<b>Command Modes</b>	Exec
<b>Syntax Description</b>	<code>show subscriber type [ count   detail   sublabel subscriber_label ]</code>  <b>acct-sess-id <i>accounting_session_id</i></b> Specify the accounting session ID. Must be a string.  <b>count</b> Specify to display the number of sessions.  <b>debug</b> Specify debug information.  <b>detail</b> Specify to display detailed information.  <b>sublabel <i>subscriber_label</i></b> Specify the subscriber label. Must be a string.  <b>sync <i>sync_info</i></b> Specify synchronization information.

Must be one of the following:

- **synchronize**

#### **upf *upf\_info***

Specify UPF information.

Must be a string.

#### **upmgr**

Specify SMUP information.

#### **type**

Specify the type.

Must be one of the following:

- **charging**
- **dhcp**
- **pppoe**
- **session**

---

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to view BNG subscriber data.

## show subscriber

Displays subscriber information.

---

**Command Modes** Exec

---

**Syntax Description** `show subscriber { all | supi supi_id }`

#### **all**

Specify all SUPI.

#### **supi *supi\_id***

Specify the SUPI.

Must be a string.

---

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to view summary and detailed subscriber information for all subscribers or specific subscribers based on SUPI.

# show subscriber filter

Configures additional filters.

**Command Modes** Exec

**Syntax Description** `show subscriber type filter [ afi address_family | iana-state-bound iana_bound_state | iapd-state-bound iapd_bound_state | ipv4-addr ipv4_address | ipv4-pool ipv4_pool_name | ipv4-range ipv4_address_range | ipv4-state-bound ipv4_bound_state | ipv6-addr ipv6_address | ipv6-addr-pool ipv6_address_pool_name | ipv6-addr-range ipv6_address_range | ipv6-pfx ipv6_prefix | ipv6-pfx-pool ipv6_prefix_pool | ipv6-pfx-range ipv6_prefix_range | mac mac_address | port-id upf_port_id | state session_state | up-subs-id up_subscriber_id | upf upf_name | upmgr sm_up_info | username session_user_name | vrf vrf_name ]`

## **afi address\_family**

Specify the address family.

Must be one of the following:

- dual
- ipv4
- ipv6
- pending

## **iana-state-bound iana\_bound\_state**

Specify the IANA bound state.

Must be one of the following:

- iana-state-bound

## **iapd-state-bound iapd\_bound\_state**

Specify the IAPD bound state.

Must be one of the following:

- iapd-state-bound

## **ipv4-addr ipv4\_address**

Specify the IPv4 address in the format "*pool-name/ipv4-addr*".

Must be a string.

## **ipv4-pool ipv4\_pool\_name**

Specify the IPv4 pool name.

Must be a string.

**ipv4-range *ipv4\_address\_range***

Specify the IPv4 address range in the format "*poolName/start-ip*".

Must be a string.

**ipv4-state-bound *ipv4\_bound\_state***

Specify the IPv4 bound state.

Must be one of the following:

- **ipv4-state-bound**

**ipv6-addr-pool *ipv6\_address\_pool\_name***

Specify the IPv6 address pool name.

Must be a string.

**ipv6-addr-range *ipv6\_address\_range***

Specify the IPv6 address range in the format "*poolName/start-ip*".

Must be a string.

**ipv6-addr *ipv6\_address***

Specify the IPv6 address in the format "*pool-name/ipv6-addr*".

Must be a string.

**ipv6-pfx-pool *ipv6\_prefix\_pool***

Specify the IPv6 prefix pool name.

Must be a string.

**ipv6-pfx-range *ipv6\_prefix\_range***

Specify the IPv6 prefix range in the format "*poolName/start-pfx*".

Must be a string.

**ipv6-pfx *ipv6\_prefix***

Specify the IPv6 prefix in the format "*pool-name/ipv6-pfx*".

Must be a string.

**mac *mac\_address***

Specify the MAC address in the format "*aabb.ccdd.eeff*".

Must be a string.



**port-id *upf\_port\_id***

Specify the user plane function port ID in the format "*upf/portid*".

Must be a string.

**smstate *sm\_session\_state***

Specify the state of the SM session.

Must be one of the following:

- **created**
- **deleted**
- **established**

**smupstate *smup\_session\_state***

Specify the state of the SMUP session.

Must be one of the following:

- **smUpSessionCreated**
- **smUpSessionDeleted**
- **smUpSessionWait4SmCreate**

**state *session\_state***

Specify the session state.

Must be one of the following:

- **complete**
- **incomplete**

**up-sub-id *up\_subscriber\_id***

Specify the UP subscriber ID.

Must be a string.

**upf *upf\_name***

Specify the user plane function name.

Must be a string.

**upmgr *upmgr***

Specify the UPMgr.

Must be one of the following:

- **upmgr**

**username *session\_user\_name***

Specify the user name of the session.

Must be a string.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure additional filters.

## show subscriber redundancy

Displays the key values of SRG groups

**Command Modes** Exec

**Syntax Description** `show subscriber redundancy [ count | debug | detail | gr-instance gr_instance_id | srg-peer-id srg_peer_id | upf upf_name ]`

**count**

Specify the count of SRG groups

**debug**

Specify debug information

**detail**

Specify to display detailed information.

**gr-instance *gr\_instance\_id***

Specify the geo redundancy instance identity.

**srg-peer-id *srg\_peer\_id***

Specify the identity of peer user plane for the group.

**upf *upf\_name***

Specify the name of user plane function.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to view the key values of SRG groups.

## show subscriber redundancy-sync

Displays the subscriber reconciliation details.

**Command Modes** Exec

**Syntax Description** `show subscriber redundancy-sync [ gr-instance gr_instance_id | srg-peer-id srg_peer_id | upf upf_name ]`

**gr-instance** *gr\_instance\_id*

Specify the geo redundancy instance identity.

**srg-peer-id** *srg\_peer\_id*

Specify the identity of peer user plane for the SRG.

**upf** *upf\_name*

Specify the name of user plane function.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to view the subscriber reconciliation details.

## show subscriber session

Displays the session manager CDL record keys per session.

**Command Modes**

Exec

**Syntax Description**

```
show subscriber session [ detail | filter { smupstate {
upf_name/smUpSessionCreated } } ]
```

**detail**

Display the session details from SM CDL record.

**filter { smupstate { upf\_name/smUpSessionCreated } }**

Display whether the session is created in the respective UPF for the SRG sessions.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to view the session manager CDL record keys per session.

## show subscriber synchronize

Synchronize information.

**Command Modes**

Exec

**Syntax Description**

```
show subscriber synchronize [ srg-peer-id peer_id | upf upf_info ]
```

**Syntax Description**

```
show subscriber synchronize-cp upf upf_info
```

**synchronise-cp**

Specify to synchronise CP information.

Must be one of the following:

- **synchronize-cp**

**synchronize**

Specify to synchronise UP information.

Must be one of the following:

- **synchronize**

**srg-peer-id *peer\_id***

Specify the identity of peer user plane for the group.

**upf *upf\_info***

Specify UPF information.

Must be a string of 1-64 characters.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to synchronise information.

## subscriber featurette dhcp-lease-reservation enable

Enables/disables DHCP IP Lease Reservation.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config)

**Syntax Description** [ no ] **subscriber featurette dhcp-lease-reservation enable**

**subscriber featurette dhcp-lease-reservation enable**

Enables DHCP IP Lease Reservation

**no subscriber featurette dhcp-lease-reservation enable**

Disables DHCP IP Lease Reservation

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to enable or disable DHCP IP Lease Reservation.

## subscriber-redundancy group

Configures subscriber geographical redundancy group.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration > Userplane Configuration (config-user-plane-userplane\_name )

**Syntax Description** **subscriber-redundancy group** *group\_name* { **disable** | **domain-identifier** *domain-name* | **peer-identifier** *peer-id* | **port-id-map** **port-name** *port-id name* *port-id* | [ **preferred-role-active** ] [ **revertive-timer** *sec* ] }

**subscriber-redundancy group *group\_name***

Specifies the name of the subscriber redundancy group that is unique to a user plane.

**disable**

Disables an SRG group without deleting the entire configuration of the group. The behaviour is same as removing an SRG group.

**domain-identifier *domain\_name***

Specifies the domain name to identify all groups common between two userplanes.

**peer-identifier *peer\_id***

Identifies the peer user-plane for the group. This identifier must be unique across all groups in the control plane. The same peer-identifier must be configured in the peer user-plane.

**port-id-map port-name *port\_name* *port\_id***

Specifies the mapping of access interfaces between user planes. At least one port-id-map must be configured.

**preferred-role-active**

This is an optional configuration.

Sets the preferred role active for user plane. If preferred-role-active is not configured, none of the UPs under the SRG group will be active. Default value: false.

**revertive-timer *sec***

This is an optional configuration.

Specifies the revertive timer in seconds. *revertive\_timer\_value* must be an integer in the range of 60 to 3600. This command is available only when **preferred-role-active** is configured.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure the subscriber redundancy group (SRG) configuration.

## subscriber redundancy session-synchronize add

Synchronizes the sessions with the standby UP.

**Command Modes**

Exec

**Syntax Description**

```
subscriber-redundancy session-synchronize add { domain [ domain_ID ] |
duration timeout_value | peer-id [ peer_id ] | target-upf upf_id | tps value |
upf [ upf_id ] }
```

**domain [ *domain\_id* ]**

Specifies the list of SRG domains.

**duration *timeout\_value***

Specifies the maximum timeout value in minutes.

**peer-id [ *peer\_id* ]**

Specifies the list of SRG peer identities.

**target-upf *upf\_id***

Specifies the identity of target UP.

**tps *value***

Specifies the maximum number of allowed transactions per second (TPS).

**upf [ *upf\_id* ]**

Specifies the list of UPs.

## subscriber redundancy session-synchronize delete

Deletes SRG sessions.

---

**Command Modes**

Exec

---

**Syntax Description**

```
subscriber-redundancy session-synchronize delete { domain [ domain_ID ] |
duration timeout_value | peer-id [ peer_id ] | target-upf upf_id | tps value
| upf [ upf_id ] }
```

**domain [ *domain\_id* ]**

Specifies the list of SRG domains.

**duration *timeout\_value***

Specifies the maximum timeout value in minutes.

**peer-id [ *peer\_id* ]**

Specifies the list of SRG peer identities.

**target-upf *upf\_id***

Specifies the identity of target UP.

**tps *value***

Specifies the maximum number of allowed transactions per second (TPS).

**upf [ *upf\_id* ]**

Specifies the list of UPs.

## subscriber reset-token

Configure to reset the in-use token for the specified protocol.

**Command Modes** Exec

**Syntax Description** `subscriber reset-token { dhcp | pppoe }`

**subscriber reset-token { dhcp | pppoe }**

Reset the in-use token to zero for DHCP or PPPoE.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to reset the in-use token to zero.

## subscriber route-synchronize

Synchronizes routes to UPF.

**Command Modes** Exec

**Syntax Description** `subscriber route-synchronize upf user_plane_name`

**upf user\_plane\_name**

Specify the user plane name.

Must be a string.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to synchronize routes to UPF.

## subscriber session-synchronize

Synchronizes sessions to UPF.

**Command Modes** Exec

**Syntax Description** `subscriber session-synchronize upf user_plane_name [ abort | timeout sla_timeout ]`

**abort**

Specify to abort synchronization.

**timeout sla\_timeout**

Specify the SLA timeout duration in seconds.

Must be an integer in the range of 10-1800.

**upf *user\_plane\_name***

Specify the user plane name.

Must be a string.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to synchronize sessions to UPF.

## subscriber session-synchronize-cp

Synchronizes sessions on CP.

**Command Modes** Exec

**Syntax Description** `subscriber session-synchronize-cp upf user_plane_name [ abort | timeout timeout_value | tps tps ]`

**abort**

Specify to abort synchronization.

**timeout *timeout\_value***

Specify the timeout duration in minutes.

Must be an integer in the range of 2-100.

**tps *tps***

Specify the TPS.

Must be an integer in the range of 40-4000.

**upf *user\_plane\_name***

Specify name of the user plane function.

Must be a string of 1-64 characters.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to synchronize sessions on CP.

## subscriber token

Configures FSOL token mechanism.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config)

**Syntax Description** `subscriber token { dhcp | pppoe } token_count`

**subscriber token { dhcp | pppoe } *token\_count***

Set the maximum token available for FSOL pod.



*token\_count* is cumulative across instances. For example, if there are 4 DHCP pods and DHCP token is set as 2000, then 500 tokens will be assigned for each pod

- **dhcp**: Set the DHCP pod token count.
- **pppoe**: Set the PPPoE pod token count.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure FSOL token mechanism.

## user-plane

Configures the userplane configuration.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config)

**Syntax Description** **user-plane** *userplane\_name* [ **offline** | **subscriber-profile** *subscriber\_profile* ]

### **offline**

Specify as offline.

### **subscriber-profile** *subscriber\_profile\_name*

Specify the Subscriber Profile to associate at current level.

### *userplane\_name*

Specify the userplane name.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9\_][^\s,\t,\"']\*).

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the userplane configuration. Enters the Userplane Configuration mode.

## user-plane flowctrl-group

Configures the associated flow control group in user plane.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration > Userplane Configuration (config-user-plane-*userplane\_name*)

**Syntax Description** **flowctrl-group** *group\_name*

### **flowctrl-group** *group\_name*

Specify the flow control group to be associated.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to associate the flow control group in user plane.

## user-plane peer-address

Configures the userplane IP address.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > User Plane Configuration (config-user-plane-*userplane\_name*)

**Syntax Description** **peer-address** **ipv4** *ipv4\_address*

**ipv4** *ipv4\_address*

Specify the IPv4 address.

Must be an IPv4 address.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure the userplane IP address.

## user-plane port-id

Configures Port Identifier parameters.

**Command Modes** Exec > Global Configuration (config) > User Plane Configuration (config-user-plane-*userplane\_name*)

**Syntax Description** **port-id** *port\_number* [ **subscriber-profile** *subscriber\_profile\_name* ]

**subscriber-profile** *subscriber\_profile\_name*

Specify the Subscriber Profile to associate to the Port Identifier level.

**port\_number**

Specify the port identifier.

Must be a string in the pattern ([a-zA-Z1-9\_][^\s,\\t,\\",;]\*).

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to configure Port Identifier parameters.



## CHAPTER 2

# Input Pattern Types

---

- `arg-type`, on page 95
- `crypt-hash`, on page 96
- `date-and-time`, on page 97
- `domain-name`, on page 97
- `dotted-quad`, on page 98
- `hex-list`, on page 98
- `hex-string`, on page 99
- `ipv4-address`, on page 99
- `ipv4-address-and-prefix-length`, on page 99
- `ipv4-address-no-zone`, on page 99
- `ipv4-prefix`, on page 99
- `ipv6-address`, on page 100
- `ipv6-address-and-prefix-length`, on page 100
- `ipv6-address-no-zone`, on page 101
- `ipv6-prefix`, on page 101
- `mac-address`, on page 102
- `object-identifier`, on page 102
- `object-identifier-128`, on page 102
- `octet-list`, on page 103
- `phys-address`, on page 103
- `sha-256-digest-string`, on page 103
- `sha-512-digest-string`, on page 104
- `size`, on page 104
- `uuid`, on page 105
- `yang-identifier`, on page 105

## arg-type

**Pattern:**  
`'[^\\*]*.*|..+>'; // must not be single '*'`

**Pattern:**  
`'\\*'`

This statement can be used to hide a node from some, or all, northbound interfaces. All nodes with the same value are considered a hide group and are treated the same with regards to being visible or not in a northbound interface.

A node with an hidden property is not shown in the northbound user interfaces (CLI and Web UI) unless an 'unhide' operation is performed in the user interface.

The hidden value 'full' indicates that the node must be hidden from all northbound interfaces, including programmatical interfaces such as NETCONF. The value '\*' is not valid. A hide group can be unhidden only if this is explicitly allowed in the confd.conf(5) daemon configuration.

Multiple hide groups can be specified by giving this statement multiple times. The node is shown if any of the specified hide groups is given in the 'unhide' operation. If a mandatory node is hidden, a hook callback function (or similar) might be needed in order to set the element

## crypt-hash

### Pattern:

```
'$0$.*'
'|$1$[a-zA-Z0-9./]{1,8}$[a-zA-Z0-9./]{22}'
'|$5$(rounds=\d+)$?[a-zA-Z0-9./]{1,16}$[a-zA-Z0-9./]{43}'
'|$6$(rounds=\d+)$?[a-zA-Z0-9./]{1,16}$[a-zA-Z0-9./]{86}'
```

The **crypt-hash** type is used to store passwords using a hash function. The algorithms for applying the hash function and encoding the result are implemented in various UNIX systems as the function crypt(3).

A value of this type matches one of the forms:

- `$0$<clear text password>`
- `$<id>$<salt>$<password hash>`
- `$<id>$<parameter>$<salt>$<password hash>`

The '\$0\$' prefix signals that the value is clear text. When such a value is received by the server, a hash value is calculated, and the string '\$<id>\$<salt>\$' or '\$<id>\$<parameter>\$<salt>\$' is prepended to the result. This value is stored in the configuration data store.

If a value starting with '\$<id>\$', where <id> is not '0', is received, the server knows that the value already represents a hashed value, and stores it as is in the data store.

When a server needs to verify a password given by a user, it finds the stored password hash string for that user, extracts the salt, and calculates the hash with the salt and given password as input. If the calculated hash value is the same as the stored value, the password given by the client is accepted.

This type defines the following hash functions:

Id	Hash Function	Feature
1	MD5	crypt-hash-md5
5	SHA-256	crypt-hash-sha-256
6	SHA-512	crypt-hash-sha-512

The server indicates support for the different hash functions by advertising the corresponding feature.

**Reference:**

- IEEE Std 1003.1-2008 - crypt() function
- RFC 1321: The MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm
- FIPS.180-3.2008: Secure Hash Standard

## date-and-time

**Pattern:**

```
'\d{4}-\d{2}-\d{2}T\d{2}:\d{2}:\d{2}(\.\d+)?'
'(Z|[\+\-]\d{2}:\d{2})'
```

The date-and-time type is a profile of the ISO 8601 standard for representation of dates and times using the Gregorian calendar. The profile is defined by the date-time production in Section 5.6 of RFC 3339. The date-and-time type is compatible with the dateTime XML schema type with the following notable exceptions:

1. The date-and-time type does not allow negative years.
2. The date-and-time time-offset -00:00 indicates an unknown time zone (see RFC 3339) while -00:00 and +00:00 and Z all represent the same time zone in dateTime.
3. The canonical format (see below) of data-and-time values differs from the canonical format used by the dateTime XML schema type, which requires all times to be in UTC using the time-offset 'Z'.

This type is not equivalent to the DateAndTime textual convention of the SMIV2 since RFC 3339 uses a different separator between full-date and full-time and provides higher resolution of time-secfrac. The canonical format for date-and-time values with a known time zone uses a numeric time zone offset that is calculated using the device's configured known offset to UTC time.

A change of the device's offset to UTC time will cause date-and-time values to change accordingly. Such changes might happen periodically in case a server follows automatically daylight saving time (DST) time zone offset changes. The canonical format for date-and-time values with an unknown time zone (usually referring to the notion of local time) uses the time-offset -00:00.

**Reference:**

- RFC 3339: Date and Time on the Internet: Timestamps
- RFC 2579: Textual Conventions for SMIV2
- XSD-TYPES: XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes Second Edition

## domain-name

**Pattern:**

```
'((([a-zA-Z0-9_]([a-zA-Z0-9\-\_]){0,61})?[a-zA-Z0-9]\.)*'
'([a-zA-Z0-9_]([a-zA-Z0-9\-\_]){0,61})?[a-zA-Z0-9]\.?)'
'|\.'
```

The domain-name type represents a DNS domain name. The name must fully qualified whenever possible. Internet domain names are only loosely specified. Section 3.5 of RFC 1034 recommends a syntax (modified in Section 2.1 of RFC 1123). The Pattern above is intended to allow for current practice in domain name use, and some possible future expansion. It is designed to hold various types of domain names, including names used for A or AAAA records (host names) and other records, such as SRV records.

The Internet host names have a stricter syntax (described in RFC 952) than the DNS recommendations in RFCs 1034 and 1123, and that systems that want to store host names in schema nodes using the domain-name type are recommended to adhere to this stricter standard to ensure interoperability.

The encoding of DNS names in the DNS protocol is limited to 255 characters. Since the encoding consists of labels prefixed by a length bytes and there is a trailing NULL byte, only 253 characters can appear in the textual dotted notation.

The description clause of schema nodes using the domain-name type must describe when and how these names are resolved to IP addresses. The resolution of a domain-name value may require to query multiple DNS records. For example, A for IPv4 and AAAA for IPv6. The order of the resolution process and which DNS record takes precedence can either be defined explicitly or may depend on the configuration of the resolver.

Domain-name values use the US-ASCII encoding. Their canonical format uses lowercase US-ASCII characters. Internationalized domain names MUST be A-labels as per RFC 5890.

#### Reference:

- RFC 952: DoD Internet Host Table Specification
- RFC 1034: Domain Names - Concepts and Facilities
- RFC 1123: Requirements for Internet Hosts -- Application and Support
- RFC 2782: A DNS RR for specifying the location of services (DNS SRV)
- RFC 5890: Internationalized Domain Names in Applications (IDNA): Definitions and Document Framework

## dotted-quad

#### Pattern:

```
'(( [0-9] | [1-9] [0-9] | 1 [0-9] [0-9] | 2 [0-4] [0-9] | 25 [0-5] ) \. ) {3} '
' ( [0-9] | [1-9] [0-9] | 1 [0-9] [0-9] | 2 [0-4] [0-9] | 25 [0-5] ) '
```

An unsigned 32-bit number expressed in the dotted-quad notation, that is, four octets written as decimal numbers and separated with the '.' (full stop) character.

## hex-list

#### Pattern:

```
' ( ( [0-9a-fA-F] ) {2} ( : ( [0-9a-fA-F] ) {2} ) * ) ? '
```

DEPRECATED: Use yang:hex-string instead. There are no plans to remove tailf:hex-list. A list of colon-separated hexa-decimal octets, for example '4F:4C:41:71'.

The statement tailf:value-length can be used to restrict the number of octets. Using the 'length' restriction limits the number of characters in the lexical representation

## hex-string

**Pattern:**

```
' ([0-9a-fA-F]{2} (: [0-9a-fA-F]{2}) *) ?'
```

A hexadecimal string with octets represented as hex digits separated by colons. The canonical representation uses lowercase characters.

## ipv4-address

**Pattern:**

```
' (([0-9] | [1-9] [0-9] | 1 [0-9] [0-9] | 2 [0-4] [0-9] | 25 [0-5]) \. ) {3} '  
' ([0-9] | [1-9] [0-9] | 1 [0-9] [0-9] | 2 [0-4] [0-9] | 25 [0-5]) '  
' (% [\p{N} \p{L} ]+ ) ?'
```

The ipv4-address type represents an IPv4 address in dotted-quad notation. The IPv4 address may include a zone index, separated by a % sign. The zone index is used to disambiguate identical address values. For link-local addresses, the zone index will typically be the interface index number or the name of an interface. If the zone index is not present, the default zone of the device will be used. The canonical format for the zone index is the numerical format.

## ipv4-address-and-prefix-length

**Pattern:**

```
' (([0-9] | [1-9] [0-9] | 1 [0-9] [0-9] | 2 [0-4] [0-9] | 25 [0-5]) \. ) {3} '  
' ([0-9] | [1-9] [0-9] | 1 [0-9] [0-9] | 2 [0-4] [0-9] | 25 [0-5]) '  
' / ( ([0-9] ) | ( [1-2] [0-9] ) | ( 3 [0-2] ) )'
```

The ipv4-address-and-prefix-length type represents a combination of an IPv4 address and a prefix length. The prefix length is given by the number following the slash character and must be less than or equal to 32.

## ipv4-address-no-zone

**Pattern:**

```
' [0-9\. ] *'
```

An IPv4 address is without a zone index and derived from ipv4-address that is used in situations where the zone is known from the context and hence no zone index is needed.

## ipv4-prefix

**Pattern:**

```
' (([0-9] | [1-9] [0-9] | 1 [0-9] [0-9] | 2 [0-4] [0-9] | 25 [0-5]) \. ) {3} '  
' ([0-9] | [1-9] [0-9] | 1 [0-9] [0-9] | 2 [0-4] [0-9] | 25 [0-5]) '  
' / ( ([0-9] ) | ( [1-2] [0-9] ) | ( 3 [0-2] ) )'
```

The ipv4-prefix type represents an IPv4 address prefix. The prefix length is given by the number following the slash character and must be less than or equal to 32.

A prefix length value of 'n' corresponds to an IP address mask that has n contiguous 1-bits from the most significant bit (MSB) and all other bits set to 0.

The canonical format of an IPv4 prefix has all bits of the IPv4 address set to zero that are not part of the IPv4 prefix.

## ipv6-address

### Pattern:

```
'((:| [0-9a-fA-F]{0,4}) : ) ([0-9a-fA-F]{0,4} : ) {0,5}'
'((( [0-9a-fA-F]{0,4} : ) ? ( : | [0-9a-fA-F]{0,4} )) |)'
'((( (25 [0-5] | 2 [0-4] [0-9] | [01] ? [0-9] ? [0-9] ) \. ) {3} | Pattern:
' (25 [0-5] | 2 [0-4] [0-9] | [01] ? [0-9] ? [0-9] )))'
' (% [\p{N} \p{L} ]+ ) ?'
```

### Pattern:

```
'([[:^:]]+ : ) {6} ([[:^:]]+ : [[:^:]]+ ) | ( . * \. . * ) ) |'
'([[:^:]]+ : ) * [[:^:]]+ : ? : ( [[:^:]]+ : ) * [[:^:]]+ : ? )'
' (% . + ) ?'
```

The ipv6-address type represents an IPv6 address in full, mixed, shortened, and shortened-mixed notation. The IPv6 address may include a zone index, separated by a % sign.

The zone index is used to disambiguate identical address values. For link-local addresses, the zone index will typically be the interface index number or the name of an interface. If the zone index is not present, the default zone of the device will be used.

The canonical format of IPv6 addresses uses the textual representation defined in Section 4 of RFC 5952. The canonical format for the zone index is the numerical format as described in Section 11.2 of RFC 4007.

### Reference:

- RFC 4291: IP Version 6 Addressing Architecture
- RFC 4007: IPv6 Scoped Address Architecture
- RFC 5952: A Recommendation for IPv6 Address Text Representation

## ipv6-address-and-prefix-length

### Pattern:

```
'((:| [0-9a-fA-F]{0,4}) : ) ([0-9a-fA-F]{0,4} : ) {0,5}'
'((( [0-9a-fA-F]{0,4} : ) ? ( : | [0-9a-fA-F]{0,4} )) |)'
'((( (25 [0-5] | 2 [0-4] [0-9] | [01] ? [0-9] ? [0-9] ) \. ) {3} |
' (25 [0-5] | 2 [0-4] [0-9] | [01] ? [0-9] ? [0-9] )))'
' ( / ( ( [0-9] ) | ( [0-9] {2} ) | ( 1 [0-1] [0-9] ) | ( 12 [0-8] ) ) ) )'
```

### Pattern:

```
'([[:^:]]+ : ) {6} ([[:^:]]+ : [[:^:]]+ ) | ( . * \. . * ) ) |'
```



```
' ((([^:]+:)*[^:]+)? :: ((([^:]+:)*[^:]+)?) '
' (/ .+)
```

The `ipv6-address-and-prefix-length` type represents a combination of an IPv6 address and a prefix length. The prefix length is given by the number following the slash character and must be less than or equal to 128.

## ipv6-address-no-zone

**Pattern:**

```
' [0-9a-fA-F:\.]* '
```

An IPv6 address without a zone index. This type, derived from `ipv6-address`, may be used in situations where the zone is known from the context and hence no zone index is needed.

**Reference:**

- RFC 4291: IP Version 6 Addressing Architecture
- RFC 4007: IPv6 Scoped Address Architecture
- RFC 5952: A Recommendation for IPv6 Address Text Representation

## ipv6-prefix

**Pattern:**

```
' ((:| [0-9a-fA-F] {0,4}) : ) ( [0-9a-fA-F] {0,4} : ) {0,5} '
' ((( [0-9a-fA-F] {0,4} : ) ? ( : | [0-9a-fA-F] {0,4} ) ) | '
' (( (25 [0-5] | 2 [0-4] [0-9] | [01] ? [0-9] ? [0-9] ) \. ) {3} ' Pattern:
' (25 [0-5] | 2 [0-4] [0-9] | [01] ? [0-9] ? [0-9] ) ) ) '
' ( / ( ( [0-9] ) | ( [0-9] {2} ) | ( 1 [0-1] [0-9] ) | ( 12 [0-8] ) ) ) ) ' ;
```

**Pattern:**

```
' (( [^:]+: ) {6} ( ( [^:]+: [^:]+ ) | ( . * \. . * ) ) ) | '
' ((( [^:]+: ) * [^:]+ ) ? :: ( ( [^:]+: ) * [^:]+ ) ? ) '
' (/ .+)
```

The `ipv6-prefix` type represents an IPv6 address prefix. The prefix length is given by the number following the slash character and must be less than or equal to 128.

A prefix length value of *n* corresponds to an IP address mask that has *n* contiguous 1-bits from the most significant bit (MSB) and all other bits set to 0.

The IPv6 address should have all bits that do not belong to the prefix set to zero. The canonical format of an IPv6 prefix has all bits of the IPv6 address set to zero that are not part of the IPv6 prefix. Furthermore, the IPv6 address is represented as defined in Section 4 of RFC 5952

**Reference:**

- RFC 5952: A Recommendation for IPv6 Address Text Representation

## mac-address

**Pattern:**

```
' [0-9a-fA-F] {2} ( : [0-9a-fA-F] {2} ) {5} '
```

The mac-address type represents an IEEE 802 MAC address. The canonical representation uses lowercase characters. In the value set and its semantics, this type is equivalent to the MacAddress textual convention of the SMIV2.

**Reference:**

- IEEE 802: IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks: Overview and Architecture
- RFC 2579: Textual Conventions for SMIV2

## object-identifier

**Pattern:**

```
' ( ([0-1] (\ . [1-3]? [0-9])) | (2 \ . (0 | ([1-9] \d*))) ) '
' (\ . (0 | ([1-9] \d*))) * '
```

The object-identifier type represents administratively assigned names in a registration-hierarchical-name tree. The values of this type are denoted as a sequence of numerical non-negative sub-identifier values. Each sub-identifier value MUST NOT exceed  $2^{32}-1$  (4294967295). The Sub-identifiers are separated by single dots and without any intermediate whitespace.

The ASN.1 standard restricts the value space of the first sub-identifier to 0, 1, or 2. Furthermore, the value space of the second sub-identifier is restricted to the range 0 to 39 if the first sub-identifier is 0 or 1. Finally, the ASN.1 standard requires that an object identifier has always at least two sub-identifiers. The pattern captures these restrictions.

Although the number of sub-identifiers is not limited, module designers should realize that there may be implementations that stick with the SMIV2 limit of 128 sub-identifiers.

This type is a superset of the SMIV2 OBJECT IDENTIFIER type since it is not restricted to 128 sub-identifiers. Hence, this type SHOULD NOT be used to represent the SMIV2 OBJECT IDENTIFIER type; the object-identifier-128 type SHOULD be used instead.

**Reference:**

- ISO9834-1: Information technology - Open Systems
- Interconnection - Procedures for the operation of OSI
- Registration Authorities: General procedures and top arcs of the ASN.1 Object Identifier tree

## object-identifier-128

**Pattern:**

```
' \d* (\ . \d* ) {1,127} '
```

This type represents object-identifiers restricted to 128 sub-identifiers. In the value set and its semantics, this type is equivalent to the OBJECT IDENTIFIER type of the SMIV2.

**Reference:**

- RFC 2578: Structure of Management Information Version 2 (SMIV2)

## octet-list

**Pattern:**

```
'(\d*(.\d*)*)?'
```

A list of dot-separated octets, for example '192.168.255.1.0'. The statement tailf:value-length can be used to restrict the number of octets. Using the 'length' restriction limits the number of characters in the lexical representation.

## phys-address

**Pattern:**

```
'([0-9a-fA-F]{2}(:[0-9a-fA-F]{2})*)?'
```

Represents media- or physical-level addresses represented as a sequence octets, each octet represented by two hexadecimal numbers. Octets are separated by colons. The canonical representation uses lowercase characters. In the value set and its semantics, this type is equivalent to the PhysAddress textual convention of the SMIV2.

**Reference:**

- RFC 2579: Textual Conventions for SMIV2

## sha-256-digest-string

**Pattern:**

```
'$0$.*'
'|$5$(rounds=\d+)$?[a-zA-Z0-9./]{1,16}$[a-zA-Z0-9./]{43}'
```

The sha-256-digest-string type automatically computes a SHA-256 digest for a value adhering to this type. A value of this type matches one of the forms:

- \$0\$<clear text password>
- \$5\$<salt>\$<password hash>
- \$5\$rounds=<number>\$<salt>\$<password hash>

The '\$0\$' prefix signals that this is plain text. When a plain text value is received by the server, a SHA-256 digest is calculated, and the string '\$5\$<salt>\$' is prepended to the

result, where <salt> is a random 16 character salt used to generate the digest. This value is stored in the configuration data store. The algorithm can be tuned through the /confdConfig/cryptHash/rounds parameter, which if set to a number other than the default will cause '\$5\$rounds=<number>\$<salt>\$' to be prepended instead of only '\$5\$<salt>\$'.

If a value starting with '\$5\$' is received, the server knows that the value already represents a SHA-256 digest, and stores it as is in the data store.

If a default value is specified, it must have a '\$5\$' prefix.

The digest algorithm used is the same as the SHA-256 crypt function used for encrypting passwords for various UNIX systems.

**Reference:**

- IEEE Std 1003.1-2008 - crypt() function FIPS.180-3.2008: Secure Hash Standard

## sha-512-digest-string

**Pattern:**

```
'$0$.*'
'|$6$(rounds=\d+$)?[a-zA-Z0-9./]{1,16}$[a-zA-Z0-9./]{86}'
```

The sha-512-digest-string type automatically computes a SHA-512 digest for a value adhering to this type. A value of this type matches one of the forms

- \$0\$<clear text password>
- \$6\$<salt>\$<password hash>
- \$6\$rounds=<number>\$<salt>\$<password hash>

The '\$0\$' prefix signals that this is plain text. When a plain text value is received by the server, a SHA-512 digest is calculated, and the string '\$6\$<salt>\$' is prepended to the

result, where <salt> is a random 16 character salt used to generate the digest. This value is stored in the configuration data store. The algorithm can be tuned through the

/confdConfig/cryptHash/rounds parameter, which if set to a number other than the default will cause '\$6\$rounds=<number>\$<salt>\$' to be prepended instead of only '\$6\$<salt>\$'.

If a value starting with '\$6\$' is received, the server knows that the value already represents a SHA-512 digest, and stores it as is in the data store.

If a default value is specified, it must have a '\$6\$' prefix. The digest algorithm used is the same as the SHA-512 crypt function used for encrypting passwords for various UNIX systems.

**Reference:**

- IEEE Std 1003.1-2008 - crypt() function FIPS.180-3.2008: Secure Hash Standard

## size

**Pattern:**

```
'S(\d+G)?(\d+M)?(\d+K)?(\d+B)?'
```

A value that represents a number of bytes. An example could be S1G8M7K956B; meaning 1GB + 8MB + 7KB + 956B = 1082138556 bytes.

The value must start with an S. Any byte magnifier can be left out, for example, S1K1B equals 1025 bytes. The order is significant though, that is S1B56G is not a valid byte size.

In ConfD, a 'size' value is represented as an uint64.

## uuid

**Pattern:**

```
'[0-9a-fA-F]{8}-[0-9a-fA-F]{4}-[0-9a-fA-F]{4}-'[  
'[0-9a-fA-F]{4}-[0-9a-fA-F]{12}'
```

A Universally Unique IDentifier in the string representation defined in RFC 4122. The canonical representation uses lowercase characters. The following is an example of a UUID in string representation: f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6.

**Reference:**

- RFC 4122: A Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) URN Namespace

## yang-identifier

**Pattern:**

```
'[a-zA-Z_][a-zA-Z0-9\-\_\.]*'
```

**Pattern:**

```
'\.\.\. | [^xX] .* | [^mM] .* | \.\. [^1L] .*'
```

A YANG identifier string as defined by the 'identifier' rule in Section 12 of RFC 6020. An identifier must start with an alphabetic character or an underscore followed by an arbitrary sequence of alphabetic or numeric characters, underscores, hyphens, or dots. A YANG identifier MUST NOT start with any possible combination of the lowercase or uppercase character sequence 'xml'.

**Reference:**

- RFC 6020: YANG - A Data Modeling Language for the Network Configuration Protocol (NETCONF)

yang-identifier