



Using FTP to Manage System Images

This module contains information about using FTP to manage Cisco system images.

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Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see [Bug Search Tool](#) and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Image Copying from Flash Memory to an FTP Server

The FTP protocol requires a client to send a remote username and password on each FTP request to a server. When you copy a configuration file from the router to a server using FTP, the Cisco IOS software sends the first valid username it encounters in the following list:

1. The username specified in the **copy** privileged EXEC command, if a username is specified.
2. The username set by the **ipftpusername** global configuration command, if the command is configured.
3. Anonymous.

The router sends the first valid password it encounters in the following list:

1. The password specified in the **copy** privileged EXEC command, if a password is specified.
2. The password set by the **ipftppassword** global configuration command, if the command is configured.

The router forms a password *username @routername .domain* . The variable *username* is the username associated with the current session, *routername* is the configured hostname, and *domain* is the domain of the router.

The username and password must be associated with an account on the FTP server. If you are writing to the server, the FTP server must be properly configured to accept the FTP write request from the user on the router.

If the server has a directory structure, the configuration file or image is written to or copied from the directory associated with the username on the server. For example, if the system image resides in the home directory of a user on the server, specify that user's name as the remote username.

Refer to the documentation for your FTP server for more information.

Use the **ipftpusername** and **ipftppassword** commands to specify a username and password for all copies. Include the username in the **copy** command if you want to specify a username for that copy operation only.

Image Copy from an FTP Server to a Flash Memory File System

You can copy a system image from an FTP server to a flash memory file system.

FTP Username and Password

The FTP protocol requires a client to send a remote username and password on each FTP request to a server. When you copy a configuration file from the router to a server using FTP, the Cisco IOS software sends the first valid username it encounters in the following list:

1. The username specified in the **copy** privileged EXEC command, if a username is specified.
2. The username set by the **ipftpusername** global configuration command, if the command is configured.
3. Anonymous.

The router sends the first valid password it encounters in the following list:

1. The password specified in the **copy** privileged EXEC command, if a password is specified.
2. The password set by the **ip ftp password** command, if the command is configured.

The router forms a password *username @routername .domain* . The variable *username* is the username associated with the current session, *routername* is the configured host name, and *domain* is the domain of the router.

The username and password must be associated with an account on the FTP server. If you are writing to the server, the FTP server must be properly configured to accept the FTP write request from the user on the router.

If the server has a directory structure, the configuration file or image is written to or copied from the directory associated with the username on the server. For example, if the system image resides in the home directory of a user on the server, specify that user's name as the remote username.

Refer to the documentation for your FTP server for more information.

Use the **ip ftp username** and **ip ftp password** commands to specify a username and password for all copies. Include the username in the **copy** command if you want to specify a username for that copy operation only.

Copying an Image from Flash Memory to an FTP Server

To copy a system image to an FTP network server, complete the tasks in this section:

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Router> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Router# configure terminal	(Optional) Enters global configuration mode. This step is required only if you override the default remote username or password (see Steps 2 and 3).
Step 3	ip ftp username <i>username</i> Example: Router(config)# ip ftp username user1	(Optional) Changes the default remote username.
Step 4	ip ftp password <i>password</i> Example: Router(config)# ip ftp password guessme	(Optional) Changes the default password.
Step 5	end Example: Router(config)# end	(Optional) Exits global configuration mode. This step is required only if you override the default remote username or password (see Steps 2 and 3).
Step 6	show <i>flash-filesystem</i> : Example: Router# show flash:	(Optional) Displays the system image file in the specified flash directory. If you do not already know it, note the exact spelling of the system image filename in flash memory.
Step 7	copy <i>flash-filesystem</i> : <i>filename</i> ftp: [[[//[<i>username</i> [:<i>password</i>]@]<i>location</i>] <i>directory</i>]/<i>filename</i>]	Copies the image to the FTP server.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Example: <pre>Router# copy slot0:1:your-ios ftp://myuser:mypass@172.23.1.129/dirt/sysadmin/your-ios</pre>	Note After you have issued the copy privileged EXEC command, you may be prompted for additional information or for confirmation of the action. The prompting will depend on how much information you provide in the copy command and the current setting of the fileprompt global configuration command.

Examples

The following example uses the **showslot1:privilegedEXEC** command to display the name of the system image file in the second PCMCIA slot, and copies the file (test) to an FTP server:

```
Router# show slot1:
-#- ED --type-- --crc--- -seek-- nlen -length- -----date/time----- name
1  .. 1          46A11866 2036C   4    746      May 16 1995 16:24:37 test
Router# copy slot1:test ftp://thisuser:thatpass@172.16.13.110/test
writing test!!!!...
successful ftp write.
```

In this example, the file named your-ios is copied from partition 1 of the flash memory PC card in slot 0 to the TFTP server at 172.23.1.129. The file will be saved with the name your-ios in the dirt/sysadmin directory relative to the directory of the remote username.

```
Router# show slot0: partition 1
PCMCIA Slot0 flash directory, partition 1:
File Length Name/status
  1  1711088 your-ios
[1711152 bytes used, 2483152 available, 4194304 total]
Router# copy slot0:1:your-ios ftp://myuser:mypass@172.23.1.129/dirt/sysadmin/your-ios
Verifying checksum for 'your-ios' (file # 1)... OK
Copy 'your-ios' from Flash to server
  as 'dirt/sysadmin/ios-2'? [yes/no] yes
!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
Upload to server done
Flash device copy took 00:00:23 [hh:mm:ss]
```

Copying from an FTP Server to Flash Memory

To copy a system image from an FTP server to a flash memory file system, complete the tasks in this section:

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example:	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enter your password if prompted.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Router> enable	
Step 2	show flash-filesystem : Example: Router# show flash:	(Optional) Displays the system image filename in Flash memory. Use this command to verify the url-path of the file and the exact spelling of the system image filename for use in the next command.
Step 3	copy flash-url tftp :[[[//location]/directory]/filename] Example: Router# copy slot0:1:your-ios tftp://172.23.1.129/dirt/sysadmin/your-ios	Copies the system image from Flash memory to a TFTP server. Specify the file location and filename as the <i>flash-url</i> argument. Note After you have issued the copy privileged EXEC command, you may be prompted for additional information or for confirmation of the action. The prompting will depend on how much information you provide in the copy command and the current setting of the fileprompt global configuration command.
Step 4	configure terminal Example: Router# configure terminal	(Optional) Enters global configuration mode from the terminal. This step is required only if you want to override the default remote username or password (see Steps 3 and 4).
Step 5	ip ftp username username Example: Router(config)# ip ftp username netuser1	(Optional) Changes the default remote username.
Step 6	ip ftp password password Example: Router(config)# ip ftp password guessme	(Optional) Changes the default password.
Step 7	end Example: Router(config)# end	(Optional) Exits global configuration mode. This step is required only if you override the default remote username or password (see Steps 3 and 4).
Step 8	copy ftp: [[[/[username [:password]@]location]/directory]/filename]flash-filesystem:[filename] Example:	Copies the configuration file from a network server to running memory or the startup configuration using <i>rep</i> .

	Command or Action	Purpose
	<pre>Router# copy ftp://myuser:mypass@theserver/tftpboot/sub3/c7200-js-mz slot1:c7200-js-mz</pre>	<p>Note After you have issued the copy privileged EXEC command, you may be prompted for additional information or for confirmation of the action. The prompting will depend on how much information you provide in the copy command and the current setting of the fileprompt global configuration command.</p>

Examples

The following example illustrates how to use the **reload** command to reload the software on the router on the current day at 7:30 p.m.:

```
Router# reload at 19:30
Reload scheduled for 19:30:00 UTC Wed Jun 5 1996 (in 2 hours and 25 minutes)
Proceed with reload? [confirm]
```

The following example illustrates how to use the **reload** command to reload the software on the router at a future time:

```
Router# reload at 02:00 jun 20
Reload scheduled for 02:00:00 UTC Thu Jun 20 1996 (in 344 hours and 53 minutes)
Proceed with reload? [confirm]
```