



# Punt Policing and Monitoring

Punt policing protects the Route Processor (RP) from having to process noncritical traffic, which increases the CPU bandwidth available to critical traffic. Traffic is placed into different CPU queues based on various criteria. The Punt Policing and Monitoring feature allows you to police the punt rate on a per-queue basis.

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## Information About Punt Policing and Monitoring

### Overview of Punt Policing and Monitoring

Packets received on an interface are punted to the Router Processor (RP) for various reasons. Some examples of these various reasons include, unicast and multicast control plane traffic that are destined for a routing protocol process running on the RP, and IP packets that generate Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) exceptions such as a Time to live (TTL) expiration. The RP has a limited capacity to process the punted packets, and while some of them are critical for the router operation and should not be dropped, some can be dropped without impacting the router operation.

Punt policing frees the RP from having to process noncritical traffic. Traffic is placed in queues based on various criteria, and you can configure the maximum punt rate for each queue which allows you to configure the system so that packets are less likely to be dropped from queues that contain critical traffic.



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**Note** Traffic on certain CPU queues could still be dropped, regardless of the configured punt rate, based on other criteria such as the queue priority, queue size, and traffic punt rate.

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#### Per-Interface Per-Cause Punt Policer

Per-interface per-cause (PIPC) punt policing is an enhancement to the Punt Policing and Monitoring feature that allows you to control and limit traffic per interface. From Cisco IOS XE Release 17.5.1, you can set the PIPC rate for all the control plane-punted traffic. When you set the PIPC rate, any traffic beyond the set limit is dropped, thereby enabling you to control the traffic during conditions such as L2 storming.

The PIPC punt policer configuration is supported for the following interfaces:

- Main interface
- Subinterface
- Port channel
- Port channel subinterface
- Tunnels
- PPPoE interface

## How to Configure Punt Policing and Monitoring

### Configuring Punt Policing



**Note** Traffic on a specific CPU queue may be dropped irrespective of the configured maximum punt rate, based on the queue priority, queue size, and the configured traffic punt rate.

Perform this task to specify the maximum punt rate on the specified queue.

#### Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password, if prompted.
<b>Step 2</b>	configure terminal <b>Example:</b> Device# configure terminal	Enters the global configuration mode.
<b>Step 3</b>	platform qos-policer queue queue-id cir bc <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# platform qos-policer queue 20 384000 8000	Enables punt policing on a queue, and specifies the maximum punt rate on a per-queue basis.  cir— Indicates Committed Information Rate (CIR). The range is 384000-20000000 bps.  bc— Indicates Committed Burts (BC). The range is 8000-16000000 bps.
<b>Step 4</b>	end <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# end	(Optional) Returns to privileged EXEC mode.

## Verifying Punt Policing

### Verifying Queue-Based Punt Policing

Use the show platform software infrastructure punt statistics to display punt police statistics:

```
Router# show platform software infrastructure punt statistics
UEA Punt Statistics
```

Global drops : 0

Queue Name	Rx count	Drop count
SW FORWARDING Q	0	0
ROUTING PROTOCOL Q	0	0
ICMP Q	0	0
HOST Q	57115	0
ACL LOGGING Q	0	0
STP Q	0	0
L2 PROTOCOL Q	6571	0
MCAST CONTROL Q	208839	0
BROADCAST Q	4	0
REP Q	0	0
CFM Q	0	0
CONTROL Q	0	0
IP MPLS TTL Q	0	0
DEFAULT MCAST Q	0	0
MCAST ROUTE DATA Q	0	0
MCAST MISMATCH Q	0	0
RPF FAIL Q	0	0
ROUTING THROTTLE Q	87	0
MCAST Q	0	0
MPLS OAM Q	0	0
IP MPLS MTU Q	0	0
PTP Q	0	0
LINUX ND Q	0	0
KEEPALIVE Q	0	0
ESMC Q	0	0
FPGA BFD Q	0	0
FPGA CCM Q	0	0
FPGA CFE Q	0	0
L2PT DUP Q	0	0

### Verifying Punt Policing Statistics

Use the show platform hardware pp active infrastructure pi npd rx policer command to display the punt policing statistics for all queues.

Ring	Queue Name	Punt rate	Burst rate
0	SW FORWARDING Q	500	1000
1	ROUTING PROTOCOL Q	500	1000
2	ICMP Q	500	1000
3	HOST Q	1000	2000
4	ACL LOGGING Q	500	1000
5	STP Q	3000	6000
6	L2 PROTOCOL Q	1000	2000
7	MCAST CONTROL Q	1000	2000
8	BROADCAST Q	1000	2000
9	REP Q	3000	6000
10	BGP LDP Q	3000	6000

11		CONTROL Q		1000		2000
12		IP MPLS TTL Q		1000		2000
13		DEFAULT MCAST Q		500		1000
14		MCAST ROUTE DATA Q		500		1000
15		MCAST HIGH PRI Q		1000		2000
16		RPF FAIL Q		500		1000
17		ROUTING THROTTLE Q		500		1000
18		MCAST Q		500		1000
19		MPLS OAM Q		1000		2000
20		IP MPLS MTU Q		500		1000
21		PTP Q		3000		6000
22		LINUX ND Q		500		1000
23		KEEPALIVE Q		1000		2000
24		ESMC Q		3000		6000
25		FPGA BFD Q		4000		8000
26		FPGA CCM Q		4000		8000
27		FPGA CFE Q		1000		2000
28		L2PT DUP Q		4000		8000
29		TDM CTRL Q		3000		6000
30		ICMP UNREACHABLE Q		500		1000
31		SSFPD Q		6000		12000

Router# show platform hardware pp active infrastructure pi npd rx policer  
PUNT POLICER

Ring		Queue Name		Punt rate		Burst rate
0		SW FORWARDING Q		500		1000
1		ROUTING PROTOCOL Q		500		1000
2		ICMP Q		500		1000
3		HOST Q		1000		2000
4		ACL LOGGING Q		500		1000
5		STP Q		3000		6000
6		L2 PROTOCOL Q		1000		2000
7		MCAST CONTROL Q		1000		2000
8		BROADCAST Q		500		1000
9		REP Q		3000		6000
10		CFM Q		3000		6000
11		CONTROL Q		1000		2000
12		IP MPLS TTL Q		1000		2000
13		DEFAULT MCAST Q		500		1000
14		MCAST ROUTE DATA Q		500		1000
15		MCAST MISMATCH Q		500		1000
16		RPF FAIL Q		500		1000
17		ROUTING THROTTLE Q		500		1000
18		MCAST Q		500		1000
19		MPLS OAM Q		1000		2000
20		IP MPLS MTU Q		500		1000
21		PTP Q		3000		6000
22		LINUX ND Q		500		1000
23		KEEPALIVE Q		1000		2000
24		ESMC Q		3000		6000
25		FPGA BFD Q		3000		6000
26		FPGA CCM Q		3000		6000
27		FPGA CFE Q		3000		6000
28		L2PT DUP Q		4000		8000

Router#show platform hardware pp active infrastructure pi npd rx policer  
PUNT POLICER

Ring		Queue Name		Punt rate		Burst rate
0		SW FORWARDING Q		500		1000
1		ROUTING PROTOCOL Q		500		1000

2		ICMP Q		500		1000
3		HOST Q		1000		2000
4		ACL LOGGING Q		500		1000
5		STP Q		3000		6000
6		L2 PROTOCOL Q		1000		2000
7		MCAST CONTROL Q		1000		2000
8		BROADCAST Q		500		1000
9		REP Q		3000		6000
10		CFM Q		3000		6000
11		CONTROL Q		1000		2000
12		IP MPLS TTL Q		1000		2000
13		DEFAULT MCAST Q		500		1000
14		MCAST ROUTE DATA Q		500		1000
15		MCAST MISMATCH Q		500		1000
16		RPF FAIL Q		500		1000
17		ROUTING THROTTLE Q		500		1000
18		MCAST Q		500		1000
19		MPLS OAM Q		1000		2000
20		IP MPLS MTU Q		9000		10000
21		PTP Q		3000		6000
22		LINUX ND Q		500		1000
23		KEEPALIVE Q		1000		2000
24		ESMC Q		3000		6000
25		FPGA BFD Q		4000		8000
26		FPGA CCM Q		2000		4000
27		FPGA CFE Q		3000		6000
28		L2PT DUP Q		4000		8000

Use the show platform software infrastructure punt statistics command to view the statistics on the RSP3 module.

Router#

Global drops : 0

Queue Name	Rx count	Drop count
SW FORWARDING Q	0	0
ROUTING PROTOCOL Q	0	0
ICMP Q	0	0
HOST Q	0	0
ACL LOGGING Q	0	0
STP Q	0	0
L2 PROTOCOL Q	0	0
MCAST CONTROL Q	0	0
BROADCAST Q	0	0
REP Q	0	0
BGP LDP Q	0	0
CONTROL Q	0	0
IP MPLS TTL Q	0	0
DEFAULT MCAST Q	0	0
MCAST ROUTE DATA Q	0	0
MCAST MISMATCH Q	0	0
RPF FAIL Q	0	0
ROUTING THROTTLE Q	0	0
MCAST Q	0	0
MPLS OAM Q	0	0
IP MPLS MTU Q	0	0
PTP Q	0	0
LINUX ND Q	0	0
KEEPALIVE Q	0	0
ESMC Q	0	0
FPGA BFD Q	0	0

```

FPGA CCM Q          | 0          | 0
FPGA CFE Q          | 0          | 0
L2PT DUP Q          | 0          | 0
TDM CTRL Q          | 0          | 0
ICMP UNREACHABLE Q | 0          | 0
SSFP Q              | 0          | 0
MIRROT Q            | 0          | 0

```

Use the `show platform hardware pp active feature qos policer cpu all 1` command to clear the statistics of all the CPU queues.

Use the `show platform hardware pp active feature qos policer cpu all 0` command to clear the statistics of a particular CPU queue.

```

##### Stats for CPU queue 0 #####
Internal Qnum: 1      Queue Name: SW FORWARDING Q
Policer conform: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
Policer exceed: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
RM Drops: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
Policer commit rate is: 1000000, Policer burst commit is 100000

```

```

##### Stats for CPU queue 1 #####
Internal Qnum: 2      Queue Name: ROUTING PROTOCOL Q
Policer conform: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
Policer exceed: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
RM Drops: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
Policer commit rate is: 1000000, Policer burst commit is 100000

```

```

##### Stats for CPU queue 30 #####
Internal Qnum: 31     Queue Name: ICMP UNREACHABLE Q
Policer conform: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
Policer exceed: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
RM Drops: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
Policer commit rate is: 1000000, Policer burst commit is 100000

```

```

##### Stats for CPU queue 31 #####
Internal Qnum: 32     Queue Name: SSFPD Q
Policer conform: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
Policer exceed: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
RM Drops: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
Policer commit rate is: 1000000, Policer burst commit is 100000

```

Use `show platform hardware pp active feature qos policer cpu 3 0` to display the queue specific statistics.

```

##### Stats for CPU queue 3 #####
Internal Qnum: 4      Queue Name: HOST Q
Policer conform: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
Policer exceed: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
RM Drops: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
Policer commit rate is: 12000000, Policer burst commit is 3000000

```

3 — queueId of CPU and 0 — show stats

Use the `show platform hardware pp active feature qos policer cpu all 0` to display the output after adding the drop cause. Following commands are applicable only for RSP3 module:

```

##### Stats for CPU queue 0 #####
Internal Qnum: 8000CPU
Port num: 0
Policer conform: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
Policer exceed: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
Policer commit rate is: 500000 bps, Policer burst commit is 16000 bytes

```

```

##### Stats for CPU queue 1 #####
Internal Qnum: 8008CPU
Port num: 0
Policer conform: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
Policer exceed: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
Policer commit rate is: 1000000 bps, Policer burst commit is 100000 bytes
##### Stats for CPU queue 2 #####
Internal Qnum: 8016CPU
Port num: 0
Policer conform: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
Policer exceed: 0 (packets) 0 (bytes)
Policer commit rate is: 1000000 bps, Policer burst commit is 100000 bytes

```

# Configuration Examples for Punt Policing and Monitoring

## Example: Configuring Punt Policing

The following example shows how to enable punt-policing:

```

Router# enable
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# platform qos-policer queue 3 384000 8000

```

## Additional References

### Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
QoS commands: complete command syntax, command modes, command history, defaults, usage guidelines, and examples	Cisco IOS Quality of Service Solutions Command Reference
Traffic marking	“Marking Network Traffic” module
Traffic policing	“Traffic Policing” module
Traffic policing and shaping concepts and overview information	“Policing and Shaping Overview” module
Modular quality of service command-line interface (MQC)	“Applying QoS Features Using the MQC” module

### Standards

Standard	Title
None	—

**MIBs**

<b>MIB</b>	<b>MIBs Link</b>
None	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS XE Software releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: <a href="http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs">http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs</a>

**RFCs**

<b>RFC</b>	<b>Title</b>
None	

**Technical Assistance**

<b>Description</b>	<b>Link</b>
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	<a href="http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html">http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html</a>