



## Multilink Commands

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This module provides command line interface (CLI) commands for configuring multilink interfaces on the Cisco ASR 9000 Series Router.

To use commands of this module, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using any command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

- [bundle, on page 2](#)
- [controller MgmtMultilink, on page 3](#)
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- [show controllers mgmtmultilink, on page 10](#)
- [show interfaces multilink, on page 13](#)

# bundle

To create a multilink interface bundle, use the **bundle** command in the interface configuration mode. To remove a multilink interface bundle, use the **no** form of this command.

**bundle** *bundleID*

<b>Syntax Description</b>	<i>bundleID</i> ID number of the multilink interface bundle. The bundle ID can be a 9-digit number.
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<b>Command Default</b>	No default behavior or values
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<b>Command Modes</b>	Interface configuration
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<b>Command History</b>	<b>Release</b>	<b>Modification</b>
	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.

<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	The <b>bundle</b> command is used in mgmtmultilink controller mode to dynamically create a multilink interface. This command is similar to the <b>channel-group</b> command on the T1 controller, which dynamically creates a serial interface.
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<b>Task ID</b>	<b>Task ID</b>	<b>Operations</b>
	sonet-sdh	read, write

<b>Examples</b>	The following example shows how to create a multilink interface with a bundle ID of 1:
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```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# controller mgmtmultilink 0/1/0/0
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mgmtmultilink)# bundle 1
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mgmtmultilink)# commit
```

<b>Related Commands</b>	<b>Command</b>	<b>Description</b>
	<a href="#">multilink, on page 7</a>	Enters the config-if-multilink submode.
	<a href="#">multilink group, on page 9</a>	Attaches a serial interface to a multilink interface bundle.

# controller MgmtMultilink

To configure a controller for a generic multilink bundle and enter MgmtMultilink configuration mode, use the **controller MgmtMultilink** command in Global Configuration mode . To return to the default state, use the **no** form of this command.

**controller MgmtMultilink** *interface-path-id*

## Syntax Description

*interface-path-id* Virtual interface.

### Note

Use the **show interfaces** command to see a list of all interfaces currently configured on the router.

For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.

## Command Default

No default behavior or values

## Command Modes

Global Configuration mode

## Command History

Release	Modification
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Release 3.9.0 This command was introduced.

## Usage Guidelines

For the *interface-path-id* argument, use the following guidelines:

- If specifying a physical interface, the naming notation is *rack/slot/module-instance*. The slash between values is required as part of the notation. An explanation of each component of the naming notation is as follows:
  - *rack*: Chassis number of the rack.
  - *slot*: Physical slot number of the line card.
  - *module*: Module number.
  - *instance*: Number of the controller instance. The instance is always 0.
- If specifying a virtual interface, the number range varies, depending on interface type.

## Task ID

Task ID	Operations
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interface read,  
write

## Examples

The following example shows how to enter the MgmtMultilink configuration mode :

**controller MgmtMultilink**

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# config  
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# controller MgmtMultilink 0/1/0/0  
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mgmtmultilink) #
```

**Related Commands**

Command	Description
<a href="#">show controllers mgmtmultilink, on page 10</a>	Displays information about the state and the number of bundles of a multilink controller.

# interface multilink

To configure a multilink interface and enter multilink interface configuration mode, use the **interface multilink** command in Global Configuration mode. To delete the interface configuration, use the **no** form of this command. To return to the default state, use the **no** form of this command.

**interface multilink *interface-path-id[.subinterface {l2transport | point-to-point}]***

<b>Syntax Description</b>	<i>interface-path-id</i> [. <i>subinterface</i> ]  For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.	Physical interface or virtual interface followed by the optional subinterface path ID. Naming notation is <i>interface-path-id.subinterface</i> . The period in front of the subinterface value is required as part of the notation.						
<b>l2transport</b>		Configures interface to function as one endpoint on a Layer 2 link.						
<b>point-to-point</b>		Configures interface to function as one endpoint on a point-to-point link.						
<b>Command Default</b>	No interfaces are configured.							
<b>Command Modes</b>	Global Configuration mode							
<b>Command History</b>	<table> <thead> <tr> <th><b>Release</b></th><th><b>Modification</b></th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 3.9.0</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Release 4.0.0</td><td>The <i>subinterface</i> argument and the keywords <b>l2transport</b> and <b>point-to-point</b> were introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		<b>Release</b>	<b>Modification</b>	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.	Release 4.0.0	The <i>subinterface</i> argument and the keywords <b>l2transport</b> and <b>point-to-point</b> were introduced.
<b>Release</b>	<b>Modification</b>							
Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.							
Release 4.0.0	The <i>subinterface</i> argument and the keywords <b>l2transport</b> and <b>point-to-point</b> were introduced.							
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	The <i>subinterface</i> argument and keywords <b>l2transport</b> and <b>point-to-point</b> are only applicable if frame relay encapsulation is enabled using the <b>encapsulation frame-relay</b> command.							
<b>Task ID</b>	<table> <thead> <tr> <th><b>Task ID</b></th><th><b>Operations</b></th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>interface</td><td>read, write</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		<b>Task ID</b>	<b>Operations</b>	interface	read, write		
<b>Task ID</b>	<b>Operations</b>							
interface	read, write							

## Examples

The following example shows how to enable frame relay encapsulation for a multilink bundle, and enter subinterface configuration mode.

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:routerRP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure terminal
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface multilink 0/3/0/0/1
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# encapsulation frame-relay
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# exit
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface multilink 0/3/0/0/1.1 point-to-point
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-subif)# ipv4 address 10.86.10.48/24
```

**interface multilink**

The following example shows how to enter interface configuration mode for a multilink bundle with ppp encapsulation. ppp encapsulation is the default encapsulation type:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure terminal  
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface multilink 0/3/0/0/1  
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-if)#ipv4 address 10.86.10.48/24
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	<a href="#">show interfaces multilink, on page 13</a>	Displays information about a multilink interface.

# multilink

To enter the config-if-multilink submode, use the **multilink** command in the interface configuration mode.

## multilink

<b>Syntax Description</b>	This command has no keywords or arguments.	
<b>Command Default</b>	No default behavior or values	
<b>Command Modes</b>	Interface configuration	
<b>Command History</b>	<b>Release</b>	<b>Modification</b>
	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	For multilink interfaces, the <b>multilink</b> command provides access to the config-if-multilink submode to use the <b>multilink fragment-size</b> command.	
<b>Task ID</b>	<b>Task ID</b>	<b>Operations</b>
	hdhc	read, write
<b>Examples</b>	The following example shows how to enter the config-if-multilink submode:	
	<pre>RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# config RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface serial 0/1/0/1/1/1:0 RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# multilink RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-if-multilink)# group 1 RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-if-multilink)# commit</pre>	
<b>Related Commands</b>	<b>Command</b>	<b>Description</b>
	<a href="#">multilink group, on page 9</a>	Attaches a serial interface to a multilink interface bundle.

# multilink fragment

To set the fragmentation size or the fragmentation delay on a multilink interface, use the **multilink fragment** command in interface configuration mode. To remove the fragment size or fragment delay, use the **no** form of this command.

**multilink fragment {size size | delay delay-ms}**

<b>Syntax Description</b>	<b>size size</b> Specifies the fragment size (in bytes) on a multilink interface. The range is 64 to 9216. <b>delay</b> Specifies the fragment delay (in milliseconds) on a multilink interface. The range is 1 to 1000.				
<b>Command Default</b>	No multilink fragment size or fragment delay is set.				
<b>Command Modes</b>	Interface configuration				
<b>Command History</b>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 3.9.0</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.				
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	Multilink fragmentation is only supported for ppp encapsulation, not for frame-relay encapsulation.				
<b>Task ID</b>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th><th>Operations</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>hdlc</td><td>read, write</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operations	hdlc	read, write
Task ID	Operations				
hdlc	read, write				
<b>Examples</b>	<p>The following example shows how to set the multilink fragment size:</p> <pre>RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface multilink 0/1/0/0/1 RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# multilink fragment size 128 RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-if)#</pre> <p>The following example shows how to set the multilink fragment delay:</p> <pre>RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface multilink 0/1/0/0/1 RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# multilink fragment delay 2 RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-if)#</pre>				
<b>Related Commands</b>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Command</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><a href="#">interface multilink, on page 5</a></td><td>Configures a multilink interface and enters multilink interface configuration mode.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Command	Description	<a href="#">interface multilink, on page 5</a>	Configures a multilink interface and enters multilink interface configuration mode.
Command	Description				
<a href="#">interface multilink, on page 5</a>	Configures a multilink interface and enters multilink interface configuration mode.				

# multilink group

To attach a serial interface to a multilink interface bundle, use the **multilink group** command in interface configuration mode. To remove a serial interface from a multilink interface bundle, use the **no** form of this command.

**multilink group *bundleID***

<b>Syntax Description</b>	<i>bundleID</i> Bundle ID number of the multilink interface, in the format <i>rack/slot/bay/controllerID/bundleID</i> )				
<b>Command Default</b>	No default behavior or values				
<b>Command Modes</b>	Interface configuration				
<b>Command History</b>	<table> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 3.9.0</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.				
<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.				
<b>Task ID</b>	<table> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th> <th>Operations</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>hdhc</td> <td>read, write</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operations	hdhc	read, write
Task ID	Operations				
hdhc	read, write				

## Examples

The following examples show how to attach a serial interface to a multilink interface bundle:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface serial 0/1/0/1/1:0
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# multilink group 1
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# commit
```

or

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface serial 0/1/0/1/1:0
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# multilink
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-if-multilink)# group 1
(config-if-multilink)# commit
```

## Related Commands

Command	Description
<a href="#">multilink, on page 7</a>	Enters the config-if-multilink submode.

**show controllers mgmtmultilink**

# show controllers mgmtmultilink

To display information about the state and the number of bundles of a multilink controller, use the **show controller mgmtmultilink** command in EXEC mode.

**show controllers mgmtmultilink *interface-path-id* [all | brief | internal-state | tabular]**

## Syntax Description

*interface-path-id* Virtual interface.

### Note

Use the **show interfaces** command to see a list of all interfaces currently configured on the router.

For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.

**all** Displays all multilink management information.

**brief** Displays brief multilink management information.

**internal-state** Displays internal multilink management state.

**tabular** Displays multilink management information in tabular format.

## Command Default

No default behavior or values

## Command Modes

EXEC mode

## Command History

Release	Modification
---------	--------------

Release 3.9.0 This command was introduced.

## Usage Guidelines

For the *interface-path-id* argument, use the following guidelines:

- If specifying a physical interface, the naming notation is *rack/slot/module-instance*. The slash between values is required as part of the notation. An explanation of each component of the naming notation is as follows:
  - *rack*: Chassis number of the rack.
  - *slot*: Physical slot number of the line card.
  - *module*: Module number. A physical layer interface module (PLIM) is always 0.
  - *instance*: Number of the controller instance. The instance is always 0.
- If specifying a virtual interface, the number range varies, depending on interface type.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	interface read	

**Examples**

The following example shows how to display information for a management multilink controller:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# show controllers mgmtmultilink 0/3/0/0 all
Controller MgmtMultilink0/3/0/0
  State is up
  Number of bundles: 2
    Bundle 1 - Multilink0/3/0/0/1 (0x06186240)
      Type: Full Framed T1s
      Bandwidth: 3072 kbps
      Encapsulation: Frame Relay
      Fragment size: 0
      Number of members: 2
      Ancestor name: SONET0/3/0/0
      Member(s):
        Serial0/3/0/0/1/1:0 (0x0619b640) Active
        Serial0/3/0/0/1/2:0 (0x06176980) Active

    Bundle 2 - Multilink0/3/0/0/2 (0x06176840)
      Type: Full Framed T1s
      Bandwidth: 3072 kbps
      Encapsulation: Frame Relay
      Fragment size: 0
      Number of members: 2
      Ancestor name: SONET0/3/0/0
      Member(s):
        Serial0/3/0/0/1/3:0 (0x0619b3c0) Active
        Serial0/3/0/0/1/4:0 (0x0618b9c0) Active

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# show controllers mgmtmultilink 0/3/0/0 brief
MgmtMultilink0/3/0/0 is up

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# show controllers mgmtmultilink 0/3/0/0 tabular
MgmtMultilink0/3/0/0 is up

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# show controllers mgmtmultilink 0/3/0/0 internal-state
Interface(layer)      admin_up if_state
-----  -----
MgmtMultilink0/3/0/0   up       up

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# show controllers mgmtmultilink 0/2/0/0
Controller MgmtMultilink0/2/0/0
  State is up
  Number of bundles: 1
    Bundle 1 - Multilink0/2/0/0/1 (0x0802e400)
      Type: Full Framed T1s
      Bandwidth: 1536 kbps
      Encapsulation: PPP
      Fragment size: 0
      Number of members: 1
      Ancestor name: SONET0/2/0/0
```

```
show controllers mgmtmultilink
```

```
Member(s):  
    Serial0/2/0/0/1/1:0 (0x08023c00) Active
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	<a href="#">show interfaces multilink, on page 13</a>	Displays information about a multilink interface.

# show interfaces multilink

To display information about a multilink interface, use the **show interfaces multilink** command in EXEC mode.

**show interfaces multilink *interface-path-id***

## Syntax Description

*interface-path-id* Physical interface or virtual interface.

### Note

Use the **show interfaces** command to see a list of all interfaces currently configured on the router.

For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.

## Command Default

No default behavior or values

## Command Modes

EXEC mode

## Command History

Release	Modification
---------	--------------

Release 3.9.0 This command was introduced.

## Usage Guidelines

For the *interface-path-id* argument, use the following guidelines:

- If specifying a physical interface, the naming notation is *rack/slot/module/port*. The slash between values is required as part of the notation. An explanation of each component of the naming notation is as follows:
  - *rack*: Chassis number of the rack.
  - *slot*: Physical slot number of the line card.
  - *module*: Module number. A physical layer interface module (PLIM) is always 0.
  - *port*: Physical port number of the interface.
- If specifying a virtual interface, the number range varies, depending on interface type.

## Task ID

Task ID	Operations
---------	------------

interface read

## Examples

The following example shows how to display information about a multilink interface:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# show interfaces multilink 0/1/0/0/1
Multilink0/1/0/0/1 is up, line protocol is up
  Interface state transitions: 1
```

**show interfaces multilink**

```
Hardware is Multilink network interface(s)
Internet address is 10.1.1.1/24
MTU 1504 bytes, BW 1536 Kbit
    reliability 255/255, txload 3/255, rxload 3/255
Encapsulation PPP, loopback not set, keepalive set (10 sec)
LCP Open
Open: IPCP
Last input 00:00:00, output 00:00:00
Last clearing of "show interface" counters 02:06:24
5 minute input rate 19000 bits/sec, 5 packets/sec
5 minute output rate 19000 bits/sec, 5 packets/sec
    48769 packets input, 12425740 bytes, 0 total input drops
    0 drops for unrecognized upper-level protocol
    Received 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles, 0 parity
    0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort
    67905 packets output, 17400050 bytes, 0 total output drops
    0 output errors, 0 underruns, 0 applique, 0 resets
    0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
Fragmentation Statistics
    Input Fragmented packets 0          Input Fragmented bytes 0
    Output Fragmented packets 0         Output Fragmented bytes 0
    Input Unfragmented packets 0        Input Unfragmented bytes 0
    Output Unfragmented packets 0       Output Unfragmented bytes 0
    Input Reassembled packets 0         Input Reassembled bytes 0
```