



Configuring FIPS Mode

The Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 140-2 is an U.S. and Canadian government certification standard that defines requirements that the cryptographic modules must follow. The FIPS specifies best practices for implementing cryptographic algorithms, handling key material and data buffers, and working with the operating system.

In Cisco IOS XR software, these applications are verified for FIPS compliance:

- Secure Shell (SSH)
- Secure Socket Layer (SSL)
- Transport Layer Security (TLS)
- Internet Protocol Security (IPSec) for Open Shortest Path First version 3 (OSPFv3)
- Simple Network Management Protocol version 3 (SNMPv3)

For more information about the Configuring FIPS feature, see the *Configuring FIPS Mode* module in the *System Security Configuration Guide for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers*. For complete command reference of FIPS commands, see the *FIPS Commands* chapter in the *System Security Command Reference for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers*

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Prerequisites for Configuring FIPS

Install and activate the **asr9k-k9sec-px.pie** file.

You must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes the proper task IDs. The command reference guides include the task IDs required for each command.

If you suspect user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Installing and Activating the PIE

The Package Installation Envelope (PIE) files, are installable software files with the .pie extension. PIE files are used to copy one or more software components onto the router. A PIE may contain a single component, a group of components (called a package), or a set of packages (called a composite package).

Use the **show install committed** command in EXEC mode to verify the committed software packages.

You must install and activate the **asr9k-k9sec-px.pie** file to configure FIPS. To install and activate the PIE, download the **asr9k-k9sec-px.pie** to a TFTP server.

For more information about installing PIEs, refer to *Upgrading and Managing Cisco IOS XR Software section* of the *System Management Configuration Guide for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers*.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **admin**
2. **install add** *tftp://<IP address of tftp server>/<location of pie on server>*
3. **install activate** *device:package*
4. **install commit**
5. **exit**
6. **show install committed**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	admin Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# admin	Enters administration EXEC mode.
Step 2	install add <i>tftp://<IP address of tftp server>/<location of pie on server></i> Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin)# install add tftp://172.201.11.140/auto/tftp-users1/pie/	Copies the contents of a package installation envelope (PIE) file to a storage device.
Step 3	install activate <i>device:package</i> Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin)# install activate disk0:asr9k-k9sec-px.pie	Activates the respective package and adds more functionality to the existing software.
Step 4	install commit Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin)# install commit	Saves the active software set to be persistent across designated system controller (DSC) reloads.
Step 5	exit Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin)# exit	Exits from the admin mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 6	show install committed Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# show install committed	Shows the list of the committed software packages.

How to Configure FIPS

Perform these tasks to configure FIPS.

Enabling FIPS mode

Before you begin

Refer to the [Installing and Activating the PIE, on page 2](#) section for information on installing and activating the image on the router.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **configure**
2. **crypto fips-mode**
3. **commit**
4. **show logging**
5. **admin**
6. **reload location all**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure	
Step 2	crypto fips-mode Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)#crypto fips-mode	Enters FIPS configuration mode. Note Stop new incoming SSH sessions while configuring or unconfiguring crypto fips-mode . Restart the router upon configuration.
Step 3	commit	
Step 4	show logging Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#show logging	Displays the contents of logging buffers. Note Use the show logging i fips command to filter FIPS specific logging messages.
Step 5	admin Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#admin	Enters into the admin EXEC mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 6	reload location all Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin)#reload location all	Reloads a node or all nodes on a single chassis or multishelf system.

Configuring FIPS-compliant Keys

Perform these steps to configure the FIPS-compliant keys:

Before you begin

Refer the configuration steps in the [Enabling FIPS mode, on page 3](#) section for enabling the FIPS mode.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. `crypto key generate rsa [usage-keys | general-keys] key label`
2. `crypto key generate dsa`
3. `show crypto key mypubkey rsa`
4. `show crypto key mypubkey dsa`

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	crypto key generate rsa [usage-keys general-keys] key label Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#crypto key generate rsa general-keys rsakeypair	Generate a RSA key pair. Ensure that all the key pairs meet the FIPS requirements. The length of the key can vary from 1024 to 2048 bits. The option usage-keys generates separate RSA key pairs for signing and encryption. The option general-keys generates a general-purpose RSA key pair for signing and encryption. To delete the RSA key pair, use the crypto key zeroize rsa keypair-label command.
Step 2	crypto key generate dsa Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#crypto key generate dsa	Generate a DSA key pair if required. Ensure that all the key pairs meet the FIPS requirements. The length of the key is restricted to 1024 bits. To delete the DSA key pair, use the crypto key zeroize dsa keypair-label command.
Step 3	show crypto key mypubkey rsa Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#show crypto key mypubkey rsa	Displays the existing RSA key pairs
Step 4	show crypto key mypubkey dsa Example:	Displays the existing DSA key pairs

	Command or Action	Purpose
	<code>RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#show crypto key mypubkey dsa</code>	

Configuring FIPS-compliant Key Chain

Perform these steps to configure the FIPS-compliant key chain:

Before you begin

Refer the configuration steps in the [Enabling FIPS mode, on page 3](#) section for enabling the FIPS mode.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **configure**
2. **key chain** *key-chain-name*
3. **key** *key-id*
4. **cryptographic-algorithm** {HMAC-SHA1-20 | SHA-1}
5. **commit**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure Example: <code>RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#configure</code>	Enters the global configuration mode.
Step 2	key chain <i>key-chain-name</i> Example: <code>RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)#key chain mykeychain</code>	Creates a key chain.
Step 3	key <i>key-id</i> Example: <code>RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mykeychain)#key 1</code>	Creates a key in the key chain.
Step 4	cryptographic-algorithm {HMAC-SHA1-20 SHA-1} Example: <code>RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mykeychain-1)#cryptographic-algorithm HMAC-SHA1-20</code>	Configures the cryptographic algorithm for the key chain. Ensure that the key chain configuration always uses SHA-1 as the hash or keyed hash message authentication code (hmac) algorithm.
Step 5	commit	

Configuring FIPS-compliant Certificates

Perform these steps to configure the FIPS-compliant certificates:

Before you begin

Refer the configuration steps in the [Enabling FIPS mode, on page 3](#) section for enabling the FIPS mode.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **configure**
2. **crypto ca trustpoint** *ca-name key label*
3. **commit**
4. **show crypto ca certificates**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure	
Step 2	crypto ca trustpoint <i>ca-name key label</i> Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)#crypto ca trustpoint msiox rsakeypair	Configures the trustpoint by utilizing the desired RSA keys. Ensure that the certificates meet the FIPS requirements for key length and signature hash or encryption type. Note The minimum key length for RSA or DSA key is 1024 bits. The required hash algorithm is SHA-1-20.
Step 3	commit	
Step 4	show crypto ca certificates Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#show crypto ca certificates	Displays the information about the certificate

Configuring FIPS-compliant OSPFv3

Perform these steps to configure the FIPS-compliant OSPFv3:

Before you begin

Refer the configuration steps in the [Enabling FIPS mode, on page 3](#) section for enabling the FIPS mode.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **configure**
2. **router ospfv3** *process name*
3. **area** *id*
4. **authentication**{**disable** | **ipsec spi** *spi-value* **sha1** [**clear** | **password**] *password*}
5. **exit**
6. **encryption**{**disable** | {**ipsec spi** *spi-value* **esp** {**3des** | **aes** [**192** | **256**] [**clear** | **password**] *encrypt-password*} [**authentication** **sha1** [**clear** | **password**] *auth-password*] }}
7. **commit**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure	
Step 2	router ospfv3 <i>process name</i> Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)#router ospfv3 ospfname	Configures the OSPFv3 process.
Step 3	area id Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-ospfv3)#area 1	Configures the OSPFv3 area ID. The ID can either be a decimal value or an IP address.
Step 4	authentication { disable ipsec spi spi-value sha1 [clear password] <i>password</i> } Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-ospfv3-ar)#authentication ipsec spi 256 sha1 password pal	Enables authentication for OSPFv3. Note that the OSPFv3 configuration supports only SHA-1 for authentication. Note IPsec is supported only for Open Shortest Path First version 3 (OSPFv3).
Step 5	exit Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-ospfv3-ar)#exit	Exits OSPFv3 area configuration and enters the OSPFv3 configuration mode.
Step 6	encryption { disable { ipsec spi spi-value esp { 3des aes [192 256] [clear password] <i>encrypt-password</i> } [authentication sha1 [clear password] <i>auth-password</i>] } } Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-ospfv3)#encryption ipsec spi 256 esp 3des password pwd	Encrypts and authenticates the OSPFv3 packets. Ensure that the OSPFv3 configuration uses the following for encryption in the configuration. • 3DES: Specifies the triple DES algorithm. • AES: Specifies the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) algorithm. Ensure that SHA1 is chosen if the authentication option is specified.
Step 7	commit	

Configuring FIPS-compliant SNMPv3 Server

Perform these steps to configure the FIPS-compliant SNMPv3 server:

Before you begin

Refer the configuration steps in the [Enabling FIPS mode, on page 3](#) section for enabling the FIPS mode.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. configure

2. **snmp-server user** *username groupname* {v3 [**auth sha** {clear | encrypted} *auth-password* [priv {3des | aes { 128 | 192 | 256} } {clear | encrypted} *priv-password*]] } [SDROwner | SystemOwner] *access-list-name*
3. **commit**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#configure	Enters the global configuration mode.
Step 2	snmp-server user <i>username groupname</i> {v3 [auth sha {clear encrypted} <i>auth-password</i> [priv {3des aes { 128 192 256} } {clear encrypted} <i>priv-password</i>]] } [SDROwner SystemOwner] <i>access-list-name</i> Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)#snmp-server user user1 g v3 auth sha clear pass priv aes 128 clear privp	Configures the SNMPv3 server.
Step 3	commit	

Configuring FIPS-compliant SSH Client and Server

Perform these steps to configure the FIPS-compliant SSH Client and the Server:

Before you begin

Refer the configuration steps in the [Enabling FIPS mode, on page 3](#) section for enabling the FIPS mode.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **ssh** {*ipv4-address* | *ipv6-address*} **cipher aes** {128-CTR | 192-CTR | 256-CTR} **username** *username*
2. **configure**
3. **ssh server v2**
4. **commit**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	ssh { <i>ipv4-address</i> <i>ipv6-address</i> } cipher aes {128-CTR 192-CTR 256-CTR} username <i>username</i> Example:	Configures the SSH client. Ensure that SSH client is configured only with the FIPS-approved ciphers. AES(Advanced Encryption Standard)-CTR (Counter mode) is the FIPS-compliant cipher algorithm with key lengths of 128, 192 and 256 bits.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#ssh 10.1.2.3 cipher aes 128-CTR username user1	
Step 2	configure	
Step 3	ssh server v2 Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)#ssh server v2	Configures the SSH server. The following dh algorithms are supported on the SSH client: 1. ecdh-sha2-nistp256 2. ecdh-sha2-nistp384 3. ecdh-sha2-nistp521
Step 4	commit	

Configuration Examples for Configuring FIPS

This section provides examples for configuring FIPS.

Configuring FIPS: Example

This example shows how to configure FIPS:

```
RP/0/3/CPU0:SSH#configure
RP/0/3/CPU0:SSH(config)#crypto fips-mode
RP/0/3/CPU0:SSH(config)#commit
RP/0/3/CPU0:SSH(config)#end
```

This example shows the output of **show logging** command:

```
RP/0/3/CPU0:SSH(config)#crypto fips-mode
RP/0/3/CPU0:SSH(config)#commit
RP/0/3/CPU0:SSH(config)#end
RP/0/3/CPU0:SSH#show logging
```

```
Syslog logging: enabled (0 messages dropped, 0 flushes, 0 overruns)
  Console logging: level debugging, 60 messages logged
  Monitor logging: level debugging, 0 messages logged
  Trap logging: level informational, 0 messages logged
  Buffer logging: level debugging, 3 messages logged
```

```
Log Buffer (9000000 bytes):
<output omitted>
```

```
Log Buffer (307200 bytes):
```

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:Apr 16 12:48:17.736 : cepki[433]: The configuration setting for FIPS mode
has been modified. The system must be reloaded to finalize this configuration change. Please
refer to the IOS XR System Security Configuration Guide, Federal Information Process
Standard(FIPS) Overview section when modifying the FIPS mode setting.
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:Apr 16 12:48:17.951 : config[65757]: %MGBL-CONFIG-6-DB_COMMIT :
```

```
Configuration committed by user 'lab'. Use 'show configuration commit changes 1000000002'
to view the changes.
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:Apr 16 12:48:23.988 : config[65757]: %MGBL-SYS-5-CONFIG_I : Configured from
console by lab
```

```
....
....
....
```