



Onboard Failure Logging

OBFL gathers boot, environmental, and critical hardware data for field-replaceable units (FRUs), and stores the information in the nonvolatile memory of the FRU. This information is used for troubleshooting, testing, and diagnosis if a failure or other error occurs, providing improved accuracy in hardware troubleshooting and root cause isolation analysis. Stored OBFL data can be retrieved in the event of a failure and is accessible even if the card does not boot.

Because OBFL is on by default, data is collected and stored as soon as the card is installed. If a problem occurs, the data can provide information about historical environmental conditions, uptime, downtime, errors, and other operating conditions.

The Onboard Failure Logging (OBFL) functionality is enhanced to provide a generic library that can be used by different clients to log string messages.



Caution

OBFL is activated by default in all cards. Do not deactivate OBFL without specific reasons, because the OBFL data is used to diagnose and resolve problems in FRUs.



Note

For information about OBFL commands, console logging, alarms, and logging correlation, see [Related Documents](#).

Feature History for Implementing OBFL

Release	Modification
Release 3.7.2	This feature was introduced.
Release 5.2.2	Generic string logging feature was introduced.

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Prerequisites

You must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes the proper task IDs. The command reference guides include the task IDs required for each command. If you suspect user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Information About Implementing OBFL

Data Collection Types

OBFL collects and stores both baseline and event- driven information in the nonvolatile memory of each supported card where OBFL is enabled. The data collected includes these:

- FRU part serial number
- OS version
- Boot time
- Total run time (hours in use)
- Boot status
- Temperature and voltage at boot
- Temperature and voltage history
- Other board specific errors

This data is collected in two different ways: as baseline data and event- driven data:

Baseline Data Collection

Baseline data is stored independent of hardware or software failures. This includes:

Data Type	Details
Installation	Chassis name and slot number are stored at initial boot and for the most recent nine boots.
Temperature	Inlet and hotpoint temperatures are recorded 10 minutes after boot.
Run-time	Total run-time since initial installation. This is based on the local router clock with a granularity of 30 minutes.

Event-Driven Data Collection

Event driven data include card failure events. Failure events are card crashes, memory errors, ASIC resets, and similar hardware failure indications.

Data Type	Details	
Environmental Factors	Temperature Value	Inlet and hot point temperature value change beyond the threshold set in the hardware inventory XML files.
	Voltage Value	+5, and MBUS +5, +3.3, and +2.2 voltage value.
		<p>An environmental reading is logged when the following temperature or voltage events occur:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exceed the normal range • Change more than 10% • Return within range for more than five minutes. <p>On reboot, these environmental readings are consolidated into a single environmental history record that shows the duration and extent out of normal range for a consecutive set of environmental readings.</p>
Calendar Time	Disabled	The time when OBFL logging was disabled with the hw-module {all subslot node-id} logging onboard disable command in global configuration or administration configuration mode.
	Cleared	The time when OBFL logging was cleared with the clear logging onboard command in EXEC or administration EXEC mode.
	Reset to 0	The time when total line card runtime is reset to zero with the clear logging onboard command in EXEC or administration EXEC mode.

Supported Cards and Platforms

OBFL data collection is supported.

FRUs that have sufficient nonvolatile memory available for OBFL data storage support OBFL. For example, the processor supports the OBFL.

Table 1: OBFL Support by Card Type

Card Type	Cisco ASR 9000 Series Router
Route-switch processor (RSP)	Supported
Power supply cards: AC rectifier modules and DC power entry modules (PEMs)	Not Supported
Fan controller cards	Supported
Shared port adapters (SPA)	Not Supported

How to Implement OBFL

OBFL logging is configured for the router. If a new node is inserted, and OBFL is enabled for that slot or for all slots, then OBFL is enabled for the new node. If a card is removed from a router and inserted into a different router, the card assumes the OBFL configuration for the new router.

This section contains these procedures:

Enabling or Disabling OBFL

OBFL is enabled for all nodes by default and is active until disabled for a specified node or for all nodes.



Caution Do not deactivate OBFL without specific reasons since the OBFL data is used to diagnose and resolve problems in FRUs.

There are no configuration requirements other than to enable and disable OBFL.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **admin**
2. **configure**
3. **hw-module {all | subslot *node-id*} logging onboard [disable | severity {alerts | emergencies}]**
4. Use the **commit** or **end** command.

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	admin Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# admin	Enters administration EXEC mode.
Step 2	configure Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin)# configure RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin-config)#	Enters administration configuration mode.
Step 3	hw-module {all subslot <i>node-id</i>} logging onboard [disable severity {alerts emergencies}] Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin-config)# hw-module all logging onboard severity alerts	Configures the severity level for the syslog messages that are logged into the OBFL storage device. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use the severity keyword to specify the severity for the syslog message that is logged into the OBFL storage device. • Use the alerts keyword to specify that both emergency and alert syslog messages are logged. The default is the alerts keyword.

	Command or Action	Purpose
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use the emergencies keyword to specify only the emergency syslog messages are logged.
Step 4	Use the commit or end command.	<p>commit —Saves the configuration changes and remains within the configuration session.</p> <p>end —Prompts user to take one of these actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Yes — Saves configuration changes and exits the configuration session. No —Exits the configuration session without committing the configuration changes. Cancel —Remains in the configuration session, without committing the configuration changes.

Configuring Message Severity Levels

Perform this task to configure message severity levels.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **admin**
2. **configure**
3. **hw-module {all | subslot *node-id*} logging onboard [disable | severity {alerts | emergencies}]**
4. Use the **commit** or **end** command.

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	admin Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# admin	Enters administration EXEC mode.
Step 2	configure Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin)# configure RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin-config)#	Enters administration configuration mode.
Step 3	hw-module {all subslot <i>node-id</i>} logging onboard [disable severity {alerts emergencies}] Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin-config)# hw-module all logging onboard severity alerts	<p>Configures the severity level for the syslog messages that are logged into the OBFL storage device.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use the severity keyword to specify the severity for the syslog message that is logged into the OBFL storage device.

	Command or Action	Purpose
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use the alerts keyword to specify that both emergency and alert syslog messages are logged. The default is the alerts keyword. Use the emergencies keyword to specify only the emergency syslog messages are logged.
Step 4	Use the commit or end command.	<p>commit —Saves the configuration changes and remains within the configuration session.</p> <p>end —Prompts user to take one of these actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Yes — Saves configuration changes and exits the configuration session. No —Exits the configuration session without committing the configuration changes. Cancel —Remains in the configuration session, without committing the configuration changes.

Monitoring and Maintaining OBFL

Use the commands described in this section to display the status of OBFL, and the data collected by OBFL. Enter these commands in EXEC or administration EXEC mode.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **admin**
2. **show logging onboard** [**all** | *cbc* {**dump-all** | **dump-range** {*start-address* | *end-address* | **most-recent** {*fans fan-tray-slot* | [**location node-id**]}} | **diagnostic** | **environment** | **error** | **temperature** | **uptime** | **verbose** | **voltage**] [**continuous** | **historical** | **static-data**] [**detail** | **raw** | **summary**] [**location node-id**]
3. **show processes include obfl**
4. **show running-config**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	admin Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# admin	Enters administration EXEC mode.
Step 2	show logging onboard [all <i>cbc</i> { dump-all dump-range { <i>start-address</i> <i>end-address</i> most-recent { <i>fans fan-tray-slot</i> [location node-id]}} diagnostic environment error temperature uptime verbose voltage] [continuous historical static-data] [detail raw summary] [location node-id]	Displays stored OBFL data for all nodes or for a specified node. See the <i>Onboard Failure Logging Commands</i> module in the <i>System Monitoring Command Reference for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers</i> .

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin)# show logging onboard uptime	
Step 3	show processes include obfl Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# show processes include obfl	Confirms that the OBFL environmental monitor process is operating.
Step 4	show running-config Example: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# show running-config	Displays the status of OBFL configuration.

Clearing OBFL Data

To erase all OBFL data on a specific card or on all cards, use the following command:

```
clear logging onboard [all | cbc {dump-all | dump-range {start-address | end-address | most-recent {fans fan-tray-slot | [location node-id]} | corrupted-files | diagnostic | environment | error | poweron-time | temperature | uptime | voltage} [location node-id]
```



Caution

The **clear logging onboard** command permanently deletes all OBFL data for a node or for all nodes. Do not clear the OBFL logs without specific reasons because the OBFL data is used to diagnose and resolve problems in FRUs.



Caution

If OBFL is actively running on a card, issuing the **clear logging onboard** command can result in a corrupt or incomplete log at a later point in time. OBFL should always be disabled before this command is issued.

For more information, see the *Onboard Failure Logging Commands* module in the *System Monitoring Command Reference for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers*.

Configuration Examples for OBFL

This section provides these configuration examples:

Enabling and Disabling OBFL: Example

The following example shows how to disable OBFL:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin-config)# hw-module all logging onboard disable
```

The following example shows how to enable OBFL again:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin-config)# no hw-module all logging onboard disable
```

The following example shows that OBFL is enabled and message severity level is reset to the default:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin-config)# no hw-module all logging onboard
```

Configuring Message Severity Levels: Example

The following example shows how to save only the syslog message in which the severity level is set to 0 (emergency) to a storage device:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin-config)# hw-module subslot 0/2/CPU0 logging onboard severity emergencies
```

The following example shows how to save the syslog message in which the severity level is set to 0 (emergency) and 1 (alert) to a storage device:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin-config)# hw-module subslot 0/2/CPU0 logging onboard severity alerts
```

Clearing OBFL Messages: Example

In the following example, all OBFL messages are cleared for all nodes in the system:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin)# clear logging onboard
```

Displaying OBFL Data: Example

The following example shows how to display uptime information from the OBFL feature:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(admin)# show logging onboard uptime detail location 0/7/cpu0
```

```
-----
UPTIME CONTINUOUS DETAIL INFORMATION (Node: node0_7_CPU0)
-----
```

```
The first record      : 01/05/2009 00:58:41
The last record       : 01/17/2007916:07:13
Number of records     :      478
File size             :    15288 bytes
Current reset reason  : 0x00
Current uptime        :    0 years  0 weeks 0 days  3 hours  0 minutes
-----
```

```
Time Stamp           |
MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS | Users operation
-----
```

```
01/05/2009 01:44:35  File cleared by user request.
-----
```


Where to Go Next

To configure alarm log correlation, see the *Implementing and Monitoring Alarms and Logging Correlation* module in the *System Monitoring Configuration Guide for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers*.

Additional References

The following sections provide references related to implementing logging services on Cisco IOS XR software.

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Logging services command reference	<i>Logging Services Commands</i> module in the <i>System Monitoring Command Reference for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers</i>
Onboard Failure Logging (OBFL) configuration	<i>Onboard Failure Logging Commands</i> module in the <i>System Monitoring Configuration Guide for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers</i> .
Onboard Failure Logging (OBFL) commands	<i>Onboard Failure Logging Commands</i> module in the <i>System Monitoring Command Reference for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers</i> .
Alarm and logging correlation commands	<i>Alarm Management and Logging Correlation Commands</i> module in the <i>System Monitoring Command Reference for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers</i> .
Alarm and logging correlation configuration and monitoring tasks	<i>Implementing and Monitoring Alarms and Alarm Log Correlation</i> module in the <i>System Monitoring Configuration Guide for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers</i> .
SNMP commands	<i>SNMP Commands</i> module in the <i>System Monitoring Command Reference for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers</i> .
SNMP configuration tasks	<i>Implementing SNMP</i> module in the <i>System Monitoring Configuration Guide for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers</i>
Cisco IOS XR getting started material	<i>Cisco ASR 9000 Series Aggregation Services Router Getting Started Guide</i>
Information about user groups and task IDs	<i>Configuring AAA Services</i> module in the <i>System Security Command Reference for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers</i> .

Standards

Standards	Title
No new or modified standards are supported by this feature, and support for existing standards has not been modified by this feature.	—

MIBs

MIBs	MIBs Link
To locate and download MIBs for Cisco IOS XR software, use the <i>Cisco Feature Navigator MIB Locator</i> and click on the IOS XR software type.	Cisco Feature Navigator MIB Locator

RFCs

RFCs	Title
No new or modified RFCs are supported by this feature, and support for existing RFCs has not been modified by this feature.	—

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Technical Support website contains thousands of pages of searchable technical content, including links to products, technologies, solutions, technical tips, and tools. Registered Cisco.com users can log in from this page to access even more content.	http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html