

Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP) Commands

This chapter describes the commands used to manually invoke Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP).

Manual Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP) invocation using CLI commands supports to run ZTP over and over. You can configure the interfaces or bring them up first, and then invoke ZTP manually. This manual way helps you to provision the router in stages. Ideal for testing out ZTP configuration without a reboot.



ZTP functionality and commands are available on XR 64 Bit only for Cisco ASR9000.

For more information about ZTP, see the ZTP chapter in the *System Management Configuration Guide for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers*.

- ztp breakout, on page 2
- ztp clean, on page 3
- ztp initiate, on page 4
- ztp terminate, on page 6

ztp breakout

Manual Zeo Touch Provisioning (ZTP) invocation using CLI commands allows ZTP to run over more interfaces.

To invoke platform interface discovery before invoking DHCP, use the **ztp breakout** command in EXEC mode.

ztp breakout [debug] [verbose]{[nosignal-stay-in-breakout-mode] | [nosignal-stay-in-state-noshut
] | [hostname] | [apply configuration]}

| Syntax Description | debug | | Run with additional logging to the console(cisco-support) | | |
|--------------------|--|------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | verbose | | Run with logging to the console(cisco-support). | | |
| | apply conj | figuration | XR configuration commands to apply(cisco-support) XR hostname to set(cisco-support) On no signal, prefer interfaces to remain in breakout mode(cisco-support) On no signal, prefer interfaces to be noshut(cisco-support) | | |
| | hostname | | | | |
| | nosignal-s | tay-in-breakout-mode | | | |
| | nosignal-s | stay-in-state-noshut | | | |
| Command Default | No default behavior or values | | | | |
| Command Modes | EXEC mode | | | | |
| Command History | Release | Modification | _ | | |
| | Release 6.3.1 | This command was introduced. | _ | | |
| Usage Guidelines | Use the ztp breakout command to perform a 10x10 breakout detection on all 100 Gigabit ports. On the 100G ports which are not able to bring up, the ztp breakout command will no shut all the 100G interfaces which support breakout configuration. If the interface is able to bring up, the ztp breakout script will keep the interface no change. Otherwise, the ztp breakout script will apply breakout configuration on the down interfaces. | | | | |
| | The nosignal-stay-in-breakout-mode argument will force the port in breakout mode when all breakout interfaces from the same physical port have no signal locked, and place the ten 10Gigabitinterfaces in shutdown mode. The nosignal-stay-in-state-noshut argument will leave the port in breakout mode and place the ten 10Gigabit interfaces in no shutdown mode. | | | | |
| | No progress logs are shown by default, although there will be XR syslogs for important events. If you wish to see more logs, add verbose after the ztp terminate command. If these logs are not enough, add debug before verbose . | | | | |
| | | | | | |

ztp clean

Manual Zeo Touch Provisioning (ZTP) invocation using CLI commands allows ZTP to run over more interfaces.

To remove all Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP) logs and settings saved on disk, use the **ztp clean** command in EXEC mode.

ztp clean [debug] [verbose]

| Syntax Description | debug | | Run with additional logging to the console(cisco-support). | | |
|--------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| | verbose | | Run with logging to the console(cisco-support) | | |
| Command Default | No default | behavior or values | | | |
| Command Modes | EXEC mod | le | | | |
| Command History | Release | Modification | _ | | |
| | Release 6.3.1 | This command was introduced. | _ | | |
| Usage Guidelines | If you wish to run ZTP as if from a clean boot, use the ztp clean command to remove all ZTP logs and settings. Use commit replace to reload, and then ZTP will run again as if from first boot. | | | | |
| | No progress logs are shown by default, although there will be XR syslogs for important events. If you wish to see more logs, add verbose after the ztp clean command. If these logs are not enough, add debug before verbose . | | | | |
| | Logs can be found in disk0:/ztp/ztp.log . | | | | |
| | This example shows how to remove all ZTP files saved on disk: | | | | |
| | Mon Oct 10 Remove all All ZTP fi | CPU0:router# ztp clean verbos) 17:03:43.581 UTC 1 ZTP temporary files and lo iles have been removed. w wish ZTP to run again from | | | |

ztp initiate

To invoke a new ZTP DHCP session, use the ztp initiate command in EXEC mode.

ztp initiate {[apply configuration] | [dataport] | [dhcp4] | [dhcp6] | [dhcp4-client-identifier] | [dhcp6-client-identifier] | [dscp value] | [dscp6 value] | [hostname] | [interface] | [management] | [noprompt]} [debug] [verbose]

| Syntax Description | debug | | Run with additional logging to the console(cisco-support) | | |
|--------------------|--|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| | - | | Run with logging to the console(cisco-support)XR configuration commands to apply(cisco-support)Send DHCP requests on all ADMIN UP physical LC interfaces.Send only DHCP IPv4 requests(cisco-support)Send only DHCP IPv6 requests(cisco-support) | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | Override default dhcp-client-identifier(cisco-support)Override default dhcp6-client-id(cisco-support)DSCP/Prec Value(cisco-support)DSCP6/Prec Value(cisco-support)XR hostname to set(cisco-support)Send DHCP requests only on the given interface(cisco-support)Send DHCP requests on the platforms management interface(cisco-support)Run without prompting(cisco-support) | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Command Default | No default behavior or values | | | | |
| Command Modes | EXEC mode | e | | | |
| Command History | Release | Modifica | ation | | |
| | Release 6.3.1 | This con introduce | nmand was ed. | | |
| Usage Guidelines | Use the ztp initiate command to forceably initiate the ZTP, ignoring username configuration. ztp initiate allows the execution of a script even when the system has already been configured. This command is useful for testing ZTP without forcing a reload. This command is particularly useful to test scripts or if some manual operations are required before provisioning the box. ztp initiate can specify any data interfaces and management interface on the system to be used for the whole ZTP process. If you don't specify an interface, ztp will be invoked on management interface only. | | | | |

No progress logs are shown by default, although there will be XR syslogs for important events. If you wish to see more logs, add **verbose** after the **ztp initiate** command. For more details, add **debug** before **verbose**.

Logs can be found in disk0:/ztp/ztp.log.

Example

This example shows how to bring up the interface manually:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router#**ztp initiate debug verbose interface TenGigE 0/0/0/** Invoke ZTP? (this may change your configuration) [confirm] [y/n] :

This example shows how to get rid of the prompting:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router#ztp initiate noprompt
Mon Jun 27 20:40:10.353 UTC
ZTP will now run in the background.
Please use "show logging" or look at /disk0:/ztp/ztp.log to check progress.

This example shows how to invoke the breakout discovery and ZTP, ZTP is invoked on the interfaces which are up:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router#ztp breakout debug verbose
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router#ztp initiate dataport debug verbose
Invoke ZTP? (this may change your configuration) [confirm] [y/n] :

ztp terminate

To terminate all existing Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP) processes, use the **ztp terminate** command in EXEC mode.

ztp terminate [debug] [verbose] [noprompt]

| Syntax Description | debug verbose noprompt | | Run with additional logging to the console(cisco-support). | | |
|--------------------|--|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | Run with logging to the console(cisco-support) Run without prompting(cisco-support) | | |
| | | | | | |
| Command Default | No default | behavior or values | | | |
| Command Modes | EXEC mode | | | | |
| Command History | Release Modification | | | | |
| | Release 6.3.1 | This command was introduced. | | | |
| Usage Guidelines | If you want to terminate an already running ZTP process, use the ztp terminate command. Be careful to use the ztp terminate command because unproperly usage of this command may leave your system in a partially configured state. | | | | |
| | No progress logs are shown by default, although there will be XR syslogs for important events. If you wish to see more logs, add verbose after the ztp terminate command. If these logs are not enough, add debug before verbose . | | | | |
| | Logs can be found in disk0:/ztp/ztp.log . | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| - | Note Unproperly cleanup of the interface IP configuration in Linux in the XR namespace may cause the same IP present in the global Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) and XR namespace at the same time. | | | | |
| | Example | | | | |
| | This example shows how to terminate the ZTP sessions in progress: | | | | |
| | RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# ztp terminate verbose Mon Oct 10 16:52:38.507 UTC | | | | |

Terminate ZTP? (this may leave your system in a partially configured state) [confirm] [y/n]

:У

ZTP terminated