

Secure Domain Router Commands

Secure domain routers (SDRs) are a means of dividing a single physical system into multiple logically separated routers. Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers are single-shelf routers that only support one SDR—the Owner SDR.

For detailed information about secure domain router concepts, configuration tasks, and examples, see the *Configuring Secure Domain Routers on Cisco IOS XR Software* module in *System Management Configuration Guide for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers*.

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show sdr

To display information about the currently defined secure domain routers (SDRs), use the **show sdr** command in the appropriate configuration mode.

Administration EXEC Mode

show sdr [{name sdr-name [detail] | summary}]

EXEC Mode

show sdr [detail]

Syntax Description

| name sdr-name | Specifies a specific SDR. |
|---------------|--|
| detail | Displays more detailed information for a specific SDR. |
| summary | Displays summary information about all SDRs in the system. |

Command Default

Administration EXEC Mode Mode:

- Displays information for the Owner SDR.
- If you are logged into a specific SDR as the admin user, then information about the local SDR is displayed.

EXEC Mode Mode:

• Displays information about the local SDR.

Command Modes

EXEC

Administration EXEC

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Release 3.7.2 | This command was introduced. |
| Release 3.9.0 | No modification. |

Usage Guidelines

To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Use the **show sdr** command in administration EXEC mode to display the inventory of nodes in the Owner SDR or in a specific named SDR. The **show sdr** command in EXEC mode displays the inventory of nodes in the current SDR.

Task ID

| Task ID | Operations |
|------------|------------|
| system | read |

This example shows sample output from the show sdr command in

EXEC

mode:

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# show sdr Thu Feb 15 04:09:06.179 PST

SDR Inventory

| Туре | NodeName N | NodeState | RedState | PartnerName |
|-------------------------|--|-----------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| RP(0) RP(0) LC(2) | 0/RSP0/CPU0 0/RSP1/CPU0 0/1/CPU0 I | | Active Standby NONE | 0/RSP1/CPU0 0/RSP0/CPU0 NONE |
| LC(2) LC(2) | | OS XR RUN | NONE NONE | NONE NONE |

Table 1: show sdr Field Descriptions

| Field | Description |
|-------------|--|
| Туре | Type of card, which can be Linecard, RP, or DRP. |
| NodeName | Name of the node, expressed in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation. |
| NodeState | Run state of the card, which can be failure, present, booting, running, and so on. |
| RedState | Redundancy state of the card, which can be active, standby, or none. |
| PartnerName | Partner of the card, expressed in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation. |

This example shows sample output from the **show sdr** command in administration EXEC mode with the **summary** keyword:

Table 2: show sdr summary Field Descriptions

| Field | Description |
|------------|---|
| SDRid | Identifier of the SDR. |
| dSDRSC | Designated secure domain router shelf controller. This refers to the controller of the SDR. |
| StbydSDRSC | Standby DSDRSC. This refers to the standby controller of the SDR. |
| Primary1 | Configured primary node. |

| Field | Description |
|----------|--------------------------------------|
| Primary2 | Configured primary node pair. |
| MacAddr | MAC address associated with the SDR. |