



RADIUS Attributes

Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) attributes are used to define specific authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) elements in a user profile, which is stored on the RADIUS daemon.

This appendix describes the following types of RADIUS attributes supported in Broadband Network Gateway (BNG):

- [RADIUS IETF Attributes, on page 1](#)
- [RADIUS Vendor-Specific Attributes, on page 4](#)
- [RADIUS ADSL Attributes, on page 10](#)
- [RADIUS ASCEND Attributes, on page 11](#)
- [RADIUS Microsoft Attributes, on page 11](#)
- [RADIUS Disconnect-Cause Attributes, on page 12](#)

RADIUS IETF Attributes

IETF Attributes Versus VSAs

RADIUS Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) attributes are the original set of 255 standard attributes that are used to communicate AAA information between a client and a server. Because IETF attributes are standard, the attribute data is predefined and well known; thus all clients and servers who exchange AAA information via IETF attributes must agree on attribute data such as the exact meaning of the attributes and the general bounds of the values for each attribute.

RADIUS vendor-specific attributes (VSAs) derived from one IETF attribute-vendor-specific (attribute 26). Attribute 26 allows a vendor to create an additional 255 attributes however they wish. That is, a vendor can create an attribute that does not match the data of any IETF attribute and encapsulate it behind attribute 26; thus, the newly created attribute is accepted if the user accepts attribute 26.

Table 1: Supported RADIUS IETF Attributes

Name	Value	Type
Acct-Authentic	integer	45
Acct-Delay-Time	integer	41
Acct-Input-Gigawords	integer	52
Acct-Input-Octets	integer	42

Name	Value	Type
Acct-Input-Packets	integer	47
Acct-Interim-Interval	integer	85
Acct-Link-Count	integer	51
Acct-Output-Gigawords	integer	53
Acct-Output-Octets	integer	43
Acct-Output-Packets	integer	48
Acct-Session-ID	string	44
Acct-Session-Time	integer	46
Acct-Status-Type	integer	40
Acct-Terminate-Cause	integer	49
CHAP-Challenge	binary	60
CHAP-Password	binary	3
Delegated-IPv6-Prefix	binary	123
Dynamic-Author-Error-Cause	integer	223
Error-Cause	integer	101
Event-Timestamp	integer	55
Filter-Id	binary	11
Framed-Interface-Id	binary	96
Framed-IP-Address	ipv4addr	8
Framed-IP-Netmask	ipv4addr	9
Framed-IPv6-Address	ipv6addr	168
Framed-IPv6-Pool	string	100
Framed-IPv6-Prefix	ipv6prefix	97
Framed-IPv6-Route	string	99
Framed-Pool	string	88
Framed-Protocol	integer	7
Framed-Route	string	22
Login-IP-Host	ipv4addr	14
Multilink-Session-ID	string	50
Nas-Identifier	string	32
NAS-IP-Address	ipv4addr	4
NAS-IPv6-Address	string	95

Name	Value	Type
NAS-Port	integer	5
NAS-Port-Id	string	87
Reply-Message	binary	18
Service-Type	integer	6
Stateful-IPv6-Address-Pool	binary	172
Tunnel-Assignment-Id	string	82
Tunnel-Packets-Lost	integer	86

IETF Tagged Attributes on LAC

The IETF Tagged Attributes support on L2TP Access Concentrator (LAC) provides a means of grouping tunnel attributes referring to the same tunnel in an Access-Accept packet sent from the RADIUS server to the LAC. The Access-Accept packet can contain multiple instances of same RADIUS attributes, but with different tags. The tagged attributes support ensures that all attributes pertaining to a given tunnel contain the same value in their respective tag fields, and that each set includes an appropriately-valued instance of the Tunnel-Preference attribute. This conforms to the tunnel attributes that are to be used in a multi-vendor network environment, thereby eliminating interoperability issues among Network Access Servers (NASs) manufactured by different vendors.

For more information about the IETF Tagged Attributes on LAC, see the *RADIUS Attributes* appendix chapter in the *Cisco ASR 9000 Series Aggregation Services Router Broadband Network Gateway Configuration Guide*.

RADIUS Filter-ID Attribute Direction

Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS) filter-ID attribute direction enhancement introduces support for manipulating the direction in which the RADIUS attribute filter-ID is applied. RADIUS attribute filter-ID specifies the access list (ACL) that is applied to the subscriber interface.

When the RADIUS filter-ID attribute defined in RFC-4849 is applied to a subscriber session, it is by default applied in the output direction of the corresponding subscriber interface. The RADIUS filter-ID attribute direction can be changed using the command **radius-server attribute 11 default direction inbound** in global configuration.

Restrictions

The RADIUS filter-ID attribute direction enhancement has these restrictions:

- The **radius-server attribute 11 default direction inbound** command is global, that is, change is applied to all new subscriber sessions established after the configuration change. Existing sessions are not modified.
- This enhancement is only to change direction in RADIUS. It is not possible to change direction in Cisco IOS XR CLI if ACL is sent by RADIUS.

Configuring RADIUS Filter-ID Attribute Direction: Example

The following example shows how to configure RADIUS filter-ID attribute direction:

```
configure
 radius-server attribute 11 default direction inbound
!
```

Verifying RADIUS Filter-ID Attribute Direction

Use the **show running-config aaa** command to verify the RADIUS filter-ID attribute direction configuration.

```
show running-config aaa

radius-server host 10.1.0.3 auth-port 1645 acct-port 1646
key 7 104D000A0618
radius-server attribute 11 default direction inbound
aaa group server radius SG1
server 10.1.0.3 auth-port 1645 acct-port 1646
.
.
.
```

RADIUS Vendor-Specific Attributes

The Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) draft standard specifies a method for communicating vendor-specific information between the network access server and the RADIUS server by using the vendor-specific attribute (attribute 26). Attribute 26 encapsulates vendor specific attributes, thereby, allowing vendors to support their own extended attributes otherwise not suitable for general use.

The Cisco RADIUS implementation supports one vendor-specific option using the format recommended in the specification. Cisco's vendor-ID is 9, and the supported option has vendor-type 1, which is named "cisco-avpair." The value is a string of this format:

```
protocol : attribute sep value *
```

"Protocol" is a value of the Cisco "protocol" attribute for a particular type of authorization; protocols that can be used include IP, IPX, VPDN, VOIP, SHELL, RSVP, SIP, AIRNET, OUTBOUND. "Attribute" and "value" are an appropriate attribute-value (AV) pair defined in the Cisco TACACS+ specification, and "sep" is "=" for mandatory attributes and "*" for optional attributes. This allows the full set of features available for TACACS+ authorization to also be used for RADIUS.

For example, the following AV pair causes Cisco's "multiple named ip address pools" feature to be activated during IP authorization (during PPP's IPCP address assignment):

```
cisco-avpair= "ip:addr-pool=first"
```

If you insert an "*", the AV pair "ip:addr-pool=first" becomes optional. Note that any AV pair can be made optional.

IETF Attribute 26 (Vendor-Specific) encapsulates vendor specific attributes, thereby, allowing vendors to support their own extended attributes otherwise not suitable for general use.

```
cisco-avpair= "ip:addr-pool*first"
```

The following example shows how to cause a user logging in from a network access server to have immediate access to EXEC commands:

```
cisco-avpair= "shell:priv-lvl=15"
```

The following example shows how to configure avpair aaa attribute to enable IPv6 router advertisements from an IPv4 subscriber interface:

```
Cisco-avpair= "ipv6:start-ra-on-ipv6-enable=1"
```

Attribute 26 contains these three elements:

- Type
- Length
- String (also known as data)
 - Vendor-ID
 - Vendor-Type
 - Vendor-Length
 - Vendor-Data



Note It is up to the vendor to specify the format of their VSA. The Attribute-Specific field (also known as Vendor-Data) is dependent on the vendor's definition of that attribute.

Table 2: Supported Cisco Vendor-Specific RADIUS Attributes

Name	Value	Type	Present in AAA message type
access-loop-encapsulation	binary	1	Access-accept, Accounting-request
accounting-list	string	1	Access-accept, CoA, Accounting-request
acct-input-gigawords-ipv4	integer	1	Accounting-request
acct-input-octets-ipv4	integer	1	Accounting-request
acct-input-packets-ipv4	integer	1	Accounting-request
acct-input-gigawords-ipv6	integer	1	Accounting-request
acct-input-octets-ipv6	integer	1	Accounting-request
acct-input-packets-ipv6	integer	1	Accounting-request
acct-output-gigawords-ipv4	integer	1	Accounting-request
acct-output-octets-ipv4	integer	1	Accounting-request
acct-output-packets-ipv4	integer	1	Accounting-request

Name	Value	Type	Present in AAA message type
acct-output-gigawords-ipv6	integer	1	Accounting-request
acct-output-octets-ipv6	integer	1	Accounting-request
acct-output-packets-ipv6	integer	1	Accounting-request
acct-policy-in	string	1	Access-request
acct-policy-map	string	1	Access-request
acct-policy-out	string	1	Access-request
actual-data-rate-downstream	integer	1	Access-accept, Accounting-request
actual-data-rate-upstream	integer	1	Access-accept, Accounting-request
actual-interleaving-delay-downstream	integer	1	Access-accept, Accounting-request
actual-interleaving-delay-upstream	integer	1	Access-accept, Accounting-request
addr-pool	string	1	Access-accept
Note This is for IPv4 subscriber.			
addrv6	string	1	Access-accept, Accounting-request
attainable-data-rate-downstream	integer	1	Access-accept, Accounting-request
attainable-data-rate-upstream	integer	1	Access-accept, Accounting-request
circuit-id-tag	string	1	Access-accept, Accounting-request
cisco-dhcp-relay-giaddr	string	50	Access-request
cisco-dhcp-subscriber-id	string	65	Access-request
cisco-dhcp-user-class	string	47	Access-request
cisco-dhcp-vendor-class	string	48	Access-request
cisco-dhcpv4-option-to-aaa	string	90	Access-request
cisco-dhcpv6-link-address	string	66	Access-request
cisco-nas-port	string	2	Access-accept, Accounting-request
cisco-relay-information-option	string	46	Access-request
cisco-vsa-in-acl	string	57	Access-accept, CoA

Name	Value	Type	Present in AAA message type
cisco-vsa-ipv6-in-acl	string	61	Access-accept, CoA
cisco-vsa-ipv6-out-acl	string	62	Access-accept, CoA
cisco-vsa-parent-session-id	string	52	Access-accept
cisco-vsa-out-acl	string	58	Access-accept, CoA
cisco-vsa-service-name	string	51	Access-accept
cisco-vsa-sub-activate-service	string	60	Access-accept, CoA
cisco-vsa-sub-deactivate-service	string	63	Access-accept, CoA
cisco-vsa-sub-pbr-policy-in	string	59	Access-accept, CoA
cisco-vsa-sub-qos-pol-in	string	55	Access-accept, CoA
cisco-vsa-sub-qos-pol-out	string	56	Access-accept, CoA
client-mac-address	string	1	Access-accept, Accounting-request
command	string	1	CoA
connect-progress	string	1	Accounting-request
connect-rx-speed	integer	1	Access-accept, Accounting-request
connect-tx-speed	integer	1	Access-accept, Accounting-request
delegated-ipv6-pool	string	1	Access-accept
dhcp-class	string	1	Access-accept
dhcp-client-id	string	1	Accounting-request
dhcp-vendor-class	string	1	Access-request, Accounting-request
dhcpv4-ip-lease	string	1	Access-accept
dhcpv4-option	string	1	Access-accept
dhcpv6-class	string	1	Access-accept
dhcpv6-ip-lease	string	1	Access-accept
dhcpv6-option	string	1	Access-accept
disc-cause-ext	string	1	Accounting-request
disconnect-cause	string	1	Accounting-request
dual-stack-delay	integer	1	Access-accept
idlethreshold	integer	1	Access-accept, CoA
idle-timeout	integer	1	Access-accept, CoA

Name	Value	Type	Present in AAA message type
idle-timeout-direction	string	1	Access-accept, CoA
if-handle	integer	1	Accounting-request
inacl	string	1	Access-accept
intercept-id	integer	1	Access-accept
ip-addresses	string	1	Access-request, Accounting-request
ipv4-default-gateway	string	1	Access-Accept
ipv4-unnumbered	string	1	Access-accept
Note This attribute-value pair (AVP) is preferred for BNG in Cisco IOS XR Software, and it is equivalent to the ip-unnumbered AVP in Cisco IOS Software.			
ipv6_inacl	string	1	Access-accept, CoA
ipv6_outacl	string	1	Access-accept, CoA
ipv6-addr-pool	string	1	Access-accept
ipv6-dns-servers-addr	string	1	Access-accept
ipv6-enable	integer	1	Access-accept
ipv6-mtu	integer	1	Access-accept
ipv6-strict-rpf	integer	1	Access-accept
ipv6-unreachable	integer	1	Access-accept
l2tp-tunnel-password	string	1	Access-accept
ipv6 nd start-ra-on-ipv6-enable	Integer	1	Access-accept
login-ip-host	string	1	Accounting-request
maximum-interleaving-delay-downstream	integer	1	Access-request, Accounting-request
maximum-interleaving-delay-upstream	integer	1	Access-request, Accounting-request
maximum-data-rate-downstream	integer	1	Access-request, Accounting-request
maximum-data-rate-upstream	integer	1	Access-request, Accounting-request
md-dscp	integer	1	Access-accept
md-ip-addr	ipaddr	1	Access-accept

Name	Value	Type	Present in AAA message type
md-port	integer	1	Access-accept
minimum-data-rate-downstream	integer	1	Access-request, Accounting-request
minimum-data-rate-downstream-low-power	integer	1	Access-request, Accounting-request
minimum-data-rate-upstream	integer	1	Access-request, Accounting-request
minimum-data-rate-upstream-low-power	integer	1	Access-request, Accounting-request
outacl	string	1	Access-accept
parent-if-handle	integer	1	Access-request, Accounting-request
parent-session-id	string	1	Accounting-request
parsed-user-attribute	string	1	Access-accept
pppoe_session_id	integer	1	Accounting-request
primary-dns	ipaddr	1	Access-accept
qos-policy-in	string	1	Access-accept, CoA
qos-policy-out	string	1	Access-accept, CoA
redirect-vrf	string	1	Access-accept
remote-id-tag	string	1	Access-request, Accounting-request
sa	string	1	Access-accept, CoA
sd	string	1	RADIUS CoA
secondary-dns	ipaddr	1	Access-accept
service-name	string	1	Accounting-request
Stateful-IPv6-Address-Pool	string	1	Access-accept
sub-pbr-policy-in	string	1	Access-accept, CoA
sub-qos-policy-in	string	1	Access-accept
sub-qos-policy-out	string	1	Access-accept
Tunnel-Client-endpoint	ipaddr	1	Access-accept, Accounting-request
tunnel-id	string	1	Access-accept
tunnel-medium-type	string	1	Access-accept

Name	Value	Type	Present in AAA message type
Tunnel-Server-endpoint	ipaddr	1	Access-accept, Accounting-request
tunnel-tos-reflect	string	1	Access-accept
tunnel-tos-setting	integer	1	Access-accept
tunnel-type	string	1	Access-accept
username	string	1	Access-request, Accounting-request
vpdn-template	string	1	Access-accept
vpn-id	string	1	Access-accept
vpn-vrf	string	1	Access-accept
vrf-id	integer	1	Access-accept, Accounting-request
wins-server	ipaddr	1	Access-accept

Vendor-Specific Attributes for Account Operations

Table 3: Supported Vendor-Specific Attributes for Account Operations

RADIUS AVP	Value	Type	Action
subscriber:command=account-logon	string	1	account logon
subscriber:command=account-logoff	string	1	account logoff
subscriber:command=account-update	string	1	account update
subscriber:sa=<service-name>	string	1	service activate
subscriber:sd=<service-name>	string	1	service de-activate

RADIUS ADSL Attributes

Table 4: Supported RADIUS ADSL Attributes

Name	Value	Type
Access-Loop-Encapsulation	binary	144
Actual-Interleaving-Delay-Downstream	integer	142
Actual-Interleaving-Delay-Upstream	integer	140
Actual-Data-Rate-Downstream	integer	130
Actual-Data-Rate-Upstream	integer	129

Name	Value	Type
Attainable-Data-Rate-Downstream	integer	134
Attainable-Data-Rate-Upstream	integer	133
Agent-Circuit-Id	string	1
IWF-Session	boolean social	254
Maximum-Interleaving-Delay-Downstream	integer	141
Maximum-Interleaving-Delay-Upstream	integer	139
Maximum-Data-Rate-Downstream	integer	136
Maximum-Data-Rate-Upstream	integer	135
Minimum-Data-Rate-Downstream	integer	132
Minimum-Data-Rate-Downstream-Low-Power	integer	138
Minimum-Data-Rate-Upstream	integer	131
Minimum-Data-Rate-Upstream-Low-Power	integer	137
Agent-Remote-Id	string	2

RADIUS ASCEND Attributes

Table 5: Supported RADIUS Ascend Attributes

Name	Value	Type
Ascend-Client-Primary-DNS	ipv4addr	135
Ascend-Client-Secondary-DNS	ipv4addr	136
Ascend-Connection-Progress	integer	196
Ascend-Disconnect-Cause	integer	195
Ascend-Multilink-Session-ID	integer	187
Ascend-Num-In-Multilink	integer	188

RADIUS Microsoft Attributes

Table 6: Supported RADIUS Microsoft Attributes

Name	Value	Type
MS-1st-NBNS-Server	ipv4addr	30
MS-2nd-NBNS-Server	ipv4addr	31

Name	Value	Type
MS-CHAP-ERROR	binary	2
MS-Primary-DNS	ipv4addr	28
MS-Secondary-DNS	ipv4addr	29

RADIUS Disconnect-Cause Attributes

Disconnect-cause attribute values specify the reason a connection was taken offline. The attribute values are sent in Accounting request packets. These values are sent at the end of a session, even if the session fails to be authenticated. If the session is not authenticated, the attribute can cause stop records to be generated without first generating start records.

lists the cause codes, values, and descriptions for the Disconnect-Cause (195) attribute.



Note The Disconnect-Cause is incremented by 1000 when it is used in RADIUS AVPairs; for example, disc-cause 4 becomes 1004.

Table 7: Supported Disconnect-Cause Attributes

Cause Code	Value	Description
0	No-Reason	No reason is given for the disconnect.
1	No-Disconnect	The event was not disconnected.
2	Unknown	Reason unknown.
3	Call-Disconnect	The call has been disconnected.
4	CLID-Authentication-Failure	Failure to authenticate number of the calling-party.
9	No-Modem-Available	A modem is not available to connect the call.
10	No-Carrier	No carrier detected. Note Codes 10, 11, and 12 can be sent if there is a disconnection during initial modem connection.
11	Lost-Carrier	Loss of carrier.
12	No-Detected-Result-Codes	Failure to detect modem result codes.

Cause Code	Value	Description
20	User-Ends-Session	User terminates a session. Note Codes 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, and 28 apply to EXEC sessions.
21	Idle-Timeout	Timeout waiting for user input. Note Codes 21, 100, 101, 102, and 120 apply to all session types.
22	Exit-Telnet-Session	Disconnect due to exiting Telnet session.
23	No-Remote-IP-Addr	Could not switch to SLIP/PPP; the remote end has no IP address.
24	Exit-Raw-TCP	Disconnect due to exiting raw TCP.
25	Password-Fail	Bad passwords.
26	Raw-TCP-Disabled	Raw TCP disabled.
27	Control-C-Detected	Control-C detected.
28	EXEC-Process-Destroyed	EXEC process destroyed.
29	Close-Virtual-Connection	User closes a virtual connection.
30	End-Virtual-Connection	Virtual connected has ended.
31	Exit-Rlogin	User exits Rlogin.
32	Invalid-Rlogin-Option	Invalid Rlogin option selected.
33	Insufficient-Resources	Insufficient resources.
40	Timeout-PPP-LCP	PPP LCP negotiation timed out. Note Codes 40 through 49 apply to PPP sessions.
41	Failed-PPP-LCP-Negotiation	PPP LCP negotiation failed.
42	Failed-PPP-PAP-Auth-Fail	PPP PAP authentication failed.
43	Failed-PPP-CHAP-Auth	PPP CHAP authentication failed.
44	Failed-PPP-Remote-Auth	PPP remote authentication failed.

Cause Code	Value	Description
45	PPP-Remote-Terminate	PPP received a Terminate Request from remote end.
46	PPP-Closed-Event	Upper layer requested that the session be closed.
47	NCP-Closed-PPP	PPP session closed because there were no NCPs open.
48	MP-Error-PPP	PPP session closed because of an MP error.
49	PPP-Maximum-Channels	PPP session closed because maximum channels were reached.
50	Tables-Full	Disconnect due to full terminal server tables.
51	Resources-Full	Disconnect due to full internal resources.
52	Invalid-IP-Address	IP address is not valid for Telnet host.
53	Bad-Hostname	Hostname cannot be validated.
54	Bad-Port	Port number is invalid or missing.
60	Reset-TCP	TCP connection has been reset. Note Codes 60 through 67 apply to Telnet or raw TCP sessions.
61	TCP-Connection-Refused	TCP connection has been refused by the host.
62	Timeout-TCP	TCP connection has timed out.
63	Foreign-Host-Close-TCP	TCP connection has been closed.
64	TCP-Network-Unreachable	TCP network is unreachable.
65	TCP-Host-Unreachable	TCP host is unreachable.
66	TCP-Network-Admin Unreachable	TCP network is unreachable for administrative reasons.
67	TCP Host Admin Unreachable	TCP host is unreachable for administrative reasons..
68	TCP-Port-Unreachable	TCP port in unreachable.
100	Session-Timeout	Session timed out.

Cause Code	Value	Description
101	Session-Failed-Security	Session failed for security reasons.
102	Session-End-Callback	Session terminated due to callback.
120	Invalid-Protocol	Call refused because the detected protocol is disabled.
150	RADIUS-Disconnect	Disconnected by RADIUS request.
151	Local-Admin-Disconnect	Administrative disconnect.
152	SNMP-Disconnect	Disconnected by SNMP request.
160	V110-Retries	Allowed V.110 retries have been exceeded.
170	PPP-Authentication-Timeout	PPP authentication timed out.
180	Local-Hangup	Disconnected by local hangup.
185	Remote-Hangup	Disconnected by remote end hangup.
190	T1-Quiesced	Disconnected because T1 line was quiesced.
195	Call-Duration	Disconnected because the maximum duration of the call was exceeded.
600	VPN-User-Disconnect	Call disconnected by client (through PPP). Code is sent if the LNS receives a PPP terminate request from the client.
601	VPN-Carrier-Loss	Loss of carrier. This can be the result of a physical line going dead. Code is sent when a client is unable to dial out using a dialer.
602	VPN-No-Resources	No resources available to handle the call. Code is sent when the client is unable to allocate memory (running low on memory).

Cause Code	Value	Description
603	VPN-Bad-Control-Packet	<p>Bad L2TP or L2F control packets.</p> <p>This code is sent when an invalid control packet, such as missing mandatory Attribute-Value pairs (AVP), from the peer is received. When using L2TP, the code will be sent after six retransmits; when using L2F, the number of retransmits is user configurable.</p> <p>Note VPN-Tunnel-Shut will be sent if there are active sessions in the tunnel.</p>
604	VPN-Admin-Disconnect	<p>Administrative disconnect. This can be the result of a VPN soft shutdown, which is when a client reaches maximum session limit or exceeds maximum hopcount.</p> <p>Code is sent when a tunnel is brought down by issuing the clear vpdn tunnel command.</p>
605	VPN-Tunnel-Shut	<p>Tunnel teardown or tunnel setup has failed.</p> <p>Code is sent when there are active sessions in a tunnel and the tunnel goes down.</p> <p>Note This code is not sent when tunnel authentication fails.</p>
606	VPN-Local-Disconnect	<p>Call is disconnected by LNS PPP module.</p> <p>Code is sent when the LNS sends a PPP terminate request to the client. It indicates a normal PPP disconnection initiated by the LNS.</p>
607	VPN-Session-Limit	<p>VPN soft shutdown is enabled.</p> <p>Code is sent when a call has been refused due to any of the soft shutdown restrictions previously mentioned.</p>
608	VPN-Call-Redirect	<p>VPN call redirect is enabled.</p>

Cause Code	Value	Description
700	User Request	The disconnection occurred based on the user's request.
701	Host Request	The disconnection occurred based on the host's request.
801	Q850 Unassigned Number	Called party cannot be reached. This occurs because the called party number is in a valid format but is not currently allocated (assigned)
802	Q850 No Route	The call routing request is unrecognized. This occurs when the equipment receives a request to route the call through a transit network that it does not recognize
803	Q850 No Route To Destination	The called party cannot be reached. This occurs because the network used for routing the call does not serve the desired destination
806	Q850 Channel Unacceptable	
816	Q850 Normal Clearing	The call is being cleared. This occurs because one of the users involved in the call has requested its termination.
817	Q850 User Busy	The called party cannot accept another call. This happens because the user is currently busy.
818	Q850 No User Responding	The called party fails to respond. This occurs when the called party fails to reply to a call establishment message within the allocated time, either with an alerting or connect indication.
819	Q850 No User Answer	The called party does not respond within the prescribed time. This occurs when the called party has been alerted but fails to provide a connect indication

Cause Code	Value	Description
821	Q850 Call Rejected	<p>The equipment does not accept the call within the available time.</p> <p>This occurs when the equipment has the capacity to accept the call but chooses not to, despite being neither busy nor incompatible.</p>
822	Q850 Number Changed	<p>The calling party receives this cause when the number they dialed is no longer assigned to the called party.</p>
827	Q850 Destination Out Of Order	<p>Indicates that a signaling message could not be delivered to the remote party.</p>
828	Q850 Invalid Number Format	<p>Indicates that the called party cannot be reached due to an invalid or incomplete number format.</p>
829	Q850 Facility Rejected	<p>The network cannot provide the requested supplementary service within the prescribed time.</p> <p>This occurs when the originator requests the service, but the network is unable to deliver it.</p>
830	Q850 Responding To Status Enquiry	<p>A response is provided to the status enquiry message.</p>
831	Q850 Unspecified Cause	<p>This cause is reported when a normal event occurs that does not fit any other specified cause in the normal category.</p>
834	Q850 No Circuit Available	<p>Indicates that no suitable circuit or channel is currently available to process the call.</p>
838	Q850 Network Out Of Order	<p>The network does not function correctly within the prescribed time.</p> <p>This occurs when the condition is expected to persist for an extended period.</p>

Cause Code	Value	Description
841	Q850 Temporary Failure	The network does not function correctly within the prescribed time. This occurs when the condition is expected to be resolved quickly.
842	Q850 Network Congestion	The switching equipment experiences high traffic within the prescribed time. This occurs when the equipment generates this cause due to congestion.
843	Q850 Access Info Discarded	The network cannot deliver the requested access information to the called party within the prescribed time.
844	Q850 Requested Channel Not Available	The requested channel is not available for communication within the prescribed time.
845	Q850 Call Pre-Empted	The call is pre-empted.
847	Q850 Resource Unavailable	The requested resource (QoS) cannot be provided.
850	Q850 Facility Not Subscribed	The requested facility is not subscribed.
852	Q850 Outgoing Call Barred	Outgoing calls are not allowed for this member in the group.
854	Q850 Incoming Call Barred	Incoming calls are not allowed for this member in the group.
858	Q850 Bearer Capability Not Available	Requested bearer capability currently not available.
863	Q850 Service Not Available	Requested service currently not available.
865	Q850 Bearer Capability Not Implemented	Requested bearer capability currently not implemented or unspecified.
866	Q850 Channel Not Implemented	Channel type not implemented.
869	Q850 Facility Not Implemented	The service or option is not implemented and remains unspecified.

Cause Code	Value	Description
881	Q850 Invalid Call Reference	The call reference is not currently in use on the user-network interface.
882	Q850 Channel Does Not Exist	Identified channel does not exist.
888	Q850 Incompatible Destination	This occurs when a request is received to establish a call with compatibility attributes that cannot be accommodated.
896	Q850 Mandatory Info Element Is Missing	A mandatory Information Element (IE) is missing from the message.
897	Q850 Non Existent Message Type	The message type does not exist or has not yet been implemented.
898	Q850 Invalid Message	The message is incompatible with the call state or the message type has not yet been implemented.
899	Q850 Bad Info Element	An information element or parameter does not exist or has not yet been implemented.
900	Q850 Invalid Element Contents	The content of the information element (IE) is invalid.
901	Q850 Wrong Message For State	An unexpected message was received that is incompatible with the call state.
902	Q850 Recovery On Timer Expiration	This cause indicates that a procedure has been initiated due to the expiry of a timer related to error handling procedures.
903	Q850 Info Element Error	Indicates an error in processing an information element or parameter that does not exist.
911	Q850 Protocol Error	This reports a protocol error event only when no other cause within the protocol error class applies.
927	Q850 Unspecified Internetworking Event	Indicates interworking with a network that does not provide reasons for its actions, making the exact cause unascertainable.