

# **Packet Trace**

First Published: August 03, 2016

The Packet-Trace feature provides a detailed understanding of how data packets are processed by the Cisco IOS XE platform, and thus helps customers to diagnose issues and troubleshoot them more efficiently. This module provides information about how to use the Packet-Trace feature.

- Information About Packet Trace, on page 1
- Usage Guidelines for Configuring Packet Trace, on page 2
- Configuring Packet Trace, on page 2
- Displaying Packet-Trace Information, on page 4
- Removing Packet-Trace Data, on page 5
- Configuration Examples for Packet Trace , on page 5
- Additional References, on page 8
- Feature Information for Packet Trace, on page 9

# **Information About Packet Trace**

The Packet-Trace feature provides three levels of inspection for packets: accounting, summary, and path data. Each level provides a detailed view of packet processing at the cost of some packet processing capability. However, Packet Trace limits inspection to packets that match the debug platform condition statements, and is a viable option even under heavy-traffic situations in customer environments.

The following table explains the three levels of inspection provided by packet trace.

Packet-Trace Level	Description
Accounting	Packet-Trace accounting provides a count of packets that enter and leave the network processor. Packet-Trace accounting is a lightweight performance activity, and runs continuously until it is disabled.
Summary	At the summary level of packet trace, data is collected for a finite number of packets. Packet-Trace summary tracks the input and output interfaces, the final packet state, and punt, drop, or inject packets, if any. Collecting summary data adds to additional performance compared to normal packet processing, and can help to isolate a troublesome interface.

#### Table 1: Packet-Trace Level

Packet-Trace Level	Descript	ion
Path dataThe packet-trace path data level provides the greatest level of detail in packet is collected for a finite number of packets. Packet-Trace path data captures data a conditional debugging ID that is useful to correlate with feature debugs, a and also feature-specific path-trace data.Path data also has two optional capabilities: packet copy and Feature Invoca 		ket-trace path data level provides the greatest level of detail in packet trace. Data ted for a finite number of packets. Packet-Trace path data captures data, including ional debugging ID that is useful to correlate with feature debugs, a timestamp, feature-specific path-trace data.
		a also has two optional capabilities: packet copy and Feature Invocation Array ce. The packet-copy option enables you to copy input and output packets at various the packet (layer 2, layer 3 or layer 4). The FIA- trace option tracks every feature oked during packet processing and helps you to know what is happening during rocessing.
	Note	Collecting path data consumes more packet-processing resources, and the optional capabilities incrementally affect packet performance. Therefore, path-data level should be used in limited capacity or in situations where packet performance change is acceptable.

# **Usage Guidelines for Configuring Packet Trace**

Consider the following best practices while configuring the Packet-Trace feature:

- Use of ingress conditions when using the Packet-Trace feature is recommended for a more comprehensive view of packets.
- Packet-trace configuration requires data-plane memory. On systems where data-plane memory is
  constrained, carefully consider how you will select the packet-trace values. A close approximation of
  the amount of memory consumed by packet trace is provided by the following equation:

memory required = (statistics overhead) + number of packets \* (summary size + data size + packet copy size).

When the Packet-Trace feature is enabled, a small, fixed amount of memory is allocated for statistics. Similarly, when per-packet data is captured, a small, fixed amount of memory is required for each packet for summary data. However, as shown by the equation, you can significantly influence the amount of memory consumed by the number of packets you select to trace, and whether you collect path data and copies of packets.

## **Configuring Packet Trace**

Perform the following steps to configure the Packet-Trace feature.

Note

The amount of memory consumed by the Packet-Trace feature is affected by the packet-trace configuration. You should carefully select the size of per-packet path data and copy buffers and the number of packets to be traced in order to avoid interrupting normal services. You can check the current data-plane DRAM memory consumption by using the **show platform hardware qfp active infrastructure exmem statistics** command.

### **SUMMARY STEPS**

1. enable

- **2. debug platform packet-trace packet** *pkt-num* **[fia-trace | summary-only][circular][data-size** *data-size* ]
- 3. debug platform packet-trace punt
- 4. debug platform condition [ipv4 | ipv6] [interface interface ][access-list access-list -name | ipv4-address / subnet-mask | ipv6-address / subnet-mask ] [ingress] egress]
- 5. debug platform condition start
- 6. debug platform condition stop
- 7. show platform packet-trace {configuration | statistics | summary | packet {all | pkt-num }}
- 8. clear platform condition all
- 9. exit

### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example:	Enables the privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password if prompted.
	Router> enable	
Step 2	debug platform packet-trace packet       pkt-num       [fia-trace           summary-only]       [circular]       [data-size       data-size       ]	Collects summary data for a specified number of packets. Captures feature path data by the default, and optionally performs FIA trace.
	Example: Router# debug platform packet-trace packets 2048 summary-only	<i>pkt-num</i> —Specifies the maximum number of packets maintained at a given time.
		<b>fia-trace</b> — Provides detailed level of data capture, including summary data, feature-specific data. Also displays each feature entry visited during packet processing.
		<b>summary-only</b> —Enables the capture of summary data with minimal details.
		<b>circular</b> —Saves the data of the most recently traced packets.
		<i>data-size</i> —Specifies the size of data buffers for storing feature and FIA trace data for each packet in bytes. When very heavy packet processing is performed on packets, users can increase the size of the data buffers if necessary. The default value is 2048.
Step 3	debug platform packet-trace punt	Enables tracing of punted packets from Layer2 to Layer3.
	Example:	
	Router# debug platform packet-trace punt	
Step 4	debug platform condition [ipv4   ipv6] [interface interface][access-list access-list -name   ipv4-address /subnet-mask   ipv6-address / subnet-mask ] [ingress]	Specifies the matching criteria for tracing packets. Provides the ability to filter by protocol, IP address and subnet mask, access control list (ACL), interface, and direction.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Example:	
	Router# debug platform condition interface g0/0/0 ingress	
Step 5	debug platform condition start	Enables the specified matching criteria and starts packet
	Example:	tracing.
	Router# debug platform condition start	
Step 6	debug platform condition stop	Deactivates the condition and stops packet tracing.
	Example:	
	Router# debug platform condition start	
Step 7	show platform packet-trace {configuration   statistics	Displays packet-trace data according to the specified option.
	Example:	for detailed information about the <b>show</b> command options.
	Router# show platform packet-trace 14	
Step 8	clear platform condition all	Removes the configurations provided by the <b>debug platform</b>
	Example:	<b>condition</b> and <b>debug platform packet-trace</b> commands.
	Router(config)# clear platform condition all	
Step 9	exit	Exits the privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Router# exit	

# **Displaying Packet-Trace Information**

Use these **show** commands to display packet-trace information.

### Table 2: show Commands

Command	Description
show platform packet-trace configuration	Displays packet trace configuration, including any defaults.
show platform packet-trace statistics	Displays accounting data for all the traced packets.
show platform packet-trace summary	Displays summary data for the number of packets specified.
<pre>show platform packet-trace {all   pkt-num } [decode]</pre>	Displays the path data for all the packets or the packet specified. The <b>decode</b> option attempts to decode the binary packet into a more human- readable form.

## **Removing Packet-Trace Data**

Use these commands to clear packet-trace data.

**Table 3: clear Commands** 

Command	Description
clear platform packet-trace statistics	Clears the collected packet-trace data and statistics.
clear platform packet-trace configuration	Clears the packet-trace configuration and the statistics.

## **Configuration Examples for Packet Trace**

This section provides the following configuration examples:

### **Example: Configuring Packet Trace**

This example describes how to configure packet trace and display the results. In this example, incoming packets to Gigabit Ethernet interface 0/0/2 are traced, and FIA-trace data is captured for the first 128 packets. Also, the input packets are copied. The **show platform packet-trace packet 10** command displays the summary data and each feature entry visited during packet processing for packet 10.

```
Router>
enable
Router# debug platform packet-trace packet 128 fia-trace
Router# debug platform packet-trace punt
Router# debug platform condition interface g0/0/2 ingress
Router# debug platform condition start
Router#! ping to UUT
Router# debug platform condition stop
Router# show platform packet-trace packet 10
Packet: 10
                    CBUG ID: 52
Summary
          : GigabitEthernet0/0/0
 Input
 Output : internal0/0/rp:1
 State
          : PUNT 55 (For-us control)
 Timestamp
   Start : 597718358383 ns (06/06/2016 09:00:13.643341 UTC)
          : 597718409650 ns (06/06/2016 09:00:13.643392 UTC)
   Stop
Path Trace
  Feature: IPV4
   Input : GigabitEthernet0/0/0
           : <unknown>
: 10.64.68.2
   Output
   Source
   Destination : 224.0.0.102
   Protocol : 17 (UDP)
     SrcPort : 1985
     DstPort
               : 1985
  Feature: FIA TRACE
            : GigabitEthernet0/0/0
   Input
              : <unknown>
   Output
             : 0x8a0177bc - DEBUG_COND_INPUT_PKT
   Entry
```

```
Lapsed time : 426 ns
 Feature: FIA_TRACE
 --More--
                                        Input
                                                   : GigabitEthernet0/0/0
   Output
                : <unknown>
               : 0x8a017788 - IPV4 INPUT DST LOOKUP CONSUME
   Entrv
   Lapsed time : 386 ns
  Feature: FIA_TRACE
   Input
               : GigabitEthernet0/0/0
               : <unknown>
    Output
             : 0x8a01778c - IPV4_INPUT_FOR_US_MARTIAN
   Entry
   Lapsed time : 13653 ns
  Feature: FIA TRACE
              : GigabitEthernet0/0/0
   Input
   Output
               : internal0/0/rp:1
   Entry
               : 0x8a017730 - IPV4 INPUT LOOKUP PROCESS EXT
   Lapsed time : 2360 ns
  Feature: FIA TRACE
   Input
             : GigabitEthernet0/0/0
   Out.put.
               : internal0/0/rp:1
             : 0x8a017be0 - IPV4_INPUT_IPOPTIONS_PROCESS_EXT
   Entry
   Lapsed time : 66 ns
  Feature: FIA TRACE
            - : GigabitEthernet0/0/0
: internal0/0/rp:1
   Input
   Output
              : 0x8a017bfc - IPV4 INPUT GOTO OUTPUT FEATURE EXT
   Entry
 --More--
                                        Lapsed time : 680 ns
  Feature: FIA_TRACE
            : GigabitEthernet0/0/0
   Input
            : internal0/0/rp:1
: 0x8a017d60 - IPV4_INTERNAL_ARL_SANITY_EXT
    Output
   Entrv
   Lapsed time : 320 ns
  Feature: FIA TRACE
             : GigabitEthernet0/0/0
   Input
    Output
                : internal0/0/rp:1
              : 0x8a017a40 - IPV4_VFR_REFRAG_EXT
   Entry
   Lapsed time : 106 ns
  Feature: FIA_TRACE
            : GigabitEthernet0/0/0
   Tnput.
               : internal0/0/rp:1
: 0x8a017d2c - IPV4_OUTPUT_DROP_POLICY_EXT
   Output
   Entry
   Lapsed time : 1173 ns
  Feature: FIA TRACE
             : GigabitEthernet0/0/0
   Input
            : internal0/0/rp:1
: 0x8a017940 - INTERNAL_TRANSMIT_PKT_EXT
    Output
   Entry
   Lapsed time : 20173 ns
IOSd Path Flow: Packet: 10
                            CBUG ID: 52
  Feature: INFRA
   Pkt Direction: IN
    Packet Rcvd From CPP
  Feature: IP
   Pkt Direction: IN
    Packet Enqueued in IP layer
   Source : 10.64.68.2
   Destination : 224.0.0.102
   Interface : GigabitEthernet0/0/0
  Feature: UDP
   Pkt Direction: IN
               : 10.64.68.2(1985)
   src
               : 224.0.0.102(1985)
   dst
   length
                : 14
Router# clear platform condition all
Router# exit
```

### Example: Using Packet Trace

This example provides a scenario in which packet trace is used to troubleshoot packet drops for a NAT configuration on a Cisco ASR 1006 Router. This example shows how you can effectively utilize the level of detail provided by the Packet-Trace feature to gather information about an issue, isolate the issue, and then find a solution.

In this scenario, you can detect that there are issues, but are not sure where to start troubleshooting. You should, therefore, consider accessing the Packet-Trace summary for a number of incoming packets.

Router# debug platform condition ingress Router# debug platform packet-trace packet 2048 summary-only Router# debug platform condition start Router# debug platform condition stop Router# show platform packet-trace summary Pkt Input Output State Reason Gi0/0/2.3060  $\cap$ Gi0/0/2.3060 DROP 402 (NoStatsUpdate) internal0/0/rp:0 internal0/0/rp:0 PUNT 21 (RP<->QFP keepalive) 1 2 internal0/0/recycle:0 Gi0/0/2.3060 FWD

The output shows that packets are dropped due to NAT configuration on Gigabit Ethernet interface 0/0/0, which enables you to understand that an issue is occurring on a specific interface. Using this information, you can limit which packets to trace, reduce the number of packets for data capture, and increase the level of inspection.

```
Router# debug platform packet-trace packet 256
Router# debug platform packet-trace punt
Router# debug platform condition interface Gi0/0/0
Router# debug platform condition start
Router# debug platform condition stop
Router# show platform packet-trace summary
Router# show platform packet-trace 15
Packet: 15
                   CBUG ID: 238
Summary
  Input
           : GigabitEthernet0/0/0
         : internal0/0/rp:1
: PUNT 55 (For-us control)
  Output
  State
  Timestamp
   Start : 1166288346725 ns (06/06/2016 09:09:42.202734 UTC)
          : 1166288383210 ns (06/06/2016 09:09:42.202770 UTC)
   Stop
Path Trace
  Feature: TPV4
    Input
              : GigabitEthernet0/0/0
              : <unknown>
    Output
              : 10.64.68.3
   Source
    Destination : 224.0.0.102
   Protocol
               : 17 (UDP)
     SrcPort : 1985
     DstPort : 1985
IOSd Path Flow: Packet: 15 CBUG ID: 238
  Feature: INFRA
    Pkt Direction: IN
   Packet Rcvd From CPP
  Feature: IP
   Pkt Direction: IN
            : 10.64.68.122
    Source
    Destination : 10.64.68.255
  Feature: IP
   Pkt Direction: IN
    Packet Enqueued in IP layer
    Source
              : 10.64.68.122
```

```
Destination : 10.64.68.255

Interface : GigabitEthernet0/0/0

Feature: UDP

Pkt Direction: IN

src : 10.64.68.122(1053)

dst : 10.64.68.255(1947)

length : 48
```

# **Additional References**

### **Related Documents**

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Commands List, All Releases

### **Standards**

Standard	Title
None	

### MIBs

MIB	MIBs Link
None	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at this URL:
	{start hypertext}http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs{end hypertext}

### **RFCs**

RFC	Title
None	—

L

### **Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	{start hypertext}http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html{end hypertext}

# **Feature Information for Packet Trace**

{start cross reference}Table 21-4{end cross reference} lists the features in this module and provides links to specific configuration information.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and software image support. Cisco Feature Navigator enables you to determine which software images support a specific software release, feature set, or platform. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to{start hypertext} http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn{end hypertext}. An account on Cisco.com is not required.



Note

{start cross reference}Table 21-4{end cross reference} lists only the software releases that support a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
Packet Trace	Cisco IOS XE 3.10S	The Packet Trace feature provides information about how data packets are processed by the Cisco IOS XE software.
		In Cisco IOS XE Release 3.10S, this feature was introduced on the Cisco ASR 1000 Series Aggregation Services Routers.
		The following commands were introduced or modified:
		• debug platform packet-trace packet <i>pkt-num</i> [fia-trace   summary-only ][data-size data-size][circular]
		<ul> <li>debug platform packet-trace copy packet { input   output   both } [ size num-bytes ] [ L2   L3   L4 ]</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>show platform packet-trace { configuration   statistics   summary   packet { all   pkt-num }}</li> </ul>
	Cisco IOS XE 3.11S	In Cisco IOS XE Release 3.11S, this feature was enhanced to include the following features:
		Matched versus traced statistics.
		• Trace stop timestamp in addition to trace start timestamp.
		The following commands were introduced or modified:
		<ul> <li>debug platform packet-trace drop [code drop-num]</li> <li>show platform packet-trace packet {all   pkt-num}[decode]</li> </ul>
	Cisco IOS XE Denali 16.3.1	In Cisco IOS XE Denali 16.3.1, this feature was enhanced to include Layer3 packet tracing along with IOSd.
		The following commands were introduced or modified: <b>debug platform packet-trace punt</b> .

### Table 4: Feature Information for Packet Trace