

Tracing and Trace Management

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Tracing Overview, on page 1
- How Tracing Works, on page 1
- Tracing Levels, on page 2
- Viewing a Tracing Level, on page 3
- Setting a Tracing Level, on page 4
- Viewing the Content of the Trace Buffer, on page 5

Tracing Overview

Tracing is a function that logs internal events. Trace files are automatically created and saved to the tracelogs directory on the harddisk: file system on all Cisco ASR 1000 Series Routers except the Cisco ASR 1002 Router, which stores tracing files in bootflash:. Trace files are used to store tracing data.

The contents of trace files are useful for the following purposes:

- Troubleshooting—If a Cisco ASR 1000 Series Router is having an issue, the trace file output may provide information that is useful for locating and solving the problem.
- Debugging—The trace file outputs can help users get a more detailed view of system actions and operations.

How Tracing Works

The tracing function logs the contents of internal events on the Cisco ASR 1000 Series Routers. Trace files with all trace output for a module are periodically created and updated and are stored in the tracelog directory. Trace files can be erased from this directory to recover space on the file system without impacting system performance.

The most recent trace information for a specific module can be viewed using the **show platform software trace message** command in privileged EXEC mode.

Trace files can be copied to other destinations using most file transfer functions (such as FTP, TFTP, and so on) and opened using a plaintext editor.

Tracing cannot be disabled on the Cisco ASR 1000 Series Router. Trace levels, however, which set the message types that generate trace output, are user-configurable and can be set using the **platform trace** commands. If

a user wants to modify the trace level to increase or decrease the amount of trace message output, the user should set a new tracing level using the **platform trace** commands. Trace levels can be set by process using the **all-modules** keyword within the **platform trace** commands, or by module within a process. See the **platform trace** command reference for more information on this command.

Tracing Levels

Tracing levels determine how much information about a module should be stored in the trace buffer or file. shows all of the trace levels that are available and provides descriptions of what types of messages are displayed with each tracing level.

Table 1: Tracing Levels and Descriptions

Trace Level	Level Number	Description	
Emergency	0	The message is regarding an issue that makes the system unusable.	
Alert	1	The message is regarding an action that must be taken immediately.	
Critical	2	The message is regarding a critical condition. This is the default setting for every module on the Cisco ASR 1000 Series Routers.	
Error	3	The message is regarding a system error.	
Warning	4	The message is regarding a system warning	
Notice	5	The message is regarding a significant issue, but the router is still working normally.	
Informational	6	The message is useful for informational purposes only.	
Debug	7	The message provides debug-level output.	
Verbose	8	All possible tracing messages are sent.	
Noise	-	All possible trace messages for the module are logged. The noise level is always equal to the highest possible tracing level. Even if a future enhancement to tracing introduces a higher tracing level, the noise level will become equal to the level of that new enhancement.	

Trace level settings are leveled, meaning that every setting will contain all messages from the lower setting plus the messages from its own setting. For instance, setting the trace level to 3(error) ensures that the trace file will contain all output for the 0 (emergencies), 1 (alerts), 2 (critical), and 3 (error) settings. Setting the trace level to 4 (warning) will ensure that all trace output for the specific module will be included in that trace file.

The default tracing level for every module on the Cisco ASR 1000 Series Router is notice.

All trace levels are not user-configurable. Specifically, the alert, critical, and notice tracing levels cannot be set by users. If you wish to trace these messages, set the trace level to a higher level that will collect these messages.

When setting trace levels, it is also important to remember that the setting is not done in a configuration mode, so trace level settings are returned to their defaults after every router reload.



Caution

Setting tracing of a module to the debug level or higher can have a negative performance impact. Setting tracing to this level or higher should be done with discretion.



Caution

Setting a large number of modules to high tracing levels can severely degrade performance. If a high level of tracing is needed in a specific context, it is almost always preferable to set a single module on a higher tracing level rather than setting multiple modules to high tracing levels.

Viewing a Tracing Level

By default, all modules on the Cisco ASR 1000 Series Routers are set to notice. This setting will be maintained unless changed by a user.

To see the tracing level for any module on the Cisco ASR 1000 Series Routers, enter the **show platform software trace level** command in privileged EXEC mode.

In the following example, the **show platform software trace level** command is used to view the tracing levels of the Forwarding Manager processes on the active RP:

Router# show platform software trace level forwarding-manager rp active
Module Name Trace Level

acl	Notice
binos	Notice
binos/brand	Notice
bipc	Notice
bsignal	Notice
btrace	Notice
cce	Notice
cdllib	Notice
cef	Notice
chasfs	Notice
chasutil	Notice
erspan	Notice
ess	Notice
ether-channel	Notice
evlib	Notice
evutil	Notice
file_alloc	Notice
fman_rp	Notice
fpm	Notice
fw	Notice
icmp	Notice
interfaces	Notice
iosd	Notice
ipc	Notice
ipclog	Notice
iphc	Notice
ipsec	Notice
mgmte-acl	Notice
mlp	Notice

mqipc	Notice
nat	Notice
nbar	Notice
netflow	Notice
om	Notice
peer	Notice
qos	Notice
route-map	Notice
sbc	Notice
services	Notice
sw_wdog	Notice
tdl_acl_config_type	Notice
tdl_acl_db_type	Notice
tdl_cdlcore_message	Notice
tdl cef config common type	Notice
tdl cef config type	Notice
tdl dpidb config type	Notice
tdl_fman_rp_comm_type	Notice
tdl fman rp message	Notice
tdl_fw_config_type	Notice
tdl_hapi_tdl_type	Notice
tdl icmp type	Notice
tdl_ip_options_type	Notice
tdl_ipc_ack_type	Notice
tdl_ipsec_db_type	Notice
tdl_mcp_comm_type	Notice
tdl_mlp_config_type	Notice
tdl_mlp_db_type	Notice
tdl_om_type	Notice
tdl_ui_message	Notice
tdl_ui_type	Notice
tdl_urpf_config_type	Notice
tdllib	Notice
trans_avl	Notice
uihandler	Notice
uipeer	Notice
uistatus	Notice
urpf	Notice
vista	Notice
wccp	Notice

Setting a Tracing Level

To set a tracing level for any module on the Cisco ASR 1000 Series Routers, or for all modules within a process on the Cisco ASR 1000 Series Router, enter the **platform software trace** command in privileged EXEC mode.

In the following example, the trace level for the forwarding processor module in the Forwarding Manager of the ESP processor in slot 0 is set to the informational tracing level (info):

Router(config)# platform trace runtime slot F0 bay 0 process forwarding-manager module interfaces level info

In the following example, the trace level for the forwarding processor module in the Forwarding Manager of the ESP processor in slot R0 is set to the informational tracing level (max):

Router(config)# platform trace boottime slot R0 bay 1 process forwarding-manager forwarding-manager level max

See the platform trace boottime process forwarding-manager module interfaces and platform trace runtime process forwarding-manager module interfaces command reference for additional information about the options for this command.

Viewing the Content of the Trace Buffer

To view the trace messages in the trace buffer or file, enter the **show platform software trace message** command in privileged EXEC mode.

In the following example, the trace messages for the Host Manager process in Route Processor slot 0 are viewed using the **show platform software trace message** command:

```
Router# show platform software trace message host-manager R0 08/23 12:09:14.408 [uipeer]: (info): Looking for a ui_req msg 08/23 12:09:14.408 [uipeer]: (info): Start of request handling for con 0x100a61c8 08/23 12:09:14.399 [uipeer]: (info): Accepted connection for 14 as 0x100a61c8 08/23 12:09:14.399 [uipeer]: (info): Received new connection 0x100a61c8 on descriptor 14 08/23 12:09:14.398 [uipeer]: (info): Accepting command connection on listen fd 7 08/23 11:53:57.440 [uipeer]: (info): Going to send a status update to the shell manager in slot 0 08/23 11:53:47.417 [uipeer]: (info): Going to send a status update to the shell manager in slot 0
```

Viewing the Content of the Trace Buffer