



# Configuring with the Command-Line Interface

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- [Configuring with the Command-Line Interface, on page 2](#)

# Configuring with the Command-Line Interface

This chapter describes how to use the Cisco IOS software CLI to configure basic Cisco VG450 Analog functionality. Follow the procedures in this chapter to configure the Cisco VG450, or if you want to change the configuration after you have run the setup command facility.

This chapter does not describe every configuration possible—only a small portion of the most commonly used configuration procedures. For advanced configuration topics, refer to the respective technology configuration guides.

This chapter presents the following major topics:

## Configuring the Host Name and Password

One of the first configuration tasks you might want to do is to configure the host name and set an encrypted password. Configuring a host name allows you to distinguish a router from another. Setting an encrypted password allows you to prevent unauthorized configuration changes.

### Summary Steps

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **hostname 450**
4. **enable secret guessme**
5. **line con 0**
6. **exec-timeout 0 0**
7. **exit**

### Detailed Steps

#### SUMMARY STEPS

1. Router> enable
2. Router# configure terminal
3. Router(config)# hostname 450
4. Router(config)# enable secret guessme
5. Router(config)# line con 0Router(config-line)# exec-timeout 0 0
6. Router(config-line)# exit

#### DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	Router> enable  <b>Example:</b>  Password: password  <b>Example:</b>	Enables privileged EXEC mode.  • Enter your password if prompted.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Router#	
<b>Step 2</b>	Router# configure terminal  <b>Example:</b>  Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.  <b>Example:</b>  Router(config)#	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 3</b>	Router(config)# hostname 450  <b>Example:</b>	Changes the name of Cisco VG450 to a meaningful name. Substitutes the host name to Router .
<b>Step 4</b>	Router(config)# enable secret guessme	Enters an enable secret password. This password provides access to privileged EXEC mode. When you enter enable at the user EXEC prompt ( Router> ), you must enter the enable secret password to gain access to configuration mode. Substitute your enable secret password for guessme .
<b>Step 5</b>	Router(config)# line con 0 Router(config-line)# exec-timeout 0 0	Enters line configuration mode to configure the console port. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Prevents the Cisco VG450, EXEC mode from timing out if you do not enter any information on the console screen for an extended period.</li> </ul>
<b>Step 6</b>	Router(config-line)# exit	Exits from config-line mode and enters into the global configuration mode.

## Verifying the Host Name and Password

To verify that you configured the correct host name and password, perform the following steps:

### SUMMARY STEPS

1. Enter the **show config** command:
2. Exit global configuration mode and attempt to re-enter it using the new enable password:

### DETAILED STEPS

**Step 1** Enter the **show config** command:

**Example:**

```
Router# show config
Using 2745 out of 262136 bytes
```

```

!
version XX.X
.
.
!
hostname 450
!
enable secret 5 $1$60L4$X2JY0woDc0.kqallo0/w8/
.
.
.

```

Check the host name and encrypted password displayed near the top of the command output.

**Step 2** Exit global configuration mode and attempt to re-enter it using the new enable password:

**Example:**

```

Router# exit
.
.
.
Router con0 is now available
Press RETURN
to get started.
Router> enable
Password: guessme
Router#

```

If you are having trouble, ensure the following:

- Caps Lock is off.
- You entered the correct passwords. Passwords are case sensitive.

## Configuring a Gigabit Ethernet Interfaces

To configure a Gigabit Ethernet interface, use the configuration software provided with your Cisco VG450 or network module, if any. Otherwise, for high power and flexibility, use configuration mode (manual configuration).



**Note** Before you begin, disconnect all the WAN cables from Cisco VG450 to prevent it from running the AutoInstall process. Cisco VG450 attempt to run AutoInstall whenever you power them on if there is a WAN connection on both ends, and Cisco VG450 do not have a valid configuration file stored in NVRAM (for instance, when you add a new interface). It can take several minutes for Cisco VG450 to determine that AutoInstall is not connected to a remote TCP/IP host.

This section describes a basic configuration, including enabling the interface and specifying IP routing. Depending on your own requirements and the protocols you plan to route, you might also have to enter other configuration commands.

Before you begin configuring the interfaces, perform the following tasks:

- Connect a console to Cisco VG450.

- Power on Cisco VG450.

**SUMMARY STEPS**

1. Router> enable
2. Router# configure terminal
3. Router# ip routing
4. Router(config)# interface gigabitEthernet 0/0/0
5. Router(config-if)# ip address 172.16.74.3 255.255.255.0
6. Router(config-if)# exit
7. Router(config-if)# Ctrl-z

**DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	Router> enable <b>Example:</b> Password: password <b>Example:</b> Router#	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter your password if prompted.</li> </ul>
<b>Step 2</b>	Router# configure terminal <b>Example:</b> Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. <b>Example:</b> Router(config)#	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 3</b>	Router# ip routing <b>Example:</b> Router# ip? <b>Example:</b> ip ipc iphc-profile ipv6	Enables routing protocols as required for your global configuration. This example uses IP routing.
<b>Step 4</b>	Router(config)# interface gigabitEthernet 0/0/0 <b>Example:</b> Router(config-if)#	Enters interface configuration mode. You have entered interface configuration mode when the prompt changes to Router(config-if)#.
<b>Step 5</b>	Router(config-if)# ip address 172.16.74.3 255.255.255.0	Assigns an IP address and subnet mask to the interface.
<b>Step 6</b>	Router(config-if)# exit	Exits back to global configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
		Repeat Step 4 through Step 6 if your Cisco VG450 has more than one interface that you need to configure.
<b>Step 7</b>	Router(config-if)# Ctrl-z  <b>Example:</b>  Router#	Returns to enable mode when you finish configuring interfaces.

## TLS 1.2 support on SCCP Gateways

The TLS 1.2 support on SCCP Gateways feature details the configuration of TLS 1.2 on SCCP protocol for digital signal processor (DSP) farm including Unicast conference bridge

(CFB), Media Termination Point (MTP), and SCCP telephony control (STC) application (STCAPP).

DSP on gateways can be used as media resources for transrating or transcoding. Each media resource uses Secure Skinny Client Control Protocol (SCCP) to communicate with Cisco Unified Communications Manager. Currently SSL 3.1, which is equivalent to TLS1.0, is used for sending secure signals. This feature enhances the support to TLS 1.2. From Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1a, TLS 1.2 is enhanced to support the Next-Generation Encryption (NGE) cipher suites.



**Note** Cisco Unified Communications Manager (CUCM) Version 14SU2 has been enhanced to support Secured SCCP gateways with the Subject Name field (CN Name) with or without colons, for example, AA:22:BB:44:55 or AA22BB4455.

CUCM checks the CN field of the incoming certificate from the SCCP Gateway and verifies it against the DeviceName configured in CUCM for this gateway. DeviceName contains MAC address of the gateway. CUCM converts the MAC address in the DeviceName to MAC address with colons (for example: AA:22:BB:44:55) and validates with the CN name in the Gateway's certificate. Therefore, CUCM mandates Gateway to use MAC address with colons for the CN field in the certificate, that is, subject name.

Due to new guidelines from Defense Information Systems Agency (DISA), it is a requirement not to use colons for the subject name field CN. For example, AA22BB4455.

### SCCP TLS connection

CiscoSSL is based on OpenSSL. SCCP uses CiscoSSL to secure the communication signals.

If a resource is configured in the secure mode, the SCCP application initiates a process to complete Transport Layer Security (TLS) handshaking. During the handshake, the server sends information to CiscoSSL about the TLS version and cipher suites supported. Previously, only SSL3.1 was supported for SCCP secure signalling. SSL3.1 is equivalent to TLS 1.0. The TLS 1.2 Support feature introduces TLS1.2 support to SCCP secure signalling.

After TLS handshaking is complete, SCCP is notified and SCCP kills the process.

If the handshaking is completed successfully, a REGISTER message is sent to Cisco Unified Communications Manager through the secure tunnel. If handshaking fails and a retry is needed, a new process is initiated.



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**Note** For SCCP-based signalling, only TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA cipher suite is supported.

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### Cipher Suites

For SCCP-based signaling, TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA cipher suite is supported.

From Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1a, the following NGE cipher suites are also supported:

- ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384

These cipher suites enable secure voice signaling for both STCAPP analog phone and SCCP DSPFarm conferencing service. The cipher suite selection is negotiated between GW and CUCM.

The following prerequisites are applicable for using NGE cipher suites:

- Configure TLS 1.2. For more information, see *Configuring TLS*.
- Use the CUCM Release 14.1 SU1 or later, and Voice Gateways or platforms that support TLS 1.2.
- From CUCM Web UI, navigate to Cipher Management and set the CIPHER switch as NGE. For more information, [Cipher Management](#).

For more information about verifying these cipher suites, see *Verifying TLS version and Cipher Suites*.

For the SRTP encrypted media, you can use higher-grade cipher suites: AEAD-AES-128-GCM or AEAD-AES-256-GCM. These cipher suites selection is automatically negotiated between GW and CUCM for both secure analog voice and hardware conference bridge voice media. Authenticated Encryption with Associated Data (AEAD) ciphers simultaneously provide confidentiality, integrity, and authenticity, without built-in SHA algorithms to validate message integrity.

### Supported Platforms

The TLS 1.2 support on SCCP Gateways feature is supported on the following platforms:

- Cisco VG400, VG420, and VG450 Analog Voice Gateways

### Configuring TLS version for STC application

Perform the following task to configure a TLS version for the STC application:

```
enable
configure terminal
stcapp security tls-version v1.2
exit
```



---

**Note** The stcapp security tls command sets the TLS version to v.1.0, v1.1, or v1.2 only. If not configured explicitly, TLS v1.0 is selected by default.

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### Configuring TLS version in Secure Mode for DSP Farm Profile

Perform the following task to configure the TLS version in secure mode for DSP farm profile:

```
enable
configure terminal
dspfarm profile 7 conference security
    tls-version v1.2
exit
```



**Note** Note: The `tls` command can be configured only in security mode.

### Verifying TLS version and Cipher Suites

Perform the following task to verify the TLS version and cipher suite:

```
# show dspfarm profile 100
Dspfarm Profile Configuration

Profile ID = 100, Service = CONFERENCING, Resource ID = 2
Profile Service Mode : secure
Trustpoint : Overlord_DSPFarm_GW
TLS Version : v1.2
TLS Cipher : ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
Profile Admin State : UP
Profile Operation State : ACTIVE
Application : SCCP Status : ASSOCIATED
Resource Provider : FLEX_DSPRM Status : UP
Total Number of Resources Configured : 10
Total Number of Resources Available : 10
Total Number of Resources Out of Service : 0
Total Number of Resources Active : 0
Maximum conference participants : 8
Codec Configuration: num_of_codecs:6
Codec : g711ulaw, Maximum Packetization Period : 30 , Transcoder: Not Required
Codec : g711alaw, Maximum Packetization Period : 30 , Transcoder: Not Required
Codec : g729ar8, Maximum Packetization Period : 60 , Transcoder: Not Required
Codec : g729abr8, Maximum Packetization Period : 60 , Transcoder: Not Required
Codec : g729r8, Maximum Packetization Period : 60 , Transcoder: Not Required
Codec : g729br8, Maximum Packetization Period : 60 , Transcoder: Not Required
```

### Verifying STCAPP Application TLS version

Perform the following tasks to verify TLS version of the STCAPP application:

```
Device# show call application voice stcapp
App Status: Active
CCM Status: UP
CCM Group: 120
Registration Mode: CCM
Total Devices: 0
Total Calls in Progress: 0
Total Call Legs in Use: 0
ROH Timeout: 45
TLS Version: v1.2

# show stcapp dev voice 0/1/0
Port Identifier: 0/1/0
Device Type: ALG
Device Id: 585
```



```

Device Name: ANB3176C85F0080
Device Security Mode : Encrypted
  TLS version : TLS version 1.2
  TLS cipher : ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
Modem Capability: None
Device State: IS
Diagnostic: None
Directory Number: 80010
Dial Peer(s): 100
Dialtone after remote onhook feature: activated
Busytone after remote onhook feature: not activated
Last Event: STCAPP_CC_EV_CALL_MODIFY_DONE
Line State: ACTIVE
Line Mode: CALL_CONF
Hook State: OFFHOOK
mwi: DISABLE
vmwi: OFF
mwi config: Both
Privacy: Not configured
HG Status: Unknown
PLAR: DISABLE
Callback State: DISABLED
CWT Repetition Interval: 0 second(s) (no repetition)
Number of CCBs: 1
Global call info:
  Total CCB count = 3
  Total call leg count = 6
    
```

```

Call State for Connection 2 (ACTIVE): TsConnected
Connected Call Info:
  Call Reference: 33535871
  Call ID (DSP): 187
  Local IP Addr: 172.19.155.8
  Local IP Port: 8234
  Remote IP Addr: 172.19.155.61
  Remote IP Port: 8154
  Calling Number: 80010
  Called Number:
  Codec: g711ulaw
  SRTP: on
  RX Cipher: AEAD_AES_256_GCM
  TX Cipher: AEAD_AES_256_GCM
    
```

Perform the following task to verify the sRTP cipher suite for the DSPfarm connection.

# show sccp connection detail

```

bridge-info(bid, cid) - Normal bridge information(Bridge id, Calleg id)
mmbridge-info(bid, cid) - Mixed mode bridge information(Bridge id, Calleg id)

sess_id  conn_id  call-id  codec  pkt-period  dtmf_method  type  dscp
bridge-info(bid, cid)  mmbridge-info(bid, cid)  srtplib  cryptosuite  call_ref  spid  conn_id_tx

16778224  -  125  N/A  N/A  rfc2833_pt thru  confmsp  All RTPSPI
  Callegs  All MM-MSP Callegs  N/A  N/A

16778224  16777232  126  g711u  20  rfc2833_pt thru  s- rtpspi  (101,125)
  N/A  30751576  16777219  -  AEAD_AES_256_GCM  184

16778224  16777231  124  g711u  20  rfc2833_pt thru  s- rtpspi  (100,125)
  N/A  30751576  16777219  -  AEAD_AES_256_GCM  184
    
```

Total number of active session(s) 1, connection(s) 2, and callegs 3

### Verifying Call Information

To display call information for TDM and IVR calls stored in the Forwarding Plane Interface (FPI), use the **showvoipfpi calls** command. You can select a call ID and verify the cipher suite using the command **show voip fpi calls confID call\_id\_number**. In this example, cipher suite 6 is AES\_256\_GCM.

```
#show voip fpi calls
Number of Calls : 2
-----
      confID correlator      AcallID      BcallID      state      event
-----
          1           1          87          88      ALLOCATED  DETAIL_STAT_RSP
          21          21          89          90      ALLOCATED  DETAIL_STAT_RSP

#show voip fpi calls confID 1
-----
VoIP-FPI call entry details:
-----
Call Type      :          TDM_IP      confID      :          1
correlator    :          1      call_state  :      ALLOCATED
last_event    :  DETAIL_STAT_RSP  alloc_start_time :      1796860810
modify_start_time:          0      delete_start_time:          0
Media Type(SideA):          SRTP      cipher suite  :          6
-----
FPI State Machine Stats:
-----
create_req_call_entry_inserted      :          1
.....
```

**Table 1: Feature Information for TLS 1.2 support on SCCP Gateways**

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
Support for NGE Cipher Suites	Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1a	This feature supports NGE cipher suites for secure voice signaling and secure media. These cipher suites are applicable for both STCAPP analog phone and SCCP DSPFarm conferencing service.

## Saving Configuration Changes

To prevent the loss of the Cisco VG450 configuration, save it to NVRAM.

### SUMMARY STEPS

1. Router> enable
2. Router# copy running-config startup-config
3. Router(config-if)# Ctrl-z

## DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	<pre>Router&gt; enable</pre> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Password: password</pre> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router#</pre>	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter your password if prompted.</li> </ul>
<b>Step 2</b>	<pre>Router# copy running-config startup-config</pre>	Saves the configuration changes to NVRAM so that they are not lost during resets, power cycles, or power outages.
<b>Step 3</b>	<pre>Router(config-if)# Ctrl-z</pre> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router#</pre> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console</pre>	Returns to user EXEC mode.

## Enabling UC License

To enable the UC license in the Cisco VG450, perform the following steps:

## Summary Steps

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **license accept end user agreement**
4. **license boot level uck9**
5. **exit**
6. **save**
7. **reload**

## Detailed Steps

## SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **license accept end user agreement**
4. **license boot level uck9**
5. **exit**
6. **write**
7. **reload**

## DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>enable</b> <b>Example:</b>  Router>enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.  • Enter your password if prompted.
<b>Step 2</b>	<b>configure terminal</b> <b>Example:</b>  Router# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 3</b>	<b>license accept end user agreement</b> <b>Example:</b>  Router(config)# license accept end user agreement	Configures a one-time acceptance of the UC license.  • Accepts UC license by typing YES.
<b>Step 4</b>	<b>license boot level uck9</b> <b>Example:</b>  Router(config)# license boot level uck9	Enables the Unified Communication License Level license.
<b>Step 5</b>	<b>exit</b> <b>Example:</b>  Router(config)# exit	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
<b>Step 6</b>	<b>write</b> <b>Example:</b>  Router# write	Saves the configuration.
<b>Step 7</b>	<b>reload</b> <b>Example:</b>  Router# reload	Reloads the router.

## Configuring the Voice Port

## SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **voice-port slot/bay/port**
4. **description string**
5. **no shutdown**

## DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>enable</b> <b>Example:</b> <pre>Router&gt; enable</pre>	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter your password if prompted.</li> </ul>
<b>Step 2</b>	<b>configure terminal</b> <b>Example:</b> <pre>Router# configure terminal</pre>	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 3</b>	<b>voice-port <i>slot/bay/port</i></b> <b>Example:</b> <pre>Router(config)# voice-port 1/0/8</pre>	Enters voice-port configuration mode.
<b>Step 4</b>	<b>description <i>string</i></b> <b>Example:</b> <pre>Router(config-voiceport)# description Voice Port One</pre>	Attaches a text string to the configuration that describes the connection for this voice port. This description appears in various displays and is useful for tracking the purpose or use of the voice port. The string argument is a character string from 1 to 255 characters in length. By default, there is no text string (describing the voice port) attached to the configuration.
<b>Step 5</b>	<b>no shutdown</b> <b>Example:</b> <pre>Router(config-voiceport)# no shutdown</pre>	Activates the voice port. If a voice port is not being used, shut down the voice port by using shutdown command.

## What to do next

