

Channel APC

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Channel APC

Channel APC is an optical application that maintains all optical channels at a consistent Power Spectral Density (PSD) target by dynamically regulating optical components. This ensures a flat spectrum before transmission over the fiber span.

The purpose of the Channel APC control loop is to equalize the Power Spectral Density (PSD) of all channels to a defined Channel Target PSD.

Channel Target PSD:

This is an optical-line-control (OLC) configuration parameter that defines the desired PSD level for all channels. By default, this value is –20 dBm, measured in dBm/12.5GHz.

• Optical Channel Monitor (OCM):

The OCM device provides readings of the channel power spectral density, dividing the spectrum into 6.25GHz slices. The Channel PSD is calculated based on readings from the OCM and is averaged over the central 25GHz bandwidth.

• Input Channel Acceptance:

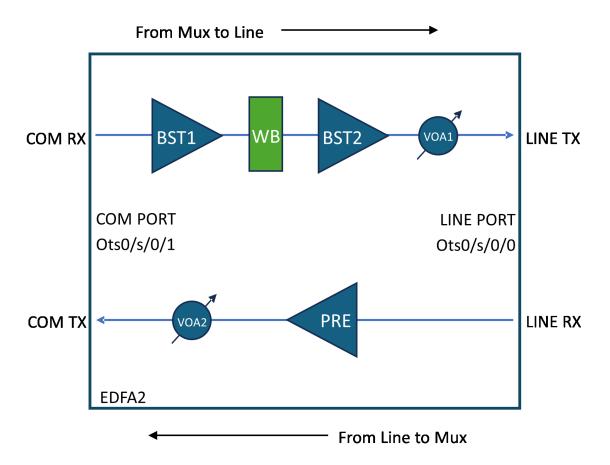
Before a channel is transmitted, its input PSD is evaluated against the Channel PSD target plus a defined margin (PSD_MARGIN). A channel is accepted and unblocked by the Wavelength Blocker (WB) if its estimated PSD after initial amplification and WB insertion loss is greater than the target PSD plus the margin.

• PSD Control Loop:

Once a channel is accepted, the WB attenuation for the channel's slices is adjusted from maximum to an initial value calculated to bring the Channel PSD near or slightly below the target. The control loop then periodically monitors the Channel PSD at the WB output. If the discrepancy between the measured PSD and the target PSD exceeds a defined threshold (PSD Correction Tolerance), the WB attenuation is corrected incrementally. The loop continues until the discrepancy is small, applying a final correction equal to the residual error. The loop regulates again if the discrepancy later exceeds the threshold.

This diagram shows the NCS1K14-EDFA2 line card optical layout. Optical components controlled by channel APC are highlighted in green.

Figure 1: NCS1K14-EDFA2 line card optical layout



Channel Acceptance and Blocking Criteria

- Acceptance:
 - By default, WB blocks all C-band spectrum.
 - Channels must have PSD after WB (0 attenuation) higher than the target PSD plus a 0.5 dBm/12.5 GHz margin to be accepted.

• Blocking:

• Channels with WB attenuation at 0 dB and PSD lower than target PSD minus 2.0 dBm/12.5 GHz tolerance are blocked by the control loop.

How channel APC works

Summary

Channel APC control loop equalizes the Power Spectral Density (PSD) of all channels to a defined Channel Target PSD.

Workflow

These stages describe channel APC process:

- 1. Input and Amplification:
 - Channels enter via Controller Ots0/<slot>/0/1 (COM-RX).
 - First stage amplification by BST1.
 - Channel APC equalizes PSD across channels before the second stage amplifier (BST2 + VOA1).
- 2. Wavelength Blocker (WB):
 - Controls attenuation per 6.25 GHz slice (0 to 15 dB or full block).
 - Channel power equalization is based on a configurable Channel Target PSD (default: -20 dBm/12.5 GHz).
 - PSD is averaged over the central 25 GHz bandwidth from OCM measurements.
- 3. Channel APC Control:
 - When enabled, Channel APC overrides manual WB attenuation settings.
 - OSC channel is excluded from Channel APC control.

Enable channel APC

This topic describes how to enable channel APC.

This task describes how to configure channel APC. This configuration is in this topic:

· Enable channel APC

Procedure

Use the following commands to enable channel APC:

```
configure
optical-line-control
controller ots <Rack/Slot/Instance/Port>
channel-apc flat-psd-eq-mode
commit
end
```

Disable channel APC

This topic describes how to disable channel APC.

This task describes how to configure channel APC. This configuration is in this topic:

· Disable channel APC

Procedure

Use the following commands to disable channel APC:

```
configure
optical-line-control
controller ots <Rack/Slot/Instance/Port>
no channel-apc flat-psd-eq-mode
commit
end
```

Pause channel APC

This topic describes how to pause channel APC.

This task describes how to configure channel APC. This configuration is in this topic:

· Pause channel APC

Procedure

Use the following commands to pause channel APC:

```
configure
optical-line-control
controller ots <Rack/Slot/Instance/Port>
channel-apc-pause
commit
end
```

Resume channel APC

This topic describes how to resume channel APC.

This task describes how to configure channel APC. This configuration is in this topic:

· Resume channel APC

Procedure

Use the following commands to resume channel APC:

```
configure
optical-line-control
controller ots <Rack/Slot/Instance/Port>
no channel-apc-pause
commit
end
```

Set target PSD for channel APC

This topic describes how to set target PSD for channel APC.

This task describes how to configure channel APC. This configuration is in this topic:

· Set target PSD for chanel

Procedure

Use the following commands to set target PSD for a channel:

```
configure
optical-line-control
controller ots <Rack/Slot/Instance/Port>
psd-target <value in dBm/12.5GHz>
commit
end
```

Example:

This sample configuration sets the target PSD to -22 dBm/12.5 GHz:

```
configure
optical-line-control
controller ots 0/0/0/0
psd-target -220
commit
end
```

Configure input amplifier

This topic describes how to configure channel APC.

In scenarios with low total input power, you must adjust BST1 amplifier gain and range. This table shows some typical scenarios:

Table 1: BST1 Amplifier Configuration

Optical Interfaces	Spacing	BST1 Total Input Power [dBm]	BST1 range	BST1 Gain [dB]
400ZR	75 GHz	0.2~2.3	Extended	18.5
mix 400ZR/800ZR	75/150 GHz	-5~0.2	Extended	18.5
800ZR	150 GHz	0.6~1.2	Extended	18.5
DCI	75 GHz	6~6.9	Normal	8
mix DCI/DCI-1	75/150 GHz	5.3~6.9	Normal	8
DCI-1	150 GHz	9.8~10.4	Normal	8
DCI-2 (CIM8)	150 GHz	11.4~12.2	Normal	8

Procedure

Use the following commands to adjust BST1 amplifier gain and gain range:

```
configure
controller ots <Rack/Slot/Instance/Port>
ingress-ampli-gain-range <normal|extended>
ingress-ampli-gain <gain_value_in_tenths_of_dB>
commit
end
```

Example:

This sample configuration sets BST1 gain range to extended and the gain to 19.5 dB:

```
configure
controller ots 0/0/0/1
ingress-ampli-gain-range extended
ingress-ampli-gain 195
commit
end
```

View channel APC information

This task describes how to view channel APC information.

These tables describe the different parameters and status values in the output of the show command.

Table 2: Channel APC parameter definitions

Parameter	Description			
Controller	Identifier of the optical controller managing the channel, formatted as Ots0/slot/interface/port.			
Internal Status	Current state of the Channel APC control loop, e.g., IDLE means regulation is complete and stable.			
Input Gain	Gain value (in dB) applied by the first stage amplifier (BST1) to the input signal.			
Input Gain Range	Gain range mode of the BST1 amplifier, e.g., Normal or Extended, indicating the amplifier's operating range.			
Input Gain Range Min - Max	Minimum and maximum gain values (in dB) for the BST1 amplifier in the current gain range.			
Last Correction	Timestamp of the last adjustment made by the Channel APC control loop to equalize channel power.			
Output PSD Target	Target Power Spectral Density (PSD) value (in dBm/12.5 GHz) that the Channel APC aims to maintain for all channels.			
PSD Correction Tolerance	Allowed deviation margin (in dB) from the target PSD before the Channel APC initiates a correction.			

Table 3: Channel APC status definitions

Status	Description		
BLOCKED	Triggered by amplifier safety events (APR, OSRI), RX-LOS alarms, or OTS controller shutdown.		
	The following reasons can cause this status:		
	• INPUT-EDFA-OSRI-ENABLED		
	• OUTPUT-EDFA-OSRI-ENABLED		
	• INPUT-EDFA-RX-LOS		
	• OUTPUT-OTS-SHUTDOWN		
	• INPUT-OTS-SHUTDOWN		
D. L. LOTTO			
PAUSED	Regulation paused via channel-apc-pause command; no adjustments occur.		
IDLE	Regulation complete; all channels meet target PSD within tolerance.		
REGULATING	Active regulation in progress to correct PSD discrepancies.		

Table 4: Channel APC table parameters

Parameter	Description
Controller	Ots-Och r/s/i/p/ <channel-id> Channel in input to the COM-RX</channel-id>

Center Frequency	Central frequency of the channel
Width	Width of the channel
Status	Status of the Channel, see the Channel APC per-channel status definitions table.
Spectrum	Set of spectrum slices belonging to the channel
Input PSD	Channel Input power in term of PSD at COM-RX input port
Input Power	Channel Input power at COM-RX input port
Channel PSD	Channel power in term of PSD after the WB block. It should be next to the PSD target less than the <i>PSD Correction Tolerance</i> parameter shown by the command
Channel Power	Channel power after the WB block
PSD Discrepancy	Current error margin between the <i>Channel PSD</i> and the <i>Configured Target PSD</i> . It the value increases above the <i>PSD Correction Tolerance</i> , a new regulation sequence starts.
Attenuation	The attenuation value configured on the WB to reach the target.

Table 5: Channel APC per-channel status definitions

Channel Status	Description
Active	Channel is managed and matches target PSD at WB output.
Not Active	Channel power insufficient to reach target PSD; channel is blocked or inactive.
Regulating	Channel is currently undergoing PSD adjustment.
Out Of Range	Channel PSD too high or too low to be active even with max or zero attenuation.

Procedure

To view channel APC information, use the show olc channel-apc regulation-info command.

Example:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:IOS#show olc channel-apc regulation-info

Thu Jul 17 16:06:13.213 CEST

Controller : Ots0/0/0/0

Internal Status : IDLE

Input Gain : 8.0 dB

Input Gain Range : Normal

Input Gain Range Min - Max
: 5.0 - 11.0 dB

Last Correction : 2025-07-17 14:23:18

Output PSD Target : -20.0 dBm/12.5GHz

PSD Correction Tolerance

Controller Channel	Center Channel	Width PSD	Status Attenuation	Spectrum	Input	Input
PSD	Frequency Power	(GHz) Discrepancy	(dB)	6.25 GHz	PSD	Power
(dBm/12.5GHz)	(THz) (dBm)	(dBm)		Slices Range	(dBm/12.5GHz)	(dBm)
Ots-Och0/0/0/0/1 -50.00	196.100000 -50.00	75.000 -	Not Active 25.00	779 - 790	-50.00	-50.00
Ots-Och0/0/0/0/2 -19.97	196.025000 -14.00	75.000 0.03	Active 0.10	767 - 778	-24.22	-18.10
Ots-Och0/0/0/0/3 -50.00	195.950000 -50.00	75.000 -	Not Active 25.00	755 - 766	-50.00	-50.00

: 0.3 dB

Note

APC periodically monitors the per channel Power Spectral Density (PSD) discrepancy. If the measured discrepancy exceeds the **PSD Correction Tolerance**, the APC initiates regulation on the Line Controller to reduce each channel's discrepancy below the defined tolerance. This regulation ensures a flat spectrum before the EDFA facing the LINE port.

- The regulation process may take a few seconds to complete.
- During this time, the APC status transitions and eventually reaches the final state **IDLE**.
- The values displayed by the command show olc channel-apc controller Ots0/0/0/0 regulation-info reflect the state of the LC at the moment the command is executed.
- Because the regulation is ongoing during this period, some values shown may already reflect the final regulated state, while others may not yet have updated to the final values.

This behavior is important to understand when interpreting the output of the channel APC regulation status, as transient discrepancies in the displayed data can occur during the regulation process.

View channel APC information