



Modify Network Properties

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Modify network properties

Update the network's configuration properties to accommodate deployment, licensing, simulation, and advanced optical requirements.

Table 3: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
CONC licenses support	Cisco ONP Release 26.1.1	Two new network-level properties, CONC License Package and CONC Term Preference , have been introduced to the Network application configuration category. Depending on the selected properties, the following licenses may be included in the BOM: CONC RTM ESS SM, CONC RTM SPC SM, CONC RTM API SM, CONC RTM ESS LG, CONC RTM SPC LG, and CONC RTM API LG. This feature allows you to identify and order the necessary COSM and CONC licenses for your comprehensive Optical Automation Software (OAS) solution based on the network configuration.
Cisco ONP BoM based on license offer structure	Cisco ONP Release 26.1.1	Cisco ONP introduces a network-level Licensing Model option within the Bill of Materials category. You can select between Smart Licensed and Perpetual licensing models for your deployment. This feature is available on the NCS 1010, NCS 1014, NCS 1001, NCS 2000 4K-1K-2K SSON networks. The generated BoM will accurately represent the hardware, software, and licenses that can be ordered for the chosen Authorize-to-Order (ATO) bundle. This enhancement ensures that the BoM aligns with your specific licensing needs, allowing for flexible and precise license selection within Cisco ONP. Consequently, order accuracy and compliance with Cisco's licensing models are enhanced, offering greater flexibility and transparency when configuring solutions in Cisco Commerce Workspace (CCW).

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
NCS1K14-FAN-P programmable fan for NCS 1014	Cisco ONP Release 26.1.1	The new NCS1K14-FAN-P programmable fan reduces power use and improves cooling efficiency by adjusting its speed to match the card load in the NCS 1014 chassis. It increases speed automatically when the chassis drives higher bandwidth or thermal demand, keeping airflow aligned with power requirements. Choose the programmable fan from the new NCS1014 Chassis Fan field at the network level .

Table 4: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
New Bandwidth Properties	Cisco ONP Release 5.1	Cisco ONP introduces the Statistical Simulation Sigma , Statistical Simulation Margin Sigma , and OSNR Resolution Bandwidth properties in this release. When the ideal OSNR values calculated by Cisco ONP are not feasible to be used at the time of deployment, you can modify the values for these properties to customize OSNR margin, power margin, and G-OSNR values to fix the fiber span issues.

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
New Network Level Properties	Cisco ONP Release 5.1	<p>Three new Network Level properties are introduced to enable you to customize the core operations of an NCS 2000 Network. These operations ran in the background in the earlier releases. The new properties available under Core Operations as check boxes are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enable LOGO Algorithm—It runs the Local Optimization Global Optimization (LOGO) algorithm to find the efficient output power setpoint for booster amplifiers. By default, this Enable LOGO Algorithm check box is enabled. • Log Enabled—It generates, and stores logs only for selected network topologies. This saves a lot of storage space compared to previous implementations in which logs were automatically generated and saved for all topologies. • Ignore Raman Span Checks—It ignores the analysis of Raman spans between ROADM sites. This is useful when designing nonstandard network topologies with more than two Raman amplifiers between ROADM sites. Selecting the check box prevents Cisco ONP from raising an error message when analyzing such topologies.

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
BOM Customization for the UCS-based SVO Server Application	Cisco ONP Release 5.1	From this release onwards, the BOM does not include any UCS-based SVO server information. It is expected that you add the server PID and quantities manually. Cisco ONP prompts you to add the server by displaying the message " <i>UCS server is not billed in BoM, please add it as needed.</i> " in the Messages tab of the Elements tab.

Table 5: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
Improved Optical Results	Cisco ONP Release 24.3.1	<p>The new network-level properties introduced improve the accuracy of the optical results.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ignore APC Penalty: When enabled, the APC penalty is not considered while calculating the OSNR and power margin. • SOL Optimized PSD: When enabled, an optimum PSD value is calculated by considering the SOL Span losses. <p>Also, Cisco ONP sets PSD and drop attenuation to specific values for the CCMD-16 LC card connected to the ports of the OLT-E-C, to achieve optimal RX power for the circuits.</p>

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
Skip Routing Failures in NCS 2000 Network Analysis	Cisco ONP Release 24.3.1	<p>A new Continue Analysis On Routing Failure check box is introduced to improve network analysis reliability for larger NCS 2000 networks. When a routing failure occurs, this enhancement moves the network to Partially Analysed mode, and move the network to Design or Upgrade mode to edit properties and correct routing.</p> <p>After the analysis,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • successful routing paths appear in the BOM and Optical Reports tabs. • failed routing paths are not listed in these tabs. • error messages for the individual routing failures appear in the Messages tab. • red cross marks appear next to the failed routing paths. <p>This approach prevents a single failure from failing the entire analysis, isolating specific issues to enhance troubleshooting.</p>

Table 6: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
New Network Level Properties	Cisco ONP Release 5.2	<p>New Network Level properties are introduced under Advanced Optical Settings for NCS 1010 network. You have the flexibility to define custom values for the following properties for the Raman span and validate the optical circuit feasibility.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amplifier Gain Range • Connector Loss • Minimum OSNR Margin • Minimum Span Loss for Raman Amplifiers • Percentage of Fibers with Higher Aging Loss • Generate Cross-Connect • Maximum OSC Reach for NCS 1010Raman Amplifiers • Retain Auto Placed Raman Spans for Failure • Freq Allocation Order • Link Power Control • Gain Estimator • OTDR

Follow these steps to modify the properties of the network.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

-
- Step 1** Open the network where you want to modify the network properties.
 - Step 2** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.
Alternatively, click the network name in the network tree, and click **Show Advanced Properties** displayed under the network tree.
 - Step 3** In the **Entity Editor** window, click the **Site** tab.

Step 4 Click the network name, and modify the properties in the right pane. For the property descriptions, refer to:

- [General properties of a network, on page 8](#)
- [System release properties, on page 12](#)
- [Network-level bill of materials properties, on page 13](#)
- [Network application configuration properties, on page 14](#)
- [Core operations properties, on page 20](#)
- [Optical algorithm and traffic algorithm options properties, on page 18](#)
- [Advanced Optical Settings properties, on page 21](#)

Step 5 Click **Update**.

General properties of a network

This table describes various general properties of a network.

Table 7: General properties of a network

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Name	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1014 NCS 1001	Displays the network name. You can modify the name.	—	—
Quick Analysis	NCS 2000	This check box allows you to quickly analyze the network by using a less accurate algorithm. The quick analysis option does not optimize the DCU and amplifier placement algorithm, resulting in an approximate BoM. For an accurate BoM, uncheck the Quick Analysis check box.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
DWDM Interfaces	NCS 2000	<p>Cisco ONP supports 100G and 200G transceivers as DWDM interfaces.</p> <p>This option is applicable only for automatically created waves, when OTN services are present.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 100G: The entire network chooses the 100G wavelength for transmission. • 200G: The entire network chooses the 200G wavelength for transmission. <p>If you enable both 100G and 200G options, by default, the entire network chooses the 200G wavelength for transmission. If the 200G wavelength is not optically feasible, then it selects 100G automatically for transmission.</p>	—
Customer Name	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1014 NCS 1001	Enter the customer name.	—	—
Profile	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1014 NCS 1001	Select the user-defined profile.	Default List of profiles already created.	Default
Project	NCS 2000	Allows you to choose the project type.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ANSI • ETSI <p>ANSI networks do not allow you to define SDH (ETSI) service demands. ETSI networks do not allow you to define SONET (ANSI) service demands.</p>	ANSI
	NCS 1010 NCS 1014 NCS 1001	Displays the type of the project, ANSI, or ETSI. You cannot edit it.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Measurement Unit	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1014 NCS 1001	The unit of measurement of span length.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • km • miles 	km
Chassis Type	NCS 1010	Choose the type of chassis. The available options are: Note When you check the Enable Special Settings check box, <i>NCS 1020</i> is selected as <i>Chassis Type</i> by default.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCS 1010 • NCS 1020 	NCS 1010
NCS1014 Grouping	NCS 1010	This property groups all NCS1K14-CCMD-16 cards of a site in NCS1014 shelf.	—	—
	NCS 1014	This property groups all the NCS 1000 transponder cards of a site in NCS1014 shelf.	—	—
A2A Mode	NCS 2000	Allows you to choose A2A (Any to Any) mode.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A2A_None • A2A_FAST 	A2A_None
A2A Power Output	NCS 2000	The power output value is based on the chosen A2A mode.	—	—
A2A Demand Type	NCS 2000	The demand type is based on the chosen A2A mode.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
A2A Channel Type	NCS 2000	The type of channel. You can choose multiple types.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contentionless: This property enables an N-degree ROADM node to accommodate N wavelengths of the same frequency from a single add or drop device. • Colorless: The colorless property enables tuning of channel wavelengths without changing the optical interface of the port. • Colored: The Colored property dedicates a separate port for each wavelength. 	Contentionless
SSON	NCS 2000	Indicates whether the network is an SSON network.	—	—
Use client Payg	NCS 2000	<p>This check box to enables the Pay As You Grow feature on the client cards.</p> <p>The PAYG feature provides a cost-effective solution for fewer wavelength requirements. A standard card is configured to work on maximum supported wavelengths, whereas a PAYG license comprises license restricted cards and a base license. So, instead of purchasing a standard card, you can purchase a PAYG license.</p>	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Naming Convention Enabled	NCS 2000	<p>(Display only.) By default, the Naming Convention Enabled option is enabled for the networks that are created in Cisco ONP, and you cannot edit it. By default, the sides are named from T, S, R, Q, P, O, N, M, L, K, J, I, H, G, F, E, and index, depending upon the used Scalable Upto parameter.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You can import a mpz network without naming convention enabled, but the Cascaded SMR option remains disabled. You cannot edit the label name of the side. 	—	—

System release properties

The table provides details about different system release properties of a network.

Table 8: System release properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
NCS 1001	NCS 1001	Displays the system release of the NCS 1001 node in the network.	—	—
NCS 1010	NCS 1010	Displays the system release of the NCS 1010 node in the network.	—	—
NCS 4K	NCS 4000	Displays the system release of the NCS 4000 node in the network.	—	—
NCS 2K	NCS 2000	Displays the system release of the NCS 2000 node in the network.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
NCS 1K (Available only on the SSON network)	NCS 1004	Displays the system release of the NCS 1004 node in the network.	—	—
Previous NCS 2K (Available only on the Release upgraded network)	NCS 2000	Displays the system release of the NCS 2000 node in the network, before the Release upgrade.	—	—
Previous NCS 1010 (Available only on the Release upgraded network)	NCS 1010	Displays the system release of the NCS 1010 node in the network, before the Release upgrade.	—	—
COSM	NCS 2000	Line Card is the only option. You cannot edit this property. Note In Release 25.1.1, only Line card option is available.	—	—
Restricted Equipment	NCS 2000	Choose the required equipment to add to the restricted list.	—	—

Network-level bill of materials properties

This table details the configurable properties for network-level bills of materials for supported platforms.

Table 9: Network-level bill of materials properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Licensing model	NCS 1010 NCS 1014 NCS 1001 NCS 2000	Select the required licensing model. You can select from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the fully open flexible consumption model (FCM) ATO with Smart Licensing included. the restricted perpetual ATO without Smart Licensing included. <p>See Licensed PIDs available in the BOM report for the PIDs that are added to BoM based on the license model that you choose.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Smart Licensed Perpetual 	Smart Licensed Note When you enable the special settings, Perpetual becomes the default.
Line Card Licensing Type	NCS 1010 NCS 1014 NCS 1001 NCS 2000	Select whether the line card is licensed or not.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Licensed Unlicensed 	Licensed

Network application configuration properties

This table describes various network application configuration properties.

Table 10: Network application configuration properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Install with COSM	NCS 1010	This check box enables you to see software license for COSM file for R7.11.1 networks.	—	—
COSM High Availability	NCS 2000 SSON	Select the type of high availability.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Local HA Geo HA 	Local HA

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
CONC License Package	NCS 2000	Choose the type of CONC license.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None • ESS • ESS+SPC • ESS+API • ESS+SPC+API 	None
	NCS 1010			
	NCS 1001	This property will be enabled, only when you enable the		
	NCS 1014	Install with COSM check-box. This property can be edited in both Release Upgrade and Upgrade modes without unlocking the network.		

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
CONC Term Preference	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001 NCS 1014	<p>Choose the required CONC license term.</p> <p>This property can be edited in both Release Upgrade and Upgrade modes without unlocking the network.</p> <p>This property will be enabled, only after you select CONC License Package other than None.</p> <p>Based on the CONC license you select, Cisco ONP will count these shelves as small chassis: 1001, 1010, and 2002.</p> <p>The same count will automatically be added to these licenses in the BOM page:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CONC-RTM-ESS-SM • CONC-RTM-SPC-SM • CONC-RTM-API-SM <p>Cisco ONP will count these shelves as large chassis: 1004, 1014, 1020, 2006, and 2015.</p> <p>The same count will automatically be added to these licenses in the BOM page:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CONC-RTM-ESS-LG • CONC-RTM-SPC-LG • CONC-RTM-API-LG 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 12 to 35 months • 36 to 60 months • 61 to 84 months 	36 to 60 months
Use Coordinates Distance	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	This check box enables the use of x and y coordinates to calculate the fiber length.	—	—
Raman-Tuner	NCS 1010	This check box enables the Raman tuner.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Spectrum Utilization	NCS 1010	Displays , the spectrum utilization. This field is non-editable.	—	Shortest Path First.
Band Type	NCS 1010 NCS 1001	The type of band.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C-Band • C+L Futuristic • C+L <p>Note After creating a network, you can change the network band type if required.</p>	C-Band
NCS 1010 Line Card	NCS 1010	The type of Line Card faceplate.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standard Faceplate • Enhanced Faceplate <p>For R7.10.1 networks, Cisco ONP supports Enhanced NCS 1010 Line Cards. For R7.11.1 networks, Cisco ONP supports Enhanced NCS 1010 Line Cards and NCS1K14-CCMD-16-C/L cards.</p>	Enhanced Faceplate
Routing Strategy	NCS 1010	The default routing priority for circuits based on minimum distance or minimum number of hops.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HOP • LENGTH 	HOP
NCS1010 Line Card	NCS 1010	The line card variant that will be applied to all edge sides in the network.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standard Faceplate • Enhanced Faceplate 	Enhanced Faceplate
Max Auto Allowed	NCS 1010	Based on the number that you enter, Cisco ONP will automatically generate up to that many Omni Edges and run the analysis. There is no need for manual creation by the user.	—	0

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Probe Channel	NCS 1014	The coherent probe pluggable to enable the probe functionality. The available options are:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DP01QSDD-ZT5-A1 • None <p>Note You can force the selected probe channel option at the network level only. The selected option applies to all the edges of all sites in the network and remains disabled at the edge and site levels.</p>	DP01QSDD-ZT5-A1
OTDR Pluggable	NCS 1014	The pluggable to enable OTDR functionality.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ONS-QSFP-OTDR • None <p>Note You can force the selected OTDR pluggable option at the network level only. The selected option applies to all the edges of all sites in the network and remains disabled at the edge and site levels.</p>	ONS-QSFP-OTDR
NCS1014 Chassis Fan	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1014 NCS 1001	List the type of fans.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • NCS1K14-FAN • NCS1K14-FAN-P <p>Note Auto fan type chooses NCS1K14-FAN-P when NCS 1014 is set to R26.1.1.</p>	Auto

Optical algorithm and traffic algorithm options properties

This table describes various optical algorithm and traffic options properties of a network

Table 11: Optical algorithm and traffic algorithm options properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Stat Sim Sigma	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	<p>The Statistical Simulation Sigma (Stat Sim Sigma) value is used in calculating the SOL G-OSNR, EOL G-OSNR, SOL Power, EOL Power, SOL OSNR margin, EOL OSNR margin, SOL Power margin, and EOL Power margin displayed in the Optical Results page. Choosing a lower value improves both OSNR and power margins.</p> <p>You can edit this value in Design mode, and Upgrade mode (after unlocking the network). Analyze the network and check the Optical Results page to view the updated OSNR and Power values.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 • 2 • 3 	3
Stat Sim Margin Sigma	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	<p>You can edit the Stat Sim Margin Sigma value in all modes (Design, Analyze (locked state), Upgrade, and Release Upgrade). To view the OSNR margin and power values that get updated based on the value you selected, reopen the Optical Results page.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 • 2 • 3 	3

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Continue Analysis On Routing Failure	NCS 2000	<p>This check box skips routing demand failures. Passed demands are listed in the Optical Reports tab, while failed demands are excluded.</p> <p>Failed demands are marked with red crosses in the network tree, with error messages displayed in the Messages tab. If any demand fails, the network switches to Partial Analysis mode.</p> <p>Note If any non-routing issue is present in the network, then the design network will not move to the <i>Partial Analysis mode</i></p>	—	—

Core operations properties

This table describes various core operations properties of a network.

Table 12: Core Operations properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Enable LOGO Algorithm	NCS 2000	<p>This property is enabled by default. If you are using a non-SSON network, you can edit it; however, in an SSON network, it remains non-editable.</p> <p>This algorithm enables the Cisco ONP to automatically find the optimal output power setpoint for booster amplifiers within a fiber span.</p>	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Enable Advanced Auto Optical Subnet	NCS 2000 NCS 1010	This check box enables automatic grouping of optical subnet and assigns optimal spectral density to each subnet.	—	—
Log Enabled	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	This check box enables generation and storage of network logs.	—	—
Ignore Raman Span Checks	NCS 2000	When enabled, network analysis ignores Raman span checks.	—	—

Advanced Optical Settings properties

This table describes various Advanced Optical Settings properties.

Table 13: Advanced Optical Settings properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Enable Special Settings	NCS 1010	<p>This check box enables these properties and sets their default values.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amplifier Gain Range Margin • Connector Loss • Minimum OSNR Margin • Minimum Span loss for Raman Amplifiers • Percentage of Fibers with Higher Ageing Loss • Freq Allocation Order • MC Routing Order • Ignore APC Penalty • SOL optimized PSD <p>If you check the Enable Special Settings check box, these parameters are added to the Device Netconf XML file.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Slot reserve • Unused CCMD-16 ports shutdown • Span baseline-deviation • OTDR Thresholds • Dmux WSS slice attenuation • APC span-loss correction threshold 	—	—
Amplifier Gain Range Margin	NCS 1010	Enter the amplifier gain range margin.	—	3 dB

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Connector Loss	NCS 1010	Enter the connector loss value.	0.25 - 0.5	0.5
Minimum OSNR Margin	NCS 1010	Enter the minimum OSNR margin required for the amplifier.	—	1 dB
Minimum Span Loss for Raman Amplifiers	NCS 1010	This is the minimum required span loss for fiber to be considered for Auto Raman placement. This value is calculated based on the LUT and fiber type.	—	27 dB
Percentage of Fibers with Higher Aging Loss	NCS 1010	When you click the field and a Fiber Sorting Settings window opens:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Percentage of Fibers with Higher Aging Loss • Ageing Loss for Top Fibers • Ageing Loss for Bottom Fibers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Percentage of Fibers with Higher Aging Loss: 40% • Ageing Loss for Top Fibers: 3 dB) • Ageing Loss for Bottom Fibers: 0.75 dB
Generate Cross-Connect	NCS 1010	Check this check box to add Cross connect details in the COSM XML	—	—
Raman Amplification	NCS 1010	The type of Raman amplification.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • User Forced 	User Forced
Maximum Auto Ramans	NCS 1010	The maximum number of Raman enabled links on an end-to-end circuit path.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 • 2 • 3 • 4 • 5 • All 	5

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Maximum OSC Reach for Raman Amplifiers	NCS 1010	The maximum span loss for which fiber can be considered for Auto Raman placement. This value is calculated based on the LUT and fiber type.	—	The default value is 33 dB.
Link Tuner	NCS 1010	Choose how to enable the Link Tuner.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Automatic-Enabled • Force-Disabled • On-Request-Enabled 	The default option is On-Request-Enabled , when the Enable Special Settings check box is checked, and the Automatic-Enabled check box is unchecked.
Ignore APC Penalty	NCS 1010	By default, this check box remains checked, when the Enable Special Settings check box is checked. Automatic Power Control (APC) penalty occurs due to the inherent error in regulating the set-point for power. This penalty is considered while calculating the OSNR and power margin. When this property is enabled, this penalty is ignored during the calculation and thus providing accurate optical results.	—	—
Retain Auto Placed Raman Spans for Failure	NCS 1010	In general, automatically placed Raman will be retained only if the circuit becomes feasible with those Raman placements. Otherwise, it will be removed automatically. If you want to retain it, check this check box. It is disabled by default.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Raman Gain Auto Tuner	NCS 1010	Choose how to calibrate the Raman gain.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Automatic • Automatic-On-request • No-calibration 	No-calibration
SOL Optimized PSD	NCS 1010	By default this check box remains checked, when the Enable Special Settings check box is checked. When enabled, an optimum PSD value is calculated by considering the SOL Span losses.	—	—
Freq Allocation Order	NCS 1010	The Freq Allocation Order.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FROM-LOWER-FREQ • FROM-HIGHER-FREQ 	FROMHIGHER-FREQ
Link Power Control	NCS 1010	Choose how to enable the Link Power Control.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Automatic-Enabled • Force-Disabled • On-Request-Enabled 	The default option is On-Request-Enabled , when the Enable Special Settings check box is checked, and Automatic-Enabled when the check box is unchecked.
Gain Estimator	NCS 1010	Allows you to choose how to enable the Gain Estimator.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Automatic-Enabled • Force-Disabled • On-Request-Enabled 	The default option is On-Request-Enabled , when the Enable Special Settings check box is checked, and Automatic-Enabled when the check box is unchecked.
OTDR	NCS 1010	Enables or disables the OTDR. By default, this is enabled.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
MC Routing Order	NCS 1010	Routing order for the multicarriers.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CREATION: Based on the <i>Freq Allocation Order</i> chosen, the tool allocates frequency based on order carrier creation. • NO-OF-CARRIERS: Based on the <i>Freq Allocation Order</i> chosen, the tool allocates frequency to circuits based on the number of carriers. 	CREATION
SSF Simulation	NCS 1010	This check box enables optical simulation using Split-Step Fourier(SSF) algorithms for better OSNR margins.	—	—
LUT Version	NCS 1010 NCS 1014	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For NCS 1010, the network analysis can be done with or without LUT. If you check <i>Enable Special Settings</i> check box, then LUT is enabled. You can set LUT to None. Otherwise, it will be non-LUT-based analysis. • For NCS 1014, the network analysis is always LUT-based analysis. Look-Up Table is non-editable. You cannot unselect LUT. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.2.2 • 1.1.4 • 1.1.3 • None 	1.2.2

Modify site properties

Table 14: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Feature Description
M2 chassis support	Cisco ONP Release 25.1.1	<p>You can now select M2 Chassis as Chassis Type under the site properties for the NCS 2000 ROADM and OLA nodes in SSON and non-SSON networks. This is in addition to the M6 and M15 chassis that were supported previously.</p> <p>M2 chassis is suitable for small sites where only two slots are sufficient to meet the networking requirements. It provides a compact and efficient solution for locations with limited space or lower capacity needs.</p>

Table 15: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Feature Description
Layer-2 SMR Enhancement to Support Second and Third Port Extension	Cisco ONP Release 5.2	<p>This enhancement allows you to extend the contentionless sides in a ROADM site, increasing the number of provisioned contentionless sides in the NCS 2000 networks. New contentionless sides increase the number of traffic channels in the NCS 2000 networks. The new Reserve Cascaded SMR Port property reserves more SMR ports to extend the Layer-2 contentionless sides in a ROADM site.</p>

Table 16: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Feature Description
Shared SMR Port	Cisco ONP Release 4.2	<p>You can enable the Colored Add/Drop property. This feature supports the use of contentionless and colored demands that are connected to the same port of an SMR card. With the Shared SMR Port enabled, you can create and validate the contentionless and colored configuration on a 16-degree SMR-20 node.</p>

Use this procedure to modify the properties of the site.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

-
- Step 1** Open the network where you want to modify the site properties.
- Step 2** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.
- Step 3** In the **Entity Editor** window, navigate to **Sites > Site**
- Step 4** Choose the site and modify the properties in the next pane. For the property descriptions, refer to:
- [General site properties, on page 28](#)
 - [C-Band properties, on page 33](#)
 - [Layout properties, on page 37](#)
 - [Cisco NMS properties, on page 46](#)
 - [Map properties, on page 47](#)
 - [Bill of materials properties, on page 47](#)
 - [COSM properties, on page 50](#)
 - [Enhanced face plate properties, on page 50](#)
- Step 5** Click **Update**.
-

General site properties

This table describes the descriptions of various general properties for sites.

Table 17: General site properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Name	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Enter the site name, either alphanumeric or numeric.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Type	NCS 2000	Choose the type of site.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ROADM • OLA • Traffic • Passthrough <p>Note</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You can add a passthrough site as a place holder. You cannot add services or waves to this site and therefore cannot generate the report. Later, you can convert the passthrough site to a ROADM, OLA, or the Traffic site in the design mode. • OLA is an optical line amplifier site that is used only for amplification. You cannot add service or waves on this site. 	The site type that you chose while designing.
	NCS 1010	Choose the type of site.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ROADM • OLA • Traffic • Passthrough 	ROADM
	NCS 1001	Displays the type of site.	—	—
MPO Cable	NCS 1010	Choose the type of MPO cable.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • 16MPO-MPO • 24MPO-MPO 	Auto
Node Type	NCS 2000	This field is noneditable.	FLEX NG-DWDM	FLEX NG-DWDM

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Equipment Configuration	NCS 2000	Choose the configuration from the drop-down list. This option is available only for the Traffic site. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Large CO - NCS 4016 • Small Site - NCS 4016 • Small Site - NCS 4009 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Large CO - NCS 4016 • Small Site - NCS 4016 • Small Site - NCS 4009 	Large CO - NCS 4016
Traffic Type (only for Traffic site)	NCS 2000	Choose the traffic type.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4K_1K_2K (for SSON) • 1K_2K (for SSON) • 4K_2K (non-SSON) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4K_1K_2K (for SSON) • 4K_2K (non-SSON)
SSON	NCS 2000	Indicates whether the network is an SSON network.	—	—
COSM	NCS 2000	This property is noneditable at site level. This property chooses COSM card as Server or Line card at the network level.	—	—
CLLI Code	NCS 1004 NCS 2000 NCS 4000	Enter a string holding the CLLI code.	—	—
Site Address	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Enter the site address.	—	—
Evolved Mesh	NCS 2000	By default, this option is unchecked. When you enable this feature on the network, it is automatically enabled on the associated sites of the network.	—	This option remains unchecked.

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Status	NCS 2000	Displays the status of the network. It shows whether the network is Up or Down .	—	—
Node Protection	NCS 2000	Choose the Node Protection.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Same shelf • Separated shelves 	Same shelf
Mpo16Lc	NCS 2000	Displays the fan-out module.	MF-MPO-16LC The MPO-16 to 16-LC fan-out module is a double slot module with one MPO-16 connector (COM) and eight LC duplex connectors. The MPO-16 connector is compatible with the SMR20 FS EXP and 16-AD-CCO FS units.	MF-MPO-16LC
Mpo16ToMpo8	NCS 2000	Choose the required Mpo16 to Mpo8 converter.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MPO16ToMPO8Cable • MF-2MPO_AD 	MPO16ToMPO8Cable
MPO Cable	NCS 1010	Choose the required Mpo cable. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • 16MPO-MPO • 24MPO-MPO 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • 16MPO-MPO • 24MPO-MPO 	Auto
Cascaded SMR	NCS 2000	Enable this option to add Layer-2 contentionless sides.	—	—
Reserve Cascaded SMR Port	NCS 2000	<p>Note This property becomes available when you enable <i>Cascaded SMR</i> for NCS 2000 networks from Release 11.1.x.</p> <p>Choose the number of ports to reserve for the cascaded SMR.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1, 2, and 3 if Scalable Upto Degree is 12 and 16. • 1 and 2 if Scalable Upto Degree is 8. • 1 if Scalable Upto Degree is 12 and 4. 	1

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Flex Spectrum	NCS 2000	You cannot edit this option.	—	This check-box remains checked for a newly created network.
Grooming Site	NCS 2000 NCS 4000	When you enable this option, it indicates that OTN traffic can be groomed at this site.	—	—
MR-MXP BreakOut Cable	NCS 2000	Check this check box to use the ONS-MPO-MPOLC-10 breakout cable to interconnect the client ports of the MR-MXP card with the NCS2K-MF-MPO-20LC passive module.	—	—
8X10G-FO	NCS 2000	Check this check box to use the NCS2K-MF-8X10G-FO passive module only for 10G on the client-side of the NCS2K-400G-XP card. By default, this passive module is enabled.	—	—
Band Type	NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Choose the required band type for NCS 1010 R7.9.1.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C-Band • C+L futuristic • L-band 	C-Band
NCS 1010 Line Card	NCS 1010	<p>Choose whether the Line Card faceplate is Standard Faceplate or Enhanced Faceplate.</p> <p>Note If you assigned a Scalable Upto Degree value that is supported for both standard and enhance at the site level, then you can select <i>Standard Faceplate</i> in one side and <i>Enhanced Faceplate</i> in another side.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enhanced Faceplate • Standard Faceplate 	Enhanced Faceplate

C-Band properties

This table describes the descriptions of various C-Band properties under sites.

Table 18: C-band properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Structure	NCS 2000	Choose the type of the site.	The available options for ROADM and Traffic sites are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multi-degree • Line • Terminal For OLA and PASSTHROUGH, it is Line, and you cannot edit it.	Line
	NCS 1010	Choose the type of the site.	The available options for ROADM sites are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multi-degree • Line • Terminal For OLA and PASSTHROUGH, it is Line, and you cannot edit it.	Line
	NCS 1001	Choose the type of the site.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Terminal • Terminal-Section • Terminal-Path 	Terminal
	NCS 1014	Choose the type of the site.	Terminal	Terminal

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Functionality	NCS 2000	<p>Displays the site functionality.</p> <p>The functionalities available for each type of site are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Optical Cross Connect (OXC) for ROADM and traffic site • Auto or Line Amplifier for OLA site, Cisco ONP downgrades OLA site to passthrough if OLA is not required. • Passthrough for passthrough site 	—	—
	NCS 1010	Displays the site functionality. ROADM is the default functionality for all site types.	—	—
	NCS 1001	Displays site functionality.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Scalable up to Degree	NCS 2000	This parameter determines the maximum number of degrees, ducts, or line sides that can be supported by the site.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None • Auto • 4 • 8 • 12 • 16 <p>The network is scalable up to 16 degrees for ROADM and Traffic sites. Choose 2 to have a LINE ROADM site.</p> <p>For OLA, the value is 2 and is noneditable.</p>	4
	NCS 1010		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 7 • 9 • 15 • 17 • 23 • 25 • 31 <p>If you choose Line Card Faceplate as <i>Enhanced Faceplate</i>, for NCS 1010 site, the available options are 3...15, 23, and 31.</p>	7

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Site Type	NCS 2000	Choose the type of site. The Site type is Line for the OLA site.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto When you choose Auto, the default option is SMR-20. • SMR-20 • SMR-9 	Auto
	NCS 1010	For NCS 1010 site, the only option is OLT, and it is not editable.	—	—
	NCS 1001	Displays the type of site, and it is noneditable.	—	—
L0 Platform	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the platform. For example, NCS 1010, NCS 1001, or NCS 2000.	—	—
Shared SMR Port	NCS 2000	<p>Check this check box to connect Contentionless unit 16-AD-CCOFS and Colored unit MD-48-ODD/Even to the same MPO port of SMR-20. When Shared SMR port is enabled, MD-48-ODD/EVEN unit connects to the specific side of SMR-20 through MPO-8LC and UPG-4 instead of directly connecting to SMR-20 through MPO-16LC.</p> <p>Note Shared SMR port becomes disabled, if</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Degree Mesh Type property is <i>PPMESH8-5AD</i> • Or, Site Type property is <i>SMR-9</i> and Scalable Upto Degree property is 8 	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Degree Mesh Type	NCS 2000	Choose the mesh type for the Flex NG-DWDM site.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DEG-5/UPG-4 • PPMESH8-5AD 	DEG-5/UPG-4
Degree Type	NCS 1010	Displays the type of degree. For example, BRK-8.	—	—
Pre Equip Degree	NCS 2000	This parameter determines the number of degrees to be considered for the site hardware placement on day 0.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None • Auto • 4 • 8 • 12 • 16 	<p>None</p> <p>If you choose None, only the sides that are present in the Cisco ONP GUI are shown. The values in the drop-down list are populated based on the value of Scalable Upto Degree parameter.</p>
	NCS 1010	For NCS 1010 site, the options available are Yes and No.	—	—

Layout properties

This table describes the descriptions of various layout properties under sites.

Table 19: Layout properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Chassis Type	NCS 2000	Choose the type of chassis.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • M2 Chassis <p>M2 chassis does not support multichassis and multidegree system.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • M6 Chassis • M15 Chassis • Auto <p>M15 is the default option when you choose Auto.</p> <p>The chassis type is supported for all the sites except the passthrough.</p>	Auto
	NCS 1010		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCS 1010 • NCS 1020 	NCS 1010
NCS1014 Grouping	NCS 1010	Enable this property to group all NCS1K14-CCMD-16 cards of a site in NCS1014 shelf.	—	—
	NCS 1014	Enable this property to group all the NCS 1000 transponder cards of a site in NCS1014 shelf.	—	—
UTS AC Power Cables	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Choose the type of cables to be used for the AC power supply.	Cables are listed based on the country type and the Chassis type selected.	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Power Supply	NCS 2000	Choose the type of Power Supply.	For an NCS 2000 site, the available options are based on the chassis type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto for all types of chassis • AC Power, DC power for M15 and M2 chassis • AC Power, DC Power, AC2 Power, DC40 Power, and DC20 Power for M6 chassis 	Auto
	NCS 1010 NCS 1001 NCS 1014		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • AC Power • DC Power 	Auto

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Controller Card	NCS 2000	Choose the type of the controller card. Note For NCS 1010, if you enable Advanced Optical Settings , Cisco ONP takes the default controller card as <i>NCS1010-CNTRL-B-K9</i> , else <i>NCS1010-CNTRL-K9</i> . However, you can still change the controller later.	For an NCS 2000 site, the default controller card is TNCS-2. The available options are based on the chassis type chosen. By default, controller cards that are supported by M15 chassis are listed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • TNC/TSC, TNC-E/TSC-E, TNCS, TNCS-0, TNCS-2, and TNCS-20 for M2 chassis • TNC/TSC, TNC-E/TSC-E, TNCS, TNCS-0, TNCS-2, and TNCS-20 for M6 chassis • TNCS, TNCS-0 TNCS-2, TNCS-20 for M15 chassis 	Auto
	NCS 1010		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • NCS1010-CNTRL-K9 • NCS1010-CNTRL-B-K9 <i>NCS1010-CNTRL-B-K9</i> appears for networks from R7.11.1.	Auto
	NCS 1001		NCS1K-CNTRLR2	NCS1K-CNTRLR2
	NCS 1014		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCS1K14-CNTRLR-K9 • NCS1K14-CNTRLR-BK9 	NCS1K14-CNTRLR-K9

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Redundant Controller Card	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Choose whether to use a redundant controller card. Note When you select Chassis Type as <i>NCS1020</i> , you can force Redundant Controller Card to Yes.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Layout Template	NCS 2000	<p>Choose the required layout template.</p> <p>Note After the chosen layout template is applied, all layout properties will be reset and disabled.</p> <p>Note After design analysis, if the applied layout template is not considered for card placement in the layout, check for the error message (non-critical) under the Elements > Messages tab. If you see a template-related error which indicates that there is a mismatch between the cards that are defined in the template and the cards that are created on the site, perform the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Export the template from the Layout page, and modify it as required. • Import the modified template using the Manage > Layout Template option. • Switch to Design mode and apply the template to the site using the Entity Editor. • Reanalyze the network to get the correct layout populated. 		

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
UTS AC Power Cables	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Choose the type of cables to be used for the AC power supply.	Cables are listed based on the country type and the Chassis type selected.	—
Redundant Power Scheme	NCS 2000	Choose the redundant power scheme from the drop-down list to configure the number of working and protected power units for the chassis. For an M6 chassis, the options available are Auto, Yes, and No.	For an NCS 2000 site, the options available are based on the chassis type. For M15 chassis, the options available are 1+0, 1+1, 2+0, 2+1, 3+0, 3+1, 2+2.	3+1 is the default redundancy power scheme for M15 DC chassis and 2+2 is the default redundancy power scheme for M15 AC chassis. For example, if you choose 3+1 redundant power scheme, there are 3 working power units and 1 protected power unit.
	NCS 1010 NCS 1001 NCS 1014	The options available are Auto, .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • 1+0 • 1+1 	Auto
Raman Adapter Share	NCS 2000	This option is available only for the OLA site. This option indicates that MF-2LC-ADP can be shared with EDRA amplifiers and not with RAMAN amplifiers irrespective of the default selection.	—	By default, this check box remains checked.

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
ECU Type	NCS 2000	Choose the External Connection Unit (ECU) type from the drop-down list.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • ECU—Has 12 USB 2.0 ports and supports IEEE1588v2 PTP, time-of-day (ToD), and pulse-per-second (PPS) inputs. • ECU-S—Similar to ECU except that it has eight USB 2.0 ports and two USB 3.0 ports. • ECU60-S—Variant of ECU-S introduced for the NCS 2006 when the shelf is powered at -60VDC nominal input voltage. <p>ECU-S and ECU60-S are supported only for M6 chassis.</p>	Auto

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
MF Unit	NCS 2000	Choose the mechanical frame for the passive optical modules from the drop-down list.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • MF-6RU/MF-10RU • MF-1RU • The NCS2K-MF-1RU has four slots for the passive optical modules. • The NCS2K-MF-6RU supports up to 14 single-slot passive optical modules such as any combination of NCS2K-MF-DEG-5, CS2K-MF-UPG-4, or Connection Verification (CV) units. • The NCS2K-MF10-6RU supports up to 10 double-slot passive optical modules such as NCS2K-MF-MPO-16LC=. 	Auto
	NCS 1010		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • MF-4RU • MF-1RU 	MF-1RU
	NCS 1001 NCS 1014		MF-1RU	MF-1RU
Populate Shelves From Bottom	NCS 2000	If you check this check-box, hardware populates from the bottom in the Layout tab.	—	—

Cisco NMS properties

This table describes the descriptions of various Cisco NMS properties under sites.

Table 20: Cisco NMS properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
COSM High Availability	NCS 2000	<p>Choose the high availability options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto: Based on analysis and default behavior. • Local HA: Both active and standby COSM cards are placed on the same node. • None: No COSM card present. • Only Active: No High Availability. Only Primary COSM card is added. • Geo HA: COSM cards are placed in two different sites located at different geographical locations, but adjacent to each other. See Rules and Behavior that are applicable for the selection. 	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Primary HA	NCS 2000	Enable this check box to add the High Availability feature to the license package.	—	—

Map properties

This table describes the descriptions of various map properties under sites.

Table 21: Map properties

Properties	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
X Coordinate	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	It represents the longitudinal location of the site. Longitude can be positive or negative (-180 to 180). Negative is west of Greenwich, and positive is eastward.	—	—
Y Coordinate	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	It represents the latitudinal location of the site. Latitude can be positive or negative (- 90–90), north and south of the Equator.	—	—
Position Lock	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Check this check box to lock the site position on the map.	—	—

Bill of materials properties

This table describes the descriptions of various layout properties under sites.

Table 22: Bill of materials properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
License Suite	NCS 1010	Choose whether the License Suite is Essential (RTU + SIA3) or Advanced (RTU + SIA3).		
	NCS 1014	The default option is RTU + SIA3. It is noneditable.	—	—
NCS1k Line card license	NCS 1010	Choose the License Suite.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Essential (RTU + SIA3) • Advanced (RTU + SIA3) • Essential (RTU + SIA5) • Advanced (RTU + SIA5) 	Essential (RTU + SIA3)
Enable NCS	NCS 2000	This feature enables NCS features on all sites in the network.	—	—
Use PAYG	NCS 2000	<p>The Pay As You Grow (PAYG) functionality significantly reduces the initial setup cost and enables the purchase of another wavelength capacity on a need basis.</p> <p>PAYG enables port-based cost or licensing for SMR-9 and SMR-20 cards.</p>	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Connection Verification	NCS 2000	<p>Enable this check box to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Validate the correct optical interconnection between the optical cards inside a Flex ROADM. • Measure the insertion loss of the external passive path. • Validate the quality of the connections to the patch panel. • Check if the insertion loss is within the expected value. <p>The following cards support connection verification:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SMR20 FS CV • MF-DEG-5-CV • MF-MPO-16LCCV • MF-UPG-4-CV 	—	—
New FS-SMR PID	NCS 2000	<p>You cannot edit this option. This option enables displaying of the new SMR-20 PID in the BOM page.</p> <p>You can enable this option when you unlock an mpz network where SMR-20 is selected, during an upgrade or release upgrade.</p>	—	This check-box remains checked for newly created network.

Enhanced face plate properties

This table describes the descriptions of various Enhanced face plate properties under sites.

Table 23: Enhanced face plate properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Degree Priority	NCS 1010	Choose the port type for interconnect degree priority. Note This field appears only when you select NCS 1010 Line Card as <i>Enhanced Faceplate</i> .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Ports • MPO Group 	LC Ports
Add/Drop Shelf Type	NCS 1010	This property is noneditable and appears for networks from R7.11.1.	—	—

COSM properties

This table describes the descriptions of various **COSM** properties of a site.

Table 24: COSM properties

Properties	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
COSM Pluggables	NCS 2000	Choose the pluggable. Note The COSM pluggables are not applicable for UCS-based COSM network design.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • ONS-SC +-10G-SR • ONS-SC +-10G-LR 	Auto When you choose Auto, ONS_SC+-10G_SR is the default option.

Properties	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
COSM High Availability	NCS 2000 (SSON)	Click Edit and select the type COSM high availability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • Local HA • None (No COSM) • Only Active • Geo HA 	Auto Note When set to Auto, this will use either Geo HA or Local HA, depending on the COSM High Availability property configured at the network level.
COSM Application Memory	NCS 2000 (SSON)	Enter the value for the total application memory of the primary node having the COSM card.	2.1 to 32	32
COSM RAM size	NCS 2000 (SSON)	Select the RAM size of the individual associated node.	2.1 to 8	4 for the nodes with scalable upto degree 8 or more. 2.1 for nodes with scalable upto degree 4 or less.

Add contentionless side to a site

Contentionless functionality on a site refers to the contentionless add or drop ability of an N-degree ROADM node to accommodate N wavelengths of the same frequency from a single add or drop device. A ROADM is contentionless when the number of drop units equals the number of ROADM degrees.

Use the following procedure to add contentionless sides to a ROADM or traffic site.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

- Step 1** Open the network in which you want to add contentionless sides to a site.
- Step 2** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.
- Step 3** Click the site to which you want to add contentionless sides.
- Step 4** Click the **Add Contentionless Side** icon.
- Step 5** Enter the appropriate value in the **Enter number of contentionless sides** field.

The number of contentionless sides you can add to a site depends on the site type and the **Scalable Upto Degree** property.

If you want to add contentionless sides to	Then..
Layer-1 SMR site	Enter the appropriate value in the Enter number of contentionless sides field.
Layer-2 SMR-20 site	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the Evolved Mesh check box. • Select Site Type as <i>SMR-20</i> or <i>Auto</i>. • Check the Cascaded SMR check box. • Select Degree Mesh Type as <i>DEG-5/UPG-4</i>. • Click Update. • Enter the appropriate value in the Enter number of contentionless sides field. <p>See Contentionless sides for Layer-1 SMR, on page 52.</p>
Extended Layer-2 SMR-20 site	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Choose the Reserve Cascaded SMR Port value. <p>Note The Reserve Cascaded SMR Port drop-down property is available for NCS 2000 networks from R11.1.x.</p> <p>Based on the N-degree and Layer-2 SMR, you can add more contentionless sides on each site for the extended layer-2 SMR, but this will reduce the number of Layer-1 contentionless sides.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Click Update. • Enter the appropriate value in the Enter number of contentionless sides field. <p>See Contentionless sides for extended Layer-2 SMR, on page 53.</p>

Step 6 Click **OK**.

Contentionless sides for Layer-1 SMR

This table explains how many contentionless sides you can add to a site based on the site type, and the **Scalable Upto Degree** property.

Table 25: Contentionless sides for Layer-1 SMR

Site type	Scalable upto degree	Number of contentionless sides
SMR-20	4	16

Site type	Scalable upto degree	Number of contentionless sides
SMR-20	8	12
SMR-20	12	8
SMR-20	16	4
SMR-20	Line	8
SMR-20	Terminal	8
SMR-9	4	5
SMR-9	8	1

Contentionless sides for extended Layer-2 SMR

This table shows how many contentionless sides you can add to each site for the extended layer-2 SMR site. The number depends on the N-degree and Layer-2 SMR configuration

Table 26: Contentionless Sides for extended Layer-2 SMR

Reserve cascaded SMR port	Site type	Scalable upto degree	No. of contentionless sides for Layer-1 side	No. of contentionless sides with 1st Port Layer-2	No. of contentionless sides with 2nd Port Layer-2	No. of contentionless sides with 3rd Port Layer-2
1	SMR-20	4	16	20	Not supported	Not supported
	SMR-20	8	12	20	Not supported	Not supported
	SMR-20	12	8	20	Not supported	Not supported
	SMR-20	16	4	20	Not supported	Not supported
2	SMR-20	4	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported
	SMR-20	8	11	20	20	Not supported
	SMR-20	12	7	20	20	Not supported
	SMR-20	16	3	20	20	Not supported
3	SMR-20	4	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported
	SMR-20	8	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported
	SMR-20	12	6	20	20	20
	SMR-20	16	2	20	20	20

Modify the number of contentionless side ports at a site

Follow these steps to modify the number of contentionless ports for a side in a ROADM site.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

-
- Step 1** Open the network in which you want to modify the number of contentionless ports for a side in a site.
- Step 2** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.
- Step 3** Expand a ROADM site, and select a contentionless side.
The properties of the side are displayed in the right panel.
- Step 4** From the **Contentionless Ports** drop-down list, select the required number of ports.
Click **Update**.
-

Modify contentionless side to a site in upgrade mode

Limitations

- This feature supports networks running software release version 11.1.x or later.
- NCS 2000 networks have the limitation of Passive units count up to 126. When you add the second and third L2 contentionless sides, the passive units count goes beyond the limit. In such cases, the tool allows the analysis and notifies the limitation through an error message, *The passive units in this design (count) has exceeded the maximum supported passive units on the NE SW (126). Please review the design with Cisco before proceeding for deployment.*

Follow these steps to modify contentionless sides to a ROADM or traffic site in upgrade mode.

Before you begin

Open the network, upgrade it, and set these site properties in the **Entity Editor** window.

1. Enable **Evolved Mesh**.
2. Set **Site Type** to *SMR-20* or *Auto*.
3. Enable **Cascaded SMR**.
4. Set **Degree Mesh Type** to *DEG-5/UPG-4*.
5. Set **Scalable Upto Degree** property to the appropriate value.

If these prerequisites are not met, you must unlock the site to modify the contentionless sides.

Procedure

- Step 1** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.
- Step 2** Click the site where you want to modify the contentionless sides.
- Step 3** Check the **Cascaded SMR** check box if not enabled already.
The **Reserve Cascaded SMR Port** drop-down appears.
- Step 4** Choose the SMR port value in **Reserve Cascaded SMR Port**.
To reduce the Layer-2 SMR sides:
- Choose a lower value.
 - Click **Update**.
If SMR ports are available, the update becomes successful. Else, an error message appears. Perform the following actions:
 - Unlock the site.
 - Start over from Step 1.
- To increase the Layer-2 SMR sides:
- Choose a higher value.
 - Click **Update**.
If SMR ports are available, the update is successful. Else, an error message appears. Perform these actions:
 - Unlock the site.
 - Delete the lowest contentionless side from the Layer-1 SMR site.
 - Start over from Step 1.
- Step 5** Click the site to which you want to add contentionless sides.
- Step 6** Click the **Add Contentionless Side** icon.
- Step 7** Enter the appropriate value in the **Enter number of contentionless sides** field.
The number of contentionless sides that can be added to a site depends on the type of site and the **Scalable Upto Degree** property.
- Step 8** Click **OK**.
-

Add L-Band side to a site

Follow these steps to add L-Band sides to an NCS 1010 R7.9.1 site.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

Step 1 Open the network in which you want to add the L-Band sides to a site.

Step 2 Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.

Step 3 To add the L-Band sides:

- Click the site to which you want to add the L-Band sides.

Note

If you add an L-Band side to a site, the corresponding attached sides on other sites also receive L-Band sides automatically.

- Expand the site and click on a side to add L-Band to the selected side only.

Step 4 Click the **Add L-Band** icon.

The L-Band side appears under the required site or side.

Note

If ILA or pass-through sites are present in the APC domain, the end-to-end path in the L-band is enabled automatically.

Add omni-directional sides to a site

Table 27: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
Omnidirectional Configuration Support for NCS 1010 Network	Cisco ONP Release 24.3.1	<p>You can now include both colorless and colored omnidirectional configurations when designing an NCS 1010 network.</p> <p>New Properties Added:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add Omni-Directional icon (under Entity Editor): Use this icon to add the required number of omnidirectional sides. • Omni Variant (under Side Properties): Select the desired Add/Drop stage, such as Dual OLT or 4x4 COFS. • Max Auto Omni Allowed (under Network Properties): Cisco ONP automatically generates the omni edges based on the number entered. <p>This omnidirectional setup enhances the flexibility of the multidegree topology, allowing channels to be routed through any optical degree during a fiber cut without needing physical fiber reconnections.</p>

The omnidirectional configuration allows you to add or drop traffic to any of the node directions in a multidegree topology. This configuration provides flexibility, enabling channels to be routed through any of the optical degrees during a fiber cut without needing to change the physical fiber connections.



Note Omni edges are not supported on a Terminal site.

Follow these steps to add omnidirectional sides to an NCS 1010 site.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

Step 1 Open the network in which you want to add omnidirectional sides to a site.

Step 2 Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.

Step 3 Click the site to which you want to add omnidirectional sides.

Step 4 Click the **Add Omni-Directional** icon.

Step 5 Enter the appropriate value in the **Enter number of Omni Directional sides** field.

The number of omnidirectional sides that can be added to a site depends on the **Scalable Upto Degree** property.

Step 6 Click **OK**.

The omnidirectional sides are created under the site and labeled as omni-1, and omni-2 and so on. A tag called *Omni* is added to the Omni side to indicate that it as an omnidirectional side.

To add L-band functionality to the side, click the **Add L-Band** icon.

Note

Cisco ONP will automatically generate up to the number of Omni Edges specified in the **Max Auto Omni Allowed** field under Network properties. Manual creation by the user is not required.

Modify fiber properties

Use this procedure to modify the properties of a fiber.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface](#)

Procedure

Step 1 Open the network where you want to modify the fiber properties.

When you click a fiber on the map, it will be highlighted in orange

Step 2 Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.

Step 3 Click the **Fiber** tab in the **Entity Editor** window.

Step 4 Choose the fiber and modify the required properties. For the property descriptions, refer to:

- [General fiber properties, on page 59](#)
- [Physical and Raman amplification properties of fiber, on page 66](#)
- [Factors properties of fiber, on page 64](#)
- [Extended and totals properties of a fiber, on page 65](#)

Step 5 Click **Update**.

General fiber properties

This table describes various general properties of the optical fiber connected between the sites.

Table 28: General fiber properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Name	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	By default, the name of the fiber is based on the number of fibers between the source and destination sites. You can edit the name.	—	—
Source	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the source site name. This field is noneditable.	—	—
Destination	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the destination site name. This field is noneditable.	—	—
Bidirectional	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Indicates whether a standard single fiber is used to transmit the data in both directions.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Fiber Type	NCS 2000	Select the fiber type. supports the following fibers, and the default fiber type is .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • G652-SMF • G652-SMF-28E • True Wave Reach • True Wave RS • True-Wave Plus • True-Wave Minus • True-Wave Classic • Free-Light • Tera-Light • Metro-Core • ELEAF • NDSF • ALLWave • SMF-28 ULL • SMF28-Ultra 	G652-SMF
	NCS 1010	Select the fiber type.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • G652-SMF • G652-SMF-28E • True Wave Reach • True Wave RS • True-Wave Plus • True-Wave Minus • True-Wave Classic • Free-Light • Tera-Light • Metro-Core • ELEAF • NDSF • ALLWave • SMF-28 ULL • SMF28-Ultra 	G652-SMF

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
	NCS 1001	Select the fiber type.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • G652-SMF • G652-SMF-28E • True Wave Reach • True Wave RS • Free-Light • Tera-Light • ELEAF 	

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Length	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	<p>Displays the span length of the fiber connecting a source and destination site. If necessary, change the span length manually.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Cisco ONP tool automatically updates the fiber length to 1 km or 1 mile. If you change the fiber length, then the tool updates the same in the network tree and the map accordingly. • In the network tree pane, expand Fiber and select the fiber couple, A-Z and Z-A. The properties pane displays the fiber couple name, source side, destination side, its span length, loss, and, Polarization Mode Dispersion (PMD) value. • You can enter the different span length and loss values for the individual fibers in a fiber couple. 	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Network status	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the status of the network, whether the network is being deployed or not. If the network is not deployed, it shows the status as UNDISCOVERED.	—	—
Business status	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the status of the fiber in a business perspective view. If fiber is not deployed, it shows the status as FUTURE. This field is noneditable.	—	—
Measurement Units	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Choose the measurement unit .You can set the measurement unit only for the duct, but not for the fiber pair (couple) or fiber.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Km • Miles 	Km
Ageing Loss [dB]	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Enter the aging loss value for the fiber.	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0—When Enable Special Settings is disabled. • 3—When Enable Special Settings is enabled.
DCN Extension	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Check this check box to enable the default use of data connection network (DCN) extension on each span in the project. This setting implies that the optical service channel (OSC) channel is not used to connect the two nodes.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
OSC FrameType	NCS 2000	Choose the OSC frame type. When set in Auto, Cisco ONP uses FE Frame as the preferred frame type.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • OC3 Frame • GE Frame • FE Frame 	Auto
Ageing Factor	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Enter the number to fiber aging factor.	—	—

Factors properties of fiber

This table describes various factors properties of the optical fiber.

Table 29: Factors properties of fiber

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Loss Coefficient [dB/km]	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Loss is calculated based on the loss coefficient.	—	—
PMD Coefficient	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the PMD coefficient.	—	—
QD C-Band	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the secondary order dispersion for C-band.	—	—
CD C-Band	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the secondary order dispersion for L-band.	—	—
RD Factor	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the random dispersion value.	—	—

Extended and totals properties of a fiber

This table describes various extended and totals properties of the optical fiber.

Table 30: Extended and totals properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Extended				
Effective Mode Area	NCS 2000	Displays the effective mode area [μm^2]	—	—
	NCS 1010			
	NCS 1001			
SRS tilt coefficient	NCS 2000	Displays the Stimulated Raman Scattering tilt coefficient on the band.	—	—
	NCS 1010			
	NCS 1001			
DRBS coefficient	NCS 2000	Displays the Rayleigh Scattering capture coefficient.	—	—
	NCS 1010			
	NCS 1001			
N2	NCS 2000	Nonlinear index of refraction [$1\text{e-}16 \text{ cm}^2/\text{W}$]	—	—
	NCS 1010			
	NCS 1001			
LFBR	NCS 2000	Length of individual fibers for sigmaDSP [Km]	—	—
	NCS 1010			
	NCS 1001			
Totals				
(The properties under Totals are noneditable)				
Loss EOL	NCS 2000	Displays the total loss EOL calculation.	—	—
	NCS 1010			
	NCS 1001			
Loss SOL	NCS 2000	Displays the total loss SOL calculation.	—	—
	NCS 1010			
	NCS 1001			
CD C-Band	NCS 2000	Displays the total chromatic dispersion for the C-band.	—	—
	NCS 1010			
	NCS 1001			

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
QD C-Band	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the secondary order dispersion for C-band.	—	—
RD	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the random dispersion value.	—	—
PMD	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the Polarization Mode Dispersion (PMD) value.	—	—

Physical and Raman amplification properties of fiber

This table describes various physical and Raman amplification properties of the optical fiber.

Table 31: Physical and Raman amplification properties of fiber

Property	Description	Available options	Default
Physical			
Length-Based Loss	The fiber loss value is automatically calculated based on length and loss coefficient, when you check this option.	—	—
Tot SOL Loss w/o connectors	Enter the start of life fiber loss value for each span, excluding the connector concentrated loss.	—	—
Connector Loss A	Connector Loss at Source Site [dB]	—	—
Connector Loss B	Connector Loss at Destination Site [dB]	—	—
Raman Amplification			

Property	Description	Available options	Default
Raman Amplified	<p>Enable Raman Amplification on the ducts.</p> <p>Note When you enable Raman amplification, the side property <i>Enable C+L Band S/C</i> is automatically disabled.</p>	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Physical				
Length-Based Loss	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	The fiber loss value is automatically calculated based on length and loss coefficient, when you check this option.	—	—
Tot SOL Loss w/o connectors	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Enter the start of life fiber loss value for each span, excluding the connector concentrated loss.	—	—
Connector Loss A	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Connector Loss at Source Site [dB]	—	—
Connector Loss B	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Connector Loss at Destination Site [dB]	—	—
Raman Amplification				
Raman Amplified	NCS 2000	<p>Enable Raman Amplification on the ducts.</p> <p>Note When you enable Raman amplification for NCS 2000 system release 12.2, the side property <i>Enable C+L Band S/C</i> is automatically disabled and vice versa.</p>	—	—

Modify fiber couple properties

Use this procedure to modify the properties of a fiber couple.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface](#)

Procedure

-
- Step 1** Open the network where you want to modify the fiber couple properties.
 - Step 2** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.
 - Step 3** Click the **Fiber** tab in the **Entity Editor** window.
 - Step 4** Choose the fiber and drill down to the fiber couple, and modify the required properties. For the property descriptions, refer to:
 - [General properties of a fiber couple, on page 68](#)
 - [Physical and factors properties of a fiber couple, on page 69](#)
 - [Totals properties of a fiber couple, on page 70](#)
 - Step 5** Click **Update**.
-

General properties of a fiber couple

This table describes various general properties of an optical fiber couple.

Table 32: General fiber couple properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
General			—	—
Name	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCS 2000 • NCS 1010 • NCS 1001 	By default, fiber couple is named based on the fiber name followed by COUPLE-AZ or COUPLE-ZA. The sides that are connected by the fiber couple are indicated inside brackets. The name is noneditable.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Source Side	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCS 2000 • NCS 1010 • NCS 1001 	Displays the source side name. This field is noneditable.	—	—
Destination Side	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCS 2000 • NCS 1010 • NCS 1001 	Displays the destination side name. This field is noneditable.	—	—
Length	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCS 2000 • NCS 1010 • NCS 1001 	<p>Automatically displays the span length of the fiber connecting a source and destination side. Change the span length manually, if necessary.</p> <p>You can enter the different span length and loss values for the individual fibers in a fiber couple.</p>	—	—

Physical and factors properties of a fiber couple

This table describes various physical and factors properties of an optical fiber couple.

Property	Platform	Description
Physical		
Tot SOL Loss w/o connectors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCS 2000 • NCS 1010 • NCS 1001 	Enter the start of life fiber loss value for each span, excluding the connector concentrated loss.
Connector Loss A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCS 2000 • NCS 1010 	Connector Loss at Source Site [dB]

Property	Platform	Description
Connector Loss B	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCS 2000 • NCS 1010 	Connector Loss at Destination Site [dB]
Factors		
PMD coefficient	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCS 2000 • NCS 1010 • NCS 1001 	Displays the PMD coefficient.
Loss coefficient [dB]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCS 2000 • NCS 1010 • NCS 1001 	Enter the value of the SOL fiber loss per kilometer used to calculate the loss of each span in the network.

Totals properties of a fiber couple

This table describes various Totals properties of an optical fiber couple. The properties under Totals are noneditable

Table 33: Totals properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Loss EOL	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the total loss EOL calculation.	—	—
Loss SOL	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the total loss SOL calculation.	—	—
CD C-Band	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the total chromatic dispersion for the C-band.	—	—
QD C-Band	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the secondary order dispersion for C-band.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
RD	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the random dispersion value.	—	—
PMD	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the Polarization Mode Dispersion (PMD) value.	—	—

Modify service properties

Table 34: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
2x100G muxponder mode support on NCS1K14-2.4T-X-K9 transponder card	Cisco ONP Release 26.1.1	Cisco ONP enables the 2x100GE muxponder mode on the NCS1K14-2.4T-X-K9 transponder card when designing networks for the NCS 1010, NCS 1014, NCS 1001, and NCS 2000 (1k-2K traffic site) platforms. This mode supports trunk rates ranging from 400G to 1.2T (excluding 700G) for both slice-0 and slice-1, and is compatible with client pluggables QDD-2X100-CWDM4-S and QDD-2X100-LR4-S. The 2x100G mode provides flexible and efficient aggregation of 100GE traffic, optimizing resource utilization and simplifying service provisioning within each platform's design.

Table 35: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
L-Band support for 2.4TX transponder card in NCS 1010 network	Cisco ONP Release 25.1.1	In addition to the previously supported C-band, the NCS1K14-2.4T-X-K9 transponder card now also supports the L-band under the Service and Trail properties for the NCS 1010 network. The 2.4TX card's support for the L-band increases capacity and spectral efficiency by utilizing both the L-band and C-band. C-band and L-band circuits can now use the same cards with different trunks for propagation.

Table 36: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Feature Description
Transponder Support on NCS 1010 Network	Cisco ONP Release 24.3.1	You can now create optical services for the NCS 1010 network. You can include cards such as NCS1K14-2.4T-K9, NCS1K14-2.4T-X-K9, and NCS1K4-QXP-K9 as native transponder instead of optical sources and check the feasibility of the network. You can generate the traffic report and BoM with the exact count of cards and pluggables based on the requirements, along with licensing details for the OLT card and the transponders.

Use this procedure to modify the properties of the service.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

-
- Step 1** Open the network where you want to modify the service properties.
 - Step 2** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.
 - Step 3** In the **Entity Editor** window, click the **Service** tab.
 - Step 4** Choose the service under the **Services** tab, and modify the properties in the right pane. For the property descriptions, refer to:
 - [General service properties, on page 73](#)
 - [Primary and secondary paths forcing properties, on page 77](#)

- [NCS1K domain properties, on page 86](#)
- [Primary path service properties, on page 79](#)
- [Primary channel service properties, on page 81](#)

Note

- Force both primary and secondary path fiber or channel to enable protected service. Ensure the wave type matches for both paths.
- Apply path forcing end-to-end, from the source to the destination. If you force only a partial path, the analysis fails.
- Force the wave path tagged to the service.
- For protection types 1+1+R+R, 1+1+R, and 1+R, you can force a path in restoration path1 or restoration path2. Fiber can also be forced in the primary or secondary path.

Step 5 Click **Update**.

General service properties

Table 37: General service properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Name	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 NCS 1001 NCS 1014	The service name is based on the source and destination sites and the number of services between them. You can edit the name. For example, if there are two services between site 1 and site 2, the names of the services are Site-1-Site-2-1 and Site-1-Site-2-2, respectively.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Type	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Choose the types of service.	For NCS 2000 (1K-2K-4K): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 10GE • 100GE • STM-64 For other platforms: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OTU4 • 100GE • 400GE 	100GE
Client type	NCS 1010 NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Client traffic type	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 100GE • 400GE • OTU4 	400GE
Protection	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Choose the protection type from the drop-down list.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unprotected • 1+1 • Disjoint • S+NS • 1+R • 1+1+R • 1+1+R+R <p>Note For platforms other than NCS 2000 (4K-1K-2K) sites, the only available option is Unprotected.</p>	1+1
Source	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Displays the source site name.	1+1	1+1

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Destination	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Displays the destination site name.	—	—
Tertiary Source	NCS 2000	From the drop-down list, select the possible site as a tertiary source.	Lists the available sites	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Tertiary Destination	NCS 2000	<p>From the drop-down list, select the possible site as a tertiary destination.</p> <p>Tertiary source and tertiary destination are enabled only when you select the protection scheme as Unprotected Disjoint.</p> <p>You can select either tertiary destination or both tertiary source and tertiary destination.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you select only the tertiary destination, the demand is created between the source and destination and between the source and tertiary destination. These do not have common fibers in the path, which are disjoint. • If you select both tertiary source and tertiary destination, two unprotected demands are created between the source to destination, and tertiary source to tertiary destination. The demands are disjoint to each other. 	Lists the available sites	—
Service Type	NCS 2000 (1K-2K)	Choose the service type.	NCS 1K	NCS 1K

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Encryption	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Check this check box to enable encryption on the service. Encrypted and non-encrypted services will not be aggregated. They use separate trunks. Note Encryption is supported only for NCS1K14-2.4T-X-K9 and NCS1K4-QXP-K9	—	—

Primary and secondary paths forcing properties

These tables describe the primary and secondary paths forcing properties for services. Secondary path is available only for (1+1) .

Table 38: Primary path forcing properties

Property	Platform	Description		
Path	NCS 2000	Cisco ONP automatically selects the shortest path as working path and also allows you to force the path manually.	—	—
Fiber	NCS 2000	Primary path fiber is forcing path for working trail.	—	—
Regeneration Platform	NCS 2000	Displays the platform of the regeneration site	—	—
Regen Sites	NCS 2000	Choose the regeneration site.	Lists the available sites.	—
Wavelength	NCS 2000	Click Edit to choose the wavelength. The default option is Auto.	Lists various wavelengths	—
ODU Timeslot	NCS 2000	Enter the ODU timeslot value.	—	—
Section Wavelength(s)	NCS 2000	Displays the selected Wavelength .	—	—

Property	Platform	Description		
Src Channel Type	NCS 2000	Choose the type of source channel.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto: <i>Auto</i> option is the contentionless demand. • Contentionless • Colorless • Colored 	Auto
Dst Channel Type	NCS 2000	Auto-populated based on the Src channel type. You can still change the type. When you change the Dst channel type, Src channel type also changes to the same.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto: Auto option is the contentionless demand. • Contentionless • Colorless • Colored 	Same as the Src channel type.

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Path	NCS 2000	Secondary path is the protected path when the primary path fails. This path is the second best path after the primary path.	—	—
Fiber	NCS 2000	Secondary path fiber is for protected service, forcing path for the protected trail.	—	—
Regeneration Platform	NCS 2000	Displays the platform of the regeneration site	—	—
Regen Sites	NCS 2000	Choose the regeneration site.	Lists the available sites.	—
Wavelength	NCS 2000	Click Edit to choose the wavelength. The default option is Auto.	Lists various wavelengths	—
ODU Timeslot	NCS 2000	Enter the ODU timeslot value.	—	—
Section Wavelength(s)	NCS 2000	Displays the selected Wavelength .	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Src Channel Type	NCS 2000	Choose the type of source channel.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto: <i>Auto</i> option is the contentionless demand. • Contentionless • Colorless • Colored 	Auto
Dst Channel Type	NCS 2000	Choose the type of destination channel.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto: Auto option is the contentionless demand. • Contentionless • Colorless • Colored 	Same as the Src channel type.

Primary path service properties

This table lists the primary path service properties.

Table 39: Service properties for primary path

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Path	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Displays the path of the service.	—	—
Fiber	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Select the fiber.	Displays the available fibers.	—
Regen Sites	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Select the regeneration site.	Displays the possible regeneration site.	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Channel	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	<p>Choose whether to create a new circuit or use an existing circuit.</p> <p>Note When you select an existing circuit with the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Traffic Type is set to Transponder Card under the circuit properties. • Trunk Mode and Baud Rate are already defined under the Trail properties <p>You will not be able to select Trunk Mode and Baud Rate under the Service properties. To edit these properties change the traffic type and change the Channel property to Auto or Create New.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto: The system automatically chooses whether to create a new circuit or use an existing one. • Create New: A new circuit is created, and no existing circuits are used. • Existing circuits (shows the names of the circuits that are already created): Select an existing circuit to use. To specify a particular circuit, choose one from the drop-down list. 	Auto
Band Type	NCS 1010 NCS 1001 NCS 1014	<p>Displays whether it is a C-band type or L-band type.</p> <p>If you choose NCS1K14-2.4T-X-K9 as the Card Type, you can select the band as C-band or L-band.</p>	—	—
Section Wavelengths	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1014	<p>Choose the wavelength for the regen site that is selected.</p>	Displays multiple fixed grid wavelengths	Auto

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Trunk mode	NCS 1010 NCS 1014	Choose the trunk mode of the line card.	For NCS1K14-2.4T-K9 and NCS1K14-2.4T-X-K9, the trunk rate ranges from 400G to 1200G. For NCS1K4-QXP-K9, the trunk rate ranges from 100G to 400G.	Auto
Baud Rate	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1014	Select the baud rate.	The baud rates that are suitable for the trunk rate chosen are displayed.	Auto
Wavelength	NCS 1010	Click Edit to choose the wavelength.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • Fixed Grid(64 Chs) 	Auto

Primary channel service properties

This table lists the primary channel service properties.

Table 40: Service properties for primary channel

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Primary Channel Source				
Card Type	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Select the card for the service.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • NCS1K14-2.4T-K9 • NCS1K14-2.4T-X-K9 • NCS1K4-QXP-K9 • NCS1K4-OTN-XP • NCS1K14-1.2T-K9 • NCS1K14-2.4T-A-K9 • NCS1K4-2-QDD-C-K9 	Auto

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Config mode	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1014	Select the configuration mode The list of options displayed depends on the traffic type, platform, and the card selected.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bundle • Slice • 2x100G • Muxponder 	Slice
Split Port	NCS 1010	Select the port to share the client data between trunks. Note This property appears only when <i>Config Mode</i> is <i>Bundle</i> .	Choose a client port from the list.	Displays option based on <i>Trunk Mode</i> selection.
TXP Chassis	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Choose the transponder chassis for the service.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • NCS 1014: Supports only NCS1K14-2.4T-A-K9, NCS1K14-2.4T-K9, NCS1K14-2.4T-X-K9, NCS1K4-1.2T-K9, NCS1K4-QXP-K9, NCS1K4-2-QDD-C-K9 • NCS 1004: Supports only NCS1K4-1.2T-K9, NCS1K4-QXP-K9, NCS1K4-2-QDD-C-K9, NCS1K4-OTN-XP-K9 	Auto
Modulation	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Displays the type of modulation.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Trunk Mode	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Select a trunk mode from the drop-down list. The list of options displayed depends on the traffic type, config mode, and card selected.	The options for trunk mode changes based on the selected card type.	Auto
Sub Mode	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	This field is applicable only for the NCS1K4-QXP-K9 card. Choose the required sub mode.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1_E • 0_S 	1_E —
FEC	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Displays the type of FEC supported on the chosen card.	—	—
Src Add/Drop Type	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Select the Add/drop type.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • Colored • Colorless • Contentionless (only for NCS 2000) • Omni-colored • Omni-colorless 	Auto
Client Interface	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Choose the client pluggable for the selected card. The list of pluggable displayed depends on the traffic type, config mode, and card selected. For more client pluggable options, see Supported transponder cards and pluggables .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • QDD-400G-FR4-S • QDD-400G-AOC1M • QDD-400G-DR4-S • QDD-400G-LR4-S • QDD-4X100G-LR-S • QDD-4X100G-FR-S • QDD-2X100-CWDM4-S • QDD-2X100-LR4-S 	Auto

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Client Port	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	This property is enabled only when a trunk mode is selected. Choose the client port.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • 1 • 2 • 3 • 4 • 5 • 6 • 7 till 12 	Auto
Trunk Type	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	The trunk pluggables that are applicable for the selected card are displayed. Choose the required trunk pluggable.	See Supported Cards and Pluggables	Auto
Primary Channel Destination				
Card Type	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Select the card for the service.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • NCS1K14-2.4T-K9 • NCS1K14-2.4T-X-K9 • NCS1K4-QXP-K9 • NCS1K14-2.4T-A-K9 • NCS1K4-2-QDD-C-K9 	Auto
Config mode	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1014	Select the configuration mode The list of options displayed depends on the traffic type, platform, and the card selected.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bundle • Slice • 2x100G • Muxponder 	Slice
Split Port	NCS 1010 NCS 1014	Select the port to share the client data between trunks.	Choose a client port from the list.	Displays option based on <i>Trunk Mode</i> selection.

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
TXP Chassis	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Select the transponder chassis for the service.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • NCS 1014: Supports only NCS1K14-2.4T-A-K9, NCS1K14-2.4T-K9, NCS1K14-2.4T-X-K9, NCS1K4-1.2T-K9, NCS1K4-QXP-K9, NCS1K4-2-QDD-C-K9 • NCS 1004: Supports only NCS1K4-1.2T-K9, NCS1K4-QXP-K9, NCS1K4-2-QDD-C-K9, NCS1K4-OTN-XP-K9 	Auto
Modulation	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Displays the type of modulation.	—	—
Trunk Mode	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Select a trunk mode from the drop-down list.	The options for trunk mode change based on the selected card type.	Auto
Sub Mode	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	This field is applicable only for the NCS1K4-QXP-K9 card. Choose the required sub mode.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1_E • 0_S 	1_E

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
FEC	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Displays the type of FEC supported on the chosen card.	—	—
Dst Add/Drop Type	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Select the Add/drop type.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • Colored • Colorless • Contentionless (only for NCS 2000) • Omni-colored • Omni-colorless 	Auto
Client Interface	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	Choose the client pluggable for the selected card. The list of pluggable displayed depends on the traffic type, config mode, and card selected. For more client pluggable options, see Supported transponder cards and pluggables .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • QDD-400G-FR4-S • QDD-400G-AOC1M • QDD-400G-DR4-S • QDD-400G-LR4-S • QDD-2X100-CWDM4S • QDD-2X100-LR4-S 	Auto
Client Port	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	This property is enabled only when a trunk mode is selected. Choose the client port.	—	—
Trunk Type	NCS 1010 NCS 2000 (1K-2K) NCS 1001 NCS 1014	The trunk options that are applicable for the selected card are displayed. Choose the required trunk pluggable.	See Supported Cards and Pluggables	Auto

NCS1K domain properties

This table describes the various NCS1K domain properties for services.

Table 41: NCS1K domain properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Client Type	NCS 2000	Displays the client type. By default, client type is OTU4.	—	—
Interface Type	NCS 2000	Displays the interface type. By default, interface type is BH.	—	—
Trunk Mode	NCS 2000	Choose the trunk mode. Note Based on the selected trunk mode, Baud rates are filtered.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 200G • 300G 	200G
Baud Rate	NCS 2000	Choose whether the Baud rates mode as 60 or 69GBd.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 60GBd • 69GBd 	60GBd

Service aggregations

A service aggregation is a network feature that

- enables two or more services to share the same trunk port or channel,
- automatically groups services into a DefaultGroup within the network tree for efficient management, and
- provides the ability to export aggregation reports for monitoring and analysis.

Table 42: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Feature Description
Services Aggregation	Cisco ONP Release 4.1	The services aggregation feature allows two or more services to share the same trunk port or channel. By default, the services are added to the DefaultGroup. You can export aggregation reports.

You can use services aggregation to allow multiple services to share the same connection point, such as a trunk port or channel. This ability to share is determined by the characteristics defined in their **Service Group**.

Specifically, when you add services to a 1K-2K-4K Traffic site within an **SSON network**, the system automatically creates a **DefaultGroup** under **Services** in the network tree. All the services you add are then automatically associated with **DefaultGroup**.

Create a new service group

Follow these steps to create a new service group.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface](#)

Procedure

- Step 1** Open the network where you want to create a new service group.
- Step 2** Click the **Ellipsis** icon on the right side of **Services** under the network tree and choose **Create Service Group**.
A new service group appears under Services.
-

Modify service group properties

Follow these steps to modify the properties of a service group.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface](#).

Procedure

- Step 1** Open the network where you want to modify the service group properties.
- Step 2** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.
- Step 3** In the **Entity Editor** window, click the **Services** tab, and click a service group.
- Step 4** Modify the service group properties as required.
See [Service group properties, on page 88](#).
- Step 5** Click **Update**.
-

Service group properties

This table describes various service group properties.

Table 43: Service group properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
General				
Name	NCS 2000	Displays the group name. Edit the name if needed.	—	By default, the service name is based on the source and destination sites and the number of services between them. For example, if there are two services between site 1 and site 2, the name of the services are Site-1-Site-2-1 and Site-1-Site-2-2, respectively.
Demand Types	NCS 2000	Select the demand type. For default group all demand types are available, and you cannot edit them.	—	—
Default Group	NCS 2000	Indicates whether the service group is a default group or a user created group.	—	—
NCS 4 K				
Exclusive LC Usage	NCS 4000	Indicates whether the services belonging to this group must have an exclusive Line Card (LC). For example, when you check this check box, neither the Client LC nor the Trunk LC of the services belonging to this group can be shared by services belonging to any other groups.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Symmetric Aggregation	NCS 4000	<p>Indicates whether this group allows aggregation of only symmetric services. Services are symmetric if they have same protection scheme. Following are the various protection schemes:</p> <p>For Example, all “1+1” services are symmetrical.</p> <p>If you check this check box, this service group allows aggregation of only symmetrical services.</p> <p>For example, “Unprotected” can be aggregated only with “Unprotected”, “1+R” only with “1+R”, “1+1” only with “1+1”, and so on.</p> <p>If this check box is unchecked, this service group allows aggregation of symmetrical and unsymmetrical services together.</p> <p>For example, “Unprotected” can be aggregated with either “Unprotected”, “1+R”, “1+1” “1+1+R” or “1+1+R+R”.</p> <p>See Rules for aggregating services, on page 90.</p>	—	—
NCS 1 K				
Exclusive LC Usage	NCS 1004	Same as NCS 4 K.	—	—
Symmetric Aggregation	NCS 1004	Same as NCS 4 K.	—	—

Rules for aggregating services

These rules must be satisfied for any two services, whether symmetrical or non-symmetrical, to be aggregated:

- Both services must have identical source and destination points.
- The paths of the two services must align for the same path types.

- Example for symmetric aggregation:

When aggregating two "1+1" services, the working path of the first service must match the working path of the second service, and similarly, the protection paths of both services must also match.

- Example for non-symmetric aggregation:

When aggregating a "1+1" service with a "1+1+R" service, the working path and protection path of the first service must match the corresponding paths of the second service. However, the restoration path of the second service can differ.

3. Both services must use the same wavelength for the same path types.
 - If the wavelength is set to "auto," it can be aggregated with either another "auto" wavelength or a fixed wavelength.
4. Both services must have the same trunk mode configuration for the same path types.
5. The regeneration sites for both services must align for the same path types.
6. The demand type is not a constraint for aggregation, except when considering trunk capacity availability.

Associate a service with the newly created group

By default, the services are associated with the **DefaultGroup**. However, you can change the group.

Follow these steps to associate a service to the newly created group.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

- Step 1** In the network tree, click the service that you want to associate to a group.
You can view the properties of the network at the bottom of the network tree.
- Step 2** Select the group from the **Service Group** drop-down list.
- Step 3** Click **Update**.

Note

For an LNI-imported network, all services are in the Default group by default. When you upgrade the LNI-imported network for the first time, you can move the services to other newly created Service Groups without unlocking them. For later upgrades, unlock the services before moving them between Service Groups. The Service Groups stay locked during upgrade mode unless you perform a complete network-level unlock.

Export aggregation reports

Follow these steps to export the service aggregation reports.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

- Step 1** Open an analyzed network to export the aggregation reports.
- Step 2** Choose **Export > Service Aggregation**.
- Step 3** Save the aggregation report as an Excel file to your local system.

Modify wave properties

Table 44: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Feature Description
PSM Support on Non-SSON Network	Cisco ONP Release 24.3.1	The PSM-channel option is now available as a Protection Type under the Wave properties for NCS 2000 non-SSON networks. This option allows you to use PSM channel trunk protection with the PSM card during network design, in addition to existing client protection. You can verify the optical feasibility for both working and protection paths, providing all necessary parameters and connections for deployment.

Follow these steps to modify the properties of the wave.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

- Step 1** Open the network where you want to modify the wave properties.
- Step 2** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.
- Step 3** In the **Entity Editor** window, click the **Services** tab, and click a wave.
- Step 4** Modify the wave properties as required.
See [Wave properties, on page 93](#).
- Step 5** Click **Update**.

Wave properties

This table describes various wave properties.

Table 45: Wave properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
General				
Label	NCS 2000	Displays the name of the wave.	—	By default, the wave is named based on the source and destination sites and the number of waves between them. For example, if there are two waves defined between site 1 and site 2, the waves are named as Site-1-Site-2-1 and Site-1-Site-2-2, respectively. Edit the name if needed.
Source Site	NCS 2000	Displays the source site name.	—	—
Destination Site	NCS 2000	Displays the destination site name.	—	—
Traffic Type	NCS 2000	Select the traffic type.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Optical Source • 100GE • 10GE LAN PHY • 40GE LAN PHY • Fiber Channel 10G • Fiber Channel 16G • Fiber Channel 8G • OC-192/STM-64 • OTU2 • OTU2e • OTU4 • Pluggable Card 	Optical Source

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Protection Type	NCS 2000	Select the protection type.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unprotected • Client 1+1 • PSM-Channel <p>The <i>PSM-channel</i> option is available only for non-SSON networks. PSM-channel is not supported with the colorless Add/Drop MF-6AD-COFS.</p> <p>When you select the <i>PSM-Channel</i> option, the Protection Switch Module (PSM) for the Cisco ONS15454 Multiservice Transport Platform (MSTP) (15454-PSM card) is placed in the network to provide protection at the trunk level. The PSM card splits the traffic originated by transponder trunk across the working and protected TX ports.</p> <p>For more information on protection types, see #unique_191.</p>	Unprotected
Forecast	NCS 2000	Check this check box to change a present wave to a forecast wave.	—	—
Encryption	NCS 2000	Check this check box to enable encryption.	—	—

Modify media channel properties

Follow these steps to modify properties of the media channel.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

- Step 1** Open the network where you want to modify the media channel properties.
- Step 2** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.
- Step 3** In the **Entity Editor** window, click the **Services** tab, and click a media channel.
- Step 4** Modify the media channel properties as required.
See [Media channel properties, on page 95](#).
- Step 5** Click **Update**.

Media channel properties

This table describes various media channel properties.

Table 46: Media channel properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
General				
Label	NCS 2000	Displays the media channel name.	—	By default, the media channel is named based on the source and destination sites and the number of media channels between them. For example, if there are two media channels between site 1 and site 2, they are named as Site-1-Site-2-1 and Site-1-Site-2-2, respectively. Edit the name if required.
Source Site	NCS 2000	Displays the source site name.	—	—
Destination Site	NCS 2000	Displays the destination site name.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Traffic Type	NCS 2000	Select the traffic type.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Optical Source • 100GE • 10GE LAN PHY • 40GE LAN PHY • Fiber Channel 10G • Fiber Channel 16G • Fiber Channel 8G • OC-192/STM-64 • OTU2 • OTU2e • OTU4 • Pluggable Card 	Optical Source
Protection Type	NCS 2000	<p>Select the protection type.</p> <p>For more information on protection types, see #unique_191.</p> <p>For Client 1+1, ensure that the sites have contentionless sides for the analysis to be successful. By default, Cisco ONP finds both span and node disjoint path for Client1+1 protected waves, but allows you to force span and node disjoint path.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unprotected • Client 1+1 	Unprotected
Forecast	NCS 2000	Check this check box to change a present wave to a forecast wave.	—	—
Encryption	NCS 2000	Check this check box to enable encryption.	—	—

Modify circuit properties

Follow these steps to modify the properties of the circuit in an NCS 1010 network.

Before you begin

Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.

Procedure

- Step 1** Open the network where you want to modify the circuit properties.
- Step 2** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.
- Step 3** In the **Entity Editor** window, click the **Services** tab, and click a circuit.
- Step 4** Modify the circuit properties as required.
See [Circuit properties, on page 97](#).
- Step 5** Click **Update**.

Circuit properties

This table describes various circuit properties.

Table 47: Circuit properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
General				
Label	NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the name of the circuit.	—	By default, the circuit is named based on the source and destination sites and the number of circuits between them. \n\nFor example, if there are two circuits defined between site 1 and site 2, the circuits are named as Site-1-Site-2-1 and Site-1-Site-2-2 respectively.\n\nEdit the name if required.
Source Site	NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the name of the source site.	—	—
Destination Site	NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the name of the destination site.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Traffic Type	NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Select the traffic type.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Optical Source • Pluggable Card • Transponder Card 	Optical Source
Protection Type	NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Select the protection type.	Currently, we support only Unprotected.	Unprotected
Forecast	NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Check this check box to change a present circuit to a forecast wave.	—	—
Encryption	NCS 1010	The Encryption property is enabled when you select <i>Line card</i> as the Traffic Type .	—	—

Modify trail properties

Table 48: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
Bright ZR+ Pluggable Support	Cisco ONP Release 5.1	The Bright ZR+ pluggable can now be included in the network design by choosing them as Card Type or Client Interface under the Trail properties. This selection is available for all types of sites. The Bright ZR+ pluggable has high transmit optical power up to 0dBm, high transmit OSNR, and high-density QSFP-DD form factor.

Table 49: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
Multilayer Nodes Enhancements	Cisco ONP Release 5.1	You can now choose from the full array of supported Card Types and Client Interfaces under the Trail properties option for the multilayer nodes. Previously, only a limited set of cards were available for selection. With this enhancement, you can design diverse networks leveraging the unique functionalities of all types of cards.

Follow these steps to modify the properties of the trail.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

-
- Step 1** Open the network where you want to modify the trail properties.
- Step 2** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.
- Step 3** In the **Entity Editor** window, click the **Services** tab.
- Step 4** Expand **Waves**, **Media Channels** or **Circuits**.
- Step 5** Navigate to the required trail and click it.
- Step 6** Modify the trail properties as required. See
- [General trail properties, on page 99](#)
 - [OTN trail properties, on page 102](#)
 - [Source and destination trail properties, on page 102](#)
- Step 7** Click **Update**.
-

General trail properties

This table describes various general trail properties.

Table 50: General trail properties

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Label	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the name of the trail.	—	—
Path of Wave	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Select a fiber.	—	—
Regen Sites	NCS 2000 NCS 1010	Select the regeneration site.	—	—
Source Site	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the source site name.	—	—
Destination Site	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the destination site name.	—	—
Wavelength	NCS 2000 (Non-SSON)	Click Edit to choose the wavelength.	—	Auto
Central Wavelength [nm]	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Click Edit to select the central wavelength.	Multiple C-band and L-band wavelengths are listed. Note If you select <i>L-Band</i> as Band Type , the L-band wavelength options appear along with C-band wavelengths for NCS 1010 R7.9.1.	Auto
Multicarrier	NCS 2000 NCS 1010	Indicates whether the transmission is a multicarrier transmission.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Trunk Mode	NCS 2000	The trunk mode can be edited only when you choose <i>400G-XP-LC</i> as Card Type .	See Supported Cards and Pluggables	Auto
	NCS 1010	The trunk mode can be edited only when the Traffic Type is set to <i>Line card</i> under the circuit properties.	See Supported Cards and Pluggables	Auto
	NCS 1001	Trunk mode is noneditable.	—	—
Number Of Carrier(s)	NCS 1010	Enter the to add the required number of carriers to the channel.	2-16 Note If you select <i>Colorless</i> or <i>Omni-Colorless</i> as Add/Drop Type and <i>Auto</i> or <i>OLT/LC/AddDrop</i> as Add/Drop Connector , this property becomes editable. Note When you enable bundle mode in line circuit, this value is 2 and non-editable.	1
Baud Rate	NCS 1010	Select the baud rate that is suitable for the selected trunk rate.	—	—
Filtering Penalty	NCS 2000 NCS 1010	Displays the value of the penalties that are caused by the different filter types (OADM, and ROADM).	—	—
OSNR Forward [dB]	NCS 2000 (non-SSON)	Displays the forward optical signal to noise ratio.	—	—
OSNR Reverse [dB]	NCS 2000 (non-SSON)	Displays the reverse optical signal to noise ratio.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Band Type	NCS 1010	Select the required band type for the circuit. Note When you select <i>L-Band</i> as Band Type , then the Add/Drop Type field automatically selects <i>Colorless</i> and becomes disabled.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • L-band • C-band 	Auto
	NCS 1001	This property is noneditable. <i>C-Band</i> is the default option.		C-band

OTN trail properties

This table lists and defines OTN trail properties.

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
OTN (non-SSON)			—	—
ODUTimeslot	NCS 2000 (non-SSON)	Displays the Optical Data Unit timeslot.	—	—
SRLGs	NCS 2000 (non-SSON)	Displays the SRLGs associated with the trail.	—	—
OTN Hops	NCS 2000 (non-SSON)	Displays the number of OTN hops.	—	—
Quantity	NCS 2000 (non-SSON)	Displays the number of OTN services on the trail.	—	—

Source and destination trail properties

This table lists and defines various source and destination trail properties.

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Source				

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Card Type	NCS 2000 NCS 1010	Select the card used in the source site.		200G-SD-FEC

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
			<p>See Supported Cards and Pluggables and Supported Optical Sources for more details about the list of supported cards.</p> <p>From Release 5.1, Bright ZR+ pluggables are supported for all the types of sites. Also, there are no limitations on the type of cards that can be chosen for the multilayer nodes.</p> <p>Note</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-SSON <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Colored and colorless—Baud rates less than 42 are supported and listed. • Contentionless—Mean power less than -4.4 is supported and listed. • SSON <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Colored—Baud rates less than 65 are supported and listed. • Colorless—All interfaces supported and listed. • Contentionless—Mean power less than -4.4 are supported and listed. <p>Mean power = $(\text{ochData.txRange.max} + \text{ochData.txRange.min})/2$</p> <p>If contentionless is selected for the <i>source</i></p>	

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
			<i>channel type</i> , the QDD interfaces are not supported.	
	NCS 1001	Select a card type from the drop-down list.	See Supported Cards and Pluggables and Supported Optical Sources for more details about the list of supported cards.	NCS1004_QPSK_SP_16QAM_200G_27%SDFEC_60GBd
Trunk Mode	NCS 1010 NCS 1014 NCS 1001 NCS 1014 NCS 2000	Select a trunk mode from the drop-down list.	See Supported Cards and Pluggables and Supported Optical Sources for more details about the list of supported cards. Note Available trunk mode options are based on the selected card type.	Auto
Config Mode	NCS 1010 NCS 1014	Select a configuration mode from the drop-down list.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Slice • Bundle Note Bundle mode is referred as MXP mode in COSM XML. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2x100GE • Muxponder 	Slice

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Client Interface	NCS 2000	Select a pluggable from the drop-down list.	<p>The pluggables suitable for the chosen card type are displayed.</p> <p>See Supported Cards and Pluggables for more information on the list of supported pluggables.</p> <p>From Release 5.1, Bright ZR+ pluggables are supported for all the types of sites. Also, there are no limitations on the type of cards that can be chosen for the multilayer nodes.</p> <p>The pluggable FR-1(QSFP-100G-FR-S) is supported on the client ports of the 400G-XP LC starting from NCS 2000 Release 11.1.0.</p> <p>The pluggable ERL (QSFP-100G-ERL-S) is supported on the client ports of the 400G-XP LC with 100G traffic type starting from NCS 2000 Release 11.1.3.</p> <p>Note When you export the NCS 2000 R11.1.3 network, the Cisco ONP exports the NCS 2000 R11.1.0 report. You must edit the exported report for R11.1.3.</p>	Auto
	NCS 1010			
	NCS 1001	This property is noneditable.	—	Auto

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Add/Drop Type	NCS 2000	Select the type of Add/Drop.	The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • Colorless • Colored • Contentionless 	Auto
	NCS 1010	Select the type of Add/Drop.	The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • Colorless • Colored • Omni-Colorless • Omni-Colored 	Auto
	NCS 1001	This property is noneditable. <i>Colored</i> is the default option.	—	Colored
Add/Drop Connector	NCS 1010	<p>Note This property appears when you select Add/Drop Type as <i>Colorless</i>.</p> <p>Select the type of Add/Drop Connector.</p>	<p>The available options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto—Auto is OLT/LC/AddDrop. • OLT/LC/Combination of OLT LC ports and CCMD-16 LC ports • OLT/LC—Direct OLT LC ports • OLT/MPO/Combination of OLT LC ports and break out units such as BRK-8, BRK-16, BRK-24 MPO ports <p>Note This property is applicable only for Enhanced NCS 1010 line cards from R7.11.1.</p>	Auto
Modulation	NCS 1010	Displays the type of modulation.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Sub Mode	NCS 1010	This field is applicable only for the NCS1K4-QXP-K9 card. Select the required sub mode.	The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1_E • 0_S 	1_E
FEC	NCS 1010	Displays the type of FEC supported on the chosen card.	The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OFEC • CFEC 	OFEC
Trunk Type	NCS 2000 NCS 1010	Select the trunk type from the drop-down list.	See Supported Cards and Pluggables and Supported Optical Sources for more details about the list of supported cards.	Auto
	NCS 1001	This property is noneditable.	—	Auto
Contentionless Side	NCS 2000	Select the contentionless side from the drop-down list.	Displays the available contentionless sides.	Auto
Launch Power	NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Enter a launch power value. D	—	Auto
Destination				
Card Type	NCS 2000 NCS 1010	The destination card type is auto populated based on the source card type chosen.	—	—
	NCS 1001	Select the card type from the drop-down list.	See Supported Cards and Pluggables and Supported Optical Sources for more details about the list of supported cards.	NCS1004_QPSK_SP_16QAM_200G_27%SDFEC_60GBd

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Trunk Mode	NCS 1010	Select a trunk mode from the drop-down list.	See Supported Cards and Pluggables and Supported Optical Sources for more details about the list of supported cards.. The list of trunk modes available is based on the based on card selection.	Auto
	NCS 1014			
	NCS 1001			
	NCS 2000			
Config Mode	NCS 1010	Select a configuration mode from the drop-down list.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Slice • Bundle • 2x100GE • Muxponder 	Slice
	NCS 1014			
Client Interface	NCS 2000	Select a pluggable from the drop-down list. The pluggables suitable for the chosen card type are displayed.	See Supported Cards and Pluggables and Supported Optical Sources for more details about the list of supported cards.	Auto
	NCS 1010			
	NCS 1001	This property is noneditable.	—	Auto
Trunk Type	NCS 2000	Select the trunk type from the drop-down list.	See Supported Cards and Pluggables and Supported Optical Sources for more details about the list of supported cards.	Auto
	NCS 1010			
	NCS 1001	This property is noneditable.	—	Auto

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Add/Drop Type	NCS 2000	Select the type of the Add/Drop.	The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • Contentionless • Colorless • Colored 	Auto
	NCS 1010	Select the type of the Add/Drop.	The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • Colorless • Colored • Omni-Colorless • Omni-Colored 	Auto
	NCS 1001	This property is noneditable.	—	Colored
Add/Drop Connector	NCS 1010	<p>Note This property appears when you select Add/Drop Type as <i>Colorless</i>.</p> <p>Select the type of Add/Drop Connector.</p> <p>Note This property is applicable only for Enhanced NCS 1010 line cards.</p>	The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto—Auto is OLT/LC/AddDrop. • OLT/LC/AddDrop—Combination of OLT LC ports and CCMD-16 LC ports • OLT/LC—Direct OLT LC ports • OLT/LC/AddDrop—Combination of OLT LC ports and break out units such as BRK-8, BRK-16, BRK-24 MPO ports 	Auto
Modulation	NCS 1010	Displays the type of modulation.	—	—
Sub Mode	NCS 1010	This field is applicable only for the NCS1K4-QXP-K9 card. Select the required sub mode.	The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1_E • 0_S 	1_E
FEC	NCS 1010	Displays the type of FEC supported on the chosen card.	—	—

Property	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
Trunk Type	NCS 1010	Select the trunk pluggable. From R25.1.1, new pluggables are supported on the NCS1K4-QXP-K9 card.	See Supported Cards and Pluggables	Auto
Contentionless Side	NCS 2000	Select the contentionless side from the drop-down list.	Displays the available contentionless sides.	Auto
Launch Power	NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Enter a launch power value.	—	Auto

Modify section properties

Follow these steps to modify properties of the section.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

- Step 1** Open the network where you want to modify the section properties.
- Step 2** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.
- Step 3** In the **Entity Editor** window, click the **Services** tab.
- Step 4** Expand **Waves**, **Media Channels** or **Circuits**.
- Step 5** Navigate to a trail and select a section within the trail.
- Step 6** Modify the section properties.

The section and the trail have the same properties. See these references for descriptions of the properties.

- [General trail properties, on page 99](#)
- [OTN trail properties, on page 102](#)
- [Source and destination trail properties, on page 102](#)

- Step 7** Click **Update**.

Modify side properties

Table 51: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Feature Description
Colorless Add/Drop Configuration with SMR-9 Card	Cisco ONP Release 24.3.1	In addition to the SMR-20 card, the colorless Add/Drop configuration can now be added to both SSON and non-SSON networks using the SMR-9 card, providing more flexibility to use the available SMR-9 ports for add/drop functionality.

Table 52: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Feature Description
NCS2K-RMN-CTP-C+L support	Cisco ONP Release 5.0	Cisco ONP now supports the passive module, NCS2K-RMN-CTP-C+L (C- and L-band counterpropagating Raman amplifier), starting from the NCS 2000 system release 12.3.1 for SSON and non-SSON networks.

Table 53: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Feature Description
Support for NCS2K-MF-CL-SC (C and L-band combiner and splitter)	Cisco ONP Release 4.2	Cisco ONP supports the passive module, NCS2K-MF-CL-SC (C and L-band combiner and splitter), starting from the NCS 2000 system release 12.2 for SSON and non-SSON networks. This feature enables combining C and L band wavelengths.

Use this procedure to modify the properties of a side in a site.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

-
- Step 1** Open the network where you want to modify the side properties of a site.
 - Step 2** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.
 - Step 3** In the **Entity Editor** window, navigate to **Sites > Site > Side**.
 - Step 4** Modify the side properties as required. See these references for the property descriptions.

- [General side properties, on page 113](#)
- [Bill of materials and layout properties for sides, on page 119](#)
- [Enhanced face plate properties for sides, on page 121](#)

Step 5 Click **Update**.

General side properties

This table describes various general properties for the sides of a site.

Options	Platform	Description		
Label	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the label of the side. Editable for NCS 1001. Note For L-band nodes, the suffix L is added to the side label.	—	—
Type	NCS 2000 NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the type of the side. You cannot edit this property.	—	—
Omni Variant	NCS 1010	Select the type of omnidirectional add/drop stage.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dual OLT • 4x4 COFS (supports only C-band Omni colorless) <p>You can choose 4x4 COFS only if the Structure under the Sites properties is <i>Line</i>.</p> <p>Note In a site, all Omni edges must have the same Omni Variant. Changing the Omni Variant for one edge updates the variant for all edges.</p>	Dual OLT

Options	Platform	Description		
Omni Directional Ports	NCS 1010	Enter the number of omnidirectional ports. It is applicable only for the 4x4COFS Omni variant. The available values range from 1 through 4, with a default value of 4.	—	—
Node Address	NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Enter the node address	—	—
MPO Cable	NCS 1010	Choose the MPO cable.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • 16MPO-MPO • 24MPO-MPO 	Auto
Colorless Ports (Displayed for Line side)	NCS 2000	Enter the number of colorless ports. From Release 24.3.1, this property is enabled for the SMR-9 card.	—	—
Contentionless Ports (Displayed for Contentionless side)	NCS 2000	Choose the number of contentionless ports.	1-16	16

Options	Platform	Description		
Enable C+L Band S/C (Displayed for Line side type)	NCS 2000		—	—

Options	Platform	Description		
		<p>Cisco ONP supports the following passive modules:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCS2K-MF-CL-SC (C and L-band combiner and splitter), starting from the NCS 2000 system release 12.2 for SSON and non-SSON networks. Check this check box to enable the NCS2K-MF-CL-SC card. This card is supported for ROADM, OLA, and traffic nodes, but not on the passthrough node. <p>Note When you enable this option on a side:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It is automatically enabled on the side that is connected to the selected side through a fiber. • The fiber property <i>Raman Amplified</i> is automatically disabled, and the opposite way. • This card introduces a certain amount of attenuation and insertion loss that is reflected in the 		

Options	Platform	Description		
		<p>ANS parameters.</p> <p>The NCS2K-MF-CL-SC module does not appear in the layout.</p>		

Options	Platform	Description		
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCS2K-RMN-CTP-C+L (C- and L-band counterpropagating Raman amplifier), starting from the NCS 2000 system release 12.3 for SSON and non-SSON networks. Check this check box to enable the NCS2K-RMN-CTP-C+L card. <p>Note When you enable this option on a side:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you enable the fiber property <i>Raman Amplified</i>, then the <i>NCS2K-RMN-CTP-C+L</i> card is automatically forced. • If you disable the fiber property <i>Raman Amplified</i>, then the <i>NCS2K-MF-CL-SC</i> card is automatically forced. • Fiber property <i>Raman Amplified</i> is automatically disabled for NCS 2000 system release 12.2. <p>The NCS2K-RMN-CTP-C+L module appears in the layout.</p>		
Band Type	NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Choose the required band type.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C-Band • C+L Futuristic 	C-Band

Options	Platform	Description		
NCS 1010 Line Card	NCS 1010	Choose whether the Line Card faceplate is Standard Faceplate or Enhanced Faceplate. Note If you assigned a Scalable Upto Degree value that is supported for both standard and enhance at the site level, then you can select <i>Standard Faceplate</i> in one side and <i>Enhanced Faceplate</i> in another side.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standard Faceplate • Enhanced Faceplate 	Standard Faceplate
Probe Channel	NCS 1014	The Probe channel pluggable option that you selected at the network level applies to all the edges of all sites in the network. This field is noneditable.	—	—
OTDR Pluggable	NCS 1014	The OTDR pluggable option that you selected at the network level applies to all the edges of all sites in the network. This field is noneditable.	—	—
OSC Pluggable	NCS 1001	Choose the type of OSC pluggable.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CWDM-SFP-1510 • CWDM-SFP-1610 • ONS-SC-Z3-1510 • ONS-SC-Z3-1610 • ONS-SE-155-1510 	CWDM-SFP-1510
	NCS 1014	Choose the type of OSC pluggable. The available option is:	ONS-SC-PTP-1510	ONS-SC-PTP-1510

Bill of materials and layout properties for sides

This table describes various bill of materials and layout properties for the sides of a site.

Table 54: Bill of materials and layout properties for sides

Options	Platform	Description
Bill of Material		
License Suite	NCS 1010	Choose whether the License Suite is Essential (RTU +SIA3) or Advanced (RTU +SIA3).
	NCS 1014	The default option is RTU + SIA3. It is noneditable.
Layout		
Power Supply	NCS 1010	Choose the type of Power Supply. The available options are Auto, AC Power, and DC Power. The default option is Auto. With the <i>Auto</i> option, the default power supply is selected as <i>DC Power</i> .
	NCS 1001	
Chassis Type	NCS 1010	Choose the type of chassis. The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCS 1010 • NCS 1020
NCS1014 Grouping	NCS 1014	This check box is enabled by default. If you enabled NCS 1014 grouping at the site level, then this check box becomes noneditable.
Controller Card	NCS 1010	Choose the type of the controller card. The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • NCS1010-CNTRL-K9 • NCS1010-CNTRL-B-K9
	NCS 1001	NCS1K-CNTRL2 is default.
Redundant Controller Card	NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Displays the redundant controller card, if any. Else displays No.
UTS AC Power Cables	NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Choose the type of cables to be used for the AC power supply. You can choose the cables when the Power Supply is set as <i>AC Power</i> or <i>DC Power</i> .
Redundant Power Scheme	NCS 1010	Choose the redundant power scheme from the drop-down list to configure the number of working and protected power units for the chassis. The available options are Auto, 1+0, and 1+1.
	NCS 1001	

Options	Platform	Description
MF Unit	NCS 1010 NCS 1001	Choose the mechanical frame for the passive optical modules from the drop-down list. The options available are Auto, MF-1RU, and MF-4RU.
Direct LC Add/Drop	NCS 1010	Choose the number of LC ports to reserve for Direct Add/Drop connection. The range of values is 0–14. This property appears for networks from R7.10.1. The chosen option will not be used for Degree Connection.

Enhanced face plate properties for sides

This table describes various enhanced face plate properties for the sides of a site.

Table 55: Enhanced face plate properties for sides

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Degree Priority	NCS 1010	Choose the port type for interconnect degree priority. Note This field appears only when you select NCS 1010 Line Card as <i>Enhanced Faceplate</i> .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Ports • MPO Group 	LC Ports
Direct LC Add/Drop	NCS 1010	Choose the number of LC ports to reserve for Direct Add/Drop connection. This property appears for networks from R7.10.1. The chosen option will not be used for Degree Connection.	The range of values is 0–14.	

Modify C-band amplifier properties

Use this procedure to modify the properties of C-band amplifiers in a site.

Table 56: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Feature Description
Manual Editing of Raman COP values	Cisco ONP Release 4.1	This feature allows you to edit the crosstalk values of the Raman COP amplifier in the SSON network, starting from NCS 2000 Release 11.1.

Table 57: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Feature Description
Inline Amplifier	Cisco ONP Release 4.2	The Inline Amplifier option allows you to enable an inline amplifier in the network. You can simulate the optical feasibility of the network with and without an inline amplifier. Based on the colorless or colored add/drop type selected and the QSFP-DD pluggable status, a default inline amplifier is enabled for the network.



Note Make sure that SMR card is forced on the site before you update the c-band amplifier properties.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface](#)

Procedure

-
- Step 1** Open the network where you want to modify the C-band properties.
- Step 2** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.
Alternatively, click the network name in the network tree, and click **Show Advanced Properties** displayed under the network tree.
- Step 3** In the **Entity Editor** window, click the **Site** tab.
- Step 4** Choose **Sites > Site > Site domain > Side > C-Band**.
- Step 5** Click **C-Band Amplifier** and modify the properties. For detailed property descriptions, refer to:
- [General properties of a C-band amplifier, on page 123](#)
 - [C-band amplifier and attenuator options, on page 126](#)
 - [Raman amplification properties of a C-band amplifier, on page 131](#)
-

General properties of a C-band amplifier

This table lists the general properties of a C-band amplifier.

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
PSD Shape	NCS 1010	Enter a value.	—	Auto
Dual Band PSD Shape	NCS 1010	Enter a value.	—	Auto
Raman COP Tilt	NCS 2000	Enter a value.	—	Auto
Pre Tilt	NCS 2000 NCS 1010	Enter a value.	—	Auto
Raman Tilt	NCS 2000 NCS 1010	Enter a value.	—	Auto
Booster Tilt	NCS 2000 NCS 1010	Enter a value.	—	Auto

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Inline Amplifier	NCS 2000		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Yes—EDFA17 or EDFA35 amplifier is chosen as the default amplifier when you choose colored add/drop module MD-64-C or colorless add/drop MF-6AD-CFS, respectively. See Modify Add/Drop multiplexer properties, on page 135. • No—No amplifier can be forced. • Auto <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EDFA17 amplifier is chosen as the default amplifier when any one of the demands aggregated in MD-64-C has low launch power optical resource or QSFP-DD pluggable is forced. • EDFA35 amplifier is chosen as the default amplifier when any one of the demands aggregated in MF-6AD-CFS has low launch power optical resource or QSFP-DD pluggable is forced. 	Auto

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
		<p>Choose whether inline amplifier can be forced.</p> <p>Note When you configure MF-6AD-CFS+EDFA35 in an SSON or non-SSON network, the optical results show system error for the demands of the same or different types. This error affects the what-if analysis. Hence we recommend choosing the appropriate channel and client attenuators so that the inline amplifier works at the proper gain range.</p> <p>You can view the amplifier added in the IPC, BOM, and Layout tabs, after the successful analysis.</p> <p>Note</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When you add a QDD demand while upgrading a network where the Inline Amplifier property is set as <i>no</i>, the inline amplifier can be included in the network only if you unlock the side and set the Inline amplifier property as <i>Auto</i> or <i>Yes</i>. • Default colorless configuration does not require inline amplifier. • When there are no demands passing through the colored or colorless Add/Drop device, 		

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
		the forced Inline amplifier is not placed.		

C-band amplifier and attenuator options

This table describes the various C-band amplifier and attenuator options you can choose in the C-band properties.

Table 58: C-band amplifier and attenuator options

Options	Platform	Description		
From Fiber				

Options	Platform	Description		
Pre Amp	NCS 2000	<p>Choose a preamplifier from the drop-down list. The default value is Auto. To enable this field for ROADM and Traffic nodes, you must choose SMR-9 or SMR-20 from the Site Type drop-down list under the Site properties.</p> <p>If you choose SMR-9, the available options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SMR9-FS-EDFA17-PRE • SMR9-FS-EDFA24-PRE • SMR9-FS-EDFA24-PRE <p>If you choose SMR-20, the available options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SMR20-FS-EDFA17-PRE • SMR20-FS-EDFA24-PRE <p>For the OLA site, the available options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EDFA35-35-PRE • EDFA35-24-PRE • OPT -EDFA-17 • OPT -EDFA-24 		
	NCS 1010	<p>The options available for NCS 1010 are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • Normal • Extended 		
	NCS 1001	<p>The options available for NCS 1001 are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • NCS1001-PRE-1 • NCS1001-PRE-2 		

Options	Platform	Description		
	NCS 1014	The Pre Amplifier value is decided based on the launch power of the optical source. The default option is Auto. It is noneditable.		
Pre PSD	NCS 1014	The Pre PSD value is picked from LUT. The default option is Auto. It is noneditable.		
Output Power	NCS 2000 NCS 1001	The default value is Auto. You can enter a value.		
Attenuator In	NCS 2000	This field is enabled only when you choose a preamplifier. Choose an attenuator from the drop-down list. The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ATT-LC-2 • ATT-LC-3 • ATT-LC-5 • ATT-LC-7 • ATT-LC-10 • ATT-LC-12 • ATT-LC-15 • ATT-LC-18 		

Options	Platform	Description		
Attenuator Out	NCS 2000	This field is enabled only when you choose a preamplifier. Choose an attenuator from the drop-down list. The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ATT-LC-2 • ATT-LC-3 • ATT-LC-5 • ATT-LC-7 • ATT-LC-10 • ATT-LC-12 • ATT-LC-15 • ATT-LC-18 		
To Fiber				

Options	Platform	Description		
Booster	NCS 2000	<p>The default value is Auto. To enable this field for ROADM and Traffic nodes, you must choose SMR-9 or SMR-20 from the Site Type drop-down list under the Site properties.</p> <p>If you choose SMR-20, the default booster is 20SMR-FS-BST.</p> <p>If you choose SMR-9, default booster is SMR9-FS-EDFA-BST.</p> <p>For the OLA node, the available options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EDFA35-35-BST • EDFA35-24-BST • OPT -EDFA-17 • OPT -EDFA-24 		
	NCS 1010	For NCS 1010, it is OLT-C-EDFA-Bst		
	NCS 1001	<p>The option available for NCS 1001 is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NCS1001-BST 		
First Booster	NCS 1014	<p>The options available are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Normal • Extended 		
Second Booster	NCS 1014	The default option is Auto. It is noneditable.		
Second Booster PSD	NCS 1014	<p>The Pre PSD value is picked from LUT.</p> <p>The default option is Auto. It is noneditable.</p>		
Output Power	NCS 2000 NCS 1001	The default value is Auto. You can enter a value.		

Options	Platform	Description		
Attenuator In	NCS 2000	<p>This field is enabled only when you choose a booster. Choose an attenuator from the drop-down list. The available options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ATT-LC-2 • ATT-LC-3 • ATT-LC-5 • ATT-LC-7 • ATT-LC-10 • ATT-LC-12 • ATT-LC-15 • ATT-LC-18 		
Attenuator Out	NCS 2000	<p>This field is enabled only when you choose a booster. Choose an attenuator from the drop-down list. The available options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ATT-LC-2 • ATT-LC-3 • ATT-LC-5 • ATT-LC-7 • ATT-LC-10 • ATT-LC-12 • ATT-LC-15 • ATT-LC-18 		

Raman amplification properties of a C-band amplifier

This table describes the Raman amplification properties of a C-band amplifier.

Table 59: Raman amplification properties of a C-band amplifier

Options	Platform	Description		
Raman Amp	NCS 2000	<p>Choose the Raman amplifier from the drop-down list.</p> <p>Note To force the RAMAN amplifier on NCS 2000 node, you must enable RAMAN amplified on the fiber, else the Raman Amp is disabled, and network analysis fails.</p> <p>Note When you enable the fiber property Raman amplified and the side property Enable C+L Band S/C for NCS 2000 node, Raman Amp is automatically forced as <i>RAMAN-C+L</i>.</p>	<p>The available options for NCS 2000 ROADM and Traffic sites are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • RAMAN-CTP • RAMAN-COP-CTP <p>Raman Amp can be forced only between two nodes.</p> <p>The available options for the OLA site are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • EDRA1-26 • EDRA1-35 • EDRA2-26 • EDRA2-35 • RAMAN-CTP 	Auto
	NCS 1010	<p>Choose the Raman amplifier from the drop-down list.</p> <p>Note For NCS 1010 network, when Raman is forced on one side, Raman is automatically forced on all connected sides (APC Domain). If there are passthrough nodes connected, Raman will be automatically enabled on both sides of the passthrough nodes.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • None • Raman 	Auto
Raman CTP Gain	NCS 2000	Enter a value.	—	—

Options	Platform	Description		
Raman COP Gain	NCS 2000	Enter a value. This field is enabled only when you choose RAMAN-COP-CTP.	—	—
Raman Gain	NCS 1010	Displays the Raman gain.	—	—
Static Data	NCS 2000	By default, this option is disabled. Enable it to edit the crosstalk values of the Raman COP amplifier. Note Static data is supported from Release 11.1 for SSON network.	—	—
Linear XT Avg	NCS 2000	Edit the value of average linear crosstalk.		
Linear XT Six	NCS 2000	Edit the value average linear crosstalk sigma.		
NonLinear XT Avg	NCS 2000	Edit the value of average nonlinear crosstalk.		
NonLinear XT Sig	NCS 2000	Edit the value of average nonlinear crosstalk sigma.		



Note Raman crosstalk values are present in the ANS file under *logoparameters* section.

Modify L-Band Amplifier Properties

Use this task to modify the properties of an L-band amplifier in a site.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface](#)

Procedure

- Step 1** Open the network where you want to modify the L-band properties.
- Step 2** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.

Alternatively, click the network name in the network tree, and click **Show Advanced Properties** displayed under the network tree.

- Step 3** In the **Entity Editor** window, click the **Site** tab.
- Step 4** Choose **Sites > Site > Site domain > Side > L-Band**.
- Step 5** Click **L-Band Amplifier** to modify the properties.
See [L-band properties, on page 134](#).
- Step 6** Click **Update**.

L-band properties

This table describes various L-band properties.

Table 60: L-band properties

Options	Platform	Description		
General				
PSD Shape	NCS 1010	Enter a Power Spectral Density (PSD) value.	—	—
Dual Band PSD Shape	NCS 1010	Enter Central PSD and Tilt values.	—	—
Pre Tilt	NCS 1010	Enter a value.	—	Auto
Raman Tilt	NCS 1010	Enter a value.	—	Auto
Booster Tilt	NCS 1010	Enter a value.	—	Auto
From Fiber				
Pre Amp	NCS 1010	Choose the pre amplifier	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Normal • Extended 	
To Fiber				
Booster	NCS 1010	Displays the Booster amplifier.	—	OLT-L-EDFA-Bst

Modify Add/Drop multiplexer properties

Table 61: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
User-Defined Colorless Ports Distribution for CCMD Card in NCS 1010 Network	Cisco ONP Release 24.3.1	The new property, Colorless Port Distribution is introduced under the Add/Drop Multiplexer properties. This property allows you to select the number of CCMD cards to connect to the LC ports of the enhanced OLT and determine the number of channels for each chosen CCMD card. It provides the flexibility to choose the desired number of CCMD cards and distribute the colorless ports across them.

Table 62: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Feature Description		
Modify Properties of Add/Drop Multiplexer and Demultiplexer	Cisco ONP Release 4.2	You can create and validate network designs by choosing colored and colorless add/drop multiplexers and demultiplexers, and interlever under C-Band > Add/Drop . The following options are supported in this release:		
		Type of Add/Drop	Options	Network Supported
		Colorless	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Direct SMR • MF-6AD-CFS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SSON • Non-SSON
		Colored	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MD-64-C • MD-48-ODD • MD-48-EVEN • MD-48-ODD+MD-48-EVEN 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SSON • Non-SSON
		Interlever	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MpoCable • MD-48-CM 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-SSON

Use this procedure to modify the properties of the add/drop multiplexer in a site.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

- Step 1** Open the network where you want to modify the Add/Drop multiplexer properties.
- Step 2** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.
- Step 3** In the **Entity Editor** window, navigate to **Sites > Site > Site domain > Side > C-Band**
- Step 4** Click **Add/Drop** and modify the properties in the next pane. For the property descriptions, refer to:
- [General Add/Drop multiplexer properties, on page 136](#)
 - [MPO connector properties, on page 141](#)
 - [LC connector properties, on page 142](#)
- Step 5** Click **Update**.
-

General Add/Drop multiplexer properties

This table describes the general properties of the Add/Drop multiplexers.

Table 63: General Add/Drop multiplexer properties

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Colored Add/Drop	NCS 2000		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MD-64-C: Passive optical multiplexer and demultiplexer module (for SSON network) • None • Auto <p>Cisco ONP adds some options automatically based on the colored demands created and the wavelengths you configure in the non-SSON network. These options include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MD-48-ODD • MD-48-EVEN • MD-48-ODD + MD-48-EVEN • MD-32-ODD • MD-32-EVEN • MD-32-ODD + MD-32-EVEN 	Auto

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
		<p>Choose the colored add/drop multiplexer and demultiplexer.</p> <p>To mix 16-AD-CCOFS and MD-48-ODD/EVEN on the same MPO port of SMR-20 and connect MD-48-ODD/EVEN to SMR-20 via MPO-8LC and UPG-4, enable the Shared SMR port and select the required colored Add/Drop.</p> <p>The MD-32 and MD-48 add/drop configuration with MD-64-C are supported for all NCS 2000 network version in CONP 26.1.1.</p> <p>MD-32 configuration is</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MD-32-ODD refers to NCS1K-MD-32O-CE at 150 GHz spacing • MD-32-EVEN refers to NCS1K-MD-32E-CE at 150 GHz spacing • MD-32-ODD + EVEN refers to both ODD and EVEN at 75 GHz spacing <p>MD-48 configuration is</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MD-48-ODD refers to 15216-MD-48-ODD at 100 GHz spacing • MD-48-EVEN refers to 15216-MD-48-EVEN at 100 GHz spacing • MD-48-ODD + EVEN refers to 15216-MD-48-ODD and 15216-MD-48-EVEN at 50 GHz spacing 		

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
	NCS 1010	Choose the colored add/drop multiplexer and demultiplexer for NCS 1010.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • None • MD-32-EVEN • MD-32-ODD • MD-32-ODD+MD-32-EVEN 	Auto
	NCS 1001	Choose the colored add/drop multiplexer and demultiplexer for NCS 1001. Note Choose an Add/Drop type with a Baud rate that matches the Optical Source Baud rates.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • MD-64 • MD-32-EVEN <p>Note In pre-R2511 networks, MD-32-EVEN refers to N1K-MD-32E-C patch panel. In R2511 networks, NCS1K-MD-32E-CE replaces N1K-MD-32E-C. For pre-R2511 networks with MD-32E-C add/drop option, you need to reset the add/drop option to Auto and then to MD-32-EVEN and reanalyze the network to add the new MD-32E-CE PID.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MD-32-ODD • MD-48-EVEN • MD-48-ODD • MD-48-ODD+MD-48-EVEN • FLD-4 (10 variants) 	Auto
	NCS 1014	Choose the colored add/drop multiplexer and demultiplexer for NCS 1014.		Auto

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • NCS1K-MD-32O-CE • NCS1K-MD-32E-CE • MD32ODD+MD32EVEN— Combination of both MD-32-CE add/drop panels. 	
Colorless Add/Drop	NCS 2000	Choose the colorless add/drop multiplexer and demultiplexer for NCS 2000.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • Direct SMR: SMR-20 and SMR-9 cards that are directly connected to the colorless channels through MF-MPO-16-LC and MF-MPO-8-LC respectively. • MF-6AD-CFS: 6 Port Add/Drop Module (supported only for ROADM starting from NCS 2000 system release 11.0, and traffic site). <p>Note If you choose MF-6AD-CFS for a side, choose the same for other sides of the site.</p>	Auto
	NCS 1010	Choose the colored add/drop multiplexer and demultiplexer for NCS 1010. Note QDD optical sources are not supported (both as optical source and pluggable) with colorless BRK-8, BRK-16, or BRK-24 configurations.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • None • BRK-8 • BRK-16 • BRK-24 	Auto

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Interlever Type	NCS 2000	Choose the interleaver type from the drop-down list. Note Interlever Type property is visible and editable only for Line sides of Multi-Degree nodes having Site Type property as <i>SMR-9</i> and Scalable Upto Degree property as 8 under the C-Band tab at the Site level.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • MpoCable • MD-48-CM 	Auto

MPO connector properties

This table describes the properties of MPO connectors that are used in Add/Drop multiplexers.

Table 64: MPO connector Add/Drop properties

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Colorless Add/Drop	NCS 1010	Note MPO Connector Add/Drop appears for networks from R7.10.1. Note You cannot use QDD optical sources (as either an optical source or pluggable) with colorless BRK-8, BRK-16, or BRK-24 configurations.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • None • BRK-8 • BRK-16 • BRK-24 	Auto
Colorless Ports	NCS 1010	Enter the number of colorless ports. Note For the R7.10.1 network, you can assign a maximum of 48 colorless ports. The assigned ports are applicable to the MPO ports. For the R7.11.1 network, you can assign a maximum of 128 colorless ports.	—	0 If you keep the default value, Cisco ONP automatically calculates the number of colorless ports based on the number of circuits you added and colorless add/drop units you have configured.

LC connector properties

This table describes the properties of LC connectors that are used in Add/Drop multiplexers.

Table 65: LC connector Add/Drop properties

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Colorless Add/Drop	NCS 1010	<p>Note LC Connector Add/Drop appears for networks from R7.11.1.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • None • NCS1K14-CCMD-16C 	Auto
Colorless Ports	NCS 1010	<p>Enter the number of colorless ports.</p> <p>Note For the R7.10.1 network, you can assign a maximum of 48 colorless ports. The assigned ports are applicable for the LC ports. For the R7.11.1 network, you can assign a maximum of 128 colorless ports.</p>	—	<p>0</p> <p>If you keep the default value, Cisco ONP automatically calculates the number of colorless ports based on the number of circuits you added and colorless add/drop units you have configured.</p>

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Colorless Ports Distribution	NCS 1010		—	—

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Click the field to open the Colorless Ports Distribution pop-up window. • Choose the NCS1K14-CCMD-16C for each of the LC ports, A/D 4 to A/D 17. • Select the number of ports for each CCMD card, ensuring the total does not exceed 128. • Click Submit. <p>When allocating LC ports, consider these priorities:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Degree connection 2. Direct LC ports <p>You can allocate CCMD cards only to LC ports that remain after other allocations.</p> <p>If the Degree Priority under Site Properties is set to LC Ports, the number of CCMD cards that can be forced on the line side edges depends on the number of degrees (including omni and line degrees, depending on the scalable degree) and the Direct LC ports.</p> <p>This is explained in this formula:</p> <p>Maximum number of CCMDs Allowed = 14 - (scalableUptoDegree - 1) - Direct LC add/drops - Number of Omni Edges</p> <p>The number of ports that you have selected is displayed in the field.</p>		

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
		<p>When the Enable Special Settings under the Network properties is enabled, and if the Colorless Ports Distribution has not been set previously, the property defaults to <i>16, 16, 0</i>. In this case, three LC ports are already used for CCMD card.</p> <p>Note For omnidirectional sides, you can select the CCMD card for every LC port.</p> <p>After successful analysis of the network, you can view the port distribution under the Layout > Node Diagram tab.</p> <p>Currently, this property is supported only for the enhanced plate.</p>		

Modify L-Band Add/Drop multiplexer properties

Use this procedure to modify the properties of the Add/Drop multiplexer in a site.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

-
- Step 1** Open the network where you want to modify the L-band Add/Drop multiplexer properties.
 - Step 2** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.
 - Step 3** In the **Entity Editor** window, navigate to **Sites > Site > Site domain > Side > L-Band**.
 - Step 4** Click **Add/Drop** and modify the properties in the next pane. Refer to [L-band Add/Drop multiplexer properties, on page 145](#) for property descriptions.
-

L-band Add/Drop multiplexer properties

This table describes the properties of L-band Add/Drop multiplexers.

Table 66: L-band Add/Drop multiplexers properties

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
General				
Colorless Add/Drop	NCS 1010	<p>Note Only L-band optical sources are supported. Pluggables are not supported in L-band networks.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • None • BRK-8 • BRK-16 • BRK-24 	Auto
MPO Connector Add/Drop				
Colorless Add/Drop	NCS 1010	<p>Note MPO Connector Add/Drop appears for networks from R7.10.1.</p> <p>Note QDD optical sources are not supported (both as optical source and pluggable) with colorless BRK-8, BRK-16, or BRK-24 configurations.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • None • BRK-8 • BRK-16 • BRK-24 	Auto
Colorless Ports	NCS 1010	Enter the number of colorless ports.	—	<p>0</p> <p>If you keep the default value, Cisco ONP automatically calculates the number of colorless ports based on the number of circuits you added and colorless add/drop units you have configured.</p> <p>Note For the R7.10.1 network, you can assign a maximum of 48 colorless ports. The assigned ports are applicable for a combination of LC and MPO ports.</p> <p>For the R7.11.1 network, you can assign a maximum of 128 colorless ports.</p>

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
LC Connector Add/Drop				
Colorless Add/Drop	NCS 1010	Note LC Connector Add/Drop appears for networks from R7.11.1.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • None • NCS1K14-CCMD-16L 	Auto
Colorless Ports	NCS 1010	Enter the number of colorless ports.	—	<p>Note</p> <p>For the R7.10.1 network, you can assign a maximum of 48 colorless ports. The assigned ports are applicable for a combination of LC and MPO ports.</p> <p>For the R7.11.1 network, you can assign a maximum of 128 colorless ports.</p>

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
Colorless Ports Distribution	NCS 1010		—	—

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Click the field to open the Colorless Ports Distribution pop-up window. • Choose the NCS1K14-CCMD-16C for each of the LC ports, A/D 4 to A/D 17. • Select the number of ports for each CCMD card, ensuring the total does not exceed 128. • Click Submit. <p>When allocating LC ports, consider these priorities:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Degree connection 2. Direct LC ports <p>You can allocate CCMD cards only to LC ports that remain after other allocations.</p> <p>If the Degree Priority under Site Properties is set to LC Ports, the number of CCMD cards that can be selected on the line side edges depends on the number of degrees (including omni and line degrees, depending on the scalable degree) and the Direct LC ports.</p> <p>This is explained in this formula:</p> <p>Maximum number of CCMDs Allowed = 14 - (scalableUptoDegree - 1) - Direct LC add/drops - Number of Omni Edges</p> <p>The number of ports that you have selected is displayed in the field.</p>		

Options	Platform	Description	Available options	Default
		<p>When the Enable Special Settings under the Network properties is enabled, and if the Colorless Ports Distribution has not been set previously, the property defaults to <i>16, 16, 0</i>. In this case, three LC ports are already used for CCMD card.</p> <p>Note For omnidirectional sides, you can select the CCMD card for every LC port.</p> <p>After successful analysis of the network, you can view the port distribution under the Layout > Node Diagram tab.</p> <p>This property is supported only for the enhanced plate.</p>		

Modify client properties

Use this task to modify the properties of a client-side attenuator in a site.

Before you begin

Table 67: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Feature Description
Channel Attenuators	Cisco ONP Release 4.2	You can set up channel attenuators for QSFP-DD demands. You can choose different channel attenuators based on the specific configuration and check for the optical feasibility of the channel.

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface](#)

Procedure

Step 1 Open the network where you want to modify the client properties.

- Step 2** Choose **Network > Entity Editor**.
Alternatively, click the network name in the network tree, and click **Show Advanced Properties** displayed under the network tree.
- Step 3** In the **Entity Editor** window, click the **Site** tab.
- Step 4** Choose **Sites > Site > Site domain > Side > Clients > Channel-Attenuators**.
- Step 5** In the right pane of the **Entity Editor** window, modify properties of the client-side attenuator.
See [Client properties, on page 151](#) for the descriptions.
- Step 6** Click **Update**.

Client properties

This table describes various System Release properties under the Network properties.

Properties	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
General				
Wavelength	NCS 2000	This column displays the selected wavelength.	—	—
New Wavelength - Auto	NCS 2000	<p>Click Edit to select a Flex Grid or Fixed Grid wavelength.</p> <p>Note Select Fixed Grid (64-Chs) for SSON network with NCS1K-MD-64-C card.</p> <p>Note NCS1K-MD-64-C card has First Channel limitation for Colored sites. First Channel (196.1 THz) in Fixed Grid (64-Chs) wavelength supports only Terminal Add/Drop sites and not ROADM sites.</p>	—	—

Properties	Platform	Description	Available options	Default option
RX-Attenuator	NCS 2000	Choose an RX-Attenuator from the drop-down list. Note You must select a wavelength to edit this field.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • None • ATT-LC-2 • ATT-LC-3 • ATT-LC-5 • ATT-LC-7 • ATT-LC-10 • ATT-LC-12 • ATT-LC-15 • ATT-LC-18 	Auto
TX-Attenuator	NCS 2000	Choose a TX-Attenuator from the drop-down list. Note You must select a wavelength to edit this field.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto • None • ATT-LC-2 • ATT-LC-3 • ATT-LC-5 • ATT-LC-7 • ATT-LC-10 • ATT-LC-12 • ATT-LC-15 • ATT-LC-18 	Auto
New Wavelength	NCS 1001	Click Add to select a wavelength.		

Sort the Network Elements

You can sort the sites, services, fibers, waves, and SRLG in ascending or descending order. This feature is useful for huge networks, making it quick to locate the required site, fiber, wave, or SRLG names.

Follow these steps to sort the network elements in the network tree.

Procedure

- Step 1** Open the network where you want to sort the network elements.
- Step 2** Click the **Ellipsis** icon available in the right side of the network element in the network tree, such as **Sites**, and choose **Ascending** or **Descending**.
The network elements are sorted based on the alphabets, numbers, and, alphanumeric.

Modify Flexgrid properties

Follow these steps to modify the properties of the optical subnet.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

- Step 1** Open the network where you want to modify the optical subnet properties.
- Step 2** In the network tree, choose **Subnet > OpticalSubnet** and select the required Flexgrid.
- Step 3** Click the optical subnet name, and modify the properties.
This table describes various general properties of an optical subnet.

Table 68: General properties of an optical subnet

Property	Platform	Description
Name	NCS 2000 NCS 1010	Name of the optical subnet
CBand Rules	NCS 2000 NCS 1010	Same as the name of the optical subnet
Spectral Density	NCS 2000 NCS 1010	Spectral Density of the optical subnet

Property	Platform	Description
Max Number Of Channels	NCS 2000 NCS 1010	Displays based on network demand.
Fiber links	NCS 2000 NCS 1010	Available fibers in the networks
Current subnet	NCS 2000 NCS 1010	Check box for the current subnet
Band Type	NCS 2000 NCS 1010	Displays the band type for the subnet
Auto	NCS 2000 NCS 1010	Check box to enable Basic Auto SD selection for the optical subnet.

Regenerator sites

A regenerator site is a network location that

- restores and amplifies weakened optical signals affected by attenuation and dispersion,
- converts degraded optical signals to electrical signals and back through Optical-Electrical-Optical (OEO) conversion, and
- enables efficient long-distance signal transmission by maintaining signal integrity across the optical fiber.

In optical networks, as fiber length increases, unavoidable issues such as attenuation (signal power loss) and dispersion (signal spreading) degrade signal quality. These effects can significantly impact network performance over long distances, making it necessary to use regenerators to ensure reliable and efficient transmission.

Ensuring signal quality through regeneration sites

Cisco ONP supports establishing regeneration sites within optical networks. These sites are essential for maintaining signal integrity over long distances, as they utilize regenerators to enhance overall network performance. A regeneration site can be configured only as a ROADM site within Cisco ONP.

Create a regeneration site

Table 69: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Feature Description
Wavelength Forcing at the Section Level	Cisco ONP Release 4.1	This feature enables you to assign distinct wavelengths to various sections of the Regen sites

Follow these steps to create a regeneration site in the network.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

Step 1 Open the network where you want to create a regeneration site.

Step 2 In the network tree, expand **Waves**, select a wave and drill down to its trail.

Note

If the network is an SSON network or an NCS 1010 network, you see **Media Channels** or **Circuits** respectively. Instead of waves. Expand **Media Channels** or **Circuits**, and drill down to its trail.

Step 3 Click the trail to view its properties.

Step 4 From the **Regen Sites** drop-down list, select a regeneration site.

Note

If you select a fiber from the **Path of Wave** drop-down list, you cannot select any regeneration site to force a path. Similarly, if you select a regeneration site, you cannot force a path for the wave. However, if you want to force a fiber, select the fiber from the **Path of Wave** drop-down list available under the section properties.

Step 5 If required, select the wavelength of each section in the properties for non-SSON network.

Note

For the SSON network, you can select the wavelength only at the trail level.

Step 6 Click **Update**.

Whenever a regeneration site is created, a new section is added along with the existing section under the trail. Regeneration can be performed using any two cards back-to-back or with a dedicated regenerator card.

Step 7 Click **Analyze** to analyze the network.

After analysis, if you click trail or section in the network tree, the map highlights the trail in orange color and the section in green color.

Note

You can assign different wavelengths for different sections. The **Wavelength** property under trail is denoted as "*", when different wavelengths are assigned for different sections.

You can also add a regeneration site when you are designing a new network or upgrading a network.

Multidegree ROADM

A multidegree ROADM is a network node configuration that

- enables a site to connect to two or more fiber spans,
- allows flexible routing of wavelengths across multiple paths in a mesh network, and
- supports higher degrees than simpler ROADMs, which typically connect only two directions.

You can design a multidegree ROADM configuration in Cisco ONP using cascaded SMR .

Design a multidegree ROADM site using cascaded SMR

Use this procedure to design a multidegree ROADM site in your network, using cascaded SMR modules.

When designing a multidegree ROADM site using cascaded SMR, be aware of these limitations:

- The configuration only supports contentionless add/drop demands.
- Layer-2 SMR is supported only for the SMR-20 card.

Before you begin

[Log in to the Cisco ONP web interface.](#)

Procedure

- Step 1** Design a network. For detailed instructions, see the [Manually design a network using Cisco ONP](#) task.
- Step 2** Modify these site properties.
- Set the **Structure** to *Multidegree* in the **C Band** section.
 - Set the **Site Type** to *SMR-20* in the **C Band** section.
 - Set **Degree Mesh Type** to *Auto* or to *DEG-5/UPG-4* in the **C Band** section.
 - Check the **Evolved Mesh** and **Cascaded SMR** check boxes in the **General** section.
 - Set the **Mpo16TOMpo8** to *MPO16To2MPO8* cable in the **General** section.
- Step 3** Add a contentionless side to the site. For detailed steps, see the [Add contentionless side to a site, on page 51](#) task.
- Step 4** Modify the number of contentionless side ports for the site as needed. For detailed steps, see the [Modify the number of contentionless side ports at a site , on page 54](#) task.
-