

Release Notes for Cisco Optical Network Controller, Release 24.3.x

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Cisco Optical Network Controller Overview

Cisco Optical Network Controller is an SDN Domain Controller for Cisco Optical Networks. Optical Network Controller collects optical data which is used to provide network information in an abstracted format to higher layer controllers. This abstraction enables a centralized control of a Cisco Optical Network.

Some of the features of Cisco Optical Network Controller are:

- Serves as a domain controller for optical products and provides data to Hierarchical Controllers. Optical Network Controller supports a standardized TAPI model which enables it to abstract the device level details from hierarchical controller.
- As a Provisioning Network Controller (PNC), monitors the topology (physical or virtual) of the network, and collects information about the topology, and setup/teardown of optical circuits.
- PCE service provides optical path computation to other Cisco Optical Network Controller services.



Note

For more details on how to model an alien wavelength or transceiver, etc through Cisco Optical Network Planner see Cisco Optical Network Planner Manage Alien.

What's New in Cisco Optical Network Controller, Release 24.3.2

Cisco is continuously enhancing the product with every release and this section covers a brief description of key features and enhancements.

Feature	Description
Geo Redundant Cisco Optical Network Controller Deployment	Geo Redundant Deployment allows integration of multiple Cisco Optical Network Controller instances into a Geo Supercluster, enhancing service availability and resilience across multiple regions. The setup operates in a 1+1+1 configuration with an active node, a standby node, and an arbitrator node for active node selection. This deployment ensures continuous service and failover capabilities during regional outages, supporting high availability needs.

What's New in Cisco Optical Network Controller, Release 24.3.1

Cisco is continuously enhancing the product with every release and this section covers a brief description of key features and enhancements.

Feature	Description
Single Sign On Authentication through SAMLv2	The Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) SSO feature allows you to gain single sign-on access based on the SAMLv2 protocol. Also, SSO user credential authentication works only for local users.
Unmanaged Equipment	Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 supports unmanaged devices.
Support	Unmanaged devices are third party devices that can be included in the Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 circuit trails connected to transponders.
	The MXD65-ADVA-FSP-3000-METRO-DCI-OLS appearing as 3LS in the circuit link.
Sites Audit Log Support	Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 supports two set of logs:
	• Audit logs: Help in auditing all the Cisco Optical Network Controller operation. This includes both the user and traffic related operations done on COSM or node.
	Debug logs: Refer to developer logs.
	Archive logs: Help in scheduling and archiving the logs.
PSM Fiber Protection Support	Protection Switching Module (PSM) is a Cisco Optical Network Controller feature that protects the Optical Multiplex Section (OMS) segment in the optical network.
	It ensures the continuity of signal transmission by automatically switching circuit paths in case of any fiber cut.
	PSM card is supported by Cisco Optical Network Controller only on the NCS 1001 chassis.
Service Assurance and Topology Acknowledged Alarm Mute Support	Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 helps in muting low priority alarms and disable them from appearing in the Topology , Service Assurance , Network Monitoring , and Circuit Monitoring screens.
	As it helps in having only the selected alarms to appear on the screen, instead of the entire set of all the acknowledged alarms, there by avoiding unwanted clutter on the screen.
Service Assurance Live PM Support	From Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 release onwards, fiber information and span loss details are added newly to the Topology live PM tool tip.
	There are new details added for: Fiber Type, Length, Source Min Expected Spanloss, Source Max Expected Spanloss, Destination Min Expected Spanloss, Destination Min Expected Spanloss, Destination Max Expected Spanloss, Destination Max Expected Spanloss, Span Loss.

NCS1K4-OTN-XP and NCS1K4-2-QDD-C-K9 Line Cards Support	From Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 onwards, the following line cards are enabled on the NCS 1004 chassis:	
	• NCS1K4-OTN-XP	
	• NCS1K4-2-QDD-C-K9	
PM History Support	The Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 release includes a new application called PM History.	
	The PM History application is made available in Network Monitoring workspace and it interacts with Topology for links. It is also available in the Service Monitoring workspace interacting with the Detailed Service Path if circuit is available.	
Software Image Management and Upgrade Support	Software Image Management and Upgrade (SWIMU) application manages the software image backups, restores, and upgrades in Cisco Optical Network Controller.	
Network Level Alarm Correlation Support	The Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 release includes Network Level Alarm Correlation (NLAC) which identifies and correlates the root cause alarm with other alarms in a network circuit during a loss of network connection.	

In addition to these features the new Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 UI includes the following applications.

Application	Description
Software Image Management and Upgrade (SWIMU)	Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 provides an interactive map view for the software image backups, restores, and upgrades. Software Image Management and Upgrade application screen has the Node Backup and Restore screen which can be used for Nodes and Groups , Topology and the Backup Jobs . SWIMU helps in configuring SFTP servers using Configure SFTP Server .
	For details on how to view or use this application see <i>Cisco Optical Network Controller</i> 24.3.1 Configuration Guide.
PM History	Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 provides an interactive map view for PM History application. PM history allows you to view and generate PM data history reports for nodes or interfaces. For the sequential selection of each parameters in the order of nodes, interval, selected date time range, interface types, port name and locations.
	For details on how to view or use this application see <i>Cisco Optical Network Controller</i> 24.3.1 Configuration Guide.
Logs	Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 provides an interactive map view for Logs viewer application. The log viewer application supports two set of logs called Audit and Debug logs. Along with providing support Archives of logs.
	For details on how to view or use this application see <i>Cisco Optical Network Controller</i> 24.3.1 Configuration Guide.

Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 supports the following new REST APIs.

- Cisco Optical Network Controller Alarm Service API
- Cisco Optical Network Controller Circuit Service API
- Cisco Optical Network Controller Inventory Service API
- · Cisco Optical Network Controller osapi-gw Service API
- Cisco Optical Network Controller PM Service API
- Cisco Optical Network Controller Torch Service API

Software and Hardware Requirements

Software Requirements

Cisco Optical Network Controller, Release 24.3.x supports the following software versions.

Table 1: Software Support

Hardware and Software	Version
NCS 1001	Cisco IOS XR Release 7.10.1
NCS 1004	Cisco IOS XR Release 24.3.1
NCS 1014	Cisco IOS XR Release 24.3.1
NCS 1010	Cisco IOS XR Release 24.3.1
Cisco Optical Site Manager	Cisco IOS XR Release 24.3.1

Data Center Requirements

Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.x can be deployed using VMware vCenter server version 7.0 and vSphere server and client with version 7.0. It is deployed on rack or blade servers within vSphere. To aid in the deployment, Cisco has developed a cluster installation tool. This tool works in both environments.

The following list contains the prerequisites of Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.x installation.

- Before installing Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.x, you must log in in to the VMware customer center and download VMware vCenter server version 7.0, as well as vSphere server and client with version 7.0. Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.x is deployed on rack or blade servers within vSphere.
- ESXi host must be installed on servers with vSphere version of 7.0 to support creating Virtual Machines (VM).
- Before the Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.x installation, three networks must be created.

Control Plane Network:

The control plane network helps in the internal communication between the deployed VMs within a cluster. If you are setting up a standalone system, this can refer to any private network.

VM Network or Northbound Network:

The VM network is used for communication between the user and the cluster. It handles all the traffic to and from the VMs running on your ESXi hosts and this is your Public network through which the UI is hosted.

• Eastbound Network:

The Eastbound network can be a private network for standalone setups. It requires one private IP address, a gateway, and a DNS server. If the node is not exposed to the internet, the DNS server must be an internal DNS, otherwise you can use an internet DNS.

VM Host Requirements

This section explains the VM host requirements.

The minimum requirement for Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.x installation is given in the table below.

Table 2: Minimum Requirement

Profile	CPU (in cores)		Memory (GB)		Disk (TB)
	Worker Node	Abitrator Node	Worker Node	Abitrator Node	
XS	16	8	64	32	0.8
S	32	8	128	32	1.5
M	48	8	256	32	1.5

vCPU to Physical CPU Core Ratio

We support a vCPU to Physical CPU core ratio of 2:1 if hyperthreading is enabled and the hardware supports hyperthreading. Hyperthreading is enabled by default on Cisco UCS servers that support hyperthreading. In other cases, the vCPU to Physical CPU core ratio is 1:1.

The requirements based on type of deployment are given in the following table:

Table 3: Deployment Requirements

Deployment Type	Requirements
Standalone (SA)	Control Plane: 1 IP (this can be a private network).
	Northbound Network/VM Network: 1 IP (this must be a public network)
	Eastbound Network: 1 IP (this can be a private network).
Geo Redundant Deployment	3X Control Plane Networks: 1 IP each (this can be a private network).
	3X Northbound Network/VM Networks: 1 IP each (this must be a public network)
	3X Eastbound Networks: 1 IP each (this can be a private network).

Table 4: VM Host Requirements

Requirement	Description
Additional Storage	10 GB (approximately) of storage is required for OVA installation.
Network Connections	For production deployments, we recommend that you use three interfaces, one each for the Eastbound, Northbound, and Control Plane networks.
	For optimal performance, the Eastbound, Northbound networks should use links configured at a minimum of 1 Gbps with latency less than 100 ms.
	The Control Plane Network must have a 10 Gbps link.
IP Addresses	Three IP subnets, Control Plane, Northbound Network, Eastbound Network are necessary.
	• The IP addresses must be able to reach the gateway address for the network where Cisco Optical Network Controller Data Gateway is installed, or the installation fails.
	At this time, your IP allocation is permanent and cannot be changed without re-deployment. For more information, contact your Cisco Customer Experience team.
NTP Servers	The IPv4 addresses or host names of the NTP servers you plan to use. If you want to enter multiple NTP servers, separate them with spaces. These should be the same NTP servers you use to synchronize the Cisco Optical Network Controller application VM clock, devices, clients, and servers across your network.
	• Ensure that the NTP servers are reachable on the network before attempting installation. The installation will fail if the servers cannot be reached.
	 The ESXi hosts that will run the Cisco Optical Network Controller application and Cisco Optical Network Controller Data Gateway VM must have NTP configured, or the initial handshake may fail with "certificate not valid" errors.
DNS Servers	The IPv4 addresses of the DNS servers you plan to use. These should be the same DNS servers you use to resolve host names across your network.
	• Ensure that the DNS servers are reachable on the network before attempting installation. The installation will fail if the servers cannot be reached.
DNS Search Domain	The search domain you want to use with the DNS servers, for example, cisco.com. You can have only one search domain.

Important Notes

Cisco Optical Network Controller Infrastructure and applications are built to run as a distributed collection
of containers managed by Kubernetes. The number of containers varies as applications are added or
deleted.

Caveats

Open Caveats in Release 24.3.2

The following table lists the open caveats for Cisco Optical Network Controller, Release 24.3.2

Identifier	Headline
CSCwo22085	GeoHA: Unable to download Archives Logs on current active which were collected in previous active
CSCwn88682	GeoHA: Support for continuity of Audit log across switchovers.
CSCwo11497	Alarms don't clear after fiber restore if COSM device is not in the UTC time zone
CSCwn80607	GeoHA: monitoring pod on new Active Cluster not in running state after steady state failover
CSCwo42065	PM: After Switchover, PM Jobs downloads return empty files
CSCwo35553	PM job files are missing from the dropdown list in PM history App

Open Caveats In Release 24.3.1

The following table lists the open caveats for Cisco Optical Network Controller, Release 24.3.1

Identifier	Headline	
CSCwm37061	CONC 3.2:PM -> Intermitently PM History values are not coming at CONC for all interfaces /ports	
CSCwk44010	EDFA card of NCS1001 has a logicalPort with a reference to a not existing physical port	
CSCwm64059	in ONC service assurance page, "composite power" values of transponder ports are reversed (TX/RX)	
CSCwm65026	Frequency selection from chart allows frequencies out of range	
CSCwk85765	ONC_REMOVE_ALL_DEVICES : COSM node deboard stuck due to NBIService: INIT	
CSCwm47733	Issue in retrieving PM history	
CSCwm60870	Device creation entries are not tracked randomly in audit logs	
CSCwk80077	Inventory not update after adding 1004 device in already onboarded COSM	
CSCwm65619	estimated power values are not correct for MD32 passive on NCS1001 setup	
CSCwm66599	in ONC circuit monitoring page, "composite power" values of one PSM ports are reversed (TX/RX)	

Identifier	Headline
CSCwm39982	Circuit creation Failed with PCE Find Channel Failed[PCE-PR00001] - No routes available Error
CSCwi68546	CONC 3.1 may not support multiple restconf queries by multiple clients with "Basic Authentication"
CSCwm45410	Re-creating the Degree on the ADVA devices does not show the degree on the COSM UI
CSCwm27954	ONC_17842_ONC_17843: 4 OMS links in OSA but 3 OMS links in tapi(Due to inventory out-of-order notif)
CSCwm67803	Only on clicking the ack mute toggle config icon ack mute changes are reflected on workspace app
CSCwm47352	after cards swap on NCS1001, an unexpected PPM was present under PSM card
CSCwk79273	Abstract strands are not in line with expectation:
CSCwm49150	CONC 3.2: Service Assurance ->Wrong Alignment of Degree No. in Detailed service path
CSCwm10610	NCS1001 circuit operationalState on ILA path is not correct
CSCwm55487	Mismatch in Port Operational State: Expected 'ENABLED', Found 'DISABLED
CSCwh41027	cannot delete device immediately after onboard complete.
CSCwm65602	after NCS1001 EDFA card plugin/plugout, inventory data was not properly updated
CSCwm56267	SSO users not supported in APIs
CSCwm34355	CONC 3.2:PM -> Repeated power value in CONC for different prev interval , in COSM its correct
CSCwm68474	after fiber restore, the fiberspan was still DISABLED in ONC
CSCwm14668	service path for NCS1001 ILA scenario is wrongly reported

Resolved Caveats in Release 24.3.1, Service Pack 1

The following table lists the caveats resolved in Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 Service Pack 1

Identifier	Headline
CSCwm85621	PM Data is empty for emulated node when PM collection is in progress just after 15min time
CSCwm37061	CONC 3.2:PM -> Intermitently PM History values are not coming at CONC for all interfaces /ports
CSCwm66599	in ONC circuit monitoring page, "composite power" values of one PSM ports are reversed (TX/RX)

Identifier	Headline
CSCwm64059	in ONC service assurance page, "composite power" values of transponder ports are reversed (TX/RX)
CSCwm67803	Only on clicking the ack mute toggle config icon ack mute changes are reflected on workspace app
CSCwm34355	CONC 3.2:PM -> Repeated power value in CONC for different prev interval , in COSM its correct
CSCwm32556	Longevity : Nbi Service Memory grows periodically
CSCwm68474	after fiber restore, the fiberspan was still DISABLED in ONC

Bug Search Tool

Cisco Bug Search Tool (BST) is a web-based tool that acts as a gateway to the Cisco bug tracking system that maintains a comprehensive list of defects and vulnerabilities in Cisco products and software. BST provides you with detailed defect information about your products and software.

Using the Cisco Bug Search Tool

You can use the Cisco Bug Search Tool to search for a specific bug or to search for all bugs in a release.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Go to the http://tools.cisco.com/bugsearch.
- **Step 2** Log in using your registered Cisco.com username and password.

The Bug Search page opens.

- **Step 3** Use any of these options to search for bugs, and then press Enter (Return) to initiate the search:
 - To search for a specific bug, enter the bug ID in the Search For field.
 - To search for bugs based on specific criteria, enter search criteria, such as a problem description, a feature, or a product name, in the Search For field.
 - To search for bugs based on products, enter or select a product from the Product list. For example, if you enter "WAE," you get several options from which to choose.
 - To search for bugs based on releases, in the Releases list select whether to search for bugs affecting a specific release, bugs that were fixed in a specific release, or both. Then enter one or more release numbers in the Releases field.
- **Step 4** When the search results are displayed, use the filter tools to narrow the results. You can filter the bugs by status, severity, and so on.

To export the results to a spreadsheet, click **Export Results to Excel**.

Other Important Information and References

Cisco Optical Network Controller Documentation

This section lists the guides that are provided with Cisco Optical Network Controller, Release 24.3.1:

- Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.x Installation Guide
- Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.x Configuration Guide
- Cisco Optical Network Controller API Documentation

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