



Using Layouts

A single plan can contain numerous layouts, each containing its own set of visual properties. Given the complexity of networks, you might need to create different layouts for numerous reasons. For instance, you might need to simplify sections of the network for better analysis or planning purposes. Another use might be to display a geographic layout or a schematic layout.

The attributes that are set and saved on a per-layout basis are hide/show objects, interface styles, site name placement, and all plot options. You can save the plot options as user defaults, thus making it easier to apply the same plot options to different layouts.

Saving a plan file saves all layouts. Once plot layouts have been designed for a particular plan file, you can copy them to another plan file by selecting the File->Copy From Template menu.

Weathermap vs. Design Layouts

There are two layout types: Weathermap and Design.

- The Weathermap layout is designed for use in a static, non-interactive view of a fixed network layout, with an emphasis on seeing operational issues such as high utilization. It is recommended for creating and editing WAE Live weathermap templates.
- The Design layout is more useful for interactive work where the emphasis is on detailed interactions and network editing. It is recommended for planning and design work within the WAE Design GUI. The WAE Design Archive application only supports the Design layout.

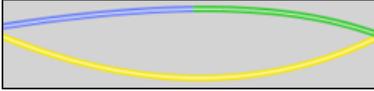
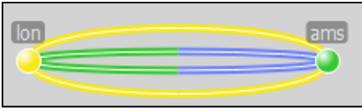
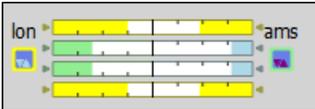


Note

Plan files open using the layout named Default, which is a Design layout. If this is your first time opening a plan file and you are modifying it to use in WAE Live, you must first either create a Weathermap layout or change the Default type to be a Weathermap layout. For instructions, see the [Create or Edit Layouts](#) section.

The conventions described in this guide apply to both Weathermap and Design layout types, but there are key differences between the two. [Table 3-1](#) describes these differences, and [Figure 3-1](#) shows an example of each layout using the same topology and canvas.

Table 3-1 Differences Between Weathermap and Design Layouts

Description	Weathermap Layout	Design Layout
<p>The shape and size of the circuits differ.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Weathermap circuits have a fixed width. They can also be curved to enhance a static network view. Design circuits show different widths depending on capacity. These circuits cannot be curved. <p>Example: In the graphs on the right, the top circuit has a capacity of 1,000 Mbps, and the circuit on the bottom has a capacity of 10,000 Mbps.</p>		
<p>In Weathermap layouts, the traffic utilization color fills the entire interface. In Design layouts, the color fills up the interface proportional to traffic utilization levels.</p>		
<p>Parallel circuits render differently. In both layouts, color fill of the grouped circuit shows this average. In the Design layout, however, the circuit is divided lengthwise into its constituent interfaces, and each interface has a colored border showing the utilization of that interface.</p>	 	 
<p>The default utilization colors are different. The Weathermap layout uses more saturated and more appropriate colors for static viewing in a Web browser, whereas the Design colors are more suitable for the interactive work in the GUI.</p>		
<p>The site icon and site name appear differently.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In the Weathermap layout, the color of the site icon is the maximum utilization color of all intrasite interfaces within the site. The site icon does not reflect whether interfaces from it are collapsed. In the Design layout, the color of the site border is the maximum utilization color of all intrasite interfaces within it. <p>Up/down triangles in a site reflect interfaces from it are collapsed.</p>	 <p>With and Without Collapsed Interfaces</p>	 <p>Without Collapsed Interfaces</p>  <p>With Collapsed Interfaces</p>

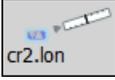
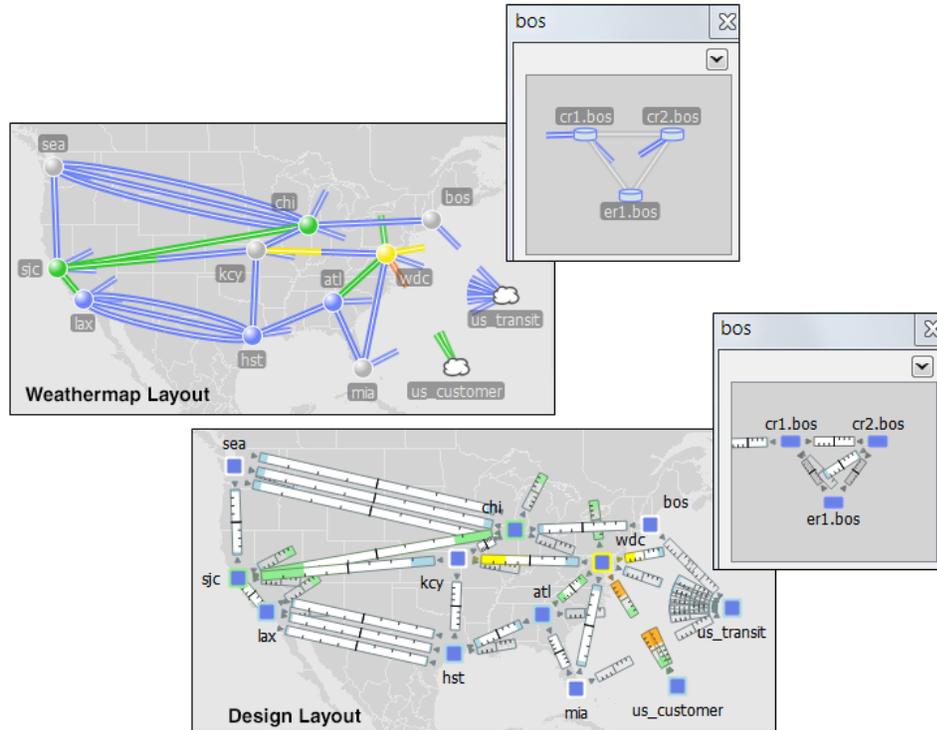
Description	Weathermap Layout	Design Layout
<p>The node icon and node name appear differently. In the Weathermap layout, the node icon does not reflect whether interfaces from it are collapsed, whereas in the Design layout, it does.</p>		
<p>The peer site icon and peer name appear differently. In the Weathermap layout, peering sites (that is, any site containing one or more external AS nodes) appears as a cloud. In the Design layout, they have the same appearance as sites, and, like other sites, they reflect whether interfaces from them are collapsed.</p>		

Figure 3-1 Example Weathermap and Design Layouts Using the Same Topology and Canvas



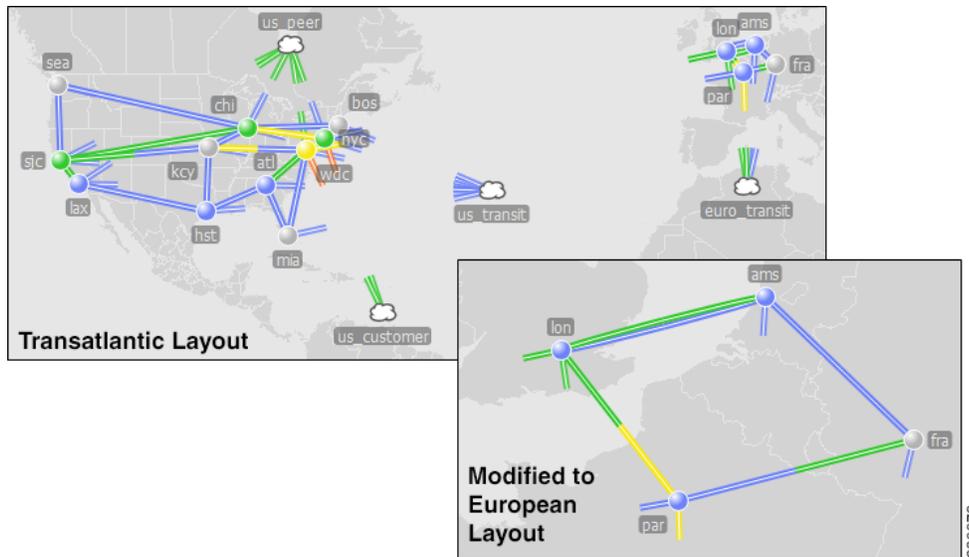
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Create or Edit Layouts

You can create or edit layouts to change the appearance or to narrow or broaden what you see in the plan file. This might be useful, for example, to focus on a specific section of a network. For example, [Figure 3-1](#) shows a transatlantic layout that was modified to show only the European sites. Following are a few of the ways in which you might choose to create or edit layouts.

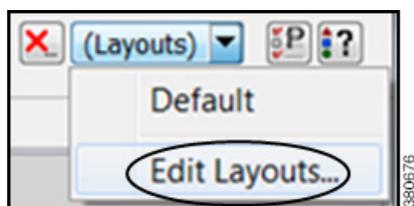
- Modify interface style. For example, you might want to shorten the interfaces to external sites.
- Show or hide sites.
- Arrange objects.
- Change the background map.
- Make other visual changes to the plot, such as identifying how circuits and interfaces appear.

Figure 3-2 Example Modified Weathermap Layout



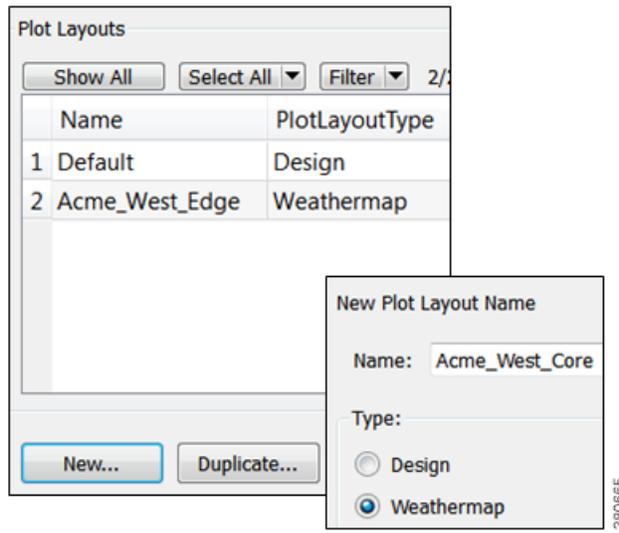
Create Layouts

Step 1 Select Edit Layout from the Layouts drop-down list. The Edit Plot Layouts dialog box appears.



Step 2 You can use either New or Duplicate to create a new layout, or use the Edit option to edit existing layouts.

- To create a new layout based on the layout that is currently open, click New.
 1. In the New Plot Layout dialog box, enter the layout name.
 2. Select whether this is a Design or Weathermap layout.
 3. Click OK.



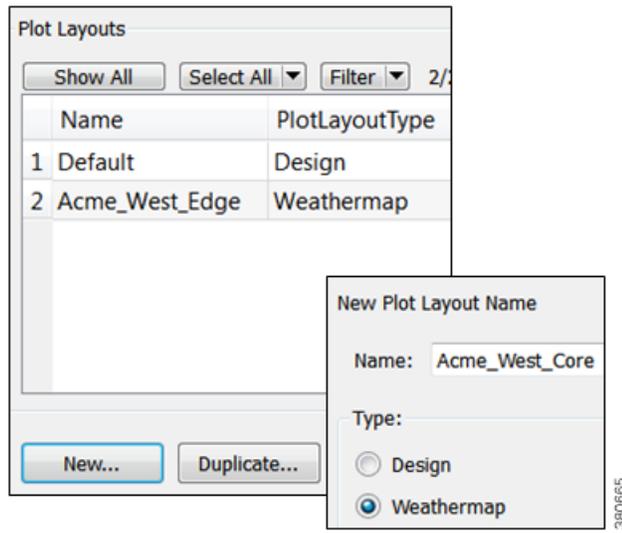
If the sites have longitude and latitude coordinates defined, those are preserved. Otherwise, the sites are arranged in a square formation. Other plot settings are set to their defaults.

- To duplicate the layout exactly, select an existing layout, and then click Duplicate. Enter the name, and then click OK. This copies the layout type (Design or Weathermap). If you need to change the layout type, you must then edit it.

Step 3 Click OK in the Edit Plot Layouts dialog box.

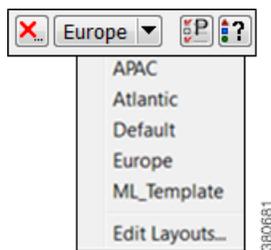
Edit Layout Name or Type

- Step 1** Select the name of an existing layout from the Edit Layouts menu, and then click Edit.
- Step 2** Modify the name, the type, or both, and then click OK.
- Step 3** Click OK in the Edit Plot Layouts dialog box.



View Layouts

To view a layout, click on the Layout icon in the top, right corner, and select the desired layout from the drop-down list.



Related Topics

- [Visualizing a WAE Network](#) chapter
- [Plan Files and Templates](#) chapter
- [WAE Design GUI and Remote WAE Live](#) chapter
- [WAE Design GUI and Remote WAE Design Archive](#) chapter
- [WAE Design GUI and Remote WAE Core Server](#) chapter