Managing Southbound and Northbound Interfaces

Cisco Prime Optical uses protocols such as CORBA, SNMP, and HTTP to provide southbound and northbound interfaces to communicate with NEs and operations support systems (OSSs).

This chapter contains the following information:
- How Do I Manage Southbound Interfaces?, page 12-1
- How Do I Manage Northbound Interfaces?, page 12-3

How Do I Manage Southbound Interfaces?

The Prime Optical server communicates with NEs through the data communications network (DCN) by using several protocols (CORBA, SNMP, HTTP, and so on).

You can access NEs in Prime Optical through:
- NE Explorer—Provides detailed rack, shelf, and card-level views of an NE. Detailed NE attributes and parameters are viewable and configurable.
- Craft Interface—Depending on the NE model, Prime Optical provides access to NE craft interfaces such as CTC, Cisco Edge Craft, web browsers, and the command line interface (CLI). Table 2-4 on page 2-8 lists the available craft interfaces by NE model.

**Note**
A CLI session might not have a scroll bar, depending on the operating system you are using. To enable the scroll bar on Solaris, hold down the Ctrl key, click the middle button of your mouse, and choose enable scroll bar.

Southbound Port Details

This section explains the ports that Prime Optical uses to communicate with NEs. For more information, see, Southbound Port Details.

Using a Static CORBA Listener Port on the Prime Optical Server

See CTC IIOP Port Configuration, page 4-67.
Client-Server Communication Protocols

This section explains the protocols that Prime Optical uses for client-server communication. For more information, see Client-Server Communication Protocols.

Changing the Prime Optical Server Port

Normally, users do not change the Prime Optical server port. In cases where the Prime Optical server port is used for other applications, use the NE Service pane to change the TCP port number of the Prime Optical server. All Prime Optical clients use the IMOCO port to connect to the Prime Optical server.

Step 1  In the Domain Explorer window, choose Administration > Control Panel.

Step 2  In the Control Panel window, click NE Service to open the NE Service pane. Click the NE Poller tab.

Step 3  In the Prime Optical Server Port field, change the server port. The server port in the Active column displays the current port. The server port in the After Restart column displays the port that is active after the server is restarted.

Step 4  Click Save. Changes to this parameter take effect only after the server is restarted.

Changing the HTTP Server Port

If other applications use the HTTP server port, you can change the default port. Complete the following steps:

Step 1  Open a shell on the Prime Optical server workstation and enter the following command to shut down the Prime Optical server:

```bash
opticalctl stop
```

Step 2  Enter the following commands to change directories to the HTTP server directory and create a copy of the configuration file:

```bash
cd /Apache/conf
cp httpd.conf httpd.conf.ori
```

Step 3  Locate the following lines in the httpd.conf file:

```bash
Listen IP-address:8051
Listen 127.0.0.1:8051
ServerName IP-address:8051
```

In each of these lines, replace the default port 8051 with the new HTTP server port.

Step 4  Enter the following command to start the Prime Optical server:

```bash
opticalctl start
```

Step 5  On each Prime Optical client, locate the following line in the `Prime Optical-client-installation-directory/config/ems_client.cfg`:

```bash
Apache_port=\:8051
```
Replace 8051 with the new HTTP server port.

Caution
Be sure to repeat this change on each Prime Optical client.

Step 6
Launch the Prime Optical client. To verify that the HTTP services are working, choose Help > Current Window in the Domain Explorer.

How Do I Manage Northbound Interfaces?

Prime Optical GateWay is an architectural component that provides northbound EMS-to-NMS interface mediation. Prime Optical GateWay allows service providers to integrate Prime Optical with their OSSs by using open, standard interfaces.

Prime Optical supports three gateway modules that provide northbound EMS-to-NMS interface mediation. Not all NE types are supported by each module. Table 2-2 on page 2-3 shows the NE types supported by each gateway module. This section contains the following information:

- Managing Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP, page 12-3
- Managing Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA, page 12-10

Managing Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP

SNMP is a network management protocol used almost exclusively in TCP/IP networks. SNMP allows you to monitor and control network devices, manage configurations, collect statistics, check performance, and monitor security.

Prime Optical’s GateWay/SNMP feature provides an SNMP trap forwarding service, where any trap generated or received by the server workstation will be forwarded to the set of defined trap destinations. Traps are autonomous notifications sent by an SNMP agent to an SNMP manager, such as HP Open View. Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP does not support southbound SNMP relaying (SNMP SET, GET, and GETNEXT).

The primary advantage of Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP is to limit the amount of traffic on the wide-area DCN. Imagine NEs deployed over a wide geographic area and a centralized network operations center where the management systems are located. If there are five OSs required to receive NE traps, instead of having each NE send five traps over the wide area to each OS, send a single trap to Prime Optical, which can then relay the trap locally in the NOC to the other OSs. NE configuration is also simpler because only one trap destination needs to be configured on each NE.

Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP supports SNMPv1, SNMPv2c, and SNMPv3 traps. SNMPv2c traps contain the Prime Optical host IP address in the source address of the IP packet.

SNMPv3 traps contain the OSS username, authentication protocol, authentication password, privacy protocol, and privacy password.

To enable the OS to determine which NE sent the trap, the trap must be defined with a variable binding that indicates the source NE.

Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP applies to any NE with an SNMP interface.
How Do I Manage Northbound Interfaces?

Note  
Table 2-2 on page 2-3 shows the NEs that support Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP.

The following figure shows the Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP communications architecture within a service provider’s OSS environment.
Figure 12-1  Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP Communications Architecture
Starting and Stopping the Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP Service

Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP is a Prime Optical process that can be separately started and stopped through the Control Panel. NEs must be configured with the Prime Optical server IP address as a trap destination for traps to be sent from the NEs to Prime Optical.

**Step 1**
In the Domain Explorer window, choose Administration > Control Panel.

**Step 2**
In the Control Panel window, click GateWay/SNMP Service. Table 12-1 provides descriptions.

**Step 3**
In the Status area, click the Start button to start Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP. Notice that the service status toggles to Active.

**Step 4**
Click Stop to stop the service. The service status toggles to Not Active.

**Note**
The Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP Service can take up to 60 seconds to initialize after the GUI status has changed to indicate that the service is up. The status is an indication of the successful initiation of the service startup, not successful initialization. To avoid problems with the service hanging, wait at least 60 seconds after starting or stopping the service before restarting it.

Adding and Removing a Prime Optical GateWay/SNMPv1 or Prime Optical GateWay/SNMPv2 Host

You can configure up to 16 SNMP trap destination hosts for Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP. Prime Optical enforces a duplication check error to ensure that you do not enter duplicate OSS IP addresses.

**Step 1**
In the Domain Explorer window, choose Administration > Control Panel.

**Step 2**
In the Control Panel window, click GateWay/SNMP Service. The following table provides descriptions.

**Step 3**
In the SNMP Hosts field, enter a valid IP address or hostname for the SNMP forwarding host; then, click Add. To remove an SNMP host, select the IP address or hostname of the host and click Remove.

**Step 4**
Repeat for each host to be added or removed; then, click Save.

**Table 12-1 Field Descriptions for the GateWay/SNMP Service Pane**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Service Status</td>
<td>Displays the current status of the service: Active or Not Active.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Action</td>
<td>Allows you to stop or start the Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP service. Notice that the Service Action button toggles between Stop or Start and the Service Status field changes accordingly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine ID</td>
<td>Displays the unique identifier for the given Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP application that Prime Optical is communicating with. The engine ID is used to configure the OSS application to receive traps from Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP. The engine ID is generated the first time you install the Prime Optical server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNMP Hosts</td>
<td>Displays the IP address or hostname of the host where each SNMP trap will be forwarded. You can enter up to 16 valid IP addresses or hostnames. Use the Add and Remove buttons to add or remove IP addresses or hostnames.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Configuring Northbound OSS SNMPv3 Users—Optical NEs

You can use the OSS SNMPv3 Users table to add, modify, or delete OSS SNMPv3 users.

This section contains the following procedures:
- Viewing the OSS SNMPv3 Users Table, page 12-7
- Adding an OSS SNMPv3 User, page 12-7
- Modifying an OSS SNMPv3 User, page 12-8
- Deleting an OSS SNMPv3 User, page 12-9

Viewing the OSS SNMPv3 Users Table

To view the OSS SNMPv3 Users table, choose Administration > GateWay/SNMP Users in the Domain Explorer window. The following table provides descriptions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Username</td>
<td>Name of the user who authenticates the SNMPv3 trap. The name must contain from 6 to 53 alphanumeric characters. The name cannot contain spaces or special characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Authentication Protocol</td>
<td>Type of encryption used to authenticate the SNMPv3 user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP Address</td>
<td>IP address to which to forward the SNMPv3 trap.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Privacy Protocol</td>
<td>Privacy protocol set for the SNMPv3 user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNMP Port</td>
<td>OSS destination port number. The default port number is 162.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNMP Version</td>
<td>SNMP version number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine ID</td>
<td>Unique identifier for the given Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP application that Prime Optical is communicating with. The engine ID is used to configure the OSS application to receive traps from Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP. The engine ID is generated the first time you install the Prime Optical server.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Adding an OSS SNMPv3 User

SNMPv3 user profiles are stored in the OSS SNMPv3 Users table.

**Step 1** In the Domain Explorer window, choose Administration > GateWay/SNMP Users. The OSS SNMPv3 Users table opens.

**Step 2** Choose Edit > Add (or click the Create a New User tool). The Add OSS SNMPv3 User dialog box opens. The following table provides descriptions.

**Step 3** After providing the required information, click OK.
How Do I Manage Northbound Interfaces?

### Step 1
In the Domain Explorer window, choose **Administration > GateWay/SNMP Users**. The OSS SNMPv3 Users table opens.

### Step 2
Select the SNMPv3 user to modify; then, choose **Edit > View/Modify** (or click the **Modify User Properties** tool). The Modify OSS SNMPv3 User dialog box opens. Table 12-3 provides descriptions.

### Step 3
Modify the fields described in Table 12-3.

### Note
The IP Address and Username fields are read-only.

### Step 4
Click **OK**. The updated user profile is listed in the OSS SNMPv3 Users table.

---

**Table 12-3: Field Descriptions for the Add/Modify OSS SNMPv3 User Dialog Box**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OSS IP Address</td>
<td>Enter the IP address to which to forward the SNMPv3 trap.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Username</td>
<td>Enter a unique name for the new user. The name must contain from 6 to 53 alphanumeric characters. The name cannot contain spaces or special characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNMP Port</td>
<td>Enter the OSS destination port number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Authentication Protocol</td>
<td>Authentication protocol for the OSS SNMPv3 user. Choose the authentication protocol to use for authenticating the user. Values are No Auth, MD5 (the default), or SHA.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Authentication Password | Enter the password used to authenticate the SNMPv3 user. The password must contain:  
  - From 1 to 12 characters  
  - At least one special character other than an apostrophe (‘)  
  - At least two letters (A-Z, a-z), including at least one uppercase letter  
  - At least one number (0-9)  
  **Note** Regardless of the actual length of the password, the Password and Confirm Password fields display only a fixed-length string of 15 asterisks (*). |
| Confirm Authentication Password | Re-enter the password to confirm it.                                      |
| Privacy Protocol       | Select the privacy protocol set for the SNMPv3 user. You can choose one of the following:  
  - NoPriv—No privacy protocol for the user.  
  **Note** The Privacy Protocol can be set to No Priv only when the Authentication Protocol is set to No Auth.  
  - DES—Use Data Encryption Standard (DES) for encryption. |
| Privacy Password       | Enter the password used to decrypt the message payload.                    |
| Confirm Privacy Password | Re-enter the privacy password to confirm it.                               |
Deleting an OSS SNMPv3 User

**Step 1**
In the Domain Explorer window, choose Administration > GateWay/SNMP Users. The OSS SNMPv3 Users table opens.

**Step 2**
Select the SNMPv3 user to delete; then, choose Edit > Delete (or click the Delete User tool).

**Step 3**
Click OK in the confirmation dialog box.

Configuring SNMP on Optical NEs

SNMP must be configured for each NE that uses Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP. This section contains the following procedures:

- Configuring SNMP for the ONS 15216 EDFA2 and EDFA3, page 12-9
- Configuring SNMP for the ONS 15305, page 12-9
- Configuring SNMP for CTC-Based NEs, page 12-9

For additional information, refer to the NE user documentation.

**Note**
- When configuring SNMP on NEs, make sure that no other SNMP daemon is running on the designated Prime Optical server host.
- If you enter the `opticalctl status` command after configuring SNMP, Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP is not shown. This is because the `opticalctl status` command shows all of the Prime Optical processes and Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP is not a separate process. Use the Service Monitor table to view the status of Prime Optical GateWay/SNMP.

Configuring SNMP for the ONS 15216 EDFA2 and EDFA3

For the ONS 15216 EDFA2 and EDFA3, SNMP trap entries are added automatically when the NE is added to Prime Optical. See Using SNMP, page 5-15 for more information.

Configuring SNMP for the ONS 15305

For information on how to configure SNMP for the ONS 15305, see the Cisco ONS 15305 Installation and Operations Guide.

Configuring SNMP for CTC-Based NEs

**Note**
This section details how to configure SNMP v1/v2 from the NE to the server. For information on configuring SNMPv3 for CTC-based NEs, see Managing SNMPv3—CTC-Based Release 9.6 NEs, page 8-62.
How Do I Manage Northbound Interfaces?

Step 1
Select a CTC-based NE in the Domain Explorer tree and choose Configuration > NE Explorer (or click the Open NE Explorer tool).

Step 2
In the node properties pane, click the Network tab; then, click the SNMP subtab.

Step 3
(Not applicable to the ONS 15600) To allow SNMP proxy, check the Allow SNMP Proxy check box.

Step 4
(Not applicable to the ONS 15600) To use the SNMP management software with the NE, check the Allow SNMP Set check box.

Step 5
(Not applicable to the ONS 15600) Click Apply.

Step 6
Click Create. The Create SNMP Trap Destination dialog box opens. The following table provides descriptions.

Step 7
After making your selections, click OK.

Step 8
Click Apply.

Table 12-4 Field Descriptions for the Create SNMP Trap Destination Dialog Box

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IP Address</td>
<td>Enter the IP address of your NMS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community Name</td>
<td>Enter the SNMP community name. For a description of SNMP community names, refer to the SNMP information in the NE reference guide.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Note</strong> The community name is a form of authentication and access control. The community name assigned to the ONS 15600 is case-sensitive and must match the community name of the NMS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UDP Port</td>
<td>Set the UDP port for SNMP. The default port is 162. Allowed UDP port values are 162, 391, and values between 1024 and 65535.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trap Version</td>
<td>Set the Trap Version field for either SNMPv1 or SNMPv2. See your NMS documentation to determine whether to use SNMPv1 or SNMPv2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Traps per Second</td>
<td>Enter the maximum number of traps per second that will be sent to the SNMP manager. A zero value indicates that there is no maximum and all traps are sent to the SNMP manager.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Managing Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA

Note
This section provides a high-level overview of Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA. For detailed information about Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA, including how to enable username and password encryption, set the heartbeat event, and create OSS clients, refer to the Cisco Prime Optical 9.8 GateWay/CORBA User Guide and Programmer Manual.

The Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA) is a middleware platform defined by the Object Management Group (OMG). The Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA option is a CORBA-based interface that provides higher-layer management systems with fault, inventory, performance,
configuration, Layer 1 circuit provisioning, and Layer 2 VLAN management information for NEs. The Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA option is based on the TeleManagement Forum (TMF) standards for the NMS-to-EMS interface.

Because it is CORBA-based, Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA is independent of the hardware that the integrated OSS is running. This independence allows service providers to easily add Prime Optical as a building block of their management environment.

Note

Table 2-2 on page 2-3 shows the NEs that support Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA.

The following figure shows the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA communications architecture within a service provider’s OSS environment.

**Figure 12-2 Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Communications Architecture**

Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA is based on the following TMF standards:
- TMF513 v3.0: Multi-Technology Network Management Business Agreement
- TMF608 v3.0: Multi-Technology Network Management Information Agreement
- TMF814 v3.0: Multi-Technology Network Management Solution Set

**Configuring the CORBA Timeout**

The CORBA timeout determines the number of seconds that the Prime Optical server has to process a CORBA call and return it to the Prime Optical client. If the Prime Optical server does not return a response in time, CORBA automatically times out.

**Step 1**
Open the ems-client.cfg file.

By default, the ems-client.cfg file is located in the following directory:
- Windows: C:\Cisco\TransportManagerClient\config
- Sun Solaris: /opt/CiscoTransportManagerClient/config

**Step 2**
Set the CORBA_Call_Timeout_Seconds parameter to the desired value. The default timeout is 120 seconds; the recommended range is from 120 to 300 seconds.
How Do I Manage Northbound Interfaces?

Note
If the NE is busy or if the Prime Optical server is processing many requests, you might need to increase the CORBA timeout parameter accordingly.

Step 3
Save and close the ems-client.cfg file.

Starting or Stopping Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA

Step 1
In the Domain Explorer window, choose Administration > Control Panel.

Step 2
Click GateWay/CORBA Service to open the GateWay/CORBA Service pane.

Step 3
In the Global tab > Status area, click the Start button to start GateWay/CORBA or the Stop button to stop the service.

Note
The Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Service can take up to 60 seconds to initialize after the GUI status has changed to indicate that the service is up. The status is an indication of the successful initiation of the service startup, not successful initialization. To avoid problems with the service hanging, wait at least 60 seconds after starting or stopping the service before restarting it.

Viewing the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Service Pane

Use the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Service pane to start and stop the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA service and configure CORBA ports and parameters. The following table provides descriptions.

Note
In CTM R9.2, Prime Optical server ports can be configured from the Ports Configuration tab. Unless otherwise noted, all port configuration changes require a Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA restart.

Table 12-5 Field Descriptions for GateWay/CORBA Service Pane

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Global Tab</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Status</td>
<td>Displays the current status of the service: Active, Not Active, or Not Installed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Action</td>
<td>Allows you to stop or start a process. Notice that the Service Action button toggles between Stop and Start, and the Service Status field changes accordingly. This field is not available if the Service Status is Not Installed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable Encryption for Username and Password</td>
<td>When checked, usernames and passwords are transmitted between the EMS server and the OSS in encrypted format. The maximum encryption length is 53 bytes. If this check box is unchecked, Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA usernames and passwords are transmitted without encryption. By default, encryption is disabled at installation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 12-5  Field Descriptions for GateWay/CORBA Service Pane (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Heartbeat for Notification Channel</td>
<td>Notifies the OSS if a failure in the notification service has occurred. The heartbeat is measured in minutes; the range is 0 to 999 minutes. A zero value implies that the heartbeat is disabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Number of Simultaneous Sessions</td>
<td>Specifies the number of Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA sessions that can be active at the same time. The range is from 4 to 25; the default is 4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Events per Consumer</td>
<td>Sets the MaxEventsPerConsumer administrative quality of service (QoS) parameter on the notification channel. The notification server uses this property to bound the maximum number of events in a given channel allowed to queue at any one time. The default value is 0, meaning that the notification server does not limit the maximum number of events that can be queued. If no limits are imposed on the queue, the notification server might run out of memory, because the server must keep all events in memory until they are consumed by all registered consumers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Caution</strong> Any change to this value should be done with extreme caution. If you set the value too low, the NMS cannot receive all notifications. If you set the value too high, the Prime Optical notification server runs out of memory. The current value can handle alarm bursts of 10,000 events per minute.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notification Service Name</td>
<td>Defines the service name used by the resolve_initial_reference function to get a reference to the notification service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA installation installs the notification service. However, if you want to use your own notification service, you can modify this parameter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Note</strong> You do not need to modify this parameter if you plan to use the notification service that is bundled with Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notification Service Naming Context</td>
<td>Defines the naming context of the notification service. This property is used when the resolve_initial_reference function fails to resolve the notification service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA contacts the naming service to resolve the name context defined in this property. The value of this property must match the value published by your notification server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Note</strong> You do not need to modify this parameter if you plan to use the notification service that is bundled with Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notification Service Factory IOR Filename</td>
<td>Enter the notification service factory Information Object Repository (IOR) filename located in the /opt/CiscoTransportManagerServer/openfusion/domains/OpenFusion/localhost/NotificationService/NotificationSingleton/NotificationService.ior directory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The FactoryIORFile property defines the path to a text file that contains the IOR of the notification service. This property is used only after the resolve_initial_reference function and the naming service both fail. Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA opens the file as defined by the URL format in this property and retrieves the IOR. This parameter allows you to run your notification service on a different host to improve performance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Note</strong> You do not need to modify this parameter if you plan to use the notification service that is bundled with Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name Service Server List</td>
<td>Defines where the name servers are running. Accepts a comma-separated list of hostnames.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name Service Root IOR</td>
<td>Defines the path to find the naming service’s IOR on each host defined on the server list. The complete path is constructed as &lt;http://&lt;item&gt;_of_ServerList&gt;&lt;RootIORLoc&gt;.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
How Do I Manage Northbound Interfaces?

Viewing the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Users Table

The Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Users table displays information about OSS CORBA client properties. To launch the table, choose Administration > GateWay/CORBA Users in the Domain Explorer window. The following table provides descriptions. Use the toolbar icons to create, modify, or delete OSS client users.
Adding a Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA User

OSS client profiles are stored in the GateWay/CORBA Users table.

**Step 1** In the Domain Explorer window, choose Administration > GateWay/CORBA Users. The GateWay/CORBA Users table opens.

**Step 2** Choose Edit > Add (or click the Create a New User tool). The Add GateWay/CORBA User dialog box opens. The following table provides descriptions.

**Step 3** After making your selections, click OK. The new profile is visible when the GateWay/CORBA Users table is refreshed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OSS Profile Name</td>
<td>Enter a unique name for the new OSS profile. The name must contain from 6 to 53 alphanumeric characters. The name cannot contain spaces or special characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Password</td>
<td>Enter the password that the OSS client uses to log into the Prime Optical server. The password must contain:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• From 1 to 12 characters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• At least one special character other than an apostrophe (’')</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• At least two letters (A-Z, a-z), including at least one uppercase letter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• At least one number (0-9)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Note</td>
<td>Regardless of the actual length of the password, the Password and Confirm Password fields display only a fixed-length string of 15 asterisks (*).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confirm Password</td>
<td>Re-enter the password to confirm it.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Modifying a Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA User’s Properties

Step 1  In the Domain Explorer window, choose Administration > GateWay/CORBA Users. The GateWay/CORBA Users table opens.

Step 2  Select the CORBA user profile to modify; then, choose Edit > View/Modify (or click the Modify User Properties tool). The Modify GateWay/CORBA User dialog box opens. Table 12-7 provides descriptions.

Step 3  After making any necessary modifications, click OK. The updated profile is visible when the GateWay/CORBA Users table is refreshed.

Deleting a Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA User

Step 1  In the Domain Explorer window, choose Administration > GateWay/CORBA Users. The GateWay/CORBA Users table opens.

Step 2  Select the CORBA user profile to delete; then, choose Edit > Delete (or click the Delete User tool).

Step 3  Click OK in the confirmation dialog box.

Note  Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA does not allow an OSS profile to be deleted if there are active users logged in using that OSS profile.

Viewing Logged-In Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Users

Step 1  In the Domain Explorer window, choose Administration > GateWay/CORBA Users. The GateWay/CORBA Users table opens.

Step 2  Choose Administration > Logged In GateWay CORBA Users (or click the Show Logged In GateWay CORBA Users tool). The Active GateWay/CORBA Users table opens. The following table provides descriptions.

Table 12-8  Field Descriptions for Active GateWay/CORBA Users Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OSS Profile Name</td>
<td>Name of the OSS profile. Each client has a unique alphanumeric name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSS IP Address</td>
<td>IP address of the OSS client that is authenticated by Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA during the initial connection request made by the OSS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Login Time (time zone)</td>
<td>Time stamp when the CORBA user logged in.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Ending an Active GateWay/CORBA User Session

Step 1  In the Domain Explorer window, choose Administration > GateWay/CORBA Users. The GateWay/CORBA Users opens.

Step 2  Choose Administration > Logged In GateWay CORBA Users (or click the Show Logged In GateWay CORBA Users tool). The Active GateWay/CORBA Users table opens.

Step 3  In the Active GateWay/CORBA Users table, select the user whose session will be ended and choose Administration > Log Out GateWay CORBA User (or click the Log Out GateWay CORBA User tool).

Changing the Default Settings of Prime Optical Server and OSS CORBA Client Ports

For each connected OSS, JacORB uses several ports that have the following functions, as illustrated in Figure 12-3:

- Session port—The main channel used for handshakes between the OSS and the CORBA gateway. The CORBA gateway assigns this port to a random value between free ports in the system.
- Notification service port—The channel used to receive notifications from the CORBA gateway.
- Name service port—The port used to request a new session. The value is always fixed; the default port number is 14005.
- Session ping port—The channel used to establish a keep-alive handshake between the gateway and the OSS. The CORBA gateway assigns this port to a random value between free ports in the system.
- Notification service event port—A second port range used to push alarms or events from the CORBA gateway to the OSS. This port is a keep-alive channel like the previous association to the notification channel.
Figure 12-3  Sample CORBA Gateway Static Port Settings

Caution
Errors resulting from changing the Prime Optical server ports or the OSS CORBA client ports can cause unpredictable system behavior.

Note
- It is recommended that you back up the current configuration files before changing the default settings.
- You can change the default settings only for OSS CORBA client ports that use JacORB.
You can change the default values of the following ports:

- **OSS CORBA client ports:**
  - Object Adapter Port, page 12-19
  - Source Port Range, page 12-20
  - NAT Between the Prime Optical Server and OSS CORBA Client, page 12-20

- **Prime Optical server ports:**
  - NameService Port, page 12-20
  - NotificationService Port, page 12-20
  - EMSSession Port, page 12-21
  - Ping Server-to-Client Port Range, page 12-21
  - Notification Event Port Range, page 12-22

**Note** You can also set Prime Optical server port values from the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Service pane > Port Configuration tab. For more information, see Viewing the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Service Pane, page 12-12.

To set static values for CORBA gateway ports, it is strongly recommended that you follow these steps:

**Step 1** With the Prime Optical server running, use the Control Panel to set the notification service port and the session port. See NotificationService Port, page 12-20 and EMSSession Port, page 12-21.

**Step 2** Enter the following command to stop the Prime Optical server:

```
opticalctl stop
```

**Step 3** Disable IMR. See Disabling IMR, page 12-22.

**Step 4** Set the session ping port range. See Ping Server-to-Client Port Range, page 12-21.

**Step 5** Set the name service port. See NameService Port, page 12-20.

**Step 6** Set the notification service event port range. See Notification Event Port Range, page 12-22.

**Step 7** Enter the following command to start the Prime Optical server:

```
opticalctl start
```

**Step 8** Whenever you establish a new CORBA gateway session, use the `netstat` command to verify the actual ports in use and compare them to the newly added session.

**Object Adapter Port**

If you want to use a fixed port for the OSS CORBA client, change the value of the --DOAPort property. The --DOAPort property should be added to the file that launches the OSS CORBA client application. If there are two client instances running on the same machine, there should be two different port settings.
How Do I Manage Northbound Interfaces?

Source Port Range

Step 1  Open the jacorb.properties file from the OSS CORBA client directory.

Step 2  Change the value of the following properties:

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{jacorb.net.socket_factory} & = \text{org.jacorb.orb.factory.PortRangeSocketFactory} \\
\text{jacorb.net.socket_factory.port.min} & = xxx \\
\text{jacorb.net.socket_factory.port.max} & = yyy
\end{align*}
\]

NAT Between the Prime Optical Server and OSS CORBA Client

If Network Address Translation (NAT) exists between the Prime Optical server and OSS CORBA client, configure the \text{jacorb.ior_proxy_host=xxx.xx.xx.xxx} property from the jacorb.properties file to receive Prime Optical server callback messages and server-to-client pings. The \text{xxx.xx.xx.xxx} variable is the IP address of NAT inside global address.

NameService Port

Note  You can also set the Name Service port value from the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Service pane > Port Configuration tab. For more information, see Viewing the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Service Pane, page 12-12.

Step 1  Enter the following command to stop the Prime Optical server:

\text{opticalctl stop}

Step 2  Open the NameService.xml file from the \\
\text{/opt/Prime Optical-server-directory/openfusion/domains/localhost/NameService} directory.

Step 3  Change the value of the \text{Port} property to the desired value. The default value is 14005.

Step 4  Enter the following command to stop the Prime Optical server:

\text{opticalctl start}

Step 5  Complete the following substeps to verify the new value of the port:

a.  Enter the following command in the \text{/opt/CiscoTransportManagerServer/openfusion/bin} directory:

\text{./manager}

b.  Choose \text{Domains > OpenFusion > localhost > NameService} in the Object Hierarchy tree.

c.  Click the \text{CORBA} tab in the right pane. The Server Port property displays the new port value.

NotificationService Port

Note  You can also set the Notification Service port value from the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Service pane > Port Configuration tab. For more information, see Viewing the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Service Pane, page 12-12.
How Do I Manage Northbound Interfaces?

Step 1: Stop the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA service. See Starting or Stopping Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA, page 12-12 for instructions.

Step 2: Change the value of **Notification Service Listening Port Number** to the desired value.

Step 3: Restart the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA service. See Starting or Stopping Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA, page 12-12 for instructions.

Step 4: Complete the following substeps to verify the new value of the port:
   a. Enter the following command in the /opt/CiscoTransportManagerServer/openfusion/bin directory:
      ```
      ./manager
      ```
   b. Choose **Domains > OpenFusion > localhost > NotificationService** in the Object Hierarchy tree.
   c. Click the **CORBA** tab in the right pane. The Server Port property displays the new port value.

**EMSSession Port**

**Note**

You can also set the EMS Session port value from the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Service pane > Port Configuration tab. For more information, see Viewing the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Service Pane, page 12-12.

Step 1: Stop the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA service. See Starting or Stopping Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA, page 12-12 for instructions.

Step 2: Change the value of **Session Port Number** to the desired value.

Step 3: Restart the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA service. See Starting or Stopping Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA, page 12-12 for instructions.

**Ping Server-to-Client Port Range**

**Note**

You can also set the Server-to-Client port values from the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Service pane > Port Configuration tab. For more information, see Viewing the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Service Pane, page 12-12.

Step 1: Stop the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA service. See Starting or Stopping Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA, page 12-12 for instructions.

Step 2: Open the jacorb.properties file from the /opt/Prime Optical-server-directory/openfusion/classes directory.

Step 3: Do the following in the **Socket Factories** section:
   a. Uncomment the .jacorb.net.socket_factory=org.jacorb.orb.factory.PortRangeSocketFactory row.
   b. Change the .jacorb.net.socket_factory.port.min value to the desired minimum range value.
   c. Change the .jacorb.net.socket_factory.port.max value to the desired maximum range value.
How Do I Manage Northbound Interfaces?

Step 4
Restart the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA service. See Starting or Stopping Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA, page 12-12 for instructions.

Notification Event Port Range

Note
You can also set the Notification Event port range from the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Service pane > Port Configuration tab. For more information, see Viewing the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Service Pane, page 12-12.

Step 1
Stop the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA service. See Starting or Stopping Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA, page 12-12 for instructions.

Step 2
Open the NotificationService.xml file from the /opt/Prime Optical-server-directory/openfusion/domains/localhost/NotificationService directory.

Step 3
Change the value of the JVMFlags property to the following:

```
<PropertyValue>
-Dosgi.parentClassloader=ext
-Djacorb.net.socket_factory=org.jacorb.orb.factory.PortRangeSocketFactory
-Djacorb.net.socket_factory.port.min=xxx
-Djacorb.net.socket_factory.port.max=yyy</PropertyValue>
```

Note
Do not use carriage returns when entering the new value of the JVMFlags property. The new value must be entered on the existing row.

Step 4
Restart the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA service. See Starting or Stopping Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA, page 12-12 for instructions.

Disabling IMR

By default, IMR is disabled. To enable IMR, you must manually edit the jacorb.properties file.

Step 1
Make a backup copy of the jacorb.properties file located in the Prime Optical-server-installation-directory/openfusion/classes directory.

Step 2
In the jacorb.properties file, configure the following properties to “off”:

```
jacorb.use_imr=off
jacorb.use_imr_endpoint=off
```

Changing the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Client Ports

In CTM R9.0 and earlier releases, Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA was installed and configured to use random ports and did not support a firewall between the OSS client and the Prime Optical server. Starting from CTM R9.1, you can install and configure Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA to use static ports, which facilitates the use of a firewall between the OSS client and the Prime Optical server.
Chapter 12      Managing Southbound and Northbound Interfaces

How Do I Manage Northbound Interfaces?

Installation

When you install Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA, all of the ports are configured with default fixed values. See Table 12-9 for the list of default fixed values.

**Note**

To configure Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA to use static ports, you must disable IMR. See Configuration, page 12-23.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 12-9</th>
<th>List of Parameters and Fixed Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Parameters</strong></td>
<td><strong>Default Fixed Values</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMS Session Port</td>
<td>20100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name Service Port</td>
<td>14005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notification Service Port</td>
<td>20001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Session Ping Port range</td>
<td>20101–20199</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Event Notification Port range</td>
<td>20002–20099</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMR</td>
<td>Off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proxy Host Address</td>
<td>Not set</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note**

It is recommended that you change the default fixed values after the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA installation is complete. If you change the values while installing Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA, the installation might fail.

Configuration

**Note**

- You can also configure Prime Optical server ports from the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Service pane > Port Configuration tab. For more information, see Viewing the Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA Service Pane, page 12-12.
- Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA must be stopped in order to configure ports.

**Step 1** Log into the Prime Optical server as the root user.

**Step 2** Invoke the manageCTMCoraPorts.sh file from the Prime Optical-server-installation-directory/bin directory.

**Note** If Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA is running, you only have the option to read port configuration settings.

The following appears:

```
Manage CTM GateWay/CORBA Ports Utility
-------------------------------
1. Read Configuration Set
2. Read Configuration Running
```
3. Restore All Default Values
4. Change All Settings
5. Change Name Service Port
6. Change Proxy Host Address
7. Change Notification Service Port
8. Change EMS Session Port
9. Change S->C Ping Port Range
10. Change Notification Event Port Range
0. Exit

Step 3  Select an item from the menu.
For example, enter 1 to select Read Configuration Set.

For more information on these menu items, see the Cisco Prime Optical 9.8 GateWay/CORBA User Guide and Programmer Manual.

Note  If you select a menu item that changes the configuration, you will be prompted to restart either Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA or the Prime Optical server. See Starting or Stopping Prime Optical GateWay/CORBA, page 12-12 for instructions.