



Cisco Prime Central 1.5.3 Quick Start Guide

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Preface

This guide explains how to install Cisco Prime Central 1.5.3 .

The primary audience for this guide is network operations personnel and system administrators. This guide assumes that you are familiar with the following products and topics:

- Basic internetworking terminology and concepts
- Network topology and protocols
- Microsoft Windows XP, Windows 7, and Windows 10
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) administration
- Oracle database administration
- Telecommunication Management Network (TMN) architecture model

Related Documentation

See the . [Cisco Prime Central 1.5.3 Documentation Overview](#)

See also the documentation for the following suite components:

- [Cisco Prime Network](#)
- [Cisco Prime Optical](#)
- [Cisco Prime Performance Manager](#)
- [Cisco Prime Provisioning](#)



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Installation Requirements

prime

This section explains what is required to install Prime Central 1.5.3 .

Prime Central Server Requirements

The following table lists the Prime Central server system requirements.



Note The below mentioned requirements are for Small Scale deployments. For more information on the required network size for installation, see [Prime Carrier Management Sizing guide](#).

Table 1: Database, OS, and Hardware Requirements

| Minimum Requirement | Notes |
|--|---|
| Database | |
| <p>One of the following:</p> <p>prime</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • External Oracle 12C database • Embedded Oracle 12cR1 database | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you are upgrading to Prime Central 1.5.3 , it will continue to use Oracle 12cR1 database version 12.1.0.2. • Fresh installation of Prime Central 1.5.3 with External; database, Local Embedded, or Remote Embedded database configuration supports only oracle 12C on RHEL 6.5 or 6.7 (database version 12.1.0.2). • Upgrade to Prime Central 1.5.3 with External database configuration supports both Oracle 11g and Oracle 12c on RHEL 6.5, 6.7 . • When configuring an external Oracle database for a large-scale environment (for example, a network with 65,000 devices), we recommend that you set the following values for these parameters to optimize performance: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Processes—1000 • Sessions—1536 • optimizer_index_caching—50 • optimizer_index_cost_adj—10 <p>Note External Oracle Database configuration is supported only in standalone configuration and this configuration is not supported with Prime Central DR and HA configuration.</p> |
| Memory | |

| Minimum Requirement | Notes |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 24 GB of RAM • 10 GB of swap space | — |
| Disk Space | |
| Prime Central: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 20 GB of free space in the Prime Central installation folder • 6 GB of free space in the /tmp directory | — |
| External database: 22 GB for the data files | A <i>data file</i> is a physical file on disk that contains data structures such as tables and indexes. The optimal location is an external disk array (preferably RAID 10). The data files are created under the directory that you specify during installation. |
| Embedded database: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 GB of space in the /tmp directory • 5 GB of space for software files in the home directory of the database's OS user (by default, /export/home/oracle) • 22 GB for the data files • 6 GB for the redo logs • 110 GB for the archive logs • 1.5 times the size of the database for the backup files | <p><i>Redo logs</i> are files that contain records of changes made to data. Redo logs should not reside on the same disk as the data files.</p> <p>An <i>archive log</i> is a member of a redo log that has been archived by the Oracle database. Archive logs should not reside on the same disk as the data files. Archive logs can be applied to a database backup for media recovery.</p> <p>A <i>backup file</i> stores a copy of the database data, which can be used to reconstruct data. Backup files should not reside on the same disk as the data files.</p> <p>Data files, redo logs, archive logs, and backup files are created under the directories that you specify during installation.</p> <p>Your system administrator must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Back up the archive logs to tape daily. • Back up the database backups to external storage, such as to tape. |
| Prime Central Fault Management: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 24 GB of RAM • 50 GB of free space in the Prime Central Fault Management installation folder • 15 GB of free space in the /tmp directory • 10 GB of SWAP space | — |
| The server must have at least (<i>size of the current installation directory</i> + 7 GB) of free space in the folder where Prime Central 1.5.2 is installed. | Example: If Prime Central 1.5.2 is installed in the /opt/primecentral folder and that folder is 10 GB, you must have at least 17 GB of free space in the /opt folder before upgrading. |

| Minimum Requirement | Notes |
|---|--|
| Upgrade from Prime Central Fault Management 1.5.2 to 1.5.3: The server must have at least (<i>size of the current installation directory</i> + 5 GB) of free space in the folder where Prime Central Fault Management 1.5.3 is installed. | Example: If Prime Central Fault Management 1.5.3 is installed in the /opt/primecentral/faultmgmt folder and that folder is 15 GB, you must have at least 20 GB of free space in the /opt/primecentral folder before upgrading. |
| 64-Bit Operating System Platform | |
| Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 5.8, 6.4, 6.5, or 6.7 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The upgrade from Prime Central 1.5.2 to 1.5.3 is supported on RHEL 5.8 , RHEL 6.4, 6.5, or 6.7. Fresh installation of Prime Central 1.5.3 is supported on RHEL 6.5 or 6.7 . When installing RHEL for Prime Central Fault Management installation, choose the Software Development option to ensure that the correct libraries are installed. We recommend that you check periodically for RHEL 5.8, 6.4, 6.5, or 6.7 patches and install any available updates. |
| Hardware | |
| <p>One of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cisco Unified Computing System (UCS) B-series blade or C-series rackmountable server, bare metal or with VMware ESXi 5.1, 5.5, 6.0, or KVM Hypervisor (version: qemu-kvm-0.12.1.2). Equivalent third-party vendor hardware platform | <p>Use the following minimum hardware resources for the individual Prime Central and Fault Management servers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 24 GB of RAM 2 CPUs 100 GB hard disk space <p>Before installing RHEL 6.5, or 6.7 with VMWARE ESXi 5.1, 5.5, 6.0, or KVM Hypervisor (version: qemu-kvm-0.12.1.2)for Prime Central, verify your hardware compatibility. See the Cisco UCS hardware compatibility list at http://www.cisco.com/web/techdoc/ucs/interoperability/matrix/matrix.html.</p> |
| Network | |
| NTP | NTP must be configured and enabled on Prime Central and any machine that hosts a Domain Manager. |
| Red Hat RPM Packages | |
| To verify RHEL 6 RPM packages | <p>Enter:</p> <pre>rpm -q cloog-ppl compat-libcap1 compat-libstdc++-33 cpp gcc gcc-c++ glibc glibc-common glibc-devel glibc-headers gmp kernel-headers ksh libX11 libX11-common libXau libXext libXi libXtst libaio-devel libgcc libgomp libstdc++ libstdc++-devel libxcb mpfr nscd nss-softokn-freebl ppl tzdata</pre> |
| For RPM installation, use the command: | yum install <rpm> |

| Minimum Requirement | Notes |
|--|---|
| For Prime Central, ensure to install the required RPM packages that are listed here . | <p>If any of the required RPM packages are missing or if there is a version mismatch, Prime Central installation will not proceed.</p> <p>Note It is not recommended to bypass rpm verification, though there is an option to bypass rpm verification .</p> |
| For Prime Central Fault Management, ensure to install the required RPM packages that are listed here . | <p>If any of the required RPM packages are missing or if there is a version mismatch, Prime Central Fault Management installation will not proceed.</p> <p>Note It is not recommended to bypass rpm verification, though there is an option to bypass rpm verification .</p> |
| <p>For Prime Central, the following packages must be present in the system path:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • perl 5.8.6 or later • top • unzip | <p>The RPM packages should be installed along with RHEL. Refer RHEL installation procedure for more information.</p> |
| To verify RHEL 6 RPM packages | <p>Enter:</p> <pre>rpm -q atk audit-libs cairo compat-db compat-glibc compat-libstdc++-296 compat-libstdc++-33 compat-libtermcap compat-readline5 cracklib db4 elfutils elfutils-libs expat fontconfig freetype gamin gdk-pixbuf2 glib2 glibc glibc-common glibc-devel glibc-headers gtk2 gtk2-engines jasper-libs kernel-headers ksh libICE libSM libX11 libXau libXcomposite libXcursor libXdamage libXext libXfixes libXft libXi libXinerama libXmu libXp libXpm libXrandr libXrender libXt libXtst libgcc libjpeg-turbo libpng libselinux libstdc++ libthai libtiff libuuid libxcb ncurses-libs nscd nss-softokn-freebl openmotif22 pam pango pixman rpm-build xulrunner zlib</pre> |
| For RPM installation, use the command | yum install <rpm> |
| Red Hat Services and Components | |
| <p>The following Red Hat services and components (usually present as part of the Red Hat installation) are required:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • /usr/bin/scp—Secure copy tool. • /usr/sbin/sshd—SSH daemon. • /usr/bin/ssh—SSH. • /usr/bin/ssh-keygen—Tool to generate, manage, and convert authentication keys. | <p>The RPM packages should be installed along with RHEL. Refer RHEL installation procedure for more information.</p> |

Additional Requirements

- If you are using any of the OpenSSL versions known to have the [CVE-2014-0160 vulnerability](#) (better-known as Heartbleed), please review and take the steps outlined in the [OpenSSL Security Advisory \[07 Apr 2014\]](#).
- All systems must have access to the Prime Central server hostname.
- Clocks must be synchronized on Prime Central and all attached Prime application servers.
- When you install Prime Central, Prime Central Fault Management, or any suite components, Domain Name System (DNS) must be enabled on the hosts. Otherwise, Prime Central components cannot communicate, and clients cannot launch Prime Central.

If the hosts do not have DNS access, or if their hostnames are not registered in the DNS, you must add those hostnames (with the correct IP addresses) to your local hosts file (/etc/hosts on Linux; %Windows%\System32\drivers\etc\hosts on Windows).

- If DNS is not available, the Prime Central server and the Prime Central integration layer must include in their /etc/hosts file the following entries for Prime Network, Prime Optical, Prime Performance Manager, Prime Provisioning, Prime Fault Management, CPAR, CPNR, BAC and RMS:

application-IP-address fully-qualified-application-hostname application-hostname

For example, if Prime Optical is installed on the "my-server" workstation with IP address 209.165.200.225, the following entry must exist in the /etc/hosts file on the Prime Central portal and the Prime Central integration layer:

```
209.165.200.225 my-server.cisco.com my-server
```

Installed Red Hat RPM Packages

The following Red Hat RPM packages are installed by the Prime Central Fault Management installer.

Table 2: RHEL 5 RPM Packages

| | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| compat-db.i386 | libgcc.i386 |
| compat-db.x86_64 | libgcc.x86_64 |
| compat-glibc.i386 | libXft.i386 |
| compat-glibc.x86_64 | libXft.x86_64 |
| compat-glibc-headers.x86_64 | libXmu.i386 |
| compat-libstdc++-296.i386 | libXmu.x86_64 |
| compat-libstdc++-33.i386 | libXp.i386 |
| compat-libstdc++-33.x86_64 | libXp.x86_64 |
| elfutils.x86_64 | libXpm.i386 |
| elfutils-libs.x86_64 | libXpm.x86_64 |
| gtk2.i386 | libXtst.i386 |
| gtk2.x86_64 | libXtst.x86_64 |
| gtk2-engines.i386 | openmotif22.i386 |

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| gtk2-engines.x86_64 | openmotif22.x86_64 |
| kernel-headers.x86_64 | pam.i386 |
| ksh.x86_64 | pam.x86_64 |

Table 3: RHEL 6 RPM Packages

| | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| compat-db.i686 | libXft.i686 |
| compat-db.x86_64 | libXft.x86_64 |
| compat-glibc.x86_64 | libXmu.i686 |
| compat-libstdc++-296.i686 | libXmu.x86_64 |
| compat-libstdc++-33.i686 | libXp.i686 |
| compat-libstdc++-33.x86_64 | libXp.x86_64 |
| elfutils.x86_64 | libXpm.i686 |
| elfutils-libs.x86_64 | libXpm.x86_64 |
| gtk2.i686 | libXtst.i686 |
| gtk2.x86_64 | libXtst.x86_64 |
| gtk2-engines.i686 | openmotif22.i686 |
| gtk2-engines.x86_64 | openmotif22.x86_64 |
| kernel-headers.x86_64 | pam.i686 |
| ksh.x86_64 | pam.x86_64 |
| libgcc.i686 | rpm-build.x86_64 |
| libgcc.x86_64 | |

Protocols and Ports of Prime Central Components

The following table lists the protocols and ports that Prime Central component uses.

Table 4: Protocols and Ports of Prime Central Components

| Port No. | Exposure | Protocol | Used by... | The system administrator should... |
|-----------------------------|----------|----------|---|------------------------------------|
| Prime Central Portal | | | | |
| 1107 | Public | SSH | Internal services for SSH communication | Apply a rate-limiting policy. |
| 1108 | Public | TCP | Embedded Oracle database | Apply a rate-limiting policy. |

| Port No. | Exposure | Protocol | Used by... | The system administrator should... |
|----------|----------|----------|---|---|
| 1199 | Private | TCP | RMI service | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 1521 | Public | TCP | Oracle database server listener | Apply a rate-limiting policy. |
| 8005 | Private | TCP | Tomcat shutdown | Only allow access to this port (or its equivalent) from the Prime Central portal, unless remote shutdown is required. |
| 8009 | Private | TCP | Apache JServ Protocol (AJP) | Disable this port if it is not in use. |
| 8090 | Private | TCP | Discovery service | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 8443 | Public | TCP | Default HTTPS port; subject to change during installation | Apply a rate-limiting policy and make this port available to all users who need to access the Prime Central portal. |

Prime Central Integration Layer

| | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------|-----|---|---|
| 1099–1103 | Private | TCP | Karaf JMX RMI registry (Prime Central integration layer management) | Allow a dynamic range from 1099 to the number of integration layer registrations; for example, 1103. Set aside a range of 10 ports. |
| 8101–8105 | Private (localhost) | TCP | Karaf SSH shell | Allow a dynamic range from 8101 to the number of integration layer registrations; for example 8105. Set aside a range of 10 ports. |
| 9020 | Private/Public | TCP | Alarm management northbound interface (NBI) | Only allow access to this port from localhost, unless alarm management NBI access is required. If so, enable access from the alarm management client machines and apply a rate-limiting policy. |
| 9110 | Private/Public | TCP | Multi-Technology Operations System Interface (MTOSI) WS-SOAP NBI | Only allow access to this port from localhost, unless MTOSI NBI access is required. If so, enable access from the MTOSI client machines and apply a rate-limiting policy. |
| 9220 | Private/Public | TCP | 3GPP NBI | Only allow access to this port from localhost, unless 3GPP NBI access is required. If so, enable access from the 3GPP client machines and apply a rate-limiting policy. |
| 32768–61000 | Private/Public | TCP | Ephemeral ports | Only allow access to this port from localhost, unless Prime Central uses a dual-server (distributed) installation. If so, enable access from the Prime Central portal and apply a rate-limiting policy. |
| 44444–44448 | Private | TCP | Karaf JMX RMI server (Prime Central integration layer management) | Allow a dynamic range from 44444 to the number of integration layer registrations; for example 44448. Set aside a range of 10 ports. |

| Port No. | Exposure | Protocol | Used by... | The system administrator should... |
|----------|----------------|----------|---|---|
| 61614 | Private/Public | TCP | JMS NIO Failover transport | Only allow access to this port from localhost, unless Prime Central uses a dual-server (distributed) installation with JMS NIO Failover transport. If so, enable access from the Prime Central portal and apply a rate-limiting policy. |
| 61615 | Private/Public | TCP | Java Message Service (JMS) Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) transport | Only allow access to this port from localhost, unless Prime Central uses a dual-server (distributed) installation with JMS SSL transport. If so, enable access from the Prime Central portal and apply a rate-limiting policy. |
| 61616 | Private/Public | TCP | JMS NIO transport | Only allow access to this port from localhost, unless Prime Central uses a dual-server (distributed) installation with JMS NIO transport. If so, enable access from the Prime Central portal and apply a rate-limiting policy. |

Fault Management Component

| | | | | |
|-------|---------|----------|------------------|---|
| 1162 | Public | TCP, UDP | Fault Management | Allow applications to use this port to send SNMP traps to the Prime Central Fault Management component. |
| 2000 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 4100 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 4200 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 4300 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 4400 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 4500 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 5435 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 9043 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 9060 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 9080 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 16310 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 16311 | Public | TCP | Fault Management | Allow Prime Central to use this port to display the Alarm Browser and Alarm Report portlets. |
| 16312 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |

| Port No. | Exposure | Protocol | Used by... | The system administrator should... |
|----------|----------|----------|------------------|---|
| 16313 | Public | TCP | Fault Management | Allow the Prime Central integration layer to use this port to send user management and suite monitoring requests to the Prime Central Fault Management component. |
| 16314 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 16315 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 16316 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 16318 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 16320 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 16321 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 16322 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 16323 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |
| 16324 | Private | TCP | Fault Management | Only allow access to this port from localhost. |

Port Exposure Categories

The ports listed in [Table 4: Protocols and Ports of Prime Central Components](#) belong to the following exposure categories:

- Private—These ports should not be accessible from outside workstations. Administrators should restrict access to localhost (127.0.0.1). Administrators can use firewall software such as Linux iptables to implement access restrictions.
- Public—These ports might need to be accessible from outside workstations. To protect against external security threats, administrators should restrict access to these ports to only those workstations that need explicit access. As additional precaution against denial of service (DoS) attacks, administrators should apply rate-limiting policies. Administrators can use firewall software such as Linux iptables to implement access restrictions and rate-limiting policies. Whenever possible, if the set of source addresses is known, restrict all other access.
 - In some cases, the packet source is not known ahead of time; for example, the HTTPS port that clients use to communicate with the Prime Central portal.
 - In some cases, the packet source is known ahead of time; for example, a distributed Prime Central installation, where the Prime Central portal must communicate with the Prime Central integration layer.
- Ephemeral—These ports are similar to public ports, except that their port numbers are not fixed. Depending on the Prime Central deployment scenario, ephemeral ports might require public exposure. If so, administrators should restrict access to these ports to only those workstations that need explicit access. As additional precaution against denial of service (DoS) attacks, administrators should apply rate-limiting policies. Administrators can use firewall software such as Linux iptables to implement access restrictions and rate-limiting policies.
 - In some cases, the packet source is not known ahead of time; for example, the HTTPS port that clients use to communicate with the Prime Central portal.
 - In some cases, the packet source is known ahead of time; for example, a distributed Prime Central installation, where the Prime Central portal must communicate with the Prime Central integration layer.

- **Restricted**—We recommend that administrators restrict access to all other ports. Administrators can use firewall software such as Linux iptables to implement access restrictions.

Sample Remediation Policy Script

The following sample script shows how a system administrator can implement a remediation policy by using the built-in Linux iptables firewall feature.

```
#!/bin/bash

FWCONF=/etc/init.d/iptables
FW=/sbin/iptables

#Start firewall
$FWCONF save
$FWCONF start

#Remove any previous rules:
$FW -F
$FW -X
$FW -P INPUT ACCEPT
$FW -P FORWARD ACCEPT
$FW -P OUTPUT ACCEPT

#Drop invalid packets
$FW -A INPUT -m state --state INVALID -j LOG --log-prefix "DROP INVALID " --log-ip-options --log-tcp-options
$FW -A INPUT -m state --state INVALID -j DROP

#Permit rules

#Allow local packets (category 1 packets)
$FW -A INPUT -i lo -j ACCEPT

#Allow icmp/esp/ah packets
$FW -A INPUT -p icmp --icmp-type any -j ACCEPT
$FW -A INPUT -p esp -j ACCEPT
$FW -A INPUT -p ah -j ACCEPT

#Allow any tcp traffic to port <allowed-port> with rate-limiting to <rate> packets/second (category 2a packets)
$FW -A INPUT -s 0/0 -d 0/0 -j ACCEPT --protocol tcp --dport <allowed-port> -m hashlimit --hashlimit
<rate>/second

#Allow tcp traffic from source address <source-IP> to a port <allowed-port> with rate-limiting to <rate>
packets/second (category 2b packets)
$FW -A INPUT -s <source-IP>/32 -d 0/0 -j ACCEPT --protocol tcp --dport <allowed-port> -m hashlimit --hashlimit
<rate>/second

#Allow any tcp traffic to ephemeral ports with rate-limiting to <rate> packets/second (category 3a packets)
$FW -A INPUT -p tcp --dport 32768:6100 -m hashlimit --hashlimit <rate>/second

#Allow tcp traffic from source address <source-IP> to ephemeral ports with rate-limiting to <rate>
packets/second (category 3b packets)
$FW -A INPUT -s <source-IP>/32 -p tcp --dport 32768:6100 -m hashlimit --hashlimit <rate>/second

#Allow established connections
$FW -A INPUT -m state --state ESTABLISHED,RELATED -j ACCEPT
$FW -A INPUT -p tcp --dport ssh -j ACCEPT

#Drop everything else (category 4 packets)
$FW -A INPUT -j DROP
```

```
#Save firewall rules.
$FWCONF save
```

Embedded Database Requirements

An embedded database for use with Prime Central has the following requirements. These requirements are in addition to those in [Prime Central Server Requirements](#) .

You can install the embedded database on Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 5.8, 6.4, 6.5, or 6.7 .

Table 5: RHEL 6.4 RPM Packages

| | |
|---|---|
| cloog-ppl-0.15.7-1.2.el6.x86_64.rpm | libgcc-4.4.7-3.el6.i686.rpm |
| compat-libcap1-1.10-1.x86_64.rpm | libstdc++-devel-4.4.7-3.el6.x86_64.rpm |
| compat-libstdc++-33-3.2.3-69.el6.x86_64.rpm | libX11-1.5.0-4.el6.i686.rpm |
| cpp-4.4.7-3.el6.x86_64.rpm | libXau-1.0.6-4.el6.i686.rpm |
| gcc-4.4.7-3.el6.x86_64.rpm | libxcb-1.8.1-1.el6.i686.rpm |
| gcc-c++-4.4.7-3.el6.x86_64.rpm | libXext-1.3.1-2.el6.i686.rpm |
| glibc-2.12-1.107.el6.i686.rpm | libXi-1.6.1-3.el6.i686.rpm |
| glibc-devel-2.12-1.107.el6.x86_64.rpm | libXtst-1.2.1-2.el6.i686.rpm |
| glibc-headers-2.12-1.107.el6.x86_64.rpm | mpfr-2.4.1-6.el6.x86_64.rpm |
| kernel-headers-2.6.32-358.el6.x86_64.rpm | nss-softokn-freebl-3.12.9-11.el6.i686.rpm |
| ksh-20100621-19.el6.x86_64.rpm | ppl-0.10.2-11.el6.x86_64.rpm |
| libaio-devel-0.3.107-10.el6.x86_64.rpm | |



Note To verify that all of the required RHEL 6.4 RPM packages are installed, enter the following command as the root user:

```
# # rpm -q cloog-ppl compat-libcap1 compat-libstdc++-33 cpp gcc gcc-c++ glibc glibc-devel glibc-headers kernel-headers
ksh libaio-devel libgcc libstdc++-devel libX11 libXau libxcb libXext libXi libXtst mpfr nss-softokn-freebl ppl --qf
' %{name} . %{arch} \n' | sort
```

The following components (usually installed as part of Red Hat) must be present in the system path:

- /bin/sh
- /bin/tcsh
- gunzip
- perl 5.8.6 or later
- tar

Table 6: RHEL 6.5 RPM Packages

| | |
|---|---|
| cpp-4.4.7-17.el6.x86_64.rpm | libgcc-4.4.7-17.el6.i686.rpm |
| gcc-4.4.7-17.el6.x86_64.rpm | libgomp-4.4.7-17.el6.i686.rpm |
| gcc-c++-4.4.7-17.el6.x86_64.rpm | libgomp-4.4.7-17.el6.x86_64.rpm |
| glibc-2.12-1.192.el6.i686.rpm | libstdc++-4.4.7-17.el6.i686.rpm |
| glibc-2.12-1.192.el6.x86_64.rpm | nss-softokn-freebl-3.14.3-23.3.el6_8.i686.rpm |
| glibc-common-2.12-1.192.el6.x86_64.rpm | tzdata-2016j-1.el6.noarch.rpm |
| glibc-devel-2.12-1.192.el6.i686.rpm | |
| glibc-devel-2.12-1.192.el6.x86_64.rpm | |
| glibc-headers-2.12-1.192.el6.x86_64.rpm | |
| gmp-4.3.1-10.el6.i686.rpm | |
| kernel-headers-2.6.32-642.11.1.el6.x86_64.rpm | |
| ksh-20120801-33.el6_8.sjis.1.x86_64.rpm | |



Note To verify that all of the required RHEL 6.5 RPM packages are installed, enter the following command as the root user:

```
# rpm -q cloog-ppl compat-libcap1 compat-libstdc++-33 cpp gcc gcc-c++ glibc glibc-devel glibc-headers kernel-headers ksh
libaio-devel libgcc libstdc++-devel libX11 libXau libxcb libXext libXi libXtst mpfr nss-softokn-freebl ppl --qf
' %{name} . %{arch} \n' | sort
```

Table 7: RHEL 6.7 RPM Packages

| | |
|---|---|
| cpp-4.4.7-17.el6.x86_64.rpm | libgcc-4.4.7-17.el6.i686.rpm |
| gcc-4.4.7-17.el6.x86_64.rpm | libgcc-4.4.7-17.el6.x86_64.rpm |
| gcc-c++-4.4.7-17.el6.x86_64.rpm | libgomp-4.4.7-17.el6.i686.rpm |
| glibc-2.12-1.192.el6.i686.rpm | libgomp-4.4.7-17.el6.x86_64.rpm |
| glibc-2.12-1.192.el6.x86_64.rpm | libstdc++-4.4.7-17.el6.i686.rpm |
| glibc-common-2.12-1.192.el6.x86_64.rpm | libstdc++-4.4.7-17.el6.x86_64.rpm |
| glibc-devel-2.12-1.192.el6.i686.rpm | libXtst-1.2.2-2.1.el6.x86_64.rpm |
| glibc-devel-2.12-1.192.el6.x86_64.rpm | libstdc++-devel-4.4.7-17.el6.x86_64.rpm |
| glibc-headers-2.12-1.192.el6.x86_64.rpm | libX11-1.6.3-2.el6.i686.rpm |
| gmp-4.3.1-10.el6.i686.rpm | libX11-1.6.3-2.el6.x86_64.rpm |

| | |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| kernel-headers-2.6.32-642.11.1.el6.x86_64.rpm | libX11-common-1.6.3-2.el6.noarch.rpm |
|---|--------------------------------------|

Database Memory

Installation Phase

For the installation phase, the database memory requirements are:

- Swap space: 150 MB
- RAM: At least 4 GB

Runtime Phase

For the runtime phase, the database swap space requirement is two times the size of RAM, up to 32 GB.

Ports and Files

The following ports and files are required:

- Port 1108 must be available for SSH communication between the Prime Central owner and the database owner. The port must also be open on the embedded database server, if it is installed separately.
- The `/etc/hosts` file must include the workstation's local hostname and IP address.

Example of a correct entry in the `/etc/hosts` file:

```
127.0.0.1 localhost.localdomain localhost
::1 localhost6.localdomain6 localhost6
IP-address myserver.domain.com myserver
```

Example of an incorrect entry in the `/etc/hosts` file (without the server IP address information):

```
127.0.0.1 localhost.localdomain localhost
::1 localhost6.localdomain6 localhost6
```

- The `hostname --fqdn` command must return the hostname with the fully qualified domain name. For example:

```
sh-nv210-266.cisco.com
```

- The `hostname` command should return the non-fqdn hostname. For example:

```
sh-nv210-266
```

If the output is not displayed as above, `hostname` can be configured either through `/etc/sysconfig/network` or through a CLI command:

- Edit file `/etc/sysconfig/network` to add hostname details and then reboot the VM to make the changes permanent.
- Use the command `hostname <name>` to make temporary changes.

- The `/etc/nsswitch.conf` file must not have NIS or NIS+ for password, group, shadow, or services. For example:

```
passwd: files
shadow: files
```

```
group: files
services: files
```

Dual-Server Installation

If you are installing the embedded database and Prime Central on separate servers, note the following additional prerequisites for the remote server:

- Perl 5.8.6 or later must be installed on the root user.
- The following ports must be available:
 - 22 (the default SSH port)
 - 1108 (for SSH communication between the Prime Central owner and the database owner)
 - 1521

The installation script copies the Oracle installation files to the remote server under the home directory of the user connecting to the workstation via SSH. The home directory must have at least 4 GB of space available for the installation files. This is especially important if the home directory is root (/), because overconsumption might cause the server to crash.

Security

Prime Central connects to the database using an Oracle encryption feature. By default, connections between Prime Central and the embedded database are encrypted.

Prime Central image bundled with JRE does not support Address Space Layout Randomization (ASLR) or stack protection and hence the system is vulnerable to buffer overflow attacks.

The REST/HTTP Interface is designed to be only accessed inside a controlled environment without any reachability from untrusted end points or over untrusted networks. If it must be accessed across unsecured networks, then customers need to put in additional security mechanisms.

As Prime Central uses Oracle database, it is recommended to periodically check Oracle website (<https://support.oracle.com>) for any critical patch update that needs be installed to address any security alerts.

If you are using any of the OpenSSL versions, it is recommended to periodically check for the latest patches or upgraded versions using the [advisories](#) in order to fix security vulnerabilities.

Prime Central Client Browser Requirements

The following table lists the client browsers and the Citrix XenApp deployment that Prime Central 1.5.3 supports. You must enable cookies and caching in your browser. Mozilla Firefox is the recommended browser.

Table 8: Supported Client Browsers

| Certified Citrix Setup | Operating System | Mozilla Firefox Version | Microsoft Internet Explorer Version |
|------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|

| | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Citrix Presentation Server 4.5 XenApp 5.0, installed on a Windows 2003 (SP2) server | Windows 7, 10 (32 and 64 bit) | Firefox 48 and 49 standard edition | Internet Explorer 10 and 11 |
| | | Firefox 49 Extended Support Release (ESR) | Internet Explorer 10 and 11 |

Supported Client JRE Versions

The following table lists the client JRE Versions that Prime Central 1.5.3 supports.

Table 9: Supported JRE Platforms

| Platform | Prime Central |
|--------------------|---------------|
| JRE 1.8 update 121 | Yes |



Note AGORA EMS supports JRE 1.6. So, for cross-launching from Prime Central , you need to install JRE 1.6 in the client windows machine.

Component Version Requirements

You can install a suite component in standalone mode or with Prime Central. If you want to install it with Prime Central, your suite component must be the version listed in the [Cisco Prime Central 1.5.3 Release Notes](#)

Prime Central 1.5.3 Image (Electronic Copy) Signature Verification

Before installing electronic copy of signed Cisco Prime Central image (not USB), you need to verify the signature of an image file. Follow the below procedure to verify the same:

Procedure

-
- Step 1** If you do not have openssl (supported version 0.9.8e or later) installed, download and install it. See <http://www.openssl.org>
- Step 2** If you do not have python (supported python version is 2.7.4 or later) installed, download and install it. See <https://www.python.org/>
- Step 3** Place the following files in a temporary directory after extracting from Primecentral153.zip :
- The product file - PrimeCentral153.img
 - The signature file - PrimeCentral153.img.signature that is packaged with the product file
 - The certificate file - PRIMECENTRAL153.cer
 - The verification file - IS_verify_bulkhash.pyc

Step 4 In the temporary directory, run the following command:

```
python IS_verify_bulkhash.py -e PRIMECENTRAL153.cer -i PrimeCentral153.img -s PrimeCentral153.img.signature -v dgst -sha512
```

Step 5 If the result is:

Downloading CA certificate from <http://www.cisco.com/security/pki/certs/crcam2.cer> ...

Successfully downloaded and verified crcam2.cer.

Downloading SubCA certificate from <http://www.cisco.com/security/pki/certs/innerspace.cer> ...

Successfully downloaded and verified innerspace.cer.

Successfully verified root, subca and end-entity certificate chain.

Successfully verified the signature of PrimeCentral153.img using PRIMECENTRAL153.cer

The image is successfully verified.

Note Do not proceed further if image verification fails. This indicates that the image is not signed/ the file is not from Cisco Systems, or it has been tampered. Kindly contact your Cisco representative for further assistance.

Extracting the Prime Central 1.5.3 Image

Procedure

Step 1 Insert Cisco Prime Central installation USB into your Linux machine.

If you have Cisco Prime Central installation .img image (instead of USB), enter the following commands to mount it:

```
mkdir /mnt
```

```
mount -o loop PrimeCentral153.img /mnt
```

Step 2 Go to ISO 1.5.3 directory by entering the below command:

```
cd/mnt/ISO1.5.3
```

Step 3 Go to the required iso directory based on the installation requirement, according to the below table:

| Directory | Contents |
|-------------------|---|
| Base Application | Contains .iso for Prime Central Base Application and Oracle binaries |
| Disaster Recovery | Contains .iso for Disaster Recovery |
| Fault Management | Contains .iso for Fault Management |
| Gateways | Contains .iso for IBM tier1 and tier2 gateways |
| High Availability | Contains .iso images for High Availability |

Step 4 Enter the following command to mount the required iso image:

```
mkdir <mounting directory>
```

```
mount -o loop <required .iso> <mounting directory>
```

Note It is recommended to copy the installation binaries from <mounting directory> to a new directory, and continue installation from this new directory, to avoid loss of file if unmounted.

Step 5 Continue to the relevant installation section:

- [Installing Prime Central](#)
- [Installing Prime Central Fault Management](#)
- [Installing the Gateways Used with Prime Central](#)

Installing Prime Central

- Database—Can be installed as an external or an embedded Oracle database version 12.1.0.2.
- Prime Central portal—Provides a single sign-on and a multi-tenant common administrative interface for all applications within the suite.
- Prime Central integration layer (IL)—Performs back-end mediation and enables information exchange between the various components
- Fault Management—Locates, diagnoses, and reports network problems.

Installing Prime Central in a Single-Server Setup

Installing the database, Prime Central portal, and Prime Central integration layer on the same server is a two-part process:

1. Prepare the server for installation.
2. Install Prime Central.



Note During the installation, the variables that you define must adhere to the constraints described in [Pathname, Group Name, Username, and Password Constraints](#).

Preparing the Server for Installation

Before you install Prime Central, you must first connect to the server and, if using X server, verify the display settings.

To prepare the server for Prime Central installation:

Procedure

Step 1 Use one of the following options to connect to the server where you want to install Prime Central:

- VNC (recommended)—See <http://www.realvnc.com>.
- X server—For this option, Reflection X is recommended. See <https://www.attachmate.com/products/reflection/x/>.

Step 2 As the root user, launch a terminal on the server where you want to install Prime Central. (If you logged in as a nonroot user, use `su -` to become the root user.) The C shell (`cs`) is recommended, but you can also use the Bash shell.

- To start the C shell, enter: **`/bin/csh`**
- To start the Bash shell, enter: **`/bin/bash`**

If you are using X server, continue to Step 3.

If you are using VNC, skip to Step 5.

Step 3 Set the `DISPLAY` variable:
`setenv DISPLAY hostname-or-IP-address:0.0`

Step 4 Verify that the display is set correctly:
`echo $DISPLAY`

In the command output, you should see:

```
hostname-or-IP-address:0.0
```

Step 5 Set the `ulimit` value.

If using a C shell, enter: **`limit descriptors 1048576`**

In the command output, you should see:

```
# limit descriptors
descriptors 1048576
```

If using a Bash shell, enter: **`ulimit -n 1048576`**

In the command output, you should see:

```
# ulimit -n
1048576
```

Step 6 (For an external database only; not applicable to an embedded database) If you are using a local or remote external database,

download `prePCInstallForExt12c.sh` from the `scripts` folder in the Base Application folder (where `images/primecentral_v.bin` is located) 1.5.3 .bin is located). Copy `prePCInstallForExt12c.sh` to `ORACLE_HOME/network/admin` and execute.

Step 7 Verify that the following Red Hat RPM packages are installed
To verify the RHEL 5 RPM packages, enter:

```
rpm -q compat-db compat-glibc compat-glibc-headers compat-libstdc++-296 compat-libstdc++-33 elfutils
elfutils-libs gtk2 gtk2-engines kernel-headers ksh libgcc libXft libXmu libXp libXpm libXtst
openmotif22 pam --qf "%{name}/%{version}/%{release}/%{arch}\n"
```

To verify the RHEL 6 RPM packages, enter:

```
rpm -q compat-db compat-glibc compat-libstdc++-296 compat-libstdc++-33 elfutils elfutils-libs gtk2
gtk2-engines kernel-headers ksh libgcc libXft libXmu libXp libXpm libXtst nsd openmotif22 pam
rpm-build --qf "%{name}/%{version}/%{release}/%{arch}\n"
```

Step 8 Before installing the Prime Central on a RHEL 6.5 or 6.7 server, make sure that the `nsd` RPM package is not installed.

- a) Log in as the root user.
- b) Check the nscd RPM is installed or not.
#rpm -qv nscd
- c) Enter the following command to uninstall:
#yum remove nscd

Installing Prime Central on the Server

Procedure

- Step 1** Insert the Cisco Prime Central 1.5.3 USB drive into the USB port and navigate to the Base Application folder, which contains the following files:
- linuxamd64_12102_database_1of2.zip
 - linuxamd64_12102_database_2of2.zip
 - primecentral_v 1.5.3 .bin.
- Step 2** Use SSH to connect to the server.
- Step 3** Copy the 3 files listed in Step 1 to the server.
- Step 4** Change file permissions and ownership:
chmod 755 *
- Step 5** Run the installer:
./primecentral_v1.5.3.bin
- Step 6** In the **Welcome** window, click **Next**.
- Tip** You can also press the Tab key + space bar to activate the Next (or Previous) button.
- Step 7** In the **License Agreement** window, read the license agreement, click the **I accept the terms of the License Agreement** radio button, and click **Next**.
- Step 8** In the **Install Type** window, click the **Single-Server Install** radio button; then, click **Next**.
- Step 9** In the **Validating Environment** window, review the information for accuracy; then, click **Next**.
- Step 10** In the **Server Information** window, confirm that the fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of the local server is correct; if not, enter the correct FQDN. (Be sure to use the hostname of the server where Prime Central will be mounted.) Then, click **Next**.
- Step 11** In the **Choose Install Folder** window, specify where to install Prime Central. Then, click **Next**.
The "o" (other or world) UNIX users must have at least execute permissions on the installation directory path.
- Step 12** In the **OS User Information** window, provide the information required to create an OS user to start and stop processes. The username is primeusr and cannot be changed. Then, click **Next**.
- Step 13** In the **Admin User Information** window, enter the password for the admin user who will be used for the first system login. The username is centraladmin and cannot be changed. Then, click **Next**.
- Step 14** In the **Install Mode** window, specify one of the following installation modes:

- **Simple Install**—Click **Next**; then, continue to the next step.
- **Advanced Install**—Click **Next**; in the **Advanced Configuration** window, enter the desired port numbers and configuration values for the third-party servers; then, click **Next**.

Step 15 In the **Validating Port Configuration** window, review the information for accuracy; then, click **Next**.

Step 16 In the **Database Type** window, specify one of the following database types; then, click **Next**:

Embedded Database:

- In the **Embedded DB Information** window, enter the required information for your local or remote embedded database; then, click **Next**.
- In the **Prime Central DB User Information** window, enter the password for the database user that will be created for Prime Central. The username is `primedba` and cannot be changed. Then, click **Next**.

Note Be sure to note down the database user password for future reference. For example, if you decide to register an application with Prime Central, you will need this password.

External Database:

- In the **Database Information** window, enter the required information for your preinstalled local or remote external database; then, click **Next**.
- In the **Prime Central DB User Information** window, enter the password for the database user that will be created for Prime Central. The username is `primedba` and cannot be changed. Then, click **Next**.
- In the **Database File Directory** window, specify where to store database data files; then, click **Next**. The directory you choose must exist, must be owned by the oracle user, and must not contain any data files. For a remote server, the Oracle database file directory must be present on the remote server where Oracle is installed.

For example, the database file directory `/dbdata` owned by the oracle user is as follows:

```
drwxr-xr-x  2 oracle  oinstall  512 Dec  8 14:04 dbdata
```

- In the **DB Server Information** window, enter the home directory for the Oracle database. Then, click **Next**.

Step 17 Verify that the information in the **Pre-Installation Summary** window is correct; then, click **Install**.

It might take 30 minutes or longer to install Prime Central, depending on your system performance and whether you are using an embedded or external database.

Step 18 In the **Install Complete** window, click **Done**.

If the installation fails, see [Troubleshooting the Installation](#), and make sure to uninstall Prime Central before attempting new installation. For more information, see [Uninstalling Prime Central, on page 85](#).

Explanation of Fields in the Embedded DB Information Window

The following table describes the required information for your local or remote embedded database.

Table 10: Fields in the Embedded DB Information Window

| Field | Description |
|-------------|---|
| Oracle User | The default username is <i>oracle</i> . |

| Field | Description |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Oracle Home Directory | The installer creates /export/home/oracle by default. If you want to use a different directory, choose one that is not already present on the server. |
| Data Files Location | The default is /export/home/oracle/oradata/primedb. |
| Redo Files Location | The default is /export/home/oracle/redo. |
| Enable backups on the database | Check this optional check box to enable backups on the Oracle database. |
| Archive Log Location | (Required if "Enable backups on the database" is checked) The default is /export/home/oracle/arch. |
| Backup Destination | (Required if "Enable backups on the database" is checked) The default is /export/home/oracle/backup. |
| Install database on remote server | Check this optional check box to install the embedded database on a remote server. The SSH user and password are used to establish an SSH connection between Prime Central and the remote database server. |
| Remote SSH User | (Required if "Install database on remote server" is checked) The remote SSH user's home directory cannot be the / directory. |
| Remote SSH User Password | (Required if "Install database on remote server" is checked) Enter the password for the remote SSH user. The password cannot contain a percent sign (%). |
| Server IP Address | Enter the IP address of the server where the database will be installed. |
| Root Password | Enter the root password for the server where the database will be installed. The password cannot contain following special characters (% , ^ , \$, *). |

Installing Prime Central in a Dual-Server Setup

Installing the Prime Central portal and Prime Central integration layer on separate servers—called a *distributed* or *dual-server* installation—is a three-part process:

1. Prepare both servers for installation.
2. Install the Prime Central portal.
3. Install the Prime Central integration layer.



Note You must install the Prime Central portal before installing the Prime Central integration layer. During the installation, the variables that you define must adhere to the constraints described in [Pathname, Group Name, Username, and Password Constraints](#).

Preparing Both Servers for Installation

Before you install the Prime Central portal and the Prime Central integration layer on separate servers, you must first connect to each server and, if using X server, verify the display settings.

Do the following on both servers:

Procedure

Step 1 Use one of the following options to connect to the server:

- VNC (recommended)—See <http://www.realvnc.com>.
- X server—For this option, Reflection X is recommended. See <http://www.attachmate.com/Products/PC+X+Server/rx/>.

Step 2 As the root user, launch a terminal on the server. (If you logged in as a nonroot user, enter the **su -** command to become the root user.) The C shell (csh) is recommended, but you can also use the Bash shell.

- To start the C shell, enter: **/bin/csh**
- To start the Bash shell, enter: **/bin/bash**

If you are using X server, continue to Step 3.

If you are using VNC, skip to Step 5.

Step 3 Set the DISPLAY variable:

```
setenv DISPLAY hostname-or-IP-address:0.0
```

Step 4 Verify that the display is set correctly:

```
echo $DISPLAY
```

In the command output, you should see:

```
hostname-or-IP-address:0.0
```

Step 5 Set the ulimit value.

If using a C shell, enter: **limit descriptors 1048576**

In the command output, you should see:

```
# limit descriptors
descriptors 1048576
```

If using a Bash shell, enter: **ulimit -n 1048576**

In the command output, you should see:

```
# ulimit -n
1048576
```

Step 6 (For an external database only; not applicable to an embedded database) If you are using a local or remote external database,

download `prePCInstallForExt12c.sh` from the scripts folder in the Base Application folder (where `images/primecentral_v1.5.3 .bin` is located) Copy `prePCInstallForExt12c.sh` to `ORACLE_HOME/network/admin` and execute.

Step 7 Verify that the following Red Hat RPM packages are installed

To verify the RHEL 5 RPM packages, enter:

```
rpm -q compat-db compat-glibc compat-glibc-headers compat-libstdc++-296 compat-libstdc++-33 elfutils
elfutils-libs gtk2 gtk2-engines kernel-headers ksh libgcc libXft libXmu libXp libXpm libXtst nscd
openmotif22 pam --qf "%{name}/%{version}/%{release}/%{arch}\n"
```

To verify the RHEL 6 RPM packages, enter:

```
rpm -q compat-db compat-glibc compat-libstdc++-296 compat-libstdc++-33 elfutils elfutils-libs gtk2
gtk2-engines kernel-headers ksh libgcc libXft libXmu libXp libXpm libXtst openmotif22 pam rpm-build
--qf "%{name}/%{version}/%{release}/%{arch}\n"
```

- Step 8** Before installing the Prime Central on a RHEL 6.5 or 6.7 server, make sure that the nscd RPM package is not installed.
- Log in as the root user.
 - Check the nscd RPM is installed or not.
`#rpm -qv nscd`
 - Enter the following command to uninstall:
`#yum remove nscd`

Installing the Prime Central Portal

Procedure

- Step 1** Insert the Cisco Prime Central 1.5.3 USB drive into the USB port and navigate to the Base Application folder.
- Step 2** Change file permissions and ownership:
`chmod 755 *`
- Step 3** From the Base Application folder, run the installer:
`./primecentral_v1.5.3.bin`
- Step 4** In the **Welcome** window, click **Next**.
- Step 5** In the **License Agreement** window, read the license agreement, click the **I accept the terms of the License Agreement** radio button, and click **Next**.
- Step 6** In the **Install Type** window, click the **Distributed Install** radio button; then, click **Next**.
- Step 7** In the **Distributed Install Components** window, click the **Portal** radio button; then, click **Next**.
- Step 8** In the **Validating Environment** window, review the information for accuracy; then, click **Next**.
- Step 9** In the **Server Information** window, confirm that the FQDN of the local server is correct; if not, enter the correct FQDN. Then, click **Next**.
- Step 10** In the **Choose Install Folder** window, specify where to install the Prime Central portal. Then, click **Next**.
The "o" (other or world) UNIX users must have at least execute permissions on the installation directory path.
- Step 11** In the **OS User Information** window, provide the information required to create an OS user to start and stop processes. The username is primeusr and cannot be changed. Then, click **Next**.
- Step 12** In the **Admin User Information** window, enter the password for the admin user who will be used for the first system login. The username is centraladmin and cannot be changed. Then, click **Next**.
- Step 13** In the **Install Mode** window, specify one of the following installation modes:
- **Simple Install**—Click **Next**; then, continue to the next step.
 - **Advanced Install**—Click **Next**; in the **Advanced Configuration** window, enter the desired port numbers and configuration values for the third-party servers; then, click **Next**.

Step 14 In the **Validating Port Configuration** window, review the information for accuracy; then, click **Next**.

Step 15 In the **Database Type** window, specify one of the following database types; then, click **Next**:

Embedded Database:

- a) In the **Embedded DB Information** window, enter the required information for your local or remote embedded database; then, click **Next**.
- b) In the **Prime Central DB User Information** window, enter the password for the database user that will be created for Prime Central. The username is primedba and cannot be changed. Then, click **Next**.

Note Be sure to note down the database user password for future reference. For example, if you decide to register a domain manager with Prime Central, you will need this password.

External Database:

- a) In the **Database Information** window, enter the required information for your preinstalled local or remote external database; then, click **Next**.
- b) In the **Prime Central DB User Information** window, enter the password for the database user that will be created for Prime Central. The username is primedba and cannot be changed. Then, click **Next**.
- c) In the **Database File Directory** window, specify where to store database data files; then, click **Next**. The directory you choose must exist, must be owned by the oracle user, and must not contain any data files. For a remote server, the Oracle database file directory must be present on the remote server where Oracle is installed.

For example, the database file directory /dbdata owned by the oracle user is as follows:

```
drwxr-xr-x  2 oracle  oinstall   512 Dec  8 14:04 dbdata
```

- d) In the **DB Server Information** window, enter the home directory for the Oracle database. Then, click **Next**.

Step 16 Verify that the information in the **Pre-Installation Summary** window is correct; then, click **Install**.

It might take 30 minutes or longer to install Prime Central, depending on your system performance and whether you are using an embedded or external database.

Step 17 In the **Install Complete** window, click **Done**.

If the installation fails, see [Troubleshooting the Installation](#), and make sure to uninstall Prime Central before attempting new installation. For more information, see [Uninstalling Prime Central, on page 85](#).

Installing the Prime Central Integration Layer

Procedure

Step 1 Insert the Cisco Prime Central 1.5.3 USB drive into the USB port and navigate to the Base Application folder.

Step 2 Change file permissions and ownership:

```
chmod 755 *
```

Step 3 From the Base Application folder, run the installer:

```
./primecentral_v1.5.3.bin
```

Step 4 In the **Welcome** window, click **Next**.

- Step 5** In the **License Agreement** window, read the license agreement, click the **I accept the terms of the License Agreement** radio button, and click **Next**.
- Step 6** In the **Install Type** window, click the **Distributed Install** radio button; then, click **Next**.
- Step 7** In the **Distributed Install Components** window, click the **Integration Layer** radio button; then, click **Next**.
- Step 8** In the **Validating Environment** window, review the information for accuracy; then, click **Next**.
- Step 9** In the **Database Information** window, enter the following Prime Central database connection information; then, click **Next**:
- Server IP address or hostname.
 - Port—The default is 1521.
 - SID—The default is primedb.
 - Prime database user—The username is primedba and cannot be changed.
 - Prime database password.
- Step 10** To scale the integration layer to support multiple application instances and provide the option of high availability, Prime Central 1.5.3 uses a distributed integration layer architecture. In the **Integration Layer Profile** window, specify one or both of the following integration layer profiles:
- **Prime Central integration layer: Messaging**—Installs a separate JMS broker to enable the integration layer messaging framework to be configured as a JMS cluster for messaging service high availability. Click **Next**; in the confirmation popup window, click one of the following:
 - **Yes**—To change the connection transport type, request timeout, or reconnect delay. In the **Integration Layer-JMS Data** window, make the desired changes; then, click **Next**.
 - **No**—To use the default values for connection transport type, request timeout, and reconnect delay. Then, continue to the next step.
 - **Prime Central integration layer: Core**—Installs the integration layer core components. Click **Next**; then, continue to the next step.
- Step 11** In the **Server Information** window, confirm that the FQDN is correct; if not, enter the correct FQDN. Then, click **Next**.
- Step 12** In the **Choose Install Folder** window, specify where to install the Prime Central integration layer. Then, click **Next**.
The "o" (other or world) UNIX users must have at least execute permissions on the installation directory path.
- Step 13** In the **OS User Information** window, provide the information required to create an OS user to start and stop processes. The username is primeusr and cannot be changed. Then, click **Next**.
- Step 14** In the **Install Mode** window, specify one of the following installation modes:
- **Simple Install**—Click **Next**; then, continue to the next step.
 - **Advanced Install**—Click **Next**; in the **Advanced Configuration** window, enter the desired port numbers and configuration values for the third-party servers; then, click **Next**.
- Step 15** In the **Validating Port Configuration** window, review the information for accuracy; then, click **Next**.
- Step 16** Verify that the information in the **Pre-Installation Summary** window is correct; then, click **Install**.

It might take 10 minutes or longer to install the Prime Central integration layer, depending on your system performance and whether you are using an embedded or external database.

Step 17 In the **Install Complete** window, click **Done**.

If the installation fails, see [Troubleshooting the Installation, on page 48](#), and make sure to uninstall Prime Central before attempting new installation. For more information, see [Uninstalling Prime Central, on page 85](#).

Pathname, Group Name, Username, and Password Constraints

During the Prime Central installation, the variables that you define must adhere to the constraints listed in the following table.

Table 11: Pathname, Group Name, Username, and Password Constraints

| Variable | Constraints |
|---|--|
| Choose Install Folder Window | |
| Installation directory pathname | <p>The installation directory pathname cannot:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exceed 100 characters. • Contain non-ASCII characters. • Contain special shell characters (; & () < > ' " ` \$ *). • Contain whitespace characters (<newline>, <space>, <tab>). |
| User Information Windows (OS User, Admin User, Prime Central Database User, Fault Management Application User) | |
| OS user group name | <p>The OS user group name must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contain from 1 to 8 alphanumeric characters. • Begin with a letter (a-z, A-Z). • Contain at least one lowercase letter (a-z). • Not contain any special characters except hyphen (-) or underscore (_). |
| Fault management application username | <p>The Fault Management application username must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contain from 1 to 8 alphanumeric characters. • Begin with a letter (a-z, A-Z). • Contain at least one lowercase letter (a-z). • Not contain any special characters except hyphen (-) or underscore (_). |

| Variable | Constraints |
|--------------------|--|
| All user passwords | <p>Except where noted, the following constraints apply to all user passwords:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Character count: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prime Central database user passwords only—8 to 12 characters. • All other user passwords—8 to 32 characters. • Alphanumeric characters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • At least one uppercase letter (A-Z). • At least one lowercase letter (a-z). • At least one number (0-9). • No character repeated three or more times. • Does not contain the username or the username in reverse. • Does not contain cisco, ocsic, or any variation. • Special characters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All user passwords—At least one special character from the following: ~@#%^*()_ - += { [}] ; : < , > . / No other special characters are allowed. • Prime Central database user only—At least one special character is required, but the password cannot <i>begin</i> with a special character. |

Verifying the Prime Central Installation

Procedure

Step 1 As the primeusr, log in to the Linux server with the primeusr password that you specified during the installation.

Step 2 Verify that the Prime Central portal is running:

portalctl status

In the output, you should see:

```
Prime Central Platform Status
Started
```

Step 3 Open a web browser and log in to the Prime Central portal at **https://server-hostname:https-port-number**, where:

- *server-hostname* is the hostname of the newly installed Prime Central server.
- *https-port-number* is the SSL port number that was configured during installation.

Step 4 Enter the username `centraladmin` and the admin user password that you specified during the installation.

Checking the Prime Central Version

Procedure

Step 1 As the primeusr, log in to the Prime Central server.

Step 2 On the command line, enter the **version**.

The following is an example of the output of the **version** command:

```
# version
Running Integration Layer(PC-IL-CORE,PC-IL-JMS) + Platform (v
1.5.3 (build number) with Patch(0.0.0.0)
```

Note If you reinstall a new build on an existing server, or if you install or uninstall applications, be sure to open a new browser window with a clear cache.

Installing Prime Central Silently

You can install Prime Central without user interaction. In a silent installation, no messages or prompts appear on-screen, and interactive dialogs are not displayed. Information and answers that you would normally provide are read from a properties file.

A silent installation allows for unattended product installations based on the values that are provided in the silent installation properties file.

Procedure

Step 1 As the root user, launch a terminal on the server where you want to silently install Prime Central. (If you logged in as a nonroot user, enter the `su -` command to become the root user.) The C shell (`cs`) is recommended. To start the C shell, enter:

```
/bin/csh
```

Step 2 Insert the Cisco Prime Central 1.5.3 USB drive into the USB port and navigate to the local folder where the drive is mounted.

Step 3 Create an `install.properties` file based on the samples provided in [Sample install.properties Files](#). Depending on the input that you provide, Prime Central will be installed in either a single-server setup or a dual-server (distributed) setup.

Caution Be careful to enter correct values in the `install.properties` file. The silent installation does not perform any validation on the values you enter.

Step 4 Save your changes to the `install.properties` file.

Step 5 Change file permissions:

```
chmod 755 *
```

Step 6 Run the installer:

```
./primecentral_v1.5.3.bin -i silent -f install.properties
```

The silent installation log files are available in the *installation-directory*/install/logs/ and in /tmp folder.

Note If the installation fails, see [Troubleshooting the Installation, on page 48](#), and make sure to uninstall Prime Central before attempting new installation. For more information, see [Uninstalling Prime Central, on page 85](#).

It is mandatory to verify the log files for any errors before proceeding further.

Step 7 Before installing the Prime Central on a RHEL 6.5 or 6.7 server, make sure that the nscd RPM package is not installed.

- a) Log in as the root user.
- b) Check the nscd RPM is installed or not.
#rpm -qv nscd
- c) Enter the following command to uninstall:
#yum remove nscd

Sample install.properties Files

The following examples show a typical install.properties file for each of the following scenarios:

- [Example 1: Installing Prime Central in a Single-Server Setup with a Local Embedded Database](#)
- [Example 2: Installing Prime Central in a Single-Server Setup with a Remote Embedded Database](#)
- [Example 3: Installing Prime Central in a Single-Server Setup with an External Database](#)
- [Example 4: Installing the Prime Central Portal in a Dual-Server Setup with a Local Embedded Database](#)
- [Example 5: Installing the Prime Central Portal in a Dual-Server Setup with a Remote Embedded Database](#)
- [Example 6: Installing the Prime Central Portal in a Dual-Server Setup with an External Database](#)
- [Example 7: Installing the Prime Central Integration Layer in a Dual-Server Setup](#)



Caution The values shown in the following examples are for illustrative purposes only. Be careful to enter actual values that are appropriate for your operating environment.

Example 1: Installing Prime Central in a Single-Server Setup with a Local Embedded Database

```
Installer_UI=silent

##### Basic #####

USER_INSTALL_DIR=/opt/primecentral
SUITEFW_INSTALL_TYPE=Single-Server Install
SUITEFW_DISTRIBUTED_INSTALL_TYPE=
SUITEFW_BOTH_SERVER_HOSTNAME=prime-dev.cisco.com

##### OS User (primeusr is fixed, do not change it) #####

SUITEFW_OS_USER=primeusr
SUITEFW_OS_GROUP=primegrp
SUITEFW_OS_PASSWD=Admin123~
```

```

SUITEFW_OS_TYPE=Linux

##### Application Admin user (centraladmin) password ###

SUITEFW_ADMIN_USER_PASSWD=Admin123~

##### DATABASE #####

SUITEFW_DB_TYPE=Embedded Database

### Database User (primedba is fixed. do not change it) ###

SUITEFW_DB_USER=primedba
SUITEFW_DB_USER_PASSWD=Admin123~

### External Database

SUITEFW_DB_HOST_IP_ADDRESS=
SUITEFW_DB_SYSTEM_PASSWD=
SUITEFW_DB_SYSTEM_USER=system
SUITEFW_DB_PORT=1521
SUITEFW_DB_SID=
SUITEFW_DBF_FILES_DIR=

### Embedded Database

SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_REMOTE=0
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ROOT_PASSWD=poPPee
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_HOST_IP=209.165.201.30
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_DBPROFILE=2
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_SMTP=self
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_SSH_USER=
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_SSH_USER_PASSWORD=
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ORACLE_HOME=/export/home/oracle
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ORACLE_USER=oracle
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_DATAFILES=/export/home/oracle/oradata/primedb
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_REDO=/export/home/oracle/redo
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_BACKUP=1
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ARCHIVE=/export/home/oracle/arch
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_BACKUP_DEST=/export/home/oracle/backup

##### Install Mode #####

SUITEFW_BOTH_INSTALL_MODE=Simple Install

### Portal

SUITEFW_PORTAL_HTTPS_PORT=8443
SUITEFW_PORTAL_HTTP_PORT=8080
SUITEFW_PORTAL_AJP_PORT=8009
SUITEFW_PORTAL_SHUTDOWN_PORT=8005

### IL

SUITEFW_IL_MTOPI_PORT=9110
SUITEFW_IL_CONNECTION_TRANSPORTTYPE=nio
SUITEFW_IL_CONNECTION_PORT=61616
SUITEFW_IL_NIO_TRANSPORT_PORT=61616
SUITEFW_IL_SSL_TRANSPORT_PORT=61615
SUITEFW_IL_NIO_TRANSPORT_FAILOVER_PORT=61614
SUITEFW_IL_REQUEST_TIMEOUT=135000
SUITEFW_IL_3GPP_PORT=9220
SUITEFW_IL_ALARM_MGMT_PORT=9020
SUITEFW_IL_RECONNECT_DELAY=10

```

```
### IL Profiles
# needed for distributed - IL
#SUITEFW_IL_PROFILES=PC-IL-JMS PC-IL-CORE
```

```
#### RPM VERIFICATION #####
SUITEFW_OVERRIDE_RPM_STATUS=
```

Example 2: Installing Prime Central in a Single-Server Setup with a Remote Embedded Database

```
Installer_UI=silent
```

```
##### Basic #####
```

```
USER_INSTALL_DIR=/opt/primecentral
SUITEFW_INSTALL_TYPE=Single-Server Install
SUITEFW_DISTRIBUTED_INSTALL_TYPE=
SUITEFW_BOTH_SERVER_HOSTNAME=prime-dev.cisco.com
```

```
##### OS User (primeusr is fixed, do not change it) #####
```

```
SUITEFW_OS_USER=primeusr
SUITEFW_OS_GROUP=primegrp
SUITEFW_OS_PASSWD=Admin123~
SUITEFW_OS_TYPE=Linux
```

```
##### Application Admin user (centraladmin) password ###
```

```
SUITEFW_ADMIN_USER_PASSWD=Admin123~
```

```
##### DATABASE #####
```

```
SUITEFW_DB_TYPE=Embedded Database
```

```
### Database User (primedba is fixed. do not change it) ###
```

```
SUITEFW_DB_USER=primedba
SUITEFW_DB_USER_PASSWD=Admin123~
```

```
### External Database
```

```
SUITEFW_DB_HOST_IP_ADDRESS=
SUITEFW_DB_SYSTEM_PASSWD=
SUITEFW_DB_SYSTEM_USER=system
SUITEFW_DB_PORT=1521
SUITEFW_DB_SID=
SUITEFW_DBF_FILES_DIR=
```

```
### Embedded Database
```

```
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_REMOTE=1
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ROOT_PASSWD=poPPee123
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_HOST_IP=209.165.200.254
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_DBPROFILE=2
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_SMTP=self
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_SSH_USER=test
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_SSH_USER_PASSWORD=Admin123~
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ORACLE_HOME=/export/home/oracle
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ORACLE_USER=oracle
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_DATAFILES=/export/home/oracle/oradata/primedb
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_REDO=/export/home/oracle/redo
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_BACKUP=1
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ARCHIVE=/export/home/oracle/arch
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_BACKUP_DEST=/export/home/oracle/backup
```

```

##### Install Mode #####
SUITEFW_BOTH_INSTALL_MODE=Simple Install

### Portal

SUITEFW_PORTAL_HTTPS_PORT=8443
SUITEFW_PORTAL_HTTP_PORT=8080
SUITEFW_PORTAL_AJP_PORT=8009
SUITEFW_PORTAL_SHUTDOWN_PORT=8005

### IL

SUITEFW_IL_MTOPI_PORT=9110
SUITEFW_IL_CONNECTION_TRANSPORTTYPE=nio
SUITEFW_IL_CONNECTION_PORT=61616
SUITEFW_IL_NIO_TRANSPORT_PORT=61616
SUITEFW_IL_SSL_TRANSPORT_PORT=61615
SUITEFW_IL_NIO_TRANSPORT_FAILOVER_PORT=61614
SUITEFW_IL_REQUEST_TIMEOUT=135000
SUITEFW_IL_3GPP_PORT=9220
SUITEFW_IL_ALARM_MGMT_PORT=9020
SUITEFW_IL_RECONNECT_DELAY=10

### IL Profiles
# needed for distributed - IL
#SUITEFW_IL_PROFILES=PC-IL-JMS PC-IL-CORE

#### RPM VERIFICATION #####
SUITEFW_OVERRIDE_RPM_STATUS=

```

Example 3: Installing Prime Central in a Single-Server Setup with an External Database

```

Installer_UI=silent

##### Basic #####

USER_INSTALL_DIR=/opt/primecentral
SUITEFW_INSTALL_TYPE=Single-Server Install
SUITEFW_DISTRIBUTED_INSTALL_TYPE=
SUITEFW_BOTH_SERVER_HOSTNAME=prime-dev.cisco.com

##### OS User (primeusr is fixed, do not change it) #####

SUITEFW_OS_USER=primeusr
SUITEFW_OS_GROUP=primegrp
SUITEFW_OS_PASSWD=Admin123~
SUITEFW_OS_TYPE=Linux

##### Application Admin user (centraladmin) password ###

SUITEFW_ADMIN_USER_PASSWD=Admin123~

##### DATABASE #####

SUITEFW_DB_TYPE=External Database

### Database User (primedba is fixed. do not change it) ###

SUITEFW_DB_USER=primedba
SUITEFW_DB_USER_PASSWD=Admin123~

### External Database

```

```
SUITEFW_DB_HOST_IP_ADDRESS=209.165.200.225
SUITEFW_DB_SYSTEM_PASSWD=manager
SUITEFW_DB_SYSTEM_USER=system
SUITEFW_DB_PORT=1521
SUITEFW_DB_SID=service-name
SUITEFW_DBF_FILES_DIR=/export/home/oracle/prime_test
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ORACLE_HOME=/export/home/oracle
```

```
##### Install Mode #####
```

```
SUITEFW_BOTH_INSTALL_MODE=Simple Install
```

```
### Portal
```

```
SUITEFW_PORTAL_HTTPS_PORT=8443
SUITEFW_PORTAL_HTTP_PORT=8080
SUITEFW_PORTAL_AJP_PORT=8009
SUITEFW_PORTAL_SHUTDOWN_PORT=8005
```

```
### IL
```

```
SUITEFW_IL_MTOPI_PORT=9110
SUITEFW_IL_CONNECTION_TRANSPORTTYPE=nio
SUITEFW_IL_CONNECTION_PORT=61616
SUITEFW_IL_NIO_TRANSPORT_PORT=61616
SUITEFW_IL_SSL_TRANSPORT_PORT=61615
SUITEFW_IL_NIO_TRANSPORT_FAILOVER_PORT=61614
SUITEFW_IL_REQUEST_TIMEOUT=135000
SUITEFW_IL_3GPP_PORT=9220
SUITEFW_IL_ALARM_MGMT_PORT=9020
SUITEFW_IL_RECONNECT_DELAY=10
```

```
### IL Profiles
```

```
# needed for distributed - IL
#SUITEFW_IL_PROFILES=PC-IL-JMS PC-IL-CORE
```

```
#### RPM VERIFICATION #####
```

```
SUITEFW_OVERRIDE_RPM_STATUS=
```

Example 4: Installing the Prime Central Portal in a Dual-Server Setup with a Local Embedded Database

```
Installer_UI=silent
```

```
##### Basic #####
```

```
USER_INSTALL_DIR=/opt/primecentral
SUITEFW_INSTALL_TYPE=Distributed Install
SUITEFW_DISTRIBUTED_INSTALL_TYPE=Portal
SUITEFW_BOTH_SERVER_HOSTNAME=prime-dev.cisco.com
```

```
##### OS User (primeusr is fixed, do not change it) #####
```

```
SUITEFW_OS_USER=primeusr
SUITEFW_OS_GROUP=primegrp
SUITEFW_OS_PASSWD=Admin123~
SUITEFW_OS_TYPE=Linux
```

```
##### Application Admin user (centraladmin) password ###
```

```
SUITEFW_ADMIN_USER_PASSWD=Admin123~
```

```
##### DATABASE #####
```

```

SUITEFW_DB_TYPE=Embedded Database

### Database User (primedba is fixed. do not change it) ###

SUITEFW_DB_USER=primedba
SUITEFW_DB_USER_PASSWD=Admin123~

### External Database

SUITEFW_DB_HOST_IP_ADDRESS=
SUITEFW_DB_SYSTEM_PASSWD=
SUITEFW_DB_SYSTEM_USER=system
SUITEFW_DB_PORT=1521
SUITEFW_DB_SID=
SUITEFW_DBF_FILES_DIR=

### Embedded Database

SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_REMOTE=0
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ROOT_PASSWD=poPPee
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_HOST_IP=209.165.201.30
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_DBPROFILE=2
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_SMTP=self
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_SSH_USER=
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_SSH_USER_PASSWORD=
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ORACLE_HOME=/export/home/oracle
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ORACLE_USER=oracle
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_DATAFILES=/export/home/oracle/oradata/primedb
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_REDO=/export/home/oracle/redo
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_BACKUP=1
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ARCHIVE=/export/home/oracle/arch
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_BACKUP_DEST=/export/home/oracle/backup

##### Install Mode #####

SUITEFW_BOTH_INSTALL_MODE=Simple Install

### Portal

SUITEFW_PORTAL_HTTPS_PORT=8443
SUITEFW_PORTAL_HTTP_PORT=8080
SUITEFW_PORTAL_AJP_PORT=8009
SUITEFW_PORTAL_SHUTDOWN_PORT=8005

### IL

SUITEFW_IL_MTOSI_PORT=9110
SUITEFW_IL_CONNECTION_TRANSPORTTYPE=nio
SUITEFW_IL_CONNECTION_PORT=61616
SUITEFW_IL_NIO_TRANSPORT_PORT=61616
SUITEFW_IL_SSL_TRANSPORT_PORT=61615
SUITEFW_IL_NIO_TRANSPORT_FAILOVER_PORT=61614
SUITEFW_IL_REQUEST_TIMEOUT=135000
SUITEFW_IL_3GPP_PORT=9220
SUITEFW_IL_ALARM_MGMT_PORT=9020
SUITEFW_IL_RECONNECT_DELAY=10

### IL Profiles
# needed for distributed - IL
#SUITEFW_IL_PROFILES=PC-IL-JMS PC-IL-CORE

#### RPM VERIFICATION #####
SUITEFW_OVERRIDE_RPM_STATUS=

```

Example 5: Installing the Prime Central Portal in a Dual-Server Setup with a Remote Embedded Database

```
Installer_UI=silent

##### Basic #####

USER_INSTALL_DIR=/opt/primecentral
SUITEFW_INSTALL_TYPE=Distributed Install
SUITEFW_DISTRIBUTED_INSTALL_TYPE=Portal
SUITEFW_BOTH_SERVER_HOSTNAME=prime-dev.cisco.com

##### OS User (primeusr is fixed, do not change it) #####

SUITEFW_OS_USER=primeusr
SUITEFW_OS_GROUP=primegrp
SUITEFW_OS_PASSWD=Admin123~
SUITEFW_OS_TYPE=Linux

##### Application Admin user (centraladmin) password ###

SUITEFW_ADMIN_USER_PASSWD=Admin123~

##### DATABASE #####

SUITEFW_DB_TYPE=Embedded Database

### Database User (primedba is fixed. do not change it) ###

SUITEFW_DB_USER=primedba
SUITEFW_DB_USER_PASSWD=Admin123~

### External Database

SUITEFW_DB_HOST_IP_ADDRESS=
SUITEFW_DB_SYSTEM_PASSWD=
SUITEFW_DB_SYSTEM_USER=system
SUITEFW_DB_PORT=1521
SUITEFW_DB_SID=
SUITEFW_DBF_FILES_DIR=

### Embedded Database

SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_REMOTE=1
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ROOT_PASSWD=poPPee123
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_HOST_IP=209.165.200.254
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_DBPROFILE=2
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_SMTP=self
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_SSH_USER=test
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_SSH_USER_PASSWORD=Admin123~
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ORACLE_HOME=/export/home/oracle
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ORACLE_USER=oracle
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_DATAFILES=/export/home/oracle/oradata/primedb
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_REDO=/export/home/oracle/redo
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_BACKUP=1
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ARCHIVE=/export/home/oracle/arch
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_BACKUP_DEST=/export/home/oracle/backup

##### Install Mode #####

SUITEFW_BOTH_INSTALL_MODE=Simple Install

### Portal

SUITEFW_PORTAL_HTTPS_PORT=8443
```

```

SUITEFW_PORTAL_HTTP_PORT=8080
SUITEFW_PORTAL_AJP_PORT=8009
SUITEFW_PORTAL_SHUTDOWN_PORT=8005

### IL

SUITEFW_IL_MTOSI_PORT=9110
SUITEFW_IL_CONNECTION_TRANSPORTTYPE=nio
SUITEFW_IL_CONNECTION_PORT=61616
SUITEFW_IL_NIO_TRANSPORT_PORT=61616
SUITEFW_IL_SSL_TRANSPORT_PORT=61615
SUITEFW_IL_NIO_TRANSPORT_FAILOVER_PORT=61614
SUITEFW_IL_REQUEST_TIMEOUT=135000
SUITEFW_IL_3GPP_PORT=9220
SUITEFW_IL_ALARM_MGMT_PORT=9020
SUITEFW_IL_RECONNECT_DELAY=10

### IL Profiles
# needed for distributed - IL
#SUITEFW_IL_PROFILES=PC-IL-JMS PC-IL-CORE

#### RPM VERIFICATION #####
SUITEFW_OVERRIDE_RPM_STATUS=

```

Example 6: Installing the Prime Central Portal in a Dual-Server Setup with an External Database

```

Installer_UI=silent

##### Basic #####

USER_INSTALL_DIR=/opt/primecentral
SUITEFW_INSTALL_TYPE=Distributed Install
SUITEFW_DISTRIBUTED_INSTALL_TYPE=Portal
SUITEFW_BOTH_SERVER_HOSTNAME=prime-dev.cisco.com

##### OS User (primeusr is fixed, do not change it) #####

SUITEFW_OS_USER=primeusr
SUITEFW_OS_GROUP=primegrp
SUITEFW_OS_PASSWD=Admin123~
SUITEFW_OS_TYPE=Linux

##### Application Admin user (centraladmin) password ###

SUITEFW_ADMIN_USER_PASSWD=Admin123~

##### DATABASE #####

SUITEFW_DB_TYPE=External Database

### Database User (primedba is fixed. do not change it) ###

SUITEFW_DB_USER=primedba
SUITEFW_DB_USER_PASSWD=Admin123~

### External Database

SUITEFW_DB_HOST_IP_ADDRESS=209.165.200.225
SUITEFW_DB_SYSTEM_PASSWD=manager
SUITEFW_DB_SYSTEM_USER=system
SUITEFW_DB_PORT=1521
SUITEFW_DB_SID=service-name
SUITEFW_DBF_FILES_DIR=/export/home/oracle/prime_test
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ORACLE_HOME=/export/home/oracle

```

```

##### Install Mode #####
SUITEFW_BOTH_INSTALL_MODE=Simple Install

### Portal

SUITEFW_PORTAL_HTTPS_PORT=8443
SUITEFW_PORTAL_HTTP_PORT=8080
SUITEFW_PORTAL_AJP_PORT=8009
SUITEFW_PORTAL_SHUTDOWN_PORT=8005

### IL

SUITEFW_IL_MTOSI_PORT=9110
SUITEFW_IL_CONNECTION_TRANSPORTTYPE=nio
SUITEFW_IL_CONNECTION_PORT=61616
SUITEFW_IL_NIO_TRANSPORT_PORT=61616
SUITEFW_IL_SSL_TRANSPORT_PORT=61615
SUITEFW_IL_NIO_TRANSPORT_FAILOVER_PORT=61614
SUITEFW_IL_REQUEST_TIMEOUT=135000
SUITEFW_IL_3GPP_PORT=9220
SUITEFW_IL_ALARM_MGMT_PORT=9020
SUITEFW_IL_RECONNECT_DELAY=10

### IL Profiles
# needed for distributed - IL
#SUITEFW_IL_PROFILES=PC-IL-JMS PC-IL-CORE

#### RPM VERIFICATION #####
SUITEFW_OVERRIDE_RPM_STATUS=

```

Example 7: Installing the Prime Central Integration Layer in a Dual-Server Setup

```

Installer_UI=silent

##### Basic #####

USER_INSTALL_DIR=/opt/primecentral
SUITEFW_INSTALL_TYPE=Distributed Install
SUITEFW_DISTRIBUTED_INSTALL_TYPE=Integration Layer
SUITEFW_BOTH_SERVER_HOSTNAME=prime-dev.cisco.com

##### OS User (primeusr is fixed, do not change it) #####

SUITEFW_OS_USER=primeusr
SUITEFW_OS_GROUP=primegrp
SUITEFW_OS_PASSWD=Admin123~
SUITEFW_OS_TYPE=Linux

##### Application Admin user (centraladmin) password ###

SUITEFW_ADMIN_USER_PASSWD=Admin123~

##### DATABASE #####

SUITEFW_DB_TYPE=External Database

### Database User (primedba is fixed. do not change it) ###

SUITEFW_DB_USER=primedba
SUITEFW_DB_USER_PASSWD=Admin123~

### External Database

```

```
SUITEFW_DB_HOST_IP_ADDRESS=198.51.100.1
SUITEFW_DB_SYSTEM_PASSWD=Admin123~
SUITEFW_DB_SYSTEM_USER=primedba
SUITEFW_DB_PORT=1521
SUITEFW_DB_SID=service-name
SUITEFW_DBF_FILES_DIR=/export/home/oracle/prime_test
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ORACLE_HOME=/export/home/oracle
```

```
### Portal
```

```
SUITEFW_PORTAL_HTTPS_PORT=8443
SUITEFW_PORTAL_HTTP_PORT=8080
SUITEFW_PORTAL_AJP_PORT=8009
SUITEFW_PORTAL_SHUTDOWN_PORT=8005
```

```
### IL
```

```
SUITEFW_IL_MTOSI_PORT=9110
SUITEFW_IL_CONNECTION_TRANSPORTTYPE=nio
SUITEFW_IL_CONNECTION_PORT=61616
SUITEFW_IL_NIO_TRANSPORT_PORT=61616
SUITEFW_IL_SSL_TRANSPORT_PORT=61615
SUITEFW_IL_NIO_TRANSPORT_FAILOVER_PORT=61614
SUITEFW_IL_REQUEST_TIMEOUT=135000
SUITEFW_IL_3GPP_PORT=9220
SUITEFW_IL_ALARM_MGMT_PORT=9020
SUITEFW_IL_RECONNECT_DELAY=10
```

```
### IL Profiles
```

```
# needed for distributed - IL
SUITEFW_IL_PROFILES=PC-IL-JMS PC-IL-CORE
#### RPM VERIFICATION #####
SUITEFW_OVERRIDE_RPM_STATUS=
```

Verifying the Silent Installation

Procedure

Step 1 Open a web browser and log in to the Prime Central portal at **https://server-hostname:https-port-number**, where:

- *server-hostname* is the hostname of the newly installed Prime Central server.
- *https-port-number* is the SSL port number that was configured during installation.

Step 2 Enter the username **centraladmin** and the admin user password that you specified for the silent installation.

If you cannot log in to the Prime Central portal, check the silent installation log files in the *installation-directory/install/logs/* folder. If the installation failed, the log files contain errors and exceptions that you can use for troubleshooting.

Installing Prime Central Fault Management

Installing the Prime Central Fault Management component—which has its own installation USB and installation binary—is a two-part process:

1. Prepare the server for installation.

2. Install the Prime Central Fault Management component.



Note During the installation, the variables that you define must adhere to the constraints described in [Pathname, Group Name, Username, and Password Constraints](#).

Preparing the Server for Installation

Before you install the Prime Central Fault Management component, you must first connect to the server and, if using X server, verify the display settings.

Procedure

- Step 1** Use one of the following options to connect to the server where you want to install Prime Central Fault Management:
- VNC (recommended)—See <http://www.realvnc.com>.
 - X server—For this option, Reflection X is recommended. See <http://www.attachmate.com/Products/PC+X+Server/rx/>.
- Step 2** As the root user, launch a terminal on the server where you want to install Prime Central Fault Management. The C shell (csh) is recommended. To start the C shell, enter:
- ```
/bin/csh
```
- If you are using X server, continue to the next step.
- If you are using VNC, you are finished; continue to [Installing Prime Central Fault Management on the Server](#).
- Step 3** Set the DISPLAY variable:
- ```
setenv DISPLAY hostname-or-IP-address:0.0
```
- Step 4** Verify that the display is set correctly:
- ```
echo $DISPLAY
```
- In the command output, you should see:
- ```
hostname-or-IP-address:0.0
```
- Step 5** If the hosts do not have DNS access, or their hostnames are not registered in the DNS, update the /etc/hosts file on the server:
- ```
IP-address FQDN hostname
```
- For example:
- ```
192.168.1.170 fm-server.cisco.com fm-server
```
- Step 6** Save the /etc/hosts file.
- Step 7** Run the following tests:
- ```
hostname -a
```
- ```
fm-server
```

```
# hostname -f
fm-server.cisco.com
```

```
# hostname -i
192.168.1.170
```

```
# ipcalc -h 192.168.1.170
HOSTNAME=fm-server.cisco.com
```

If any of the tests return incorrect results, check the `/etc/hosts` file for typos. Check also the `/etc/sysconfig/network` file and verify that the `HOSTNAME` entry contains your server's FQDN (`fm-server.cisco.com` in this example).

Step 8 Move (or remove) all `*.log` files from the `/tmp` folder.

Step 9 Before installing Prime Central Fault Management on a RHEL 6.4, 6.5 or 6.7 server, make sure that the `numactl-devel` RPM package is not installed. To uninstall it:

- a) Log in as the root user.
- b) Enter the following commands:

```
rpm -ev numactl-devel
rpm -q numactl-devel --qf "%{name}/%{version}/%{release}/%{arch}\n"
```

Step 10 Verify that the Red Hat RPM packages listed here are installed.

- To verify the RHEL 5 RPM packages, enter:

```
rpm -q compat-db compat-glibc compat-glibc-headers compat-libstdc++-296 compat-libstdc++-33 elfutils
elfutils-libs gtk2 gtk2-engines kernel-headers ksh libgcc libXft libXmu libXp libXpm libXtst nscd openmotif22
pam --qf "%{name}/%{version}/%{release}/%{arch}\n"
```

- To verify the RHEL 6 RPM packages, enter:

```
rpm -q compat-db compat-glibc compat-libstdc++-296 compat-libstdc++-33 elfutils elfutils-libs gtk2
gtk2-engines kernel-headers ksh libgcc libXft libXmu libXp libXpm libXtst openmotif22 pam rpm-build
--qf "%{name}/%{version}/%{release}/%{arch}\n"
```

Step 11 Set the `unlimit` value.

If using a C shell, enter: **limit descriptors 1048576**

In the command output, you should see:

```
# limit descriptors
descriptors 1048576
```

If using a Bash shell, enter: **ulimit -n 1048576**

In the command output, you should see:

```
# ulimit -n
1048576
```

Installing Prime Central Fault Management on the Server

Procedure

- Step 1** Insert the Cisco Prime Central 1.5.3 USB, navigate to the Fault Management folder, and locate the FM 1.5.3 Build.tar.gz file.
- Step 2** Use SSH to connect to the server.
- Step 3** Copy the FM 1.5.3 Build.tar.gz file to the server.
- Step 4** Distribute the file:
- ```
tar -zxf FM1.5.3Build.tar.gz
cd Disk1/InstData/VM
chmod 755 primefm_v1.5.3.bin
```
- Step 5** Run the installer:
- ```
./primefm_v1.5.3.bin
```
- Step 6** In the **Introduction** window, click **Next**.
- Step 7** In the **License Agreement** window, read the license agreement, click the **I accept the terms of the License Agreement** radio button, and click **Next**.
- Step 8** In the **Environment Validation** window, review the information for accuracy; then, click **Next**.
- Step 9** In the **Server Information** window, confirm that the FQDN is correct; if not, enter the correct FQDN. Then, click **Next**.
- Step 10** In the **UNIX OS User Information** window, provide the information required to create a UNIX OS user to start and stop processes; then, click **Next**.
- The username is primeusr and cannot be changed.
 - The group name is ncoadmin and cannot be changed.
- Step 11** In the **App User Information** window, enter the username and password for the Prime Central Fault Management application user; then, click **Next**.
- Step 12** In the **Database Information** window, enter the following database connection information; then, click **Next**:
- Server IP address or hostname.
 - Port—The default is 1521.
 - SID—The default is primedb.
 - Prime database username—The default is primedb.
 - Prime database password.
- Note** If you specify the IP address of the Prime Central server in this window, skip ahead to Step 14.
- Step 13** In the **Choose Install Folder** window, specify where to install the Fault Management server; then, click **Next**. The installation directory defaults to /opt/primeusr/faultmgmt.
- Step 14** In the **Install Mode** window, specify one of the following installation modes:
- **Simple Install**—Click **Next**; then, continue to the next step.

- **Advanced Install**—Click **Next**; in the **Advanced Configuration** window, enter the desired port numbers for the Fault Management database server, gateway, and web server; then, click **Next**.

- Step 15** Verify that the information in the **Pre-Installation Summary** window is correct; then, click **Install**.
- Step 16** Confirm that both the Prime Central portal and the Prime Central integration layer are running on the Prime Central server.
It might take 90 minutes or longer to install Prime Central Fault Management, depending on your system performance.
- Step 17** In the **Install Complete** window, click **Done**.
The installation log files are available in the *installation-directory/install/logs/* folder.
- Step 18** Login to the Prime Central integration layer as the *primeusr* and entering the following commands to restart it:
- ```
itgctl stop
itgctl start
```
- Step 19** Restart Prime Central portal by entering the following commands, to complete the installation process:
- ```
portalctl stop
portalctl start
```

Configuring Mail Service for Alarm Reports

After successful installation of Fault Management, configure mail service for receiving alarm reports.

Procedure

- Step 1** Go to `~/faultmgmt/tipv2Components/TCRComponent/cognos/configuration` folder.
- Step 2** Open `cogstartup.xml` file in `vi` editor.
- Step 3** Search for `<crn:parameter name="NC" opaque="true">`.
- Step 4** Scroll down to the below parameters:
- ```
<crn:parameter name="smtpMailServer">
 <crn:value xsi:type="cfg:hostPort"> mailserver:25</crn:value>
</crn:parameter>
```
- Step 5** Replace `mailserver` with `localhost`.
- Step 6** Replace the `<crn:value encrypted="true" xsi:type="cfg:credential">` tag with the below tag (as the `localhost` does not require authentication):
- ```
<crn:value xsi:type="cfg:credential">
  <credential>
    <username/>
    <password/>
  </credential>
</crn:value>
```
- Step 7** Save the file and close it.
- Step 8** Restart Prime Central Fault Management TIP component, by logging in as *primeusr*:
- ```
fmctl stop tip
fmctl start tip
```

---

## Installing Prime Central Fault Management Silently

### Procedure

---

**Step 1** As the root user, launch a terminal on the server where you want to silently install Prime Central Fault Management. The C shell (csh) is recommended. To start the C shell, enter:

```
/bin/csh
```

**Step 2** Insert the Cisco Prime Central 1.5.3 USB drive into the USB port and navigate to the local folder where the drive is mounted.

**Step 3** Create a PrimeFM\_install.properties file based on the sample provided in [Sample PrimeFM\\_install.properties File](#).

The silent properties file is the same whether you are installing the Fault Management component on the same server as Prime Central, or on a separate server. If you are installing the Fault Management component on the same server as Prime Central, the OS user primeusr is already created. Therefore, when you create the PrimeFM\_install.properties file, be sure to enter the correct password for the OS user primeusr.

**Caution** If you are installing the Fault Management component on the same server as Prime Central, you must install it as faultmgmt in a subdirectory immediately underneath Prime Central (for example, /opt/primecentral/faultmgmt).

**Caution** Be careful to enter correct values in the PrimeFM\_install.properties file. The silent installation does not perform any validation on the values you enter.

**Step 4** Save your changes to the PrimeFM\_install.properties file.

**Step 5** Change file permissions:

```
chmod 755 *
```

**Step 6** Run the installer:

```
./primefm_v1.5.3.bin -i silent -f PrimeFM_install.properties
```

The silent installation log files are available in the *installation-directory*/install/logs/ and in /tmp folder.

It is mandatory to verify the log files for any errors before proceeding further.

**Step 7** Login to the Prime Central integration layer as the primeusr and entering the following commands to restart it:

```
itgctl stop
itgctl start
```

---

### Sample PrimeFM\_install.properties File

The following example shows a typical PrimeFM\_install.properties file for Prime Central Fault Management.



---

**Caution** The values shown in the following example are for illustrative purposes only. Be careful to enter actual values that are appropriate for your operating environment.

---

Note the following:

- For the PRIMEFM\_OS\_USER parameter, the value *primeusr* is fixed; do not change it.
- For the PRIMEFM\_OS\_GROUP and PRIMEFM\_PA\_GROUP parameters, the value *ncoadmin* is fixed; do not change it.
- For the PRIMEFM\_INSTALL\_TYPE parameter, if you enter **Simple Install**, the default port values will be used. If you want to use different ports, enter **Advanced Install**.

Sample PrimeFM\_install.properties File when Installing Prime Central Fault Management

```
#####User Information#####
PRIMEFM_OS_USER=primeusr
PRIMEFM_OS_GROUP=ncoadmin
PRIMEFM_OS_PASSWD=Prime123@
PRIMEFM_PA_USER=primefm_pa
PRIMEFM_PA_GROUP=ncoadmin
PRIMEFM_PA_PASSWD=Prime123@
PRIMEFM_APP_USER=primefm
PRIMEFM_APP_USER_PASSWD=Prime123@
Fully qualified hostname of the FM Server
PRIMEFM_SERVER_HOSTNAME=fm-server.cisco.com
#####Prime Central Database Information#####
PRIMEFM_DB_HOST_IP_ADDRESS=209.165.200.225
PRIMEFM_DB_PORT=1521
PRIMEFM_DB_SID=primedb
PRIMEFM_DB_SYSTEM_USER=primedba
PRIMEFM_DB_SYSTEM_PASSWD=Prime123@
#####User Install Directory#####
USER_INSTALL_DIR=/opt/primecentral/faultmgmt
#####Install Type#####
PRIMEFM_INSTALL_TYPE=Simple Install
#####Port Information#####
PRIMEFM_DB_SERVER_PORT=4100
PRIMEFM_GATEWAY_PORT=4300
PRIMEFM_PROXY_PORT=4400
PRIMEFM_PROCESS_AGENT_PORT=4200
PRIMEFM_SNMP_PROBE_PORT=1162
PRIMEFM_WEB_SERVER_PORT=16310
PRIMEFM_CORR_HTTP_PORT=9080
PRIMEFM_CORR_ADMIN_PORT=9060
PRIMEFM_CORR_DB_PORT=5435
PRIMEFM_CORR_CLI_PORT=2000
PRIMEFM_WEB_SERVER_SOAP_PORT=16313
PRIMEFM_PN_GATEWAY_PORT=6081
#####Disaster Recovery#####
Options: 'Regular' or 'DR'
PRIMEFM_INSTALL_MODE=Regular
Run the 'list' command on PC server and find the id value for cfm type
Use a value of 0 for Regular mode. Use a positive value for DR mode.
PRIMEFM_CFM_ID=0
RPM VERIFICATION
PRIMEFM_OVERRIDE_RPM_STATUS=
```

## Manually Registering Fault Management to Retrieve Alarm Data

If an application is integrated with Prime Central but is not up and running when the Fault Management component is installed, you must manually register with the application if you want to receive alarms immediately. (Within 10 minutes of the Fault Management installation, an automatic cron job starts alarm retrieval.)

To bypass the 10-minute waiting period and begin receiving alarms immediately:

## Procedure

---

**Step 1** As the primeusr, log in to the Prime Central Fault Management server.

**Step 2** After the application is integrated with Prime Central, go to the *installation-directory/prime\_integrator/scripts* folder and enter:

**./DMRegistration.sh**

**Note** The Fault Management component does not retrieve alarm data for Prime Provisioning or Cisco InTracer.

---

## Installing the Gateways Used with Prime Central

You can install IBM Tier 1 and Tier 2 gateways that are available for use with Prime Central through a separately purchased license. The gateways have their own installation binary. The installation procedure for the following gateways is mentioned below:

### • Tier 1

- SNMP Forwarder
- Socket Writer
- Flat File Writer
- ODBC
- MessageBus (XML)
- JDBC
- Oracle
- Tivoli EIF

### • Tier 2

- HP/Peregrine Service Center
- Remedy ARS
- Tivoli Service Request Manager (TSRM)



---

**Note** The following steps do not apply to the data source adaptors (DSAs) that are included in the Prime Central base application.

---

## Procedure

---

**Step 1** Insert the Cisco Prime Central 1.5.3 USB drive into the USB port, navigate to the Gateways folder, and unzip the PC\_Gateways.zip file.

- Step 2** From the list of files displayed in the PC\_Gateways/Tier1 or PC\_Gateways/Tier2 folder, copy the desired file to the workstation on which you want to install the gateway.
- Step 3** Uncompress (unzip) the file:  
`gunzip filename`
- Step 4** Extract the .tar archive contents:  
`tar -xvf filename`
- Step 5** Open the README.txt file that is packaged with the gateway and follow the gateway installation steps.

## Troubleshooting the Installation

If your Prime Central installation fails, you can check the log files to locate the problem and take the appropriate action.

### Procedure

**Step 1** Check the following log files in the *installation-directory*/install/logs/ folder:

- DBUserAction.log
- ExitCode.log
- installXMP.log
- startXMP.log

The [Table 12: Prime Central Log Files](#) describes these and other log files to scan for information. The [Table 13: Troubleshooting the Prime Central Installation](#) lists specific errors you might encounter and possible solutions.

**Step 2** Uninstall Prime Central as explained in [Uninstalling Prime Central](#).

**Step 3** Restart the installation.

## Prime Central Log Files

**Table 12: Prime Central Log Files**

| Log File               | Description                                                                                               |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CreateOSGroup.log      | Output and errors during OS user and group creation.                                                      |
| CreateOSUser.log       |                                                                                                           |
| dbPasswdEncryption.log | Output and errors during the database and admin user password encryption process.                         |
| DBUserAction.log       | Output and errors during database user and schema creation.                                               |
| ExitCode.log           | Exit codes for important installation actions. You can determine installation status from the exit codes. |

| Log File                   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| insertESB-PC-IL-COMMON.log | Output and errors while persisting Prime Central integration layer information to the suite database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| insertESB-PC-IL-CORE.log   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| insertESB-PC-IL-JMS.log    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| insertESB.log              | Output and errors while persisting Prime Central portal information to the suite database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| insertPortal.log           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| installESB-PC-IL-CORE.log  | Output and errors during the Prime Central integration layer installation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| installESB-PC-IL-JMS.log   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| installXMP.log             | Output and errors during XMP installation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| prime_embedded_oracle.log  | <p>Embedded database installation information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The local server log file is saved in <i>installation-directory</i>/local/scripts/embedded_oracle.</li> <li>• The remote server log files are saved in two locations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local server: <i>installation-directory</i>/local/scripts/embedded_oracle.</li> <li>• Remote server: <i>SSH-user-home-directory</i>/ORA.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| primecentral_uninstall.log | Uninstallation console output that is saved to /tmp.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| startXMP.log               | <p>Output and errors during XMP startup. If an error is noted during XMP startup, check the <i>installation-directory</i>/XMP_Platform/logs/Startup.log file.</p> <p><b>Note</b> Installation console output is captured and stored in <i>installation-directory</i>/install/logs/primecentral_install.log.</p>                                                                                                                                                            |
| UNINSTALL_LOG_time-stamp   | Uninstallation information that is time stamped and saved in /var/adm/Cisco/uninstall; for example, /var/adm/Cisco/uninstall/UNINSTALL_LOG_102711-123237.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## Troubleshooting the Prime Central Installation

The following table offers additional troubleshooting steps to help solve installation-related problems.

**Table 13: Troubleshooting the Prime Central Installation**

| Problem                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Solution                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>An embedded database installation fails with the following error in the <i>installation-directory/local/scripts/prime_embedded_oracle.log</i> file:</p> <pre>Removing user 'oracle' ERROR: Failed removing user 'oracle', please remove it manually by running 'userdel oracle'. ABORTING. ***</pre> <p>If you try to remove the oracle user manually, the following errors are generated:</p> <pre># userdel oracle userdel: error deleting password entry userdel: error deleting shadow password entry</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <p>In the <i>/etc/nsswitch.conf</i> file, remove the nis entry from passwd, shadow, group, and services. Then, remove the oracle user.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <p>The installation validation fails with an insufficient disk space error, even though the disk partition used to create the installation directory has more than 20 GB of free space.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>Do the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Enter the following to see if the installer is running on a non-English locale and therefore cannot parse the command outputs: <pre># env   grep LANG LANG=it_IT.UTF-8</pre> </li> <li>2. Change the locale to <b>en_US.UTF-8</b> and retry the installation.</li> </ol> |
| <p>An embedded database installation fails with the following errors in the <i>installation-directory/local/scripts/prime_embedded_oracle.log</i> file:</p> <pre>Checking Temp space: must be greater than 120 MB. Actual 28037 MB Passed Checking swap space: must be greater than 150 MB. Actual 4095 MB Passed Database closed. Database dismounted. ORACLE instance shut down. File created. ORA-27102: out of memory Linux-x86_64 Error: 28: No space left on device Disconnected from Oracle Database 12c Enterprise Edition Release 11.2.0.1.0 - 64bit Production With the Partitioning, OLAP and Real Application Testing options 0 '*** ERROR: Failed to execute the post installation tasks. Check log for more details. ABORTING. ***' '*** ERROR: Installation failed. ABORTING. ***'</pre> | <p>Verify that the available free memory on the system meets the Oracle installation requirements.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <p>An embedded database installation fails with the following error in the <i>installation-directory/local/scripts/prime_embedded_oracle.log</i> file:</p> <pre>'*** ERROR: Failed to enable automatic backups. Check log for more details. ABORTING. ***'</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <p>Verify that the available disk space meets the Oracle installation requirements.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

| Problem                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Solution                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>An embedded database installation fails with the following errors in the <i>installation-directory/local/scripts/prime_embedded_oracle.log</i> file:</p> <pre>Running (su - oracle -c "/export/home/oracle/product/11.2.0/db_1/bin/netca /silent /responsefile /export/home/oracle/tmp_prime/netca.rsp") euid: 0 '*** ERROR: Failed to run netca (256)' Wed Aug 21 14:43:59 PDT 2013 Oracle Net Configuration Assistant Parsing command line arguments: Parameter "silent" = true Parameter "responsefile" = /export/home/oracle/tmp_prime/netca.rsp Parameter "log" = /export/home/oracle/tmp_prime/netca.log Done parsing command line arguments. Oracle Net Services Configuration: LISTENER: The information provided for this listener is currently  in use by other software on this computer. Default local naming configuration complete. Created net service name: primedb Profile configuration complete. Check the trace file for details: /export/home/oracle/cfgtoollogs/netca/trace_OraDB12Home1-110824 2PM4358.log Oracle Net Services configuration failed. The exit code is 1</pre> | <p>Verify that the <code>/etc/hosts</code> format is correct; for example:</p> <pre>127.0.0.1 localhost.localdomain localhost ::1 localhost6.localdomain6 localhost6 10.10.10.10 core.domain.com core</pre> |
| <p>An embedded database installation fails with the following errors in the <i>installation-directory/local/scripts/prime_embedded_oracle.log</i> file:</p> <pre>ORA-27102: out of memory Linux-x86_64 Error: 28: No space left on device Disconnected from Oracle Database 12c Enterprise Edition Release  12.1.0.2.0 - 64bit Production With the Partitioning, OLAP and Real Application Testing options 0 *** ERROR: Failed to execute the post installation tasks. Check  log for more details. ABORTING. ***</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <p>Verify that your system meets the requirements listed in <a href="#">Embedded Database Requirements, on page 13</a>.</p>                                                                                 |

| Problem                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Solution                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>Database connection errors are generated while installing the Prime Central integration layer in a dual-server setup.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <p>Do the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Verify that the Prime Central integration layer can access the suite database server.</li> <li>2. Verify that the database is up and running.</li> <li>3. If there is a firewall on the suite database server that prevents external connections, disable the firewall as well as SELinux by entering the following commands as the root user: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To disable the firewall: <pre>service iptables save service iptables stop chkconfig iptables off service ip6tables save service ip6tables stop chkconfig ip6tables off</pre> </li> <li>To disable SELinux: <pre>vi /etc/selinux/config change SELINUX=enforcing to SELINUX=disabled</pre> </li> </ul> </li> </ol> |
| <p>An embedded database installation fails with the following errors in the <i>installation-directory/local/scripts/prime_embedded_oracle.log</i> file:</p> <pre>ERROR: Failed to run netca (256) UnsatisfiedLinkError exception  loading native library: njni11 java.lang.UnsatisfiedLinkError: /export/home/oracle/product/11.2.0/db_1/lib/libjni11.so: libclntsh.so.11.1: cannot open shared object file: No such file or directory Error: jniGetOracleHome Oracle Net Services configuration failed. The exit code is 1 . ABORTING. ***</pre> | <p>Verify that the correct Oracle system packages are installed in libaio-devel, libaio, and glibc-devel. For example, this problem occurs if glibc-devel-2.5.49 (x86_64) is not installed on the x86_64 system. To verify that the correct Oracle system packages are installed, enter:</p> <pre><b>rpm -qa --queryformat "%{NAME}-%{VERSION}-%{RELEASE} (%{ARCH})\n"   sort &gt; /tmp/rpmlist.txt</b></pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <p>The Prime Central installation quits with an error message about viewing the <i>prime_embedded_oracle.log</i> file on both the local and remote machines. However, no log files exist at the specified locations.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <p>Look at the <i>primecentral_install.log</i> file for exceptions or errors that relate to zip, unzip, or open files. (The <i>primecentral_install.log</i> file is located under <i>/tmp/</i> or <i>installation-directory/install/logs/</i>.) The root cause of this problem is that the <i>ulimit</i> value was not set to <i>ulimit -n 1048576</i>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

| Problem                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Solution                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>An embedded database installation fails because the /etc/oratab file contains an extra user at the bottom of the file, as shown in the following example:</p> <pre data-bbox="131 359 943 894"> # This file is used by ORACLE utilities.  It is created by # root.sh and updated by the Database Configuration Assistant # when creating a database. # A colon, ':', is used as the field terminator.  A new line # terminates the entry.  Lines beginning with a pound sign, '#', # are comments. # # Entries are of the form: #   \$ORACLE_SID:\$ORACLE_HOME:&lt;N Y&gt;: # # The first and second fields are the system identifier and home # # directory of the database respectively.  The third field # indicates to the dbstart utility that the database should, # "Y", or should not, "N", be brought up at system boot time. # # Multiple entries with the same \$ORACLE_SID are not allowed. # # orcl:/opt/oracle/app/oracle/product/11.2.0/dbhome_5:N </pre> | <p>Verify that the /etc/oratab file does not contain any users except for the primedb user. (Because the installation failed, the primedb user might not be present.) If /etc/oratab contains any user other than the primedb user, delete the extra user. Then, rerun the installation.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <p>The Prime Central installation fails after installing the database. As part of the failed installation, the installer copies the /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml file to the system. If you later try to reinstall Prime Central, the presence of the /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml file prevents you from performing any subsequent installations.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <p>Do the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Uninstall Prime Central (if the uninstall folder exists).</li> <li>2. If the uninstall folder does not exist, do the following as the root user: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check for any users: <pre data-bbox="1036 1182 1192 1209">su - primeusr</pre> </li> <li>2. If any users exist, remove them: <pre data-bbox="1036 1266 1235 1293">userdel primeusr</pre> </li> <li>3. Delete the /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml file manually.</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Reinstall Prime Central.</li> </ol> |

| Problem                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Solution                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>Due to any unforeseen reasons such as, power shutdown, network issue, accidentally killed Prime Central installation process or user pressed ctrl+c during installation of prime central, the uninstallation of prime central may fail as the /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml might not be completely formed when the installation halted.</p> | <p>Follow below steps to manually uninstall Prime Central:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Enter the below command: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>cd</b></li> <li><b>&lt;installation-directory&gt;/local/scripts/embedded_oracle</b></li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Execute <b>./perl/bin/perl oracle.pl --remove</b></li> <li>3. Check for the process with <b>primeusr</b> and kill the process: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>kill -9 &lt;PID&gt;</b></li> </ul> </li> <li>4. If there are any other users , delete the user primeusr: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>userdel primeusr</b></li> </ul> </li> <li>5. Delete the <b>/var/.com.zerog.registry.xml</b> file manually: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>rm -rf /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml</b></li> </ul> </li> <li>6. Remove the installation directory repeatedly: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>rm -rf &lt; installation-directory&gt;</b></li> </ul> </li> <li>7. Remove <b>dbora</b>, <b>restartpc</b> and <b>primefm</b> files from <b>/etc/rc.d/init.d</b> directory. And, remove the corresponding symbolic links <b>S95dbora</b> , <b>S95restartpc</b> and <b>S99primefm</b> from <b>/etc/rc.d/rc2.d</b>, <b>/etc/rc.d/rc3.d</b>, <b>/etc/rc.d/rc4.d</b> and <b>/etc/rc.d/rc5.d</b> directories respectively, by running below commands: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>cd /etc/rc.d/init.d/; rm -f dbora restartpc primefm</b></li> <li><b>cd /etc/rc.d/rc2.d/; rm -f S95dbora S95restartpc S99primefm</b></li> <li><b>cd /etc/rc.d/rc3.d/; rm -f S95dbora S95restartpc S99primefm</b></li> <li><b>cd /etc/rc.d/rc4.d/; rm -f S95dbora S95restartpc S99primefm</b></li> <li><b>cd /etc/rc.d/rc5.d/; rm -f S95dbora S95restartpc S99primefm</b></li> </ul> </li> <li>8. Reinstall Prime Central.</li> </ol> |

| Problem                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Solution                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>While registering an application with Prime Central, you receive error messages similar to the following:</p> <pre> ***** Running DMIntegrator on hostname at Thu Dec 19 06:26:52 PDT 2013 ***** - Initializing - Checking property file - Validating Java - Setting ENVIRONMENT - User Home Directory: /opt/CiscoTransportManagerServer - Extracting DMIntegrator.tar mkdir: Failed to make directory "DMIntegrator"; File exists - Setting Java Path mkdir: Failed to make directory "lib"; File exists - JAVA BIN : /opt/jdk1.6.0_24/bin/java -classpath /opt/CiscoTransportManagerServer/prime_integrator/DMIntegrator/li b/*:/opt/CiscoTransportManagerServer/prime_integrator/DMIntegrato r/lib - Creating Data Source - Encrypting DB Passwd - Created /opt/CiscoTransportManagerServer/prime_integrator/datasource.prop erties - PRIME_DBSOURCE: /opt/CiscoTransportManagerServer/prime_integrator/datasource.prop erties - Checking DB connection parameters @@@ Aborting Due to: Database connection error. Please verify DB connection parameters. Exiting. @@@@ </pre> | <p>Add the entry <b>dns</b> next to “hosts:” in the <code>/etc/nsswitch.conf</code> file.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <p>Installation of the Fault Management component fails.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <p>Review the installation log files in the <i>installation-directory/install/logs</i> folder:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>CheckLogs.log</code>—Indicates which main log file has an error.</li> <li>• <code>PrimeFM-install.log</code>—Provides the status of the IBM component installation process.</li> <li>• <code>PrimeFM-post.log</code>—Provides the status of the configuration process.</li> <li>• <code>primefm.log</code>—Provides a summary (which includes additional error information) of the PrimeFM-install and PrimeFM-post processes.</li> </ul> <p>If Impact failed, this typically indicates that either the FQDN of the Fault Management server was not entered during the installation process or the FQDN of the Fault Management server was incorrectly entered in DNS or the <code>/etc/hosts</code> file.</p> <p>If TCR failed, this typically indicates that an RPM is missing. Verify that all of the required RPMs have been installed.</p> |

| Problem                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Solution                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>mbind: Invalid Argument errors are present in the Fault Management log files.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <p>Remove the numactl-devel RPM package:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Log in as the root user.</li> <li>2. Enter the following command:<br/><b>rpm -ev numactl-devel</b></li> </ol> <p>You will also need to delete the mbind: Invalid Argument errors from the following files (making sure that the password property is set to the {aes}xyz value):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ~/faultmgmt/impact/etc/NCI_ReportsHSQLDB.ds</li> <li>• ~/faultmgmt/impact/etc/NCI_defaultobjectserver.ds</li> <li>• ~/faultmgmt/impact/etc/NCI_wsadmin.props</li> </ul> |
| <p>Could not reserve enough space for object heap error occurs during initialization of VM.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <p>Add the following environment variable to your session prior to running the installation binary:<br/><b>export _JAVA_OPTIONS="-Xms128m -Xmx512m"</b></p> <p>If the error still appears, try doubling the Xmx value.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <p>Prime Central/ Fault Management installation fails because of RPM installation error as in /opt/primecentral/install/logs/installUtils.log :</p> <pre>rpm for 6.5 error: Failed dependencies: libgomp = 4.4.7-4.el6 is needed by gcc-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64 libstdc++ = 4.4.7-4.el6 is needed by gcc-c++-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64 glibc-common = 2.12-1.132.el6 is needed by glibc-2.12-1.132.el6.i686 libstdc++(x86-64) = 4.4.7-4.el6 is needed by libstdc++-devel-4.4.7-4.el6.x86_64 install jre1.7</pre> | <p>Install the dependent RPMs of exact version manually and then install Prime Central/ Fault Management.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <p>Prime Central Portal GUI is not displayed properly after VM reboot or after rollback (in case of upgrade failure).</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p>As the primeusr, restart the Prime Central portal by entering the following commands:</p> <pre>portalctl stop portalctl start</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <p>Prime Central GUI is not launching completely after successful installation.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p>Add the hostname of Prime Components in /etc/hosts of windows, which allows access to browser and also to enable the java security.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <p>Domain Manager status shows down in Prime Central.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p>Make sure that all nodes are Synchronized with same the NTP server.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <p>After the installation of secondary Prime central the itgctl status shows stopped.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p>Manually execute<br/>itgctl start and portalctl<br/>in the Secondary Prime Central.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

# Configuring Prime Carrier Management Suite Scale Setup

Before starting the integration process, perform the Prime Carrier Management suite scale setup.



---

**Note** The following steps are applicable only to Extremely Large scale setups.

---

## Procedure

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- Step 1** Switch to Oracle User:  
**su - oracle**
- Step 2** Login to sql prompt as sysdba:  
**sqlplus / as sysdba**
- Step 3** Enter the following query @ sql prompt:  
**alter system set sga\_max\_size=8G scope=spfile;**
- Step 4** Come out of sql prompt and oracle user using **exit** command.
- Step 5** Switch to the primeusr to restart emdbctl and portalctl (Oracle Database) with the following commands:  
**su - primeusr**  
**portalctl stop**  
**emdbctl --stop**  
**emdbctl --start**  
**portalctl start**
- Step 6** Come out of primeusr user using **exit** command.
- Step 7** Switch again to Oracle User to increase db\_cache size:  
**su - oracle**
- Step 8** Login to sql prompt as sysdba:  
**sqlplus / as sysdba**
- Step 9** Enter the following query @ sql prompt:  
**alter system set db\_cache\_size=4G;**
- Step 10** Come out of sql prompt and oracle user using **exit** command.
-

# Configuring Applications as Suite Components

You can integrate an existing installation of the following applications with Prime Central:

- Cisco InTracer
- Prime Network, including the Prime Network integration layer
- Prime Optical, including the Prime Optical integration layer
- Prime Performance Manager
- Prime Provisioning
- Agora-NG

This section assumes that you have already installed the application in standalone mode, and now you want it to join the Prime Carrier Management suite.

Before starting the integration process, perform the Prime Carrier Management suite scale setup. For more information on the required network size for installation, see [Prime Carrier Management Sizing guide](#).

## Integration Process

When you install an individual application, it contains the following files, which the Prime Central portal and Prime Central integration layer require to identify and route to the application:

- DMIntegrator.sh—Wrapper script to invoke the API to register the application with the Prime Central platform.
- DMIntegrator.tar—Tar bundle that contains the libraries required to register the application.

The application integration (also known as *registration*) process is as follows:

1. The DMIntegrator.sh and DMIntegrator.tar files integrate the application with Prime Central. (These files are bundled with the application installers.)
2. The DMIntegrator.prop file is generated when the application is installed. (This file contains information to populate the application in the Prime Central database and is provided as input to the DMIntegrator.sh script.)
3. The DMIntegrator.sh script runs in *interactive* or *silent* mode:
  - Interactive mode—You are prompted for database information such as username, password, IP address, service name, and so on.
  - Silent mode—Database information is passed as CLI arguments to the DMIntegrator.sh script.These modes are useful for both:
  - Standalone application integration
  - Seamless installation as a suite component
4. The DMIntegrator.sh script calls the DMSwitchToSuite.sh script, which switches between the standalone application installer and the integrated application installer.
5. The application installer installs the application in either *standalone* or *integrated* mode. In integrated mode, the application installer calls the DMIntegrator.sh script to make the integration seamless.

Note the following:

- Once Prime Provisioning is integrated with Prime Central, it cannot be reverted to standalone mode, even after unregistering Prime Provisioning.
- The DMIntegrator.sh, DMIntegrator.tar, and DMIntegrator.prop files reside in the *application-installation-directory/prime\_integrator/* folder on the application server.
- The DMIntegrator.sh file generates the following output, which is available in the *application-installation-directory/prime\_integrator/* folder:
  - *datasource.properties*—Contains connection information for the Prime Central database; the password is encrypted.
  - *dmid.xml*—Contains a unique ID that the application uses to update its information in the Prime Central database.
  - *pc.xml*—Contains the name of the Prime Central server with which the application integrates.
- If Prime Network is installed on an IPv6-only gateway, you *cannot* integrate it with Prime Central.

## Contents of the DMIntegrator.prop File

The DMIntegrator.prop file is generated by entering environment values for each application. The file contains the following name-value pairs:

```
TYPE={cfm | cit | ful | net | opt | ppm}
DISPLAY={Fault Management | CIT | Prime Network | Prime Optical | Prime Performance Manager |
Prime Provisioning}
HOSTNAME=
DESCRIPTION=
VERSION=
PATCH=
DB_VERSION=
DB_LOCATION=
DB_SID=
DB_PORT=
DB_TYPE=
INSTALL_DATE_TIME=
INSTALL_LOCATION=
OS_USERNAME=
SWITCH_TO_SUITE_LOC=
PROTOCOL_PORT_PAIR=<name:value,name:value,name:value,...>
BUILD_NUMBER=
```

where:

- DISPLAY is the application.
- SWITCH\_TO\_SUITE\_LOC is the location of the DMSwitchToSuite.sh script on the application.
- PROTOCOL\_PORT\_PAIR is a comma-separated pair of protocols and ports relevant to the application.
- BUILD\_NUMBER is the build number of the installed application.

## DMIntegrator.sh Script Usage

The DMIntegrator.sh script shows the following usage:

```
./DMIntegrator.sh [-n] prop-file server-hostname service-name db-user db-password db-port
```

```
./DMIntegrator.sh [-a] prop-file server-hostname service-name db-user db-password db-port
./DMIntegrator.sh [-i] prop-file
```

where:

- -n is for noninteractive, single application instance registration
- -a is for noninteractive, multiple application instance registration
- -i is for interactive mode for both single and multiple application instance registration

When multiple instances of Prime Network are integrated with Prime Central, they all must be the same version.

For example:

```
./DMIntegrator.sh -a DMIntegrator.prop db-server db-sid db-user db-password db-port
```

where:

- db-server—Prime Central database server hostname or IP address.
- db-sid—Prime Central database service name (*primedb* for an embedded database; user provided for an external database).
- db-user—Prime Central database user (*primedba* for an embedded or external database).
- db-password—Prime Central database user password.
- db-port—Prime Central database port number (*1521* for an embedded database; user provided for an external database).



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**Note** The DMIntegrator.sh script output is available in the DMIntegrator.log file.

---

## Integrating Cisco InTracer with Prime Central

### Procedure

---

- Step 1** As the application user, shut down Cisco InTracer.
- Step 2** Verify that the JAVA\_HOME environment variable points to Java 1.7, which the DMIntegrator.sh script requires.
- Step 3** Verify that the /usr/bin/scp secure copy tool is present on the Cisco InTracer server.
- Step 4** Under the Cisco InTracer home folder, create a prime\_integrator folder (if it does not already exist) and copy the following files to it:
- DMIntegrator.prop
  - DMIntegrator.sh
  - DMIntegrator.tar
- Step 5** Verify that permissions are correct.
- Step 6** Run the DMIntegrator.sh script. (For usage details, see [DMIntegrator.sh Script Usage](#).)
- ```
$ ./DMIntegrator.sh
```

- Step 7** As the primeusr user, log in to the Prime Central integration layer and restart it:
- Enter the following command, which lists all integration layer instances (and their profiles) that are running:
itgctl list
 - Note down the ID of the integration layer instance with the "PC-IL-CORE" profile.
 - Stop the PC-IL-CORE profile instance:
itgctl stop ID
 - Restart the integration layer:
itgctl start ID
- Step 8** Start Cisco InTracer.
- Step 9** After Cisco InTracer is integrated with Prime Central, use the Prime Central portal to create new users, even if they already existed in standalone mode.
-

Integrating Prime Network with Prime Central

Procedure

- Step 1** As the application user, shut down Prime Network:
networkctl stop
- Step 2** Enter:
cd \$PRIME_NETWORK_HOME/Main ; runRegTool.sh localhost set suite-integ/enabled true
- Note** Complete this step *only* if you are registering a Prime Network instance that was previously unregistered. If this is not the case, proceed to Step 3.
- Step 3** Verify that the JAVA_HOME environment variable points to Java 1.7 (or 1.8 for Prime Network 4.3 or Prime Network 4.3.1), which the DMIntegrator.sh script requires:
java -version
- Step 4** Verify that the correct value is configured for the HOSTNAME object in the DMIntegrator.prop file.
- Enter the following command:
hostname --fqdn
 - On the primary Prime Network server, navigate to the \$PRIME_NETWORK_HOME/prime_integrator directory.
 - Open the DMIntegrator.prop file and confirm that the value configured for the HOSTNAME object is the same as the gateway listed after running the **hostname --fqdn** command.
- Note** Only complete this step if Prime Network is installed in a local and Geographical redundancy configuration. Otherwise, proceed to Step 5.
- Step 5** Run the DMIntegrator.sh script.
./DMIntegrator.sh -a DMIntegrator.prop Prime-Central-DB-hostname db-SID db-user db-password port

- Step 6** Start Prime Network:
networkctl start
- Step 7** In Prime Central, login as primeusr and restart the Prime Central integration layer to recognize the recently added Prime Network server:
itgctl stop
itgctl start
- Step 8** Now that Prime Network is integrated with Prime Central, you must also integrate the Prime Network integration layer. Continue to [Integrating the Prime Network Integration Layer with Prime Central](#).
- Step 9** After Prime Network is integrated with Prime Central, use the Prime Central portal to create new users, even if they already existed in standalone mode (or provide PN scope to the users).
To provide Prime Network scope to users, see the topic "Creating New Device Scopes to Control Device Access" in the [Cisco Prime Network 5.1 Administrator Guide](#), Chapter 6, "Controlling Device Access and Authorization Using Device Scopes."
-

Integrating the Prime Network Integration Layer with Prime Central

Procedure

- Step 1** As the Prime Network user, log in to the Prime Network gateway:
ssh root@Prime-Network-host-IP-address
su - prime
Note In this example, *prime* is the Prime Network user.
- Step 2** Disable the Prime Network integration layer health checker by entering the following command on the Prime Network gateway server:
\$PRIMEHOME/local/scripts/il-watch-dog.sh disable
- Step 3** Stop the Prime Network integration layer:
\$PRIMEHOME/bin/itgctl stop
- Step 4** Change directories to the \$PRIMEHOME/integration directory:
cd \$PRIMEHOME/integration
- Step 5** Verify that the correct value is configured for the HOSTNAME object in the ILIntegrator.prop file.
a) Enter the following command:
hostname —fqdn
b) On the primary Prime Network server, navigate to the \$PRIMEHOME/pnil directory.
c) Open the ILIntegrator.prop file and confirm that the value configured for the HOSTNAME object is the same as the gateway listed after running the **hostname —fqdn** command.

Note Only complete this step if Prime Network is installed in a local and Geographical redundancy configuration. Otherwise, proceed to Step 6.

Step 6 Run the DMIntegrator script.

```
./DMIntegrator.sh -a IIntegrator.prop Prime-Central-DB-hostname db-SID db-user db-password port
```

Step 7 Reload the user profile:

```
source $HOME/.cshrc
```

Step 8 Enable the Prime Network integration layer health checker by entering the following command on the Prime Network gateway server:

```
$PRIMEHOME/local/scripts/il-watch-dog.sh enable
```

Step 9 Start the Prime Network integration layer:

```
$PRIMEHOME/bin/itgctl start
```

Step 10 (as primeusr)

```
itgctl stop
```

```
itgctl start
```

Note The Prime Network integration layer will remain in **Unknown** state (even after integration), if the Prime Central integration layer is not restarted.

Integrating Prime Network in a High Availability Configuration with Prime Central

Procedure

Step 1 As the application user, shut down Prime Network.

Step 2 Verify that the JAVA_HOME environment variable points to Java 1.7 (or 1.8 for Prime Network 4.3) or 1.8 for Prime Network 4.3.2, which the DMIntegrator.sh script requires.

Step 3 Verify that the /usr/bin/scp secure copy tool is present on the Prime Network server.

Step 4 Under the Prime Network home folder, create a prime_integrator folder (if it does not already exist) and copy the following files to it:

- DMIntegrator.prop
- DMIntegrator.sh
- DMIntegrator.tar

Step 5 Verify that permissions are correct.

Step 6 In the DMIntegrator.prop file, change the HOSTNAME value to **ana-cluster-ana**.

Step 7 Add the hostname **ana-cluster-ana** to the /etc/hosts file on the Prime Central machine.

Step 8 On the client workstation, repeat the preceding step. If you are using a Windows workstation, use the C:\Windows\system32\drivers\etc\hosts file.

Step 9 Run the DMIntegrator.sh script.

```
./DMIntegrator.sh -a DMIntegrator.prop Prime-Central-DB-hostname db-SID db-user db-password port
```

Note For the database IP address or hostname, use the virtual IP address of the HA server.

Step 10 As the Prime Network user, run the jars script:

a) Enter:

```
cd ~/prime_integrator/PN_PC_Integration/  
perl runPrimeCentralUpgrade.pl
```

b) When prompted, enter the Prime Central IP address, Prime Central root username and password, and the system's Prime Central username (usually primeusr).

Step 11 If you are reintegrating the same Prime Network instance with a different COM-URI, you must restart the Prime Central portal. (The COM-URI is the Prime Network identifier and can be found in the Prime Central portal > Suite Monitoring portlet.) To do so, log in to the Prime Central portal as the primeusr user and enter:

```
portalctl stop
```

```
portalctl start
```

Step 12 Start Prime Network.

Step 13 After Prime Network is integrated with Prime Central, use the Prime Central portal to create new users, even if they already existed in standalone mode.

Integrating the Prime Network Integration Layer in a High Availability Configuration with Prime Central

Prime Central supports integration with the Prime Network integration layer in the following high availability configurations:

- Local redundancy *only*, which uses two active local servers for automatic failover.
- Geographical disaster recovery *only*, which uses a server at a remote geographical site for a full disaster recovery.

Complete the integration procedure specific to the configuration you have in place.

Local Redundancy Configuration

Procedure

Step 1 As the root user, log in to the Prime Network primary cluster node.

Step 2 Freeze the “ana” service:

```
clusvcadm -Z ana
```

Step 3 Switch users to the Prime Network Gateway application user:

```
su – anauser
```

Step 4 Stop the Prime Network integration layer:

\$PRIMEHOME/bin/itgctl stop

Step 5 Change to the \$PRIMEHOME/integration directory:

cd \$PRIMEHOME/integration

Step 6 Open the ILIntegrator.prop file:

vi \$PRIMEHOME/integration/ILIntegrator.prop

Step 7 Change the HOSTNAME value to ana-cluster-ana.

Step 8 Run the DMIntegrator.sh script.

./DMIntegrator.sh -a ILIntegrator.prop Prime-Central-database-server service-namedb-user db-password db-port

where *Prime-Central-database-server* is the server's hostname or IP address.

Note If you specify the IP address of the database server, use the virtual IP address of the HA server.

Step 9 Reload the user profile:

source \$HOME/.cshrc

Step 10 Start the Prime Network Integration layer:

\$PRIMEHOME/bin/itgctl start

Step 11 As the root user, unfreeze the "ana" service:

clusvcadm -U ana

Step 12 If you install a Prime Network instance after Prime Performance Manager is integrated with Prime Central, enter the following commands in Prime Performance Manager GW server to integrate Prime Performance Manager with Prime Network:

/opt/CSCOppm-gw/bin/sgmInventoryImportUtility.sh -installCrossLaunchPoints

/opt/CSCOppm-gw/bin/sgmInventoryImportUtility.sh -installTrapSupport

Geographical Disaster Recovery Configuration

Complete the following procedures for both the primary and geographical disaster recovery Prime Network servers.

Configuring the Primary Server

Procedure

Step 1 As the root user, log in to the primary Prime Network primary server:

ssh root@server

where *server* is the primary server's hostname or IP address.

Step 2 Switch users to the Prime Network application user:

su - username

- Step 3** Disable the Prime Network integration layer health monitor and stop the Prime Network integration layer:
\$PRIMEHOME/local/scripts/il-watch-dog.sh disableandstop
- Step 4** Change to the \$PRIMEHOME/integration directory:
cd \$PRIMEHOME/integration
- Step 5** Run the DMIntegrator.sh script.
./DMIntegrator.sh -a IIntegrator.prop Prime-Central-database-server service-name db-user db-password db-port
where *Prime-Central-database-server* is the server's hostname or IP address.
- Step 6** Reload the user profile:
source \$HOME/.cshrc
- Step 7** Run the **itgctl list** command to obtain the Prime Network integration layer's instance ID value.
You will need this for Step 8 of the [Configuring the Geographical Disaster Recovery Server](#) procedure.
- Step 8** Enable the Prime Network integration layer health monitor:
\$PRIMEHOME/local/scripts/il-watch-dog.sh enable
- Step 9** Start the Prime Network Integration layer:
\$PRIMEHOME/bin/itgctl start
-

Configuring the Geographical Disaster Recovery Server

Procedure

- Step 1** As the root user, log in to the geographical disaster recovery Prime Network server:
ssh root@server
where *server* is the geographical disaster recovery server's hostname or IP address.
- Step 2** Change to the /var/adm/cisco/prime-network/scripts/ha/rsync directory:
cd /var/adm/cisco/prime-network/scripts/ha/rsync
- Step 3** Rename the rsync_exclude_pnil_cfg.txt file:
mv rsync_exclude_pnil_cfg.txt rsync_exclude_pnil_cfg.txt.org
- Step 4** Switch users to the Prime Network application user:
su - username
- Step 5** Disable the Prime Network integration layer health monitor and stop the Prime Network integration layer:
\$PRIMEHOME/local/scripts/il-watch-dog.sh disableandstop
- Step 6** Change to the \$PRIMEHOME/integration directory:

```
cd $PRIMEHOME/integration
```

Step 7 Open the ILIntegrator.prop file:

```
vi $PRIMEHOME/integration/ILIntegrator.prop
```

Step 8 Change the HOSTNAME value to the standby Prime Network geographical disaster recovery server's hostname.

Integrating Prime Optical and the Prime Optical Integration Layer with Prime Central

Procedure

Step 1 As the application user, shut down Prime Optical:

```
opticalctl stop
```

Step 2 Under the application home folder, change directories to the /bin directory:

```
cd /opt/CiscoTransportManagerServer/bin
```

Step 3 Run the CPOIntegrator.sh script:

```
CPOIntegrator.sh -a prop-file server-hostname service-name db-user db-password port-number
```

For example:

```
CPOIntegrator.sh -a DMIntegrator.prop prime-server primedb primedba Test456@ 1521
```

Note The DMIntegrator.prop file is located in the /opt/CiscoTransportManagerserver/prime_integrator folder by default. (If you want to use a different properties file, you must indicate its complete path.)

Step 4 Start Prime Optical:

```
opticalctl start
```

Integrating Prime Performance Manager with Prime Central



Tip Integrate Prime Performance Manager with Prime Central *after* you integrate the Fault Management component and each instance of Prime Network with Prime Central.

Procedure

Step 1 As the root user, log in to the Prime Performance Manager gateway server and navigate to the *Prime-Performance-Manager-gateway-installation-directory*/bin directory.

Step 2 Enter:

```
./ppm primecentralintegration
```

Step 3 Enter the appropriate responses at the prompts:

- Database Host—Enter the Prime Central database server hostname or IP address.
- Database SID [primedb]—Enter the Prime Central database service name, which is *primedb* by default.
- Database User [primedba]—Enter the Prime Central database username, which is *primedba* by default.
- Database Password [*****]—Enter the Prime Central database user password; for example, *Test456@*.
- Database Port [1521]—Enter the Prime Central database port number, which is *1521* by default.

Step 4 Restart Prime Performance Manager for the changes to take effect.

Step 5 As the `primeusr` user, log in to the Prime Central integration layer and restart it:

itgctl stop

itgctl start

Step 6 If you are reintegrating Prime Performance Manager after a previous integration, you must unregister it from Prime Central before you reintegrate it. See [Unregistering Prime Performance Manager](#).

Step 7 If remote units are connected to the gateway, complete the below steps to enable SSL on remote units:

- a) Log into the remote unit.
- b) Enable SSL on the unit:

/opt/CSCOppm-unit/bin/ppm ssl enable

Prime Performance Manager:

- Stops the unit.
- Generates RSA private key.

- c) When prompted, enter the SSL distinguishing information for the unit:

```
Country Name (2 letter code) []:  
State or Province Name (full name) []:  
Locality Name (eg, city) []:  
Organization Name (eg, company) []:  
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:  
Common Name (your hostname) []:  
Email Address []:  
Certificate Validity (number of days)? [min: 30, default: 365]
```

Prime Performance Manager generates the `server.key`, `server.crt`, and `server.csr` on the **unit** **/opt/CSCOppm-unit/etc/ssl** directory:

- d) Import the unit certificate to the gateway:

1. Copy the **/opt/CSCOppm-unit/etc/ssl/server.crt** to a temporary location on the gateway, for example, **/tmp/server.crt**.
2. Enter the following command to import the unit certificate:

/opt/CSCOppm-gw/bin/ppm certtool import myhostname-unit -file filename

Where `alias` is a string that is an alias for the certificate file and `filename` is the full path name for the certificate file, for example, **/tmp/server.crt**. Each imported certificate must have a unique alias when imported.

- e) Import the gateway certificate to the unit:

1. Copy the `/opt/CSCOppm-gw/etc/ssl/server.crt` to a temporary location on the unit machine, for example, `/tmp/server.crt`.
2. Import the gateway certificate:

```
/opt/CSCOppm-unit/bin/ppm certtool import myhostname-gateway -file filename
```

Where `alias` is a string that is an alias for the certificate file and `filename` is the full path name for the certificate file, for example, `/tmp/server.crt`.

Note The gateway imports the certificate file for each unit that connects to it. Each unit then imports the gateway certificate file for the gateway that it connects to.

- f) Restart the gateway:

```
/opt/CSCOppm-gw/bin/ppm restart
```

- g) Restart the remote unit:

```
/opt/CSCOppm-unit/bin/ppm restart unit
```

Step 8 After Prime Performance Manager is integrated with Prime Central, use the Prime Central portal to create new users. (Any users that existed before the integration are removed during the integration.)

Step 9 If you install a Prime Network instance *after* Prime Performance Manager is integrated with Prime Central, enter the following commands to integrate Prime Performance Manager with Prime Network:

```
/opt/CSCOppm-gw/bin/sgmInventoryImportUtility.sh -installCrossLaunchPoints
```

```
/opt/CSCOppm-gw/bin/sgmInventoryImportUtility.sh -installTrapSupport
```

Step 10 If Prime Performance Manager is configured to send alarms directly to the Prime Central Fault Management server, verify that an upstream OSS host is configured correctly in the System Event Editor of Prime Performance Manager.

Step 11 If you install the Fault Management component after Prime Performance Manager is integrated with Prime Central, enter the following command and select Fault Management as the trap destination to integrate it with Prime Performance Manager:

```
./ppm setpctrappedestination
```

For example:

```
# ./ppm setpctrappedestination
```

```
Trap destinations registered with Prime Central:
```

1. Prime Central Fault Management (*hostname*)
2. Prime Network (*hostname-1*)
3. Prime Network (*hostname-2*)
4. Prime Network (*hostname-3*)

```
Enter trap destination: [1, 2, 3, 4] 1, 2, 3
```

Integrating Prime Provisioning with Prime Central

Procedure

- Step 1** As the application user, shut down Prime Provisioning.
`./prime.sh stop`
- Step 2** Set the Prime Provisioning environment:
`./prime.sh shell`
- Step 3** Run the DMIntegrator.sh script. (For usage details, see [DMIntegrator.sh Script Usage](#).)
`$. /DMIntegrator.sh`
- Step 4** As the primeusr user, log in to the Prime Central integration layer and restart it:
- a) Enter the following command, which lists all integration layer instances (and their profiles) that are running:
`itgctl list`
 - b) Note down the ID of the integration layer instance with the "PC-IL-CORE" profile.
 - c) Stop the PC-IL-CORE profile instance:
`itgctl stop ID`
 - d) Restart the integration layer:
`itgctl start ID`
- Step 5** If you are reintegrating Prime Provisioning with a different COM-URI, you must restart the Prime Central portal. (The COM-URI is the Prime Provisioning identifier and can be found in the Prime Central portal > Suite Monitoring portlet.) To do so, log in to the Prime Central portal as the primeusr user and enter:
`portalctl stop`
`portalctl start`
- Step 6** Start Prime Provisioning.
As Prime Provisioning user, log in to the Prime Provisioning server and run:
`./prime.sh start`
- Step 7** After Prime Provisioning is integrated with Prime Central, use the Prime Central portal to create new users, even if they already existed in standalone mode.
-

Integrating Cisco ME 4600 Series Agora-NG with Prime Central

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Agora-NG server as the user *agorang*.
- Step 2** Enter the following commands:
`~$ cd share/primecentral`
`~/share/primecentral$ bash DMIntegrator.sh -n DMIntegrator.prop pc-server pc-db-sid pc-db-user pc-db-password pc-db-port`
`~/share/primecentral$ agorang restart`

where:

- *pc-server*—Prime Central server hostname or IP address.
- *pc-db-sid*—Prime Central database service name.
- *pc-db-user*—Prime Central database user.
- *pc-db-password*—Prime Central database user password.
- *pc-db-port*—Prime Central database port number.

Once Agora-NG restarts, integration with Prime Central is complete.

Integrating Cisco Broadband Access Center (BAC) with Prime Central

Before you integrate Cisco BAC with Prime Central, we recommend that you first install Cisco BAC's Regional Distribution Unit (RDU) and Device Provisioning Engine (DPE) components.

To integrate Cisco Broadband Access Center (BAC) with Prime Central, refer to the procedure in section **Integrating Serving Node with Prime Central Active Server** in the [Cisco RAN Management System Installation Guide, Release 5.1](#).

For AP Boot Notification Alarm configuration, refer to the section **Configuring SNMP Trap for CPEs** in the [Cisco Broadband Access Center 3.10 Administrator Guide](#).

Integrating RAN Management System (RMS) with Prime Central

The 'configure_fm_server.sh' script is used to integrate Cisco RMS with the Prime Central NMS for fault notification. This script allows the registration of the Domain Manager for RMS in the Prime Central NMS. Prime Central allows the receipt of SNMP traps from RMS only if DM registration for RMS is completed

The 'configure_fm_server.sh' script:

- Accepts the following NMS interface details and updates the FMServer.properties file (for FM Server) and /etc/snmp/snmpd.conf (for snmp)
- NMS interface IP address, port number (162 or 1162), community string, supported SNMP version (v1 or v2c)
- Adds the ip tables rules to allow the SNMP traps to be notified to the specified NMS interfaces

Subsequently, during deployment the script prompts you to specify whether one of the configured NMS is Prime Central. If it is Prime Central, the script accepts the Prime Central database server details such as, Prime Central DB server IP, DB server listening port, DB user credentials (user-ID and password), and registers the Domain Manger for RMS in Prime Central.

To integrate RAN Management System (RMS) with Prime Central, refer to the procedure in section **Integrating FM, PMG, LUS, and RDU Alarms on Central Node with Prime Central NMS** in the [Cisco RAN Management System Installation Guide, Release 5.1](#).

Integrating Cisco Prime Access Registrar (CPAR) with Prime Central

Procedure

- Step 1** From the **Fault Source Management** portlet, click **Add** to add the Fault Source details. The **Add New Fault Source** dialog box appears.
- Step 2** Enter the **Fault Source Type** from the drop-down as **CAR** and specify the Fault Source details in the appropriate fields.
- Step 3** Click **OK**.
For more Information about how to add a Fault Source and the field descriptions, refer to the section **Adding a Fault Source** in the [Prime Central 1.5.3 User Guide](#) e.
- Note** After the CPAR Fault Source is added, CPAR is registered with Prime Central as a domain manager instance.
-

Configuring Prime Central as Trap Listener in CPAR to Receive Traps

Procedure

- Step 1** Login to CPAR server.
- Step 2** Go to CPAR installation directory and change it to `/ucd-snmplib/share/snmp` directory.
- Step 3** Add the following command to `snmpd.conf` file.
trap2sink <<ip-addr-FM-Server>> public <FM-port>
- Note** The Prime Central Fault Management SNMP port is **1162**.
- Step 4** To reflect the changes, enter the following command for restarting the CPAR server:
cd <CPAR installation directory>/bin
./arsserver restart
- Step 5** Check if the following options, in the path `/radius/advanced/snmp` (in `aregcmd` prompt), are enabled:
enabled = true
masteragent = true
- Step 6** If the above options are not enabled, perform the following steps to enable these options:
a) Go to `<CPAR-Installation directory>/bin`.
b) Enter the following commands:
./aregcmd
cd /radius/advanced/snmp
set enabled true
set masteragent true
save

reload

Integrating Cisco Prime Network Registrar (CPNR) with Prime Central

Procedure

- Step 1** From the **Fault Source Management** portlet, click **Add** to add the Fault Source details. The **Add New Fault Source** dialog box appears.
- Step 2** Enter the Fault Source Type from the drop-down as **CNR** and specify the Fault Source details in the appropriate fields.
- Step 3** Click **OK**.
- For more Information about how to add a Fault Source and the field descriptions, refer to the section **Adding a Fault Source** in the [Cisco Prime Central 1.5.3 User Guide](#)..
- After the CPNR Fault Source is added, CPNR is registered with Prime Central as a domain manager instance.
-

Configuring Prime Central as Trap Listener in CPNR to Receive Traps

Procedure

- Step 1** Login to CPNR server.
- Step 2** Go to CPNR installation directory and change it to `/local/usrbin` directory.
- Step 3** Enter the following command:
- ```
./nrcmd
```
- Step 4** Provide the CPNR user credentials.  
The **nrcmd** prompt appears
- Step 5** Execute the following command to add an FM server as a trap recipient for CPNR:
- ```
nrcmd> trap-recipient <name> create ip-addr=<ip-addr-FM-Server> port-number=<portnumber of FM server
```
- Note** The Prime Central FM SNMP port is 1162.
- Step 6** To reflect the changes, enter the following command for restarting the SNMP server:
- ```
nrcmd > snmp stop
nrcmd > snmp start
```
-

## Integrating SpiderNet with Prime Central

### Procedure

---

- Step 1** From the **Fault Source Management** portlet, click **Add** to add the Fault Source details. The **Add New Fault Source** dialog box appears.
- Step 2** Enter the **Fault Source Type** from the drop-down as **SpiderCloud** and specify the Fault Source details in the appropriate fields.
- Step 3** Click **OK**.  
For more Information about how to add a Fault Source and the field descriptions, refer to the section **Adding a Fault Source** in the [Prime Central 1.5.3 User Guide](#).

After the SpiderNet Fault Source is added, SpiderNet is registered with Prime Central as a domain manager instance.

- Note** If SpiderNet is in HA mode, add two fault sources for standby and active IP addresses respectively.  
eRMS is integrated only with Primary Prime Central because eRMS has to be integrated from Prime Central GUI. The integration of eRMS is done with secondary Prime Central after the switchover.
- 

## Configuring Prime Central as Trap Listener in SpiderNet to Receive Traps

### Procedure

---

- Step 1** Login to SpiderNet server GUI.
- Step 2** Create a SNMP Managers Group:
- Choose **Administration > Northbound Interface > New SNMP Manager Group**.
  - Enter Prime Central details:
    - In **Port** field, enter 1162 port number.
    - In **Host Names or IP Addresses** field, enter Prime Central FM server hostname or IP address.
    - Select **Alarm Forwarding** checkbox and in **SNMP Version** choose V2C. In **Community**, enter Public.
    - Uncheck **Enable the Heartbeat Trap** check box, as this trap is not supported in Prime Central.
    - Click **OK**.
- Step 3** Configure Events:
- Choose **Administration > Fault Management > Events Configuration**.
  - Select **Forward to SNMP** check box and choose **Prime Central SNMP Manager** group in the drop-down.
  - Click **Save**.
- Step 4** Configure a Trap Target:
- Choose **Network Control > Services Nodes**. Right click on the required node, go to **Show Configuration > Advanced > System > Event Management > Target**. Right click on Target, and click **Add Target**.
    - Provide **Target Index** and click **OK**.
    - Select **SNMP Trap** in newly created index and enable **SNMP Trap**. In **IP Address** field, enter Management Server IP Address.

- Click **Save**.
- 

## Upgrading Prime Central

You can upgrade from Prime Central 1.5.2 to 1.5.3 . The upgrade does the following automatically:

- Backs up the embedded database, if present.
- Stops the Prime Central portal and Prime Central integration layer.
- Backs up the previous installation directory.
- Upgrades the Prime Central portal and Prime Central integration layer.
- Starts the Prime Central portal and Prime Central integration layer.



---

**Note** You must upgrade Prime Central before upgrading the Fault Management component. DB files (datafiles, arch, backup, redo) cannot be located directly in a partition and should be under directory. Scenarios with any DB file directly on partition will fail the upgrade and require pre-work to be done.

---

### Before You Begin

- If you are using an external database, you must back it up manually.
- If you are installing portal and integration layer on different servers, you must stop the integration layer manually before upgrade.
- If you are using an embedded (local or remote) database, we recommend (but not require) that you back it up manually before upgrading.
- The upgrade steps are the same for both single- and dual-server setups. In a dual-server setup, complete the following procedure on the Prime Central portal server first; then, repeat the procedure on the Prime Central integration layer server.

## Upgrading to Prime Central 1.5.3

### Procedure

---

- Step 1** Use one of the following options to connect to the server where you want to upgrade Prime Central:
- VNC (recommended)—See <http://www.realvnc.com>.
  - X server—For this option, Reflection X is recommended. See <http://www.attachmate.com/Products/PC+X+Server/rx/>.
- Step 2** As the root user, launch a terminal on the server where you want to upgrade Prime Central. (If you logged in as a nonroot user, use `su -` to become the root user.)
- The C shell (csh) is recommended. To start the C shell, enter:
- ```
/bin/csh
```
- If you are using X server, continue to the next step.

If you are using VNC, skip to Step 5.

Step 3 Set the DISPLAY variable:
setenv DISPLAY hostname-or-IP-address:0.0

Step 4 Verify that the display is set correctly:
echo \$DISPLAY
In the command output, you should see:
hostname-or-IP-address:0.0

Step 5 Insert the Cisco Prime Central 1.5.3 USB drive into the USB port and navigate to the Base Application folder, which contains the following files:

- linuxamd64_12102_database_1of2.zip
- linuxamd64_12102_database_2of2.zip
- primecentral_v1.5.3.bin

Step 6 Take backup of `/var/.com.zerog.registry.xml` file as

Step 7 Change file permissions and ownership:
chmod 755 *

Step 8 Begin the upgrade:
./primecentral_v1.5.3.bin

Step 9 In the **Welcome** window, click **Next**.

If you are upgrading to Prime Central 1.5.3 on the same server where the earlier Prime Central version was installed, the following dialog box is displayed:

A previous installation exists on the system. Do you want to directly upgrade from 1.5.3.0 to 2.1.0.0?

Step 10 Click **OK**.

If you are using an external database, the following dialog box is displayed:

You must back up the database manually before continuing.

Step 11 Confirm that your database backup succeeded; then, click **Continue**.

Step 12 In the **Advanced Configuration** window, make any desired changes to the port numbers, timeout value, or reconnect delay; then, click **Install**.

Step 13 In the **Upgrade Complete** window, click **Done**.

It might take 40 to 50 minutes or longer to complete the upgrade, depending on your system performance and whether you are using an embedded or external database.

Note If the upgrade fails, make sure to verify the log files. If an upgrade is necessary, only then perform the rollback procedure from 1.5.3 to 1.5.2 and then trigger the upgrade again. When the upgrade is successful, make sure to clear the cache in a new browser window.

The log files are available in:

- installation-directory/install/logs

- installation-directory/upgrade/1.5.2.0-1.5.3.0/upgrade.log
- /tmp/upgrade_logs (on the server where embedded database is installed)

Step 14 Take backup of embedded database after the upgrade. For Backup and Restore, refer to the section [Backing Up and Restoring the Embedded Database](#).

Upgrading Prime Central Silently

You can upgrade Prime Central without user interaction. In a silent upgrade, no messages or prompts appear on-screen, and interactive dialogs are not displayed. Information and answers that you would normally provide are read from a properties file.

A silent upgrade allows for unattended product upgrades based on the values that are provided in the properties file.



Note The silent upgrade steps are the same for both single- and dual-server setups. In a dual-server setup, complete the following procedure on the Prime Central portal server first; then, repeat the procedure on the Prime Central integration layer server.

Procedure

- Step 1** As the root user, launch a terminal on the server where you want to silently upgrade to Prime Central 1.5.3 . (If you logged in as a nonroot user, enter the **su** - command to become the root user.)
- The C shell (csh) is recommended. To start the C shell, enter:
- ```
/bin/csh
```
- Step 2** Insert the Cisco Prime Central 1.5.3 USB drive into the USB port and navigate to the local folder where the drive is mounted.
- Step 3** Change file permissions:
- ```
chmod 755 *
```
- Step 4** If you are upgrading an external database, add the following property (with the oracle home directory as the value) to the install.properties file:
- ```
SUITEFW_EMBEDDED_ORACLE_HOME=/export/home/oracle
```
- Step 5** Take the backup of /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml file as /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml\_backup\_for\_1.5.2
- Step 6**
- Step 7** Begin the silent upgrade:
- ```
./primecentral_v1.5.3.bin -i silent -f install.properties
```
- Step 8** (Optional) The silent upgrade uses the following default values for the request timeout, 3GPP port, alarm management port, and reconnect delay. You can change these values as desired:
- ```
SUITEFW_IL_REQUEST_TIMEOUT=135000
SUITEFW_IL_3GPP_PORT=9220
SUITEFW_IL_ALARM_MGMT_PORT=9020
SUITEFW_IL_RECONNECT_DELAY=10
```

When the silent upgrade completes, the log files are available in *installation-directory/install/logs* and *installation-directory/upgrade/ 1.5.2.0-1.5.3.0 /upgrade.log*.

If the upgrade fails, make sure to verify the log files. If an upgrade is necessary, only then perform the rollback procedure from Prime Central 1.5.3 1.5.2 , and then try the upgrade again.

**Step 9** (Applicable for external database only and if Prime Central upgrade is successful) If you are using an external database, remove the following directory under ORACLE\_HOME which was created for Prime Central installation:

**ORACLE\_HOME/oradata/PSI**

---

## Verifying the Upgrade

To verify the upgrade, log in to the Prime Central server as the primeusr and enter:

**version**

The output should show:

```
version
Running Integration Layer(PC-IL-CORE,PC-IL-JMS) + Platform (v 1.5.3 (build number)) with Patch(0.0.0.0)
```

## Reverting to Prime Central 1.5.2

After upgrading to Prime Central 1.5.3 , you may find the need to revert to the previous version. To do so, complete the following procedure.



---

**Note** By default the primeusr home folder is /opt/primecentral. If your primeusr home folder is different, specify that folder instead.

---

### Procedure

---

- Step 1** Confirm that the /opt/primecentral\_ 1.5.2.0\_backup folder was created during upgrade from Prime Central 1.5.3 to Prime Central 1.5.2 .
- If the folder was created, proceed to Step 2.
  - If the folder was not created, this indicates that there was a disk space issue and the upgrade was not started. You can stop here.
- Step 2** Change ownership of the /opt/primecentral\_ 1.5.2.0\_backup folder:
- ```
chown -R primeusr:ncoadmin /opt/primecentral_1.5.2.0_backup
```
- Step 3** Stop all Prime Central processes:
- ```
su - primeusr
itgctl stop
portalctl stop
exit
```

For distributed server environment (portal and IL are in different servers):

- Execute above **portactl stop** command on Portal server as primeusr.
- Execute above **itgctl stop** command on IL server as primeusr.

**Step 4** Move the primecentral folder to the tmp folder:

```
mv /opt/primecentral/ /tmp/primecentral
```

**Step 5** Rename the /opt/primecentral\_1.5.2.0\_backup folder:

```
mv /opt/primecentral_1.5.1.0_backup/ /opt/primecentral mv /opt/primecentral_1.5.2.0_backup/ /opt/primecentral
```

**Step 6** Restore the /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml file with the backup file: /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml\_backup\_for\_1.5.2 /var/.com/zerog.registry.xml\_backup\_for\_2.1.0 that was created during Prime Central upgrade process.

Execute the below commands:

```
mv /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml_backup_for_1.5.3
mv /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml_backup_for_1.5.2 /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml
```

**Step 7** To find the exact time to restore database, back to the timestamp before upgrade.

Login to the database as sysdba and execute the below query to get the RMAN backup history:

```
SELECT status, to_char(START_TIME,'mm/dd/yy hh24:mi') start_time,
to_char(END_TIME,'mm/dd/yy hh24:mi') end_time
FROM V$RMAN_BACKUP_JOB_DETAILS
ORDER BY end_time DESC;
```

**Step 8** Change the permissions of ssh key files as below:

For primeusr user:

```
su - primeusr
cd ~/local/prime_secured
chmod 600 id_dsa id_dsa.pub authorized_keys
```

For oracle user:

```
su - [oracle_user]
cd ~/prime_secured
chmod 600 id_dsa id_dsa.pub authorized_keys
```

**Step 9** Restore database (from the backup taken before upgrading to Prime Central 1.5.3 )

If it is embedded database:

```
su - primeusr
emdbctl --restore
```

**Note** Restore time should be the time of the full backup taken just before the start of upgrade and should be taken from the result of the query executed in Step 7.

Database restore log location: /export/home/oracle/prime\_logs/restore\*\*\*\_\*\*\*.log

If it is External database:

- Login/ssh to external database as root
- Restore full database to the time of backup taken (manually) just before the start of PC upgrade. Use oracle commands:

Database restore log location: **/export/home/oracle/prime\_logs/restore\*\*\*\_\*\*\*.log.**

**Step 10** Start all Prime Central processes:

**su - primeusr**

**itgctl start**

**portalctl start**

**exit**

For distributed server environment (portal and IL are in different servers):

- Execute above **portalctl start** command on Portal server as primeusr.
- Execute above **itgctl start** command on IL server as primeusr.

**Step 11** Execute this step only if it is distributed server environment (portal and IL are in different servers):

Repeat the above steps 1 to 6 in IL server.

---

## Upgrading to Prime Central Fault Management 1.5.3

You can upgrade from Prime Central Fault Management 1.5.2 to 1.5.3 . For Prime Central Fault Management servers that just meet the minimum server requirements specified in this guide, you must update the timeout value in the soap.client.props file before upgrading. Do the following:

1. Enter the following commands:

```
su - primeusr
```

```
vim ~/faultmgmt/tipv2/profiles/TIPProfile/properties/soap.client.props
```

2. Change the value of the com.ibm.SOAP.requestTimeout parameter to **3600**.



---

**Note** The default value set on the server is **600**.

---

Make sure that the Prime Central Fault Management service is up before starting with the Fault Management upgrade. For example, **fmctl status**.

### Procedure

---

**Step 1** Move (or remove) all \*.log files from the /tmp folder. For example, **rm /tmp/\*.log**

**Step 2** Use one of the following options to connect to the server where you want to upgrade Prime Central Fault Management:

- VNC (recommended)—See <http://www.realvnc.com>.
- X server—For this option, Reflection X is recommended. See <http://www.attachmate.com/Products/PC+X+Server/rx/>.

**Step 3** As the root user, launch a terminal on the server where you want to upgrade Prime Central Fault Management. (If you logged in as a nonroot user, use `su -` to become the root user.)

The C shell (`cs`) is recommended. To start the C shell, enter:

```
/bin/csh
```

If you are using X server, continue to the next step.

If you are using VNC, skip to Step 7.

**Step 4** Set the `DISPLAY` variable:

```
setenv DISPLAY hostname-or-IP-address:0.0
```

**Step 5** Verify that the display is set correctly:

```
echo $DISPLAY
```

In the command output, you should see:

```
hostname-or-IP-address:0.0
```

**Step 6** Take backup of `/var/.com.zerog.registry.xml` file as `/var/.com.zerog.registry.xml_backup_for_1.5.2`

For example, `cp /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml_backup_for_151`

**Step 7** Execute the following commands to take debackup of netcool components deployment engine:

```
su - primeusr
```

```
cd .acsi_primeusr/bin
```

```
setenv
```

```
./de_backupdb -bfile <backupfile_full_path>
```

**Note** Save the above backup file. The backup file has to be restored in case of failures during upgrade.

**Step 8** Log in as root user.

**Step 9** Insert the Cisco Prime Central 1.5.3 USB drive into the USB port and navigate to the local folder where the drive is mounted.

**Step 10** Copy the FM 1.5.3 Build.tar.gz file to the server.

**Step 11** Distribute the file:

```
tar -zxf FM1.5.3Build.tar.gz
```

```
cd Disk1/InstData/VM
```

```
chmod 755 primefm_v1.5.3.bin
```

**Step 12** From the Fault Management folder, begin the upgrade:

```
./primefm_v1.5.3.bin
```

**Step 13** In the **Introduction** window, click **Next**.

If you are upgrading to Prime Central Fault Management 1.5.3 on the same server where 1.5.2 was installed, the following message is displayed:

```
A previous installation exists on the system. Do you want to directly upgrade from 1.5.3.0 to 2.1.0.0?
```

**Step 14** Click **OK** to proceed with the upgrade.

**Step 15** Verify that the information in the **Pre-Installation Summary** window is correct; then, click **Install**.

The upgrade process is automatic and requires no user input.

**Step 16** In the **Upgrade Complete** window, click **Done**.

It might take 90 minutes or longer to upgrade Prime Central Fault Management, depending on your system performance.

The log files are available in the *installation-directory/faultmgmt/upgrade/ 1.5.2.0-1.5.3.0 /logs* folder.

**Step 17** During the upgrade, if any components fail to start, do the following as the primeusr user:

a) Determine whether all components are up and running:

```
fmctl status
```

b) Restart Prime Central Fault Management:

```
fmctl stop
```

```
fmctl start
```

---

## Upgrading Prime Central Fault Management Silently

You can upgrade Prime Central Fault Management without user interaction. In a silent upgrade, no messages or prompts appear on-screen, and interactive dialogs are not displayed. Information and answers that you would normally provide are read from a properties file.

### Procedure

---

**Step 1** As the root user, launch a terminal on the server where you want to silently upgrade to Prime Central Fault Management 1.5.3 . (If you logged in as a nonroot user, enter the **su** - command to become the root user.)

The C shell (csh) is recommended. To start the C shell, enter:

```
/bin/csh
```

**Step 2** Take backup of */var/.com.zerog.registry.xml* file as */var/.com.zerog.registry.xml\_backup\_for\_1.5.2*

**Step 3** Insert the Cisco Prime Central 1.5.3 USB drive into the USB port and navigate to the local folder where the drive is mounted.

**Step 4** Copy the FM 1.5.3 Build.tar.gz file to the server.

**Step 5** Distribute the file:

```
tar -zxf FM1.5.3Build.tar.gz
```

```
cd Disk1/InstData/VM
```

```
chmod 755 primefm_v1.5.2.bin # chmod 755 primefm_v1.5.3.bin
```

**Step 6** From the Fault Management folder, begin the silent upgrade:

```
./primefm_v.1.5.3.bin -i silent -f fm-install.properties
```

For example, if your silent properties file is named PrimeFM\_install.properties, enter:

```
./primefm_v1.5.3.bin -i silent -f PrimeFM_install.properties
```

The silent upgrade log files are available in the *installation-directory*/faultmgmt/upgrade/ 1.5.2.0-1.5.3.0 /logs folder.

**Step 7** During the upgrade, if any components fail to start, do the following as the primeusr user:

- a) Enter the **fmctl status** command to determine whether all components are up and running.
- b) Restart Prime Central Fault Management:

```
fmctl stop
```

```
fmctl start
```

---

## Reverting to Prime Central Fault Management 1.5.2

After upgrading to Prime Central Fault Management 1.5.3 , you may find the need to revert to the previous version. To do so, complete the following procedure.



---

**Note** By default the primeusr home folder is /opt/primeusr. If your primeusr home folder is different, specify that folder instead.

---

### Procedure

---

**Step 1** Confirm that the faultmgmt\_ 1.5.2.0\_backup folder was created.

- If the folder was created, proceed to Step 2.
- If the folder was not created, this indicates that there was a disk space issue and the upgrade was not started. You can stop here.

**Step 2** Stop all Fault Management processes:

```
su - primeusr
```

```
fmctl stop
```

```
exit
```

(As the root user) pkill nco\_pad

**Step 3** Move the faultmgmt folder to the tmp folder:

```
su - primeusr
```

```
mv ~/faultmgmt /tmp/faultmgmt
```

**Step 4** Move the faultmgmt\_ 1.5.2.0\_backup folder to the faultmgmt folder:

```
su - primeusr
```

```
mv ~/faultmgmt_1.5.2.0_backup/faultmgmt ~/
```

**Step 5** Change ownership of the faultmgmt folder.

For example:

```
chown primeusr:ncoadmin -R /opt/primeusr/faultmgmt
```

**Step 6** Restore debackup obtained before the upgrade:

```
cd .acsi_primeusr/bin
```

```
setenv
```

```
./de_restoredb -bfile <backupfile_full_path>
```

**Step 7** Open the .cshrc file:

```
su - primeusr
```

```
vi ~/.cshrc
```

Find the following line and change **jre 1.8** to **jre 1.7**:

```
setenv JAVA_HOME "$PRIMEFMHOME/utils/${OSTYPE}/jre1.8/"
```

**Step 8** As the root user, start the nco\_pad process.

For example:

```
cd /opt/primeusr/faultmgmt/omnibus/bin
```

```
./nco_pad
```

**Step 9** Perform the below mentioned steps:

1. Login to the Prime Central portlet.
2. Remove Fault Management from the Suite Monitoring portlet.
3. Logout from the Prime Central portlet.

As a root user, execute the below commands:

```
su - primeusr
```

```
itgctl stop
```

```
itgctl start
```

**Step 10** Reintegrate Fault Management with Prime Central:

```
su - primeusr
```

```
fmctl integrate
```

**Step 11**

**Step 12** Restore the `/var/.com.zerog.registry.xml` file with the backup file: `/var/.com.zerog.registry.xml_backup_for_1.5.2` that was created during Prime Central Fault Management upgrade process.

Execute below commands:

```
mv /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml_backup_for_1.5.3
mv /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml_backup_for_1.5.2 /var/.com.zerog.registry.xml
```

**Note** If Prime Central and Fault Management applications are installed on the same server, the registry content for both Prime Central and Fault Management are stored in the same file: `/var/.com.zerog.registry.xml`. In this case, you have to manually replace Fault Management registry content from 1.5.3 to 1.5.2 to instead of restoring the backup file. This is to retain the Prime Central registry content in the file.

---

## Upgrading RHEL Operating System

The Operating System (OS) upgrade procedure supports Prime Central 1.5.1 customers to perform upgrade of Operating System from RHEL 5.8 to 6.5 and inline upgrade from RHEL 5.8 or 6.5 to 6.7. For more information, refer the [Cisco Prime Central RHEL Operating System Upgrade](#) guide.

## Uninstalling Prime Central

You can use the GUI to uninstall the various Prime Central components, or you can uninstall them silently.

### Uninstalling Prime Central in an Embedded Database Configuration

If you installed an embedded database, it is uninstalled automatically when you uninstall Prime Central.

The following procedure removes all files from the installation directory. This procedure also removes the database and its contents. Database backups are not removed if they reside in a different directory from the installation directory.

If you upgrade Prime Central and then uninstall it, the `/opt/primecentral_backup_1.5.3` folder is removed during uninstallation.



---

**Note** If you installed the Fault Management component in the same directory as Prime Central, you must uninstall the Fault Management component before uninstalling Prime Central. See [Uninstalling Prime Central Fault Management](#).

---

### Procedure

---

- Step 1** Depending on how you installed Prime Central, use one of the following options to connect to the server where you want to uninstall Prime Central:
- VNC (recommended)—See <http://www.realvnc.com>.
  - X server—For this option, Reflection X is recommended. See <http://www.attachmate.com/Products/PC+X+Server/rx/>.
- Step 2** As the root user, launch a terminal on the server where you want to uninstall Prime Central. (If you logged in previously as a nonroot user, enter the `su -` command to become the root user.)
- Step 3** Enter:
- ```
cd /var/adm/cisco/uninstall/Uninstall_Prime_Central/  
./Uninstall_Prime_Central
```
- Step 4** Verify that the information in the **Uninstall Prime Central** window is correct; then, click **Uninstall**.

Step 5 In the **Uninstall Complete** window, click **Done**.

The uninstallation log files are available at `/var/adm/cisco/uninstall/UNINSTALL_LOG_time-stamp`.

Uninstalling Prime Central in an External Database Configuration

In a dual-server setup, you must uninstall the Prime Central integration layer before uninstalling the Prime Central portal. Perform the following steps on the integration layer server first; then, repeat them on the Prime Central portal server.

If you installed the Fault Management component in the same directory as Prime Central, you must uninstall the Fault Management component before uninstalling Prime Central. See [Uninstalling Prime Central Fault Management](#).

Procedure

Step 1 Depending on how you installed Prime Central, use one of the following options to connect to the server where you want to uninstall Prime Central:

- VNC (recommended)—See <http://www.realvnc.com>.
- X server—For this option, Reflection X is recommended. See <http://www.attachmate.com/Products/PC+X+Server/rx/>.

Step 2 As the root user, launch a terminal on the server where you want to uninstall Prime Central. (If you logged in previously as a nonroot user, enter the `su -` command to become the root user.)

Step 3 Enter:

```
cd /var/adm/cisco/uninstall/Uninstall_Prime_Central/  
./Uninstall_Prime_Central
```

Step 4 Verify that the information in the **Uninstall Prime Central** window is correct; then, click **Next**.

Step 5 In the **Database Information** window, enter the database system password and confirm the following information for your preinstalled Oracle database server. Except for the password, the values are prepopulated with the information that you entered during installation:

- Host IP address—The default is the IP address of the database server.
- Port—The default is 1521.
- Service name—The SID of the database server.
- System User—The database system username.
- System password—Enter the database system password.

Step 6 Click **Uninstall**.

Step 7 In the **Uninstall Complete** window, click **Done**.

The uninstallation log files are available at `/var/adm/cisco/uninstall/UNINSTALL_LOG_time-stamp`.

Uninstalling Prime Central Silently

Procedure

- Step 1** Navigate to the `/var/adm/cisco/uninstall/Uninstall_Prime_Central` directory.
The `uninstall` folder contains the `installvariables.properties` file.
- Step 2** Run the silent uninstallation:
`./Uninstall_Prime_Central -i silent`
The uninstallation log files are available at `/var/adm/cisco/uninstall/UNINSTALL_LOG_time-stamp`.
-

Uninstalling Prime Central Fault Management

When you uninstall the Fault Management component, its subcomponents (except for the backup folder) are also uninstalled.

Procedure

- Step 1** Depending on how you installed the Fault Management component, use one of the following options to connect to the server where you want to uninstall Prime Central:
- VNC (recommended)—See <http://www.realvnc.com>.
 - X server—For this option, Reflection X is recommended. See <http://www.attachmate.com/Products/PC+X+Server/rx/>.
- Step 2** As the root user, launch a terminal on the server where you want to uninstall Prime Central Fault Management. (If you logged in previously as a nonroot user, enter the `su -` command to become the root user.)
- Step 3** Enter:
`cd /var/adm/cisco/uninstall/Uninstall_Prime_Central_Fault_Management`
`./Uninstall_Prime_Central_Fault_Management`
- Step 4** Verify that the information in the **Uninstall Prime Central Fault Management** window is correct; then, click **Uninstall**.
- Step 5** In the **Uninstall Complete** window, click **Done**.
The uninstallation log files are available at `/var/adm/cisco/uninstall/PrimeFM-uninstall.log-time-stamp` and `/tmp/primefm_uninstall.log`.
- Step 6** If the Fault Management uninstallation hangs without creating a log file, the RSA key entry might be missing from the `~/.ssh/known_hosts` file. Do the following to generate the RSA key and add it to the server:
- a) As the root user, enter the following command, where *IP-address* and *hostname* are the IP address and hostname of the server where Prime Central Fault Management is installed:
`ssh_key=' /usr/bin/ssh-keyscan -t rsa IP-address hostname'`
 - b) To add the RSA key entry to the `~/.ssh/known_hosts` file, enter:
`echo "$ssh_key" >> ~/.ssh/known_hosts`

- Step 7** Remove Prime Central Fault Management from the Prime Central portal:
- From the Prime Central menu, choose **Administration > System > Suite Monitoring**.
 - In the Suite Monitoring portlet, click the **Prime Central** tab.
 - Click the **Prime Central Fault Management** radio button and click **Remove**.
 - At the confirmation prompt, click **OK**.

Step 8 As the primeusr user, log in to the Prime Central integration layer and restart it:

```
itgctl stop
```

```
itgctl start
```

Uninstalling Prime Central Fault Management Silently

Procedure

Step 1 Navigate to the `/var/adm/cisco/uninstall/Uninstall_Prime_Central_Fault_Management` directory.
The `uninstall` folder contains the `installvariables.properties` file.

Step 2 Run the silent uninstallation:

```
./Uninstall_Prime_Central_Fault_Management -i silent
```

The uninstallation log files are available at `/var/adm/cisco/uninstall/PrimeFM-uninstall.log-time-stamp` and `/tmp/primefm_uninstall.log`.

Step 3 Remove Prime Central Fault Management from the Prime Central portal:

- From the Prime Central menu, choose **Administration > System > Suite Monitoring**.
- In the Suite Monitoring portlet, click the **Prime Central** tab.
- Click the **Prime Central Fault Management** radio button and click **Remove**.
- At the confirmation prompt, click **OK**.

Step 4 As the primeusr user, log in to the Prime Central integration layer and restart it:

```
itgctl stop
```

```
itgctl start
```

Unregistering an Application from Prime Central

You can completely unregister an application from Prime Central.



Note

- To reintegrate an application with Prime Central, see [Configuring Applications as Suite Components, on page 58](#).
 - When you unregister an application from Prime Central, the application loses all users that were created in suite mode.
 - Unregistering an application from Prime Central does not return it to standalone mode.
-

Unregistering Cisco InTracer

Procedure

Step 1 On the Cisco InTracer server, do the following:

- a) Navigate to the directory where the Cisco InTracer server is installed.
- b) Stop the Cisco InTracer server:

```
./ipmssys stop
```

- c) Enter the following commands, where *Cisco-InTracer-installation-directory* is the directory where the Cisco InTracer server is installed:

```
rm -rf Cisco-InTracer-installation-directory/prime_local
```

```
rm -f Cisco-InTracer-installation-directory/prime_integrator/dmid.xml
```

Step 2 On the Prime Central portal, do the following:

- a) As the primeusr user, log in to the Prime Central server with the primeusr password that you specified during installation.
- b) Change directories to the *installation-directory/install/scripts* folder.
- c) Enter:

```
./dmRemoveUtil
```

- d) At the following prompts, enter your Prime Central administrative username and password:

```
Enter Prime Central admin username:  
Enter Prime Central admin user password:
```

- e) At the following prompt, enter the unique Cisco InTracer ID, which is available in the *Cisco-InTracer-installation-directory/prime_integrator/dmid.xml* file:

```
Enter ID of the DM to be deleted:
```

For example, if the Cisco InTracer ID is *cit://cit:4*, the script usage is as follows:

```
primeusr@prime-dev= [~/install/scripts]# ./dmRemoveUtil  
Enter Prime Central admin username:  
centraladmin  
Enter Prime Central admin user password:  
Enter ID of the DM to be deleted:  
4
```

Note The dmRemoveUtil script output is available in the *installation-directory/install/logs/dmRemoveUtil.log* file.

Step 3 As the primeusr user, log in to the Prime Central integration layer and restart it:

- a) Enter the following command, which lists all integration layer instances (and their profiles) that are running:

```
itgctl list
```

- b) Note down the ID of the integration layer instance with the "PC-IL-CORE" profile.
- c) Stop the PC-IL-CORE profile instance:

```
itgctl stop ID
```

- d) Restart the integration layer:

```
itgctl start ID
```

Unregistering Prime Network

Procedure

Step 1 On the Prime Network gateway server, do the following:

- a) Enter:

```
runRegTool.sh localhost get suite-integ/enabled
```

Note If the result is **True**, enter the below commands:

```
runRegTool.sh -gs localhost set 127.0.0.1 suite-integ/enabled false
```

```
runRegTool.sh localhost set suite-integ/enabled false
```

The expected result for set commands is **Success**.

- b) Check authentication by running the below command:

```
runRegTool.sh localhost get authentication/loginMethod/implClass
```

- c) If the result of the above command is **com.sheer.metromission.authentication2.LocalAuthenticationService**, go to step d.

Else, run the below command:

```
runRegTool.sh -gs localhost set 127.0.0.1 authentication/loginMethod/implClass
```

```
com.sheer.metromission.authentication2.LocalAuthenticationService
```

```
runRegTool.sh localhost set authentication/loginMethod/implClass
```

```
com.sheer.metromission.authentication2.LocalAuthenticationService
```

- d) Stop Prime Network by running **networkctl stop** command.

- e) Comment out the below lines in `$SIL_HOME/esb/etc/com.cisco.prim.esb.jms.cfg` file:

- `jmsvm.externalBrokerURL=failover:(nio:// <host-name>:61614,nio:// <host-name>:61616)?initialReconnectDelay=10`
- `prime.connection.host=wstream-scale-71.cisco.com`
- `prime.connection.port=61616`
- `prime.connection.reconnectDelay=10`
- `prime.connection.transportType=nio`

- f) Note down the **dmid** by running `cat $PRIME_NETWORK_HOME/prime_integrator/dmid.xml`

This **dmid** is considered for *application-ID* in the steps below.

- g) Enter:

```
rm -rf $PRIME_NETWORK_HOME/prime_local
```

```
rm -f $PRIME_NETWORK_HOME/prime_integrator/dmid.xml
```

h) Start Prime Network:

```
cd $PRIME_NETWORK_HOME/Main
networkctl start
```

Step 2 On the Prime Central portal, do the following:

- a) From the Prime Central menu, choose **Administration > System > Suite Monitoring**.
- b) In the Suite Monitoring portlet, click the **Applications** tab.
- c) Click the **Prime Network** radio button to select the unregistered Prime Network application, and then click **Remove**.
- d) At the confirmation prompt, click **OK**.
- e) Remove the following directories from the ~/SHARED/cxl/jnlps directory:

- **administrationnet** *application-ID*
- **crosslaunchernet** *application-ID*
- **dcdebuggernet** *application-ID*
- **eventsnet** *application-ID*
- **regeditnet** *application-ID*
- **visionnet** *application-ID*
- **oidvisionnet***application-ID*

Note *application-ID* is the number that identifies the application. Each directory contains a jnlp.xml file. As defined in netnet.xml, if additional applications are defined in netnet, the preceding list changes.

The **dmid** collected earlier is considered as *application-ID*

f) Remove the following file from the ~/SHARED/cxl/jnlps directory:

```
netnet application-ID.xml
```

Step 3 As the primeusr user, log in to the Prime Central integration layer and restart it:

```
itgctl stop
itgctl start
```

Unregistering the Prime Network Integration Layer

In a suite environment, it is not recommended to unregister the Prime Network integration layer. However, if you must unregister (for troubleshooting, for example), complete the following steps:

Procedure

Step 1 Remove the Prime Network integration layer from the Prime Central portal:

- a) From the Prime Central menu, choose **Administration > System > Suite Monitoring**.
- b) In the Suite Monitoring portlet, click the **Prime Central** tab.
- c) Click the **Prime Network Integration Layer** radio button and click **Remove**.

d) At the confirmation prompt, click **OK**.

Step 2 Disable the Prime Network integration layer health checker:

```
$PRIMEHOME/local/scripts/il-watch-dog.sh disable
```

Step 3 Stop the Prime Network integration layer:

```
itgctl stop
```

Step 4 Delete the dmid.xml file:

```
rm $PRIMEHOME/integration/dmid.xml
```

Unregistering the Prime Network integration layer is a temporary measure. When troubleshooting is complete, reintegrate the Prime Central integration layer to restore normal operation in a suite environment and allow other applications to resume communication with Prime Network.

Step 5 Delete the pc.xml file:

```
rm $PRIMEHOME/integration/pc.xml
```

Unregistering Prime Optical

Procedure

Step 1 On the Prime Optical server, enter:

```
opticalctl stop
```

Step 2 On the Prime Central portal, do the following:

- a) From the Prime Central menu, choose **Administration > System > Suite Monitoring**.
- b) In the Suite Monitoring portlet, click the **Applications** tab.
- c) Click the **Prime Optical** radio button and click **Remove**.
- d) At the confirmation prompt, click **OK**.
- e) Enter the following commands, where *<application-ID>* is the number that identifies the application:

```
rm -f ~/SHARED/cx1/jnlps/optopt<application-ID>.xml  
rm -rf ~/SHARED/cx1/jnlps/optopt<application-ID>
```

Step 3 As the primeusr user, log in to the Prime Central integration layer and restart it:

```
itgctl stop  
itgctl start
```

Unregistering the Prime Optical Integration Layer

Procedure

Step 1 From the Prime Central menu, choose **Administration > System > Suite Monitoring**.

- Step 2** In the Suite Monitoring portlet, click the **Prime Central** tab.
- Step 3** Click the **Prime Optical Integration Layer** radio button and click **Remove**.
- Step 4** At the confirmation prompt, click **OK**.
-

Unregistering Prime Performance Manager

Procedure

- Step 1** As the root user, log in to the Prime Performance Manager gateway server and navigate to the *Prime-Performance-Manager-gateway-installation-directory/bin* directory.
- Step 2** Enter:
- ```
./ppm primecentralintegration remove
```
- Note** Prime Performance Manager should be running to perform the unregistration.
- The system prompts to restart Prime Performance Manager.
- Step 3** Restart Prime Performance Manager for the changes to take effect.
- Step 4** On the Prime Central portal, do the following:
- From the Prime Central menu, choose **Administration > System > Suite Monitoring**.
  - In the Suite Monitoring portlet, click the **Applications** tab.
  - Click the **Prime Performance Manager** radio button and click **Delete**.
  - At the confirmation prompt, click **OK**.
- Step 5** As the primeusr user, log in to the Prime Central integration layer and restart it:
- Enter the following command, which lists all integration layer instances (and their profiles) that are running:  
**itgctl list**
  - Note down the ID of the integration layer instance with the "PC-IL-CORE" profile.
  - Stop the PC-IL-CORE profile instance:  
**itgctl stop ID**
  - Restart the integration layer:  
**itgctl start ID**
- Note** Reinstall Prime Network Cross-Launches, if enabled.
- 

## Unregistering Prime Provisioning

### Procedure

---

- Step 1** On the Prime Central portal, do the following:
- From the Prime Central menu, choose **Administration > System > Suite Monitoring**.

- b) In the Suite Monitoring portlet, click the **Applications** tab.
- c) Click the **Prime Provisioning** radio button and click **Remove**.
- d) At the confirmation prompt, click **OK**.
- e) Enter:

```
rm -rf ~/XMP_Platform/tomcat-7.0.23/webapps/srsummary-portlet
rm -rf ~/XMP_Platform/tomcat-7.0.23/webapps/devicesrcount-portlet
```

**Step 2** Navigate to the Prime Provisioning installation directory and restart the Prime Provisioning server:

```
./prime.sh stop
./prime.sh start
```

**Step 3** As the primeusr user, log in to the Prime Central integration layer and restart it:

- a) Enter the following command, which lists all integration layer instances (and their profiles) that are running:

```
itgctl list
```

- b) Note down the ID of the integration layer instance with the "PC-IL-CORE" profile.
- c) Stop the PC-IL-CORE profile instance:

```
itgctl stop ID
```

- d) Restart the integration layer:

```
itgctl start ID
```

**Step 4** Login to Prime Provisioning server and navigate to the directory where Prime Provisioning is installed.

**Step 5** Navigate to <INSTALL\_DIR>/prime\_integrator directory and delete **dmid.xml**.

## Unregistering Cisco ME 4600 Series Agora-NG

### Procedure

**Step 1** On the Agora-NG server, run the following command:

```
$ rm /opt/ptin/agorang/share/primecentral/dmid.xml
```

**Step 2** SSH to the Prime Central server.

**Step 3** Enter:

```
su - primeusr
```

**Step 4** Run the **list** command and find the ID value assigned to the Agora-NG server.

You will need this for Step 6.

**Step 5** Enter the following commands:

```
cd ~/install/scripts
./dmRemoveUtil
```

**Step 6** Enter the centraladmin user's username and password, as well as the Agora-NG server's ID value you found in Step 4.

---

## Unregistering Cisco BAC

### Procedure

---

- Step 1** SSH to the Prime Central server.
- Step 2** Enter:  
**su – primeusr**
- Step 3** Run the **list** command and find the ID value assigned to the Cisco BAC server.  
You will need this for Step 5.
- Step 4** Enter the following commands:  
**cd ~/install/scripts**  
**./dmRemoveUtil**
- Step 5** Enter the centraladmin user's username and password, as well as the Cisco BAC server's ID value you found in Step 3.
- Step 6** On the Cisco BAC server, run the following command to remove the trap sender:  
*home-directory/snmp/bin/snmpAgentCfgUtil.sh delete host FM-server*  
where:
  - *home-directory* is the Cisco BAC server's home directory (typically /opt/CSCObac)
  - *FM-server* is either the hostname or IP address of the Fault Management server
- Step 7** Login to Cisco BAC server and navigate to the directory where Cisco BAC is installed.
- Step 8** Navigate to <BAC-install-directory>/prime\_integrator directory and delete **dmid.xml** file.
- Step 9** Login to Cisco BAC server and navigate to the directory where Cisco BAC is installed.
- Step 10** Navigate to <BAC-install-directory>/prime\_integrator directory and delete **dmid.xml** file.
- 

## Unregistering RMS from Prime Central

To rerun the Cisco RMS integration with Prime Central on the Central node, complete the procedures listed in this section. It is mandatory to unregister Cisco RMS with Prime Central NMS before the rerun:

- Disabling SNMP Traps Notification to Prime Central NMS Interface
- Cleaning up Files on Central Node
- Unregistering RMS Data Manager from Prime Central

### Disabling SNMP Traps Notification to Prime Central NMS Interface

Follow these steps to disable SNMP traps notifications to the Prime Central NMS interface on the Cisco RMS Central node:

## Procedure

---

**Step 1** Log in to the Central node and run the following commands.

**Example:**

```
[rms-aio-central]/rms/ova/scripts/post_install
./configure_fm_server.sh
```

**Step 2** Enter the number of SNMP managers to be configured as '0' to deregister the PC NMS interface. This will disable the SNMP traps notification. The script execution output log is displayed as follows:

**Example**

```
[rms-aio-central] /rms/ova/scripts/post_install # ./configure_fm_server.sh
*****Script to configure NMS interface details for
FM-Server*****
RMS FM Framework requires the NMS manager interface details...
1 - To Integrate only one SNMP trap receiver [PC(Active)/third party trap receiver]
2 - To Integrate two SNMP trap receivers, following combinations are supported
 - [a) both Active and DR mode PCs, b) Two third party trap receivers]
Enter number of SNMP managers to be configured
(0-to disable SNMP traps/1/2/CTRL+C to exit)
0
Disabling SNMP traps from RMS
Deleting the iptable rules, added for the earlier configured NMS...
iptables: Saving firewall rules to /etc/sysconfig/iptables:[OK]
*****Done*****
[rms-aio-central] /rms/ova/scripts/post_install #
```

---

## Cleaning Up Files On Central Node

To clean up the files on the Central node, that was generated from the earlier Prime Central integration procedure, complete the following steps:

## Procedure

---

**Step 1** Go to the directory `/rms/app/fm_server/prime_integrator`

**Step 2** Enter `rm -rf DMIntegrator.log DMIntegrator.prop datasource.properties dbpasswd.pwd dmid.xml jms.log pc.xml`

**Step 3** Enter `/rms/app/CSCObac/snmp/bin/snmpAgentCfgUtil.sh delete host $hostname`

It is recommended to restart [Stop and Start] the SNMP agent. For example, enter `/etc/init.d # ./snmpd restart`.

**Note** 'rms-aio-central' is the host name of the RMS Central node.

---

## Unregistering RMS Data Manager from Prime Central

Unregister RMS Data Manager from Prime Central, which was used to integrate RMS with Prime Central earlier

## Procedure

---

**Step 1** Log in to the Prime Central server using ssh with 'root' user ID and its password.

**Step 2** Enter `su - primeusr`

**Step 3** Execute the list command to find the ID value assigned to the RMS host (Central node host name).

**Step 4** Enter `cd ~/install/scripts`

**Step 5** Enter `./dmRemoveUtil`

**Note** When prompted, enter the Central administrator user ID and password and the RMS ID value, which is found in Step 3.

**Step 6** Log out from the Prime Central server.

---

## Unregistering Cisco Prime Access Registrar (CPAR) from Prime Central

### Procedure

---

**Step 1** From the Fault Source Management portlet, select the CPAR domain manager you want to remove.

**Step 2** Click **Delete**.

**Step 3** On the CPAR server, to remove Prime Central trap recipient, delete the Prime Central entry from the following configuration file:

```
opt/CSCOar/ucd-snmp/share/snmp/snmpd.conf
```

**Step 4** Enter the following command to restart the CPAR server to reflect the changes:

```
cd /cisco-ar/bin
./arserver restart
```

---

## Unregistering Cisco Prime Network Registrar (CPNR) from Prime Central

### Procedure

---

**Step 1** From the Fault Source Management portlet, select the CPNR domain manager you want to remove.

**Step 2** Click **Delete**.

After the CPNR fault source is deleted, CPNR domain manager instance is De-Registered with Prime Central.

**Step 3** On the CPNR server, to remove prime central trap recipient execute the following command:

```
/opt/nwreg2/local/usrbin/nrcmd -s
```

The `nrcmd` prompt appears.

```
nrcmd>trap-recipient <name> delete
```

---

## Unregistering SpiderNet from Prime Central

### Procedure

- 
- Step 1** From the Fault Source Management portlet, select the SpiderNet domain manager you want to remove.
- Step 2** Click **Delete**.
- Step 3** Login to SpiderNet GUI.
- Step 4** On the SpiderNet server, to remove Prime Central trap recipient, delete the Prime Central SNMP Manager Group:
- Choose **Administration > Northbound Interface**.
  - Select Prime Central SNMP Manager group and click **Delete** button.
- 

## Next Steps

You can start and stop the Prime Central components and set up a backup schedule.

## Starting and Stopping the Prime Central Components

As the primeusr, enter the commands shown in the following table to start and stop the various Prime Central components.

*Table 14: Commands to Start, Stop, and Restart the Prime Central Components*

| Action                                 | Command                                                                                                                          |
|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Prime Central Portal</b>            |                                                                                                                                  |
| Start                                  | <b>portalctl start</b>                                                                                                           |
| Stop                                   | <b>portalctl stop</b>                                                                                                            |
| Restart                                | <b>portalctl stop</b><br><b>portalctl start</b><br><b>Note</b> If you restart Oracle, you must restart the Prime Central portal. |
| Obtain status                          | <b>portalctl status</b>                                                                                                          |
| Enable debug logging                   | <b>portalctl start log</b><br><b>Note</b> The log location is \$XMP_HOME/logs/startup.log.                                       |
| <b>Prime Central Integration Layer</b> |                                                                                                                                  |
| Start                                  | <b>itgctl start</b>                                                                                                              |
| Stop                                   | <b>itgctl stop</b>                                                                                                               |

| Action         | Command                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Restart        | <b>itgctl stop</b><br><b>itgctl start</b><br><b>Note</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If you restart Oracle, you must restart the Prime Central integration layer.</li> <li>• If the stop command fails, issue command <b>ps-ef   grep esb_</b> to check for any running java processes. If any active processes are found, issue command <b>kill -9 &lt;pid&gt;</b>.</li> </ul> |
| Obtain status  | <b>itgctl status</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| List instances | <b>itgctl list</b><br><b>Note</b> This command lists all running integration layer instances and their profiles; for example, "PC-IL-CORE."                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

### Fault Management

|                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Start                                        | <b>fmctl start</b>                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Stop                                         | <b>fmctl stop</b>                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Obtain status                                | <b>fmctl status</b>                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Restart                                      | <b>fmctl restart</b>                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Integrate with Prime Central                 | <b>fmctl integrate</b>                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Synchronize with one or more Domain Managers | <b>fmctl resync</b>                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Configimpact                                 | <b>fmctl configimpact &lt;centraladmin pwd&gt;</b><br><b>Note</b> This command imports Prime Central certificates into Impact Console and updates Central admin password in Impact properties. |
| Impact                                       | <b>fmctl &lt;start/stop/restart&gt; impact</b>                                                                                                                                                 |
| OMNI bus and Common Reporting                | <b>fmctl &lt;start/stop/restart&gt; tip</b>                                                                                                                                                    |
| Registration with Domain Manager             | <b>fmctl &lt;start/stop/restart&gt; registration</b>                                                                                                                                           |

## Backing Up and Restoring the Embedded Database

As the primeusr user, enter the commands shown in the following table to back up and restore the Prime Central embedded database.

**Table 15: Commands to Back Up and Restore the Database**

| Action | Command                |
|--------|------------------------|
| Start  | <b>emdbctl --start</b> |

| Action                 | Command                        |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Stop                   | <b>emdbctl --stop</b>          |
| Enable backups         | <b>emdbctl --enable_backup</b> |
| Back up the database   | <b>emdbctl --backup</b>        |
| Restore the database   | <b>emdbctl --restore</b>       |
| Obtain database status | <b>emdbctl --db_status</b>     |

Note the following:

- These commands should be run only on the server where the Prime Central portal is installed with an embedded Oracle database.
- Shut down the Prime Central portal and the Prime Central integration layer before restoring the database. Restart them after the database restore is complete.
- By default, the option to enable backups is checked during installation. If you uncheck it during installation but later decide to enable automatic backups, you must enter the **emdbctl --enable\_backup** command to do so.
- An automatic backup runs daily at 4:00 a.m. A full backup runs every Saturday; incremental backups run on all other days.
- By default, Prime Central saves eight database backups to ORACLE\_HOME/backup. Your system administrator must back up the database backups and archive directories to tape daily.
- The **emdbctl --restore** command prompts you to enter a date and time to restore a database backup. The format is *MM-DD-YYYY HH:MI*; for example, 07-30-2013 03:34. If you enter a date in the wrong format, or if the backup cannot be restored for the date and time entered, the database will instead be restored to the most recent possible date and time.
- The **emdbctl --restore** should not be used in HA/GEO setup as it may break the HA configuration.

## Backing Up and Restoring the Fault Management Database

Prime Central Fault Management alarms are stored in the Fault Management database. These same alarms are also forwarded and stored on the Prime Central Oracle database. Both the Prime Central and Fault Management databases are automatically backed up daily. By default, the Fault Management backups are saved in \$NCHOME/omnibus/backup/NCOMS/. You can create a cron job that periodically copies the backups to an offsite location.

If a manual backup is required, you can back up and restore the data manually.

### Backing Up the Fault Management Database Manually

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Log in to the Fault Management server and then stop it:

```
fmctl stop
```

**Step 2** Choose a backup location within the primeusr directory structure (for example, ~/omnibus-backup/):

```
mkdir -p
backup-location/db
```

```
cp -r $NCHOME/omnibus/db/NCOMS/*
backup-location/db
```

**Step 3** Backup the miscellaneous files, if they were changed manually:

```
mkdir -p
backup-location/misc
```

```
cp -r $NCHOME/omnibus/etc
backup-location/misc
```

**Step 4** Backup the log files:

```
cp -r $NCHOME/omnibus/log backup-location/misc
```

**Step 5** Start the Fault Management server:

```
fmctl start
```

---

## Restoring the Fault Management Database Manually

### Procedure

---

**Step 1** Stop the Fault Management server:

```
fmctl stop
```

**Step 2** Restore the previously saved database files:

```
rm -rf $NCHOME/omnibus/db/NCOMS/*
cp backup-location/db/* $NCHOME/omnibus/db/NCOMS
```

**Step 3** Restore the miscellaneous files, if they were backed up:

```
cp -r backup-location/misc/etc $NCHOME/omnibus
```

**Tip** If you receive any "permission denied" errors, you can safely ignore them.

**Step 4** Start the Fault Management server:

```
fmctl start
```

---

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**Americas Headquarters**  
Cisco Systems, Inc.  
San Jose, CA 95134-1706  
USA

**Asia Pacific Headquarters**  
CiscoSystems(USA)Pte.Ltd.  
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