



Preface

- [Preface, on page i](#)

Preface

The Cisco Elastic Services Controller Install and Upgrade Guide describes the installation requirements, the installation procedures, and the upgrade procedures for Cisco Elastic Services Controller.

This preface contains the following sections:

Audience

This guide is for network administrators who are installing, provisioning, configuring, and monitoring Virtual Network Functions (VNFs). ESC can be deployed on OpenStack, VMware vCenter, KVM and AWS. The administrator must be familiar with the VIM layer, VMware, and OpenStack resources, and the commands used.

Terms and Definitions

The below table defines the terms used in this guide.

Table 1: Terms and Definitions

Terms	Definitions
AWS	Amazon Web Services (AWS) is a secure cloud services platform, offering compute, database storage, content delivery and other functionalities.
ESC	Elastic Services Controller (ESC) is a Virtual Network Function Manager (VNFM), performing lifecycle management of Virtual Network Functions.
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute (ETSI) is an independent standardization organization that has been instrumental in developing standards for information and communications technologies (ICT) within Europe.

Terms	Definitions
ETSI Deployment Flavour	A deployment flavour definition contains information about affinity relationships, scaling, min/max VDU instances, and other policies and constraints to be applied to the VNF instance. The deployment flavour defined in the VNF Descriptor (VNFD) must be selected by passing the <i>flavour_id</i> attribute in the InstantiateVNFRequest payload during the instantiate VNF LCM operation.
HA	ESC High Availability (HA) is a solution for preventing single points of ESC failure and achieving minimum ESC downtime.
KPI	Key Performance Indicator (KPI) measures performance management. KPIs specify what, how and when parameters are measured. KPI incorporates information about source, definitions, measures, calculations for specific parameters.
MSX	Cisco Managed Services Accelerator (MSX) is a service creation and delivery platform that enables fast deployment of cloud-based networking services for both Enterprises and Service Providers customers.
NFV	Network Function Virtualization (NFV) is the principle of separating network functions from the hardware they run on by using virtual hardware abstraction.
NFVO	NFV Orchestrator (NFVO) is a functional block that manages the Network Service (NS) lifecycle and coordinates the management of NS lifecycle, VNF lifecycle (supported by the VNFM) and NFVI resources (supported by the VIM) to ensure an optimized allocation of the necessary resources and connectivity.
NSO	Cisco Network Services Orchestrator (NSO) is an orchestrator for service activation which supports pure physical networks, hybrid networks (physical and virtual) and NFV use cases.
OpenStack Compute Flavor	Flavors define the compute, memory, and storage capacity of nova computing instances. A flavor is an available hardware configuration for a server. It defines the <i>size</i> of a virtual server that can be launched.
Service	A service consists of a single or multiple VNFs.
VDU	The Virtualisation Deployment Unit (VDU) is a construct that can be used in an information model, supporting the description of the deployment and operational behaviour of a subset of a VNF, or the entire VNF if it was not componentized in subsets.
VIM	The Virtualized Infrastructure Manager (VIM) adds a management layer for the data center hardware. Its northbound APIs are consumed by other layers to manage the physical and virtual resources for instantiation, termination, scale in and out procedures, and fault & performance alarms.
VM	A Virtual Machine (VM) is an operating system OS or an application installed on a software, which imitates a dedicated hardware. The end user has the same experience on a virtual machine as they would have on dedicated hardware.
VNF	A Virtual Network Function (VNF) consists of a single or a group of VMs with different software and processes that can be deployed on a Network Function Virtualization (NFV) Infrastructure.
VNFM	Virtual Network Function Manager (VNFM) manages the life cycle of a VNF.

Obtaining Documentation Request

For information on obtaining documentation, using the Cisco Bug Search Tool (BST), submitting a service request, and gathering additional information, see *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation*, at: <http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/general/whatsnew/whatsnew.html>.

Subscribe to *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation*, which lists all new and revised Cisco technical documentation, as an RSS feed and deliver content directly to your desktop using a reader application. The RSS feeds are a free service.

