

# Administering Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) Clusters

Integrating Cisco Container Platform with Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) allows you to deploy and run containerized applications on the Azure cloud.

This chapter contains the following topics:

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## **Prerequisites for Configuring AKS Clusters**

The prerequisites for configuring AKS clusters are as follows:

### **Azure User Account Requirements**

The following roles are necessary for your Azure user account that you want to use with Cisco Container Platform:

- An **App administrator** within the directory
- An **Owner** within the Azure subscription

You can contact your Azure administrator to set up these roles for your Azure account.

## **Creating Resource Groups**

A resource group is a logical grouping of the resources that are required to deploy Cisco Container Platform on Azure. They allow you to manage your resources efficiently.

- **Step 1** Log in to the Microsoft Azure portal.
- Step 2 In the left navigation pane, click All services > Resource groups. The Resource groups pane is displayed.

- **Step 3** Click **Add** to create a new resource group.
- **Step 4** In the Create an empty resource group pane, specify the following information:
  - a) In the **Resource Group name** field, enter a unique name.
  - b) From the **Subscription** drop-down list, choose a subscription type.
  - c) From the **Resource group location** drop-down list, choose the region in which you want to create your AKS cluster.

**Note** Not all regions support AKS. Ensure that you select a supported region. Currently, Cisco Container Platform supports only the **eastus** and **westus** regions.

For more information on a resource group, see Resource Group Overview.

# **Creating AKS Clusters**

#### Before you begin

- Ensure that you have added your Azure provider profile.
  For more information, see Adding Azure Provider Profile.
- Ensure that your Azure account that is used with Cisco Container Platform has the necessary roles. For more information, see Azure User Account Requirements, on page 1.
- Ensure that you have created the necessary resource groups in your Azure account. For more information, see Creating Resource Groups, on page 1.
- **Step 1** In the left pane, click **Clusters**, and then click the **Azure** tab.
- Step 2 Click NEW CLUSTER.
- **Step 3** In the **Basic Information** screen, specify the following information:
  - a) From the INFRASTUCTURE PROVIDER drop-down list, choose the provider related to the appropriate Azure account.
  - b) From the **AZURE REGION** drop-down list, choose an appropriate AKS region.
    - **Note** Not all regions support AKS. Ensure that you select a supported region. Currently, Cisco Container Platform supports only the **eastus** and **westus** regions.
  - c) In the **KUBERNETES CLUSTER NAME** field, enter a name for your cluster.
  - d) From the **KUBERNETES VERSION** drop-down list, choose the Kubernetes version for your cluster.

**Note** Not all Kubernetes versions are supported in all Azure regions. Ensure that you select a supported Kubernetes version.

e) Click **NEXT**.

- **Step 4** In the **Cluster settings** screen, specify the following information:
  - a) In the **NODE POOL NAME** field, enter an alphanumeric name for the primary node pool of your cluster.
  - b) From the RESOURCE GROUP drop-down list, enter the name of the resource group that you have created in your Azure account.

See also Creating Resource Groups, on page 1.

c) To create and use a virtual network subnet for an AKS cluster, from the **NETWORK PLUGIN** drop-down list, choose **Azure** or **Kubenet**.

See also Using Kubenet Networking.

d) If you want to use Virtual Kubelet to provision pods on the Azure Container Instance in your AKS clusters, under **VIRTUAL KUBELET**, click the toggle button to enable virtual kubelet.

**Note** The provider must have an application name to enable Virtual Kubelet.

e) Click NEXT.

#### **Step 5** In the **Node Configuration** screen, specify the following information:

- a) From the WORKER INSTANCE TYPE drop-down list, choose an instance type that provides an appropriate combination of CPU, memory, storage, and networking capacity for your cluster.
   See also Amazon EC2 Instance Types.
- b) In the **WORKER COUNT** field, enter an appropriate number of worker nodes.
- c) In the **POD CIDR** field, enter the desired CIDR value.

**Note** This is an optional field. So you can leave the field empty or leave the default as is.

d) In the **SERVICE CIDR** field, enter the desired CIDR value.

**Note** This is an optional field. So you can leave the field empty or leave the default as is.

- e) In the VNET SUBNET ID field, enter a subnet within the virtual network where you want to deploy the Azure resources.
- f) In the **DOCKER BRIDGE CIDR** field, enter a valid CIDR to override the default Docker bridge.
- g) In the **DNS SERVICE IP** field, enter an IP address within the Kubernetes service address range that will be used by cluster service discovery (kube-dns).

See also Configure Azure CNI Networking in AKS.

**Note** You must not use the first IP address in your address range, such as .1. The first address in your subnet range is used for the kubernetes.default.svc.cluster.local address.

h) Click NEXT.

**Step 6** In the **Summary** screen, review the cluster information, and then click **FINISH**.

Cluster creation can take up to 20 minutes. You can monitor cluster creation status on the **Clusters** screen.

## **Upgrading AKS Clusters**

The upgrade path for an AKS cluster is allowed based on the AKS upgrade map, which is completely controlled by AKS.

For example:

If the current version of your AKS cluster is 1.12.x, you must first upgrade 1.12.x to 1.13.x, and then upgrade from 1.13.x to 1.14.x. You cannot directly upgrade from 1.12.x to 1.14.x.

See also Upgrade an AKS cluster.

#### Before you begin

Ensure that the AKS cluster is in the **READY** state.

- **Step 1** In the left pane, click **Clusters**, and then click the **Azure** tab.
- **Step 2** From the drop-down list displayed under the **ACTIONS** column, choose **Upgrade** for the cluster that you want to upgrade.
- Step 3 In the Upgrade Azure Cluster dialog box, choose a Kubernetes version for the VM, and then click Upgrade. The cluster status changes from READY to UPGRADING to READY.

It may take a few minutes for the Kubernetes cluster upgrade to complete.

## **Deleting AKS Clusters**

#### Before you begin

Ensure that the AKS cluster that you want to delete is not currently in use, as deleting a cluster removes the containers and data associated with it.

- **Step 1** In the left pane, click **Clusters**, and then click the **Azure** tab.
- **Step 2** From the drop-down list displayed under the **ACTIONS** column, choose **Delete** for the cluster that you want to delete.
- **Step 3** Click **DELETE** in the confirmation dialog box.

Upon deleting an AKS cluster, it takes about 15 minutes for the cluster resources to be released.