

Customize Installation using Golden ISO

Golden ISO (GISO) is a customized ISO that a user can build to suit the installation requirement. The user can customize the installable image to include the standard base image with the basic functional components, and add additional RPMs, SMUs and configuration files based on requirement.

The ease of installation and the time taken to seamlessly install or upgrade a system plays a vital role in a cloud-scale network. An installation process that is time-consuming and complex affects the resiliency and scale of the network. The GISO simplifies the installation process, automates the installation workflow, and manages the dependencies in RPMs and SMUs automatically.

GISO is built using a build script gisobuild.py available on the github location Github location.

When a system boots with GISO, additional SMUs and RPMs in GISO are installed automatically, and the router is pre-configured with the XR configuration in GISO. For more information about downloading and installing GISO, see Install Golden ISO, on page 6.

The capabilities of GISO can be used in the following scenarios:

- Initial deployment of the router
- Software disaster recovery
- System upgrade from one base version to another
- System upgrade from same base version but with additional SMUs
- Install update to identify and update dependant packages
- Limitations, on page 2
- Customize Installation using Golden ISO, on page 2
- Golden ISO Workflow, on page 3
- Build Golden ISO Using Script, on page 4
- Install Golden ISO, on page 6
- Install Replace with Golden ISO, on page 8

Limitations

The following are the known problems and limitations with the customized ISO:

• Building and booting GISO for asynchronous package (a package of different release than the ISO) is not supported.

- Verifying the XR configuration is not supported in the GISO build script gisobuild.py.
- Renaming a GISO build and then installing from the renamed GISO build is not supported.
- Install operation over IPv6 is not supported.

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Golden ISO Workflow



Note

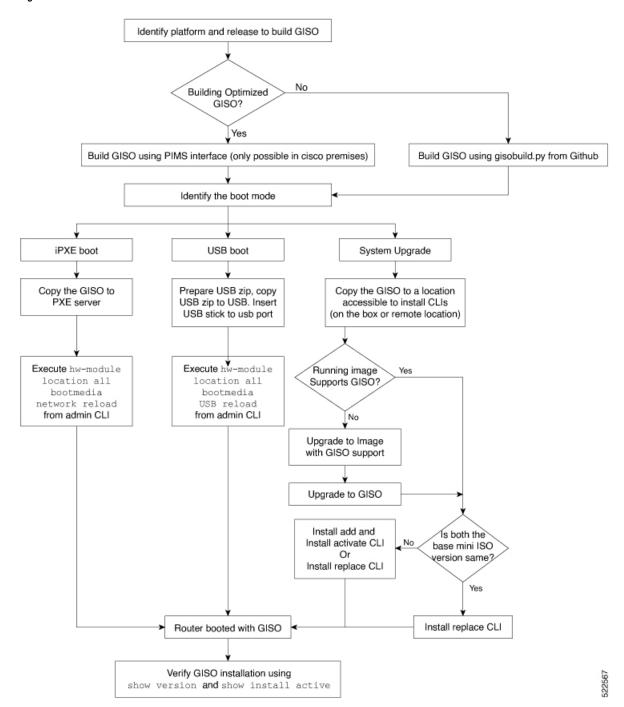
This document is applicable only for the following Cisco NCS 540 router variants:

- N540-ACC-SYS
- N540X-ACC-SYS
- N540-24Z8Q2C-SYS

For all other Cisco NCS 540 router variants, see the *Build a Golden ISO* section in the *Install XR7 OS on NCS* 540 Series Routers chapter.

The following image shows the workflow for building and installing golden ISO.

Figure 1: Golden ISO Workflow



Build Golden ISO Using Script

To build GISO, provide the following input parameters to the script:

• Base mini-x.iso (mandatory)

- XR configuration file (optional)
- one or more Cisco-specific SMUs for host, XR and System admin (optional)



Note

We recommend including only the host and XR SMUs as parameters in the script used to build the GISO image. After the router boots up, you must install the System Admin SMU separately to avoid boot failure. Including System Admin SMUs as part of the GISO image results in the system failing to boot. This is applicable for:

- Cisco IOS XR Release 7.5.x and later.
- USB and PXE boot modes.
- one or more third-party SMUs for host, XR and System admin (optional)
- Label for golden ISO (optional)
- · Optional RPMs



Note

To successfully add k9sec RPM to GISO, change the permission of the file to 644 using the **chmod** command. chmod 644 [k9 sec rpm]

To build GISO, perform the following steps:

Before you begin

- To upgrade from a release that did not support GISO to a release supporting GISO version, it is mandatory to first upgrade to mini ISO with GISO support.
- The system where GISO is built must meet the following requirements:
 - System must have Python version 3.6 and later.
 - System must have free disk space of minimum 12 GB.
 - Verify that the Linux utilities mount, rm, cp, umount, zcat, chroot, mkisofs are present in the system. These utilities will be used by the script. Ensure privileges are available to execute all of these Linux commands.
 - Kernel version of the system must be later than 3.16 or later than the version of kernel of Cisco ISO.
 - Verify that a libyaml rpm supported by the Linux kernel is available to successfully import yaml in the tool.
 - User should have proper permission for security rpm(k9sec-rpm) in rpm repository, else security rpm would be ignored for Golden ISO creation.
- The system from where the gisobuild.py script is executed must have root credentials.

Procedure

- Step 1 Copy the script gisobuild.py from the Github location to an offline system or external server where the GISO will be built. Ensure that this system meets the pre-requisites described above in the *Before You Begin* section
- Step 2 Run the script gisobuild.py and provide parameters to build the golden ISO off the router.

Example:

```
[directory-path] $ gisobuild.py [-h] [-i <mini-x.iso>] [-r <rpm repository>]
[-c <config-file>] [-l <giso label>] [-m] [-v]
```

Note

The -i option is mandatory, and either or both -r or -c options must be provided.

The corresponding GISO and build logs are available under the specified out_directory path. The default directory is /output gisobuild.

where:

- -i is the path to mini-x.iso
- -r is the path to RPM repository
- -c is the path to XR config file
- -l is the golden ISO label
- -h shows the help message
- -v is the version of the build tool gisobuild.py
- -m is to build the migration tar to migrate from IOS XR to IOS XR 64 bit

Note

It is recommended to build GISOs with a label name.

The corresponding GISO and build logs are available under the specified directory in out_directory. If a directory is not specified, the files are placed in /output_gisobuild directory.



Note

The GISO script does not support verification of XR configuration.

What to do next

Install the GISO image on the router.

Install Golden ISO

Golden ISO (GISO) automatically performs the following actions:

Installs host and system admin RPMs.

- Partitions repository and TFTP boot on RP.
- Creates software profile in system admin and XR modes.
- Installs XR RPMs. Use **show install active** command to see the list of RPMs.
- Applies XR configuration. Use **show running-config** command in XR mode to verify.

Procedure

Step 1 Download GISO image to the router using one of the following options:

• **PXE boot:** when the router is booted, the boot mode is identified. After detecting PXE as boot mode, all available ethernet interfaces are brought up, and DHClient is run on each interface. DHClient script parses HTTP or TFTP protocol, and GISO is downloaded to the box.

When you bring up a router using the PXE boot mode, existing configurations are removed. To recover smart licensing configurations like Permanent License Reservation (PLR), enable these configurations after the router comes up.

```
Router#configure
Router(config)#license smart reservation
Router(config)#commit
```

• **System Upgrade:** when the system is upgraded, GISO can be installed using **install add**, **install activate**, or using **install replace** commands.

Important

To replace the current version and packages on the router with the version from GISO, note the change in command and format.

• In versions prior to Cisco IOS XR Release 6.3.3, 6.4.x and 6.5.1, use the **install update** command:

```
install update source <source path> <Golden-ISO-name> replace
```

• In Cisco IOS XR Release 6.5.2 and later, use the **install replace** command.

```
install replace <absolute-path-of-Golden-ISO>
```

Note To create a Bootable External USB Disk, do the following:

- Ensure that the USB Boot Disk has a minimum storage of 8GB, and that you have root/admin or appropriate permission to create bootable disk on linux machine.
- a. Copy and execute usb-install script on the Linux machine to create a bootable external USB.
- **b.** Reset the RSP/RP and plug in bootable USB to RSP/RP's front panel. The USB will get detected in ROMMON. Note that when the system is in ROMMON, and if you add a front panel external USB, the USB will not be detected until the RSP/RP is reset.

The options to upgrade the system are as follows:

• system upgrade from a non-GISO (image that does not support GISO) to GISO image: If a system is running a version1 with an image that does not support GISO, the system cannot be upgraded directly to version2 of an image that supports GISO. Instead, the version1 must be upgraded to version2 mini ISO, and then to version2 GISO.

• system upgrade in a release from version1 GISO to version2 GISO: If both the GISO images have the same base version but different labels, install add and install activate commands does not support same version of two images. Instead, using install source command installs only the delta RPMs. System reload is based on restart type of the delta RPMs.

Using **install replace** command performs a system reload, irrespective of the difference between ISO and the existing version.

- system upgrade across releases from version1 GISO to version2 GISO: Both the GISO images have different base versions. Use install add and install activate commands, or install replace command to perform the system upgrade. The router reloads after the upgrade with the version2 GISO image.
- **Step 2** Run the **show install repository all** command in System Admin mode to view the RPMs and base ISO for host, system admin and XR.
- Step 3 Run the show install package <golden-iso> command to display the list of RPMs, and packages built in GISO.

Note To list RPMs in the GISO, the GISO must be present in the install repository.

The ISO, SMUs and packages in GISO are installed on the router.

Install Replace with Golden ISO

Table 1: Feature History Table

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
Check Integrity of Golden ISO (GISO) Files	Release 7.5.1	This feature enables an automated check during operations to ensure that the files in GISO has not been corrupted. It does so by calculating the md5sum of the files and comparing it against md5sum value that is contained within the GISO that was calculated when the image was built.
Automatic Bridging of Bug Fix RPMs	Release 7.5.2	This release enables an easy, one-step, no-prompt upgrade or downgrade based on GISO. This removes the dependency on manually installing RPMs that bridge bug fixes across release versions.

Golden ISO (GISO) upgrades the router to a version that has a predefined list of software maintenance update (SMUs) with a single operation. However, to update to the same version with a different set of SMUs requires a two-step process.

To avoid this two-step process, use the **install replace** command to replace the currently active version with the full package including the image an SMUs in the newly added GISO.

The process involves upgrading the GISO to add the delta SMUs, and manually deactivating the SMUs that are not in use. In addition, this is the only method to upgrade to GISO containing different optional RPMs, which is a subset of the running set of optional RPMs. For example, consider V1 of GISO is the running version with V1 mini and optional RPMs V1 mpls, V1 mpls-te, V1 mgbl, and V1 k9sec. If V2 of GISO does not contain V2 k9sec, then use **install replace** to upgrade to the optional RPMs in V2.

From Cisco IOS XR Release 7.5.x, you can now add bridging bug fixes through the GISO, and this helps you to automatically install the bridging bug fix RPMs that are prerequisite for a system upgrade or a downgrade. The GISO can include bridging SMUs for multiple source releases, and installs only the specific bridging SMUs required for the target release.

The bridging bug fix RPMs can be used in the following scenarios:

- To resolve a bug that might stop upgrade.
- The latest version has new prerequisite requirements that are not met by the earlier version.

The **install replace** command adds and applies the highest version of any bridging bugfix RPMs for the currently active XR version.



Important

To replace the current version and packages on the router with the version from GISO, note the change in command and format.

- In versions prior to Cisco IOS XR Release 6.3.3, 6.4.x and 6.5.1, use the **install update** command: install update source <source path> <Golden-ISO-name> replace
- In Cisco IOS XR Release 6.5.2 and later, use the **install replace** command.

install replace <absoulte-path-of-Golden-ISO>



Note

The **replace** keyword in **install update** command is supported only with GISO, but not with .mini and .rpm packages directly.

Procedure

Step 1 install replace *<GISO-location>* [commit | noprompt]

Example:

```
System is in committed state
Current full-label: <giso-image> R Commit
Current only-label: R Commit
Current label: R Commit
Updating contents of golden ISO
Scheme : localdisk
Hostname : localhost
Username : None
SourceDir : /ws
Collecting software state..
Getting platform
Getting supported architecture
Getting active packages from XR
Getting inactive packages from XR
Getting list of RPMs in local repo
Getting list of provides of all active packages
Getting provides of each rpm in repo
Getting requires of each rpm in repo
Fetching .... <giso-image>.iso
Label within GISO: More Pkgs
Skipping <platform>-mgbl-3.0.0.0-<release>.x86_64.rpm from GISO as it's active
Adding packages
        <platform>-golden-x-<release>-<Label>.iso
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:Jun 20 14:43:59.349 UTC: sdr instmgr[1164]: %INSTALL-INSTMGR-2-OPERATION SUCCESS
Install operation 12 finished successfully
Install add operation successful
Activating <platform>-golden-x-<release>-<Label>
Jun 20 14:44:05 Install operation 13 started by root:
 install activate pkg <platform>-golden-x-<release>-<Label> replace noprompt
Jun 20 14:44:05 Package list:
Jun 20 14:44:05
                   <platform>-golden-x-<release>-<Label>.iso
Jun 20 14:44:29 Install operation will continue in the background
exec-timeout is resumed.
Router# Install operation 13 finished successfully
Router: sdr instmgr[1164]: %INSTALL-INSTMGR-2-OPERATION SUCCESS:
Install operation 13 finished successfully
Router#install replace <path-to-image> <platform-name-golden-x-<version>-<label>.iso
Tue Mar 17 08:07:15.176 UTC
Mar 17 08:07:24 Install operation 46 started by root:
Mar 17 08:07:24 install replace source <path-to-image>
<platform-name-golden-x-<version>-<label>.iso
Mar 17 08:07:24 No install operation in progress at this moment
Mar 17 08:07:24 Checking system is ready for install operation
Mar 17 08:07:24 'install replace' in progress
Mar 17 08:07:24 Label = GISO_IMAGE_XRV9K_<version>
Mar 17 08:07:24 ISO xrv9k-goldenk9-x-<version>-<label>.iso in input package list. Going to
upgrade the system to version <new-version>
Mar 17 08:07:25 Scheme : http
Mar 17 08:07:25 Hostname : 10.x.x.x
Mar 17 08:07:25 Collecting software state..
Mar 17 08:07:25 Getting platform
Mar 17 08:07:25 Getting supported architecture
Mar 17 08:07:25 Getting active packages from XR
Mar 17 08:07:25 Getting inactive packages from XR
Mar 17 08:07:28 Getting list of RPMs in local repo
Mar 17 08:07:28 Getting list of provides of all active packages
Mar 17 08:07:28 Getting provides of each rpm in repo
Mar 17 08:07:28 Getting requires of each rpm in repo
Mar 17 08:07:36 Fetching .... xrv9k-goldenk9-x-<version>-<label>.iso
```

```
Mar 17 08:08:02 Adding packages
       xrv9k-goldenk9-x-<version>-<label>.iso
Router: Mar 17 08:09:03.487 UTC: sdr instmgr[1281]: %INSTALL-INSTMGR-2-OPERATION SUCCESS:
Install operation 47 finished successfully
Mar 17 08:09:03 Install add operation successful
Mar 17 08:09:08 Activating xrv9k-goldenk9-x-<version>-<label>
Mar 17 08:09:10 Install operation 46 started by root:
 install activate pkg xrv9k-goldenk9-x-<version>-<label> replace
Mar 17 08:09:10 Package list:
                    xrv9k-goldenk9-x-<version>-<label>
Mar 17 08:09:10
This install operation will reload the system, continue?
 [yes/no]:[yes] yes
Mar 17 08:10:30 Install operation will continue in the background
Mar 17 08:10:30 Activate operation ID is: 46 for 'install source' ID:46
Router# Install operation 46 finished successfully
%INSTALL-INSTMGR-2-OPERATION SUCCESS: Install operation 46 finished successfully
sdr instmgr[1150]: %INSTALL-INSTMGR-2-SYSTEM RELOAD INFO: The whole system will be reloaded
 to complete install operation 46
```

Note

The md5sum of the GISO files is checked automatically during this operation to ensure that the image has not been corrupted. A mismatch in md5sum value indicates that the file is manipulated, and the operation fails.

For Cisco IOS XR Release 7.1.1, use the command install replace harddisk:/<dir>//sqiso-image>.iso.

Important

For versions earlier than Cisco IOS XR Release 6.5.2, use the following command:

install update source <absolute-path-of-Golden-ISO> replace

For example,

Router#install update source harddisk:/ <giso-image>.iso replace

The version and label of the newly added GISO is compared with the version and label of the currently active version. If a mismatch is identified, a new partition is created and the full package is installed. After installation, the system reloads with the image and packages from the newly added GISO.

Note

Activating or deactivating on a system that has a valid label invalidates the label. This action is irreversible. For example, running **show version** command on the system displays the label 6.3.3_633rev1005. If any SMU is activated or deactivated on the system, the label 633rev1005 is invalidated, and the show version command displays only 6.3.3 as the label.

Step 2 show version

Example:

Router#show version Wed Jun 20 15:06:37.915 UTC Cisco IOS XR Software, Version <new-giso-image> Copyright (c) 2013-2018 by Cisco Systems, Inc. Build Information: Built Bv : <user> Built On : <date> Build Host : <host-name> Workspace : <workspace-name> Version : <version> Location : <path> : <label-name>

The system loads with the image and packages from the newly added GISO.