



## Configure Performance Measurement

Network performance metrics is a critical measure for traffic engineering (TE) in service provider networks. Network performance metrics include the following:

- Packet loss
- Delay
- Delay variation
- Bandwidth utilization

These network performance metrics provide network operators information about the performance characteristics of their networks for performance evaluation and help to ensure compliance with service level agreements. The service-level agreements (SLAs) of service providers depend on the ability to measure and monitor these network performance metrics. Network operators can use Segment Routing Performance Measurement (SR-PM) feature to monitor the network metrics for links and end-to-end TE label switched paths (LSPs).

The following table explains the functionalities supported by performance measurement feature for measuring delay for links.

**Table 1: Performance Measurement Functionalities**

Functionality	Details
Profiles	You can configure different profiles for different types of delay measurements. Use the "interfaces" delay profile type for link-delay measurement. Delay profile allows you to schedule probe and configure metric advertisement parameters for delay measurement.
Protocols	Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP) Light (using RFC 5357 with IP/UDP encap).
Probe and burst scheduling	Schedule probes and configure metric advertisement parameters for delay measurement.
Metric advertisements	Advertise measured metrics periodically using configured thresholds. Also supports accelerated advertisements using configured thresholds.
Measurement history and counters	Maintain packet delay and loss measurement history, session counters, and packet advertisement counters.

- [Measurement Modes, on page 2](#)
- [Link Delay Measurement, on page 3](#)
- [SR Policy End-to-End Delay Measurement , on page 15](#)

## Measurement Modes

The following table compares the different hardware and timing requirements for the measurement modes supported in SR PM.

**Table 2: Measurement Mode Requirements**

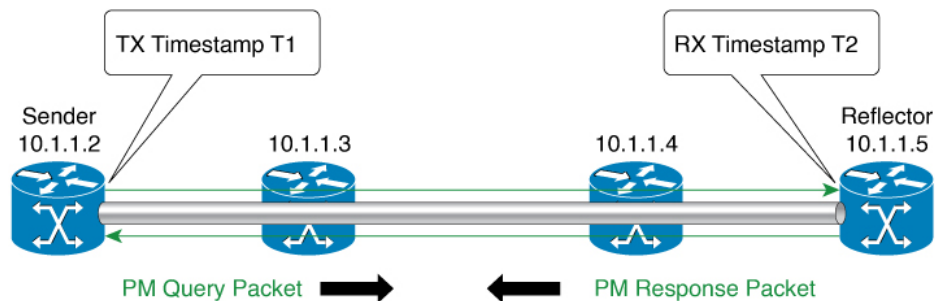
Measurement Mode	Sender: PTP-Capable HW and HW Timestamping	Reflector: PTP-Capable HW and HW Timestamping	PTP Clock Synchronization between Sender and Reflector
One-way	Required	Required	Required
Two-way	Required	Required	Not Required

### One-Way

One-way measurement mode provides the most precise form of one-way delay measurement. PTP-capable hardware and hardware timestamping are required on both Sender and Reflector, with PTP Clock Synchronization between Sender and Reflector.

Delay measurement in one-way mode is calculated as  $(T2 - T1)$ .

**Figure 1: One-Way**



- One Way Delay =  $(T2 - T1)$
- Hardware clock synchronized using PTP (IEEE 1588) between sender and reflector nodes (all nodes for higher accuracy)

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The PM query and response for one-way delay measurement can be described in the following steps:

1. The local-end router sends PM query packets periodically to the remote side once the egress line card on the router applies timestamps on packets.
2. The ingress line card on the remote-end router applies time-stamps on packets as soon as they are received.
3. The remote-end router sends the PM packets containing time-stamps back to the local-end router.

- One-way delay is measured using the time-stamp values in the PM packet.

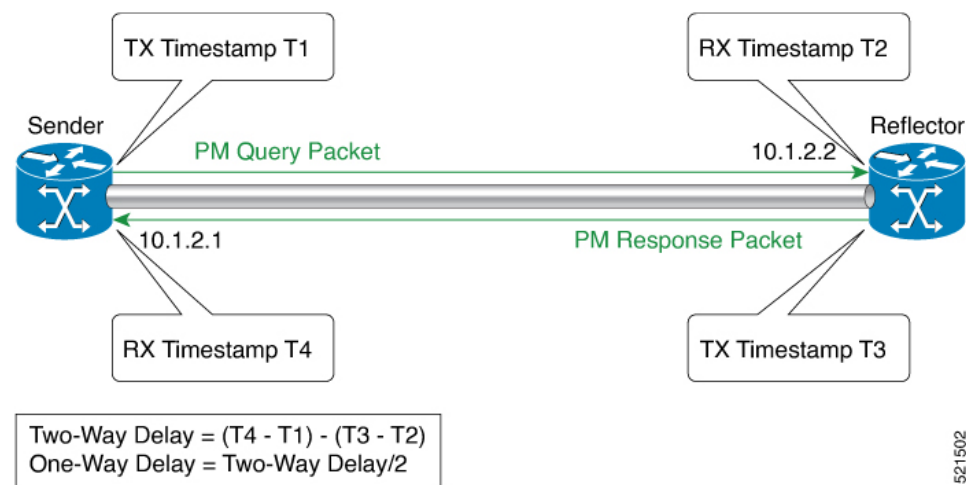
### Two-Way

Two-way measurement mode provides two-way measurements. PTP-capable hardware and hardware timestamping are required on both Sender and Reflector, but PTP clock synchronization between Sender and Reflector is not required.

Delay measurements in two-way mode are calculated as follows:

- Two-Way Delay =  $(T4 - T1) - (T3 - T2)$
- One-Way Delay = Two-Way Delay/2

Figure 2: Two-Way



The PM query and response for two-way delay measurement can be described in the following steps:

- The local-end router sends PM query packets periodically to the remote side once the egress line card on the router applies timestamps on packets.
- Ingress line card on the remote-end router applies time-stamps on packets as soon as they are received.
- The remote-end router sends the PM packets containing time-stamps back to the local-end router. The remote-end router time-stamps the packet just before sending it for two-way measurement.
- The local-end router time-stamps the packet as soon as the packet is received for two-way measurement.
- One-way delay and optionally two-way delay is measured using the time-stamp values in the PM packet.

## Link Delay Measurement

The PM for link delay uses the MPLS packet format defined in RFC 6374 or IP/UDP packet format defined in RFC 5357 (TWAMP-Light) for probes. The MPLS packet format requires the remote side line card to be MPLS capable. For link delay measurement, MPLS multicast MAC address is used to send delay measurement probe packets to next-hops. So, the user does not need to configure next-hop addresses for the links. The remote side line card needs to support the MPLS multicast MAC address.

### Usage Guidelines and Restrictions for PM for Link Delay

The following restrictions and guidelines apply for the PM for link delay feature for different links.

- For protocol `pm-mpls`, remote-end line card needs to be MPLS-capable.
- For broadcast links, only point-to-point (P2P) links are supported. P2P configuration on IGP is required for flooding the value.
- For link bundles, the hashing function may select a member link for forwarding but the reply may come from the remote line card on a different member link of the bundle.
- For one-way delay measurement, clocks should be synchronized on two end-point nodes of the link using PTP.

### Configuration Example: PM for Link Delay

This example shows how to configure performance-measurement functionalities for link delay as a global default profile. The default values for the different parameters in the PM for link delay is given as follows:

- **probe measurement mode:** The default measurement mode for probe is two-way delay measurement. If you are configuring one-way delay measurement, hardware clocks must be synchronized between the local-end and remote-end routers using precision time protocol (PTP). See [Measurement Modes, on page 2](#) for more information.
- **protocol:**
  - **twamp-light:** Interface delay measurement using RFC 5357 with IP/UDP encap. This is the default protocol.
  - **pm-mpls:** Interface delay measurement using RFC6374 with MPLS encap.
- **burst interval:** Interval for sending probe packet. The default value is 3000 milliseconds and the range is from 30 to 15000 milliseconds.
- **computation interval:** Interval for metric computation. Default is 30 seconds; range is 1 to 3600 seconds.
- **periodic advertisement:** Periodic advertisement is enabled by default.
- **periodic-advertisement interval:** The default value is 120 seconds and the interval range is from 30 to 3600 seconds.
- **periodic-advertisement threshold:** Checks the minimum-delay metric change for threshold crossing for periodic advertisement. The default value is 10 percent and the range is from 0 to 100 percent.
- **periodic-advertisement minimum change:** The default value is 1000 microseconds (usec) and the range is from 0 to 100000 microseconds.
- **accelerated advertisement:** Accelerated advertisement is disabled by default.
- **accelerated-advertisement threshold:** Checks the minimum-delay metric change for threshold crossing for accelerated advertisement. The default value is 20 percent and the range is from 0 to 100 percent.
- **accelerated-advertisement minimum change:** The default value is 500 microseconds and the range is from 0 to 100000 microseconds.

```
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# performance-measurement delay-profile interfaces
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-dm-intf)# probe
```

```

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-dm-intf-probe)# measurement-mode one-way
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-dm-intf-probe)# burst-interval 60
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-dm-intf-probe)# computation-interval 60
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-dm-intf-probe)# exit

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-dm-intf)# advertisement periodic
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-dm-intf-adv-per)# interval 120
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-dm-intf-adv-per)# threshold 20
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-dm-intf-adv-per)# minimum-change 1000
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-dm-intf-adv-per)# exit

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-dm-intf)# advertisement accelerated
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-dm-intf-adv-acc)# threshold 30
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-dm-intf-adv-acc)# minimum-change 1000
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-dm-intf-adv-per)# exit

```

### Configure the UDP Destination Port

Configuring the UDP port for TWAMP-Light protocol is optional. By default, PM uses port 862 as the TWAMP-reserved UDP destination port for delay.

The UDP port is configured for each PM measurement probe type (delay, loss, protocol, authentication mode, etc.) on querier and responder nodes. If you configure a different UDP port, the UDP port for each PM measurement probe type must match on the querier and the responder nodes.




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**Note** The same UDP destination port is used for delay measurement for links and SR Policy.

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This example shows how to configure the UDP destination port for delay.

```

Router(config)# performance-measurement
Router(config-perf-meas)# protocol twamp-light
Router(config-pm-protocol)# measurement delay unauthenticated
Router(config-pm-PROTO-mode)# querier-dst-port 12000

```

### Enable PM for Link Delay Over an Interface

This example shows how to enable PM for link delay over an interface.

```

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# performance-measurement
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-perf-meas)# interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-intf)# next-hop ipv4 10.10.10.2 // Optional IPv4 or IPv6
next-hop address
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-intf)# delay-measurement
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-intf-dm)# exit

```

The source and destination IP addresses used in the OAM packet are determined by the IP address present on the interface where the delay-measurement operation is enabled and the setting of the optional **next-hop** address.

When the **next-hop** address is not specified, the following rules apply to determine the source and destination IP addresses used in the OAM packet:

- If an IPv4 address is configured under the interface, then:
  - OAM packet source IP address = Interface's IPv4 address

- OAM packet destination IP address = 127.0.0.0
- Else, if an IPv6 global address is configured under the interface, then:
  - OAM packet source IP address = Interface's IPv6 global address
  - OAM packet destination IP address = 0::ff:127.0.0.0

When the **next-hop** {**ipv4** | **ipv6**} address is configured, the following rules apply to determine the source and destination IP addresses used in the OAM packet:

- If a next-hop IPv4 address is configured, then:
  - OAM packet source IP address = Interface's IPv4 address
  - OAM packet destination IP address = Configured next-hop IPv4 address




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**Note** If there is no IPv4 address configured under the interface, then the delay-measurement probe does not send OAM packets.

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- If a next-hop IPv6 address is configured, then:
  - OAM packet source IP address = Interface's IPv6 global address
  - OAM packet destination IP address = Configured next-hop IPv6 address




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**Note** If there is no IPv6 global address configured under the interface, then the delay-measurement probe does not send OAM packets.

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This example shows how to enable PM for link delay over an interface with IPv4 address configured:

```
interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
  ipv4 address 10.10.10.1 255.255.255.0

performance-measurement
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
    delay-measurement
```

This example shows how to enable PM for link delay over an interface IPv6 address configured:

```
interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
  ipv6 address 10:10:10::1/64

performance-measurement
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
    delay-measurement
```

This example shows how to enable PM for link delay over an interface with a specified next-hop IPv4 address:

```
interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
```

```

ipv4 address 10.10.10.1 255.255.255.0

performance-measurement
interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
  next-hop ipv4 10.10.10.2
  delay-measurement

```

This example shows how to enable PM for link delay over an interface with a specified next-hop IPv6 address:

```

interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
  ipv6 address 10:10:10::1/64

performance-measurement
interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
  next-hop ipv6 10:10:10::2
  delay-measurement

```

## Verification

```

RP/0/0/CPU0:router# show performance-measurement profile interface
Thu Dec 12 14:13:16.029 PST

```

```

-----
0/0/CPU0
-----
Interface Delay-Measurement:
  Profile configuration:
    Measurement Type           : Two-Way
    Probe computation interval  : 30 (effective: 30) seconds
    Type of services           : Traffic Class: 6, DSCP: 48
    Burst interval              : 3000 (effective: 3000) mSec
    Burst count                 : 10 packets
    Encap mode                  : UDP
    Payload Type                : TWAMP-light
    Destination sweeping mode   : Disabled
    Periodic advertisement      : Enabled
      Interval                  : 120 (effective: 120) sec
      Threshold                 : 10%
      Minimum-Change            : 500 uSec
    Advertisement accelerated   : Disabled
    Threshold crossing check    : Minimum-delay

```

```

RP/0/0/CPU0:router# show performance-measurement summary detail location 0/2/CPU0

```

```

Thu Dec 12 14:09:59.162 PST
-----
0/2/CPU0
-----
Total interfaces                : 1
Total SR Policies               : 0
Total RSVP-TE tunnels           : 0
Total Maximum PPS               : 2000 pkts/sec
Total Interfaces PPS            : 0 pkts/sec
Maximum Allowed Multi-hop PPS   : 2000 pkts/sec
Multi Hop Requested PPS         : 0 pkts/sec (0% of max allowed)
Dampened Multi Hop Requested PPS : 0% of max allowed
Inuse Burst Interval Adjustment Factor : 100% of configuration

Interface Delay-Measurement:

```

```

Total active sessions                : 1
Counters:
  Packets:
    Total sent                       : 26
    Total received                   : 26
  Errors:
    TX:
      Reason interface down          : 0
      Reason no MPLS caps            : 0
      Reason no IP address           : 0
      Reason other                   : 0
    RX:
      Reason negative delay          : 0
      Reason delay threshold exceeded : 0
      Reason missing TX timestamp    : 0
      Reason missing RX timestamp    : 0
      Reason probe full              : 0
      Reason probe not started       : 0
      Reason control code error      : 0
      Reason control code notif      : 0
  Probes:
    Total started                    : 3
    Total completed                  : 2
    Total incomplete                 : 0
    Total advertisements             : 0

SR Policy Delay-Measurement:
Total active sessions                : 0
Counters:
  Packets:
    Total sent                       : 0
    Total received                   : 0
  Errors:
    TX:
      Reason interface down          : 0
      Reason no MPLS caps            : 0
      Reason no IP address           : 0
      Reason other                   : 0
    RX:
      Reason negative delay          : 0
      Reason delay threshold exceeded : 0
      Reason missing TX timestamp    : 0
      Reason missing RX timestamp    : 0
      Reason probe full              : 0
      Reason probe not started       : 0
      Reason control code error      : 0
      Reason control code notif      : 0
  Probes:
    Total started                    : 0
    Total completed                  : 0
    Total incomplete                 : 0
    Total advertisements             : 0

RSVP-TE Delay-Measurement:
Total active sessions                : 0
Counters:
  Packets:
    Total sent                       : 0
    Total received                   : 0
  Errors:
    TX:
      Reason interface down          : 0
      Reason no MPLS caps            : 0
      Reason no IP address           : 0

```



```

Reason other : 0
RX:
Reason negative delay : 0
Reason delay threshold exceeded : 0
Reason missing TX timestamp : 0
Reason missing RX timestamp : 0
Reason probe full : 0
Reason probe not started : 0
Reason control code error : 0
Reason control code notif : 0
Probes:
Total started : 0
Total completed : 0
Total incomplete : 0
Total advertisements : 0

Global Delay Counters:
Total packets sent : 26
Total query packets received : 26
Total invalid session id : 0
Total missing session : 0

```

```

RP/0/0/CPU0:router# show performance-measurement interfaces detail
Thu Dec 12 14:16:09.692 PST

```

```

-----
0/0/CPU0
-----

```

```

-----
0/2/CPU0
-----

```

```

Interface Name: GigabitEthernet0/2/0/0 (ifh: 0x1004060)

```

```

Delay-Measurement : Enabled
Loss-Measurement : Disabled
Configured IPv4 Address : 10.10.10.2
Configured IPv6 Address : 10:10:10::2
Link Local IPv6 Address : fe80::3a:6fff:fec9:cd6b
Configured Next-hop Address : Unknown
Local MAC Address : 023a.6fc9.cd6b
Next-hop MAC Address : 0291.e460.6707
Primary VLAN Tag : None
Secondary VLAN Tag : None
State : Up

```

```

Delay Measurement session:

```

```

Session ID : 1

```

```

Last advertisement:

```

```

Advertised at: Dec 12 2019 14:10:43.138 (326.782 seconds ago)
Advertised reason: First advertisement
Advertised delays (uSec): avg: 839, min: 587, max: 8209, variance: 297

```

```

Next advertisement:

```

```

Threshold check scheduled in 1 more probe (roughly every 120 seconds)
Aggregated delays (uSec): avg: 751, min: 589, max: 905, variance: 112
Rolling average (uSec): 756

```

```

Current Probe:

```

```

Started at Dec 12 2019 14:15:43.154 (26.766 seconds ago)
Packets Sent: 9, received: 9
Measured delays (uSec): avg: 795, min: 631, max: 1199, variance: 164
Next probe scheduled at Dec 12 2019 14:16:13.132 (in 3.212 seconds)
Next burst packet will be sent in 0.212 seconds

```

```

Burst packet sent every 3.0 seconds
Probe samples:
  Packet Rx Timestamp      Measured Delay (nsec)
Dec 12 2019 14:15:43.156    689223
Dec 12 2019 14:15:46.156    876561
Dec 12 2019 14:15:49.156    913548
Dec 12 2019 14:15:52.157    1199620
Dec 12 2019 14:15:55.156    794008
Dec 12 2019 14:15:58.156    631437
Dec 12 2019 14:16:01.157    656440
Dec 12 2019 14:16:04.157    658267
Dec 12 2019 14:16:07.157    736880

```

You can also use the following commands for verifying the PM for link delay on the local-end router.

Command	Description
<b>show performance-measurement history probe interfaces</b> [ <i>interface</i> ]	Displays the PM link-delay probe history for interfaces.
<b>show performance-measurement history aggregated interfaces</b> [ <i>interface</i> ]	Displays the PM link-delay aggregated history for interfaces.
<b>show performance-measurement history advertisement interfaces</b> [ <i>interface</i> ]	Displays the PM link-delay advertisement history for interfaces.
<b>show performance-measurement counters</b> [ <i>interface interface</i> ] [ <i>location location-name</i> ]	Displays the PM link-delay session counters.

You can also use the following commands for verifying the PM for link-delay configuration on the remote-end router.

Command	Description
<b>show performance-measurement responder summary</b> [ <i>location location-name</i> ]	Displays the PM for link-delay summary on the remote-end router (responder).
<b>show performance-measurement responder interfaces</b> [ <i>interface</i> ]	Displays PM for link-delay for interfaces on the remote-end router.
<b>show performance-measurement responder counters</b> [ <i>interface interface</i> ] [ <i>location location-name</i> ]	Displays the PM link-delay session counters on the remote-end router.

### Configure a Static Delay Value on an Interface

You can configure an interface to advertise a static delay value, instead of the measured delay value. When you configure a static delay value, the advertisement is triggered immediately. The average, minimum, and maximum advertised values will use the static delay value, with a variance of 0.

Scheduled probes will continue, and measured delay metrics will be aggregated and stored in history buffer. However, advertisement threshold checks are suppressed so that there are no advertisements of the actual measured delay values. If the configured static delay value is removed, the next scheduled advertisement threshold check will update the advertised measured delay values.

The static delay value can be configured from 1 to 16777215 microseconds (16.7 seconds).

This example shows how to configure a static delay of 1000 microseconds:

```
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# performance-measurement
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-perf-meas)# interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-intf)# delay-measurement
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-pm-intf-dm)# advertise-delay 1000
```

### Running Configuration

```
performance-measurement
 interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0/0
   delay-measurement
     advertise-delay 1000
   !
 !
!
```

### Verification

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:ios# show performance-measurement interfaces detail
```

```
-----
0/0/CPU0
-----
```

```
Interface Name: GigabitEthernet0/0/0/0 (ifh: 0x0)
  Delay-Measurement           : Enabled
```

```
. . .
```

```
Last advertisement:
  Advertised at: Nov 29 2021 21:53:00.656 (7.940 seconds ago)
  Advertised reason: Advertise delay config
  Advertised delays (uSec): avg: 1000, min: 1000, max: 1000, variance: 0
```

```
. . .
```

### SR Performance Measurement Named Profiles

You can create a named performance measurement profile for delay or liveness.

#### Delay Profile

This example shows how to create a named SR performance measurement delay profile.

```
Router(config)# performance-measurement delay-profile sr-policy name profile2
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy)# probe
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-probe)# burst-interval 60
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-probe)# computation-interval 60
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-probe)# protocol twamp-light
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-probe)# tos dscp 63

Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy)# advertisement
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-adv)# periodic
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-adv-per)# interval 60
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-adv-per)# minimum-change 1000
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-adv-per)# threshold 20
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-adv-per)# commit
```

Apply the delay profile for an SR Policy.

```
Router(config)# segment-routing traffic-eng
Router(config-sr-te)# policy TEST
```

```

Router(config-sr-te-policy)# color 4 end-point ipv4 10.10.10.10
Router(config-sr-te-policy)# performance-measurement
Router(config-sr-te-policy-perf-meas)# delay-measurement delay-profile name profile2

Router(config-sr-te-policy)#candidate-paths
Router(config-sr-te-policy-path)#preference 100
Router(config-sr-te-policy-path-pref)#explicit segment-list LIST1
Router(config-sr-te-pp-info)#weight 2

Router(config-sr-te-policy-path-pref)#explicit segment-list LIST2
Router(config-sr-te-pp-info)#weight 3

```

### Running Configuration

```
Router# show run segment-routing traffic-eng policy TEST
```

```

segment-routing
 traffic-eng
  policy TEST
    color 4 end-point ipv4 10.10.10.10
    candidate-paths
      preference 100
      explicit segment-list LIST1
        weight 2
      !
      explicit segment-list LIST2
        weight 3
      !
    !
  !
 performance-measurement
  delay-measurement
    delay-profile name profile2

```

### Verification

```
Router# show performance-measurement profile named-profile delay sr-policy name profile2
```

```

-----
0/RSP0/CPU0
-----
SR Policy Delay Measurement Profile Name: profile2
Profile configuration:
  Measurement mode           : One-way
  Protocol type              : TWAMP-light
  Encap mode                 : UDP
  Type of service:
    PM-MPLS traffic class    : 6
    TWAMP-light DSCP         : 63
  Probe computation interval  : 60 (effective: 60) seconds
  Burst interval             : 60 (effective: 60) mSec
  Packets per computation interval : 1000
  Periodic advertisement     : Enabled
    Interval                 : 60 (effective: 60) sec
    Threshold                 : 20%
    Minimum-change           : 1000 uSec
  Advertisement accelerated  : Disabled
  Advertisement logging:
    Delay exceeded           : Disabled (default)
    Threshold crossing check : Maximum-delay
    Router alert             : Disabled (default)
    Destination sweeping mode : Disabled
  Liveness detection parameters:
    Multiplier               : 3
    Logging state change     : Disabled

```

## On-Demand SR Policy

```
Router(config-sr-te)# on-demand color 20
Router(config-sr-te-color)# performance-measurement delay-measurement
Router(config-sr-te-color-delay-meas)# delay-profile name profile2
Router(config-sr-te-color-delay-meas)# commit
```

## Running Configuration

```
Router# show run segment-routing traffic-eng on-demand color 20

segment-routing
 traffic-eng
  on-demand color 20
  performance-measurement
  delay-measurement
  delay-profile name profile2
```

## Liveness Profile

This example shows how to create a *named* SR performance measurement liveness profile.

```
Router(config)# performance-measurement liveness-profile sr-policy name profile3
Router(config-pm-ld-srpolicy)# probe
Router(config-pm-ld-srpolicy-probe)# burst-interval 60
Router(config-pm-ld-srpolicy-probe)# measurement-mode loopback
Router(config-pm-ld-srpolicy-probe)# tos dscp 10
Router(config-pm-ld-srpolicy-probe)# liveness-detection
Router(config-pm-ld-srpolicy-probe)# multiplier 5
Router(config-pm-ld-srpolicy-probe)# commit
```

## Apply the liveness profile for the SR policy

This example shows how to enable PM for SR policy liveness for a specific policy.

For the same policy, you cannot enable delay-measurement (delay-profile) and liveness-detection (liveness-profile) at the same time. For example, if delay measurement is enabled, use the **no delay-measurement** command to disable it, and then enable the following command for enabling liveness detection.

```
Router(config)# segment-routing traffic-eng
Router(config-sr-te)# policy TRST2
Router(config-sr-te-policy)# color 40 end-point ipv4 20.20.20.20
Router(config-sr-te-policy)#candidate-paths
Router(config-sr-te-policy-path)#preference 50
Router(config-sr-te-policy-path-pref)#explicit segment-list LIST3
Router(config-sr-te-pp-info)#weight 2

Router(config-sr-te-policy-path-pref)#explicit segment-list LIST4
Router(config-sr-te-pp-info)#weight 3

Router(config-sr-te-policy)# performance-measurement
Router(config-sr-te-policy-perf-meas)# liveness-detection liveness-profile name profile3
```

## Running Configuration

```
Router# show run segment-routing traffic-eng policy TRST2

segment-routing
 traffic-eng
  policy TRST2
  color 40 end-point ipv4 20.20.20.20
  candidate-paths
  preference 50
  explicit segment-list LIST3
```

```

    weight 2
    !
    explicit segment-list LIST4
    weight 3
    !
    !
    !
performance-measurement
  liveness-detection
    liveness-profile name profile3
  !

```

## Verification

```
Router# show performance-measurement profile named-profile delay sr-policy name profile3
```

```

-----
0/RSP0/CPU0
-----

SR Policy Liveness Detection Profile Name: profile1
Profile configuration:
  Measurement mode           : Loopback
  Protocol type              : TWAMP-light
  Type of service:
    TWAMP-light DSCP         : 10
  Burst interval             : 60 (effective: 60) mSec
  Destination sweeping mode  : Disabled
  Liveness detection parameters:
    Multiplier                : 3
    Logging state change      : Disabled

SR Policy Liveness Detection Profile Name: profile3
Profile configuration:
  Measurement mode           : Loopback
  Protocol type              : TWAMP-light
  Type of service:
    TWAMP-light DSCP         : 10
  Burst interval             : 60 (effective: 60) mSec
  Destination sweeping mode  : Disabled
  Liveness detection parameters:
    Multiplier                : 3
    Logging state change      : Disabled

```

## On-Demand SR Policy

For the same policy, you cannot enable delay-measurement (delay-profile) and liveness-detection (liveness-profile) at the same time. For example, to disable delay measurement, use the **no delay-measurement** command, and then enable the following command for enabling liveness detection.

```

Router(config-sr-te)#on-demand color 30
Router(config-sr-te-color)#performance-measurement
Router(config-sr-te-color-pm)# liveness-detection liveness-profile name profile1
Router(config-sr-te-color-delay-meas)# commit

```

## Running Configuration

```

Router# show run segment-routing traffic-eng on-demand color 30

segment-routing
 traffic-eng
  on-demand color 30
  performance-measurement
  liveness-detection

```

```

    liveness-profile name profile3
    !

```

### Verification

```

Router# show performance-measurement profile named-profile liveness sr-policy name profile3

```

```

-----
0/RSP0/CPU0
-----
SR Policy Liveness Detection Profile Name: profile3
Profile configuration:
  Measurement mode           : Loopback
  Protocol type              : TWAMP-light
  Type of service:
    TWAMP-light DSCP         : 10
  Burst interval             : 60 (effective: 60) mSec
  Destination sweeping mode  : Disabled
  Liveness detection parameters:
    Multiplier                : 3
    Logging state change     : Disabled

```

## SR Policy End-to-End Delay Measurement

The PM for SR Policy uses the MPLS packet format defined in RFC 6374 or IP/UDP packet format defined in RFC 5357 (TWAMP-Light) for probes. The MPLS packet format requires the remote-side line card to be MPLS-capable.

The PM for SR Policy uses the IP/UDP packet format defined in RFC 5357 (TWAMP-Light) for probes. Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP) adds two-way or round-trip measurement capabilities. TWAMP employs time stamps applied at the echo destination (reflector) to enable greater accuracy. In the case of TWAMP Light, the Session-Reflector doesn't necessarily know about the session state. The Session-Reflector simply copies the Sequence Number of the received packet to the Sequence Number field of the reflected packet. The controller receives the reflected test packets and collects two-way metrics. This architecture allows for collection of two-way metrics.

The extended TE link delay metric (minimum-delay value) can be used to compute paths for SR policies as an optimization metric or as an accumulated delay bound.

There is a need to monitor the end-to-end delay experienced by the traffic sent over an SR policy to ensure that the delay does not exceed the requested "upper-bound" and violate SLAs. You can verify the end-to-end delay values before activating the candidate-path or the segment lists of the SR policy in forwarding table, or to deactivate the active candidate-path or the segment lists of the SR policy in forwarding table.




---

**Note** The end-to-end delay value of an SR policy will be different than the path computation result (for example, the sum of TE link delay metrics) due to several factors, such as queuing delay within the routers.

---

### Restrictions and Usage Guidelines for PM for SR Policy Delay

Hardware clocks must be synchronized between the querier and the responder nodes of the link using PTP for one-way delay measurement.

## Configuring Performance Measurement Parameters

This example shows how to configure performance-measurement parameters for SR policy delay as a global default profile. The default values for the different parameters in the PM for SR policy delay is given as follows:

- **probe**: The default mode for probe is one-way delay measurement. See [Measurement Modes, on page 2](#) for more information.
- **burst interval**: Interval for sending probe packet. The default value is 3000 milliseconds and the range is from 30 to 15000 milliseconds.
- **computation interval**: Interval for metric computation. Default is 30 seconds; range is 1 to 3600 seconds.
- **protocol**:
  - **twamp-light**: SR Policy delay measurement using RFC 5357 with IP/UDP encap. This is the default protocol.
- **tos**: Type of Service
  - **dscp value**: The default value is 48 and the range is from 0 to 63.
  - **traffic-class value**: The default value is 6 and the range is from 0 to 7.
- **advertisement threshold-check**: minimum-delay/maximum-delay - The default value of periodic advertisement threshold-check is maximum-delay.
- **periodic advertisement**: Periodic advertisement is enabled by default.
- **periodic-advertisement interval**: The default value is 120 seconds and the interval range is from 30 to 3600 seconds.
- **periodic-advertisement threshold**: Checks the minimum-delay metric change for threshold crossing for periodic advertisement. The default value is 10 percent and the range is from 0 to 100 percent.
- **periodic-advertisement minimum-change**: The default value is 500 microseconds (usec) and the range is from 0 to 100000 microseconds.
- **accelerated advertisement**: Accelerated advertisement is disabled by default.
- **accelerated-advertisement threshold**: Checks the minimum-delay metric change for threshold crossing for accelerated advertisement. The default value is 20 percent and the range is from 0 to 100 percent.
- **accelerated-advertisement minimum**: The default value is 500 microseconds and the range is from 1 to 100000 microseconds.

```
Router(config)# performance-measurement delay-profile sr-policy
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy)# probe
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-probe)# burst-interval 60
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-probe)# computation-interval 60
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-probe)# protocol twamp-light
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-probe)# tos dscp 63
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-probe)# exit

Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy)# advertisement
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-adv)# periodic
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-adv-per)# interval 60
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-adv-per)# minimum-change 1000
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-adv-per)# threshold 20
```



```

Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-adv-per) # exit

Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-adv) # accelerated
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-adv-acc) # minimum-change 1000
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-adv-acc) # threshold 10
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-adv-acc) # exit

Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-adv) # threshold-check minimum-delay
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-adv) # exit
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy) #

```

### Configure the UDP Destination Port

Configuring the UDP port for TWAMP-Light protocol is optional. By default, PM uses port 862 as the TWAMP-reserved UDP destination port for delay.

The UDP port is configured for each PM measurement probe type (delay, loss, protocol, authentication mode, etc.) on querier and responder nodes. If you configure a different UDP port, the UDP port for each PM measurement probe type must match on the querier and the responder nodes.




---

**Note** The same UDP destination port is used for delay measurement for links and SR Policy.

---

This example shows how to configure the UDP destination port for delay.

```

Router(config) # performance-measurement
Router(config-perf-meas) # protocol twamp-light
Router(config-pm-protocol) # measurement delay unauthenticated
Router(config-pm-proto-mode) # querier-dst-port 12000

```

### Enable Performance Measurement for SR Policy

This example shows how to enable PM for SR policy delay for a specific policy.

```

Router(config) # segment-routing traffic-eng
Router(config-sr-te) # policy foo
Router(config-sr-te-policy) # performance-measurement
Router(config-sr-te-policy-perf-meas) # delay-measurement

```

### SR Policy Probe IP/UDP ECMP Hashing Configuration

This example shows how to configure SR Policy ECMP IP-hashing mode.

- The destination IPv4 address 127.x.x.x – 127.y.y.y is used in the Probe messages to take advantages of 3-tuple IP hashing (source-address, destination-address, and local router ID) for ECMP paths of SR-MPLS Policy.




---

**Note** The destination IPv4 address must be 127/8 range (loopback), otherwise it will be rejected.

---

- One PM session is always created for the actual endpoint address of the SR Policy.

- You can specify the number of IP addresses to sweep. The range is from 0 (default, no sweeping) to 128.
- Platforms may have a limitation for large label stack size to not check IP address for hashing.

```
Router(config)# performance-measurement delay-profile sr-policy
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy)# probe
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-probe)# sweep
Router(config-pm-dm-srpolicy-probe-sweep)# destination ipv4 127.0.0.1 range 28
```

## Verification

```
Router# show performance-measurement sr-policy brief
Mon Jan 20 18:48:41.002 PST
```

```
-----
0/0/CPU0
-----
```

Policy Name	LSP ID	Tx/Rx	Avg/Min/Max/Variance
srte_c_10_ep_192.168.0.4	2	6/6	27012/26906/27203/106

```
Router# show performance-measurement sr-policy name srte_c_10_ep_192.168.0.4 detail verbose
Mon Jan 20 18:44:22.400 PST
```

```
-----
0/0/CPU0
-----
```

```
SR Policy name: srte_c_10_ep_192.168.0.4
```

```
Color : 10
Endpoint : 192.168.0.4
Number of candidate-paths : 1
```

### Candidate-Path:

```
Instance : 2
Preference : 100
Protocol-origin : Configured
Discriminator : 100
Source address : 192.168.0.2
Reverse path label : Not configured
Number of segment-lists : 1
```

### Last advertisement:

```
No advertisements have occurred
```

### Next advertisement:

```
Check scheduled at the end of the current probe (roughly every 30 seconds)
Aggregated delays (uSec): avg: 45218, min: 26512, max: 82600, variance: 18706
Rolling average (uSec): 45218
```

### Last probe:

```
Packets Sent: 9, received: 9
Measured delays (uSec): avg: 45218, min: 26512, max: 82600, variance: 18706
```

### Current Probe:

```
Started at Jan 20 2020 18:44:19.170 (3.453 seconds ago)
Packets Sent: 3, received: 3
Measured delays (uSec): avg: 26588, min: 26558, max: 26630, variance: 30
Next probe scheduled at Jan 20 2020 18:44:34.166 (in 11.543 seconds)
Next burst packet will be sent in 1.543 seconds
Burst packet sent every 5.0 seconds
Liveness Detection: Disabled
```

```
Segment-List : R4
16004
```

```
Number of atomic paths : 3
Last advertisement:
  No advertisements have occurred
Next advertisement:
  Aggregated delays (uSec): avg: 45218, min: 26512, max: 82600, variance: 18706
  Rolling average (uSec): 45218
Last probe:
  Packets Sent: 9, received: 9
  Measured delays (uSec): avg: 45218, min: 26512, max: 82600, variance: 18706
Current probe:
  Packets Sent: 3, received: 3
  Measured delays (uSec): avg: 26588, min: 26558, max: 26630, variance: 30
Liveness Detection: Disabled

Atomic path:
  Hops : 127.0.0.0
  Session ID : 33554434
  Last advertisement:
    No advertisements have occurred
  Next advertisement:
    Aggregated delays (uSec): avg: 45407, min: 26629, max: 82600, variance: 18778
    Rolling average (uSec): 45407
  Last Probe:
    Packets Sent: 3, received: 3
    Measured delays (uSec): avg: 45407, min: 26629, max: 82600, variance: 18778
  Current Probe:
    Packets Sent: 1, received: 1
    Measured delays (uSec): avg: 26630, min: 26630, max: 26630, variance: 0
  Probe samples:
    Packet Rx Timestamp      Measured Delay (nsec)
    Jan 20 2020 18:44:19.198      26630730
  Liveness Detection: Disabled

Atomic path:
  Hops : 127.0.0.1
  Session ID : 33554435
  Last advertisement:
    No advertisements have occurred
  Next advertisement:
    Aggregated delays (uSec): avg: 45128, min: 26521, max: 81961, variance: 18607
    Rolling average (uSec): 45128
  Last Probe:
    Packets Sent: 3, received: 3
    Measured delays (uSec): avg: 45128, min: 26521, max: 81961, variance: 18607
  Current Probe:
    Packets Sent: 1, received: 1
    Measured delays (uSec): avg: 26576, min: 26576, max: 26576, variance: 0
  Probe samples:
    Packet Rx Timestamp      Measured Delay (nsec)
    Jan 20 2020 18:44:19.198      26576938
  Liveness Detection: Disabled

Atomic path:
  Hops : 192.168.0.4
  Session ID : 33554433
  Last advertisement:
    No advertisements have occurred
  Next advertisement:
    Aggregated delays (uSec): avg: 45119, min: 26512, max: 81956, variance: 18607
    Rolling average (uSec): 45119
  Last Probe:
    Packets Sent: 3, received: 3
    Measured delays (uSec): avg: 45119, min: 26512, max: 81956, variance: 18607
  Current Probe:
```

```

Packets Sent: 1, received: 1
Measured delays (uSec): avg: 26558, min: 26558, max: 26558, variance: 0
Probe samples:
  Packet Rx Timestamp      Measured Delay (nsec)
  Jan 20 2020 18:44:19.198      26558375
Liveness Detection: Disabled

```

```

Router# show performance-measurement history probe sr-policy
Mon Jan 20 18:46:55.445 PST

```

```

-----
0/0/CPU0
-----

```

```

SR Policy name: srte_c_10_ep_192.168.0.4
Color          : 10
Endpoint       : 192.168.0.4

```

Candidate-Path:

```

Preference          : 100
Protocol-origin     : Configured
Discriminator       : 100

```

Delay-Measurement history (uSec):

Probe Start Timestamp	Pkt(TX/RX)	Average	Min	Max
Jan 20 2020 18:46:34.174	9/9	26880	26684	27070
Jan 20 2020 18:46:19.174	9/9	26899	26822	27004
Jan 20 2020 18:46:04.173	9/9	26813	26571	27164
Jan 20 2020 18:45:49.172	9/9	26985	26713	27293
Jan 20 2020 18:45:34.172	9/9	26744	26557	27005
Jan 20 2020 18:45:19.171	9/9	26740	26435	27093
Jan 20 2020 18:45:04.171	9/9	27115	26938	27591
Jan 20 2020 18:44:49.171	9/9	26878	26539	27143
Jan 20 2020 18:44:34.171	9/9	26824	26562	27265
Jan 20 2020 18:44:19.170	9/9	26944	26558	27422
Jan 20 2020 18:44:06.543	9/9	45218	26512	82600

```

Segment-List      : R4
16004

```

Delay-Measurement history (uSec):

Probe Start Timestamp	Pkt(TX/RX)	Average	Min	Max
Jan 20 2020 18:46:34.174	9/9	26880	26684	27070
Jan 20 2020 18:46:19.174	9/9	26899	26822	27004
Jan 20 2020 18:46:04.173	9/9	26813	26571	27164
Jan 20 2020 18:45:49.172	9/9	26985	26713	27293
Jan 20 2020 18:45:34.172	9/9	26744	26557	27005
Jan 20 2020 18:45:19.171	9/9	26740	26435	27093
Jan 20 2020 18:45:04.171	9/9	27115	26938	27591
Jan 20 2020 18:44:49.171	9/9	26878	26539	27143
Jan 20 2020 18:44:34.171	9/9	26824	26562	27265
Jan 20 2020 18:44:19.170	9/9	26944	26558	27422
Jan 20 2020 18:44:06.543	9/9	45218	26512	82600

Atomic path:

```

Hops              : 127.0.0.0

```

Delay-Measurement history (uSec):

Probe Start Timestamp	Pkt(TX/RX)	Average	Min	Max
Jan 20 2020 18:46:34.174	3/3	26927	26747	27070
Jan 20 2020 18:46:19.174	3/3	26982	26970	27004
Jan 20 2020 18:46:04.173	3/3	26895	26647	27164
Jan 20 2020 18:45:49.172	3/3	27054	26764	27293
Jan 20 2020 18:45:34.172	3/3	26801	26694	27005
Jan 20 2020 18:45:19.171	3/3	26807	26524	27093
Jan 20 2020 18:45:04.171	3/3	27226	26938	27591
Jan 20 2020 18:44:49.171	3/3	26976	26644	27143

```

Jan 20 2020 18:44:34.171      3/3      26880      26679      27265
Jan 20 2020 18:44:19.170      3/3      26994      26630      27422
Jan 20 2020 18:44:06.543      3/3      45407      26629      82600
    
```

Atomic path:

```

Hops          : 127.0.0.1
Delay-Measurement history (uSec):
Probe Start Timestamp      Pkt (TX/RX)  Average      Min          Max
Jan 20 2020 18:46:34.174    3/3          26865        26705        26988
Jan 20 2020 18:46:19.174    3/3          26846        26822        26881
Jan 20 2020 18:46:04.173    3/3          26787        26581        26939
Jan 20 2020 18:45:49.172    3/3          26954        26728        27180
Jan 20 2020 18:45:34.172    3/3          26724        26577        26957
Jan 20 2020 18:45:19.171    3/3          26705        26452        27032
Jan 20 2020 18:45:04.171    3/3          27043        26972        27124
Jan 20 2020 18:44:49.171    3/3          26848        26550        27062
Jan 20 2020 18:44:34.171    3/3          26800        26562        27204
Jan 20 2020 18:44:19.170    3/3          26927        26576        27327
Jan 20 2020 18:44:06.543    3/3          45128        26521        81961
    
```

Atomic path:

```

Hops          : 192.168.0.4
Delay-Measurement history (uSec):
Probe Start Timestamp      Pkt (TX/RX)  Average      Min          Max
Jan 20 2020 18:46:34.174    3/3          26848        26684        26967
Jan 20 2020 18:46:19.174    3/3          26871        26833        26913
Jan 20 2020 18:46:04.173    3/3          26759        26571        26876
Jan 20 2020 18:45:49.172    3/3          26947        26713        27163
Jan 20 2020 18:45:34.172    3/3          26708        26557        26939
Jan 20 2020 18:45:19.171    3/3          26708        26435        27075
Jan 20 2020 18:45:04.171    3/3          27078        27016        27138
Jan 20 2020 18:44:49.171    3/3          26812        26539        27043
Jan 20 2020 18:44:34.171    3/3          26793        26582        27181
Jan 20 2020 18:44:19.170    3/3          26911        26558        27308
Jan 20 2020 18:44:06.543    3/3          45119        26512        81956
    
```

```

Router# show performance-measurement counters sr-policy name srte_c_10_ep_192.168.0.4
Mon Jan 20 18:47:55.499 PST
    
```

-----  
0/0/CPU0  
-----

SR Policy name: srte\_c\_10\_ep\_192.168.0.4

Candidate-Path:

```

Instance          : 2
Preference        : 100
Protocol-origin   : Configured
Discriminator     : 100
    
```

Packets:

```

Total sent          : 141
Total received      : 141
    
```

Errors:

```

Total sent errors   : 0
Total received errors : 0
    
```

Probes:

```

Total started       : 16
Total completed     : 15
Total incomplete    : 0
Total advertisements : 2
    
```

Segment-List : R4

16004

Packets:

```

Total sent          : 141
Total received      : 141
    
```

```
Errors:
  Total sent errors           : 0
  Total received errors      : 0
Probes:
  Total started              : 16
  Total completed            : 15
  Total incomplete           : 0
  Total advertisements       : 2
```