



Enhancements to Data Models

This section provides an overview of the enhancements made to data models.

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NETCONF Accounting Logs

Table 1: Feature History Table

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
Accounting Records for NETCONF Operations	Release 7.6.1	Depending on the accounting configuration command you use, every NETCONF operation that the router performs is reported to the local server as syslog messages or remote AAA servers like TACACS+ as accounting messages, or both.

With this feature, you can view the accounting logs of all NETCONF operations such as `edit-config`, `get-config`, `get` operations that are performed on the router. The logs include the following data:

- RPC name
- Commit ID
- Session ID
- Message ID
- XPath

For more information, see *Implementing System Logging* chapter in the *System Monitoring Configuration Guide for Cisco NCS 5500 Series Routers*.

To enable NETCONF accounting logs, do the following steps:

Step 1 Enter the configuration mode.

Example:

```
Router#conf t
```

Step 2 Create a method list for accounting.

Example:

```
Router(config)#aaa accounting commands default start-stop group tacacs+ local
```

Use one or both of the method list value to enable system accounting.

- **TACACS+**—The logs are stored on the TACACS+ server.
- **Local**—The logs are stored in a user-specified file on the router. The maximum file size is 2047 MB.

Step 3 Commit the configuration.

Example:

```
Router(config)#commit
```

Note Syslog message about start and end of the session with details such as session ID, user, and remote address information is displayed for NETCONF operations only when both the EXEC accounting and local command accounting is enabled.

```
Router(config)#aaa accounting exec default start-stop group tacacs+
Router(config)#aaa accounting commands default start-stop local
```

Example

NETCONF Accounting Logs

With the RPC commit operation, the configuration changes are reported in the form of CLI commands. In this example, the `edit-config` operation is converted into its equivalent CLI `aaa accounting system default start-stop none` command in the logs; the user ID and session ID details are logged.

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:Mar 15 17:04:34.950 UTC: locald_DLRSC[233]: %SECURITY-LOCALD-6-LOCAL_CMD_ACCT
:
RPC CMD: "aaa accounting system default start-stop none" by <user> from TTY
netconf-3745105668
10.0.0.1 rpc_name commit rpc_commitid 808464433 rpc_sessid 3745105668
rpc_msgid 6ed74d71-1eda-4757-a4d6-8223b6fca588
```

For other RPCs, the data is reported in the form of XPath. In this example, the NETCONF operation does not report equivalent CLI command. The RPC name is recorded in the logs. For syslogs with length greater than 400 characters, the log is split into two entries. Here, the XPath is split for brevity

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:Mar 15 30 18:39:45.412 UTC: locald_DLRSC[418]: %SECURITY-LOCALD-6-LOCAL_CMD_ACCT
:
```

```
RPC CMD: rpc_name get by <user> from TTY netconf-921603460 10.0.0.1 rpc_sessid 921603460
rpc_msgid
101 xpath
Cisco-IOS-XR-wdsysmon-fd-proc-oper:process-monitoring/nodes/node[node-name=0/RP0/CPU0]/
process-name/proc-cpu-utilizations/proc-cpu-utilization[process-name=packet]Cisco-IOS-XR-pmengine-oper:
performance management/ethernet/ethernet-ports/ethernet-port/ethernet-current/ethernet-secon
```

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:Mar 15 18:39:45.412 UTC: locald_DLRSC[418]: %SECURITY-LOCALD-6-LOCAL_CMD_ACCT
:
RPC CMD: d30/second30-ethersCisco-IOS-XR-pmengine-oper:performance-management/otu/otu-ports/
otu-port/otu-current/otu-minute15/otu-minute15fecCisco-IOS-XR-wdsysmon-fd-proc-oper:process-monitoring/
nodes/node[node-name=0/RP0/CPU0]/process-name/proc-cpu-utilizations/proc-cpu-utilization[process-name=raw_ip]
```

TACACS+ Logs: The following example shows the logs from a TACACS+ server:

Commit changes:

```
Tue Mar 15 15:56:24 2022 192.0.2.254 root netconf-29961779 192.0.2.1 stop timezone=UTC
task_id=834
service=shell priv-lvl=0 commit_start=2021/10/11 22:56:19.882 commit_id=1000000022 rpc_
sessid=29961779 rpc_msgid=101 rpc_name=commit
Tue Mar 15 15:56:24 2022 192.0.2.254 root netconf-29961779 192.0.2.1 stop timezone=UTC
task_id=835
service=shell priv-lvl=0 cmd=interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0/2 <cr> commit_id=1000000022
rpc_sessid=29961779 rpc_msgid=101 rpc_name=commit
Tue Mar 15 15:56:24 2022 192.0.2.254 root netconf-29961779 192.0.2.1 stop timezone=UTC
task_id=836
service=shell priv-lvl=0 cmd= description test <cr> commit_id=1000000022 rpc_sessid=29961779
```

```
rpc_msgid=101 rpc_name=commit
Tue Mar 15 15:56:24 2022 192.0.2.254 root netconf-29961779 192.0.2.1 stop timezone=UTC
task_id=837
service=shell priv-lvl=0 cmd= mtu 1600 <cr> commit_id=1000000022 rpc_sessid=29961779
rpc_msgid=101 rpc_name=commit
Tue Mar 15 15:56:24 2022 192.0.2.254 root netconf-29961779 192.0.2.1 stop timezone=UTC
task_id=838
service=shell priv-lvl=0 cmd= ipv4 address 5.6.7.8 255.255.255.0 route-tag 100 <cr>
commit_id=1000000022
rpc_sessid=29961779 rpc_msgid=101 rpc_name=commit
Tue Mar 15 15:56:24 2022 192.0.2.254 root netconf-29961779 192.0.2.1 stop timezone=UTC
task_id=839
service=shell priv-lvl=0 cmd= shutdown <cr> commit_id=1000000022 rpc_sessid=29961779
rpc_msgid=101 rpc_name=commit
Tue Mar 15 15:56:25 2022 192.0.2.254 root netconf-29961779 192.0.2.1 stop timezone=UTC
task_id=840
service=shell priv-lvl=0 cmd=! <cr> commit_id=1000000022 rpc_sessid=29961779
rpc_msgid=101 rpc_name=commit
Tue Mar 15 15:56:25 2022 192.0.2.254 root netconf-29961779 192.0.2.1 stop timezone=UTC
task_id=841
service=shell priv-lvl=0 commit_end=2021/10/11 22:56:20.471 commit_id=1000000022
rpc_sessid=29961779 rpc_msgid=101 rpc_name=commit
```

Get-config:

```
Tue Mar 15 15:05:47 2022 192.0.2.254 root netconf-1616743444 192.0.2.1 stop timezone=UTC
task_id=519
service=shell priv-lvl=0 rpc_sessid=1616743444 rpc_msgid=101 rpc_name=get-config
rpc_xpath= /Cisco-IOS-XR-ifmgr-cfg:interface-configurations
```

Enhancements to Sensor Paths

This section provides an overview about the sensor paths introduced or enhanced across Cisco IOS XR releases.

Table 2: Feature History Table

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
Telemetry Support for OpenConfig Interfaces, IPv4 and IPv6 Addresses and State	Release 7.4.2	<p>This feature provides telemetry GNMI and GRPC support for the following <code>openconfig-if-ip.yang</code> sensor paths. Previously, only NETCONF edit-config, get-config and get operations were supported. With this new feature, telemetry polling at a cadence or on-change can be retrieved for IPv4 and IPv6 data.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • /oc-if:interfaces/oc-if:interface/oc-if:subinterfaces/oc-if:subinterface/ipv6/ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • addresses/address[ip]/state/ip • addresses/address[ip]/state/prefix-length • addresses/address[ip]/state/origin • state/enabled • state/mtu • state/dup-addr-detect-transmits • state/counters/in-pkts • state/counters/in-octets • state/counters/out-pkts • state/counters/out-octets • state/openconfig-if-ip-ext:autoconf/create-global-addresses • /oc-if:interfaces/oc-if:interface/oc-if:subinterfaces/oc-if:subinterface/ipv4/ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • addresses/address[ip]/state/ip • addresses/address[ip]/state/prefix-length • addresses/address[ip]/state/origin • state/mtu • state/dhcp-client • state/in-pkts • state/in-octets • state/out-pkts • state/out-octets <p>You can access this data model from the Github repository.</p>

OpenConfig Data Model Enhancements

Table 3: Feature History Table

Install Label in oc-platform Data Model

The openconfig-platform (oc-platform.yang) data model is enhanced to provide the following data:

- IOS XR software version (optionally with GISO label)
- Type, description, operational status of the component. For example, a CPU component reports its utilization, temperature or other physical properties.
- List of the committed IOS XR packages

To retrieve oc-platform information from a router via NETCONF, ensure you configured the router with the SH server and management interface:

```
Router#show run
Building configuration...
!! IOS XR Configuration version = 7.3.2
!! Last configuration change at Tue Sep  7 16:18:14 2016 by USER1
!
.....
.....
netconf-yang agent ssh
ssh server netconf vrf default
interface MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0
  no shut
  ipv4 address dhcp
```

The following example shows the enhanced `OPERATING_SYSTEM` node component (line card or route processor) of the oc-platform data model:

```
<component>
<name>IOSXR-NODE 0/RP0/CPU0</name>
<config>
<name>0/RP0/CPU0</name>
</config>
<state>
<name>0/RP0/CPU0</name>
<type xmlns:idx="http://openconfig.net/yang/platform-types">idx:OPERATING_SYSTEM</type>
<location>0/RP0/CPU0</location>
<description>IOS XR Operating System</description>
<software-version>7.3.2</software-version> -----> Label Info
<removable>true</removable>
<oper-status xmlns:idx="http://openconfig.net/yang/platform-types">idx:ACTIVE</oper-status>
</state>
<subcomponents>
<subcomponent>
<name><platform>-af-ea-7.3.2v1.0.0.1</name>
<config>
<name><platform>-af-ea-7.3.2v1.0.0.1</name>
</config>
<state>
<name><platform>-af-ea-7.3.2v1.0.0.1</name>
</state>
```

```

</subcomponent>
...

```

The following example shows the enhanced `OPERATING_SYSTEM_UPDATE` package component (RPMs) of the oc-platform data model:

```

<component>
<name>IOSXR-PKG/1 <platform>-isis-2.1.0.0-r732</name>
<config>
<name><platform>-isis-2.1.0.0-r732</name>
</config>
<state>
<name><platform>-isis-2.1.0.0-r732</name>
<type xmlns:idx="http://openconfig.net/yang/platform-types">idx:OPERATING_SYSTEM_UPDATE</type>
<description>IOS XR Operating System Update</description>
<software-version>7.3.2</software-version>----- Label Info
<removable>true</removable>
<oper-status xmlns:idx="http://openconfig.net/yang/platform-types">idx:ACTIVE</oper-status>
</state>
</component>

```

Associated Commands

- **show install committed**—Shows the committed IOS XR packages.
- **show install committed summary**—Shows a summary of the committed packages along with the committed IOS XR version that is displayed as a label.

OAM for MPLS and SR-MPLS in mpls-ping and mpls-traceroute Data Models

Table 4: Feature History Table

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
YANG Data Models for MPLS OAM RPCs	Release 7.3.2	<p>This feature introduces the <code>Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-ping-act</code> and <code>Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-traceroute-act</code> YANG data models to accommodate operations, administration and maintenance (OAM) RPCs for MPLS and SR-MPLS.</p> <p>You can access these Cisco IOS XR native data models from the Github repository.</p>

The `Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-ping-act` and `Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-traceroute-act` YANG data models are introduced to provide the following options:

- Ping for MPLS:
 - MPLS IPv4 address
 - MPLS TE

- FEC-129 Pseudowire
- FEC-128 Pseudowire
- Multisegment Pseudowire
- Ping for SR-MPLS:
 - SR policy name or BSID with LSP end-point
 - SR MPLS IPv4 address
 - SR Nil-FEC labels
 - SR Flexible Algorithm
- Traceroute for MPLS:
 - MPLS IPv4 address
 - MPLS TE
- Traceroute for SR-MPLS:
 - SR policy name or BSID with LSP end-point
 - SR MPLS IPv4 address
 - SR Nil-FEC labels
 - SR Flexible Algorithm

The following example shows the ping operation for an SR policy and LSP end-point:

```
<mpls-ping xmlns="http://cisco.com/ns/yang/Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-ping-act">
  <sr-mpls>
    <policy>
      <name>srte_c_10_ep_10.10.10.1</name>
      <lsp-endpoint>10.10.10.4</lsp-endpoint>
    </policy>
  </sr-mpls>
  <request-options-parameters>
    <brief>true</brief>
  </request-options-parameters>
</mpls-ping>
```

Response:

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<mpls-ping-response xmlns="http://cisco.com/ns/yang/Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-ping-act">
  <request-options-parameters>
    <exp>0</exp>
    <fec>false</fec>
    <interval>0</interval>
    <ddmap>false</ddmap>
    <force-explicit-null>false</force-explicit-null>
    <packet-output>
      <interface-name>None</interface-name>
      <next-hop>0.0.0.0</next-hop>
    </packet-output>
    <pad>abcd</pad>
```



```

<repeat>5</repeat>
<reply>
  <dscp>255</dscp>
  <reply-mode>default</reply-mode>
  <pad-tlv>false</pad-tlv>
</reply>
<size>100</size>
<source>0.0.0.0</source>
<destination>127.0.0.1</destination>
<sweep>
  <minimum>100</minimum>
  <maximum>100</maximum>
  <increment>1</increment>
</sweep>
<brief>true</brief>
<timeout>2</timeout>
<ttl>255</ttl>
</request-options-parameters>
<replies>
  <reply>
    <reply-index>1</reply-index>
    <return-code>3</return-code>
    <return-char>!</return-char>
    <reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
    <size>100</size>
  </reply>
  <reply>
    <reply-index>2</reply-index>
    <return-code>3</return-code>
    <return-char>!</return-char>
    <reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
    <size>100</size>
  </reply>
  <reply>
    <reply-index>3</reply-index>
    <return-code>3</return-code>
    <return-char>!</return-char>
    <reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
    <size>100</size>
  </reply>
  <reply>
    <reply-index>4</reply-index>
    <return-code>3</return-code>
    <return-char>!</return-char>
    <reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
    <size>100</size>
  </reply>
  <reply>
    <reply-index>5</reply-index>
    <return-code>3</return-code>
    <return-char>!</return-char>
    <reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
    <size>100</size>
  </reply>
</replies>
</mpls-ping-response>

```

The following example shows the ping operation for an SR policy BSID and LSP end-point:

```

<mpls-ping xmlns="http://cisco.com/ns/yang/Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-ping-act">
<sr-mpls>
<policy>
  <bsid>1000</bsid>
  <lsp-endpoint>10.10.10.4</lsp-endpoint>

```

```

</policy>
</sr-mpls>
<request-options-parameters>
  <brief>true</brief>
</request-options-parameters>
</mpls-ping>

```

Response:

```

<?xml version="1.0"?>
<mpls-ping-response xmlns="http://cisco.com/ns/yang/Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-ping-act">
  <request-options-parameters>
    <exp>0</exp>
    <fec>false</fec>
    <interval>0</interval>
    <ddmap>false</ddmap>
    <force-explicit-null>false</force-explicit-null>
    <packet-output>
      <interface-name>None</interface-name>
      <next-hop>0.0.0.0</next-hop>
    </packet-output>
    <pad>abcd</pad>
    <repeat>5</repeat>
    <reply>
      <dscp>255</dscp>
      <reply-mode>default</reply-mode>
      <pad-tlv>false</pad-tlv>
    </reply>
    <size>100</size>
    <source>0.0.0.0</source>
    <destination>127.0.0.1</destination>
    <sweep>
      <minimum>100</minimum>
      <maximum>100</maximum>
      <increment>1</increment>
    </sweep>
    <brief>true</brief>
    <timeout>2</timeout>
    <ttl>255</ttl>
  </request-options-parameters>
  <replies>
    <reply>
      <reply-index>1</reply-index>
      <return-code>3</return-code>
      <return-char>!</return-char>
      <reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
      <size>100</size>
    </reply>
    <reply>
      <reply-index>2</reply-index>
      <return-code>3</return-code>
      <return-char>!</return-char>
      <reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
      <size>100</size>
    </reply>
    <reply>
      <reply-index>3</reply-index>
      <return-code>3</return-code>
      <return-char>!</return-char>
      <reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
      <size>100</size>
    </reply>
    <reply>
      <reply-index>4</reply-index>

```

```

    <return-code>3</return-code>
    <return-char>!</return-char>
    <reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
    <size>100</size>
  </reply>
</reply>
  <reply-index>5</reply-index>
  <return-code>3</return-code>
  <return-char>!</return-char>
  <reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
  <size>100</size>
</reply>
</replies>
</mpls-ping-response>

```

The following example shows the traceroute operation for an SR policy and LSP end-point:

```

<mpls-traceroute xmlns="http://cisco.com/ns/yang/Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-traceroute-act">
  <sr-mpls>
    <policy>
      <name>srte_c_10_ep_10.10.10.1</name>
      <lsp-endpoint>10.10.10.4</lsp-endpoint>
    </policy>
  </sr-mpls>
  <request-options-parameters>
    <brief>true</brief>
  </request-options-parameters>
</mpls-traceroute>

```

Response:

```

<?xml version="1.0"?>
  <mpls-traceroute-response xmlns="http://cisco.com/ns/yang/Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-traceroute-act">
    <request-options-parameters>
      <exp>0</exp>
      <fec>>false</fec>
      <ddmap>>false</ddmap>
      <force-explicit-null>>false</force-explicit-null>
      <packet-output>
        <interface-name>None</interface-name>
        <next-hop>0.0.0.0</next-hop>
      </packet-output>
      <reply>
        <dscp>255</dscp>
        <reply-mode>default</reply-mode>
      </reply>
      <source>0.0.0.0</source>
      <destination>127.0.0.1</destination>
      <brief>true</brief>
      <timeout>2</timeout>
      <ttl>30</ttl>
    </request-options-parameters>
    <paths>
      <path>
        <path-index>0</path-index>
        <hops>
          <hop>
            <hop-index>0</hop-index>
            <hop-origin-ip>11.11.11.1</hop-origin-ip>
            <hop-destination-ip>11.11.11.2</hop-destination-ip>
            <mtu>1500</mtu>
            <dsmapi-label-stack>

```

```

        <dsmap-label>
          <label>16003</label>
        </dsmap-label>
      </dsmap-label-stack>
    <return-code>0</return-code>
    <return-char> </return-char>
  </hop>
  <hop>
    <hop-index>1</hop-index>
    <hop-origin-ip>11.11.11.2</hop-origin-ip>
    <hop-destination-ip>14.14.14.3</hop-destination-ip>
    <mtu>1500</mtu>
    <dsmap-label-stack>
      <dsmap-label>
        <label>3</label>
      </dsmap-label>
    </dsmap-label-stack>
    <return-code>8</return-code>
    <return-char>L</return-char>
  </hop>
  <hop>
    <hop-index>2</hop-index>
    <hop-origin-ip>14.14.14.3</hop-origin-ip>
    <hop-destination-ip></hop-destination-ip>
    <mtu>0</mtu>
    <dsmap-label-stack/>
    <return-code>3</return-code>
    <return-char>!</return-char>
  </hop>
</hops>
</path>
</paths>
</mpls-traceroute-response>

```

OpenConfig YANG Model:MACsec

Table 5: Feature History Table

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
OpenConfig YANG Model:MACsec	Release 7.5.2	<p>You can now use the OpenConfig YANG data model to define the MACsec key chain and policy, and apply MACsec encryption on a router interface.</p> <p>You can access the OC data model from the Github repository.</p>

With the OpenConfig YANG Model:MACsec, you can also retrieve operational data from the NETCONF agent using gRPC. By automating processes that are repeated across multiple network elements, you can leverage the YANG models for MACsec.

You can use the following operations to stream Telemetry data by sending a request to the NETCONF agent:

- <get>
- <get-config>

- <edit-config>

Subscribe to the following sensor paths to send a pull request to the YANG leaf, list, or container:

- mka/key-chains/key-chain/mka-keys/mka-key
- interfaces/interface/mka
- interfaces/interface
- mka/policies/policy
- interfaces/interface/scsa-rx/scsa-rx
- interfaces/interface/scsa-tx/scsa-tx

Limitation

- The current implementation of Cisco IOS XR supports only the local time zone configuration in the YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS format for the following paths:
 - /macsec/mka/key-chains/key-chain/mka-keys/mka-key/config/valid-date-time
 - /macsec/mka/key-chains/key-chain/mka-keys/mka-key/config/expiration-date-time
 - /macsec/mka/key-chains/key-chain/mka-keys/mka-key/state/valid-date-time
 - /macsec/mka/key-chains/key-chain/mka-keys/mka-key/state/expiration-date-time
- Under the MACsec policy, you can disable the delay-protection and include-icv-indicator leaves only by using the delete operation. You cannot modify the configuration by updating the default field value, from true to false. This codeblock shows a sample delete operation:

```
<config>
<delay-protection nc:operation="delete"/>
<include-icv-indicator nc:operation="delete"/>
</config>
```

Running Configuration

```
RP/0/0/CPU0:ios#show running-config
Tue Apr 19 21:36:08.882 IST
Building configuration...
!! IOS XR Configuration 0.0.0
!! Last configuration change at Thu Apr 14 16:25:17 2022 by UNKNOWN
key chain kc
  macsec
    key 1234
    key-string password
00554155500E5D5157701E1D5D4C53404A5A5E577E7E727F6B647040534355560E080A00005B554F4E080A0407070303530A54540C0252445E550958525A771B16
  cryptographic-algorithm aes-256-cmac
    lifetime 00:01:01 january 01 2021 infinite
  netconf-yang agent
  ssh
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0/0
  shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0/1
  macsec psk-keychain kc
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0/2
  macsec psk-keychain kc policy mp
```

```

interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0/3
  shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0/4
  shutdown
macsec-policy mp
  cipher-suite GCM-AES-XPN-256
  key-server-priority 4
  ssh server v2
end

```

RPC Request for get-config

```

<get-config>
  <source>
    <running/>
  </source>
  <filter>
    <macsec xmlns="http://openconfig.net/yang/macsec">
    </macsec>
  </filter>
</get-config>

```

RPC Response for get-config

```

<?xml version="1.0"?>
<rpc-reply message-id="101" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <data>
    <macsec xmlns="http://openconfig.net/yang/macsec">
      <mka>
        <policies>
          <policy>
            <name>mp</name>
            <config>
              <name>mp</name>
              <macsec-cipher-suite>gcm-aes-xpn-256</macsec-cipher-suite>
              <key-server-priority>4</key-server-priority>
            </config>
          </policy>
        </policies>
        <key-chains>
          <key-chain>
            <name>kc</name>
            <config>
              <name>kc</name>
              <mka-keys>
                <mka-key>
                  <id>1234</id>
                  <config>
                    <id>1234</id>
                    <cryptographic-algorithm>AES_256_CMAC</cryptographic-algorithm>
                    <valid-date-time>2021-01-01T00:01:01</valid-date-time>
                    <expiration-date-time>NO_EXPIRATION</expiration-date-time>
                  </config>
                </mka-key>
              </mka-keys>
            </key-chain>
          </key-chains>
        </mka>
      </macsec>
      <interfaces>
        <interface>
          <name>GigabitEthernet0/0/0/1</name>
          <config>

```

```

    <name>GigabitEthernet0/0/0/1</name>
  </config>
</mka>
<config>
  <key-chain>kc</key-chain>
</config>
</mka>
</interface>
<interface>
  <name>GigabitEthernet0/0/0/2</name>
  <config>
    <name>GigabitEthernet0/0/0/2</name>
  </config>
  <mka>
    <config>
      <key-chain>kc</key-chain>
      <mka-policy>mp</mka-policy>
    </config>
  </mka>
</interface>
</interfaces>
</macsec>
</data>
</rpc-reply>

```

RPC Request for get

```

<get>
  <filter>
    <macsec xmlns="http://openconfig.net/yang/macsec">
    </macsec>
  </filter>
</get>

```

RPC Response for get

```

<?xml version="1.0"?>
<rpc-reply message-id="101" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <data>
    <macsec xmlns="http://openconfig.net/yang/macsec">
      <mka>
        <policies>
          <policy>
            <name>mp</name>
            <config>
              <name>mp</name>
              <macsec-cipher-suite>gcm-aes-xpn-256</macsec-cipher-suite>
              <key-server-priority>4</key-server-priority>
            </config>
            <state>
              <name>mp</name>
              <key-server-priority>4</key-server-priority>
              <macsec-cipher-suite>gcm-aes-xpn256</macsec-cipher-suite>
              <confidentiality-offset>zero-bytes</confidentiality-offset>
              <delay-protection>>false</delay-protection>
              <include-icv-indicator>>false</include-icv-indicator>
              <sak-rekey-interval>0</sak-rekey-interval>
            </state>
          </policy>
          <policy>
            <name>DEFAULT-POLICY</name>
            <state>
              <name>DEFAULT-POLICY</name>

```

```

    <key-server-priority>16</key-server-priority>
    <macsec-cipher-suite>gcm-aes-xpn256</macsec-cipher-suite>
    <confidentiality-offset>zero-bytes</confidentiality-offset>
    <delay-protection>false</delay-protection>
    <include-icv-indicator>false</include-icv-indicator>
    <sak-rekey-interval>0</sak-rekey-interval>
  </state>
</policy>
</policies>
<key-chains>
  <key-chain>
    <name>kc</name>
    <config>
      <name>kc</name>
    </config>
    <mka-keys>
      <mka-key>
        <id>1234</id>
        <config>
          <id>1234</id>
          <cryptographic-algorithm>AES_256_CMAC</cryptographic-algorithm>
          <valid-date-time>2021-01-01T00:01:01</valid-date-time>
          <expiration-date-time>NO_EXPIRATION</expiration-date-time>
        </config>
        <state>
          <id>1234</id>
          <cryptographic-algorithm>AES_256_CMAC</cryptographic-algorithm>
          <valid-date-time>2021-01-01T00:01:01</valid-date-time>
          <expiration-date-time>NO_EXPIRATION</expiration-date-time>
        </state>
      </mka-key>
    </mka-keys>
  </state>
  <name>kc</name>
</key-chain>
</key-chains>
</mka>
<interfaces>
  <interface>
    <name>GigabitEthernet0_0_0_1</name>
    <state>
      <name>GigabitEthernet0_0_0_1</name>
      <counters>
        <tx-untagged-pkts>8</tx-untagged-pkts>
        <rx-untagged-pkts>0</rx-untagged-pkts>
        <rx-badtag-pkts>2</rx-badtag-pkts>
        <rx-unknownsci-pkts>3</rx-unknownsci-pkts>
        <rx-nosci-pkts>4</rx-nosci-pkts>
      </counters>
    </state>
    <mka>
      <state>
        <mka-policy>DEFAULT-POLICY</mka-policy>
        <key-chain>kc</key-chain>
        <counters>
          <in-mkpdu>0</in-mkpdu>
          <in-sak-mkpdu>0</in-sak-mkpdu>
          <out-mkpdu>225271</out-mkpdu>
          <out-sak-mkpdu>0</out-sak-mkpdu>
        </counters>
      </state>
    </mka>
  </interface>
</interfaces>
<scsa-tx>

```



```

    <scsa-tx>
      <sci-tx>024f88a08c9d0001</sci-tx>
      <state>
        <sci-tx>024f88a08c9d0001</sci-tx>
        <counters>
          <sc-encrypted>0</sc-encrypted>
          <sa-encrypted>0</sa-encrypted>
        </counters>
      </state>
    </scsa-tx>
  </scsa-tx>
</interface>
<interface>
  <name>GigabitEthernet0_0_0_2</name>
  <state>
    <name>GigabitEthernet0_0_0_2</name>
    <counters>
      <tx-untagged-pkts>8</tx-untagged-pkts>
      <rx-untagged-pkts>0</rx-untagged-pkts>
      <rx-badtag-pkts>2</rx-badtag-pkts>
      <rx-unknownsci-pkts>3</rx-unknownsci-pkts>
      <rx-nosci-pkts>4</rx-nosci-pkts>
    </counters>
  </state>
  <mka>
    <state>
      <mka-policy>mp</mka-policy>
      <key-chain>kc</key-chain>
      <counters>
        <in-mkpdu>0</in-mkpdu>
        <in-sak-mkpdu>0</in-sak-mkpdu>
        <out-mkpdu>225271</out-mkpdu>
        <out-sak-mkpdu>0</out-sak-mkpdu>
      </counters>
    </state>
  </mka>
  <scsa-tx>
    <scsa-tx>
      <sci-tx>0246c822daae0001</sci-tx>
      <state>
        <sci-tx>0246c822daae0001</sci-tx>
        <counters>
          <sc-encrypted>0</sc-encrypted>
          <sa-encrypted>0</sa-encrypted>
        </counters>
      </state>
    </scsa-tx>
  </scsa-tx>
</interface>
<interface>
  <name>GigabitEthernet0/0/0/1</name>
  <config>
    <name>GigabitEthernet0/0/0/1</name>
  </config>
  <mka>
    <config>
      <key-chain>kc</key-chain>
    </config>
  </mka>
</interface>
<interface>
  <name>GigabitEthernet0/0/0/2</name>
  <config>
    <name>GigabitEthernet0/0/0/2</name>

```

```
</config>
<mka>
  <config>
    <key-chain>kc</key-chain>
    <mka-policy>mp</mka-policy>
  </config>
</mka>
</interface>
</interfaces>
</macsec>
</data>
</rpc-reply>
```