



## Enhancements to Data Models

---

This section provides an overview of the enhancements made to data models.

- [Install Label in oc-platform Data Model, on page 1](#)
- [OAM for MPLS and SR-MPLS in mpls-ping and mpls-traceroute Data Models, on page 3](#)

### Install Label in oc-platform Data Model

The openconfig-platform (oc-platform.yang) data model is enhanced to provide the following data:

- IOS XR software version (optionally with GISO label)
- Type, description, operational status of the component. For example, a CPU component reports its utilization, temperature or other physical properties.
- List of the committed IOS XR packages

To retrieve oc-platform information from a router via NETCONF, ensure you configured the router with the SH server and management interface:

```
Router#show run
Building configuration...
!! IOS XR Configuration version = 7.3.2
!! Last configuration change at Tue Sep  7 16:18:14 2016 by USER1
!
.....
.....
netconf-yang agent ssh
ssh server netconf vrf default
interface MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0
    no shut
    ipv4 address dhcp
```

The following example shows the enhanced `OPERATING_SYSTEM` node component (line card or route processor) of the oc-platform data model:

```
<component>
<name>IOSXR-NODE 0/RP0/CPU0</name>
<config>
<name>0/RP0/CPU0</name>
</config>
<state>
<name>0/RP0/CPU0</name>
<type xmlns:idx="http://openconfig.net/yang/platform-types">idx:OPERATING_SYSTEM</type>
<location>0/RP0/CPU0</location>
```

## Install Label in oc-platform Data Model

```

<description>IOS XR Operating System</description>
<software-version>7.3.2</software-version> -----> Label Info
<removable>true</removable>
<oper-status xmlns:idx="http://openconfig.net/yang/platform-types">idx:ACTIVE</oper-status>
</state>
<subcomponents>
  <subcomponent>
    <name><platform>-af-ea-7.3.2v1.0.0.1</name>
    <config>
      <name><platform>-af-ea-7.3.2v1.0.0.1</name>
    </config>
    <state>
      <name><platform>-af-ea-7.3.2v1.0.0.1</name>
    </state>
  </subcomponent>
...

```

The following example shows the enhanced `OPERATING_SYSTEM_UPDATE` package component (RPMs) of the oc-platform data model:

```

<component>
  <name>IOSXR-PKG/1 <platform>-isis-2.1.0.0-r732</name>
  <config>
    <name><platform>-isis-2.1.0.0-r732</name>
  </config>
  <state>
    <name><platform>-isis-2.1.0.0-r732</name>
    <type xmlns:idx="http://openconfig.net/yang/platform-types">idx:OPERATING_SYSTEM_UPDATE</type>
    <description>IOS XR Operating System Update</description>
    <software-version>7.3.2</software-version>-----> Label Info
    <removable>true</removable>
    <oper-status xmlns:idx="http://openconfig.net/yang/platform-types">idx:ACTIVE</oper-status>
  </state>
</component>

```

### Associated Commands

- **show install committed**—Shows the committed IOS XR packages.
- **show install committed summary**—Shows a summary of the committed packages along with the committed IOS XR version that is displayed as a label.

# OAM for MPLS and SR-MPLS in mpls-ping and mpls-traceroute Data Models

*Table 1: Feature History Table*

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
YANG Data Models for MPLS OAM RPCs	Release 7.3.2	<p>This feature introduces the Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-ping-act and Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-traceroute-act YANG data models to accommodate operations, administration and maintenance (OAM) RPCs for MPLS and SR-MPLS.</p> <p>You can access these Cisco IOS XR native data models from the <a href="#">Github</a> repository.</p>

The Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-ping-act and Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-traceroute-act YANG data models are introduced to provide the following options:

- Ping for MPLS:
  - MPLS IPv4 address
  - MPLS TE
  - FEC-129 Pseudowire
  - FEC-128 Pseudowire
  - Multisegment Pseudowire
- Ping for SR-MPLS:
  - SR policy name or BSID with LSP end-point
  - SR MPLS IPv4 address
  - SR Nil-FEC labels
  - SR Flexible Algorithm
- Traceroute for MPLS:
  - MPLS IPv4 address
  - MPLS TE
- Traceroute for SR-MPLS:
  - SR policy name or BSID with LSP end-point

- SR MPLS IPv4 address
- SR Nil-FEC labels
- SR Flexible Algorithm

The following example shows the ping operation for an SR policy and LSP end-point:

```
<mpls-ping xmlns="http://cisco.com/ns/yang/Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-ping-act">
  <sr-mpls>
    <policy>
      <name>srtc_c_10_ep_10.10.10.1</name>
      <lsp-endpoint>10.10.10.4</lsp-endpoint>
    </policy>
  </sr-mpls>
  <request-options-parameters>
    <brief>true</brief>
  </request-options-parameters>
</mpls-ping>
```

### **Response:**

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<mpls-ping-response xmlns="http://cisco.com/ns/yang/Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-ping-act">
  <request-options-parameters>
    <exp>0</exp>
    <fec>false</fec>
    <interval>0</interval>
    <ddmap>false</ddmap>
    <force-explicit-null>false</force-explicit-null>
    <packet-output>
      <interface-name>None</interface-name>
      <next-hop>0.0.0.0</next-hop>
    </packet-output>
    <pad>abcd</pad>
    <repeat>5</repeat>
    <reply>
      <dscp>255</dscp>
      <reply-mode>default</reply-mode>
      <pad-tlv>false</pad-tlv>
    </reply>
    <size>100</size>
    <source>0.0.0.0</source>
    <destination>127.0.0.1</destination>
    <sweep>
      <minimum>100</minimum>
      <maximum>100</maximum>
      <increment>1</increment>
    </sweep>
    <brief>true</brief>
    <timeout>2</timeout>
    <ttl>255</ttl>
  </request-options-parameters>
  <replies>
    <reply>
      <reply-index>1</reply-index>
      <return-code>3</return-code>
      <return-char>!</return-char>
      <reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
      <size>100</size>
    </reply>
    <reply>
      <reply-index>2</reply-index>
```

```

<return-code>3</return-code>
<return-char>!</return-char>
<reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
<size>100</size>
</reply>
<reply>
<reply-index>3</reply-index>
<return-code>3</return-code>
<return-char>!</return-char>
<reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
<size>100</size>
</reply>
<reply>
<reply-index>4</reply-index>
<return-code>3</return-code>
<return-char>!</return-char>
<reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
<size>100</size>
</reply>
<reply>
<reply-index>5</reply-index>
<return-code>3</return-code>
<return-char>!</return-char>
<reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
<size>100</size>
</reply>
</replies>
</mpls-ping-response>

```

The following example shows the ping operation for an SR policy BSID and LSP end-point:

```

<mpls-ping xmlns="http://cisco.com/ns/yang/Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-ping-act">
<sr-mpls>
<policy>
<bsid>1000</bsid>
<lsp-endpoint>10.10.10.4</lsp-endpoint>
</policy>
</sr-mpls>
<request-options-parameters>
<brief>true</brief>
</request-options-parameters>
</mpls-ping>

```

### Response:

```

<?xml version="1.0"?>
<mpls-ping-response xmlns="http://cisco.com/ns/yang/Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-ping-act">
<request-options-parameters>
<exp>0</exp>
<fec>false</fec>
<interval>0</interval>
<ddmap>false</ddmap>
<force-explicit-null>false</force-explicit-null>
<packet-output>
<interface-name>None</interface-name>
<next-hop>0.0.0.0</next-hop>
</packet-output>
<pad>abcd</pad>
<repeat>5</repeat>
<reply>
<dscp>255</dscp>
<reply-mode>default</reply-mode>
<pad-tlv>false</pad-tlv>

```

```

</reply>
<size>100</size>
<source>0.0.0.0</source>
<destination>127.0.0.1</destination>
<sweep>
  <minimum>100</minimum>
  <maximum>100</maximum>
  <increment>1</increment>
</sweep>
<brief>true</brief>
<timeout>2</timeout>
<ttl>255</ttl>
</request-options-parameters>
<replies>
  <reply>
    <reply-index>1</reply-index>
    <return-code>3</return-code>
    <return-char>!</return-char>
    <reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
    <size>100</size>
  </reply>
  <reply>
    <reply-index>2</reply-index>
    <return-code>3</return-code>
    <return-char>!</return-char>
    <reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
    <size>100</size>
  </reply>
  <reply>
    <reply-index>3</reply-index>
    <return-code>3</return-code>
    <return-char>!</return-char>
    <reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
    <size>100</size>
  </reply>
  <reply>
    <reply-index>4</reply-index>
    <return-code>3</return-code>
    <return-char>!</return-char>
    <reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
    <size>100</size>
  </reply>
  <reply>
    <reply-index>5</reply-index>
    <return-code>3</return-code>
    <return-char>!</return-char>
    <reply-addr>14.14.14.3</reply-addr>
    <size>100</size>
  </reply>
</replies>
</mpls-ping-response>

```

The following example shows the traceroute operation for an SR policy and LSP end-point:

```

<mpls-traceroute xmlns="http://cisco.com/ns/yang/Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-traceroute-act">
<sr-mpls>
  <policy>
    <name>srte_c_10_ep_10.10.10.1</name>
    <lsp-endpoint>10.10.10.4</lsp-endpoint>
  </policy>
</sr-mpls>
<request-options-parameters>
  <brief>true</brief>
</request-options-parameters>

```

```
</mpls-traceroute>
```

**Response:**

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<mpls-traceroute-response xmlns="http://cisco.com/ns/yang/Cisco-IOS-XR-mpls-traceroute-act">

    <request-options-parameters>
        <exp>0</exp>
        <fec>false</fec>
        <ddmap>false</ddmap>
        <force-explicit-null>false</force-explicit-null>
        <packet-output>
            <interface-name>None</interface-name>
            <next-hop>0.0.0.0</next-hop>
        </packet-output>
        <reply>
            <dscp>255</dscp>
            <reply-mode>default</reply-mode>
        </reply>
        <source>0.0.0.0</source>
        <destination>127.0.0.1</destination>
        <brief>true</brief>
        <timeout>2</timeout>
        <ttl>30</ttl>
    </request-options-parameters>
    <paths>
        <path>
            <path-index>0</path-index>
            <hops>
                <hop>
                    <hop-index>0</hop-index>
                    <hop-origin-ip>11.11.11.1</hop-origin-ip>
                    <hop-destination-ip>11.11.11.2</hop-destination-ip>
                    <mtu>1500</mtu>
                    <dsmap-label-stack>
                        <dsmap-label>
                            <label>16003</label>
                        </dsmap-label>
                    </dsmap-label-stack>
                    <return-code>0</return-code>
                    <return-char> </return-char>
                </hop>
                <hop>
                    <hop-index>1</hop-index>
                    <hop-origin-ip>11.11.11.2</hop-origin-ip>
                    <hop-destination-ip>14.14.14.3</hop-destination-ip>
                    <mtu>1500</mtu>
                    <dsmap-label-stack>
                        <dsmap-label>
                            <label>3</label>
                        </dsmap-label>
                    </dsmap-label-stack>
                    <return-code>8</return-code>
                    <return-char>L</return-char>
                </hop>
                <hop>
                    <hop-index>2</hop-index>
                    <hop-origin-ip>14.14.14.3</hop-origin-ip>
                    <hop-destination-ip></hop-destination-ip>
                    <mtu>0</mtu>
                    <dsmap-label-stack/>
                    <return-code>3</return-code>
                    <return-char>!</return-char>
                </hop>
            </hops>
        </path>
    </paths>
</mpls-traceroute-response>
```

```
</hop>
</hops>
</path>
</paths>
</mpls-traceroute-response>
```