

RSVP Infrastructure Commands



Note

All commands applicable for the Cisco NCS 5500 Series Router are also supported on the Cisco NCS 540 Series Router that is introduced from Cisco IOS XR Release 6.3.2. References to earlier releases in Command History tables apply to only the Cisco NCS 5500 Series Router.



Note

- Starting with Cisco IOS XR Release 6.6.25, all commands applicable for the Cisco NCS 5500 Series Router are also supported on the Cisco NCS 560 Series Routers.
- Starting with Cisco IOS XR Release 6.3.2, all commands applicable for the Cisco NCS 5500 Series Router are also supported on the Cisco NCS 540 Series Router.
- References to releases before Cisco IOS XR Release 6.3.2 apply to only the Cisco NCS 5500 Series Router.
- Cisco IOS XR Software Release 7.0.1 specific updates are not applicable for the following variants of Cisco NCS 540 Series Routers:
 - N540-28Z4C-SYS-A
 - N540-28Z4C-SYS-D
 - N540X-16Z4G8Q2C-A
 - N540X-16Z4G8Q2C-D
 - N540-12Z20G-SYS-A
 - N540-12Z20G-SYS-D
 - N540X-12Z16G-SYS-A
 - N540X-12Z16G-SYS-D

This module describes the commands used to configure and use Resource Reservation Protocol (RSVP). RSVP is a signaling protocol used to set up, maintain, and control end-to-end quality-of-service (QoS) reservations over IP. RSVP is specified in Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) RFC 2205 (ftp://ftp.isi.edu/in-notes/rfc2205.txt).

The protocol has been extended to signal Multiprotocol Label Switching traffic engineering (MPLS-TE) tunnels, as specified in the IETF RFC 3209, *RSVP-TE: Extensions to RSVP for LSP Tunnels*. The RSVP implementation supports fault handling as specified in IETF RFC 3473, *Generalized Multiprotocol Label Switching* (GMPLS) Signaling RSVP-TE extensions. The RSVP implementation also supports cryptographic authentication and refresh overhead reduction as specified in the RFC2747, *RSVP Cryptographic Authentication* and RFC2961, *RSVP Refresh Overhead Reduction Extensions* respectively.

For detailed information about MPLS concepts, configuration tasks, and examples, see *MPLS Configuration Guide for Cisco NCS 5500 Series RoutersMPLS Configuration Guide for Cisco NCS 540 Series RoutersMPLS Configuration Guide for Cisco NCS 560 Series Routers*.

Disable or Enable RSVP Message Checksum

RSVP computes and sets the checksum field on all outgoing RSVP messages, by default. RSVP also verifies the received checksum on all RSVP received messages to ensure its integrity.

A CLI is provided to override this default behavior and revert to the behavior exhibited in prior releases, whereby RSVP neither computes or sets the RSVP checksum field on outgoing RSVP messages, nor does it verify the checksum on received RSVP messages. This CLI is :

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) #rsvp signalling checksum disable



Note When the **rsvp signalling checksum disable** command is configured, RSVP sets a zero checksum on all outgoing RSVP messages and ignores the checksum on all received RSVP incoming messages.

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authentication (RSVP)

To enter RSVP authentication mode, use the **authentication** command in global configuration mode, RSVP interface configuration mode, or RSVP neighbor XR Config mode. To remove authentication parameters in the applicable mode, use the **no** form of this command.

authentication no authentication

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.	
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Command Default The default value is no authentication, which means that the feature is disabled.

Command Modes XR Config mode

RSVP interface configuration

RSVP neighbor configuration

- Command History
 Release
 Modification

 Release
 This command was introduced.

 6.0
 This command was introduced.
- **Usage Guidelines** No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

Task
IDOperationsmpls-teread,
write

Examples

Task ID

The following example shows how to enter RSVP authentication configuration mode from global configuration mode:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp authentication
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-auth)#

The following example shows how to activate the RSVP on an interface and enter RSVP authentication configuration mode:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# authentication
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if-auth)#
```

The following example shows how to configure the RSVP neighbor with IP address 1.1.1.1 and enter neighbor authentication configuration mode:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp neighbor 1.1.1.1 authentication
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-nbor-auth)#

bandwidth mam (RSVP)

To configure RSVP bandwidth on an interface using the Maximum Allocation Model (MAM) bandwidth constraints model, use the **bandwidth mam** command in RSVP interface configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

bandwidth mam [percentage] {*total-reservable-bandwidth* | max-reservable-bw *maximum-reservable-bw*} [*largest-reservable-flow* [bc0 *reservable-bandwidth*] [bc1 *reservable-bw*]] no bandwidth mam

Syntax Description	total-reservable- bandwidth	Total reservable bandwidth (in Kbps, Mbps or Gbps) that RSVP accepts for reservations on this interface. Range is 0 to 4294967295.		
	max-reservable-bw maximum-reservable-bw	Configures the maximum reservable bandwidth (in Kbps, Mbps or Gbps) that RSVP accepts for reservations on this interface. Range is 0 to 4294967295.		
	largest-reservable-flow	 (Optional) Largest reservable flow (in Kbps, Mbps or Gbps) that RSVP accepts for reservations on this interface. Range is 0 to 4294967295. (Optional) Configures the total reservable bandwidth in the bc0 pool (in Kbps, Mbps or Gbps). 		
	bc0 reservable-bandwidth			
	bc1 reservable-bw	(Optional) Configures the total reservable bandwidth in the bc1 pool (in Kbps, Mbps or Gbps).		
	percentage	(Optional) Bandwidth as a percentage of physical link bandwidth.		
Command Default	No default behavior or values.			
Command Modes	RSVP interface configuration			
Command History	Release Modification			
	Release This command was 6.0	s introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Both the MAM and RDM mod model.	els can be configured on a single interface to allow switching between each		
Note	Non-stop forwarding (NSF) is a	not guaranteed when the bandwidth constraint model is changed.		
Task ID	Task Operations ID			
	mpls-te read, write			

	Task Operations ID	
	ouni read, write	
Examples	The following example shows how to limit the total of all RSVP reservations on an interface:	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3 RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# bandwidth mam 7500	
Examples	The following example shows how to allocate a percentage of total bandwidth to bc0 and bc1 pool	s:
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3 RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# bandwidth mam percentage bc0 100 bc1 50	

bandwidth rdm (RSVP)

To configure RSVP bandwidth on an interface using the Russian Doll Model (RDM) bandwidth constraints model, use the **bandwidth rdm** command in RSVP interface configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

bandwidth rdm [percentage] {total-reservable-bw | bc0 total-reservable-bw | global-pool total-reservable-bw} [largest-reservable-flow] [bc1 reservable-bw] [sub-pool reservable-bw] no bandwidth rdm

Syntax Description	total-reservable-bw	Total reservable bandwidth (in Kbps, Mbps or Gbps). The default value is expresse in Kbps.		
	bc0 <i>total-reservable-bw</i> Reserves bandwidth in the bc0 pool (in Kbps, Mbps or Gbps).			
	global-pool Reserves bandwidth in the global pool.			
	largest-reservable-flow	(Optional) Largest reservable flow (in Kbps, Mbps or Gbps). The default value is expressed in Kbps.		
	bc1 (Optional) Reserves bandwidth in the bc1 pool (in Kbps, Mbps or Gbps).			
	sub-pool(Optional) Reserves bandwidth in the sub-pool.			
	<i>reservable-bandwidth</i> Reservable bandwidth in the sub- and bc1 pools (in Kbps, Mbps or Gbps). The default value is expressed in Kbps.			
	percentage	(Optional) Bandwidth as a percentage of physical link bandwidth.		
Command Default	No default behavior or va	ilues.		
Command Modes	RSVP interface configura	ation		
Command History	Release Modification	1		
	Release This comman 6.0	nd was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Both the MAM and RDM	I bandwidth constraint models support up two bandwidth pools.		
-	1	rovides global configuration when switching between bandwidth constraint models. red on a single interface to allow switching between models.		
Note	Non-stop forwarding (NS	F) is not guaranteed when the bandwidth constraint model is changed.		
		-pool keywords are included in this command for backward compatibility with global pool keyword is equivalent to the bc0 keyword. The sub-pool keyword is word.		

Task ID	Task ID	Operations	
	mpls-te	read, write	
	ouni	read, write	
Examples			ple shows how to limit the total of all RSVP reservations on an interface to 7500 ch single flow to reserve no more than 1000 kbps:
	RP/0/RI	P0/CPU0:rou	ter# configure ter(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3 ter(config-rsvp-if)# bandwidth rdm 7500 1000
Examples	The foll	owing exam	ple shows how to allocate a percentage of total bandwidth to bc0 and bc1 pools:
	RP/0/RE	P0/CPU0:rou	ter# configure ter(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3 ter(config-rsvp-if)# bandwidth rdm percentage 100 bc0 100 bc1 50

RDM is the default bandwidth constraint model used in both pre-standard and IETF mode.

bandwidth (RSVP)

To configure RSVP bandwidth on an interface using prestandard DS-TE mode, use the **bandwidth** command in RSVP interface XR Config mode. To reset the RSVP bandwidth on that interface to its default value, use the **no** form of this command.

bandwidth [percentage] [total-reservable-bandwidth [largest-reservable-flow] [sub-pool reservable-bw]] [global-pool bandwidth [sub-pool reservable-bw]] [bc0 bandwidth [bc1 reservable-bw]] no bandwidth

Syntax Description	total-reservable-bandwidth	(Optional) Total reservable bandwidth (in Kbps, Mbps or Gbps) that RSVP accepts for reservations on this interface. Range is 0 to 4294967295.		
	largest-reservable-flow	(Optional) Largest reservable flow (in Kbps, Mbps or Gbps) that RSVP accepts for reservations on this interface. Range is 0 to 4294967295.		
	sub-pool reservable-bw	(Optional) Configures the total reservable bandwidth in the sub-pool (in Kbps, Mbps, or Gbps). Range is 0 to 4294967295.		
	bc0 bandwidth	(Optional) Configures the total reservable bandwidth in the bc0 pool (in Kbps, Mbps or Gbps). The default is Kbps. Range is 0 to 4294967295.		
	bc1 reservable-bw	(Optional) Configures the total reservable bandwidth in the bc1 pool (in Kbps, Mbps or Gbps).		
	global-pool bandwidth	(Optional) Configures the total reservable bandwidth in the global-pool. Range is 0 to 4294967295 Kbps.		
	percentage	(Optional) Bandwidth as a percentage of physical link bandwidth.		
Command Default	sub-pool-bw: 0			

Note If the command is entered without the optional arguments, the total bandwidth is set to 75 percent of the intrinsic bandwidth of the interface. (If the interface has zero intrinsic bandwidth, none are reserved.)

RSVP interface configuration	
Release	Modification
Release 6.0	This command was introduced.
	Release Release

Usage Guidelines RSVP is enabled either using the rsvp interface command or when MPLS is configured on the interface. In addition, there are other instances in which RSVP is enabled automatically; for example, when an RSVP message is received on an interface that is not configured under RSVP or MPLS (such as out-of-band signaling for an Optical User Network Interface application).

If RSVP reservation messages are received on an interface different from the one through which the corresponding Path message was sent out, the interfaces are adjusted such that all resource reservations, such as bandwidth, are done on the outgoing interface of the Path message.

Prestandard DS-TE uses the Cisco proprietary mechanisms for RSVP signaling and IGP advertisements. This DS-TE mode does not interoperate with third-party vendor equipment. Note that prestandard DS-TE is enabled only after configuring the sub-pool bandwidth values on MPLS-enabled interfaces.

Note

You can also configure RSVP bandwidth on an interface using IETF DS-TE mode. This mode supports multiple bandwidth constraint models, including the Russian Doll Model (RDM) and the Maximum Allocation Model (MAM) both with two bandwidth pools.

Task ID	Task Operations ID
	mpls-te read, write
	ouni read, write
Examples	The following example shows how to limit the total of all RSVP reservations on HundredGigE interface 0/0/0/3 to 5000 Kbps:
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3 RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# bandwidth 5000
Examples	The following example shows how to allocate a percentage of total bandwidth to bc0 and bc1 pools:
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# bandwidth percentage bc0 100 bc1 50

clear rsvp authentication

To eliminate RSVP security association (SA) before the lifetime expires, use the **clear rsvp authentication** command in XR EXEC mode.

clear rsvp authentication [type interface-path-id] [destination IP address] [source IP address]

Syntax Description	type	(Optional) Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.		
	interface-path-id	Physical interface or a virtual interface.		
		Note Use the show interfaces command to see a list of all possible interfaces currently configured on the router.		
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.		
	destination IP address	(Optional) Eliminates the RSVP security associations (SA) before their lifetimes expire. All SAs with this destination IP address are cleared.		
	source IP address	(Optional) Eliminates the RSVP security associations (SA) before their lifetimes expire. All SAs with this source IP address are cleared.		
Command Default	No default behavior or v	alues		
Command Modes	XR EXEC mode			
Command History	Release Modificatio	n		
	Release This comma 6.0	and was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Use the clear rsvp authors	entication command for the following reasons:		
	• To eliminate securit	y associations before their lifetimes expire		
	• To free up memory			
	-	n with a security association being in an indeterminate state		
	destination IP address).	security associations if you do not enter an optional filter (interface, source, or		
	If you delete a security a	ssociation, it is recreated as needed.		
Task ID	Task Operations ID			
	mpls-te execute			
Examples				
LVaiiihigs	The following example s	hows how to clear each SA:		

L

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# clear rsvp authentication

The following example shows how to clear each SA with the destination address1.1.1.1:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# clear rsvp authentication destination 1.1.1.1

The following example shows how to clear each SA with the source address 2.2.2.2:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# clear rsvp authentication source 2.2.2.2

The following example shows how to clear each SA with the interface:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# clear rsvp authentication HundredGigE 0/0/0/3

The following example shows how to clear each SA on the interface, destination address 1.1.1.1, and source address 2.2.2.2:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# clear rsvp authentication HundredGigE 0/0/0/3 destination 1.1.1.1
source 2.2.2.2

clear rsvp counters all

To clear (set to zero) all RSVP message and event counters that are being maintained by the router, use the **clear rsvp counters all** command in XR EXEC mode.

clear rsvp counters all [type interface-path-id]

Syntax Description	type	(Optional) Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.
	interface-path-id	Physical interface or a virtual interface.
		Note Use the show interfaces command to see a list of all possible interfaces currently configured on the router.
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.

Command Modes XR EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 6.0	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

isk ID	Task ID	Operations
	mpls-te	read, write

Examples The following example shows how to clear all message and event counters:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# clear rsvp counters all

clear rsvp counters authentication

To eliminate RSVP counters for each security association (SA), use the **clear rsvp counters authentication** command in XR EXEC mode.

clear rsvp counters authentication [type interface-path-id] [destination IP address][source IP address]

Syntax Description	<i>type</i> (Optional) Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.			
	<i>interface-path-id</i> Physical interface or a virtual interface.			
	Note Use the show interfaces command to see a list of all possible interfaces currently configured on the router.			
	For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.			
	destination <i>IP address</i> (Optional) Eliminates authentication-related statistics for each security association (SA) with this destination IP address.			
	source IP address(Optional) Eliminates authentication-related statistics for each security association (SA) with this source IP address.			
Command Default	No default behavior or values			
Command Modes	XR EXEC mode			
Command History	Release Modification			
	Release This command was introduced. 6.0			
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.			
Task ID	Task Operations ID			
	mpls-te execute			
Examples	The following example shows how to clear authentication counters for each SA:			
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# clear rsvp counters authentication			
	The following example shows how to clear authentication counters for each SA with the destination address 1.1.1.1:			

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# clear rsvp counters authentication destination 1.1.1.1

The following example shows how to clear authentication counters for each SA with the source address 2.2.2.2:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# clear rsvp counters authentication source 2.2.2.2

The following example shows how to clear authentication counters for each SA with an interface.

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# clear rsvp counters authentication HundredGigE 0/0/0/3

The following example shows how to clear authentication counters for each SA on an interface, destination address 1.1.1.1, and source address 2.2.2.2:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# clear rsvp counters authentication HundredGigE 0/0/0/3 destination
1.1.1.1 source 2.2.2.2

clear rsvp counters chkpt

To clear RSVP checkpoint counters, use the clear rsvp counters chkpt command in XR EXEC mode.

	clear rsvp counters chkpt			
Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.			
Command Default	No default behavior or values			
Command Modes	XR EXEC mode			
Command History	Release Modification			
	Release This command was introduced. 6.0			
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.			
Task ID	Task Operations ID			
	mpls-te read, write			
Examples	The following example shows how to clear all message and event counters:			

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# clear rsvp counters chkpt

clear rsvp counters events

To clear (set to zero) all RSVP event counters that are being maintained by the router, use the **clear rsvp counters events** command in XR EXEC mode.

clear rsvp counters events [type interface-path-id]

Syntax Description	type	(Optional) Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.		
	<i>interface-path-id</i> Physical interface or a virtual interface.			
		Note Use the show interfaces command to see a list of all possible interfaces currently configured on the router.		
	For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) of help function.			
Command Default	No default behavio	or or values		
Command Modes	XR EXEC mode			
Command History	Release Modif	fication		
	Release This c 6.0	command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Use the clear rsvp counters events command to set all RSVP event counters to zero.			
Task ID	Task Operations ID	-		
	mpls-te read, write	_		
Examples	The following example and the following exam	mple shows how to clear all event counters:		
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:rc	outer# clear rsvp counters events		

clear rsvp counters messages

To clear (set to zero) all RSVP message counters that are being maintained by the router, use the **clear rsvp counters messages** command in XR EXEC mode.

clear rsvp counters messages [type interface-path-id]

Syntax Description	type	(Optional) Interface typ function.	e. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help
	interface-path-id	Physical interface or a v	virtual interface.
			interfaces command to see a list of all possible interfaces figured on the router.
	For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) help function.		
Command Default	No default behavio	or or values	
Command Modes	XR EXEC mode		
Command History	Release Modi	fication	
	Release This c 6.0	command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	Use the clear rsvp counters messages command to set all RSVP message counters to zero.		
Task ID	Task Operations		
	mpls-te read, write	_	
Examples	The following exa	mple shows how to set al	RSVP message counters for an interface to zero:
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:rc	outer# clear rsvp cou	nters messages HundredGigE0/0/0/3

clear rsvp counters oor

To clear internal RSVP counters on out of resources (OOR) events, use the **clear rsvp counters oor** command in XR EXEC mode.

clear rsvp counters oor [type interface-path-id]

Syntax Description	type	<i>type</i> (Optional) Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.		
	interface-path-id	Physical	l interface or a virtual interface.	
		Note	Use the show interfaces command to see a list of all possible interfaces currently configured on the router.	
	For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) on help function.			
Command Default	No default behavio	or or value	25	
Command Modes	XR EXEC mode			
Command History	Release Modif	ication		
	Release This c 6.0	ommand v	was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	Use the clear rsvp	counters	s oor command to set RSVP OOR counters to zero.	
Task ID	Task Operations	— ;		
	mpls-te read, write	_		
Examples	The following example of the following example	nple show	v how to clear all RSVP message counters for HundredGigE interface	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:rc	uter# cl	lear rsvp counters oor HundredGigE0/0/0/3	

clear rsvp counters prefix-filtering

To clear internal prefix-filtering related RSVP counters, use the **clear rsvp counters prefix-filtering** command in XR EXEC mode.

clear rsvp counters prefix-filtering {**interface** [*type interface-path-id*] | **access-list** [*aclname*]}

Syntax Description	interface	Clears RSVP prefix-filtering counters for all interfaces.	
	type	(Optional) Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.	
	<i>interface-path-id</i> Physical interface or a virtual interface.		
		Note Use the show interfaces command to see a list of all possible interfaces currently configured on the router.	
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.	
	access-list Clears RSVP prefix-filtering counters for access control list.		
	aclname (Optional) Name of the access list.		
Command Default	No default behavio	or or values	
Command Modes	XR EXEC mode		
Command History	Release Modif	fication	
	Release This c 6.0	command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	Use the clear rsvp counters prefix-filtering command to set RSVP prefix-filtering related RSVP counters to zero.		
Task ID	sk ID Task Operations ID		
	mpls-te read, write	_	
Examples	The following example $0/0/0/3$ to zero:	mple shows how to set all RSVP message counters for HundredGigE interface	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:rc	outer# clear rsvp counters prefix-filtering interface HundredGigE0/0/0/3	

The following example shows how to set all RSVP prefix-filtering counters for access-list banks to zero:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# clear rsvp counters prefix-filtering access-list banks

key-source key-chain (RSVP)

To specify the source of the key information to authenticate RSVP messages, use the **key-source key-chain** command in the appropriate RSVP authentication configuration mode. To remove the key source from the appropriate RSVP authentication configuration mode, use the **no** form of this command.

key-source key-chain key-chain-name no key-source key-chain key-chain-name

Syntax Description	key-chain-name Name of the keychain. The maximum number of characters is 32.			
Command Default	The default value is none, which means that the key source is not specified.			
Command Modes	RSVP authentication configuration			
	RSVP interface authentication configuration			
	RSVP neighbor authentication configuration			
Command History	Release Modification			
	Release This command was introduced. 6.0			
Usage Guidelines	 RSVP authentication is enabled regardless of whether or not the specified keychain exists or has no available keys to use. If the specified keychain does not exist or there are no available keys in the keychain, RSVP authentication processing fails. The key-source key-chain command does not create a keychain but just specifies which keychain to use. You must configure a keychain first. The no key-source key-chain command does not necessarily disable the authentication. RSVP authentication supports only keyed-hash message authentication code (HMAC)-type algorithms. 			
Task ID	Task Operations ID			
	mpls-te read, write			
Examples	The following example shows that the source of the key information is specified for the keychain mpls-keys in RSVP authentication configuration mode:			
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp authentication RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-auth)# key-source key-chain mpls-keys			

The following example shows that the source of the key information is specified for the keychain mpls-keys for a HundredGigE interface in RSVP authentication configuration mode:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# authentication
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if-auth)# key-source key-chain mpls-keys

The following example shows that the source of the key information is specified for the keychain mpls-keys in RSVP neighbor authentication configuration mode:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp neighbor 1.1.1.1 authentication
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-nbor-auth)# key-source key-chain mpls-keys
```

life-time (RSVP)

To control how long RSVP maintains idle security associations with other trusted RSVP neighbors, use the **life-time** command in the appropriate RSVP authentication configuration mode. To disable the lifetime setting, use the **no** form of this command.

life-time seconds no life-time seconds

Syntax Description	<i>seconds</i> Length of time, in seconds, that RSVP maintains security associations with other trusted RSVP neighbors. Range is 30 to 86400.			
Command Default	seconds: 1800 (30 minutes)			
Command Modes	RSVP authentication configuration			
	RSVP interface authentication configuration			
	RSVP neighbor authentication configuration			
Command History	Release Modification			
	Release This command was introduced. 6.0			
Usage Guidelines	Use the life-time (RSVP) command to indicate when to end idle security associations with RSVP trusted neighbors.			
	By setting a larger lifetime, the router remembers the state for a long period time which provides better protection against a replay attack.			
	Use the clear rsvp authentication command to free security associations before their lifetimes expire.			
Task ID	Task Operations ID			
	mpls-te read, write			
Examples	The following example shows how to configure a lifetime of 2000 seconds for each SA in RSVP authentication configuration mode:			
	<pre>RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp authentication RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-auth)# life-time 2000</pre>			
	The following example shows how to configure a lifetime of 2000 seconds for each SA in RSVP neighbor authentication configuration mode:			

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp neighbor 1.1.1.1 authentication
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-nbor-auth)# life-time 2000
```

The following example shows how to configure a lifetime of 2000 seconds for each SA in RSVP interface authentication configuration mode:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# authentication
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if-auth)# life-time 2000
```

rsvp

I

	To enable functionality for Resource Reservation Protocol (RSVP) and enter RSVP configuration comman use the rsvp command in XR Config mode. To return to the default behavior, use the no form of this comman		
	rsvp no rsvp		
Syntax Description	This command has no keywords or arguments.		
Command Default	No default behavior or values		
Command Modes	XR Config mode		
Command History	Release Modification		
	ReleaseThis command was introduced.6.0		
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.		
Task ID	Task Operations ID		
	mpls-te read, write		
Examples	The following example shows how to enable RSVP functionality and enter the sub-mode for RSVP configuration commands:		
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp)#		

rsvp interface

To configure RSVP on an interface, use the **rsvp interface** command in XR Config mode. To disable RSVP on that interface, use the **no** form of this command.

rsvp interface *type interface-path-id* **no rsvp interface** *type interface-path-id*

Syntax Description	<i>type</i> Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.			
	<i>interface-path-id</i> Physical interface or a virtual interface.			
		Note Use the show interface configured on the route	s command to see a list of all possible interfaces currently er.	
		For more information about the sy function.	yntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help	
Command Default	RSVP is enabled by default on an interface under the following conditions. (Enabling RSVP on an interface means that interface can be used by RSVP to send and receive RSVP messages).			
		 RSVP is configured on that interface using the rsvp interface command. MPLS is configured on that interface. 		
Command Modes	XR Config	de		
Command History	Release	lodification		
	Release 6.0	his command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines		Use the bandwidth command in RSV	three methods mentioned in the above section, the default P interface configuration mode to configure the bandwidth	
	If the interface.	bandwidth is 0, RSVP can be used of	only to signal flows that do not require bandwidth on this	
	The rsvp in	face command enables the RSVP in	terface configuration mode.	
Task ID	Task Op ID	tions		
	mpls-te rea wr			
Examples		example shows how to enable the Rs interface with 0 bandwidth:	SVP interface configuration mode and to enable	

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3

rsvp neighbor

To specify an RSVP neighbor, use the **rsvp neighbor** command in XR Config mode. To deactivate authentication for a neighbor, use the **no** form of this command.

rsvp neighbor *IP-address* authentication no rsvp neighbor *IP-address* authentication

Syntax Description	<i>IP-address</i> IP address of the neighbor. A single IP address of a specific neighbor; usually one of the neighbor's physical or logical (loopback) interfaces.		
	authentication Configures RSVP authentication parameters.		
Command Default	No default values or behaviors		
Command Modes	XR Config mode		
Command History	Release Modification		
	ReleaseThis command was introduced.6.0		
Usage Guidelines	RSVP neighbor configuration mode can be used only if you want to configure authentication for a particular neighbor.		
Task ID	Task Operations ID		
	mpls-te read, write		
Examples	The following example shows how to enter RSVP neighbor authentication configuration mode for IP address 1.1.1.1:		
	<pre>RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp neighbor 1.1.1.1 authentication RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-nbor-auth)#</pre>		

show rsvp request

To list all the requests that RSVP knows about on a router, use the **show rsvp request** command in XR EXEC mode.

show rsvp request [destination IP-address] [detail] [dst-port port-num] [session-type { lsp-p2p }]
[source IP-address] [src-port port-num]

Syntax Description	detail	(Optional) Displays multiline status for each path. If this keyword is not specified, only a single-line table entry is displayed.
	destination IP-address	(Optional) Displays the entries that match the specified address.
	dst-port port-num	(Optional) Displays destination port and tunnel information.
	session-type	(Optional) Displays the entries that match the specified session type.
	lsp-p2p	Displays the entries that are used for P2P sessions.
	source IP-address	(Optional) Displays source address information.
	<pre>src-port port-num</pre>	(Optional) Displays port and LSP ID information.
Command Default	No default behavior or v	/alues
Command Modes	XR EXEC mode	
Command History	Release Modificatio)n
	Release This comma 6.0	and was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	upstream hops. Informat	information about upstream reservations only; that is, reservations being sent to tion about downstream reservations (that is, incoming or locally created reservations) ow rsvp reservation command.
	Reservations are display and source port.	ved in ascending order of destination IP address, destination port, source IP address,
Task ID	Task Operations ID	
	mpls-te read, write	
Examples	The following is sample	output from the show rsvp request command:
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router	# show rsvp request

 Dest Addr DPort
 Source Addr SPort Pro
 OutputIF
 Sty Serv Rate Burst

 192.168.40.40 2001
 192.168.67.68
 2
 0
 HundredGigE 0/0/0/3
 SE LOAD
 0

 1K

The following is sample output from the **show rsvp request detail** command, which displays detailed information about all requests in the router. Requests are reservation states for the reservation messages sent upstream:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp request detail

```
REQ: IPv4-LSP Session addr: 192.168.40.40. TunID: 2001. LSPId: 2.
Source addr: 192.168.67.68. ExtID: 192.168.67.68.
Output interface: HundredGigE 0/0/0/3. Next hop: 192.168.67.68 (lih: 0x19700001).
Flags: Local Receiver.
Style: Shared-Explicit. Service: Controlled-Load.
Rate: 0 bits/sec. Burst: 1K bytes. Peak: 0 bits/sec.
MTU min: 0, max: 500 bytes.
Policy: Forwarding. Policy source(s): MPLS/TE.
Number of supporting PSBs: 1
                                                                    Rate Burst Prot
Destination Add DPort
                          Source Add SPort Pro
                                                  Input IF
 192.168.40.40 2001
                                                 HundredGigE 0/0/0/3 0 1K
                           192.168.67.68 2 0
                                                                                 Off
Number of supporting RSBs: 1
Destination Add DPort
                           Source Add SPort Pro
                                                 Input IF Sty Serv Rate Burst
  192.168.40.40 2001
                           10.66.67.68 2 0
                                                  None SE LOAD 0 1K
```

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 1: show rsvp request detail Command Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Number of supporting PSBs	Number of senders for this session (typically, 1).
Number of supporting RSBs	Number of reservations per session (typically, 1).
Policy	Admission control status.
Policy source	Entity performing the admission control.

show rsvp authentication

To display the database for the security association that RSVP has established with other RSVP neighbors, use the **show rsvp authentication** command in XR EXEC mode.

show rsvp authentication [type interface-path-id] [destination IP-address] [detail] [mode {receive
| send}] [neighbor IP-address] [source IP-address]

Syntax Description	type	(Optional) Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.		
	interface-path-id	Physical interface or a virtual interface.		
		Note Use the show interfaces command to see a list of all possible interfaces currently configured on the router.		
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.		
	destination IP-address	(Optional) Displays the database for the security association (SA) for the destination IP address. The <i>IP address</i> argument is the IP address of the destination address.		
	detail	(Optional) Displays additional information about RSVP security SAs.		
	mode	(Optional) Specifies the SA type. An SA is used to authenticate either incoming (receive) or outgoing (send) messages.		
	receive	Displays SAs for incoming messages.		
	send	Displays SAs for outgoing messages.		
	neighbor IP-address	(Optional) Displays the RSVP authentication information for the neighbor IP address. The <i>IP-address</i> argument is the IP address of the neighbor. For the send SA, the neighbor address is the destination address. For receive, the neighbor address is the source address.		
	source IP-address	(Optional) Displays the database for the SA for the source IP address. The <i>IP-address</i> argument is the IP address of the source address.		
Command Default	No default behavior or values			
Command Modes	XR EXEC mode			
Command History	Release Modification	Dn		
	Release This comm 6.0	and was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines in	mpact the use of this command.		

Task ID Task Operations ID

mpls-te read

Examples

The following sample output displays information for RSVP authentication:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp authentication

Codes: S - stat	ic, G - global,	N - neighbor, I -inte	rface, C - chain		
Source Address		Interface	Mode Key-Source	-	Code
10.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	HundredGigE 0/0/0/3	Send mpls-keys	1	SGC
10.0.0.2	10.0.0.1	HundredGigE 0/0/0/3	Recv mpls-keys	1	SGC

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 2: show rsvp authentication Command Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
Source Address	IP address of the sender. For Send mode, this is the local address (either the address of the Interface field or the local router ID). For Recv mode, this is the address of the RSVP neighbor.	
Dest Address	IP address of the receiver. For Send mode, this is the address of the RSVP neighbor. For Recv mode, this is the local address (either the address of the Interface field or the local router ID).	
Interface	Name of the interface over which the security association is being maintained.	
Mode	Direction of the association for the following mode types:	
	Send	
	Authenticates messages that you forward.	
	Recv	
	Authenticates messages that you receive.	
Key-Source	Key source identification string that is currently set to the configured keychain name.	
Key-ID	The last successful key ID that is used for authentication and maps to the keychain ID configuration. If the value is too large to fit into the column, it is truncated and a () suffix is appended. Use the detail mode to see the non-truncated key ID.	

Field	Description
Code	Code field has the following terms:
	Static
	Key is static and configured.
	Global
	Key is global-based.
	Neighbor
	Key is neighbor-based.
	Interface
	Key is interface-based.
	Chain
	Key is part of a keychain.

The following sample output shows detailed information about a Send mode SA that is followed by a Receive mode SA:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp authentication detail
```

RSVP Authentication Infor	mation:		
Source Address:	10.0.0.1		
Destination Address:	10.0.0.2		
Neighbour Address:	10.0.2		
Interface:	HundredGigE 0/0/	/0/3	
Direction:	Send		
LifeTime:	1800 (sec)		
LifeTime left:	1305 (sec)		
КеуТуре:	Static Global Ke	eyCha	in
Key Source:	name1		
Key Status:	No error		
KeyID:	1		
Digest:	HMAC MD5 (16)		
Challenge:	Not supported		
TX Sequence:	5023969459702858	8020	(0x45b8b99b00000124)
Messages successfully authenticated:		245	
Messages failed authent	ication:	0	
Receive Errors:			
Incomplete security a	ssociation:	0	
Missing INTEGRITY obj	ect:	0	
Incorrect digest:		0	
Digest type mismatch:		0	
Duplicate sequence number:		0	
Out-of-range sequence number: 0			
Invalid message forma	it:	0	

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3: show rsvp authentication detail Command Field Descriptions

Field	Description		
Source Address	IP address of the sender. For Send mode, this is the local address (either the address of the Interface field or the local router ID). For Recv mode, this is the address of the RSVP neighbor.		
Destination Address	IP address of the receiver. For Send mode, this is the address of the RSVP neighbor. For Recv mode, this is the local address (either the address of the Interface field or the local router ID).		
Neighbor Address	IP address of the RSVP neighbor with which the security association is being maintained.		
Interface	Name of the interface over which the security association is being maintained.		
Direction	Direction of the association for the following mode types: Send Authenticates messages that you forward. Recv		
LifeTime	Authenticates messages that you receive. Configured expiration timer value.		
LifeTime left Number of seconds until the expiration timer expires.			
КеуТуре	Keys that are used: Static		
	Key is static and configured.		
	Global		
	Key is global-based.		
	Neighbor		
	Key is neighbor-based.		
	Interface		
	Key is interface-based.		
	Chain		
	Key is part of a keychain.		
Key-Source	Key source identification string that is currently set to the configured keychain name.		
Key Status	Last status reported from the key source.		

Field	Description		
Key-ID	Last successful key ID that is used for authentication and that maps to the keychain ID configuration. If the value is too large to fit into the column, it is truncated and a () suffix is appended. (Use the detail mode to see the non-truncated key ID.)		
Digest	Digest algorithm that is used. The algorithms are either HMAC-MD5 or HMAC-SHA1.		
Challenge	Current challenge status reported.		
Tx Sequence	Last sequence number that was sent.		
Messages successfully authenticated	Number of messages authenticated by using this SA.		
Messages failed authentication	Number of messages that failed authentication using this SA.		
Sequence Window Size	Maximum configured RX sequence number window.		
Sequence Window Count	Currently used size of the RX sequence number window.		
Incomplete security association	Number of messages that are dropped due to a key failure.		
Incorrect digest	Number of messages that are dropped due to an incorrect digest.		
Digest type mismatch	Number of messages that are dropped due to an incorrect digest length, which implies an algorithm mismatch.		
Duplicate sequence number	Number of messages that are dropped due to a duplicate sequence number.		
Out-of-range sequence number	Number of messages that are dropped due to a sequence number range (window-size) checking.		
Invalid message format	Number of messages that are dropped due to formatting errors, such as incorrect objects.		

show rsvp counters

To display internal RSVP counters, use the **show rsvp counters** command in XR EXEC mode mode.

show rsvp counters {messages [{type interface-path-id | summary }]| events | database}

Syntax Description	messages	Displays a historical count of the number of messages RSVP has received and sent on each interface along with a summation.				
	type	(Optional) Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.				
	interface-path-id	Physical interface or a virtual interface.				
		Note Use the show interfaces command to see a list of all possible interfaces currently configured on the router.				
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.				
	summary	(Optional) Displays the aggregate counts of all interfaces.				
	events	Displays the number of states expired for lack of refresh and a count of received No Acknowledgements (NACKs).				
	database	Displays counters on RSVP database, including number of paths, session, and so on.				
Command Default	No default behavio	or or values				
Command Modes	XR EXEC mode					
Command History	Release Modif	fication				
	Release This c 6.0	command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	In message counters, bundle messages are counted as single bundle messages. The component messages are not counted separately.					
		word shows the counters for all the interfaces. In addition, the aggregate summary is shown messages and summary keywords.				
Task ID	Task Operations					
	mpls-te read, write	_				

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show rsvp counters messages** command for HundredGigE 0/0/0/3:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp counters messages HundredGigE 0/0/0/3
```

HundredGigE0/0/0/3	Recv	Xmit	Recv	Xmit	
Path	24	1	Resv	0	0
PathError	0	0	ResvError	0	0
PathTear	5	1	ResvTear	0	0
ResvConfirm	0	0	Ack	34	0
Bundle	0		Hello	0	0
SRefresh	10118	0	OutOfOrder	0	
Retransmit		0	Rate Limited		0

Table 4: show rsvp counters messages Command Field Descriptions

Description
Number of Path messages sent downstream or received from an upstream node.
Number of PathError messages received from a downstream neighbor or sent to an upstream neighbor.
Number of PathTear messages sent downstream, or messages received, from upstream neighbors.
Number of ResvConfirm messages received from an upstream neighbor or sent to a downstream neighbor.
Number of Bundle messages containing RSVP messages sent and received by the neighbor.
Number of Summary Refresh messages sent to and received by a neighbor to refresh the path and reservation states.
Number of messages retransmitted to ensure reliable messaging (related to refresh reduction).
Number of Reservation messages received from a downstream neighbor or sent to an upstream neighbor to reserve resources.
Number of Reservation Error messages received from a upstream neighbor or sent to a downstream neighbor.
Number of Reservation Tear messages received from a downstream neighbor or sent to an upstream neighbor to tear down RSVP flows.
Number of Acknowledgement messages sent and received by a neighbor acknowledging receipt of a message.
Number of Hello messages sent to and received by a neighbor.
Number of messages received that are out of order.
Number of RSVP packets affected by rate limiting.

The following is sample output from the show rsvp counters database command:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp counters database
```

```
Sessions: 0
Locally created and incoming paths: 0
Outgoing paths: 0
Locally created and incoming Reservations: 0
Outgoing Reservations: 0
Interfaces: 4
```

Table 5: show rsvp counters database Command Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Sessions	RSVP sessions.
Locally created and incoming paths	Path states created by :A local application on the node.Path message received from the network.
Outgoing paths	Outgoing path states.
Locally created and incoming Reservations	 Reservations created by : A local application on the node. Path message received from the network.
Outgoing Reservations	Outgoing reservation (request) states.
Interfaces	Known RSVP interfaces.

show rsvp counters oor

To display internal RSVP counters on out of resources (OOR) events, use the **show rsvp counters oor** command in XR EXEC mode.

show rsvp counters oor [{type interface-path-id | summary}]

Syntax Description	type	(Optional) Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.
	interface-path-id	Physical interface or a virtual interface.
		Note Use the show interfaces command to see a list of all possible interfaces currently configured on the router.
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.
	summary	(Optional) Displays a summary of OOR events.
Command Default	No default behavio	or or values
Command Modes	XR EXEC mode	
Command History	Release Modif	ication
	Release This c 6.0	ommand was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidel	ines impact the use of this command.
Task ID	Task Operations	-
	mpls-te read, write	_
Examples	The following is sa	ample output from the show rsvp counters oor command:
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:rc	outer# show rsvp counters oor
	HundredGigE 0,	(0/0/3 Rejected 24
	Path HundredGigE 0, Path	

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 6: show rsvp counters oor Command Field Descriptions

Field Description

Path Number of Path messages received on the interface that were rejected due to oor conditions.

show rsvp counters prefix-filtering

To display internal prefix-filtering related RSVP counters, use the **show rsvp counters prefix-filtering** command in XR EXEC mode.

show rsvp counters prefix-filtering interface [{type interface-path-id|summary}] access-list [aclname]

Syntax Description	interface	Displays RSVP prefix-filtering counters for all interfaces.
	type	(Optional) Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.
	interface-path-id	Physical interface or a virtual interface.
		Note Use the show interfaces command to see a list of all possible interfaces currently configured on the router.
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.
	summary	(Optional) Displays a summary of RSVP prefix-filtering counters on all interfaces.
	access-list	Displays RSVP prefix-filtering counters for the access control list.
	aclname	(Optional) Name of the access control list.
Command Default	No default behavio	or or values
Command Modes	XR EXEC mode	
Command History	Release Modi	ication
	Release This c 6.0	ommand was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Counters do not in	crement if you have not configured an access control list for prefix-filtering.
-	counters do not m	
Task ID	Task Operations	- -
	Task Operations	-
Task ID	Task IDOperations operationsmpls-teread, write	
Task ID Examples	Task IDOperations operationsmpls-teread, writeThe following is satisfied	_

PathTear ResvConfirm Total	0 0 4						0 0 4
HundredGigE0/0/	0/3	Fwd	Local	l Drop	Def-Drop	Def-Proc	Total
Path PathTear ResvConfirm Total			1 0 0 1	0 0 0 0	219 31 0 219	2 0 0 2	222 31 0 253
HundredGigE0/0/	0/3	Fwd	Local	Drop	Def-Drop	Def-Proc	Total
Path PathTear ResvConfirm Total			0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 1	1 0 0 1
ALL RSVP Interfaces Path PathTear ResvConfirm Total	Fwd 4 0 4	Loca	1 0 0 1	Drop 0 0 0 0	Def-Drop 219 31 0 250	Def-Proc 3 0 0 3	Total 227 31 0 258

The following is sample output from the **show rsvp counters prefix-filtering interface** *type interface-path-id*command:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp counters prefix-filtering interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3

HundredGigE0/0/0/3	Fwd Loca	l Drop	Def-Drop	Def-Proc	Total
Path	1	0	219	2	222
PathTear	0	0	31	0	31
ResvConfirm	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1	0	250	2	253

The following is sample output from the **show rsvp counters prefix-filtering interface summary** command:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp counters prefix-filtering interface summary

ALL RSVP						
Interfaces	Fwd	Local	Drop	Def-Drop	Def-Proc	Total
Path	4	1	0	219	3	227
PathTear	0	0	0	31	0	31
ResvConfirm	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	4	1	0	250	3	258

The following is sample output from the **show rsvp counters prefix-filtering access-list banks**command:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp counters prefix-filtering access-list banks

ACL: banks	Forward	Local	Drop	Total
Path	0	0	0	0

PathTear	0	0	0	0
ResvConfirm	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0

Table 7: show rsvp counters prefix-filtering interface and summary CommandField Descriptions

Field	Description			
Fwd	Number of messages forwarded to the next router.			
	Note The messages are counted against the <i>routed</i> interface only because RSVP has no record of what interface the messages will be forwarded to.			
Local	Number of messages not forwarded (because they are locally destined).			
Drop	Number of messages dropped.			
Def-Drop	Number of messages dropped when an access control list match returns an implicit deny. (Results when RSVP is configured to drop implicit deny messages.)			
Def-Proc	Number of messages processed by RSVP when an access control list match returns an implicit deny.			
Path	Number of Path messages.			
PathTear	Number of Path Tear messages.			
ResvConfirm	Number of ResvConfirm messages.			

show rsvp fast-reroute

To display RSVP Fast-Reroute (FRR) information, use the show rsvp fast-reroute command in EXEC mode.

show rsvp fast-reroute [destination IP -address] [dst-port port] [session-type { lsp-p2p }] [source
IP-address] [src-port source-port] [summary]

Syntax Description	destination	n IP-address	(Optional) Displa	ays the entries	that match the specifi	ed address.		
	dst-port p	port	(Optional) Displa	ays the port ad	dress of the destination	on router.		
	session-ty	pe	(Optional) Displa	ays the entries	that match the specifi	ed session type.		
	lsp-p2p		Displays the entr	ies that are use	ed for P2P sessions.			
	source IP	P-address	(Optional) Displa	(Optional) Displays the IP address of the source network.				
	src-port source-port		(Optional) Displa	(Optional) Displays the port number of the source router.				
	summary		(Optional) Displa	ays summarize	d information about th	ne FRR database.		
Command Default	None							
Command Modes	EXEC							
Command History	Release	Modification	1					
	Release 6.0	This comman	nd was introduced.					
Usage Guidelines	No specific	guidelines im	pact the use of this	command.				
Fask ID	Task Op ID	erations						
	mpls-te rea wr							
Examples	This is sam	ple output from	n the show rsvp f a	ast-reroute co	mmand:			
	RP/0/RP0/C	CPU0:router#	show rsvp fast-	reroute				
	Туре		tination	TunID	Source	PSBs		
	LSP4	10.1	10.10.10	1	10.20.20.20	Ready	Re	

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 8: show rsvp fast-reroute Command Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Туре	Type of session.
Destination	Destination address of session.
TunID	Tunnel ID number.
Source	Source address of session.
PSBs	PSB FRR ^{1} state.
RSBs	RSB FRR state.

¹ Fast reroute.

This is sample output from the show rsvp fast-reroute summary command:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp fast-reroute summary

States	Total	Ready	Act-Wait	Active
PSBs	1	1	0	0
RSBs	1	1	0	0

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 9: show rsvp fast-reroute summary Command Field Descriptions

Field	Description
States	FRR^2 state.
Total	Total number of path and reservation states.
Ready	Number of states in FRR ready state. No FRR processing has been done on these states.
Act-Wait	 Number of states in "Active Wait" FRR state. For PSBs, this indicates that after FRR the path message has not yet been sent. For RSBs, this indicates that after FRR, the reservation message has not yet been received.
Active	 Number of states in "Active" FRR state. For PSBs, this indicates that after FRR the path message has been sent. For RSBs, this indicates that after FRR, the reservation message has been received.

² Fast reroute.

show rsvp graceful-restart

To display the local graceful-restart information for RSVP, use the **show rsvp graceful-restart** command in XR EXEC mode.

show rsvp graceful-restart [neighbors] [IP-address] [detail]

neighbors (Optional) Displays single-line status for each neighbor. If this keyword is not specified, only a multiline table entry is displayed showing local graceful-restart information.							
	<i>IP-address</i> (Optional) Address of the neighbor you are displaying. Displays a specific neighbor with that destination address only. If this keyword is not specified, all neighbors are displayed.						
	(Optional) Displays multiline status for each neighbor. If this keyword is not specified, only a single-line table entry is displayed.						
No default be	ehavior or values						
XR EXEC m	node						
Release	Modification						
Release 6.0	This command was introduced.						
Graceful-rest	tart neighbors are displayed in ascending order of neighbor IP address.						
Task Ope ID	rations						
mpls-te read writ							
The following is sample output from the show rsvp graceful-restart command:							
RP/0/RP0/CE	PU0:router# show rsvp graceful-restart						
Local MPI Restart t Recovery	restart: enabled Number of global neighbors: 1 LS router id: 192.168.55.55 time: 60 seconds Recovery time: 120 seconds timer: Not running terval: 5000 milliseconds Maximum Hello miss-count: 4						
	IP-address 0 IP-address 0 detail 0 No default be 9 XR EXEC m 9 Release 6.0 Graceful-ress 10 mpls-te reac writ The followin RP/0/RP0/CE Graceful Local MPI Restart t Recovery						

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 10: show rsvp graceful-restart Command Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Graceful restart	Indicates whether graceful restart is configured locally.
Number of global neighbors	Number of neighbors identified by a unique router ID.
Local MPLS router id	Local router ID used for the MPLS applications.
Restart time	Amount of time after a loss in hello messages within which RSVP hello session is reestablished. This setting is manually configurable.
Recovery time	Local recovery time advertised to neighbors. This is dynamically computed based on the number of LSPs established and is the time used by neighbors to refresh states in the event of a failure.
Recovery timer	Countdown timer which, upon expiry, causes un-refreshed data forwarding states to be deleted (usually beginning with a value that is equivalent to the sum of the restart and recovery times).
Hello interval	Interval at which hello messages are sent to neighbors.
Maximum hello miss-count	Number of hellos from a neighbor that can be missed before declaring hellos down.

The following is sample output from the **show rsvp graceful-restart neighbors** command, which displays information about graceful restart neighbors in the router:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp graceful-restart neighbors

Neighbor	App	State	Recovery	Reaso	on	Since	LostCnt
192.168.77.77 MF	LS	UP	DONE	N/A	19/12/2016	17:02:25	0

Table 11: show rsvp graceful-restart neighbors Command Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Neighbor	Router ID of a global neighbor.
App	Application type of a global neighbor (MPLS).
State	State of the hello session to a global neighbor (up, down, INIT).
Recovery	State at which the local node is recovering a global neighbor.
Reason	Last reason for which communication has been lost for a global neighbor. If none has occurred, this field is marked as N/A.
Since	Time at which the current hello state for a global neighbor has been established.

Field	Description
LostCnt	Number of times hello communication has been lost with a global neighbor.

The following is sample output from the **show rsvp graceful-restart neighbors detail** command, which displays detailed information about all graceful restart neighbors:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp graceful-restart neighbors detail
```

```
Neighbor: 192.168.77.77 Source: 192.168.55.55 (MPLS)
Hello instance for application MPLS
Hello State: UP (for 00:20:52)
Number of times communications with neighbor lost: 0
Reason: N/A
Recovery State: DONE
Number of Interface neighbors: 1
address: 192.168.55.0
Restart time: 120 seconds Recovery time: 120 seconds
Restart time: Not running
Recovery timer: Not running
Hello interval: 5000 milliseconds Maximum allowed missed Hello messages: 4
```

Field	Description
Neighbor	Router ID of a global neighbor.
Source	Local router ID and application type.
Hello State	State of the hello instance for the global neighbor (up, down, or init) and duration of the current state.
Number of times communications with neighbor lost	Number of times hello communication has been lost with a global neighbor.
Reason	Last reason indicating why communication was lost for a global neighbor. If none has occurred, this field is marked as N/A.
Recovery State	State at which the local node is recovering a global neighbor.
Number of Interface neighbors	Number of interfaces belonging to a global neighbor.
Address	IP address of the interface neighbor.
Recovery timer	Remote recovery time for a global neighbor.
Hello interval	Interval at which hello messages are sent by the remote global neighbor.
Maximum allowed missed Hello messages	Number of hellos that can be missed by the remote global neighbor before declaring hellos down.

show rsvp hello instance

	To display the RSVP hello instances, use the show rsvp hello instance command in XR EXEC mode.								
	show rsv	p hello ins	tance [Ha	ostname (or IP-address]] [detail]			
Syntax Description	Hostname or IP-address (Optional) Address of the neighbor you are displaying. If this argument is ne specified, all neighbors are displayed.								
	detail					e status for each hello instance. If this keyword is table entry is displayed.			
Command Default	No defau	lt behavior	or values						
Command Modes	XR EXE	C mode							
Command History	Release	Modific	ation						
	Release 6.0	This co	mmand wa	s introduc	ed.				
Usage Guidelines	Hello ins	tances are c	lisplayed i	n ascendii	ng order of neig	hbor IP address.			
Task ID	Task ID	Operations							
	mpls-te	read, write							
Examples		wing is san on about al				lo instance command, which displays brief			
	RP/0/RPC	/CPU0:rou	ter# shov	rsvp he	ello instance				
	Neighb	or	Туре	State	Interface	LostCnt			
	192.168.77.77 ACTIVE UP None 0								
	This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.								
	Table 13: sh	Table 13: show rsvp hello instance Command Field Descriptions							
	Field	Descripti	on						
		-							

	-
Neighbor	Router ID of a global neighbor hosting the hello instance.
Туре	Hello instance type (active or passive). Active type indicates that a node is sending hello requests and passive indicates that a node is sending hello acknowledgements.

Field	Description
State	State of the hello session to a global neighbor (up, down, or init).
Interface	Interface for interface bound hello's used for FRR ³ . Hello instances bound to a global neighbor show Interface as None. Hellos used for FRR are currently not supported.
LostCnt	Number of times hello communication has been lost with a global neighbor.

³ Fast reroute.

The following is sample output from the **show rsvp hello instance** command, which displays detailed information about all hello instances in the router:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp hello instance detail

```
Neighbor: 192.168.77.77 Source: 192.168.55.55 (MPLS)
 State: UP (for 00:07:14)
Type: ACTIVE (sending requests)
 I/F: None
 Hello interval (msec) (used when ACTIVE)
 Configured: 5000
 Src_instance 0x484b01, Dst_instance 0x4d4247
 Counters:
 Communication with neighbor lost:
   Num of times: 0 Reasons:
     Missed acks:
                             0
     New Src Inst received: 0
     New Dst_Inst received: 0
      I/f went down:
                               0
     Neighbor disabled Hello: 0
 Msgs Received: 93
   Sent: 92
   Suppressed: 87
```

Field	Description
Neighbor	Router ID of a global neighbor.
Source	Local router ID and application type.
State	State of the hello instance for the global neighbor (up, down or init) and duration of the current state.
Туре	Hello instance type (active or passive). Active type indicates that a node is sending hello requests and passive indicates that a node is sending hello acks.
I/F	Interface for interface bound hellos. Hello instances for Graceful restart show interface as None.

Table 14: show rsvp hello instance detail Command Field Descriptions

show rsvp hello instance interface-based

To display the RSVP hello instances on a specific interface, use the **show rsvp hello instance interface-based** command in XR EXEC mode.

show rsvp hello instance interface-based [IP-address] [detail]

Syntax Description	IP-addres	s (Optional specified,				face. you are displaying. If this argument	is not		
	detail	(Optional) Display	vs detailed	information for	r the specified interface.			
ommand Default	No defaul	t behavior of	r values						
ommand Modes	XR EXEC	C mode							
ommand History	Release	Modifica	tion						
	Release 6.0	This com	mand wa	s introduc	ed.				
lsage Guidelines	Hello inst	ances are dis	splayed i	n ascendir	ng order of neig	hbor IP address.			
Task ID	Task C ID	Operations							
	mpls-te r	ead, vrite							
xamples						instance interface-based command, whice specific interface:	ch		
	RP/0/RP0,	/CPU0:route	er# shov	v rsvp he	llo instance	interface-based 10.10.10.10			
		or 	Туре 	State	Interface	LostCnt			
	10.10.1	10.10	ACTIVE	UP	None	0			
	This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.								
	Table 15: sho	ow rsvp hello in	istance int	erface-based	d Command Field D	escriptions			
	Field	Description	1						
	Neighbor Router ID of a global neighbor hosting the hello instance.								

Field	Description
State	State of the hello session to a global neighbor (up, down, or init).
Interface	Interface for interface bound hellos used for FRR ⁴ . For hello instances bound to a global neighbor, interface will be displayed as none.
LostCnt	Number of times hello communication has been lost with a global neighbor.

⁴ Fast reroute.

show rsvp interface

To display information about all interfaces with RSVP enabled, use the **show rsvp interface** command in System Admin EXEC mode.

show rsvp interface [type interface-path-id] [detail]

Syntax Description	type	(Optional) Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.						
	interface-path-id	Physical interface or a virtual interface.						
		Note Use the show interfaces command to see a list of all possible interfaces currently configured on the router.						
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.						
	detail	(Optional) Displays multiline status for each interface. If this keyword is not specified, only a single-line table entry is displayed.						
Command Default	No default behavio	or or values						
Command Modes	XR EXEC mode							
Usage Guidelines	_	interface command to display various configuration settings such as the list of neighbors eduction capabilities.						
Fask ID	Task Operations ID	- \$						
	mpls-te read, write	_						
Examples		ample output from the show rsvp interface command, which displays brief the RSVP-configured interfaces running in prestandard DS-TE mode:						
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:rc	outer# show rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3						
	BW (bits/sec):	5:07.737 UTC redGigE 0/0/0/3 (ifh=0x4000300). Max=750M. MaxFlow=750M. Allocated=0 (0%). BC0=750M. BC1=0.						
		ample output from the show rsvp interface command, which displays brief the RSVP-configured interfaces for the GigabitEthernet interface type:						
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:rc	outer# show rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3						

Thu Oct 22 20:35:42.323 0	JTC			
Interface	MaxBW (bps)	MaxFlow (bps)	Allocated (bps)	MaxSub (bps)
HundredGigE 0/0/0/3	750M	750M	0 (0응)	0

This following is sample output from the **show rsvp interfaces detail** command running in standard DS-TE mode:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3 detail
```

```
Thu Oct 22 20:35:11.638 UTC
INTERFACE: HundredGigE 0/0/0/3 (ifh=0x4000300).
VRF ID: 0x6000000 (Default).
BW (bits/sec): Max=750M. MaxFlow=750M.
             Allocated=0 (0%).
             BC0=750M. BC1=0.
Signalling: No DSCP marking. No rate limiting.
States in: 0. Max missed msgs: 4.
Expiry timer: Not running. Refresh interval: 45s.
Normal Refresh timer: Not running. Summary refresh timer: Running.
Refresh reduction local: Enabled. Summary Refresh: Enabled (1472 bytes max).
Reliable summary refresh: Disabled. Bundling: Enabled. (1500 bytes max).
Ack hold: 400 ms, Ack max size: 1500 bytes. Retransmit: 900ms.
Neighbor information:
   Neighbor-IP Nbor-MsgIds States-out Refresh-Reduction Expiry(min::sec)
 10.0.0.1
                          0
                                   6
                                              Enabled 14::56
                                   0
   10.10.10.10
                         0
                                             Enabled 14::33
```

Field	Description
Bandwidth	Configured values on the interface and currently allocated bandwidth.
Ack hold	Time, in milliseconds, before RSVP responds with an acknowledgment.
Neighbor-IP	Address of peer that RSVP is exchanging messages on that interface.
Nbor-msglds	Message IDs received from the neighbor (corresponding to the number of LSPs with reliable messaging).
States-out	States (including paths or reservations) sent on this interface to the neighbor.
Refresh Reduction	Neighbor Refresh Reduction capability.
Expiry	Time a neighbor entry in the interface database expires if there is no activity on this interface with the corresponding neighbor.

Table 16: show rsvp interface detail Command Field Descriptions

show rsvp neighbor

To display information about RSVP neighbors, use the show rsvp neighbor command in XR EXEC mode.

show rsvp neighbor [detail] Syntax Description detail (Optional) Displays detailed information about RSVP neighbors. No default behavior or values **Command Default** XR EXEC mode **Command Modes Command History** Release Modification Release This command was introduced. 6.0 Use the **show rsvp interface** command to display various configuration settings such as the list of neighbors **Usage Guidelines** and their refresh reduction capabilities. Task ID Task **Operations** ID mpls-te read, write **Examples** The following is sample output from the show rsvp neighbor command using the detail keyword: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp neighbor detail Global Neighbor: 10.10.10.10 Interface Neighbor: 1.1.1.1 Interface: HundredGigE0/0/0/3 Refresh Reduction: "Enabled" or "Disabled". Remote epoch: 0xXXXXXXXX Out of order messages: 0 Retransmitted messages: 0 Interface Neighbor: 2.2.2.2 Interface: HundredGigE0/0/0/3 Refresh Reduction: "Enabled" or "Disabled". Remote epoch: 0xXXXXXXXX Out of order messages: 0 Retransmitted messages: 0

show rsvp reservation

To display all reservations that RSVP knows about on a router, use the **show rsvp reservation** command in XR EXEC mode.

show rsvp reservation [destination IP address] [detail] [dst-port port-num] [session-type { lsp-p2p
}] [source IP-address] [src-port port-num]

Syntax Description detail (Optional) Displays multiline status for each reservation. If the detail keyword is not specified, only a single-line table entry is displayed. destination IP-address (Optional) Displays the entries that match the specified address. dst-port port-num (Optional) Displays the entries that match the specified address. dst-port port-num (Optional) Displays the entries that match the specified session type. lsp-p2p Displays the entries that are used for P2P sessions. source IP-address (Optional) Displays source address information. src-port port-num (Optional) Displays source address information. Command Default No default behavior or values XR EXEC mode The show rsvp reservation command displays information about downstream reservations only (that is, rese										
dst-port port-num (Optional) Displays destination port and tunnel ID information. session-type (Optional) Displays the entries that match the specified session type. lsp-p2p Displays the entries that are used for P2P sessions. source IP-address (Optional) Displays source address information. sre-port port-num (Optional) Displays source address information. sre-port port-num (Optional) Displays source port and LSP ID information. Command Default No default behavior or values Command Modes XR EXEC mode Command History Release Modification Release This command was introduced. 6.0 Usage Guidelines The show rsvp reservation command displays information about downstream reservations only (that is, reservations received on this device or created by application program interface (API) calls). Upstream reservations or requests are displayed using the show rsvp request command. Task ID Task Operations ID mpls-te read, write The following is sample output from the show rsvp reservation command: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp reservation	Syntax Description	detail	(Optional) Displays multiline status for each reservation. If the detail keyword is not specified, only a single-line table entry is displayed.							
session-type (Optional) Displays the entries that match the specified session type. lsp-p2p Displays the entries that are used for P2P sessions. source IP-address (Optional) Displays source address information. src-port port-num (Optional) Displays source port and LSP ID information. Command Default No default behavior or values Command Modes XR EXEC mode Command History Release Modification Release This command was introduced. 0.0 The show rsvp reservation command displays information about downstream reservations only (that is, reservations received on this device or created by application program interface (API) calls). Upstream reservations or requests are displayed using the show rsvp request command. Task ID Task Operations ID mpls-te read, write The following is sample output from the show rsvp reservation command: RP/0/RP0/CPU0: router# show rsvp reservation		destination IP-address	(Optional) Displays the entries that match the specified address.							
Isp-p2p Displays the entries that are used for P2P sessions. source IP-address (Optional) Displays source address information. sre-port port-num (Optional) Displays source port and LSP ID information. Command Default No default behavior or values Command Modes XR EXEC mode Command History Release Modification Release This command was introduced. 0.0 The show rsvp reservation command displays information about downstream reservations only (that is, reservations received on this device or created by application program interface (API) calls). Upstream reservations or requests are displayed using the show rsvp request command. Task ID Task Operations ID mpls-te read, write The following is sample output from the show rsvp reservation command: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:routerf show rsvp reservation		dst-port port-num	(Optional) Displays destination port and tunnel ID information.							
source IP-address (Optional) Displays source address information. src-port port-num (Optional) Displays source port and LSP ID information. Command Default No default behavior or values Command Modes XR EXEC mode Command History Release Modification Release This command was introduced. 6.0 Usage Guidelines The show rsvp reservation command displays information about downstream reservations only (that is, reservations or requests are displayed using the show rsvp request command. Task ID Task Operations ID mpls-te read, write The following is sample output from the show rsvp reservation command: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router‡ show rsvp reservation		session-type	(Optional) Displays the entries that match the specified session type.							
src-port port-num (Optional) Displays source port and LSP ID information. Command Default No default behavior or values Command Modes XR EXEC mode Command History Release Modification Release This command was introduced. 6.0 Usage Guidelines The show rsvp reservation command displays information about downstream reservations only (that is, reservations received on this device or created by application program interface (API) calls). Upstream reservations or requests are displayed using the show rsvp request command. Task ID Task Operations ID mpls-te read, write The following is sample output from the show rsvp reservation command: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp reservation		lsp-p2p	Displays the entries that are used for P2P sessions.							
Command Default No default behavior or values Command Modes XR EXEC mode Command History Release Modification Release This command was introduced. 6.0 Usage Guidelines The show rsvp reservation command displays information about downstream reservations only (that is, reservations received on this device or created by application program interface (API) calls). Upstream reservations or requests are displayed using the show rsvp request command. Task ID Task Operations ID mpls-te read, write The following is sample output from the show rsvp reservation command: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp reservation		source IP-address	(Optional) Displays source address information.							
Command Modes XR EXEC mode Command History Release Modification Release This command was introduced. 6.0 Usage Guidelines The show rsvp reservation command displays information about downstream reservations only (that is, reservations received on this device or created by application program interface (API) calls). Upstream reservations or requests are displayed using the show rsvp request command. Task ID Task Operations ID mpls-te read, write Examples The following is sample output from the show rsvp reservation command: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp reservation		<pre>src-port port-num</pre>	(Optional) Displays source port and LSP ID information.							
Command History Release Modification Release This command was introduced. 6.0 Usage Guidelines The show rsvp reservation command displays information about downstream reservations only (that is, reservations received on this device or created by application program interface (API) calls). Upstream reservations or requests are displayed using the show rsvp request command. Task ID Task Operations D mpls-te read, write Examples The following is sample output from the show rsvp reservation command: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp reservation	Command Default	No default behavior or v	ralues							
Release This command was introduced. 6.0 The show rsvp reservation command displays information about downstream reservations only (that is, reservations received on this device or created by application program interface (API) calls). Upstream reservations or requests are displayed using the show rsvp request command. Task ID Task Operations ID mpls-te read, write mpls-te read, write The following is sample output from the show rsvp reservation command: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp reservation	Command Modes	XR EXEC mode								
6.0 Usage Guidelines The show rsvp reservation command displays information about downstream reservations only (that is, reservations received on this device or created by application program interface (API) calls). Upstream reservations or requests are displayed using the show rsvp request command. Task ID Task Operations 0 mpls-te read, write mpls-te read, write Examples The following is sample output from the show rsvp reservation command:	Command History	Release Modificatio	n							
could of cardonice reservations received on this device or created by application program interface (API) calls). Upstream reservations or requests are displayed using the show rsvp request command. Task ID Task Operations ID mpls-te read, write mpls-te read, write Examples The following is sample output from the show rsvp reservation command: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp reservation										
ID mpls-te read, write Examples The following is sample output from the show rsvp reservation command: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp reservation	Usage Guidelines	reservations received on	this device or created by application program interface (API) calls). Upstream							
Examples The following is sample output from the show rsvp reservation command: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp reservation	Task ID	•								
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp reservation		-								
	Examples	The following is sample	output from the show rsvp reservation command:							
Dest Addr DPort Source Addr SPort Pro Input IF Sty Serv Rate Burst		RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router	# show rsvp reservation							
		Dest Addr DI	Port Source Addr SPort Pro Input IF Sty Serv Rate Burst							

192.168.67.68 2000 10.40.40 15 0 HundredGigE 0/0/0/3 SE LOAD 0

The following example displays detailed information about all reservations in the router:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp reservation detail
```

RESV: IPv4-LSP Session addr: 192.168.40.40. TunID: 2001. LSPId: 2. Source addr: 192.168.67.68. ExtID: 192.168.67.68. Input adjusted interface: None. Input physical interface: None. Next hop: 0.0.0.0 (lih: 0x0). Style: Shared-Explicit. Service: Controlled-Load. Rate: 0 bits/sec. Burst: 1K bytes. Peak: 0 bits/sec. MTU min: 40, max: 500 bytes. Flags: Local Receiver. State expires in 0.000 sec. Policy: Accepted. Policy source(s): MPLS/TE. Header info: RSVP TTL=255. IP TTL=255. Flags: 0x0. TOS=0xff. Resource: Labels: Local downstream: 3. RESV: IPv4-LSP Session addr: 192.168.67.68. TunID: 2000. LSPId: 15. Source addr: 192.168.40.40. ExtID: 10.10.40.40. Input adjusted interface: HundredGigE 0/0/0/3. Input physical interface: HundredGigE 0/0/0/3. Next hop: 10.66.67.68 (lih: 0x8DE00002). Style: Shared-Explicit. Service: Controlled-Load. Rate: 0 bits/sec. Burst: 1K bytes. Peak: 0 bits/sec. MTU min: 0, max: 500 bytes. Flags: None. State expires in 361.184 sec. Policy: Accepted. Policy source(s): MPLS/TE. Header info: RSVP TTL=254. IP TTL=254. Flags: 0x1. TOS=0xff. Resource: Labels: Outgoing downstream: 3.

Table 17: show rsvp reservation detail Command Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Input adjusted interface	Interface to reflect the path's outgoing interface.
Input physical interface	Interface where the reservation was received.
Next hop	Address of the downstream node that sent the reservation to this node.
Lih	Logical interface handle sent in the hop object of path returned to us in the reservation to figure out what interface the path was sent on.
Flags	Indicates path state, including as Local Repair, Local Sender (LSP 5 ingress node), and others.
Policy	Admission control status.
Policy source	Entity performing the admission control on the LSP.
Header info	RSVP header information as described in RFC 2205.

I

⁵ Link-state packet

show rsvp sender

To display all path states that RSVP knows about on this router, use the **show rsvp sender** command in XR EXEC mode mode.

show rsvp sender [destination IP-address] [detail] [dst-port port-num] [session-type { lsp-p2p }]
[source IP-address] [src-port port-num]

Syntax Description	detail			(Optional) Displays multiline status for each path. If the detail keyword is not specified, only a single-line table entry is displayed.								
	destination	IP-address	(Optional) Displays the entries that match the specified address.									
	dst-port po	rt-num	(Optio	onal) Display	vs destinati	on por	t and tunnel ID informat	tion.				
	session-typ	e	(Optio	onal) Display	s the entrie	es that	match the specified sess	sion typ	e.			
	lsp-p2p source IP-address		Displa	ays the entrie	es that are u	used fo	r P2P sessions.					
			(Optio	onal) Display	s source a	ddress	information.					
	src-port po	rt-num	(Optio	onal) Display	's source p	ort and	LSP ID information.					
Command Default	No default b	ehavior or va	alues									
Command Modes	XR EXEC m	node										
Command History	Release Modification											
	Release 6.0	This comman	nd was	introduced.								
Usage Guidelines	The show rs	vp sender co	omman	d displays in	formation	about p	bath states.					
Task ID	Task Ope ID	erations										
	mpls-te read writ											
Examples	The followin	ng is sample o	output f	from the sho v	w rsvp sen	dercoi	nmand:					
	RP/0/RP0/CI	PU0:router#	show	rsvp sender	:							
	Dest Addı	r DP	ort	Source Add	lr SPort	Pro	Input IF	Rate	Burst	Prot		

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 18: show rsvp sender Command Field Descriptions

Field	Description
DProt	Destination port number and tunnel-id.
Dest Address	Destination and session address of $LSP^{\underline{6}}$.
SPort	Source port and LSP ID.
Source Addr	Address of the ingress node of the LSP.
Input IF	Interface on which the Path message was received.

⁶ Link-state packet

The following example displays detailed information about all paths in the system:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp sender detail

```
PATH: IPv4-LSP Session addr: 10.66.67.68. TunID: 1. LSPId: 25.
Source addr: 10.40.40.40. ExtID: 10.40.40.40.
Prot: Off. Backup tunnel: None.
Setup Priority: 7, Reservation Priority: 0
Rate: 0 bits/sec. Burst: 1K bytes. Peak: 0 bits/sec.
Min unit: 40 bytes, Max unit: 500 bytes
Flags: Bidirectional.
State expires in 370.154 sec.
Policy: Accepted. Policy source(s): Default.
Header info: RSVP TTL=254. IP TTL=254. Flags: 0x1. TOS=0xc0.
Input interface: HundredGigE 0/0/0/3. Previous hop: 10.40.40.40 (lih: 0x40600001).
Resource:
 Labels: Outgoing upstream: 3.
Class-Type: None.
Explicit Route (Incoming):
     Strict, 10.66.67.68(interface-path-id 5)
     Strict, 10.66.67.68/32
```

Table 19: show rsvp sender detail Command Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Prot	LSP configured as a protected tunnel.
Backup tunnel	Name of the backup tunnel assigned to protect this LSP ⁷ .
Flags	Path state, including as local repair, local sender (LSP ingress node), and others.
Policy	Admission control status for Path message in the incoming direction.
Policy source	Entity doing the admission control, such as COPS or MPLS- $TE^{\underline{8}}$.
Header info	RSVP header information as described in RFC 2205.

Field	Description
Input interface	Interface on which the path was received. At ingress mode, it is None.
Previous hop	Address of the upstream peer who sent us the Path message. May be the interface address or node-id depending on LSP (packet or optical).
Lih	Logical interface handle received in the hop object of the path.
Output interface	Interface on which the path was forwarded to the downstream neighbor
Policy	Admission control status for the path in the outgoing direction.
Explicit route	Explicit route specified in the explicit-route object of the Path message.

⁷ Link-state packet
 ⁸ MPLS-Traffic Engineering

show rsvp session

To list all sessions that RSVP knows about on this router, use the **show rsvp session** command in XR EXEC mode.

show rsvp session [destination IP-address] [detail] [dst-port port-num] [session-type { lsp-p2p }]
[tunnel-name tunnel-name]

detail		` 1	/ 1 /			1	5
destinatio	n IP-address	(Optio	onal) Displays the	entries	that m	atch the spe	ecified address.
dst-port p	ort-num	(Optio	onal) Displays des	tinatior	n port a	nd tunnel I	D information.
session-ty	ре	(Optio	(Optional) Displays the entries that match the specified session type.				
lsp-p2p		Displays the entries that are used for P2P sessions.					
tunnel-na	me tunnel-name	onal) Displays stat	us for t	he sess	ion matchir	ng the specified tunnel-name	
- XR EXEC	mode						
Release	Modification						
Release 6.0	This command	was intr	oduced.				
Sessions ar	e displayed in asc	cending	order of destinati	on IP a	ddress,	destination	n port, and source IP address
Task Op ID	perations						
mpls-te re wi	ad, rite						
W	rite	put fror	n the show rsvp s	ession	comma	nd:	
The follow	rite	-	-	ession	comma	nd:	
The follow	rite ing is sample out CPU0:router# sh	now rst	-				
	destinatio dst-port p session-ty lsp-p2p tunnel-na XR EXEC Release 6.0 Sessions ar Task Op	destination IP-address dst-port port-num session-type lsp-p2p tunnel-name tunnel-name XR EXEC mode Release Modification Release This command for the second se	specific destination IP-address (Option dst-port port-num (Option session-type (Option lsp-p2p Displation tunnel-name tunnel-name (Option XR EXEC mode Release Release Modification Release This command was intro 6.0 Sessions are displayed in ascending Task Operations	specified, only a single- destination IP-address (Optional) Displays the dst-port port-num (Optional) Displays des session-type (Optional) Displays the lsp-p2p Displays the entries that tunnel-name tunnel-name (Optional) Displays stat XR EXEC mode	specified, only a single-line tab destination IP-address (Optional) Displays the entries dst-port port-num (Optional) Displays destination session-type (Optional) Displays the entries lsp-p2p Displays the entries that are use tunnel-name tunnel-name (Optional) Displays status for the entries XR EXEC mode	specified, only a single-line table entriped single-line table entriped single-line table entriped single-line table entriped single-line table entries that m destination IP-address (Optional) Displays the entries that m dst-port port-num (Optional) Displays destination port a session-type (Optional) Displays the entries that m lsp-p2p Displays the entries that are used for I tunnel-name tunnel-name (Optional) Displays status for the sess XR EXEC mode	specified, only a single-line table entry is display destination IP-address (Optional) Displays the entries that match the specified, only a single-line table entry is display destination IP-address (Optional) Displays the entries that match the specified, only a single-line table entry is display destination IP-address (Optional) Displays the entries that match the specified, only a single-line table entry is display destination IP-address (Optional) Displays destination port and tunnel I session-type (Optional) Displays the entries that match the specified is the entries that are used for P2P session tunnel-name tunnel-name (Optional) Displays status for the session matchin XR EXEC mode

I

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 20: show rsvp session Command Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Туре	Type of data flow (Traffic-Engineering LSP (LSP4 or IPV4 session).
Session Addr	Destination address of the data packets and also tail of the LSP.
Port	Destination port or tunnel ID in case of TE tunnels.
Proto/ExtTunID	Source address of TE tunnels or protocol as in the case of IPV4 sessions.
PSBs	Number of path state blocks for this session.
RSBs	Number of reservation state blocks pertaining to incoming or local reservations for this session.
Reqs	Number of requests. State data structure representing reservations sent up-stream.

The following is sample output for the **show rsvp session detail** command:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show rsvp session detail

```
SESSION: IPv4-LSP Addr: 10.66.67.68, TunID: 1, ExtID: 10.40.40.40
PSBs: 1, RSBs: 1, Requests: 0
LSPId: 1
Tunnel Name: newhead t1
 RSVP Path Info:
   InLabel: No intf, No label
  Incoming Address: Unknown
  Explicit Route:
    Strict, 10.66.67.68 (interface-path-id 5)
    Strict, 10.66.67.68/32
   Record Route: None
   Tspec: avg rate=0, burst=1K, peak rate=0
  RSVP Resv Info:
  OutLabel: HundredGigE0/0/0/3, 5
   FRR OutLabel: No intf, No label
   Record Route:
    Node-id 10.66.67.68, interface index 5
   Fspec: avg rate=0, burst=1K, peak rate=0
```

Table 21: show rsvp session detail Command Field Descriptions

Field	Description
TunID	Tunnel identifier and the destination port of the LSP ² .
ExtID	Ingress node address of LSP.
Tunnel Instance	Source port of the LSP (with the ExtId forming the source parameters).
Tunnel Name	Name of the tunnel and LSP.

Field	Description
InLabel	Incoming interface and label info for the LSP in the upstream direction. At the egress node, using penultimate hop popping at the egress node, (implicit-null) appears as <i>No Label</i> .
Incoming Address	Address of the ingress interface.
Explicit Route	Explicit route specified in the explicit-route object of the Path message.
Record Route	Record route object in either the path or reservation message.
Tspec	Traffic parameters.
OutLabel	Outgoing interface and label sent downstream.
FRR OutLabel	For FRR ¹⁰ , displays the backup tunnel and Merge-point label.
Fspec	Flow spec parameters for specified QoS.

⁹ Link-state packet.
¹⁰ Fast reroute.

signalling dscp (RSVP)

To give all RSVP signaling packets sent out on a specific interface higher priority in the network by marking them with a particular Differentiated Service Code Point (DSCP), use the **signalling dscp** command in RSVP interface configuration submode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

signalling dscp dscp no signalling dscp

Syntax Description	<i>dscp</i> DSCP priority number. Range is 0 to 63.
Command Default	No default behavior or values
Command Modes	RSVP interface configuration
Command History	Release Modification
	ReleaseThis command was introduced.6.0
Usage Guidelines	DSCP marking improves signaling setup and teardown times.
	Usually, when a router receives Path messages for a particular state marked with a DSCP value, it sends out Path messages for that state marked with the same DSCP value. This command overrides that DSCP persistence and ensures that all messages sent out a particular interface are marked with a specified DSCP.
	Though this command controls RSVP signaling packets, it has no effect on ordinary IP or MPLS data packets traveling along the path created or reserved by this RSVP session.
	DSCP persistence operates on a per-state basis, but this command operates on a per-interface basis. So, if some incoming message (for example, multicast Path) with DSCP 10 causes two outgoing messages on interfaces A and B, usually both are sent with DSCP 10. If signalling dscp 5 is configured for RSVP on interface A, the Path messages being sent out interface A is marked with DSCP 5, but the Path messages being sent out of interface B are marked with DSCP 10.
	There is a difference between signalling dscp 0 and no signalling dscp commands. The first command instructs RSVP to explicitly set the DSCP value to 0 on all packets sent out of this interface. The second command removes any override on the packets being sent out of this interface, and allows the DSCP of received packets that created this state to persist on packets forwarded out of this interface.
	The RFC specifies a standard mapping from the eight IP precedence values to eight values in the 64-value DSCP space. You can use those special DSCP values to specify IP precedence bits only.
Task ID	Task Operations ID
	mpls-te read, write

write

Examples

The following example shows how to mark all RSVP packets going out on a HundredGigE interface with DSCP value 20.

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# signalling dscp 20
```

The following example shows how to disable DSCP marking of signaling packets going out on a HundredGigE interface.

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# no signalling dscp
```

signalling graceful-restart

To enable or disable RSVP signaling graceful restart, use the **signalling graceful-restart** command in RSVP configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

```
signalling graceful-restart [{recovery-time time | restart-time time}]
no signalling graceful-restart
```

Syntax Description	recovery-time	(Optional) Configures the recovery time that is advertised in the Restart Cap object in the Hello messages.				
	time	Time, in seconds, for the neighbor to wait for the node to recover (replay) existing states after the Hello session is reestablished before initiating TEARs. Range is 0 to 3600.				
	restart-time	(Optional) Configures the restart time that is advertised in the Restart Cap object in hello messages.				
	time	Time, in seconds, after a control-plane restart that RSVP can start exchanging hello messages. Range is 60 to 3600. Default is 120.				
Command Default	RSVP signaling	graceful restart is disabled.				
Command Modes	RSVP configura	ation				
Command History	Release Mo	odification				
	Release Th 6.0	is command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	MPLS and Opti	graceful-restart command provides a mechanism that helps minimize the negative effects on cal User Network Interface (O-UNI) traffic for the following types of faults. This is an of the fault handling section of the IETF standard RFC 3473:				
	Control-channel-failure					
	-	of communication channels between 2 nodes when the communication channels are separated ata channels.				
	Node-failure					
	Control pla	ane of a node fails, but the node preserves its data forwarding states.				
	and its neighbor	graceful-restart command instigates the exchange of RSVP hello messages between the router nodes. After the hello messages are established with a given neighbor, RSVP can detect these when they occur.				
	that communica	sages are received from a neighbor within a certain number of hello intervals, a node assumes ation with the neighbor has been lost. The node waits the amount of time advertised by the last municated by the neighbor, before invoking procedures for recovery from communication				
	-	restart time is important in case of recovery from failure. The configured value should accurately nt of time within which, after a control-plane restart, RSVP can start exchanging hello messages.				

Task ID	Task Operations ID
	mpls-te read, write
Examples	The following example shows how to enable RSVP signalling graceful restart:
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp)# signalling graceful-restart
	The following example shows how to set the restart time:
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp)# signalling graceful-restart restart-time 200
	The following example shows how to reset the restart time to the default of 120 seconds:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp)# no signalling graceful-restart restart-time
```

I

signalling hello graceful-restart interface-based

To enable RSVP to accept interface-based hello requests from the neighbor on an interface and send a Hello Acknowledgment to it, use the **signalling hello graceful-restart interface-based** command in RSVP configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

signalling hello graceful-restart interface-based no signalling hello graceful-restart interface-based

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.			
Command Default	No default behavior or values			
Command Modes	RSVP interface configuration			
Command History	Release Modification			
	ReleaseThis command was introduced.6.0			
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.			
Task ID	Task Operations ID			
	mpls-te read, write			
Examples	The following example shows how to enable interface-based graceful restart: RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure			

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # rsvp interface tunnel-te 66

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# signalling hello graceful-restart interface based

RSVP Infrastructure Commands

signalling hello graceful-restart refresh interval

To configure the interval at which RSVP graceful-restart hello messages are sent to each neighbor, use the **signalling hello graceful-restart refresh interval** command in RSVP configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

signalling hello graceful-restart refresh interval *refresh-interval* no signalling hello graceful-restart refresh interval

Syntax Description *refresh-interval* Interval, in milliseconds, at which RSVP graceful-restart hello messages are sent to each neighbor. Range is 3000 to 30000.

Command Default refresh interval: 5000

Command Modes RSVP configuration

- Command History
 Release
 Modification

 Release
 This command was introduced.
 - 6.0

Usage Guidelines The **signalling hello graceful-restart refresh interval** command determines how often hello messages are sent to each neighbor. If the interval is made short, the hello messages are sent more frequently. Although a short interval may help detect failures quickly, it also results in increased network traffic. Optimizations in the RSVP hello mechanism exist to reduce the number of hello messages traveling over the network.

When an RSVP hello message is received, the receiving node acknowledges the hello and restarts its hello timer to the neighbor. By doing this, a hello is transmitted to the neighbor only if a hello is not received before the hello refresh interval has expired.

If two neighboring nodes do not have the same hello interval, the node with the larger hello interval has to acknowledge its neighbor's (more frequent) hellos. For instance, if node A has a hello interval of 5 seconds, and node B has a hello interval of 10 seconds, node B still has to send hello messages every 5 seconds.

The hello backoff mechanism is an optimization that is tailored to minimize the number of hello messages from a neighbor that either does not have graceful restart enabled, or that fails to come back up during the restart interval. The restart interval is provided by the neighbor in the restart cap object.

 Task ID
 Task ID
 Operations

 ID
 mpls-te read, write

Examples

The following example sets the hello graceful-restart refresh interval to 4000 msecs:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp)# signalling hello graceful-restart refresh interval 4000

signalling prefix-filtering access-list

To specify the extended access control list to use for prefix filtering of RSVP Router Alert messages, use the **signalling prefix-filtering access-list** command in RSVP configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

signalling prefix-filtering access-list access list name no signalling prefix-filtering access-list access list name

Syntax Description	access list Extended access-list name as a string (maximum 32 characters).	
Command Default	No default behavior or values	
Command Modes	RSVP configuration	
Command History	Release Modification	
	Release This command was introduced. 6.0	
Usage Guidelines	The extended access control list containing the source and destination prefixes used for packet filtering is configured separately.	
Task ID	Task Operations ID	
	mpls-te read, write	
Examples	The following example shows how to configure the access control list name banks for prefix-filtering of RSVP Router Alert messages:	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp)# signalling prefix-filtering access-list banks	
	The following example shows how to disable RSVP prefix-filtering of RSVP Router Alert messages:	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp)# no signalling prefix-filtering access-list banks	

signalling prefix-filtering default-deny-action

To configure RSVP to drop RSVP Router Alert messages when an access control list match returns an implicit deny, use the **signalling prefix-filtering default-deny-action** command in RSVP configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

signalling prefix-filtering default-deny-action drop no signalling prefix-filtering default-deny-action drop

Syntax Description	drop Specifies when RSVP router alert messages are dropped. Performs normal RSVP processing of Path, Path Tear, and ResvConfirm message packets.		
Command Default			
Command Modes	RSVP configuration		
Command History	Release Modification		
	Release This command was introduc 6.0	ed.	
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of	this command.	
Task ID	Task Operations ID		
	mpls-te read, write		
Examples	The following example shows how to conlist match returns an implicit deny:	figure RSVP Router Alert messages when an access control	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure		

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp)# signalling prefix-filtering default-deny-action drop

signalling rate-limit

To limit the rate of RSVP signaling messages being sent out a particular interface, use the **signalling rate-limit** command in RSVP interface configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

signalling rate-limit[rate messages] [interval interval-length]
no signalling rate-limit [rate messages] [interval interval-length]

Syntax Description		(Optional) Configures the number of messages sent per scheduling interval. Range is 1 to 500 messages.	
	interval <i>interval-length</i> (Optional) Specifies the length, in milliseconds, between scheduling intervals. Range is 250 to 2000.		
Command Default	messages: 100		
	interval-length: 1,000 (1 se	econd)	
Command Modes	RSVP interface configuration	ion	
Command History	Release Modification		
	Release This command 6.0	d was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	an overload of the next hop drop RSVP messages. How	we with caution. Limiting the rate of RSVP signaling has the advantage of avoiding or router's input queue, because such overloads would cause the next hop router to vever, reliable messaging and rapid retransmit usually enable the router to recover drops; so rate limiting might not be necessary.	
	acknowledgments (ACK) a	causes slower convergence times. This command limits all RSVP messages except and SRefresh messages. The command does not let you make a router generate herent limit. (That limit differs among router models.)	
Task ID	Task Operations ID		
	mpls-te read, write		
Examples	The following example sho	ows how to enable rate-limiting:	
		configure onfig)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3 onfig-rsvp-if)# signalling rate-limit	
	The following example sho	ows how to limit the rate to 50 messages per second:	

L

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# signalling rate-limit rate 50
```

The following example shows how to set a limit at 40 messages for every 250 milliseconds:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# signalling rate-limit rate 40 interval 250
```

The following example shows how to restore the rate to the default of 100 messages per second:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# no signalling rate-limit rate
```

The following example shows how to disable rate-limiting:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# no signalling rate-limit
```

signalling refresh interval

To change the frequency with which a router updates the network about the RSVP state of a particular interface, use the **signalling refresh interval** command in RSVP interface configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

signalling refresh interval seconds no signalling refresh interval

Syntax Description *seconds* Number of seconds the router waits to update the network about the RSVP state of an interface, in seconds. Range is 10 to 180. Default is 45.

Command Default seconds: 45

Command Modes RSVP interface configuration

 Command History
 Release
 Modification

 Release
 This command was introduced.

6.0

Usage Guidelines

RSVP relies on a soft-state mechanism to maintain state consistency in the face of network losses. That mechanism is based on continuous refresh messages to keep a state current. Each RSVP router is responsible for sending periodic refresh messages to its neighbors.

The router attempts to randomize network traffic and reduce metronomic burstiness by jittering the actual interval between refreshes by as much as 50 percent. As a result, refreshes may not be sent at exactly the interval specified. However, the average rate of refreshes are within the specified refresh interval.

Lengthening the interval reduces the refresh load of RSVP on the network but causes downstream nodes to hold state longer. This reduces the responsiveness of the network to failure scenarios. Shortening the interval improves network responsiveness but expands the messaging load on the network.

The reliable messaging extension, implemented through the **signalling refresh reduction reliable** command, may cause new or changed messages to be temporarily refreshed at a more rapid rate than specified to improve network responsiveness.

The use of reliable messaging with rapid retransmit substantially improves network responsiveness in case of transient message loss; if the refresh interval is changed when using the reliable messaging feature, it is more useful to lengthen the interval than to shorten it.

The summary refresh extension, implemented through the **signalling refresh reduction summary** command, provides a lower-cost mechanism to refresh RSVP state. The router uses the same refresh interval between successive refreshes of a single state when using summary refresh and when using ordinary message-based refresh.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	mpls-te	read,
		write

Examples The following evan

The following example shows how to specify a refresh interval of 30 seconds:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface tunnel-te 2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# signalling refresh interval 30
```

The following example shows how to restore the refresh interval to the default value of 45 seconds:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface tunnel-te 2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# no signalling refresh interval
```

signalling refresh missed

To specify the number of successive refresh messages that can be missed before the RSVP deems a state to be expired (resulting in the state to be torn down), use the **signalling refresh missed** command in RSVP interface configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

signalling refresh missed number no signalling refresh missed

Syntax Description	number Number of successive missed refresh messages. Range is 1 to 8. Default is 4.		
Command Default	number: 4		
Command Modes	RSVP interface configuration		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Release 6.0	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	Decreasing the missed-message number improves RSVP responsiveness to major failures like router failure or link faults, but decreases the resilience of RSVP resulting in packet drops or temporary network congestion. The latter condition makes RSVP too sensitive.		
	Increasing the missed-message number increases the resilience of RSVP to such transient packet loss, but decreases the RSVP responsiveness to more intransient network failures such as router failure or link fault.		
	The default value of 4 provides a balance of resil	lience and responsiveness factors.	
Task ID	Task Operations ID		
	mpls-te read, write		
Examples	The following example shows how to specify a n	nissed refresh limit of six (6) messages:	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface tunnel-te 2 RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# signalling refresh missed 6		
	The following example shows how to return the r	nissed refresh limit to the default value of four (4):	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interf RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# no		

window-size (RSVP)

To specify the maximum number of RSVP authenticated messages that can be received out of sequence, use the **window-size** command in RSVP authentication configuration mode, RSVP interface authentication configuration mode, or RSVP neighbor authentication configuration mode. To disable the window size, use the **no** form of this command.

window-size N no window-size

Syntax Description N Size of the window to restrict out-of-sequence messages. Range is 1 to 64. Default is 1. All out-of-sequence messages are dropped. N: 1 **Command Default RSVP** authentication configuration **Command Modes** RSVP interface authentication configuration RSVP neighbor authentication configuration **Command History** Release Modification Release 6.0 This command was introduced. Use the **window-size** command to specify the maximum number of authenticated messages that are received **Usage Guidelines** out of sequence. All RSVP authenticated messages include a sequence number that is used to prevent replays of RSVP messages. With a default window size of one message, RSVP rejects any out-of-order or out-of-sequence authenticated messages because they are assumed to be replay attacks. However, sometimes bursts of RSVP messages become reordered between RSVP neighbors. If this occurs on a regular basis, and you can verify that the node sending the burst of messages is trusted, you can use the window-size option to adjust the burst size such that RSVP does not discard such reordered bursts. RSVP checks for duplicate messages within these bursts. Task ID Task Operations ID mpls-te read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to configure the size of the window to 33 in RSVP neighbor authentication configuration mode:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp neighbor 1.1.1.1 authentication
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-nbor-auth)# window-size 33

The following example shows how to configure the size of the window to 33 in RSVP authentication configuration mode:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp authentication
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-auth)# window-size 33
```

The following example shows how to configure the size of the window to 33 in RSVP interface authentication configuration mode by using the **rsvp interface** command:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# authentication
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if-auth)# window-size 33
```

signalling refresh reduction summary

To configure RSVP summary refresh message size on an interface, use the **signalling refresh reduction summary** command in RSVP interface configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

signalling refresh reduction summarymax-size bytes no signalling refresh reduction summary max-size bytes

Syntax Description	max-size <i>bytes</i> Specifies the maximum size, in bytes, of a single RSVP summary refresh message. Ran is 20 to 65000.			
Command Default	bytes: 4096			
Command Modes	RSVP interface	configuration		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Release 6.0	This command was introduced.		

Usage Guidelines Use the signalling refresh reduction summary command to specify the maximum size of the summary refresh messages sent. Message size is verified using the show rsvp interface detail command.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	mpls-te	read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to change the summary message maximum size on an interface:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface tunnel-te 2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# signalling refresh reduction summary max-size 6000

The following example shows how to return the summary message maximum size to the default value on an interface:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface tunnel-te 2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# no signalling refresh reduction summary max-size 6000

signalling refresh reduction reliable

To configure the parameters of reliable messaging, use the **signalling refresh reduction reliable** command in RSVP interface configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

signalling refresh reduction reliable {ack-max-size bytes | ack-hold-time milliseconds | retransmit-time milliseconds | summary-refresh}

no signalling refresh reduction reliable {ack-max-size bytes | ack-hold-time milliseconds | retransmit-time milliseconds | summary-refresh}

Syntax Description	ack-max-size	size Specifies the maximum size of the RSVP component within a single acknowledgment message.		
	bytes	Number of bytes that define the maximum size of an RSVP component. Range is 20 to 65000.		
	ack-hold-time Specifies the maximum amount of time a router holds an acknowledgment before sending it, in an attempt to bundle several acknowledgments into a single acknowledgment message.			
	milliseconds	Number of milliseconds that define the acknowledgment hold time. Range is 100 to 5000.		
	retransmit-time	e Specifies the amount of time the router initially waits for an acknowledgment message before resending the RSVP message.		
	milliseconds	Number of milliseconds that define the retransmit time. Range is 100 to 10000.		
	summary-refresh Enables the use of reliable transmission for RSVP summary refresh messages.			
Command Default	ack-max-size bytes: 4096			
	ack-hold-time milliseconds: 400 (0.4 seconds)			
	retransmit-time milliseconds: 900 (0.9 seconds)			
Command Modes	RSVP interface configuration			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Release 6.0	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	For reliable messaging to work properly, configure the retransmit time on the send router (A) acknowledgment hold time on the peer router (B). (Vice versa for messages in reverse direct			
	The retransmit time must be greater than the acknowledgment hold time, so that the acknowledgment message has time to get back to the sender before the message retransmits. We recommend that the retransmit-time interval be at least twice the acknowledgment hold-time interval. If the retransmit-time value is smaller than the acknowledgment hold-time value, then router A retransmits the message even though router B may have received the message and is waiting for an acknowledgment hold time to time out to send the acknowledgment. This causes unnecessary network traffic.			

Reducing the value of **ack-max-size** causes more acknowledgment messages to be issued, with fewer acknowledgments contained within each acknowledgment message. However, reducing the acknowledgment-max-size does not speed up the rate at which acknowledgment messages are issued because their frequency is still controlled by the time values (acknowledgment hold time and retransmit time).

To use reliable messaging for summary refresh messages, use the **rsvp interface** *interface-name* and **signalling refresh reduction summary** commands.

Task ID	Task Operations ID
	mpls-te read, write
Examples	The following example shows how to set the maximum acknowledgment message size to 4096 bytes on a HundredGigE interface.
	<pre>RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3 RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# signalling refresh reduction reliable ack-max-size 4096</pre>
	The following example shows how to return the maximum acknowledgment message size to the default of 1000 bytes on a HundredGigE interface.
	<pre>RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3 RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if) # no rsvp signalling refresh reduction reliable</pre>
	The following example shows how to set the acknowledgment hold time to 1 second.
	<pre>RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3 RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# signalling refresh reduction reliable ack-hold-time 1000</pre>
	The following example shows how to return the acknowledgment hold time to the default of 0.4 second.
	<pre>RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3 RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# no signalling refresh reduction reliable ack-hold-time</pre>
	The following example shows how to set the retransmit timer to 2 seconds.
	<pre>RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3 RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# signalling refresh reduction reliable retransmit-time 2000</pre>
	The following example shows how to return the retransmit timer to the default of 0.9 seconds.
	<pre>RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # rsvp interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/3</pre>

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if) # no signalling refresh reduction reliable

The following example shows how to enable the use of reliable transmission for RSVP summary refresh messages.

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# signalling refresh reduction reliable summary-refresh

signalling refresh reduction disable

To disable RSVP refresh reduction on an interface, use the **signalling refresh reduction disable** command in RSVP interface configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

signalling refresh reduction disable no signalling refresh reduction disable

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default No default behavior or values

Command Modes RSVP interface configuration

 Command History
 Release
 Modification

 Release 6.0
 This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines The following features of the IETF refresh reduction standard RFC 2961 are enabled with this command:

- Setting the refresh-reduction-capable bit in message headers
- Message-ID usage
- Reliable messaging with rapid retransmit, acknowledgment (ACK), and NACK messages
- Summary refresh extension

Because refresh reduction relies on cooperation of the neighbor, the neighbor must also support the standard. If the router detects that a neighbor is not supporting the refresh reduction standard (either through observing the refresh-reduction-enabled bit in messages received from the next hop, or by sending a Message-ID object to the next hop and receiving an error), refresh reduction is not used on this link. That information is obtained through use of the **show rsvp interface detail** command.

āsk ID	Task ID	Operations
	mpls-te	read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to disable RSVP refresh reduction on an interface:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface tunnel-te 2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# signalling refresh reduction disable
```

The following example shows how to enable RSVP refresh reduction on the interface:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp interface tunnel-te 2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if)# no signalling refresh reduction disable
```

signalling refresh reduction bundle-max-size

To configure the maximum size of a single RSVP bundle message, use the **signalling refresh reduction bundle-max-size** command in RSVP interface configuration mode.

signalling refresh reduction bundle-max-size size

Syntax Description	<i>size</i> Maximum size, in bytes, of a single RSVP bundle message. Range is 512 to 65000.		
Command Default			
Command Modes	RSVP interface configuration		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Release 6.0	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines Task ID	 No specific guidelines impact the use of t	his command.	
	mpls-te read, write		
Examples	The following example shows how to set th to 4000:	ne maximum bundle size of a single RSVP bundle message	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# rsvp	interface tunnel-te 2	

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-rsvp-if) # signalling refresh reduction bundle-max-size 4000