



## Implementing LPTS

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### LPTS Overview

Local Packet Transport Services (LPTS) maintains tables describing all packet flows destined for the secure domain router (SDR), making sure that packets are delivered to their intended destinations.

LPTS uses two components to accomplish this task: the port arbitrator and flow managers. The port arbitrator and flow managers are processes that maintain the tables that describe packet flows for a logical router, known as the Internal Forwarding Information Base (IFIB). The IFIB is used to route received packets to the correct Route Processor for processing.

LPTS interfaces internally with all applications that receive packets from outside the router. LPTS functions without any need for customer configuration. However, the policer values can be customized if required. The LPTS show commands are provided that allow customers to monitor the activity and performance of LPTS flow managers and the port arbitrator.

### LPTS Policers

In Cisco IOS XR, the control packets, which are destined to the Route Processor (RP), are policed using a set of ingress policers in the incoming ports. These policers are programmed statically during bootup by LPTS components. The policers are applied based on the flow type of the incoming control traffic. The flow type is determined by looking at the packet headers. The policer rates for these static ingress policers are defined in a configuration file, which are programmed on the route processor during bootup. You can change the policer values based on the flow types of these set of ingress policers. You are able to configure the rate per policer per node.

#### Configuration Example

Configure the LPTS policer for the OSPF and BGP flowtypes with the following values:

- ospf unicast default rate 200
- bgp configured rate 200

- bgp default rate 100

```
Router#configure
Router(config)#lpts pifib hardware police
Router(config-pifib-policer-global)#flow ospf unicast default rate 200
Router(config-pifib-policer-global)#flow bgp configured rate 200
Router(config-pifib-policer-global)#flow bgp default rate 100
Router (config-pifib-policer-global)#commit
```

### Running Configuration

```
lpts pifib hardware police
flow ospf unicast default rate 200
flow bgp configured rate 200
flow bgp default rate 100
!
```

### Verification

```
Router#show run lpts pifib hardware police
lpts pifib hardware police
flow ospf unicast default rate 200
flow bgp configured rate 200
flow bgp default rate 100
```




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**Note** The `show lpts pifib hardware police location 0/RP0/CPU0` command displays pre-Internal Forwarding Information Base (IFIB) information for the designated node.

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### Configuration Example

Configure the LPTS policer for the OSPF and BGP flow types with the following values:

- ospf unicast default rate 100
- bgp configured rate 300

```
Router#configure
Router(config)#lpts pifib hardware police
Router(config-pifib-policer-per-node)#flow ospf unicast default rate 200
Router(config-pifib-policer-per-node)#flow bgp configured rate 200
Router(config-pifib-policer-per-node)#flow bgp default rate 100
Router(config-pifib-policer-per-node)#commit
```

### Running Configuration

```
lpts pifib hardware police location 0/RP0/CPU0
flow ospf unicast default rate 100
flow bgp configured rate 300
```

### Verification

```
Router#show run lpts pifib hardware police
lpts pifib hardware police
flow ospf unicast default rate 100
flow bgp configured rate 300
!
```

## Verification

The **show controllers npu stats traps-all instance all location 0/0/CPU0** command displays packets that are locally processed and packets that are dropped by the CPU.

Router# **show controllers npu stats traps-all instance all location 0/0/CPU0**

Trap Type	NPU ID	Trap ID	TrapStats ID	Policer	Packet Accepted	Packet Dropped
RxTrapMimSaMove (CFM_DOWM_MEP_DMM)	0	6	0x6	32037	0	0
RxTrapMimSaUnknown (RCY_CFM_DOWN_MEP_DMM)	0	7	0x7	32037	0	0
RxTrapAuthSaLookupFail (IPMC default)	0	8	0x8	32033	0	0
RxTrapSaMulticast	0	11	0xb	32018	0	0
RxTrapArpMyIp	0	13	0xd	32001	0	0
RxTrapArp	0	14	0xe	32001	11	0
RxTrapDhcpv4Server	0	18	0x12	32022	0	0
RxTrapDhcpv4Client	0	19	0x13	32022	0	0
RxTrapDhcpv6Server	0	20	0x14	32022	0	0
RxTrapDhcpv6Client	0	21	0x15	32022	0	0
RxTrapL2Cache_LACP	0	23	0x17	32003	0	0
RxTrapL2Cache_LLDP1	0	24	0x18	32004	0	0
RxTrapL2Cache_LLDP2	0	25	0x19	32004	1205548	0
RxTrapL2Cache_LLDP3	0	26	0x1a	32004	0	0
RxTrapL2Cache_ELMI	0	27	0x1b	32005	0	0
RxTrapL2Cache_BPDU	0	28	0x1c	32027	0	0
RxTrapL2Cache_BUNDLE_BPDU	0	29	0x1d	32027	0	0
RxTrapL2Cache_CDP	0	30	0x1e	32002	0	0
RxTrapHeaderSizeErr	0	32	0x20	32018	0	0
RxTrapIpCompMcInvalidIp	0	35	0x23	32018	0	0
RxTrapMyMacAndIpDisabled	0	36	0x24	32018	0	0
RxTrapMyMacAndMplsDisable	0	37	0x25	32018	0	0
RxTrapArpReply	0	38	0x26	32001	2693	0
RxTrapFibDrop	0	41	0x29	32018	0	0
RxTrapMTU	0	42	0x2a	32020	0	0
RxTrapMiscDrop	0	43	0x2b	32018	0	0
RxTrapL2AclDeny	0	44	0x2c	32034	0	0

Rx_UNKNOWN_PACKET	0	46	0x2e	32018	0	0
RxTrapL3AclDeny	0	47	0x2f	32034	0	0
RxTrapOamY1731MplsTp (OAM_SWOFF_DN_CCM)	0	57	0x39	32029	0	0
RxTrapOamY1731Pwe (OAM_SWOFF_DN_CCM)	0	58	0x3a	32030	0	0
RxTrapOamLevel	0	64	0x40	32023	0	0
RxTrapRedirectToCpuOamPacket	0	65	0x41	32025	0	0
RxTrapOamPassive	0	66	0x42	32024	0	0
RxTrap1588	0	67	0x43	32038	0	0
RxTrapExternalLookupError	0	72	0x48	32018	0	0
RxTrapArplookupFail	0	73	0x49	32001	0	0
RxTrapUcLooseRpfFail	0	84	0x54	32035	0	0
RxTrapMplsControlWordTrap	0	88	0x58	32015	0	0
RxTrapMplsControlWordDrop	0	89	0x59	32015	0	0
RxTrapMplsUnknownLabel	0	90	0x5a	32018	0	0
RxTrapIpv4VersionError	0	98	0x62	32018	0	0
RxTrapIpv4ChecksumError	0	99	0x63	32018	0	0
RxTrapIpv4HeaderLengthError	0	100	0x64	32018	0	0
RxTrapIpv4TotalLengthError	0	101	0x65	32018	0	0
RxTrapIpv4Ttl0	0	102	0x66	32008	0	0
RxTrapIpv4Ttl1	0	104	0x68	32008	0	0
RxTrapIpv4DipZero	0	106	0x6a	32018	0	0
RxTrapIpv4SipIsMc	0	107	0x6b	32018	0	0
RxTrapIpv6VersionError	0	109	0x6d	32018	0	0
RxTrapIpv6HopCount0	0	110	0x6e	32011	0	0
RxTrapIpv6LoopbackAddress	0	113	0x71	32018	0	0
RxTrapIpv6MulticastSource	0	114	0x72	32018	0	0
RxTrapIpv6NextHeaderNull	0	115	0x73	32010	0	0
RxTrapIpv6Ipv4CompatibleDestination	0	121	0x79	32018	0	0
RxTrapMplsTtl1	0	125	0x7d	32012	316278	2249
RxTrapUcStrictRpfFail	0	137	0x89	32035	0	0
RxTrapMcExplicitRpfFail	0	138	0x8a	32033	0	0
RxTrapOamp (OAM_BDL_DN_NON_CCM)	0	141	0x8d	32031	0	0

RxTrapOamEthUpAccelerated(OAM_BDL_UP_NON_CCM)	0	145	0x91	32032	0	0
RxTrapReceive	0	150	0x96	32017	125266112	0
RxTrapUserDefine_FIB_IPV4_NULL0	0	151	0x97	32018	0	0
RxTrapUserDefine_FIB_IPV6_NULL0	0	152	0x98	32018	0	0
RxTrapUserDefine_FIB_IPV4_GLEAN	0	153	0x99	32016	0	0
RxTrapUserDefine_FIB_IPV6_GLEAN	0	154	0x9a	32016	0	0
RxTrapUserDefine_IPV4_OPTIONS	0	155	0x9b	32006	0	0
RxTrapUserDefine_IPV4_RSVP_OPTIONS	0	156	0x9c	32007	0	0
RxTrapUserDefine	0	157	0x9d	32026	0	0
RxTrapUserDefine_BFD	0	163	0xa3	32028	0	0
RxTrapMC	0	181	0xb5	32033	0	0
RxNetflowSnoopTrap0	0	182	0xb6	32018	0	0
RxNetflowSnoopTrap1	0	183	0xb7	32018	0	0
RxTrapMimSaMove(CFM_DOWM_MEP_DMM)	1	6	0x6	32037	0	0
RxTrapMimSaUnknown(RCY_CFM_DOWN_MEP_DMM)	1	7	0x7	32037	0	0
RxTrapAuthSaLookupFail(IPMC default)	1	8	0x8	32033	0	0
RxTrapSaMulticast	1	11	0xb	32018	0	0
RxTrapArpMyIp	1	13	0xd	32001	0	0

## Understanding ACL-based Policers

ACL-based LPTS policers are session-based policers that provide secure network access for each session.

### Benefits

These are the benefits of ACL-based policer:

- Provides rate limit on incoming packets based on session.
- Modifies policer rates depending on traffic load.
- Blocks entire traffic based on a specific session without impacting other sessions with the same flow.

### Restrictions

- It is recommended to have up to 10 prefixes in a single ACL. The ACEs in an ACL should be managed such that there is no overlap of prefixes.
- Up to 50 ACL-based LPTS policers can be configured on a router.

- ACL-based LPTS policers can be configured to an IPv4 LPTS session that has a particular flow type and that matches the default VRF.
- ACL-based LPTS policers can be configured to an IPv4 or IPv6 LPTS session that has a particular flow type and that matches the VRF ID.

## Configure IPv4 ACL-based LPTS Policers

This section describes how you can configure IPv4 ACL-based LPTS policers.

### Configuration Example

To configure ACL-based LPTS policers for IPv4 sessions, complete the following configurations:

1. Configure an ACL.
2. Configure LPTS policer for a particular IPv4 session matching an ACL and VRF.

### Configuration

```
/* Enter the global configuration mode and configure an ACL */
Router# configure
Router(config)# ipv4 access-list ACL1_OSPF
Router(config-ipv4-acl)# 10 permit ipv4 host 192.168.1.5 any
Router(config-ipv4-acl)# commit
Router(config-ipv4-acl)# exit

/* Configure LPTS policer for a particular IPv4 session matching an ACL and VRF. */
Router(config)# lpts pifib hardware police
Router(config-pifib-policer-global)# acl ACL1_OSPF rate 2000 vrf red8
Router(config-if)# commit
```

### Verification

Use the following command to display the ACL-based LPTS policer entries attached to matching entries:

```
Router#show lpts pifib hardward entry statistics location 0/RP0/CPU0
Offset  NPU  L3  VRF id  L4  Intf  Dest  Pkts/Drops  laddr,Port  raddr,Port  acl_name
-----  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---
37      0  [0]  IPV4  *    any  any  Local  0/0        any,any     any,any
38      0  [1]  IPV4  *    any  any  Local  0/0        any,any     any,any
.       .    .    .    .    .    .    .    .    .    .
.       .    .    .    .    .    .    .    .    .    .
.       .    .    .    .    .    .    .    .    .    .
187     0  [0]  IPV4  *    ICMP any  Local  0/0        any,8       any,ECHO    ACL3_ICMP
188     0  [1]  IPV4  *    ICMP any  Local  0/0        any,8       any,ECHO    ACL3_ICMP
189     0  [2]  IPV4  *    ICMP any  Local  0/0        any,8       any,ECHO    ACL3_ICMP
190     0  [3]  IPV4  *    ICMP any  Local  0/0        any,8       any,ECHO    ACL3_ICMP
8963    0  [0]  IPV4  default  UDP  OptV2  Local  22588/0    192.168.10.2,646  any,any    ACL4_UDP
8964    0  [1]  IPV4  default  UDP  OptV2  Local  22590/0    192.168.10.2,646  any,any    ACL4_UDP
8965    0  [2]  IPV4  default  UDP  OptV2  Local  0/0        192.168.10.2,646  any,any    ACL4_UDP
8966    0  [3]  IPV4  default  UDP  OptV2  Local  0/0        192.168.10.2,646  any,any    ACL4_UDP
.       .    .    .    .    .    .    .    .    .    .
.       .    .    .    .    .    .    .    .    .    .
.       .    .    .    .    .    .    .    .    .    .
8279    0  [0]  IPV4  default  OSPF  OptV2  Local  846248/0   192.168.10.5,any  any,any    ACL1_OSPF
8280    0  [1]  IPV4  default  OSPF  OptV2  Local  962717/0   192.168.10.5,any  any,any    ACL1_OSPF
8281    0  [3]  IPV4  default  OSPF  OptV2  Local  421169/0   192.168.10.5,any  any,any    ACL1_OSPF
```

8281	0	[4]	IPV4	default	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
8339	0	[0]	<b>IPV4</b>	<b>red8</b>	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	<b>ACL1_OSPF</b>
8340	0	[1]	<b>IPV4</b>	<b>red8</b>	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	<b>ACL1_OSPF</b>
8341	0	[2]	<b>IPV4</b>	<b>red8</b>	OSPF	OptV2	Local	11099/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	<b>ACL1_OSPF</b>
8342	0	[1]	<b>IPV4</b>	<b>red8</b>	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	<b>ACL1_OSPF</b>
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
8363	0	[0]	IPV4	red7	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
8364	0	[1]	IPV4	red7	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
8365	0	[2]	IPV4	red7	OSPF	OptV2	Local	11099/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
8366	0	[3]	IPV4	red7	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
8375	0	[0]	IPV4	red6	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
8376	0	[1]	IPV4	red6	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
8377	0	[2]	IPV4	red6	OSPF	OptV2	Local	11103/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
8378	0	[3]	IPV4	red6	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
8391	0	[0]	IPV4	red5	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
8392	0	[1]	IPV4	red5	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
8393	0	[2]	IPV4	red5	OSPF	OptV2	Local	11104/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
8394	0	[3]	IPV4	red5	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
8411	0	[0]	IPV4	red4	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
8412	0	[1]	IPV4	red4	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
8413	0	[2]	IPV4	red4	OSPF	OptV2	Local	11101/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
8414	0	[3]	IPV4	red4	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
8427	0	[0]	IPV4	red3	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
8428	0	[1]	IPV4	red3	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
8429	0	[2]	IPV4	red3	OSPF	OptV2	Local	11107/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
8430	0	[3]	IPV4	red3	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
8439	0	[0]	IPV4	red1	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
8440	0	[1]	IPV4	red1	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
8441	0	[2]	IPV4	red1	OSPF	OptV2	Local	11099/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
8442	0	[3]	IPV4	red1	OSPF	OptV2	Local	0/0	192.168.10.5,	any	any,	any	ACL1_OSPF
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
8276	0	[1]	IPV4	default	OSPF	OptV2	Local	1752/0	any,	any		any,	any

## Configure IPv6 ACL-based LPTS Policers

This section describes how you can configure IPv6 ACL-based LPTS policers.

### Configuration Example

To configure ACL-based LPTS policers for IPv6 sessions, complete the following configurations:

1. Configure a VRF.
2. Configure an ACL.
3. Configure LPTS policer for a particular IPv6 session matching an ACL and VRF ID.

### Configuration

```

/* Enter the global configuration mode and configure an VRF */
Router# configure
Router(config)# vrf red83
Router(config)# commit

/* Configure an ACL */
Router(config)# ipv6 access-list ACL33
Router(config-ipv6-acl)# 10 permit ipv6 host 4000:21::1 host 4000:21::2
Router(config-ipv6-acl)# 60 permit ipv6 host 4000:53::1 host 4000:53::2
Router(config-ipv6-acl)# commit
Router(config-ipv6-acl)# exit

/* Configure LPTS policer for a particular IPv6 session matching an ACL and VRF ID. */
Router(config)# lpts pifib hardware police
Router(config-pifib-policer-global)# acl ACL33 rate 5000 vrf red83 ipv6
Router(config-pifib-policer-global)# commit

```

### Verification

Use the following command to display the ACL-based LPTS policer entries attached to matching entries:

```
Router#show lpts pifib hardward entry statistics location 0/RP0/CPU0
```

Offset	NPU	L3	VRF id	L4	Intf	Dest	Pkts/Drops	laddr,Port	raddr,Port	acl_name
1498	0	IPV6	red83	TCP	any	Local	383/0	4000:53::1,179	4000:53::1,179	ACL33
1499	0	IPV6	red83	TCP	any	Local	0/0	4000:53::1,179	4000:53::2,43329	ACL33
1450	0	IPV6	red83	TCP	any	Local	0/0	4000:53::1,179	4000:53::2,43329	ACL33
1451	0	IPV6	red83	TCP	any	Local	0/0	4000:53::1,179	4000:53::2,43329	ACL33