

### **NetFlow Commands**

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### cache entries

To configure the number of entries in the monitor map flow cache, enter the **cache entries** command in flow monitor map configuration mode. To remove a configured number of entries and return the cache to the default configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

cache entries number

#### **Syntax Description**

*number* Number of entries in the flow cache. Replace the *number* argument with the number of flow entries allowed in the flow cache. Range is from 4096 through 1000000.

#### **Command Default**

*number* : 65535

#### **Command Modes**

Flow monitor map configuration

#### **Command History**

ı	Release	Modification
	Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to configure the number of entries in the monitor map flow cache to be 10000:

Router# configure

Router(config) # flow monitor-map map1
Router(config-fmm) # cache entries 10000

### cache immediate

To enable immediate aging cache type, use the **cache immediate** command in flow monitor map configuration mode. To disable, use **no** form of the command.

#### cache immediate

#### **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

Flow monitor map configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

Immediate Aging is a special cache type that ensures that the flows are exported as soon as they are added to the cache.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

This example shows how to enable immediate aging cache type:

Router# configure

Router(config)#flow monitor-map map1
Router(config-fmm)# cache immediate

### cache permanent

To disable the removal of entries from the monitor map flow cache, enter the **cache permanent** command in flow monitor map configuration mode. To re-enable the removal of entries from the flow cache, use the **no** form of this command.

#### cache permanent

#### **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

#### **Command Default**

The removal of entries from the monitor map flow cache is enabled.

#### **Command Modes**

Flow monitor map configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to disable the removal of entries from the monitor map flow cache:

#### Router# configure

Router(config) #flow monitor-map map1
Router(config-fmm) # cache permanent

This example shows how to re-enable the removal of entries from the monitor map flow cache:

#### Router# configure

Router(config) # flow monitor-map map1
Router(config-fmm) # no cache permanent

### cache timeout

To configure the active, inactive, and update flow cache timeout, enter the **cache timeout** command in flow monitor map configuration mode. To remove the configured timeout value and return the cache to its default timeout value, use the **no** form of this command.

cache timeout {active | inactive | update} timeout value

#### **Syntax Description**

active	Specifies the active flow timeout.
inactive	Specifies the inactive flow timeout.
update	Specifies the update timeout.
timeout_value	Timeout value for the specified keyword ( active , inactive or update ) in seconds. Range is from 1 through 604800.

#### **Command Default**

For active timeout, the default value is 1800 seconds.

For inactive timeout, the default value is 15 seconds.

For update timeout, the default value is 1800 seconds.

#### **Command Modes**

Flow monitor map configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

The **inactive** timeout value should be smaller than the **active** timeout value. The **update** keyword is used for permanent caches only. It specifies the timeout value that is used to export entries from permanent caches. In this case, the entries are exported but remain the cache.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to set the active timeout for the monitor map cache to 200,000 seconds:

Router# configure

Router(config)# flow monitor-map map1

Router(config-fmm) # cache timeout active 200000

### clear flow exporter

To export flow exporter templates to the collector or restart the flow exporter statistics collector, enter the **clear flow exporter** command in XR EXEC mode.

clear flow exporter [fem-name] {restart | statistics} location node-id

#### **Syntax Description**

fem-name	(Optional) Flow exporter name.	
restart	Exports all of the current templates to the collector.	
statistics	Clears the exporter statistics.	
location node-id	Identifies the node whose flow exporter statistics you want to clear, or whose flow exporter statistics collector you want to restart. The <i>node-id</i> argument is expressed in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation.	

#### **Command Default**

No default behavior or values

#### **Command Modes**

XR EXEC mode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
basic-services	read, write
netflow	read, write

#### **Examples**

This example exports all templates to the collector:

Router# clear flow exporter restart location 0/0/SP Restart exporter all locations. Continue? [confirm]

This example shows how to clear flow exporter statistics on a specific node:

Router# clear flow exporter statistics location 0/0/CPU0

Clear statistics for all exporters on the location. Continue? [confirm]

### clear flow monitor

To clear the flow monitor data, enter the clear flow monitor command in XR EXEC mode.

clear flow monitor [name] cache [{force-export | statistics}] location node-id

#### **Syntax Description**

пате	(Optional) Identifies a specific cache you want to clear.
cache	Clears all cache related information.
force-export	(Optional) Forces the export of flow records on flushing the cache on the specified node.
statistics	(Optional) Clears cache statistics on a specific node.
location node-id	Node whose flow monitor you want to clear. The <i>node-id</i> argument is expressed in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation.

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

XR EXEC mode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to clear the cache-related flow records on a specific node:

Router# clear flow monitor cache force-export location 0/0/CPU0

Clear cache entries for this monitor on this location. Continue? [confirm]

### clear flow platform producer statistics location

To clear statistics collected by the NetFlow producer, use the **clear flow platform producer statistics location** command in XR EXEC mode.

clear flow platform producer statistics location node-id

#### **Syntax Description**

node-id

Node on which to clear statistics collected by the NetFlow producer. The *node-id* is expressed in the *rack/slot/module* notation.

Note

Enter the **show platform** command to see the location of all nodes installed in the router

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to clear statistics collected by the NetFlow producer:

Router# clear flow platform producer statistics location 0/0/CPU0

### destination

To configure the collector export destination, enter the **destination** command in flow exporter map configuration mode. To remove a configured export destination, use the **no** form of this command.

**destination** hostname\_or\_IP\_address [vrf vrf\_name]

#### **Syntax Description**

hostname_or_IP_address	Specify the export destination for the current flow exporter map. Enter the hostname or destination IP address in the $A.B.C.D$ format.
vrf vrf_name	(Optional) Specify the name of the VRF that is used to reach export destination. This is an optional keyword. If the <b>vrf</b> keyword is specified, then the destination is searched in the VRF that is specified ( <i>vrf_name</i> ). If the <b>vrf</b> keyword is not specified then, the destination is searched in the default routing table.

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

Flow exporter map configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to configure the flow exporter map export destination to be a specific IP address:

Router# configure

Router(config) # flow exporter-map map1
Router(config-fem) # destination 172.18.189.38

### dscp

To configure the differentiated services codepoint (DSCP) value for export packets, enter the **dscp** command in flow exporter map configuration mode. To remove a configured DSCP value, use the **no** form of this command.

dscp\_value

#### **Syntax Description**

dscp\_value Specifies the DSCP value for export packets. Replace dscp\_value with a number. Range is from 0 through 63.

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

Flow exporter map configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to configure the DSCP value for export packets to be 30:

Router# configure

Router(config)# flow exporter-map map1

Router(config-fem) # dscp 30

### exporter

To associate a flow exporter map with the current flow monitor map, enter the **exporter** command in flow monitor map configuration mode. To remove an associated flow exporter map from a flow monitor map, use the **no** form of this command.

exporter map name

#### **Syntax Description**

map\_name

Name of the flow exporter map you want to associate with the current flow monitor map. The exporter map name can be a maximum of 32 characters.

**Note** A single flow monitor map supports up to 8 exporters.

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

Flow monitor map configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to associate a flow exporter map called "fem\_1" with the current flow monitor map:

Router# configure

Router(config)# flow monitor-map map1
Router(config-fmm)# exporter fem\_1

### flow

To specify a flow monitor map and a sampler map for the packets on an interface, use the **flow** command in interface configuration mode. To remove a configured flow monitor map, use the **no** form of this command.

flow [{ipv4 | ipv6 | mpls}] monitor name sampler name {ingress}

#### **Syntax Description**

ipv4	Enables IPV4 NetFlow on the specified interface.	
ipv6	Enables IPV6 NetFlow on the specified interface.	
mpls	Enables Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)-aware NetFlow on the specified interface.	
monitor name	Specifies the name of the flow monitor map you want to specify for IPv4, IPv6, or MPLS packets.	
sampler name	Name of the sampler map you want to apply to the flow monitor map.	
ingress	Applies the flow monitor map on incoming packets.	

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

Interface configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to enable IPV4 NetFlow on a HundredGigE interface, and then apply the flow monitor map, named "map1," on incoming IPv4 packets:

#### Router# configure

Router(config) # interface HundredGigE 0/3/0/0
Router(config-if) # flow ipv4 monitor map1 sampler smap1 ingress

This example shows how to enable MPLS NetFlow on a HundredGigE interface, and apply the flow monitor map, named "map\_mpls1," on incoming MPLS packets:

#### Router# configure

Router(config)# interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/0
Router(config-if)# flow mpls monitor map\_mpls1 sampler smap1 ingress

This example shows how to enable IPv4 NetFlow on a Bridge-group virtual interface, and then apply the flow monitor map on incoming IPv4 packets:

```
Router# configure
Router(config)# interface BVI 1
Router(config-if)# flow ipv4 monitor NMS sampler NMS ingress
```

This example shows how to enable IPv6 NetFlow on a Bridge-group virtual interface, and then apply the flow monitor map on incoming and incoming IPv6packets:

Router# configure
Router(config)# interface BVI 1
Router(config-if)# flow ipv6 monitor NMS sampler NMS ingress

### flow datalinkframesection monitor

To monitor and capture information element that carries *n* octets from the data link frame (IPFIX 315) of a selected frame in the ingress direction of an interface, use **flow datalinkframesection monitor** command in interface configuration mode.

flow datalinkframesection monitor monitor-map sampler sampler-map ingress

#### **Syntax Description**

monitor monitor-map	for-map Specify flow monitor map name.	
sampler sampler-map Specify flow sampler map name.		
ingress	Specify ingress direction. The IPFIX 315 info is captured from incoming traffic on specified interface.	

#### **Command Default**

None.

#### **Command Modes**

Interface configuration mode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

When datalinkframesection flow type is enabled on an interface, other flows like IPv4, IPv6 and MPLS are not allowed. The option field in the frame indicates the IPFIX 315 info.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operation
netflow	read, write

This sample shows how to enable flow datalinkframesection monitor on hundredGigE interface:

Router(config) #interface hundredGigE 0/0/0/18

Router(config-if) #flow datalinkframesection monitor ipfix-mon sampler ipfix-sam ingress

### flow exporter-map

To create a flow exporter map and enter flow exporter map configuration mode, use the flow exporter-map command in XR Config mode. To remove a configured flow exporter map, use the **no** form of this command.

flow exporter-map fem-name

#### **Syntax Description**

fem-name Creates a new exporter map name, or specifies the name of an existing exporter map.

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

XR Config mode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

When you issue the **flow exporter-map** fem-name command in XR Config mode, the CLI prompt changes to "config-fem," indicating that you have entered the flow exporter map configuration submode.

In this sample output, the question mark (?) online help function displays all the commands available under flow exporter map configuration submode:

```
Router(config) # flow exporter-map map1
Router(config-fem)# ?
```

Routerconfig-fem) #?

Clear the uncommitted configuration commit Commit the configuration changes to running describe Describe a command without taking real actions Run an exec command dscp Specify DSCP value for export packets Exit from this submode exit Negate a command or set its defaults no Commands used to reach current submode bwd root Exit to the XR Config mode show Show contents of configuration Source interface source Specify the transport protocol for export packets transport Specify export version parameters version

#### Task ID

#### Task **Operations** ID netflow read, write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to create a flow exporter map called "map1," and then enter the flow exporter map configuration submode for that map:

Router# configure
Router(config)# flow exporter-map map1
Router(config-fem)#

### flow monitor-map

To create and configure a flow monitor map and enter flow monitor map configuration submode, use the **flow monitor-map** command in XR Config mode. To remove a configured flow monitor map, use the **no** form of this command:

flow monitor-map map name

#### **Syntax Description**

map\_name New monitor map name, or specifies the name of an existing monitor map. The monitor map name can be a maximum 32 characters.

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

XR Config mode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

When you issue the **flow monitor-map** map\_name command in XR Config mode, the CLI prompt changes to "config-fmm," indicating that you have entered the flow monitor map configuration submode. In the following sample output, the question mark (?) online help function displays all the commands available under flow monitor map configuration submode:

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # flow monitor-map map1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-fmm) #?

Specify flow cache attributes clear Clear the uncommitted configuration Commit the configuration changes to running commit describe Describe a command without taking real actions do Run an exec command exit Exit from this submode exporter Specify flow exporter map name Negate a command or set its defaults no pwd Commands used to reach current submode Specify a flow record map name Exit to the XR Config mode root Show contents of configuration show

#### Task ID

# Task Operations ID read, write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to enter flow monitor map configuration mode for a monitor map called "map1:"

Router# configure
Router(config)# flow monitor-map map1
Router(config-fmm)#

### hw-module profile netflow fpc-enable

To enable full packet capture feature on a specified node location, use the **hw-module profile netflow fpc-enable location** command in the configuration mode.

hw-module profile profile netflow fpc-enable location node-id

#### **Syntax Description**

node-id The node-id argument is entered in the rack/slot/module notation.

#### **Command Default**

Netflow full packet capture is disabled

#### **Command Modes**

Configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification	
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.	

#### **Usage Guidelines**

When no location is specified the full packet capture gets enabled on all line cards.



Note

You should reload the line card for the changes to take effect.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operation
netflow	read, write

This example shows how to enable full packet capture on node location 0/0/cpu0:

(config) # hw-module profile netflow fpc-enable location 0/0/CPU0

### hw-module profile netflow ipfix315

To enable IPFIX 315 on a specified node location, use the **hw-module profile netflow ipfix315** command in the configuration mode.

hw-module profile profile netflow ipfix315 location node-id

#### **Syntax Description**

*node-id* The node-id argument is entered in the rack/slot/module notation.

#### **Command Default**

IPFIX315 is disabled

#### **Command Modes**

Configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification	
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.	_

#### **Usage Guidelines**

**hw-module profile netflow ipfix315** configuration works only if interfaces have IPFIX315 configured. Ensure that there is no netflow configuration (**flow IPv4** or **flow IPv6**) that is configured on all the interfaces. If there are any netflow configuration on any interface, replace the config with IPFIX315 ie, **flow datalinkframesection** on the interface.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operation
netflow	read, write

This example shows how to enable IPFIX 315 on node location 0/0/cpu0:

(config) # hw-module profile netflow ipfix315-enable location 0/0/CPU0

### options

To export the tables in the options template and specify export timeout values, enter the **options** command in flow exporter map version configuration mode. To return the options template to its default configuration values, use the **no** form of this command.

options {interface-table | sampler-table | vrf-table} [timeout seconds]

#### **Syntax Description**

interface-table	Export the interface table.
sampler-table	Exports the sampler table.
vrf-table	Exports the VRF to VRF-Name table.
timeout seconds	Specifies the export timeout value. Replace <i>seconds</i> with the export timeout value. Range is from 1 through 604800 seconds.

#### **Command Default**

Without options command, the default value for timeout is 0 seconds, which means that the template options are not exported by default. Where as when options command is used without mentioning any timeout, default timeout is 1800 seconds.

#### **Command Modes**

Flow exporter map version configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to export the timeout in the interface table to the options template.

```
Router(config) # flow exporter-map f1
Router(config-fem) # version v9
Router(config-fem) # options interface-table timeout 45
```

#### **Examples**

This is the sample output after setting to export the interface table and configure the export timeout value:

```
Router(config-fem-ver)# show running-config flow exporter-map f1 flow exporter-map f1 version v9
```

```
options vrf-table 50
 transport udp 9321
 source HundredGigE 0/4/3/0
destination 10.64.81.237
Router(config-fem-ver) # do show flow exporter-map f1
Flow Exporter Map : f1
Id
                 : 21
DestinationIpAddr : 10.64.81.237
SourceIfName
                  : HundredGigE 0/4/3/0
SourceIpAddr
                 : 0.0.0.0
DSCP
                  : 0
TransportProtocol : UDP
TransportDestPort
                 : 9321
Export Version: 9
 Common Template Timeout : 1800 seconds
 Options Template Timeout : 1800 seconds
 Data Template Timeout : 1800 seconds
 Interface-Table Export Timeout : 0 seconds
 Sampler-Table Export Timeout : 0 seconds
 VRF-Table Export Timeout : 50 seconds
Router(config-fem-ver) # do show running-config flow exporter-map f1
flow exporter-map f1
version v9
 options interface-table
 options sampler-table
 options vrf-table
 transport udp 9321
source HundredGigE 0/4/3/0
destination 10.64.81.237
1
Router(config-fem-ver) # show flow exporter-map f1
Flow Exporter Map : f1
_____
                 : 21
DestinationIpAddr : 10.64.81.237
SourceIfName : HundredGigE 0/4/3/0
                  : 0.0.0.0
SourceIpAddr
DSCP
                  : 0
TransportProtocol : UDP
TransportDestPort : 9321
Export Version: 9
 Common Template Timeout : 1800 seconds
 Options Template Timeout : 1800 seconds
 Data Template Timeout : 1800 seconds
 Interface-Table Export Timeout: 1800 seconds
 Sampler-Table Export Timeout: 1800 seconds
  VRF-Table Export Timeout: 1800 seconds
```

### random 1 out-of

To configure the packet sampling interval for a monitor map, use the **random 1 out-of** command in sampler map configuration submode. To remove a configured sampling interval and return to the default sampling interval, use the **no** form of this command.

random 1 out-of number of packets

#### **Syntax Description**

number\_of\_packets Sampling interval in units of packets. Replace the number\_of\_packets argument with a number. Range is from 1 through 65535 units.

#### **Command Default**

There is no default value to *number\_of\_packets*. However, for optimal performance, the recommended value for *number of packets* is 10000.

#### **Command Modes**

Sampler map configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

On high bandwidth interfaces, applying NetFlow processing to every single packet can result in significant CPU utilization.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to configure the sampler map to randomly sample 1 out of every 2000 packets:

Router# configure
Router(config)# sampler map1
Router(config-sm)# random 1 out-of 2000

### record datalinksection

To record the information element that carries *n* octets from the data link frame (IPFIX 315), use the **record datalinksection** command in flow monitor map configuration mode. To disable recording, use the **no** form of this command.

#### record datalinksection

#### **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

Flow monitor map configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

#### **Examples**

This configuration allows you to collect IPFIX 315 element information:

```
Router(config) # flow monitor-map ipfix-mon
Router(config-fmm) # record datalinkframesection
Router(config-fmm) # cache immediate
Router(config) # exit
Router(config) # interface Gigabit Ethernet 0/0/0/1
Router(config-if) # flow datalinkframesection monitor ipfix-mon sampler ipfix-sm ingress
```

### record ipv4

To activate an IPv4 flow record, use the **record ipv4** command in flow monitor map configuration mode. To deactivate the flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

record ipv4 [{peer-as}]

#### **Syntax Description**

**peer-as** (Optional) Records peer AS.The Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) AS is not collected unless the **bgp attribute download** command is configured.

#### **Command Default**

The default is that no IPv4 flow record is enabled.

#### **Command Modes**

Flow monitor map configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

- The BGP AS is not collected unless the bgp attribute download command is configured.
- The **record ipv4** command exports the BGP AS information in the following format:

bgpSourceAsNumber

bgpDestinationAsNumber

• The **record ipv4 peer-as** command exports the adjacent BGP AS information in the following format:

bgpPrevAdjacentAsNumber

bgpNextAdjacentAsNumber

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to configure an IPv4 flow record:

```
Router# configure
```

Router(config)# flow monitor-map map1
Router(config-fmm)# record ipv4

This example shows how to configure an IPv4 flow record:

#### Router# configure

Router(config)# flow monitor-map map1
Router(config-fmm)# record ipv4

Router(config-fmm) # exit
Router(config) # interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/0
Router(config-if) # flow ipv4 monitor monitor1 ingress
Router(config-if) # end

### record ipv6

To configure the flow record map name for IPv6, use the **record ipv6** command in flow monitor map configuration mode. To remove the configured name from a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

#### record ipv6 [peer-as]

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Syntax	DESCI	IDUIUII

peer-as

Records peer AS.

#### **Command Default**

The default is that originating AS numbers are recorded.

#### **Command Modes**

Flow monitor map configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to configure the flow record map name for IPv6:

#### Router# configure

Router(config) # flow monitor-map map1
Router(config-fmm) # record ipv6

This example shows how to configure the peer-as to collect and export the IPv6 peer AS numbers:

#### Router#configure

Router(config) #flow monitor-map IPv6-peer Router(config-fmm) #record ipv6 peer-as

### record mpls

To configure the flow record map name for MPLS, use the **record mpls** command in flow monitor map configuration mode. To remove the configured name from a flow record, use the **no** form of this command.

record mpls [ipv4-fields] [ipv6-fields] [ipv4-ipv6-fields] [labels number]

#### **Syntax Description**

ipv4-fields	(Optional) Collects IPv4 fields in the MPLS-aware Netflow when the payload of the MPLS packet has IPv4 fields. It also collects MPLS traffic with no IPv4 payload, but the IPv4 fields are set to zero.
ipv6-fields	(Optional) Collects IPv6 fields in the MPLS-aware Netflow when the payload of the MPLS packet has IPv6 fields. It also collects MPLS traffic with no IPv6 payload, but the IPv6 fields are set to zero.
ipv4-ipv6-fields	(Optional) Collects IPv4 and IPv6 fields in the MPLS-aware Netflow when the payload of the MPLS packet has either IPv4 fields or IPv6 fields. It also collects MPLS traffic with no IPv4 or IPv6 payload, but those fields are set to zero.
labels number	(Optional) Configures the number of labels that are used in hashing. The <i>number</i> argument is the number of labels that are used in hashing. The range is from 1 to 6.

#### **Command Default**

The default is no IPV4 fields and six labels.

#### **Command Modes**

Flow monitor map configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

In Cisco IOS XR software, you can have only one MPLS flow monitor running on an interface at a time. If you apply an additional MPLS flow monitor to the interface, the new flow monitor overwrites the existing one.

You can configure the MPLS flow monitor to collect IPv4 fields, IPv6 fields, or both types of fields.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

#### **Examples**

This configuration allows you to collect only MPLS fields. No payload information is collected.

Router(config) # flow monitor-map MPLS-fmm
Router(config-fmm) # record mpls labels 3
Router(config-fmm) # cache permanent
Router(config) # exit

```
Router(config) # interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/0
Router(config-if) # flow mpls monitor MPLS-fmm sampler fsm ingress
```

This configuration allows you to collect MPLS traffic with IPv4 fields. It also collects MPLS traffic with no IPv4 payload, but the IPv4 fields are set to zero.

```
Router(config) # flow monitor-map MPLS-IPv4-fmm
Router(config-fmm) # record mpls IPv4-fields labels 3
Router(config-fmm) # cache permanent
Router(config-fmm) # exit
Router(config) # interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/0
Router(config-if) # flow mpls monitor MPLS-IPv4-fmm sampler fsm ingress
```

This configuration allows you to collect MPLS traffic with IPv6 fields. It also collects MPLS traffic with no IPv6 payload, but the IPv6 fields are set to zero.

```
Router(config) # flow monitor-map MPLS-IPv6-fmm
Router(config-fmm) # record mpls IPv6-fields labels 3
Router(config-fmm) # cache permanent
Router(config-fmm) # exit
Router(config) # interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/0
Router(config-if) # flow mpls monitor MPLS-IPv6-fmm sampler fsm ingress
```

This configuration allows you to collect MPLS traffic with both IPv6 and IPv4 fields. It also collects MPLS traffic with no IPv4 or IPv6 payload, but those fields are set to zero.

```
Router(config) # flow monitor-map MPLS-IPv4-IPv6-fmm
Router(config-fmm) # record mpls IPv4-IPv6-fields labels 3
Router(config-fmm) # cache permanent
Router(config-fmm) # exit
Router(config) # interface HundredGigE 0/0/0/0
Router(config-if) # flow mpls monitor MPLS-IPv4-IPv6-fmm sampler fsm ingress
```

This example shows how to configure three labels for hashing:

```
Router# configure
Router(config)# flow monitor-map map1
Router(config-fmm)# record mpls labels 3
```

### sampler-map

To enter sampler map configuration submode for a specific monitor map, use the **sampler-map** command in XR Config mode. To remove a configured sampler map, use the **no** form of this command.

sampler-map map name

#### **Syntax Description**

*map\_name* Name of the sampler map you want to configure. The sampler map name can be a maximum 32 characters.

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

XR Config mode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

When you issue the **sampler-map** *map\_name* command in XR Config mode, the CLI prompt changes to "config-sm," indicating that you have entered the sampler map configuration submode. In this sample output, the question mark (?) online help function displays all the commands available under sampler map configuration submode:

Router(config)# sampler-map test
Router(config-sm)# ?

Clear the uncommitted configuration clear Commit the configuration changes to running commit describe Describe a command without taking real actions Run an exec command do exit Exit from this submode no Negate a command or set its defaults Commands used to reach current submode pwd Use random mode for sampling packets random root Exit to the XR Config mode Show contents of configuration show

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to use the **sampler-map** command to enter sampler map configuration submode for the monitor map called "map1:"

Router# configure

Router(config) # sampler-map map1
Router(config-sm) #

### show flow exporter

To display flow exporter data, enter the **show flow exporter** command in XR EXEC mode.

**show flow exporter** [exporter\_name] **location** node-id

#### **Syntax Description**

exporter_name	Identifies the flow exporter whose data you want to display.		
location node-id	Location where the cache resides. The <i>node-id</i> argument is expressed in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation.		
	Note	Enter the <b>show platform</b> command to see the location of all nodes installed in the router.	

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

XR EXEC mode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification	
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.	

#### **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read

Flow Exporter: NFC

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display flow exporter map data:

Router# show flow exporter fem1 location 0/0/CPU0

```
Used by flow monitors: fmm4
Status: Normal
Transport UDP
Destination 12.24.39.0
                            (50001)
         12.25.54.3
                            (5956)
Source
Flows exported:
                                                   0 (0 bytes)
Flows dropped:
                                                   0 (0 bytes)
Templates exported:
                                                   1 (88 bytes)
Templates dropped:
                                                   0 (0 bytes)
                                                   0 (0 bytes)
Option data exported:
Option data dropped:
                                                   0 (0 bytes)
Option templates exported:
                                                   2 (56 bytes)
```

```
Option templates dropped:
                                                  0 (0 bytes)
Packets exported:
                                                  3 (144 bytes)
Packets dropped:
                                                  0 (0 bytes)
Total export over last interval of:
 1 hour:
                                                  0 pkts
                                                  0 bytes
                                                  0 flows
 1 minute:
                                                  3 pkts
                                                144 bytes
                                                  0 flows
 1 second:
                                                  0 pkts
                                                  0 bytes
                                                  0 flows
```

#### Table 1: show flow exporter Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Id	Identifies the flow exporter map.
Used by flow monitors	Name of the flow monitors associated with the specified flow exporter map.
Status	Status of the exporter.
	• Normal—Exporter is active and can export packets.
	Disabled—Exporter cannot send out packets because the collector is unreachable or the configuration is incomplete.
Destination	Export destination address the current flow exporter map.
Flows exported	Flows exported, in bytes.
Flows dropped	Flows dropped, in bytes.
Templates exported	Templates exported, in bytes.
Templates dropped	Templates dropped, in bytes.
Option data exported	Option data exported, in bytes.
Option data dropped	Option data dropped, in bytes.
Option templates exported	Option templates exported, in bytes.
Option templates dropped	Option templates dropped, in bytes.
Packets exported:	Packets exported, in bytes.
Packets dropped	Packets dropped, in bytes.
Average export rate over interval of last:	Average export rate, in bytes/pkts. Information is displayed for intervals of the last hour, minute, and second.

### show flow exporter-map

To display flow exporter map information for a specific node, enter the **show flow exporter-map** command in XR EXEC mode.

show flow exporter-map [name]

#### **Syntax Description**

name Name of the exporter map whose information you want to display.

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

XR EXEC mode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification	
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.	

#### **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

#### Task ID

## netflow read

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display flow exporter map information:

#### Router# show flow exporter-map map1

```
Flow Exporter Map : map1
                 : 2
DestinationIpAddr : 10.1.1.1
             : Loopback0
SourceIfName
SourceIpAddr
                   : 10.1.1.1
DSCP
                   : 10
TransportProtocol : UDP
TransportDestPort
                  : 1024
Export Version: 9
 Common Template Timeout : 1800 seconds
 Options Template Timeout: 1800 seconds
 Data Template Timeout : 600 seconds
 Interface-Table Export Timeout: 1800 seconds
  Sampler-Table Export Timeout : 0 seconds
```

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

#### Table 2: show flow exporter-map Field Descriptions

Field	Description		
Id	Identifies	Identifies the flow exporter map.	
DestinationIpAddr	Exports	Exports destination configuration.	
SourceIfName		nterface for this exporter map. You can specify the source interface <b>flow exporter-map</b> command.	
SourceIpAddr	IP addres	ss of the source interface (SourceIfName).	
DSCP	Differentiated services codepoint (DSCP) value for export packets.		
	Note	You can specify the DSCP with the <b>flow exporter-map</b> command.	
TransportProtocol	Displays	the configured transport protocol.	
	Note	Cisco IOS XR software supports the UDP transport protocol only.	
	Note	You can specify the transport protocol with the <b>flow exporter-map</b> command.	
TransportDestPort	Displays the configured destination port for UDP packets.		
Export Version	Displays	the configured export format.	
	Note	Cisco IOS XR software supports export format version 9 only.	
Common Template Timeout	Displays	the configured common template timeout.	
Options Template Timeout	Displays	the configured options template timeout.	
	Note	You can specify the options template timeout with the <b>flow exporter-map</b> command.	
Data Template Timeout	Displays	the configured data template timeout.	
	Note	You can specify the data template timeout with the <b>flow exporter-map</b> command.	
Interface-Table Export Timeout	Displays	the export timeout value for the interface table.	
	Note	You can specify the export timeout for the interface table with the <b>flow exporter-map</b> command.	
Sampler-Table Export Timeout	Displays	the export timeout value for the sampler table.	
	Note	You can specify the export timeout for the sampler table with the <b>flow exporter-map</b> command.	

# show flow monitor

To display flow monitor cache data in various formats, enter the **show flow monitor** command in XR EXEC mode.

To match on Access Control Lists (ACLs) and one or more fields:

show flow monitor monitor-name cache match {ipv4 {acl name | source-address match-options | destination-address match-options | protocol match-options | tos match-options} | ipv6 {acl name | source-address match-options | destination-address match-options | protocol match-options | tc match-options | layer4 {source-port-overloaded match-options | destination-port-overloaded match-options | tcp-flags match-flags-options} | bgp {source-as match-options | destination-as match-options} | interface {ingress match-if-options} | timestamp {first match-options | last match-options} | counters {byte match-options | packets match-options} | misc {forwarding-status match-options | direction match-dir-options}}

To sort flow record information according to a particular field:

show flow monitor monitor-name cache sort {ipv4 {source-address | destination-address | tos | protocol} | ipv4 {source-address | destination-address | tc | protocol} | impls {label-2 | label-3 | label-4 | label-5 | label-6 | label-type | prefix | top-label} | layer4 {source-port-overloaded | destination-port-overloaded} | bgp {source-as | destination-as} | timestamp {first | last} | counters {bytes | packets} | misc {forwarding-status | direction} {top | bottom} [entries]}

To include or exclude one or more fields in the **show flow monitor** command output:

show flow monitor monitor-name cache {include | exclude} {ipv4 {source-address | destination-address | to | protocol} | ipv6 {source-address | destination-address | tc | flow-label | option-headers | protocol} | mpls {label-2 | label-3 | label-4 | label-5 | label-6 | top-label} | layer4 {source-port-overloaded | destination-port-overloaded} | bgp {source-as | destination-as} | timestamp {first | last} | counters {bytes | packets} | misc {forwarding-status match-options | direction match-dir-options}}

To display summarized flow record statistics:

show flow monitor monitor-name cache summary location node-id

To display only key field, packet, and byte information for the flow records:

show flow monitor monitor-name cache brief location node-id

To display flow record information for a particular node only:

show flow monitor monitor-name cache location node-id

#### **Syntax Description**

If you specified the **show flow monitor monitor-name cache match** command to match on ACL and one or more fields:

monitor-name	Flow monitor map whose details you want to display.
cache	Displays details about the flow monitor cache.

match	Specifies match criteria for the display.
	Enter the <b>match</b> keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible match criteria.
ipv4	Specifies IPv4 fields.
ipv6	Specifies IPv6 fields.
acl name	Specifies an access list. Replace name with the <i>name</i> of the access whose information you want to display.
source-address match-options	Specifies source IP address match options. Possible match options are:  • eq —Match if equal to field value. • gt —Match if greater than field value. • lt —Match if less than field value. • neq —Match if not equal to field value. • range —Match if within the range of field values.  Note Enter the source-address keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible match criteria.
destination-address	Specifies IPV4 or IPv6 destination address match options. Possible match options are:  • eq —Match if equal to field value. • gt —Match if greater than field value. • lt —Match if less than field value. • neq —Match if not equal to field value. • range —Match if within the range of field values.  Note Enter the destination-address keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible match criteria.
tos match-options	Compares fields and matches them based on the type of service value. Range is from 0 through 255. Possible match options are:  • eq —Match if equal to field value. • gt —Match if greater than field value. • lt —Match if less than field value. • neq —Match if not equal to field value. • range —Match if within the range of field values.  Note Enter the tos keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible match criteria.

protocol match-options	Compares fields and matches them based on the protocol value. Possible match options are:  • eq —Match if equal to field value.  • gt —Match if greater than field value.  • lt —Match if less than field value.  • neq —Match if not equal to field value.  • range —Match if within the range of field values.  Note Enter the protocol keyword followed by
	the ? command to see a complete list of possible match criteria.
layer4	Compares Layer 4 fields and matches them based on specific criteria. You can specify match criteria for any of the following Layer 4 fields:
	<ul><li>destination-port-overloaded</li><li>source-port-overloaded</li><li>tcp-flags</li></ul>
	Note Enter the layer4 keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible Layer 4 fields to compare and match.
destination-port-overloaded	Compares fields and matches them based on the <b>destination-port-overloaded</b> value. The destination port is matched if the protocol specified for that port is TCP or UDP.
	Possible match options are:
	<ul> <li>eq —Match if equal to field value.</li> <li>gt —Match if greater than field value.</li> <li>lt —Match if less than field value.</li> <li>neq —Match if not equal to field value.</li> <li>range —Match if within the range of field values.</li> </ul>
	Note Enter the destination-port-overloaded keyword followed by the? command to see a complete list of possible match criteria.

source-port-overloaded	Compares fields and matches them based on the source-port-overloaded value.
	The source port is matched if the protocol specified for that port is one of the following:
	• TCP—Range is from 0 through 65535.
	• UDP—Range is from 0 through 65535.
	• ICMP—Type or code is in range from 0 through 255.
	• IGMP—Type is in range from 0 through 255.
	Possible match options are:
	<ul> <li>eq —Match if equal to field value.</li> <li>gt —Match if greater than field value.</li> <li>lt —Match if less than field value.</li> <li>neq —Match if not equal to field value.</li> <li>range —Match if within the range of field values.</li> </ul>
	Note NoteEnter the source-port-overloaded keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible match criteria.
tcp-flags match-flags-options	Specifies TCP flags, as follows:
	• all —Match all of the fields
	• any —Match any of the fields
	• none —Match none of the fields.
	Note Enter the tcp-flags keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible match criteria.
bgp	Compares BGP fields and matches them based on specific criteria. You can specify match criteria for any of the following BGP fields:
	• destination-as —Destination as.
	• source-as —Source as.

source-as match-options	Compares and matches the BGP autonomous system number of the destination address.
	Possible match options are:  • eq —Match if equal to field value.  • gt —Match if greater than field value.  • lt —Match if less than field value.  • neq —Match if not equal to field value.  • range —Match if within the range of field values.
	Note Enter the source-as keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible match criteria.
destination-as match-options	Compares and matches the BGP autonomous system number of the source address. Possible match options are:  • eq —Match if equal to field value. • gt —Match if greater than field value. • lt —Match if less than field value. • neq —Match if not equal to field value. • range —Match if within the range of field values.  Note Enter the destination-as keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list
timestamp	of possible match criteria.  Specifies the time stamp for which to compare and match the specified criteria. Enter the <b>first</b> keyword or the <b>last</b> keyword to specify the time stamp whose
first match-options	criteria you want to compare.  Compares fields from the first time stamp and matches them based on the match-options value. Possible match options are:  • eq —Match if equal to field value.  • gt —Match if greater than field value.  • lt —Match if less than field value.  • neq —Match if not equal to field value.  • range —Match if within the range of field values.  Note Enter the first keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible match criteria.

last match-options	Compares fields from the last time stamp and matches them based on the match-if-options value. Possible match options are:  • eq —Match if equal to field value. • gt —Match if greater than field value. • lt —Match if less than field value. • neq —Match if not equal to field value. • range —Match if within the range of field values.  Note Enter the last keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible match criteria.
counters	Specifies the counters for which to compare and match the specified criteria. Enter the <b>byte</b> keyword or the <b>packets</b> keyword to specify the counters whose criteria you want to compare.
byte match-options	Compares bytes counter fields and matches them based on the match-options value. Possible match options are:  • eq —Match if equal to field value. • gt —Match if greater than field value. • lt —Match if less than field value. • neq —Match if not equal to field value. • range —Match if within the range of field values.  Note Enter the byte keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible match criteria.
packets match-options	Compares packets counter fields and matches them based on the match-options value. Possible match options are:  • eq —Match if equal to field value. • gt —Match if greater than field value. • lt —Match if less than field value. • neq —Match if not equal to field value. • range —Match if within the range of field values.  Note Enter the byte keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible match criteria.
misc	Specifies miscellaneous fields for which to compare and match the specified criteria. Enter the <b>forwarding-status</b> keyword or the <b>direction</b> keyword to specify the field whose criteria you want to compare.

forwarding-status match-options	Compares forwarding status fields and matches them based on the match-options value. Possible match options are:
	• eq —Match if equal to field value.
	• gt —Match if greater than field value.
	• lt —Match if less than field value.
	<ul> <li>neq —Match if not equal to field value.</li> <li>range —Match if within the range of field values.</li> </ul>
	Enter the <b>forwarding-status</b> keyword followed by the <b>?</b> command to see a complete list of possible match criteria.
direction match-dir-options	Compares information about the direction of the flow and matches it based on the match-options value. Possible match options are:
	<ul><li>eq —Match if equal to field value.</li><li>neq —Match if not equal to field value.</li></ul>
	Note Enter the direction keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible match criteria.
To sort flow record information according t	o a particular field:
monitor-name	Flow monitor map whose details you want to display.
cache	Displays details about the flow monitor cache.
sort	Determines sorting criteria for the <b>show flow monitor</b> command display.
ipv4	Specifies sorting criteria for one of the following IPv4 fields:
	• destination-address
	• source-address
	• protocol
	• tos
	Note Enter the ipv4 keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.

ipv6	Specifies sorting criteria for one of the following IPv6
	fields:
	• destination-address
	• source-address
	• protocol
	• tos
	Note Enter the ipv6 keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
source-address	Displays IPv4 or IPv6 information for the source address according to the specified sorting criteria. Possible sorting options are:
	• top —Displays top cache entries.
	• bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.
	Note Enter the source-address keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
destination-address	Displays IPv4 or IPv6 information for the destination address according to the specified sorting criteria. Possible sorting options are:
	• top —Displays top cache entries.
	• bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.
	Note Enter the destination-address keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
tos	Displays IPv4 type of service information according to the specified sorting criteria. Possible sorting options are:
	• top —Displays top cache entries.
	• bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.
	Note Enter the tos keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.

tc	Displays IPv6 traffic class information according to the specified sorting criteria. Possible sorting options are:  • top —Displays top cache entries.  • bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.  Note Enter the tc keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
protocol	Displays IPv4 or IPv6 protocol information according to the specified sorting criteria. Possible sorting options are:  • top —Displays top cache entries.  • bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.  Note Enter the tos keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
mpls	Specifies sorting criteria for one of the following MPLS fields:  • label-2  • label-3  • label-4  • label-5  • label-6  • label-type  • prefix  • top-label  Note Enter the mpls keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
label-2	Displays MPLS information for the second label in the MPLS label stack. Possible sorting options are:  • top —Displays top cache entries.  • bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.

label-3	Displays MPLS information for the third label in the MPLS label stack. Possible sorting options are:
	• top —Displays top cache entries.
	• <b>bottom</b> —Displays bottom cache entries.
label-4	Displays MPLS information for the fourth label in the MPLS label stack. Possible sorting options are:
	• top —Displays top cache entries.
	• <b>bottom</b> —Displays bottom cache entries.
label-5	Displays MPLS information for the fifth label in the MPLS label stack. Possible sorting options are:
	• top —Displays top cache entries.
	• bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.
label-6	Displays MPLS information for the sixth label in the MPLS label stack. Possible sorting options are:
	• top —Displays top cache entries.
	• <b>bottom</b> —Displays bottom cache entries.
label-type	Displays MPLS information for the specified type of label in the MPLS label stack. Possible sorting options are:
	• top —Displays top cache entries.
	• bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.
prefix	Displays MPLS information for the destination address. Possible sorting options are:
	• top —Displays top cache entries.
	• <b>bottom</b> —Displays bottom cache entries.
top-label	Displays MPLS information for the top label in the MPLS label stack. Possible sorting options are:
	• top —Displays top cache entries.
	• bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.

layer4	Specifies sorting criteria for one of the following Layer 4 fields:
	• source-port-overloaded
	• destination-port-overloaded
	Note Enter the layer4 keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
source-port-overloaded	Displays source port overload information according to the specified sorting criteria. Possible sorting options are:
	• top —Displays top cache entries.
	• bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.
	Note Enter the source-port-overloaded keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
destination-port-overloaded	Displays destination port overload information according to the specified sorting criteria. Possible sorting options are:
	• top —Displays top cache entries.
	• bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.
	Note Enter the destination-port-overloaded keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
bgp	Specifies sorting criteria for one of the following BGP fields:
	• source-as
	• destination-as
	Note Enter the layer4 keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.

source-as	Displays information about the BGP source address autonomous system number according to the specified sorting criteria. Possible sorting options are:
	• top —Displays top cache entries.
	• bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.
	Note Enter the source-as keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
destination-as	Displays information about the BGP destination address autonomous system number according to the specified sorting criteria. Possible sorting options are:
	• top —Displays top cache entries.
	• bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.
	Note Enter the destination-as keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
timestamp	Specifies sorting criteria for the first or last time stamp. Enter the <b>first</b> keyword or the <b>last</b> keyword to specify the time stamp whose criteria you want to specify.
	Note Enter the <b>timestamp</b> keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
first	Displays information for the first time stamp according to the specified sorting criteria. Possible sorting options are:
	• top —Displays top cache entries.
	• bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.
	Note Enter the first keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.

last	Displays information for the last time stamp according to the specified sorting criteria. Possible sorting options are:  • top —Displays top cache entries.  • bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.  Note Enter the last keyword followed by the ?
	command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
counters	Specifies sorting criteria for the bytes or packets counters. Follow the <b>counters</b> keyword with the <b>byte</b> keyword or the <b>packets</b> keyword to specify the counters whose criteria you want to compare.
bytes	Displays bytes counter information according to the specified sorting criteria. Possible sorting options are:  • top —Displays top cache entries.  • bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.  Note Enter the bytes keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
packets	Displays packets counter information according to the specified sorting criteria. Possible sorting options are:  • top —Displays top cache entries.  • bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.  Note Enter the packets keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
misc	Specifies sorting criteria for miscellaneous fields. Follow the <b>misc</b> keyword with the <b>forwarding-status</b> keyword or the <b>direction</b> keyword to specify the counters whose criteria you want to compare.

the specified sorting criteria. Possible sorting options are:  • top —Displays top cache entries.  • bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.  Note Enter the forwarding-status keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria. Possible sorting criteria to the specified sorting criteria. Possible sorting options are:  • top —Displays information about the direction of the flow according to the specified sorting criteria. Possible sorting options are:  • top —Displays top cache entries.  • bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.  Note Enter the direction keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.  top  Displays top cache entries. Replace records with the number of records you want to display.  Note You can follow the top keyword with the optional entries argument to specify the number of records to display.  Displays bottom cache entries. Replace records with the number of records you want to display.  Note You can follow the top keyword with the number of records you want to display.  Note You can follow the bottom keyword with the optional entries argument to specify the number of records to display.  Note You can follow the bottom keyword with the optional entries argument to specify the number of records to display.  Rote You can follow the bottom keyword with the optional entries argument to specify the number of records to display.  Posteries  Number of records to display. Range is from 1 through 1000.  To include or exclude one or more fields in the show flow monitor command output:  monitor-name  Flow monitor map whose details you want to display.		Ţ	
Displays information about the direction of the flow according to the specified sorting criteria. Possible sorting options are:  • top —Displays top cache entries.  • bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.  Note Enter the direction keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.  top  Displays top cache entries. Replace records with the number of records you want to display.  Note You can follow the top keyword with the optional entries argument to specify the number of records you want to display.  Note You can follow the bottom keyword with the number of records you want to display.  Note You can follow the bottom keyword with the optional entries argument to specify the number of records to display.  Note You can follow the bottom keyword with the optional entries argument to specify the number of records to display.  Possible sorting criteria.  Note You can follow the bottom keyword with the optional entries argument to specify the number of records to display.  Possible sorting criteria.  Note You can follow the bottom keyword with the optional entries argument to specify the number of records to display.  Possible sorting criteria.  Note You can follow the bottom keyword with the optional entries argument to specify the number of records to display.  Possible sorting criteria.  Note You can follow the bottom keyword with the optional entries argument to specify the number of records to display.  Possible sorting criteria.	forwarding-status	<ul> <li>the specified sorting criteria. Possible sorting options are:</li> <li>top —Displays top cache entries.</li> <li>bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.</li> </ul> Note Enter the forwarding-status keyword followed by the ? command to see a	
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number of records you want to display.  Note You can follow the top keyword with the optional entries argument to specify the number of records to display.  Displays bottom cache entries. Replace records with the number of records you want to display.  Note You can follow the bottom keyword with the optional entries argument to specify the number of records to display.  Possible to make the number of records to display. Range is from 1 through 1000.  To include or exclude one or more fields in the show flow monitor command output:  Monitor-name Flow monitor map whose details you want to display.  Cache Displays details about the flow monitor cache.  Include the specified fields in the display output. Enter the include keyword, followed by the keyword or keywords that specify the fields to include.  Note To see a list of fields that can be included, enter the include keyword, followed by		Note Enter the direction keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of	
bottom  Displays bottom cache entries. Replace records with the number of records you want to display.  Note You can follow the bottom keyword with the optional entries argument to specify the number of records to display.  Note Note Number of records to display. Range is from 1 through 1000.  To include or exclude one or more fields in the show flow monitor command output:  monitor-name Flow monitor map whose details you want to display.  cache Displays details about the flow monitor cache.  Includes the specified fields in the display output. Enter the include keyword, followed by the keyword or keywords that specify the fields to include.  Note To see a list of fields that can be included, enter the include keyword, followed by	top	1 7 1	
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monitor-name  Flow monitor map whose details you want to display.  Displays details about the flow monitor cache.  Includes the specified fields in the display output. Enter the include keyword, followed by the keyword or keywords that specify the fields to include.  Note  To see a list of fields that can be included, enter the include keyword, followed by	entries		
cache  Displays details about the flow monitor cache.  Includes the specified fields in the display output. Enter the include keyword, followed by the keyword or keywords that specify the fields to include.  Note  To see a list of fields that can be included, enter the include keyword, followed by	To include or exclude one or more fields in the show	w flow monitor command output:	
include  Includes the specified fields in the display output. Enter the include keyword, followed by the keyword or keywords that specify the fields to include.  Note  To see a list of fields that can be included, enter the include keyword, followed by	monitor-name	Flow monitor map whose details you want to display.	
the <b>include</b> keyword, followed by the keyword or keywords that specify the fields to include.  Note To see a list of fields that can be included, enter the <b>include</b> keyword, followed by	cache	Displays details about the flow monitor cache.	
enter the <b>include</b> keyword, followed by	include	the <b>include</b> keyword, followed by the keyword or	
		enter the <b>include</b> keyword, followed by	

exclude	Excludes the specified fields in the display output. Enter the <b>exclude</b> keyword, followed by the keyword or keywords that specify the fields to exclude.		
	Note To see a list of fields that can be excluded, enter the <b>exclude</b> keyword, followed by the ? command.		
ipv4	Includes or excludes one of the following IPv4 fields in the command output:		
	• destination-address		
	• source-address		
	• protocol		
	• tos		
	Note Enter the ipv4 keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.		
ipv6	Includes or excludes one of the following IPv6 fields in the command output:		
	• destination-address		
	• flow-label		
	• option-headers		
	• source-address		
	• protocol		
	• tos		
	Note Enter the ipv6 keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.		
source-address	Includes or excludes IPV4 or IPV6 information for the source address in the command output.		
destination-address	Includes or excludes IPV4 or IPV6 information for the destination address in the command output.		
flow-label	Includes or excludes information about the IPv6 flow label in the command output. The flow label is the 20-bit flow label id present in every IPv6 packet header.		

option-headers	Includes or excludes IPV6 information for the option headers in the command output. The option header is a bit mask that indicates which options headers are present in the IPv6 header.
tos	Includes or excludes IPV4 type of service information in the command output.
te	Includes or excludes IPV6 traffic class information in the command output.
protocol	Includes or excludes IPV4 or IPV6 protocol information in the command output.
mpls	Includes or excludes one of the following MPLS fields in the command output:
	• label-2
	• label-3
	• label-4
	• label-5
	• label-6
	• top-label
	Note Enter the mpls keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
label-2	Includes or excludes MPLS information for the second label in the MPLS label stack.
label-3	Includes or excludes MPLS information for the third label in the MPLS label stack.
label-4	Includes or excludes MPLS information for the fourth label in the MPLS label stack.
label-5	Includes or excludes MPLS information for the fifth label in the MPLS label stack.
label-6	Includes or excludes MPLS information for the sixth label in the MPLS label stack.
top-label	Includes or excludes MPLS information for the top label in the MPLS label stack.
l .	

layer4	Includes or excludes one of the following the following Layer 4 fields in the command output:
	• source-port-overloaded
	• destination-port-overloaded
	Note Enter the layer4 keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
source-port-overloaded	Includes or excludes source port overload information in the command output.
destination-port-overloaded	Includes or excludes destination port overload information in the command output.
	• top —Displays top cache entries.
	• bottom —Displays bottom cache entries.
bgp	Includes or excludes the following BGP fields in the command output:
	• source-as
	• destination-as
	Note Enter the bgp keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
source-as	Includes or excludes information about the BGP source address autonomous system number in the command output.
destination-as	Includes or excludes information about the BGP destination address autonomous system number in the command output.
timestamp	Includes or excludes information from the first or last time stamp in the command output. Enter the <b>first</b> keyword or the <b>last</b> keyword to include or exclude information about a specific time stamp.
	Note Enter the timestamp keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
first	Includes or excludes information for the first time stamp in the command output.
last	Includes or excludes information for the first time stamp in the command output.

counters	Includes or excludes bytes or packets counters in the command output. Follow the <b>counters</b> keyword with the <b>byte</b> keyword or the <b>packets</b> keyword to include or exclude particular counters.
	Note Enter the <b>counters</b> keyword followed by the <b>?</b> command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
bytes	Includes or excludes bytes counter information in the command output.
packets	Includes or excludes packets counter information in the command output.
misc	Includes or excludes information for miscellaneous fields in the command output. Follow the <b>misc</b> keyword with the <b>forwarding-status</b> keyword or the <b>direction</b> keyword to specify the field you want to include or exclude.
	Note Enter the misc keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.
forwarding-status	Includes or excludes forwarding status information in the command output.
direction	Includes or excludes information about the direction of the flow in the command output.
top	Includes or excludes top cache entries in the command output. Replace records with the number of <i>records</i> you want to display.
bottom	Includes or excludes bottom cache entries. Replace records with the number of <i>records</i> you want to display
entries	Number of records to display. Range is from 1 through 1000.
To display summarized flow record statistics:	
monitor-name	Flow monitor map whose details you want to display.
cache	Displays details about the flow monitor cache.
summary	Displays summarized flow monitor information only.
monitor-name	Flow monitor map whose details you want to display.
cache	Displays details about the flow monitor cache.

brief	Abbreviates the <b>show flow monitor</b> command output.
To display flow record information for	or a particular node only:
monitor-name	Flow monitor map whose details you want to display.
cache	Displays details about the flow monitor cache.
location node-id	Identifies the node whose flow exporter statistics you want to clear, or whose flow exporter statistics collector you want to restart. The <i>node-id</i> argument is expressed in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation.
	Note Enter the location keyword followed by the ? command to see a complete list of possible sorting criteria.

# **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

XR EXEC mode

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

To collect source and destination AS information, you must enable BGP on the relevant BGP AFI/SAFI. Unless this is done, all AS numbers in the flow records are displayed as  $\theta$ .

Keep these information in mind when using the **show flow monitor** command:

- The **show flow monitor** command can include combinations of these options:
  - format
  - match
  - include
  - exclude
  - sort
  - summary
  - location
- We do not recommend including the **summary** option with the **sort** and **format** options.
- The mutually exclusive options are summary, brief, include, and exclude.
- To see a list of fields that can be included after a keyword, enter the ? command, as shown in this example:

Router# show flow monitor map1 cache summary ?

brief Show just the key fields exclude Exclude field format Display format include Include field location Specify a location match Match criteria sort Sorting criteria

## Task ID

# Task Operations ID

netflow read

# **Examples**

This example shows how to display flow monitor data for a specific monitor map cache in the location 0/0/CPU0:

#### Router# show flow monitor fmm2 cache loc 0/0/CPU0

<pre>Cache summary for Flow Monitor fmm2: Cache size:</pre>	65535			
Current entries:	4			
High Watermark:	62258			
Flows added:	4			
Flows not added:	0			
Ager Polls:	60			
- Active timeout	0			
- Inactive timeout	0			
- TCP FIN flag	0			
- Watermark aged 0				
- Emergency aged 0				
- Counter wrap aged				
- Total	0			
Periodic export:				
- Counter wrap	0			
- TCP FIN flag				
Flows exported 0				
Matching entries: 4				
-				
TD7740 3 1 1 TD774D 1 3 1 1 T 4				

IPV4SrcAddr IPV4DstPrfxLen	IPV4DstAddr	L4SrcPor	t L4DestPort	: BGPDstOrigAS	BGPSrcOrigA	S
	IPV4Prot IPV4TOS	InputInte:	rface Output	Interface L4T0	CPFlags For	wardStatus
ForwardReason F:	irstSwitched L	astSwitched	ByteCount	PacketCou	nt Dir Samp	ler ID
17.17.17.2	18.18.18.2	0	0	0	0	24
24	\$					
61 normal	HundredGigE /	0/0/8	HundredGigE	0/0/0/12	0	Fwd
0	00					
00:02:43:800 00	00:02:49:980 37	200	620	In 0		
18.18.18.2	17.17.17.2	0	0	0	0	24
24	\$					
61 normal	HundredGigE 0	/0/0/12	HundredGigE	0/0/0/8	0	Fwd
0	00					
00:02:43:791 00	00:02:49:980 37	200	620	In 0		
17.17.17.2	18.18.18.2	0	0	0	0	24
0	\$					
61 normal	HundredGigE 0	/0/0/8	HundredGigE	0/0/0/12	0	Fwd
0	00					
00:02:43:798 00	00:02:49:980 34	720	620	Out 0		
18.18.18.2	17.17.17.2	0	0	0	0	24
0	\$					
61 normal	HundredGigE 0	/0/0/12	HundredGigE	0/0/0/8	0	Fwd

```
0 00
00:02:43:797 00 00:02:49:980 34720 620 Out 0
L4SrcPort L4DestPort BGPDstOrigAS BGPSrcOrigAS IPV4DstPrfxLen
```

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 3: show flow monitor Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Cache summary for Flow Monitor fmm2	Displays general cache information for the specified flow monitor. The following information is displayed
	Cache size for the specified flow monitor map
	• Current number of entries in the cache
	High watermark for this cache
	<ul> <li>Number of flows added to the cache</li> </ul>
	Number of flows not added to the cache
Ager Polls	Displays the following ager statistics:
	Active timeout
	Inactive timeout
	• TCP FIN flag
	Watermark aged
	Emergency aged
	Counter wrap aged
	• Total
Periodic export	Counter wrap
	• TCP FIN flag
Cache summary for Flow	Displays general cache information for the specified flow monitor. The
Monitor fmm2	following information is displayed
	Cache size for the specified flow monitor map
	• Current number of entries in the cache
	High watermark for this cache
	Number of flows added to the cache
	Number of flows not added to the cache

# show flow monitor-map

To display flow monitor map data, enter the **show flow monitor-map** command in XR EXEC mode.

show flow monitor-map map-name

## **Syntax Description**

*map-name* Name of the monitor map whose data you want to display.

#### **Command Default**

None

# **Command Modes**

XR EXEC mode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

## Task ID

Task ID	Operations	
netflow	read	

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display monitor-map data for a specific flow:

Router# show flow monitor-map map1

Flow Monitor Map : map1

-----

Id: 1

RecordMapName: ipv4

ExportMapName: NFC

CacheAgingMode: Permanent

CacheMaxEntries: 10000

CacheActiveTout: N/A

CacheInactiveTout: N/A

CacheUpdateTout: 60 seconds

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

## Table 4: show flow monitor-map Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
Flow Monitor Map	Name of the flow monitor map whose information is display in the <b>show flow monitor-map</b> command output.	
Id	Number that identifies the flow monitor map.	

Field	Description	
RecordMapName	Name of the flow record map that is associated with this monitor map. The RecordMapName indicates the type of packets NetFlow captures as they leave the router.	
ExportMapName	Name of the export map that is associated with this monitor map.	
CacheAgingMode	Current aging mode configured on this cache. "Permanent" indicates that the removal of entries from the monitor map flow cache is disabled.	
	Note To configure the number of entries allowed in the monitor map flow cache, enter the <b>cache entries</b> command in flow monitor map configuration mode. To disable the removal of entries from the monitor map flow cache, enter the <b>cache permanent</b> command in flow monitor map configuration mode.	
CacheMaxEntries	Number of flow entries currently allowed in the flow cache before the oldest entry is removed.	
	Note To modify the number of entries in the monitor map flow cache, enter the cache entries command in flow monitor map configuration mode	
CacheActiveTout	ut Active flow timeout configured for this cache, in seconds.	
	Note To modify the configured active flow timeout, use the <b>cache timeout</b> command in flow monitor map configuration mode.	
CacheInactiveTout	Inactive flow timeout configured for this cache, in seconds.	
	Note To modify the configured inactive flow timeout, use the cache timeout command in flow monitor map configuration mode.	
CacheUpdateTout	Update timeout configured for this cache, in seconds.	
	Note To modify the configured update timeout, use the cache timeout command in flow monitor map configuration mode.	

This example shows how to display monitor-map data for a specific IPv6 flow:

#### Router# show flow monitor-map map2

Tue Jan 22 00:15:53.424 PST
Flow Monitor Map : map2

-----

Id: 1

RecordMapName: ipv6
CacheAgingMode: Normal
CacheMaxEntries: 65535

CacheActiveTout: 1800 seconds CacheInactiveTout: 15 seconds

CacheUpdateTout: N/A

# show flow platform producer statistics location

To display statistics collected by the NetFlow producer, use the **show flow platform producer statistics location** command in XR EXEC mode.

show flow platform producer statistics location node-id

## **Syntax Description**

*node-id* Location of the node whose NetFlow producer statistics you want to display. The *node-id* is expressed in the *rack/slot/module* notation.

Note

Enter the **show platform** command to see the location of all nodes installed in the router

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

XR EXEC mode

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

# Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display statistics collected by the NetFlow producer for the CPU card in slot 0:

Router# show flow platform producer statistics location 0/0/CPU0

C
C
0
C
0
C
C
0
C
0
C

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 5: show flow platform producer statistics Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
IPv4 Ingress Packets	Number of IPV4 packets that were received from the remote end.	
IPv4 Egress Packets	Number of transmitted IPV4 packets.	
MPLS Ingress Packets	Number of MPLS packets that were received from the remote end.	
MPLS Egress Packets	Number of transmitted MPLS packets.	
Drops (no space)	Number of packets that the producer could not enqueue to the NetFlow server because the server input ring was full.	
Drops (other)	Number of packets that the producer could not enqueue to the NetFlow server due to errors other than the server input ring being full.	
Unknown Ingress Packets	Number of unrecognized packets received from the remote end that were dropped.	
Unknown Egress Packets	Number of packets transmitted to the remote end that were dropped because they were not recognized by the remote end.	
Worker waiting	Number of times that the producer needed to use the server.	
	<b>Note</b> This field is strictly informational and does not indicate any error.	

# show sampler-map

To display sampler map information, enter the **show sampler-map** command in XR EXEC mode.

**show sampler-map** [sampler-name]

## **Syntax Description**

sampler-name Identifies the sampler map whose information you want to display.

## **Command Default**

None

# **Command Modes**

XR EXEC mode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

## Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to display sampler map information for a router:

Router# show sampler-map map1

```
Sampler Map: map1
------
Id: 1
Mode: Random (1 out of 100 Pkts)
```

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

#### Table 6: show sampler-map Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
Id	Flow sampler map identifier.	
Mode	Sampling interval in units of packet. "Random" mode is any mode that was configured with the <b>flow monitor-map</b> command.	
	Note Currently, Cisco IOS XR software supports "Random" mode only.	

# source (NetFlow)

To configure a source interface for the current collector, use the **source** command in flow exporter map configuration mode. To remove a configured source interface, use the **no** form of this command.

source type interface-path-id

## **Syntax Description**

type	Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.	
interface-path-id	Physical interface or virtual interface.	
	Note	Use the <b>show interfaces</b> command to see a list of all interfaces currently configured on the router.
For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question melep function.		e information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online ction.

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

Flow exporter map configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

For the interface-path-id argument, use the following guidelines:

- If specifying T1/E1/DS0 physical interfaces, the naming notation is rack/slot/module/port/t1-num:
- *channel-group-number*. If specifying other physical interface types, the naming notation is *rack/slot/module/port*. The slash between values is required as part of the notation. An explanation of each component of the naming notation is as follows:
  - rack: Chassis number of the rack.
  - slot: Physical slot number of the modular services card or line card.
  - *module*: Module number. A physical layer interface module (PLIM) is always 0. Shared port adapters (SPAs) are referenced by their subslot number.
  - port: Physical port number of the T3 controller.
  - *t1-num*: T1 or E1 channel number. T1 channels range from 1 to 24; E1 channels range from 1 to 31.
  - *channel-group-number*: Time slot number. T1 time slots range from 1 to 24; E1 time slots range from 1 to 31. The *channel-group-number* is preceded by a colon and not a slash.
- If specifying a virtual interface, the number range varies, depending on interface type.

## Task ID

# Task Operations ID

netflow read, write

# **Examples**

This example shows how to configure a physical interface as a source for the current collector:

#### Router# configure

Router(config)# flow exporter-map map1
Router(config-fem)# source HundredGigE 0/3/0/0

This example shows how to configure a virtual interface as a source for the current collector. In this example, the source is an Ethernet bundle:

#### Router# configure

Router(config)# flow exporter-map map1
Router(config-fem)# source Bundle-Ether 1

# template (NetFlow)

To configure the export timeout value for the data and options templates, enter the **template** command in flow exporter map version configuration mode. To remove a configured template export timeout value, use the **no** form of this command.

template [{data | options}] timeout seconds

# **Syntax Description**

data	(Optional) Specifies the data template.
options	(Optional) Specifies the options template.
timeout seconds	Configures the timeout value for the specified template, or for both the data and options templates. Replace <i>seconds</i> with the export timeout value. Range is from 1 through 604800 seconds.

#### **Command Default**

Default timeout value for data and options template is 1800 seconds.

#### **Command Modes**

Flow exporter map version configuration

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

# **Examples**

This example shows how to configure the export timeout value for the data template to be 300 seconds:

```
Router# configure
Router(config)# flow exporter-map fem1
Router(config-fem)# version v9
Router(config-fem-ver)# template data timeout 300
```

# transport udp

To configure the destination port for User Datagram Protocol (UDP) packets, enter the **transport udp** command in flow exporter map configuration mode. To remove a configured destination port, use the **no** form of this command.

transport udp port\_value

# **Syntax Description**

port\_value Destination port for UDP packets. Replace port with the destination port value. Range is from 1024 through 65535.

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

Flow exporter map configuration

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	read, write

# **Examples**

This example shows how to configure the destination port for UDP packets:

Router# configure

Router(config) # flow exporter-map map1
Router(config-fem) # transport udp 1030

# version ipfix

To configure Internet Protocol Flow Information Export (IPFIX) as an export version and configure export version parameters, enter the **version ipfix** command in flow exporter map configuration mode. To remove the current export version configuration and return to the default configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

version ipfix [{options {interface-table | sampler-table | vrf-table} timeout timeout-value | template {data | options } timeout timeout-value}]

## **Syntax Description**

options	(Optional) Specifies export of options template. Options template provide extra information about the flow records. The options template include these options:	
	• interface-table	
	• sampler-table	
	• vrf-table	
	For each options template specify timeout value (in seconds) during which the exporter has to retransmit each active options template.	
template	(Optional) Specifies template export parameters such as data template and options template timeout configurations.	
timeout	Specifies custom timeout value (in seconds) during which the exporter has to	

retransmit each active template. The range of timeout-value is 1 to 604800 seconds.

#### **Command Default**

None

timeoutout-value

#### **Command Modes**

Flow exporter map configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

When you issue the **version ipfix** command, the CLI prompt changes to "config-fem-ver," indicating that you have entered flow exporter map version configuration submode. In this sample output, the question mark (?) online help function displays all the commands available under flow exporter map version configuration submode:

Router(config-fem) # version ipfix
Router(config-fem-ver) #?

clear Clear the uncommitted configuration
commit Commit the configuration changes to running
describe Describe a command without taking real actions
do Run an exec command
exit Exit from this submode
no Negate a command or set its defaults
options Specify export of options template

pwd Commands used to reach current submode
root Exit to the XR Config mode
show Show contents of configuration
template Specify template export parameters

# Task ID

# Task Operations ID read, write

# **Examples**

This example shows how to configure IPFIX as an exporter in an flow exporter map configuration submode:

Router# configure
Router(config)# flow exporter-map map1
Router(config-fem)# version ipfix
Router(config-fem-ver)#

# version ipfix

To configure Internet Protocol Flow Information Export (IPFIX) as an export version and configure export version parameters, enter the **version ipfix** command in flow exporter map configuration mode. To remove the current export version configuration and return to the default configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

## **Syntax Description**

options	(Optional) Specifies export of options template. Options template provide extra information about the flow records. The options template include these options:	
	• interface-table	
	• sampler-table	
	• vrf-table	
	For each options template specify timeout value (in seconds) during which the exporter has to retransmit each active options template.	
template	(Optional) Specifies template export parameters such as data template and options template timeout configurations.	
timeout	Specifies custom timeout value (in seconds) during which the exporter has to	

retransmit each active template. The range of timeout-value is 1 to 604800 seconds.

#### **Command Default**

None

timeoutout-value

#### **Command Modes**

Flow exporter map configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

When you issue the **version ipfix** command, the CLI prompt changes to "config-fem-ver," indicating that you have entered flow exporter map version configuration submode. In this sample output, the question mark (?) online help function displays all the commands available under flow exporter map version configuration submode:

Router(config-fem) # version ipfix
Router(config-fem-ver) #?

clear Clear the uncommitted configuration
commit Commit the configuration changes to running
describe Describe a command without taking real actions
do Run an exec command
exit Exit from this submode
no Negate a command or set its defaults
options Specify export of options template

pwd Commands used to reach current submode
root Exit to the XR Config mode
show Show contents of configuration
template Specify template export parameters

# Task ID

# Task Operations ID read, write

# **Examples**

This example shows how to configure IPFIX as an exporter in an flow exporter map configuration submode:

Router# configure
Router(config)# flow exporter-map map1
Router(config-fem)# version ipfix
Router(config-fem-ver)#

# version v9

To enter flow exporter map version configuration submode so that you can configure export version parameters, enter the **version v9** command in flow exporter map configuration mode. To remove the current export version configuration and return to the default configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

#### version v9

## **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

Flow exporter map configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

When you issue the **version v9** command, the CLI prompt changes to "config-fem-ver," indicating that you have entered flow exporter map version configuration submode. In this sample output, the question mark (?) online help function displays all the commands available under flow exporter map version configuration submode:

```
Router(config-fem) # version v9
Router(config-fem-ver) #?
```

```
Clear the uncommitted configuration
commit   Commit the configuration changes to running
describe Describe a command without taking real actions
do
         Run an exec command
         Exit from this submode
exit
         Negate a command or set its defaults
no
options
         Specify export of options template
         Commands used to reach current submode
pwd
         Exit to the XR Config mode
         Show contents of configuration
show
template Specify template export parameters
```

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
netflow	,
	write

# **Examples**

This example shows how to enter flow exporter map version configuration submode:

```
Router# configure
Router(config)# flow exporter-map map1
Router(config-fem)# version v9
Router(config-fem-ver)#
```

version v9