

# **DHCP Commands**

This chapter describes the commands used to configure and monitor Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) features.

For detailed information about DHCP concepts, configuration tasks, and examples, refer to the *IP Addresses* and Services Configuration Guide for Cisco 8000 Series Routers.

- clear dhcp ipv6 relay binding, on page 2
- client-mac-mismatch, on page 4
- dhcp ipv4, on page 5
- dhcp ipv6, on page 6
- giaddr policy, on page 7
- helper-address, on page 9
- helper-address (ipv6), on page 11
- hop-count-seed, on page 13
- iana-route-add, on page 14
- profile (DHCP), on page 15
- relay information, on page 17
- show dhcp ipv4 relay, on page 19
- show dhep ipv6 relay binding, on page 21
- show dhcp ipv6 relay statistics, on page 23
- vrf (relay profile), on page 25

# clear dhcp ipv6 relay binding

To clear DHCPv6 relay binding, use the **clear dhcp ipv6 relay binding** command in XR EXEC mode.

**clear dhcp ipv6 relay binding** [**client-duid** client-duid-number ] [**interface** type interface-path-id] [**vrf** vrf-name] [**location** node-id]

Syntax Description	client-duid client-duid-number		l) Clears DHCPv6 relay ding information.
		is the clie	ment <i>client-duid-number</i> ent's DHCP Unique (DUID) number.
		Note	Use the <b>show dhcp ipv6 relay binding</b> command to see the client DUID number.
	interface type interfac-path-id	(Optional) Clears DHCPv6 relay client binding information for an interface.	
		Specifies virtual in	a physical interface or a terface.
		Note	Use the <b>show interfaces</b> command to see a list of all possible interfaces currently configured on the router.
	vrf vrf-name	client bir	l) Clears DHCPv6 relay ding information for a ring and forwarding (VRF)
	location node-id		ding information for a node.
			<i>e-id</i> argument is entered in slot/module notation.

**Command Default** 

None.

**Command Modes** 

XR EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 7.2.12	This command was introduced.

# Usage Guidelines

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

# Task ID

Task ID	Operation
ip-services	execute
root-system	read, write

This example shows how to clear DHCPv6 relay binding:

Router# clear dhcp ipv6 relay binding

# client-mac-mismatch

To enable DHCP MAC address verification.

#### client-mac-mismatch action drop

#### **Syntax Description**

action	Specifies an action for the router when the DHCP MAC address is a not a match.
drop	Drops the packet with the mismatched DHCP MAC address.

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

DHCP Relay Profile Configuration Mode

#### **Command History**

Release	lease Modification	
Release 7.2.12	This command was introduced.	

#### **Usage Guidelines**

Enables MAC address verification. If MAC address in the DHCPv4 protocol header does not match the L2 header source MAC address in the DHCPv4 relay profile, the frame is dropped.

#### **Example**

Use the following example to configure DHCP MAC address verification.

```
Router# configure
```

```
Router(config)# dhcp ipv4

/* Configures DHCP for IPv4 and enters the DHCPv4 configuration submode. */

Router(config-dhcpv4)# profile client relay

/* Enables DHCP relay profile */

Router(config-dhcpv4)# client-mac-mismatch action drop

/* Enables MAC address verification. If MAC address in the DHCPv4 protocol header does not match the L2 header source MAC address in the DHCPv4 relay profile, the frame is dropped */

Router(config-dhcpv4-relay-profile)# commit

Router(config-dhcpv4-relay-profile)# exit
```

# dhcp ipv4

To enable Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) for IPv4 and to enter DHCP IPv4 configuration mode, use the **dhcp ipv4** command in Global Configuration mode. To disable DHCP for IPv4 and exit the DHCP IPv4 configuration mode, use the **no** form of this command.

dhep ipv4 no dhep ipv4

### **Command Modes**

None

#### **Command Modes**

Global Configuration mode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.2.12	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

Use the **dhcp ipv4** command to enter DHCP IPv4 configuration mode.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
ip-services	
	write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to enable DHCP for IPv4:

Router# configure
Router(config)# dhcp ipv4
Router# (config-dhcpv4)#

# dhcp ipv6

To enable Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) for IPv6 and to enter DHCP IPv6 configuration mode, use the **dhcp ipv6** command in XR Config mode. To disable the DHCP for IPv6, use the **no** form of this command.

#### dhcp ipv6

# **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

#### **Command Modes**

XR Config mode

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.2.12	This command was introduced.

### **Usage Guidelines**

Use the **dhcp ipv6** command to enter DHCP IPv6 configuration mode.

### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
ip-services	read, write

### **Examples**

This example shows how to enable DHCP for IPv6:

Router(config) # dhcp ipv6
Router(config-dhcpv6) #

# giaddr policy

To configure how Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) IPv4 Relay processes BOOTREQUEST packets that already contain a nonzero giaddr attribute, use the **giaddr policy** command in DHCP IPv4 profile relay configuration submode. To restore the default giaddr policy, use the **no** form of this command.

giaddr policy {replace | drop}
no giaddr policy {replace | drop}

#### **Syntax Description**

replace Replaces the existing giaddr value with a value that it generates.

drop Drops the packet that has an existing nonzero giaddr value.

#### **Command Default**

DHCP IPv4 relay retains the existing nonzero giaddr value in the DHCP IPv4 packet received from a client value

#### **Command Modes**

DHCP IPv4 profile relay configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.2.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

The **giaddr policy** command affects only the packets that are received from a DHCP IPv4 client that have a nonzero giaddr attribute.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
ip-services	read, write

#### **Examples**

The following example shows how to use the **giaddr policy** command:

Router# config
Router(config)# dhcp ipv4
Router(config-dhcpv4)# profile client relay
Router(config-dhcpv4-relay-profile)# giaddr policy drop

Command	Description
dhcp ipv4, on page 5	Enables DHCP for IPv4 and enters DHCP IPv4 configuration mode.
helper-address, on page 9	Configures the DHCP relay agent to relay packets to a specific DHCP Server.
profile (DHCP), on page 15	Configures a relay profile for the DHCP IPv4 component.

Command	Description
relay information, on page 17	Configures a Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) IPv4 relay information options in forwarded BOOTREPLY messages.

# helper-address

To configure the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) IPv4 relay agent to relay DHCP packets to a specific DHCP server, use the **helper-address** command in an DHCP IPv4 relay profile configuration mode. Use the **no** form of this command to clear the address.

helper-address { vrf vrf-name | address } giaddr [ gateway-address ] no helper-address { vrf vrf-name | address } giaddr [ gateway-address ]

#### **Syntax Description**

vrf-name	(Optional) Specifies the name of a particular VRF.
address	IPv4 in four part, dotted decimal format.
giaddr gateway-address	(Optional) Specifies the gateway address to use in packets relayed to server. This keyword is applicable for IPv4 helper address.

#### **Command Default**

Helper address is not configured.

#### **Command Modes**

DHCP IPv4 relay profile configuration

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.2.12	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

A maximum of upto eight helper addresses can be configured.

### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
ip-services	read, write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to set the helper-address for a VRF using the **helper address** command in DHCP IPv4 relay profile class configuration mode:

```
RP/0/CPU0:router(config)# dhcp ipv4
RP/0/CPU0:router(config-dhcpv4)# profile profile1 relay
RP/0/CPU0:router(config-dhcpv4-relay-profile)# helper-address vrf my-server-vrf 192.0.2.1
```

Command	Description
dhcp ipv4	Enables Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) for IPv4 and enters DHCP IPv4 configuration mode.
relay information check	Configures a DHCP server to validate the relay agent information option in forwarded BOOTREPLY messages.

Command	Description
relay information option	Enables the system to insert a DHCP relay agent information option in forwarded BOOTREQUEST messages to a DHCP server.
relay information option allow-untrusted	Configures the DHCP component to not drop BOOTREQUEST messages that have the relay information option set and the giaddr set to zero.

# helper-address (ipv6)

To configure the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) IPv6 relay agent for prefix delegation to relay DHCP packets to a specific DHCP server, use the **helper-address** command in the DHCP IPv6 profile configuration submode. Use the **no** form of this command to clear the address.

helper-address	ipv6-address	<pre>vrf vrf-address [ interface type interface-path-id ]</pre>	ĺ
no helper-addres	s ipv6-address	vrf vrf-address [ interface type interface-path-i	<i>id</i> ]

	no helper-address ipv6-address   vr	f vrf-address [ interface type interface-path-id ]
Syntax Description	ipv6-address	The IPv6 address assigned to the interface.
		This argument must be in the form documented in RFC 2373 where the address is specified in hexadecimal format using 16-bit values between colons.
	interface type	Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.
	interface-path-id	(Optional) Either a physical interface instance or a virtual interface instance as follows:
		• Physical interface instance. Naming notation is <i>rack/slot/module/port</i> and a slash between value s is required as part of the notation.
		• rack: Chassis number of the rack.
		• <i>slot</i> : Physical slot number of the modular services card or line card.
		<ul> <li>module: Module number. A physical layer interface module (PLIM) is always 0.</li> </ul>
		• port: Physical port number of the interface.
		Note In references to a Management Ethernet interface located on a route processor card, the physical slot number is alphanumeric (RSP0) and the module is CPU0. Example: interface MgmtEth0/RSP0/CPU0/0.
		<ul> <li>Virtual interface instance. Number range varies depending on interface type.</li> </ul>
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.

**Command Default** 

No default behavior or values

**Command Modes** 

DHCP IPv6 profile configuration

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.2.12	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

# Task ID

Task ID	Operation
ip-services	read,
	write

### **Example**

This is a sample output that shows how to set the helper-address using the helper-address command

```
Router# config
Router(config)# dhcp ipv6
Router(config-dhcpv6)# profile p1 relay
Router(config-dhcpv6-profile)# helper-address 2001:DB8::1 HundredGigE 0/2/0/0
```

Command	Description
dhcp ipv6, on page 6	Enables Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) for IPv6.

# hop-count-seed

To configure the hop-count in relay-forward message for a DHCP relay agent as zero, use the hop-count-seed command in the DHCP IPv6 configuration mode. By default, hop-count in relay-forward message for DHCP relay agents is set to one.

hop-count-seed no hop-count-seed

#### **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

#### **Command Default**

If this command is not configured, by default, hop-count in relay-forward message for DHCP relay agents is set to one.

#### **Command Modes**

DHCP IPv6 configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.2.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

Use this command only on routers that are configured as DHCP relay agents. You can only configure this command in the DHCP IPv6 mode and not on DHCP IPv4 mode.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
ip-services	read, write

The following is an example of the **hop-seed-count** command:

Router# config Router(config)# dhcp ipv6 Router(dhcp-ipv6)# hop-count-seed

# iana-route-add

To enable route addition for identity association for non-temporary address (IANA), use the **iana-route-add** command in DHCPv6 relay profile configuration submode. To disable route addition to IANA, use the **no** form of this command.

iana-route-add no iana-route-add

#### **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

#### **Command Default**

Disabled.

#### **Command Modes**

DHCP IPv6 relay profile configuration submode

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.2.12	This command was introduced.

### **Usage Guidelines**

The DHCPv6 relay is capable of installing routes for multiple identity association for prefix delegation (IAPD) options within a DHCPv6 message. The route addition for IAPD is enabled by default. The DHCPv6 relay is capable of installing routes for IANA as well, but this feature is disabled by default. Users can enable the route addition to IANA feature by using **iana-route-add** command in DHCPv6 relay profile configuration submode.

### Task ID

Task ID	Operation
ip-services	read, write

#### **Example**

This example shows how to enable route addition to IANA:

```
Router# config
Router(config)# dhcp ipv6
Router(config-dhcpv6)# profile client relay
Router(config-dhcpv6-relay-profile)# iana-route-add
```

# profile (DHCP)

To configure a DHCP relay profile, use the **profile** command in DHCP IPv4 or DHCP IPv6 configuration mode. To disable this feature and exit the profile mode, use the **no** form of this command.

profile name relay no profile name relay

•	_	_	
· ·	ntav	HOCCE	intion
J	yııtax	Descri	puvii

name

Name that uniquely identifies the relay or snoop profile.

relay

Configures a DHCP relay profile. A DHCP relay agent is a host that forwards DHCP packets between clients and servers. When the clients and servers are not on the same physical subnet, the relay agents are used to forward requests and replies between them.

A DHCP relay agent is any host that forwards DHCP packets between clients and servers. Relay agents are used to forward requests and replies between clients and servers when they are not on the same physical subnet. Relay agent forwarding is distinct from the normal forwarding of an IP router, where IP datagrams are switched between networks rather transparently. By contrast, relay agents receive DHCP messages and then generate a new DHCP message to send out on another interface. The relay agent sets the gateway IP address (giaddr field of the DHCP packet) and, if configured, adds the relay agent information option (option82) in the packet and forwards it to the DHCP server. The reply from the server is forwarded back to the client after removing option 82.

**Command Default** 

None

**Command Modes** 

DHCP IPv4 configuration

DHCP IPv6 configuration

Release	Modification	
Release 7.2.12	This command was introduced.	
	Release	

# **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
ip-services	read, write

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to use the **profile** command to configure DHCP IPv6 relay profile:

```
Router(config)# dhcp ipv6
Router(config-dhcpv6)# profile TEST relay
Router(config-dhcpv6-relay-profile)#
```

This example shows how to use the **profile** command to configure DHCP IPv4 relay profile:

```
Router(config)# dhep ipv4
Router(config-dhcpv4)# profile TEST relay
Router(config-dhcpv4-relay-profile)#
```

# relay information

To configure Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) IPv4 relay information options, use the relay information command in DHCP IPv4 relay profile configuration submode. To restore the default relay information policy, use the no form of this command.

relay information { check   option [ allow-untrusted   remote-id format-type { ascii		
ascii-value   hex hex-value }   subscriber-id subscriber-value   vpn   vpn-mode {		
cisco   rfc } ]   policy { drop   encapsulate   keep } }		
no relay information { check   option [ allow-untrusted   remote-id format-type		
no relay information { check   option [ allow-untrusted   remote-id format-type		
no relay information { check   option [ allow-untrusted   remote-id format-type { ascii ascii-value   hex hex-value }   subscriber-id subscriber-value   vpn   vpn-mode		

#### **Syntax Description**

check	Validates the relay agent information option in forwarded BOOTREPLY messages.
option	Configures relay agent information options in forwarded BOOTREQUEST messages.
allow-untrusted	Forwards untrusted packets.
remote-id format-type	Configures the value of the remote-id in either ascii or hex format.
subscriber-id subscriber-value	Configures the value of the subscriber-id
vpn	Configures VPN suboptions in forwarded BOOTREQUEST messages.
vpn-mode	Configures VPN suboptions mode either in CISCO proprietary or RFC compliance.
policy	Configures relay agent information option policy
drop	Directs the DHCP IPv4 Relay to discard BOOTREQUEST packets with the existing relay information option
keep	Directs the DHCP IPv4 Relay not to discard a BOOTREQUEST packet that is received with an existing relay information option and to keep the existing relay information option value.
encapsulate	Encapsulates the DHCP relay agent information option received from a prior relay agent in forwarded BOOTREQUEST messages.

#### **Command Default**

The DHCP IPv4 Relay does not discard a BOOTREQUEST packet that has an existing relay information option. The option and the existing relay information option value is replaced.

#### **Command Modes**

DHCP IPv4 relay profile configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.2.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

The encapsulate keyword allows the second relay agent to encapsulate option 82 information in a message received from the first relay agent, if it is also configured to add its own option 82 information. This configuration allows the DHCP server to use option 82 information from both relay agents.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operation
ip-services	read, write
basic-services	read, write

This is sample output from executing the relay information policy command:

```
Router# config
Router(config)# dhcp ipv4
Router(config-dhcpv4)# profile TEST relay
Router(config-dhcpv4-relay-profile)# relay information policy keep
```

This example shows how to encapsulate the DHCP relay agent information option:

```
Router# config
Router(config)# dhcp ipv4
Router(config-dhcpv4)# profile TEST relay
Router(config-dhcpv4-relay-profile)# relay information policy encapsulate
```

Command	Description
dhcp ipv4	Enables DHCP for IPv4 and enters DHCP IPv4 configuration mode.
helper-address	Configures the DHCP relay agent to relay packets to a specific DHCP Server.
relay information check	Configures a DHCP server to validate the relay agent information option in forwarded BOOTREPLY messages.
relay information option	Enables the system to insert a DHCP relay agent information option in forwarded BOOTREQUEST messages to a DHCP server.
relay information option allow-untrusted	Configures the DHCP component to not drop BOOTREQUEST messages that have the relay information option set and the giaddr set to zero.

# show dhcp ipv4 relay

To display the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) IPv4 relay agent packet information, use the **show dhcp ipv4 relay** command in the XR EXEC mode.

**show dhcp ipv4 relay** { **profile** [ **name** profile-name ] | **statistics** [ **detail** ] } [ **location** node-id ]

#### **Syntax Description**

profile name profile-name	(Optional) Displays the profile name.
statistics	(Optional) Displays the profile statistics.
location node-id	(Optional) Displays the information for the specified node.

#### **Command Default**

No default behavior or values

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.2.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
ip-services	read

#### **Examples**

The following is sample output from the **show dhcp ipv4 relay statistics** command when none of the optional keywords or arguments are used command:

Router# show dhcp ipv4 relay statistics



The following is sample output from the **show dhcp ipv4 relay profile** command:

Router# show dhcp ipv4 relay profile
DHCP IPv4 Relay Profiles
----r1

The following is sample output from the **show dhcp ipv4 relay profile** name *profile-name* command:

Router# show dhcp ipv4 relay profile name R1 DHCP IPv4 Relay Profile R1:

Helper Addresses: 10.10.10.1, vrf default Information Option: Disabled Information Option Allow Untrusted: Disabled Information Option Policy: Replace Information Option Check: Disabled Giaddr Policy: Keep Broadcast-flag Policy: Ignore

VRF References: default Interface References: FINTO\_RPO\_CPUO MgmtEthO\_RPO\_CPUO\_0

# show dhcp ipv6 relay binding

To display DHCPv6 client bindings for relay, use the **show dhcp ipv6 relay binding** command in XR EXEC mode.

show dhcp ipv6 relay binding [ client-duid client-interface type interface-path-id ] ]   [ [ location node-	duid-number	] [ [detail] ] [
vrf-name ]	id]] [	
client-duid client-duid-number	· •	al) Displays DHCPv6 relay anding information.
	is the cli	nment <i>client-duid-number</i> ent's DHCP Unique r (DUID) number.
	Note	Use the <b>show dhcp ipv6 relay binding</b> command to see the client DUID number.
detail	DHCPv6	al) Displays detailed 6 relay client binding ion for all clients.
interface type interfac-path-id		al) Displays DHCPv6 relay nding by interface.
	Specifies virtual in	s a physical interface or a nterface.
	Note	Use the <b>show interfaces</b> command to see a list of all possible interfaces currently configured on the router.
location node-id	DHCPv6	al) Displays detailed of relay client binding ion for a specified node.
		<i>e-id</i> argument is entered in /slot/module notation.
summary		al) Displays the summary Pv6 relay client binding.
vrf vrf-name	client bir	al) Displays DHCPv6 relay nding information for a ting and forwarding (VRF)
	interface type interfac-path-id  location node-id  summary	detail (Options DHCPve informat interface type interfac-path-id (Options client bin Note  location node-id (Options DHCPve informat The node the rack summary (Options of DHCPve informat The node the rack virtual in Note virtual in Note virtual in Note (Options of DHCPve informat The node the rack virtual in Note virt

#### **Command Default**

None.

#### **Command Modes**

XR EXEC mode

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.2.12	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

#### Task ID

# Task ID Operation ip-services read

This is the sample output for show dhep ipv6 relay binding command:

Router# show dhcp ipv6 relay binding

Summary:

Total number of clients: 1

IPv6 Address: fc00:35:0:ef5c:a932:239f:1b0e:e4ed/128 (BVI3500)
 Client DUID: 000100011b626e6f0000cae2da26
 IAID: 0x0
 VRF: default

Lifetime: 172800 secs (2d00h) Expiration: 172766 secs (1d23h)

# show dhcp ipv6 relay statistics

To display DHCPv6 relay statistics, use the **show dhcp ipv6 relay statistics** command in XR EXEC mode.

	show dhcp ipv6 relay statistics [ vrf vrf-name ]	[ detail ] [ location node-id
Syntax Description	detail	(Optional) Displays DHCPv6 relay statistics information in details.
	location node-id	(Optional) Displays DHCPv6 relay debug statistics information for for a specified node.
		The <i>node-id</i> argument is entered in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation.
	vrf vrf-name	(Optional) Displays DHCPv6 relay statistics information for a VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.
	location node-id	(Optional) Displays detailed DHCPv6 relay statistics information for a specified node.
		The <i>node-id</i> argument is entered in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation.
Command Default	None.	
Command Modes	XR EXEC mode	
<b>Command History</b>	Release Modification	
	Release This command was introduced. 7.2.12	
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.	
Task ID	Task ID Operation	
	ip-services read	
	This is the second content for them them there we will be second to the	

This is the sample output for **show dhep ipv6 relay statistics** command:

Router# show dhcp ipv6 relay statistics

default

RX | TX | DR

| 241 | 5 | 236 |

**nVSatellite		0	0	0
red4	1	0	0	0
red6	1	0	0	0
**eint		0	0	0

# vrf (relay profile)

To configure a relay profile on a VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance, use the **vrf** (**relay profile**) command in Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) IPv4 configuration mode. To disable this feature, use the **no** form of this command.

vrf {	vrf-name	default	all }	relay [	<b>profile</b> profile-name ]	
no vrf	{ vrf-name	default	all	} relay	[ <b>profile</b> profile-name	]

# **Syntax Description**

vrf-name	User-defined name for the VRF.
default	Specifies a profile for the default VRF.
all	Specifies a profile for all VRFs.
relay	Specifies a relay profile.
profile profile-name	Specifies a name for the profile.

#### **Command Default**

If **default** is selected, then the configuration defaults to VRF.

#### **Command Modes**

DHCP IPv4 configuration

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Release 7.2.12	This command was introduced.

### **Usage Guidelines**

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations
ip-services	read, write

#### **Examples**

The following example shows how to set the relay profile for all VRFs:

Router# config
Router(config)# dhcp ipv4
Router(config-dhcpv4)# vrf all

Command	Description
dhcp ipv4, on page 5	Enables DHCP for IPv4 and enters DHCP IPv4 configuration mode.
giaddr policy, on page 7	Configures how a relay agent processes BOOTREQUEST messages that already contain a nonzero giaddr attribute.

Command	Description
helper-address, on page 9	Configures the DHCP relay agent to relay packets to a specific DHCP Server.
relay information, on page 17	Configures a Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) IPv4 relay information options in forwarded BOOTREPLY messages.