



# YANG Data Models for Interfaces and Hardware Component Features

---

This chapter provides information about the YANG data models for Interface and Hardware Component features.

- [Using YANG Data Models, on page 1](#)
- [Guidelines to configure interfaces using YANG data models, on page 1](#)

## Using YANG Data Models

Cisco IOS XR supports a programmatic way of configuring and collecting operational data of a network device using YANG data models. Although configurations using CLIs are easier and human-readable, automating the configuration using model-driven programmability results in scalability.

The data models are available in the release image, and are also published in the [Github](#) repository. Navigate to the release folder of interest to view the list of supported data models and their definitions. Each data model defines a complete and cohesive model, or augments an existing data model with additional XPath. To view a comprehensive list of the data models supported in a release, navigate to the **Available-Content.md** file in the repository.

You can also view the data model definitions using the [YANG Data Models Navigator](#) tool. This GUI-based and easy-to-use tool helps you explore the nuances of the data model and view the dependencies between various containers in the model. You can view the list of models supported across Cisco IOS XR releases and platforms, locate a specific model, view the containers and their respective lists, leaves, and leaf lists presented visually in a tree structure. This visual tree form helps you get insights into nodes that can help you automate your network.

To get started with using the data models, see the *Programmability Configuration Guide*.

## Guidelines to configure interfaces using YANG data models

To configure and manage interfaces, it is very important to understand the specific restrictions and guidelines.

Guidelines

- Use index 0 exclusively for representing IP data on the main interfaces, and reserve index 1 onwards for subinterfaces.

