



MLPoE at PTA

The Multilink PPP over Ethernet (MLPoE) at PPP Termination and Aggregation (PTA) feature allows customer premises equipment (CPE) and PTA devices to interleave high-priority and low-latency packets (PPP encapsulated) between Multilink PPP fragments of lower-priority and higher-latency packets.

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Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see [Bug Search Tool](#) and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Prerequisites for MLPoE at PTA

Before configuring Multilink PPP over Ethernet (MLPoE) at PPP termination and aggregation (PTA), you must complete the following tasks:

- Creating a Class Map
- Creating a Policy Map
- Defining a PPP over Ethernet Profile
- Configuring a Virtual Template Interface

For more information see Configuring Multilink PPP over Broadband section.

Restrictions for MLPoE at PTA

- In-Service Software Upgrade (ISSU) and Stateful Switchover (SSO) for Broadband MLP sessions are not supported.
- Multilink PPP over Ethernet (MLPoE) using EtherChannel is not supported.
- Cisco IOS XE software supports a maximum of 4000 member links using MLPoE.
- For MLP virtual access bundles, the default Layer 3 (that is IP, IPv6) maximum transmission unit (MTU) value is 1500. When the member link of the MLPPP bundle are Ethernet-like in MLPoEoE, MLPoEoVLAN, and MLPoEoQinQ, the MTU value of 1500 can cause an issue when sending IP packets close to this size. For example, when a 1500-byte IP packet is sent by a device over MLPoEoE, the actual packet size transmitted is 1522: 14 (Ethernet header) + 8 (PPPoE header) + 6 (MLP header) + 1500 (IP) = 1528. A device enforcing MRU might drop the incoming packet as a "giant" because it exceeds the default expected maximum packet size. The 1500-byte MTU size does not take into account any PPPoE or MLP header overhead and, hence, causes packets greater than 1492 bytes to be dropped by the peer. To address this issue, do one of the following:
 - Lower the MTU on the MLP bundle to 1492.
 - Increase the MTU on the Ethernet interface to 9216. Also, increase the MTU on the bundle by adjusting the MTU of the virtual template to 1508.
- Member Link Session bandwidth—For MLPoE PPP termination and aggregation (PTA) variations, by default the bandwidth of the member link session is that of the parent interface. If a bandwidth statement is added to the virtual template, the member link session uses that bandwidth as the member link session bandwidth. This bandwidth is in turn communicated to MLPPP in the bundle member link aggregate data rate bandwidth calculation.
- If the Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexer (DSLAM) between the CPE and PTA communicates the link rate via the PPPoE dsl-sync-rate tags (Actual Data-Rate Downstream [0x82/130d] tag), this data is passed by the PTA device to the RADIUS server but is not acted upon by the ASR 1000 device. The data rate of the session remains as described above in the previous bullet. Note that this behavior is specific to PTA mode; LAC/LNS behaves differently. Use the **dsl line info forwarding** command on the LAC to transport the LAC access speed to the LNS.

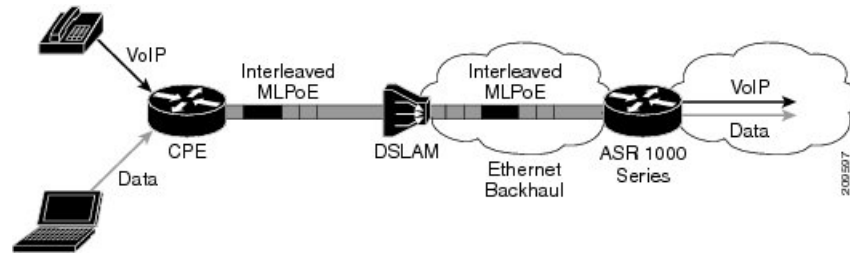
Information About MLPoE at PTA

MLPoE at PTA Overview

Single-link PPP over Ethernet and Multilink PPP over Ethernet (MLPoE) bundles support upstream and downstream link fragmentation and interleaving (LFI). Upstream refers to the traffic from the customer premises equipment (CPE) and downstream refers to the traffic to the CPE. The receiving device (CPE for downstream and PPP termination and aggregation [PTA] for upstream) reassembles fragmented, nonpriority packets. To reduce any delay in forwarding high-priority packets, the receiving device processes high-priority PPP packets as soon as they arrive.

The figure below shows a sample MLPoE network with LFI.

Figure 1: MLPoE DSL Network with LFI



PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE) sessions in MLPoE on a PTA device are handled as follows:

- All supported variations of PPPoE, such as PPP over Ethernet over ATM (PPPoEoA), PPP over Ethernet over Ethernet (PPPoEoE), PPP over Ethernet over Queue-in-Queue (PPPoEoQinQ), and PPP over Ethernet over VLAN (PPPoVLAN), can be used as member links for MLPoE bundles.
- Termination of an MLPoE bundle in a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) block is similar to terminating a PPPoE session in a VRF instance.
- MLPoE bundles are distinguished by the username that was used to authenticate the PPPoE member link session.

How to Configure MLPoE at PTA

Configuring MLPoE at PTA

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **interface** *type number*
4. **negotiation auto**
5. **pppoe enable group** *group-name*
6. **end**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3	interface <i>type number</i> Example: Device(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 0/0/1	Specifies a Gigabit Ethernet interface for which Multilink PPP must be configured and enters interface configuration mode.
Step 4	negotiation auto Example: Device(config-if)# negotiation auto	Enables the autonegotiation protocol to configure the speed, duplex, and automatic flow control of the Gigabit Ethernet interface.
Step 5	pppoe enable group <i>group-name</i> Example: Device(config-if)# pppoe enable group mlpoe-bba-group-10m	Enables PPPoE sessions on an Ethernet interface or subinterface.
Step 6	end Example: Device(config-if)# end	Exits interface configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

Configuring MLPoE over VLAN

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **interface** *type number*
4. **encapsulation dot1q** *vlan-id*
5. **pppoe enable group** *group-name*
6. **end**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	interface <i>type number</i> Example: Device(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 0/0/0.1	Specifies the Gigabit Ethernet interface for which Multilink PPP must be configured and enters subinterface configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 4	encapsulation dot1q <i>vlan-id</i> Example: Device(config-subif)# encapsulation dot1q 13	Enables IEEE 802.1q encapsulation of traffic on the specified subinterface in VLANs. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>vlan-id</i> is the virtual LAN identifier. The range is from 1 to 1000.
Step 5	pppoe enable group <i>group-name</i> Example: Device(config-subif)# pppoe enable group mlpoe-bba-group-10m	Enables PPPoE sessions on the subinterface.
Step 6	end Example: Device(config-subif)# end	Exits subinterface configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

Configuring MLPoE over QinQ

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **interface** *type number*
4. **encapsulation dot1q** *vlan-id* **second-dot1q** {**any** | *vlan-id* | *vlan-id-vlan-id* | [, *vlan-id-vlan-id*]}
5. **pppoe enable group** *group-name*
6. **end**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	interface <i>type number</i> Example: Device(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 0/0/1.1	Specifies the Gigabit Ethernet subinterface for which Multilink PPP must be configured and enters subinterface configuration mode.
Step 4	encapsulation dot1q <i>vlan-id</i> second-dot1q { any <i>vlan-id</i> <i>vlan-id-vlan-id</i> [, <i>vlan-id-vlan-id</i>]} Example:	Enables IEEE 802.1q encapsulation of traffic on a specified subinterface in VLANs. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>vlan-id</i> is the Virtual LAN identifier. Enter a hyphen to separate the starting and ending VLAN ID values

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Device(config-subif)# encapsulation dot1q 14 second-dot1q 140	that are used to define a range of VLAN IDs. Optionally, enter a comma to separate each VLAN ID range from the next range. The range is from 1 to 4094.
Step 5	pppoe enable group <i>group-name</i> Example: Device(config-subif)# pppoe enable group mlpoe-bba-group-10m	Enables PPPoE sessions on an Ethernet interface or subinterface.
Step 6	end Example: Device(config-subif)# end	Exits subinterface configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

Configuration Examples for MLPoE at PTA

Example: Configuring MLPoE at PTA

The following example shows how to configure the Multilink PPP over Ethernet (MLPoE) on the PTA device:

```

class-map match-all ip-prec-1
  match ip precedence 1
!
policy-map mlp-child-lfi-policy
  class ip-prec-1
    priority percent 10
policy-map mlp-parent-250K
  class class-default
    shape average 250000
    service-policy mlp-child-lfi-policy
policy-map mlp-parent-10M
  class class-default
    shape average 10000000
    service-policy mlp-child-lfi-policy
interface virtual-template 15
  description MLPoE/oEoVLAN/oEoQinQ (single-link bundle) Virtual Template
  ip address negotiated
  peer default ip address pool MLP-IPv4-Pool
  ppp max-failure 30
  ppp chap password 0 passowrd1
  ppp multilink
  ppp multilink interleave
  ppp multilink endpoint magic-number
  ppp timeout retry 4
  service-policy output mlp-parent-10M
  bba-group pppoe mlpoe-bba-group-10M
  virtual-template 15
ip local pool MLP-IPv4-Pool 209.165.201.2 209.165.201.10
interface GigabitEthernet 0/0/0
  description MLPoE (Single-Link Bundles) Session (PTA Mode) to 7200-41 0/1
  no ip address
  negotiation auto
  pppoe enable group mlpoe-bba-group-10M

```

Example: Configuring MLPoE over VLAN

The following example shows how to configure Multilink PPP over Ethernet over VLAN (MLPoEoVLAN) on the PTA device:

```
class-map match-all ip-prec-1
  match ip precedence 1
policy-map mlp-child-lfi-policy
  class ip-prec-1
    priority percent 10
policy-map mlp-parent-250K
  class class-default
    shape average 250000
    service-policy mlp-child-lfi-policy
policy-map mlp-parent-10M
  class class-default
    shape average 10000000
    service-policy mlp-child-lfi-policy
interface virtual-template 15
  description MLPoE/oEoVLAN/oEoQinQ (single-link bundle) Virtual Template
  ip address negotiated
  peer default ip address pool MLP-IPv4-Pool
  ppp max-failure 30
  ppp chap password 0 password1
  ppp multilink
  ppp multilink interleave
  ppp multilink endpoint magic-number
  ppp timeout retry 4
  service-policy output mlp-parent-10M
bba-group pppoe mlpoe-bba-group-10M
  virtual-template 15
ip local pool MLP-IPv4-Pool 209.165.201.2 209.165.201.10
interface GigabitEthernet 0/0/0.13
  description MLPoEoVLAN Session (Single-Link Bundles) Session (PTA Mode)
  encapsulation dot1Q 13
  pppoe enable group mlpoe-bba-group-10M
```

Example: Configuring MLPoE over QinQ

The following example shows how to configure Multilink PPP over Ethernet over Queue-in-Queue (MLPoEoQinQ) on the PTA device:

```
class-map match-all ip-prec-1
  match ip precedence 1
policy-map mlp-child-lfi-policy
  class ip-prec-1
    priority percent 10
policy-map mlp-parent-250K
  class class-default
    shape average 250000
    service-policy mlp-child-lfi-policy
policy-map mlp-parent-10M
  class class-default
    shape average 10000000
    service-policy mlp-child-lfi-policy
interface virtual-template 15
  description MLPoE/oEoVLAN/oEoQinQ (single-link bundle) Virtual Template
  ip address negotiated
  peer default ip address pool MLP-IPv4-Pool
  ppp max-failure 30
  ppp chap password 0 password1
  ppp multilink
```

```

ppp multilink interleave
ppp multilink endpoint magic-number
ppp timeout retry 4
service-policy output mlp-parent-10M
bba-group pppoe mlpoe-bba-group-10M
virtual-template 15
ip local pool MLP-IPv4-Pool 40.1.0.1 40.1.0.6
interface GigabitEthernet 0/0/0.14
description MLPoEoQinQ Sessions (Single-Link Bundles) Session (PTA Mode)
encapsulation dot1Q 14 second-dot1q 140
pppoe enable group mlpoe-bba-group-10M

```

Additional References for MLPoE at PTA

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases
PPP commands	Dial Technologies Command Reference
Multilink PPP	<i>Multilink PPP Feature Functionality on the ASR 1000 Series Aggregation Services Router</i>

Standards and RFCs

Standard/RFC	Title
RFC 1990	<i>The PPP Multilink Protocol (MP)</i>
RFC 2686	<i>The Multi-Class Extension to Multi-Link PPP</i>

MIBs

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html

Feature Information for MLPoE at PTA

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

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Table 1: Feature Information for Multilink PPP Over Ethernet at PTA

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
MLPoE at PTA	12.2(33)XNE Cisco IOS XE Release 3.4S Cisco IOS XE Release 3.10S Cisco IOS XE Release 3.12S	Multilink PPP over Ethernet (MLPoE) at PPP Termination and Aggregation (PTA) feature allows the customer premises equipment (CPE) and PTA devices to interleave high-priority and low-latency packets (PPP encapsulated) between MLPPP fragments of lower-priority and higher-latency packets.

