

CiscoUBESupportforSRTP-RTPInternetworking

The Cisco Unified Border Element Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking feature allows secure enterprise-to-enterprise calls and provides operational enhancements for Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) trunks from Cisco Unified Call Manager and Cisco Unified Call Manager Express. Support for Secure Real-Time Transport Protocol (SRTP)-Real-Time Transport Protocol (RTP) internetworking between one or multiple Cisco Unified Border Elements (Cisco UBEs) is enabled for SIP-SIP audio calls.

In Cisco IOS Release 15.2(1) and Cisco IOS XE Release 3.7S, the SRTP-RTP Interworking feature was extended to support supplementary services on Cisco UBEs.

- Prerequisites for CUBE Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking, page 1
- Restrictions for CUBE Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking, page 2
- Information About CUBE for SRTP-RTP Internetworking, page 2
- How to Configure Cisco UBE Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking, page 5
- Configuration Examples for CUBE Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking, page 23
- Feature Information for CUBE Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking, page 25

Prerequisites for CUBE Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking

• The Cisco Unified Border Element Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking feature is supported in Cisco Unified CallManager 7.0 and later releases.

Cisco Unified Border Element

 Cisco IOS Release 12.4(22)YB or a later release must be installed and running on your Cisco Unified Border Element.

Cisco Unified Border Element (Enterprise)

 Cisco IOS XE Release 3.7S or a later release must be installed and running on your Cisco ASR 1000 Series Router.

Restrictions for CUBE Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking

The following features are not supported by the Cisco Unified Border Element Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking feature:

- Asymmetric SRTP fallback configurations
- Call admission control (CAC) support
- · Rotary SIP-SIP
- SRTCP-RTCP interworking
- Transcoding for SRTP-SRTP audio calls



Effective from Cisco IOS XE release 3.9S, SRTP-RTP interworking is supported (on ASR platforms) for video calls with no secondary video streams.

Information About CUBE for SRTP-RTP Internetworking

To configure support for SRTP-RTP internetworking, you should understand the following concepts:

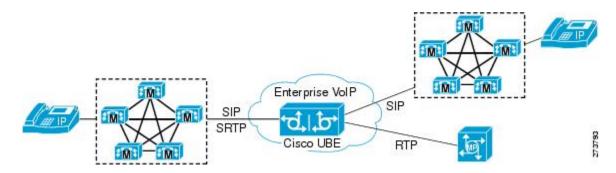
CUBE Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking

The Cisco Unified Border Element Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking feature connects SRTP Cisco Unified CallManager domains with the following:

- RTP Cisco Unified CallManager domains. Domains that do not support SRTP or have not been configured for SRTP, as shown in the figure below.
- RTP Cisco applications or servers. For example, Cisco Unified MeetingPlace, Cisco WebEx, or Cisco
 Unity, which do not support SRTP, or have not been configured for SRTP, or are resident in a secure
 data center, as shown in the figure below.

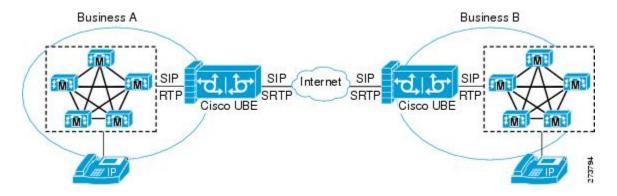
• RTP to third-party equipment. For example, IP trunks to PBXs or virtual machines, which do not support SRTP.

Figure 1: SRTP Domain Connections



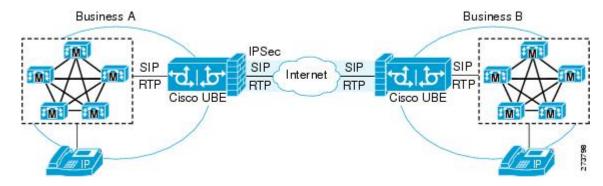
The Cisco Unified Border Element Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking feature connects SRTP enterprise domains to RTP SIP provider SIP trunks. SRTP-RTP internetworking connects RTP enterprise networks with SRTP over an external network between businesses. This provides flexible secure business-to-business communications without the need for static IPsec tunnels or the need to deploy SRTP within the enterprise, as shown in the figure below.

Figure 2: Secure Business-to-Business Communications



SRTP-RTP internetworking also connects SRTP enterprise networks with static IPsec over external networks, as shown in the figure below.

Figure 3: SRTP Enterprise Network Connections



SRTP-RTP internetworking on the Cisco UBE in a network topology uses single-pair key generation. Existing audio and dual-tone multifrequency (DTMF) transcoding is used to support voice calls. SRTP-RTP internetworking support is provided in both flow-through and high-density mode. SRTP-SRTP pass-through is not impacted.

SRTP is configured on one dial peer and RTP is configured on the other dial peer using the **srtp** and **srtp fallback** commands. The dial-peer configuration takes precedence over the global configuration on the Cisco UBE

Fallback handling occurs if one of the call endpoints does not support SRTP. The call can fall back to RTP-RTP, or the call can fail, depending on the configuration. Fallback takes place only if the **srtp fallback** command is configured on the respective dial peer. RTP-RTP fallback occurs when no transcoding resources are available for SRTP-RTP internetworking.

TLS on the Cisco Unified Border Element

The Cisco Unified Border Element Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking feature allows Transport Layer Security (TLS) to be enabled or disabled between the Skinny Call Control Protocol (SCCP) server and the SCCP client. By default, TLS is enabled, which provides added protection at the transport level and ensures that SRTP keys are not easily accessible. Once TLS is disabled, the SRTP keys are not protected.

SRTP-RTP internetworking is available with normal and universal transcoders. The transcoder on the Cisco Unified Border Element is invoked using SCCP messaging between the SCCP server and the SCCP client. SCCP messages carry the SRTP keys to the digital signal processor (DSP) farm at the SCCP client. The transcoder can be within the same router or can be located in a separate router. TLS should be disabled only when the transcoder is located in the same router. To disable TLS, configure the **no** form of the **tls** command in dsp farm profile configuration mode. Disabling TLS improves CPU performance.

Supplementary Services Support on the Cisco UBE for RTP-SRTP Calls

The Supplementary Services Support on Cisco UBE for RTP-SRTP Calls feature supports the following supplementary services on the Cisco UBE:

• Midcall codec change with voice class codec configuration for SRTP-RTP and SRTP pass-through calls.

- Reinvite-based call hold.
- Reinvite-based call resume.
- Music on hold (MoH) invoked from the Cisco Unified Communications Manager (Cisco UCM), where the call leg changes between SRTP and RTP for an MoH source.

Reinvite-based call forward.

- Reinvite-based call transfer.
- Call transfer based on a REFER message, with local consumption or pass-through of the REFER message on the Cisco UBE.
- Call forward based on a 302 message, with local consumption or pass-through of the 302 message on the Cisco UBE.
- T.38 fax switchover.
- Fax pass-through switchover.
- DO-EO for SRTP-RTP calls.
- DO-EO for SRTP pass-through calls.

When the initial SRTP-RTP or SRTP pass-through call is established on the Cisco UBE, a call can switch between SRTP and RTP for various supplementary services that can be invoked on the end points. Transcoder resources are used to perform SRTP-RTP conversion on Cisco UBE. When the call switches between SRTP and RTP, the transcoder is dynamically inserted, deleted, or modified. Both normal transcoding and high-density (optimized) transcoding are supported.

For call transfers involving REFER and 302 messages (messages that are locally consumed on Cisco UBE), end-to-end media renegotiation is initiated from Cisco UBE only when you configure the supplementary-service media-renegotiate command in voice service voip configuration mode.

When supplementary services are invoked from the end points, the call can switch between SRTP and RTP during the call duration. Hence, Cisco recommends that you configure such SIP trunks for SRTP fallback.

How to Configure Cisco UBE Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking

Configuring Cisco UBE Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking

Configuring the Certificate Authority

Perform the steps described in this section to configure the certificate authority.

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. ip http server
- 4. crypto pki server cs-label
- 5. database level complete
- 6. grant auto
- 7. no shutdown
- 8. exit

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	ip http server	Enables the HTTP server on your IPv4 or IPv6 system, including the Cisco web browser user interface.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# ip http server	
Step 4	crypto pki server cs-label	Enables a Cisco IOS certificate server and enters certificate server configuration mode.
	Example:	• In the example, 3854-cube is specified as the name of the
	Device(config) # crypto pki server 3854-cube	certificate server.
Step 5	database level complete	Controls what type of data is stored in the certificate enrollment database.
	Example:	• In the example, each issued certificate is written to the
	Device(cs-server)# database level complete	database.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 6	grant auto	Specifies automatic certificate enrollment.
	Example:	
	Device(cs-server)# grant auto	
Step 7	no shutdown	Reenables the certificate server.
	Example:	Create and enter a new password when prompted.
	Device(cs-server)# no shutdown	
Step 8	exit	Exits certificate server configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(cs-server)# exit	

Configuring a Trustpoint for the Secure Universal Transcoder

Perform the task in this section to configure, authenticate, and enroll a trustpoint for the secure universal transcoder.

Before You Begin

Before you configure a trustpoint for the secure universal transcoder, you should configure the certificate authority, as described in the Configuring the Certificate Authority, on page 5.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. crypto pki trustpoint name
- 4. enrollment url url
- 5. serial-number
- 6. revocation-check method
- 7. rsakeypair key-label
- 9. crypto pki authenticate name
- 10. crypto pki enroll name
- **11.** exit

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	crypto pki trustpoint name	Declares the trustpoint that the router uses and enters ca-trustpoint configuration mode.
	Example:	• In the example, the trustpoint is named secdsp.
	Device(config)# crypto pki trustpoint secdsp	
Step 4	enrollment url url	Specifies the enrollment parameters of a certification authority (CA).
	Example:	• In the example, the URL is defined as http://10.13.2.52:80.
	Device(ca-trustpoint)# enrollment url http://10.13.2.52:80	
Step 5	serial-number	Specifies whether the router serial number should be included in the certificate request.
	Example:	in the continuate request.
	Device(ca-trustpoint)# serial-number	
Step 6	revocation-check method	Checks the revocation status of a certificate.
	Example:	• In the example, the certificate revocation list checks the revocation status.
	Device(ca-trustpoint)# revocation-check crl	
Step 7	rsakeypair key-label	Specifies which key pair to associate with the certificate.
	Example:	• In the example, the key pair 3845-cube generated during enrollment is associated with the certificate.
	Device(ca-trustpoint)# rsakeypair 3845-cube	
Step 8	end	Exits ca-trustpoint configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(ca-trustpoint)# end	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 9	crypto pki authenticate name	Authenticates the CA.
	Example:	Accept the trustpoint CA certificate if prompted.
	<pre>Device(config) # crypto pki authenticate secdsp</pre>	
Step 10	crypto pki enroll name	Obtains the certificate for the router from the CA.
	Example:	Create and enter a new password if prompted. Paguest a contificate from the CA if prompted.
	Device(config)# crypto pki enroll secdsp	Request a certificate from the CA if prompted.
Step 11	exit	Exits global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# exit	

Configuring DSP Farm Services

Perform the task in this section to configure DSP farm services.

Before You Begin

Before you configure DSP farm services, you should configure the trustpoint for the secure universal transcoder, as described in the Configuring a Trustpoint for the Secure Universal Transcoder, on page 7.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. voice-card slot
- 4. dspfarm
- 5. dsp services dspfarm
- **6.** Repeat Steps 3, 4, and 5 to configure a second voice card.
- 7. exit

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
		Enter your password if prompted.
	Example:	
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	voice-card slot	Configures a voice card and enters voice-card configuration mode.
	Example:	• In the example, voice card 0 is configured.
	Device(config)# voice-card 0	
Step 4	dspfarm	Adds a specified voice card to those participating in a DSP resource pool.
	Example:	
	Device(config-voicecard)# dspfarm	
Step 5	dsp services dspfarm	Enables DSP farm services for a particular voice network module.
	Example:	
	Device(config-voicecard) # dsp services dspfarm	
Step 6	Repeat Steps 3, 4, and 5 to configure a second voice card.	
Step 7	exit	Exits voice-card configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-voicecard) # exit	

Associating SCCP to the Secure DSP Farm Profile

Perform the task in this section to associate SCCP to the secure DSP farm profile.

Before You Begin

Before you associate SCCP to the secure DSP farm profile, you should configure DSP farm services, as described in the Configuring DSP Farm Services, on page 9.

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3. sccp local** *interface-type interface-number*
- **4. sccp ccm** *ip-address* **identifier** *identifier-number* **version** version-number
- 5. sccp
- **6.** associate ccm identifier-number priority priority-number
- 7. associate profile profile-identifier register device-name
- **8. dspfarm profile** *profile-identifier* transcode universal security
- 9. trustpoint trustpoint-label
- **10.** codec codec-type
- **11.** Repeat Step 10 to configure reuired codecs.
- **12.** maximum sessions number
- 13. associate application sccp
- 14. no shutdown
- **15.** exit

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	sccp local interface-type interface-number	Selects the local interface that SCCP applications (transcoding and conferencing) use to register with Cisco CallManager.
	Example:	• In the example, the following parameters are set:
	Device(config) # sccp local GigabitEthernet 0/0	 GigabitEthernet is defined as the interface type that the SCCP application uses to register with Cisco CallManager.
		• The interface number that the SCCP application uses to register with Cisco CallManager is specified as 0/0.
Step 4	sccp ccm ip-address identifier identifier-number version version-number	Adds a Cisco Unified Communications Manager server to the list of available servers.

	Command or Action	Purpose
		In the example, the following parameters are set:
	Example: Device(config) # sccp ccm 10.13.2.52	• 10.13.2.52 is configured as the IP address of the Cisco Unified Communications Manager server.
	identifier 1 version 5.0.1	The number 1 identifies the Cisco Unified Communications Manager server.
		• The Cisco Unified Communications Manager version is identified as 5.0.1.
Step 5	sccp	Enables SCCP and related applications (transcoding and conferencing) and enters SCCP Cisco CallManager configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# sccp	
Step 6	associate ccm identifier-number priority priority-number	Associates a Cisco Unified CallManager with a Cisco CallManager group and establishes its priority within the group.
	Example:	• In the example, the following parameters are set:
	•	• The number 1 identifies the Cisco Unified CallManager.
	<pre>Device(config-sccp-ccm)# associate ccm 1 priority 1</pre>	The Cisco Unified CallManager is configured with the highest priority within the Cisco CallManager group.
Step 7	associate profile profile-identifier register device-name	Associates a DSP farm profile with a Cisco CallManager group.
		• In the example, the following parameters are set:
	Example:	• The number 1 identifies the DSP farm profile.
	Device(config-sccp-ccm)# associate profile 1 register sxcoder	Sxcoder is configured as the user-specified device name in Cisco Unified CallManager.
Step 8	dspfarm profile profile-identifier transcode universal security	Defines a profile for DSP farm services and enters DSP farm profile configuration mode.
	<pre>Example: Device(config-sccp-ccm) # dspfarm profile 1 transcode universal security</pre>	• In the example, the following parameters are set:
		• Profile 1 is enabled for transcoding.
		• Profile 1 is enabled for secure DSP farm services.
Step 9	trustpoint trustpoint-label	Associates a trustpoint with a DSP farm profile.
	Example:	• In the example, the trustpoint to be associated with the DSP farm profile is labeled secdsp.
	<pre>Device(config-dspfarm-profile)# trustpoint secdsp</pre>	

Cisco Unified Border Element Protocol-Independent Features and Setup Configuration Guide, Cisco IOS Release 15M&T

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 10	codec codec-type	Specifies the codecs that are supported by a DSP farm profile.
	Example:	• In the example, the g711ulaw codec is specified.
	Device(config-dspfarm-profile)# codec g711ulaw	
Step 11	Repeat Step 10 to configure reuired codecs.	
Step 12	maximum sessions number	Specifies the maximum number of sessions that are supported by the profile.
	Example:	• In the example, a maximum of 84 sessions are supported by the
	Device(config-dspfarm-profile)# maximum sessions 84	profile. The maximum number of sessions depends on the number of DSPs available for transcoding.
Step 13	associate application sccp	Associates SCCP to the DSP farm profile.
	Example:	
	Device(config-dspfarm-profile)# associate application sccp	
Step 14	no shutdown	Allocates DSP farm resources and associates them with the application.
	Example:	The state of the s
	Device(config-dspfarm-profile)# no shutdown	
Step 15	exit	Exits DSP farm profile configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-dspfarm-profile)# exit	

Registering the Secure Universal Transcoder to the CUBE

Perform the task in this section to register the secure universal transcoder to the Cisco Unified Border Element. The Cisco Unified Border Element Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking feature supports both secure transcoders and secure universal transcoders.

Before You Begin

Before you register the secure universal transcoder to the Cisco Unified Border Element, you should associated SCCP to the secure DSP farm profile, as described in the Associating SCCP to the Secure DSP Farm Profile, on page 10.

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. telephony-service
- 4. sdspfarm transcode sessions number
- **5. sdspfarm tag** *number device-name*
- **6.** em logout time1 time2 time3
- 7. max-ephones max-ephones
- **8.** max-dn max-directory-numbers
- 9. ip source-address ip-address
- 10. secure-signaling trustpoint label
- 11. tftp-server-credentials trustpoint label
- 12. create cnf-files
- 13. no sccp
- 14. sccp
- **15**. end

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device> configure terminal	
Step 3	telephony-service	Enters telephony-service configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# telephony-service	
Step 4	sdspfarm transcode sessions number	Specifies the maximum number of transcoding sessions allowed per Cisco CallManager Express router.
	Example:	• In the example, a maximum of 84 DSP farm sessions are
	Device(config-telephony)# sdspfarm transcode sessions 84	specified.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 5	sdspfarm tag number device-name Example:	Permits a DSP farm to be to registered to Cisco Unified CallManager Express and associates it with an SCCP client interface's MAC address.
	Device(config-telephony)# sdspfarm tag 1 sxcoder	• In the example, DSP farm 1 is associated with the sxcoder device.
Step 6	em logout time1 time2 time3	Configures three time-of-day-based timers for automatically logging out all Extension Mobility feature users.
	Example: Device(config-telephony) # em logout 0:0 0:0 0:0	• In the example, all users are logged out from Extension Mobility after 00:00.
Step 7	max-ephones max-ephones	Sets the maximum number of Cisco IP phones to be supported by a Cisco CallManager Express router.
	<pre>Example: Device(config-telephony)# max-ephones 4</pre>	• In the example, a maximum of four phones are supported by the Cisco CallManager Express router.
Step 8	max-dn max-directory-numbers	Sets the maximum number of extensions (ephone-dns) to be supported by a Cisco Unified CallManager Express router.
	Example:	• In the example, a maximum of four extensions is allowed.
	Device(config-telephony)# max-dn 4	1 /
Step 9	ip source-address ip-address	Identifies the IP address and port through which IP phones communicate with a Cisco Unified CallManager Express router.
	Example:	• In the example, 10.13.2.52 is configured as the router IP
	Device(config-telephony)# ip source-address 10.13.2.52	address.
Step 10	secure-signaling trustpoint label	Specifies the name of the Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) trustpoint with the certificate to be used for TLS handshakes with IP phones
	Example:	on TCP port 2443.
	Device(config-telephony)# secure-signaling trustpoint secdsp	In the example, PKI trustpoint secdsp is configured.
Step 11	tftp-server-credentials trustpoint label	Specifies the PKI trustpoint that signs the phone configuration files.
	Example:	• In the example, PKI trustpoint scme is configured.
	Device(config-telephony)# tftp-server-credentials trustpoint scme	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 12	create cnf-files	Builds the XML configuration files that are required for IP phones in Cisco Unified CallManager Express.
	Example:	
	Device(config-telephony)# create cnf-files	
Step 13	no sccp	Disables SCCP and its related applications (transcoding and conferencing) and exits telephony-service configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-telephony)# no sccp	
Step 14	sccp	Enables SCCP and related applications (transcoding and conferencing).
	Example:	
	Device(config)# sccp	
Step 15	end	Exits global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# end	

Configuring SRTP-RTP Internetworking Support

Perform the task in this section to enable SRTP-RTP internetworking support between one or multiple Cisco Unified Border Elements for SIP-SIP audio calls. In this task, RTP is configured on the incoming call leg and SRTP is configured on the outgoing call leg.

Before You Begin

Before you configure the Cisco Unified Border Element Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking feature, you should register the secure universal transcoder to the Cisco Unified Border Element, as described in the Registering the Secure Universal Transcoder to the CUBE, on page 13.



The Cisco Unified Border Element Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking feature is available only on platforms that support transcoding on the Cisco Unified Border Element. The feature is also available only on secure Cisco IOS images on the Cisco Unified Border Element.

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. dial-peer voice tag voip
- 4. destination-pattern string
- 5. session protocol sipv2
- **6. session target ipv4:** destination-address
- 7. incoming called-number string
- 8. codec codec
- 9. end
- 10. dial-peer voice tag voip
- **11.** Repeat Steps 4, 5, 6, and 7 to configure a second dial peer.
- 13. codec codec
- **14.** exit

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	dial-peer voice tag voip Example:	Defines a particular dial peer, to specify the method of voice encapsulation, and enters dial peer voice configuration mode.
	Device(config)# dial-peer voice 201 voip	 In the example, the following parameters are set: Dial peer 201 is defined. VoIP is shown as the method of encapsulation.
Step 4	destination-pattern string	Specifies either the prefix or the full E.164 telephone number to be used for a dial peer string.
	<pre>Example: Device(config-dial-peer)# destination-pattern 5550111</pre>	• In the example, 5550111 is specified as the pattern for the telephone number.

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 5	session protocol sipv2	Specifies a session protocol for calls between local and remote routers using the packet network.	
	Example:	• In the example, the sipv2 keyword is configured so that the	
	Device(config-dial-peer)# session protocol sipv2	dial peer uses the IEFTF SIP.	
Step 6	session target ipv4: destination-address	Designates a network-specific address to receive calls from a VoIP or VoIPv6 dial peer.	
	Example:	• In the example, the IP address of the dial peer to receive calls	
	<pre>Device(config-dial-peer) # session target ipv4:10.13.25.102</pre>	is configured as 10.13.25.102.	
Step 7	incoming called-number string	Specifies a digit string that can be matched by an incoming call to associate the call with a dial peer.	
	Example:	• In the example, 5550111 is specified as the pattern for the	
	<pre>Device(config-dial-peer)# incoming called-number 5550111</pre>	E.164 or private dialing plan telephone number.	
Step 8	codec codec	Specifies the voice coder rate of speech for the dial peer.	
	Example:	• In the example, G.711 mu-law at 64,000 bps, is specified as	
	Device(config-dial-peer)# codec g711ulaw	the voice coder rate for speech.	
Step 9	end	Exits dial peer voice configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-dial-peer)#end		
Step 10	dial-peer voice tag voip	Defines a particular dial peer, to specify the method of voice encapsulation, and enters dial peer voice configuration mode.	
	Example:	• In the example, the following parameters are set:	
	Device(config)# dial-peer voice 200 voip	• Dial peer 200 is defined.	
		• VoIP is shown as the method of encapsulation.	
Step 11	Repeat Steps 4, 5, 6, and 7 to configure a second dial peer.		
Step 12	srtp	Specifies that SRTP is used to enable secure calls for the dial peer.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-dial-peer)# srtp		
Step 13	codec codec	Specifies the voice coder rate of speech for the dial peer.	

Cisco Unified Border Element Protocol-Independent Features and Setup Configuration Guide, Cisco IOS Release 15M&T

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Example: Device(config-dial-peer)# codec g711ulaw	• In the example, G.711 mu-law at 64,000 bps, is specified as the voice coder rate for speech.
Step 14	exit	Exits dial peer voice configuration mode.
	<pre>Example: Device(config-dial-peer)# exit</pre>	

Troubleshooting Tips

The following commands can help troubleshoot Cisco Unified Border Element support for SRTP-RTP internetworking:

- show crypto pki certificates
- · show sccp
- · show sdspfarm

Enabling SRTP on the Cisco UBE

You can configure SRTP with the fallback option so that a call can fall back to RTP if SRTP is not supported by the other call end. Enabling SRTP is required for supporting nonsecure supplementary services such as MoH, call forward, and call transfer.

Enabling SRTP Globally

Perform this task to enable SRTP globally.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. voice service voip
- 4. srtp fallback
- 5. exit

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.	
	Device> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device# configure terminal		
Step 3	voice service voip	Enters voice-service configuration mode and specifies VoIP encapsulation as the voice-encapsulation type.	
	Example:		
	Device(config)# voice service voip		
Step 4	srtp fallback	Enables call fallback to nonsecure mode.	
	Example:	Note If the secure SIP trunk is towards the Cisco UCM, you must configure the srtp negotiate cisco command in	
	<pre>RoDeviceuter(conf-voi-serv)# srtp fallback</pre>	voice-service configuration mode for a non-Cisco fallback to work.	
Step 5	exit	Exits voice service configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(conf-voi-serv)# exit		

Example: Enabling SRTP Globally

Device(config) # voice service voip
Device(conf-voi-serv) # srtp fallback
Device(conf-voi-serv) # exit

Enabling SRTP on a Dial Peer

Perform this task to enable SRTP on a dial peer.

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. dial-peer voice tag voip
- 4. srtp fallback
- 5. exit

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	dial-peer voice tag voip	Defines a particular dial peer to specify VoIP as the method of voice encapsulation and enters dial peer voice configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config) # dial-peer voice 10 voip	
Step 4	srtp fallback	Enables specific dial-peer calls to fall back to nonsecure mode.
	Example:	Note If the secure SIP trunk is towards the Cisco UCM, you
	Device(config-dial-peer)# srtp fallback	must configure the srtp negotiate cisco command in dial peer voice configuration mode for a non-Cisco fallback to work.
Step 5	exit	Exits dial peer voice configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-dial-peer)# exit	

Example: Enabling SRTP on a Dial Peer

Device(config)# dial-peer voice 10 voip
Device(config-dial-peer)# srtp fallback
Device(config-dial-peer)# exit

Troubleshooting Tips

The following commands can help troubleshoot SRTP-RTP supplementary services support on Cisco UBE:

- debug ccsip all
- · debug sccp all
- · debug voip ccapi inout

Verifying SRTP-RTP Supplementary Services Support on the Cisco UBE

Perform this task to verify the configuration for SRTP-RTP supplementary services support on the Cisco UBE. The **show** commands need not be entered in any specific order.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. show call active voice brief
- 3. show sccp connection
- 4. show dspfarm dsp active

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1 enable

Enables privileged EXEC mode.

Example:

Device> enable

Step 2 show call active voice brief

Displays call information for voice calls in progress.

Example:

```
Device# show call active voice brief
Telephony call-legs: 0
SIP call-legs: 2
H323 call-legs: 0
Call agent controlled call-legs: 0
SCCP call-legs: 2
ulticast call-legs: 0
Total call-legs: 4
 : 1 12:49:45.256 IST Fri Jun 3 2011.1 +29060 pid:1 Answer 10008001 connected dur 00:01:19 tx:1653/271092 rx:2831/464284 dscp:0 media:0
 IP 10.45.40.40:7892 SRTP: on rtt:0ms pl:0/0ms lost:0/0/0 delay:0/0/0ms g711ulaw TextRelay: off
 media inactive detected:n media contrl rcvd:n/a timestamp:n/a
 long duration call detected:n long duration call duration:n/a timestamp:n/a
     : 2 12:49:45.256 IST Fri Jun 3 2011.2 +29060 pid:22 Originate 20009001 connected
 dur 00:01:19 tx:2831/452960 rx:1653/264480 dscp:0 media:0
 IP 10.45.40.40:7893 SRTP: off rtt:0ms pl:0/0ms lost:0/0/0 delay:0/0/0ms g711ulaw TextRelay: off
media inactive detected:n media contrl rcvd:n/a timestamp:n/a
```

```
long duration call detected:n long duration call duration:n/a timestamp:n/a
    : 3 12:50:14.326 IST Fri Jun 3 2011.1 +0 pid:0 Originate connecting
dur 00:01:19 tx:2831/452960 rx:1653/264480 dscp:0 media:0
IP 10.45.34.252:2000 SRTP: off rtt:0ms pl:0/0ms lost:0/0/0 delay:0/0/0ms q711ulaw TextRelay: off
media inactive detected:n media contrl rcvd:n/a timestamp:n/a
long duration call detected:n long duration call duration:n/a timestamp:n/a
    : 5 12:50:14.326 IST Fri Jun 3 2011.2 +0 pid:0 Originate connecting
dur 00:01:19 tx:1653/271092 rx:2831/464284 dscp:0 media:0
IP 10.45.34.252:2000 SRTP: on rtt:0ms pl:0/0ms lost:0/0/0 delay:0/0/0ms g711ulaw TextRelay: off
media inactive detected:n media contrl rcvd:n/a timestamp:n/a
long duration call detected:n long duration call duration:n/a timestamp:n/a
```

Step 3 show sccp connection

Displays SCCP connection details.

Example:

```
Device# show sccp connection
sess id
          conn id
                   stype mode
                                     codec
                                             sport rport ripaddr conn id tx
                   s-xcode sendrecv g711u
                                             17124 2000
                                                        10.45.34.252
                                            30052 2000 10.45.34.252
65537
                      xcode sendrecv g711u
Total number of active session(s) 1, and connection(s) 2
```

Step 4 show dspfarm dsp active

Displays active DSP information about the DSP farm service.

Example:

```
Device# show dspfarm dsp active
SLOT DSP VERSION STATUS CHNL USE TYPE
                                          RSC ID BRIDGE ID PKTS TXED PKTS RXED
        30.0.209 UP
                             USED xcode
                                                           2876
                                                                     1706
        30.0.209 UP
                            USED xcode
                                                           1698
                                                                     2876
    1
                       1
Total number of DSPFARM DSP channel(s) 1
```

Configuration Examples for CUBE Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking

SRTP-RTP Internetworking Example

The following example shows how to configure Cisco Unified Border Element support for SRTP-RTP internetworking. In this example, the incoming call leg is RTP and the outgoing call leg is SRTP.

```
enable
configure terminal
ip http server
crypto pki server 3845-cube
 database level complete
```

```
grant auto
  no shutdown
%PKI-6-CS GRANT AUTO: All enrollment requests will be automatically granted.
% Some server settings cannot be changed after CA certificate generation.
% Please enter a passphrase to protect the private key or type Return to exit
Password:
Re-enter password:
% Generating 1024 bit RSA keys, keys will be non-exportable...[OK]
% SSH-5-ENABLED: SSH 1.99 has been enabled
% Exporting Certificate Server signing certificate and keys...
% Certificate Server enabled.
%PKI-6-CS ENABLED: Certificate server now enabled.
crypto pki trustpoint secdsp
 enrollment url http://10.13.2.52:80
 serial-number
revocation-check crl
rsakeypair 3845-cube
exit
crypto pki authenticate secdsp
Certificate has the following attributes:
Fingerprint MD5: CCC82E9E 4382CCFE ADA0EB8C 524E2FC1
Fingerprint SHA1: 34B9C4BF 4841AB31 7B0810AD 80084475 3965F140
% Do you accept this certificate? [yes/no]: yes
Trustpoint CA certificate accepted.
crypto pki enroll secdsp
% Start certificate enrollment ..
% Create a challenge password. You will need to verbally provide this password to the CA
Administrator in order to revoke your certificate. For security reasons your password will
not be saved in the configuration. Please make a note of it.
Password:
Re-enter password:
% The subject name in the certificate will include: 3845-CUBE
% The serial number in the certificate will be: FHK1212F4MU
% Include an IP address in the subject name? [no]:
Request certificate from CA? [yes/no]: yes
% Certificate request sent to Certificate Authority
% The 'show crypto pki certificate secdsp verbose' command will show the fingerprint.
CRYPTO PKI: Certificate Request Fingerprint MD5: 56CE5FC3 B8411CF3 93A343DA 785C2360
CRYPTO PKI: Certificate Request Fingerprint SHA1: EE029629 55F5CA10 21E50F08 F56440A2
DDC7469D
%PKI-6-CERTRET: Certificate received from Certificate Authority
voice-card 0
dspfarm
dsp services dspfarm
voice-card 1
 dspfarm
dsp services dspfarm
exit
sccp local GigabitEthernet 0/0
sccp ccm 10.13.2.52 identifier 1 version 5.0.1
sccp
SCCP operational state bring up is successful.sccp ccm group 1
 associate ccm 1 priority 1
 associate profile 1 register sxcoder
 dspfarm profile 1 transcode universal security
 trustpoint secdsp
  codec g711ulaw
  codec g711alaw
  codec g729ar8
  codec g729abr8
  codec g729r8
  codec ilbc
  codec g729br8
  maximum sessions 84
  associate application sccp
 no shutdown
  exit
telephony-service
```

```
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface EDSPO, changed state to upsdspfarm units 1
 sdspfarm transcode sessions 84
 sdspfarm tag 1 sxcoder
 em logout 0:0 0:0 0:0
max-ephones 4
max-dn 4
 ip source-address 10.13.2.52
Updating CNF files
CNF-FILES: Clock is not set or synchronized, retaining old versionStamps
CNF files updating complete
 secure-signaling trustpoint secdsp
 tftp-server-credentials trustpoint scme
CNF-FILES: Clock is not set or synchronized, retaining old versionStamps
CNF files update complete (post init)
 create cnf-files
CNF-FILES: Clock is not set or synchronized, retaining old versionStamps
sccp
SCCP operational state bring up is successful.
%SDSPFARM-6-REGISTER: mtp-1:sxcoder IP:10.13.2.52 Socket:1 DeviceType:MTP has registered.
%SYS-5-CONFIG I: Configured from console by console
dial-peer voi\overline{c}e 201 voip
 destination-pattern 5550111
 session protocol sipv2
session target ipv4:10.13.25.102
 incoming called-number 5550112
 codec g711ulaw
dial-peer voice 200 voip
destination-pattern 5550112
 session protocol sipv2
 session target ipv4:10.13.2.51
 incoming called-number 5550111
 srtp
 codec g711ulaw
```

Feature Information for CUBE Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking

Table 1: Feature Information for Cisco Unified Border Element Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
Cisco Unified Border Element Support for SRTP-RTP Internetworking	12.4(22)YB , 15.0(1)M	This feature allows secure enterprise-to-enterprise calls. Support for SRTP-RTP internetworking between one or multiple Cisco Unified Border Elements is enabled for SIP-SIP audio calls.
		The following sections provide information about this feature: The following command was introduced: tls.

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
Supplementary Services Support on Cisco UBE for RTP-SRTP Calls	15.2(1)T	The SRTP-RTP Internetworking feature was enhanced to support supplementary services for SRTP-RTP calls on Cisco UBE.
Supplementary Services Support on Cisco UBE for RTP-SRTP Calls	Cisco IOS XE Release 3.7S	The SRTP-RTP Internetworking feature was enhanced to support supplementary services for SRTP-RTP calls on Cisco UBE.