

CiscoUnifiedBorderElementInterclusterLookup Service

The Cisco Unified Border Element (Cisco UBE) Intercluster Lookup Service feature enables Cisco Unified Communications Manager to establish calls using Uniform Resource Identifiers (URIs.) It provides a framework for sharing information about user-contact information between Cisco Unified Communications Manager clusters. All URIs being used within a cluster are grouped together and associated with a cluster identifier called a route string. To interoperate with Cisco Unified Communications Manager, Cisco UBE is enhanced to route the call based on the received destination route string. This feature works with Cisco Unified Communication Manager Version 9.5 and later.

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Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see Bug Search Tool and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table at the end of this module.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Information About Cisco UBE Intercluster Lookup Service

Cisco UBE Intercluster Lookup Service Overview

A Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) is a device-independent user address. A subscriber can use a URI as a personal identity and move from one network to another without any change in the URI. You cannot summarize URIs within an enterprise network (for example, abc@company.com) the same way that directory number ranges are summarized.

The Intercluster Lookup Services is a dynamic mechanism to discover URIs. When it is enabled, Cisco Unified Communications Manager users can initiate calls using URIs. The Intercluster Loookup Service provides a framework for sharing user-contact information between Cisco Unified Communications Manager clusters. All URIs being used within a cluster are grouped together and associated with a cluster identifier called a route string. These URI groups and their associated route strings are shared between all other participating clusters.

While initiating a call, the URI uses the Intercluster Lookup Service to identify the target URI and associated route string to route the call between clusters. Cisco Unified Communications Manager uses a Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) route pattern to match the route string returned by Intercluster Lookup Service and route the call over a SIP trunk. If Intercluster Lookup Service is enabled, the Cisco Unified Communications Manager SIP trunk sends the SIP invite message with destination route string header information.

To interoperate with Cisco Unified Communications Manager, Cisco UBE is enhanced to route the call based on the received destination route string. Cisco UBE supports exact match and wildcard match for a route string and parses the received destination route string header and routes a call forward to the destination. The destination can be a Cisco Unified Communications Manager cluster, public switched telephone network (PSTN), or any third-party unified communications device.

The dial-peer module is enhanced to support the dial-peer matching based on the destination route string header. The destination route string is used to match an outbound dial peer. The match can be an exact match or wildcard match.

For example, consider London.UK.EU as the route string. The SIP dial-peer configuration is as follows:

- Dial-peer 1: London.UK.EU
- Dial-peer 2: *.UK.EU
- Dial-peer 3: *.EU

The destination route string header and route string match are not case-sensitive. In this scenario, London.UK.EU and london.uk.eu match dial-peer 1 and therefore, dial-peer 1 is selected for outbound process.

If call routing policies are enabled, call routing based on a destination route string takes precedence over any other routing configurations. For example, if call routing is configured on a destination route string globally or at the dial-peer level, the call is routed considering the destination route string. If no match is found, then the call is routed using other URLs and header configuration options.

Cisco UBE Enterprise Support for URIs

Cisco UBE Enterprise does not support non-E164 URI number user-part in request line and header. For URI dialing from Cisco Unified Communications Manager phone, the URI in user@dest-route-string format is

used. By default, the integrated services router (ISR) converts this format to the session target IP address of the outbound dial-peer and delivers non-E164 numbers.

As a workaround, you can use a SIP profile to pass through the required URI format. You can configure the SIP profile on an outbound dial-peer to modify the URI to the desired format.

How to Configure Cisco UBE Intercluster Lookup Service

Configuring a Route String Pattern

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. voice class route-string tag
- 4. pattern string
- 5. end

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.	
	Device> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device# configure terminal		
Step 3	voice class route-string tag	Enters voice class configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config)# voice class route-string 2		
Step 4	pattern string	Configures a pattern string in the specified route string.	
	Example: Device(config-class) # pattern london.uk.eu	Note Multiple patterns can be configured under one route string class and the same route string class can be configured under multiple dial-peers. You also can use an asterisk (*) as the wildcard match option while provisioning the pattern.	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 5	end	Exits voice class configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-class)# end	

Configuring a Call Route on a Destination Route String Globally

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. voice service voip
- 4. sip
- 5. call-route dest-route-string
- 6. end

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	voice service voip	Enters voice service configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# voice service voip	
Step 4	sip	Enters SIP configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(conf-voi-serv)# sip	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 5	call-route dest-route-string	Configures call routing globally on a destination route string. Note By default, call routing on a destination route string
	Example:	is disabled.
	<pre>Device(conf-serv-sip)# call-route dest-route-string</pre>	
Step 6	end	Exits SIP configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device(conf-serv-sip)# end	

Configuring a Route String Passthrough List Header

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. voice class sip-hdr-passthrulist tag
- 4. passthru-hdr name
- **5**. end

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	voice class sip-hdr-passthrulist tag	Enters voice class configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config) # voice class sip-hdr-passthrulist 2	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 4	passthru-hdr name	Configures header to be added to the route string passthrough list.
	Example:	
	Device(config-class)# passthru-hdr x-cisco-dest-route-string	
Step 5	end	Exits voice class configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-class)# end	

Configuring a Destination Route String Call Route at the Dial-Peer Level

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. dial-peer voice tag voip
- 4. description string
- 5. destination route-string tag
- 6. session protocol sipv2
- 7. session target ipv4:destination address
- 8. voice-class sip call-route dest-route-string
- 9. end

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 3	dial-peer voice tag voip	Enters dial peer voice configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config)# dial-peer voice 1 voip		
Step 4	description string	Adds descriptive information about the dial peer.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-dial-peer)# description outbound-dialpeer		
Step 5	destination route-string tag	Configures a destination route string for the dial peer.	
	Example:	Note By default, the call route on a destination route string is disabled. The destination route string call route configuration at the dial-peer level takes	
	<pre>Device(config-dial-peer)# destination route-string 2</pre>	precedence over the global configuration when routing a call.	
Step 6	session protocol sipv2	Configures the IETF Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for the dial peer.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-dial-peer)# session protocol sipv2		
Step 7	session target ipv4:destination address	Configures the session target IP address of the dial peer	
	Example:		
	Device(config-dial-peer)# session target ipv4:192.0.2.6		
Step 8	voice-class sip call-route dest-route-string	Configures call routing on the destination route string fo dial peer.	
	Example:	•	
	Device(config-dial-peer)# voice-class sip call-route dest-route-string		
Step 9	end	Exits dial peer voice configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-dial-peer)# end		

Configuring a Route String Header Pass-Through Using Pass-Through List

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. voice class sip-hdr-passthrulist list-tag
- 4. passthru-hdr header-name
- 5. passthru-hdr-unsupp
- 6. exit
- 7. dial-peer voice tag voip
- 8. description string
- 9. session protocol sipv2
- 10. voice-class sip pass-thru headers list-tag
- **11**. end

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	voice class sip-hdr-passthrulist list-tag	Configures list of headers to be passed through and enters voice class configuration mode.
	Example: Device(config) # voice class sip-hdr-passthrulist 101	
Step 4	passthru-hdr header-name	Adds header name to the list of headers to be passed through. Repeat this step for every non-mandatory header.
	Example: Device(config-class)# passthru-hdr Resource-Priority	
Step 5	passthru-hdr-unsupp	Adds the unsupported headers to the list of headers to be passed through.
	<pre>Example: Device(config-class)# passthru-hdr-unsupp</pre>	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 6	exit	Exits the current configuration session and returns to global configuration mode.
	<pre>Example: Device(config-class)# exit</pre>	
Step 7	dial-peer voice tag voip	Enters dial peer voice configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# dial-peer voice 1 voip	
Step 8	description string	Adds descriptive information about the dial peer.
	Example:	
	Device(config-dial-peer)# description inbound-dialpeer	
Step 9	session protocol sipv2	Configures the IETF Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for the dial peer.
	Example:	
	Device(config-dial-peer)# session protocol sipv2	
Step 10	voice-class sip pass-thru headers list-tag	Enables call routing based on the destination route string for a dial peer.
	Example:	
	Device(config-dial-peer)# voice-class sip pass-thru headers 101	
Step 11	end	Exits the current configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-dial-peer)# end	

Verifying Cisco UBE Intercluster Lookup Service Configuration

The **show** commands can be entered in any order.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. show voice class route-string
- 3. show call active voice
- 4. show call history voice
- 5. show sip call

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1 enable

Enables privileged EXEC mode.

• Enter your password if prompted.

Example:

Device> enable

Step 2 show voice class route-string

Displays the call route-string status for voice ports.

Example:

```
Device# show voice class route-string voice class route-string 2: pattern london.uk.eu configured in dial-peers: 7 4 6
```

Step 3 show call active voice

Displays call information for voice calls in progress. The sample output below shows the destination route string configuration.

Example:

```
Device# show call active voice DestinationRouteStr=london.uk.eu
```

Step 4 show call history voice

Displays the call history table for voice calls. The sample output below shows the destination route string configuration.

Example:

```
Device# show call history voice | in Des
DestinationRouteStr=london.uk.eu
```

Step 5 show sip call

Displays active user agent client (UAC) and user agent server (UAS) information on SIP calls.

Example:

```
Device# show sip call
Total SIP call legs:2, User Agent Client:1, User Agent Server:1
SIP UAC CALL INFO
Call 1
                           : 5A4CAE55-E48D11E2-802BDD60-8693A1D1@192.0.2.1
SIP Call ID
   State of the call
                            : STATE ACTIVE (7)
   Substate of the call : SUBSTATE NONE (0)
   Calling Number
                            : 345111
   Called Number
                            : 0xC04018 0x10000100 0x80
   Bit Flags
   CC Call ID
   Source IP Address (Sig ): 192.0.2.1
   Destn SIP Req Addr:Port: [192.0.2.6]:5060
Destn SIP Resp Addr:Port: [192.0.2.6]:5060
   Destination Name
                            : 192.0.2.6
```

```
Number of Media Streams : 1
  Number of Active Streams: 1
                   : 0x0
  RTP Fork Object
  Media Mode
                         : flow-through
  Media Stream 1
                            : STREAM ACTIVE
    State of the stream
    Stream Call ID
                           : 12
    Stream Type
                            : voice-only (0)
    Stream Media Addr Type : 1
    Negotiated Codec
                            : g711ulaw (160 bytes)
                            : 0
    Codec Payload Type
    Negotiated Dtmf-relay
                            : inband-voice
    Dtmf-relay Payload Type : 0
    QoS ID
                             : -1
                             : BestEffort
    Local QoS Strength
    Negotiated QoS Strength : BestEffort
    Negotiated QoS Direction : None
     Local QoS Status
                             : None
    Media Source IP Addr:Port: [192.0.2.1]:16406
    Media Dest IP Addr:Port : [192.0.2.6]:6020
Options-Ping
             ENABLED: NO
                            ACTIVE: NO
  Number of SIP User Agent Client(UAC) calls: 1
SIP UAS CALL INFO
Call 1
SIP Call ID
                          : 1-27273@192.0.2.6
  State of the call
                         : STATE ACTIVE (7)
  Substate of the call : SUBSTATE_NONE (0)
  Calling Number
                         : 345111
  Called Number
                         : alice
                         : 0xC0401C 0x10000100 0x4
  Bit Flags
  CC Call ID
                          : 11
  Source IP Address (Sig ): 192.0.2.1
  Destn SIP Req Addr:Port : [192.0.2.6]:5061
   Destn SIP Resp Addr:Port: [192.0.2.6]:5061
   Destination Name
                         : 192.0.2.6
  Destination Route String: london.uk.eu //This is the configured dest-route-string pattern.//
  Number of Media Streams : 1
  Number of Active Streams: 1
  RTP Fork Object : 0x0
  Media Mode
                         : flow-through
  Media Stream 1
    State of the stream
                           : STREAM ACTIVE
     Stream Call ID
                             : 11
    Stream Type
                             : voice-only (0)
    Stream Media Addr Type : 1
                             : g711ulaw (160 bytes)
    Negotiated Codec
                            : 0
     Codec Payload Type
                             : inband-voice
     Negotiated Dtmf-relay
    Dtmf-relay Payload Type : 0
     OoS ID
                            : -1
                            : BestEffort
    Local QoS Strength
    Negotiated QoS Strength : BestEffort
     Negotiated QoS Direction : None
     Local QoS Status
                            : None
    Media Source IP Addr:Port: [192.0.2.1]:16404
    Media Dest IP Addr:Port : [192.0.2.6]:6000
Options-Ping
               ENABLED:NO
                            ACTIVE: NO
  Number of SIP User Agent Server(UAS) calls: 1
```

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Configuration Examples for Cisco UBE Intercluster Lookup Service

Example: Configuring a Route String Pattern

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# voice class route-string 2
Device(config-class)# pattern london.uk.eu
Device(config-class)# pattern *.uk.eu
Device(config-class)# pattern *.eu
Device(config-class)# end
```

Example: Configuring a Call Route on a Destination Route String Globally

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# voice service voip
Device(conf-voi-serv)# sip
Device(conf-serv-sip)# call-route dest-route-string
Device(conf-serv-sip)# end
```

Example: Configuring a Route String Passthrough List Header

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# voice class sip-hdr-passthrulist 2
Device(config-class)# passthru-hdr x-cisco-dest-route-string
```

Example: Configuring a Destination Route String Call Route at the Dial-Peer Level

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device# dial-peer voice 1 voip
Device(config-dial-peer)# description outbound-dialpeer
Device(config-dial-peer)# destination route-string 2
Device(config-dial-peer)# session protocol sipv2
Device(config-dial-peer)# session target ipv4:192.0.2.6
Device(config-dial-peer)# voice-class sip call-route dest-route-string
```

Example: Configuring a Route String Header Pass-Through Using Pass-Through List

Device> enable

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# voice class sip-hdr-passthrulist 101
Device(config-class)# passthru-hdr X-hdr-1
Device(config-class)# passthru-hdr Resource-Priority
Device(config-class)# passthru-hdr-unsupp
Device(config-class)# exit
Device(config)# dial-peer voice 1 voip
Device(config-dial-peer)# description inbound-dialpeer
Device(config-dial-peer)# session protocol sipv2
Device(config-dial-peer)# voice-class sip pass-thru headers 101
Device(config-dial-peer)# end
```

Feature Information for Cisco UBE Intercluster Lookup Service

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

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Table 1: Feature Information for CUBE Inter Cluster Look Up Service

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
CUBE Intercluster Lookup Service (ILS)	15.3(3)M	The Cisco UBE Inter Cluster Look up Service feature enables Cisco Unified Communications Manager to establish calls using Uniform Resource Identifiers (URIs.) It provides a framework for sharing information about user-contact information between Cisco Unified Communications Manager clusters. All URIs being used within a cluster are grouped together and associated with a cluster identifier called a route string. To interoperate with Cisco Unified Communications Manager, Cisco UBE is enhanced to route the call based on the received destination route string. This feature works with Cisco Unified Communication Manager Version 9.5 and later.
		The following commands were introduced or modified: call-route, destination route-string, passthru-hdr, voice class route-string, voice class sip-hdr-passthrulist, voice-class sip call-route, show call active voice, show call history voice.

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
CUBE Intercluster Lookup Service (ILS)	Cisco IOS XE Release 3.10S	The Cisco UBE Inter Cluster Look up Service feature enables Cisco Unified Communications Manager to establish calls using Uniform Resource Identifiers (URIs.) It provides a framework for sharing information about user-contact information between Cisco Unified Communications Manager clusters. All URIs being used within a cluster are grouped together and associated with a cluster identifier called a route string. To interoperate with Cisco Unified Communications Manager, Cisco UBE is enhanced to route the call based on the received destination route string. This feature works with Cisco Unified Communication Manager Version 9.5 and later. The following commands were introduced or modified: call-route, destination route-string, passthru-hdr, voice class route-string, voice class sip-hdr-passthrulist, voice-class sip call-route, show call active voice, show call history voice.