

# **Segment Routing On Demand for L2VPN/VPWS**

On-Demand Next Hop (ODN) for Layer 2 Virtual Private Network (L2VPN) creates a segment routing (SR) traffic-engineering (TE) auto-tunnel and uses the auto-tunnel for pseudowire dataplane.

- Feature Information for Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS, on page 1
- Restrictions for Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS, on page 2
- Information About Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS, on page 2
- How to Configure Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS, on page 3
- Configuring Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS With Prepend Option, on page
   5
- Configuring Preferred Path for Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS, on page 5
- Configuring Autoroute Destination for Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS, on page 6
- Verifying Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS, on page 6

## Feature Information for Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS	Cisco IOS XEAmsterdam 17.3.2	ODN for L2VPN is to create a SR TE auto-tunnel and use the auto-tunnel for pseudo-wire data-plane. The peer IP address is the destination of tunnel and TE LSP attribute determines the path of the tunnel.
		The following commands were added or modified:
		sh mpls l2 vc, sh mpls l2 vc detail, sh l2vpn atom preferred-path, sh l2vpn atom vc, sh mpl traffic-eng tun tun 2000, sh mpls ldp discovery, sh mpl ldp nei, sh int pseudowire 4243, sh xconnect all.

### Restrictions for Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS

- Layer-2 VPN/VPWS (Virtual Private Wire Service) On Demand Next Hop (ODN) is not supported with peudowire (PW) class.
- The segment routing on demand for L2VPN or VPWS is not supported for BGP signaled/ADVPWS or Virtual Private LAN Service (VPLS).
- Only Segment-Routing TE tunnels are supported and created for L2VPN using attribute-set.
- L2VPN preferred path bandwidth related configuration does not take effect when TE attribute-set is configured.
- Only L2-VPN ODN VPWS with LDP signaling is supported.

### Information About Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS

On Demand Next Hop (ODN) for L2VPN creates an SR TE auto-tunnel and uses the auto-tunnel for pseudowire dataplane. The peer IP address is the destination of tunnel and TE LSP attribute determines path of the tunnel. Sometimes a pseudowire connection may need to span multiple interior gateway protocol (IGP) areas while LDP is used as signaling protocol. The pseudowire endpoint provider edge's (PE) loopback addresses are not distributed across IGP area boundaries. In this case, one PE may not have a default route (or an exact match route) in its RIB to reach the peer PE of the pseudowire connection. Thus the pseudowire connection can not be signaled by LDP. A new option **autoroute destination** is introduced under LSP attribute to address this problem. When a LSP attribute is configured using the **autoroute destination** command, auto-tunnel uses the LSP attribute to automatically create a static route for the tunnel destination with the auto-tunnel interface as the next hop. This static route enables LDP to establish a LDP a session and exchange label mapping messages between two pseudowire endpoints.



Use the autoroute destination command only to configure LSP attribute used by LDP signaled L2VPN. It is not needed for BGP signaled Layer-3 VPN ODN.

### **AToM Manager**

Any Transport over MPLS (AToM) manager maintains a database of auto-tunnels on a pair of attribute set and peer ip addresses, the AToM manager can add or delete an SR TE auto-tunnel for a pseudowire interface (VC).

Any VC that is configured with the same attribute-set or peer uses the same auto-tunnel. An auto-tunnel can be removed from the database using TE service if an attribute set or peer pair is no longer used by any pseudowire interfaces.

#### Inter-Area L2VPN ODN

When LDP is used as a signaling protocol and pesudowire connection is spanned across multiple Interior Gateway Protocols (IGPs), the pseudowire endpoint PE's loopback addresses are not distributed across IGP area boundaries. In this case, one PE may not have a default route (or an exact match route) in its RIB to reach the peer PE of the pseudowire connection. Thus the pseudowire connection can not be signaled by LDP.

## How to Configure Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS

You can use either pesudowire interface command or template method to configure L2VPN/VPWS.

### Configuring Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS Using Pesudowire Interface Commands

1. Run the following command on headend node (R1):

```
R1#
!
mpls traffic-eng auto-tunnel p2p tunnel-num min 2000 max 2002
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/3/1
no ip address
negotiation auto
service instance 300 ethernet
encapsulation dot1q 300
!
interface pseudowire4243
encapsulation mpls
neighbor 56.6.6.6 300
preferred-path segment-routing traffic-eng attribute-set L2VPNODN
!
l2vpn xconnect context foobar
member GigabitEthernet0/3/1 service-instance 300
```

```
member pseudowire4243
!
mpls traffic-eng lsp attributes L2VPNODN
priority 7 7
path-selection metric te
!
end
```

2. Run the following command at tail end (R2):

```
R2#
1
mpls traffic-eng auto-tunnel p2p tunnel-num min 2000 max 2002
interface pseudowire4243
encapsulation mpls
neighbor 51.1.1.1 300
preferred-path segment-routing traffic-eng attribute-set L2VPNODN
1
interface GigabitEthernet0/2/2
no ip address
negotiation auto
service instance 300 ethernet
  encapsulation dot1q 300
12vpn xconnect context foobar
member GigabitEthernet0/3/1 service-instance 300
member pseudowire4243
!
mpls traffic-eng lsp attributes L2VPNODN
priority 7 7
path-selection metric te
1
end
```

### Configuring Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS Using Template Commands

**1.** Run the following command at headend node (R1):

```
R1#
template type pseudowire test
encapsulation mpls
preferred-path segment-routing traffic-eng attribute-set L2VPNODN
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/3/1
no ip address
negotiation auto
service instance 400 ethernet
encapsulation dotlq 400
!
l2vpn xconnect context foobar2
member 56.6.6.6 400 template test
member GigabitEthernet0/3/1 service-instance 400
```

**2.** Run the following command at tail end (R2):

R2# !

```
template type pseudowire test
encapsulation mpls
preferred-path segment-routing traffic-eng attribute-set L2VPNODN
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/2/2
no ip address
negotiation auto
service instance 400 ethernet
encapsulation dotlq 400
!
l2vpn xconnect context foobar2
member 51.1.1.1 400 template test
member GigabitEthernet0/2/2 service-instance 400
!
end
```

### Configuring Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS With Prepend Option

To control the path of LSP it is possible to enable prepend option. The prepend option is only supported with intra-area and supports labeled paths only. To enable prepend option use the following CLI:

```
R1(config-lsp-attr)#path-selection segment-routing prepend
R1(config-lsp-attr-sr-prepend)#?
Segment-routing label prepend commands:
    exit Exist from segment-routing prepend config mode
    index Specify the next entry index to add, edit or delete
    list List all prepend entries
    no Delete a specific entry index
R1(config-lsp-attr-sr-prepend)#index ?
    <1-10> Entry index number
    last-hop Indicates the end of label list
    next-label Specify the next MPLS label in the path
```

Note

If last-hop option indicates tail end node. If this option is only used no control on LSP path can be done.

## Configuring Preferred Path for Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS

To bring down virtual circuit (VC) in case of LSP failure, which could be either because of path fail or removing a command, disable the fallback mode.

```
preferred-path segment-routing traffic-eng attribute-set L2VPNODN disable-fallback disable fall back to alternative route
```

# Configuring Autoroute Destination for Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS

For inter-area destination, IP address may not be installed at headend. You need to have destination IP address installed to enable a targeted LDP session for L2-VPN VPWS. To enable a targeted LDP session for L2VPN VPWS, configure the auto-route destination under the attribute set:

```
Device#
mpls traffic-eng lsp attributes L2VPNODN
priority 7 7
path-selection metric te
pce
autoroute destination
!
end
```

The destination address gets installed via L2-VPN ODN LSP as a static route.

Run the following commands to verify autoroute destination configuration:

```
Device#sh ip route 56.6.6.6
Routing entry for 56.6.6/32
 Known via "static", distance 1, metric 0 (connected)
 Routing Descriptor Blocks:
 Route metric is 0, traffic share count is 1
Device#sh mpls for 56.6.6.6
Local Outgoing
                     Prefix
                                 Bytes Label
                                             Outgoing Next Hop
                     or Tunnel Id Switched
Label
       Label
                                              interface
25
       [T] Pop Label 56.6.6/32
                                 0
                                                Tu2000
                                                        point2point
```

### Verifying Segment Routing On Demand Next Hop for L2VPN/VPWS

#### 1. sh mpls l2 vc

Device#sh mpls Local intf		Dest address	VC ID	Status
Gi0/3/1	Eth VLAN 300	56.6.6.6	300	UP

#### 2. sh mpls 12 vc detail

```
Device# sh mpls 12 vc detail
Local interface: Gi0/3/1 up, line protocol up, Eth VLAN 300 up
Interworking type is Ethernet
Destination address: 56.6.6.6, VC ID: 300, VC status: up
Output interface: Tu2000, imposed label stack {23 17 20}----□ 20 is the VC label
assigned by R6
Preferred path: Tunnel2000, active
Default path: ready
```

```
Next hop: point2point
Create time: 00:15:48, last status change time: 00:15:38
 Last label FSM state change time: 00:15:38
Signaling protocol: LDP, peer 56.6.6.6:0 up
 Targeted Hello: 51.1.1.1(LDP Id) -> 56.6.6.6, LDP is UP
 Graceful restart: not configured and not enabled
 Non stop routing: not configured and not enabled
 Status TLV support (local/remote) : enabled/supported
   LDP route watch
                                    : enabled
   Label/status state machine
                                    : established, LruRru
   Last local dataplane status rcvd: No fault
   Last BFD dataplane
                          status rcvd: Not sent
   Last BFD peer monitor status rcvd: No fault
   Last local AC circuit status rcvd: No fault
   Last local AC circuit status sent: No fault
   Last local PW i/f circ status rcvd: No fault
   Last local LDP TLV
                          status sent: No fault
   Last remote LDP TLV
                          status rcvd: No fault
   Last remote LDP ADJ status rcvd: No fault
 MPLS VC labels: local 2032, remote 20
 Group ID: local 20, remote 25
 MTU: local 1500, remote 1500
 Remote interface description:
Sequencing: receive disabled, send disabled
Control Word: On (configured: autosense)
SSO Descriptor: 56.6.6.6/300, local label: 2032
Dataplane:
 SSM segment/switch IDs: 10198/6097 (used), PWID: 1001
VC statistics:
 transit packet totals: receive 0, send 0
 transit byte totals: receive 0, send 0
 transit packet drops: receive 0, seq error 0, send 0
```

#### 3. sh l2vpn atom preferred-path

÷	atom preferred-path Bandwidth Tot/Avail/Resv	Peer ID	VC ID
Tunnel2000			56.6.6.6
300			
!			
end			

#### 4. sh l2vpn atom vc

	sh l2vpn atom vc e Peer ID	VC ID	Туре	Name	Status
pw4243 ! end	56.6.6.6	300	p2p	foobar	UP

#### 5. sh mpl traffic-eng tun tun 2000

```
Device# sh mpl traffic-eng tun tun 2000
Name: R1_t2000 (Tunnel2000) Destination: 56.6.6.6 Ifhandle: 0x7EE
(auto-tunnel for atom)
Status:
Admin: up Oper: up Path: valid Signalling: connected
path option 1, (SEGMENT-ROUTING) (PCE) type dynamic (Basis for Setup, path weight
```

30) Config Parameters: Bandwidth: 0 kbps (Global) Priority: 7 7 Affinity: 0x0/0xFFFF Metric Type: TE (interface) Path Selection: Protection: any (default) Path-selection Tiebreaker: Global: not set Tunnel Specific: not set Effective: min-fill (default) Hop Limit: disabled Cost Limit: disabled Path-invalidation timeout: 10000 msec (default), Action: Tear AutoRoute: disabled LockDown: disabled Loadshare: 0 [0] bw-based auto-bw: disabled Attribute-set: L2VPNODN Fault-OAM: disabled, Wrap-Protection: disabled, Wrap-Capable: No Active Path Option Parameters: State: dynamic path option 1 is active BandwidthOverride: disabled LockDown: disabled Verbatim: disabled PCEP Info: Delegation state: Working: yes Protect: no Delegation peer: 58.8.8.8 Working Path Info: Request status: processed Created via PCRep message from PCE server: 58.8.8.8 PCE metric: 30, type: TE Reported paths: Tunnel Name: Tunnel2000\_w LSPs: LSP[0]: source 51.1.1.1, destination 56.6.6.6, tunnel ID 2000, LSP ID 4 State: Admin up, Operation active Binding SID: 20 Setup type: SR Bandwidth: requested 0, used 0 LSP object: PLSP-ID 0x807D0, flags: D:0 S:0 R:0 A:1 0:2 Metric type: TE, Accumulated Metric 30 ERO: SID[0]: Adj, Label 19, NAI: local 101.104.1.1 remote 101.104.1.2 SID[1]: Adj, Label 23, NAI: local 103.104.12.2 remote 103.104.12.1 SID[2]: Adj, Label 17, NAI: local 103.106.13.1 remote 103.106.13.2 PLSP Event History (most recent first): Tue Jun 20 10:04:48.514: PCRpt create LSP-ID:4, SRP-ID:0, PST:1, METRIC TYPE:2, REO BW:0, USED BW:0 Tue Jun 20 10:04:48.511: PCRep RP-ID:9 Tue Jun 20 10:04:48.505: PCReq RP-ID:9, LSP-ID:4, REQ BW:0 History: Tunnel: Time since created: 18 minutes, 26 seconds Time since path change: 17 minutes, 9 seconds Number of LSP IDs (Tun Instances) used: 4 Current LSP: [ID: 4] Uptime: 17 minutes, 9 seconds Tun Instance: 4 Segment-Routing Path Info (isis level-2) Segment0[Link]: 101.104.1.1 - 101.104.1.2, Label: 19------ will not be shown in sh mpls 12 vc output Segment1[Link]: 103.104.12.2 - 103.104.12.1, Label: 23 Segment2[Link]: 103.106.13.1 - 103.106.13.2, Label: 17 end

6. sh mpls ldp discovery

```
Device# sh mpls ldp discovery
Local LDP Identifier:
   51.1.1.1:0
   Discovery Sources:
   Targeted Hellos:
      51.1.1.1 -> 56.6.6.6 (ldp): active/passive, xmit/recv
      LDP Id: 56.6.6.6:0
```

#### 7. sh mpl ldp nei

```
Device# sh mpl ldp nei
Peer LDP Ident: 56.6.6.6:0; Local LDP Ident 51.1.1.1:0
    TCP connection: 56.6.6.38574 - 51.1.1.1.646
    State: Oper; Msgs sent/rcvd: 43/42; Downstream
    Up time: 00:19:33
    LDP discovery sources:
        Targeted Hello 51.1.1.1 -> 56.6.6.6.6, active, passive
    Addresses bound to peer LDP Ident:
        105.106.2.2 103.106.13.2 56.6.6.6
!
```

#### 8. sh int pseudowire 4243

```
Device# sh int pseudowire 4243
pseudowire4243 is up
MTU 1500 bytes, BW not configured
Encapsulation mpls
Peer IP 56.6.6.6, VC ID 300
RX 0 packets 0 bytes 0 drops
TX 0 packets 0 bytes 0 drops
```

#### 9. sh xconnect all

Device# sh xconnect all		
Legend: XC ST=Xconnect State	S1=Segment1 State	S2=Segment2 State
UP=Up DN=Down	AD=Admin Down	IA=Inactive
SB=Standby HS=Hot Standby	RV=Recovering	NH=No Hardware
XC ST Segment 1 S2		S1 Segment 2
UP pri ac Gi0/3/1:300(Eth VLAN		5.6.6.6:300 UP