

## **AAA Server Groups**

Configuring a device to use authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) server groups provides a way to group existing server hosts. Grouping existing server hosts allows you to select a subset of the configured server hosts and use them for a particular service. Configuring deadtime within a server group allows you to direct AAA traffic to separate groups of servers that have different operational characteristics. This feature module describes how to configure AAA server groups and the deadtimer.

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## **Finding Feature Information**

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see Bug Search Tool and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <a href="https://www.cisco.com/go/cfn">www.cisco.com/go/cfn</a>. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

# **Information About AAA Server Groups**

### **AAA Server Groups**

Configuring the device to use AAA server groups provides a way to group existing server hosts. Grouping existing server hosts allows you to select a subset of the configured server hosts and use them for a particular

service. A server group is used with a global server-host list. The server group lists the IP addresses of the selected server hosts.

Server groups can also include multiple host entries for the same server, as long as each entry has a unique identifier. The combination of an IP address and a UDP port number creates a unique identifier, allowing different ports to be individually defined as RADIUS hosts providing a specific AAA service. This unique identifier enables RADIUS requests to be sent to different UDP ports on a server at the same IP address. If two different host entries on the same RADIUS server are configured for the same service—for example, accounting—the second host entry that is configured acts as a failover backup to the first one. If the first host entry fails to provide accounting services, the network access server tries the second host entry configured on the same device for accounting services. (The RADIUS host entries are tried in the order in which they are configured.)

### **AAA Server Groups with a Deadtimer**

After you configure a server host with a server name, you can use the **deadtime** command to configure each server per server group. Configuring deadtime within a server group allows you to direct AAA traffic to separate groups of servers that have different operational characteristics.

Configuring deadtime is not limited to a global configuration. A separate timer is attached to each server host in every server group. Therefore, when a server is found to be unresponsive after numerous retransmissions and timeouts, the server is assumed to be dead. The timers attached to each server host in all server groups are triggered. In essence, the timers are checked and subsequent requests to a server (once it is assumed to be dead) are directed to alternate timers, if configured. When the network access server receives a reply from the server, it checks and stops all configured timers (if running) for that server in all server groups.

If the timer has expired, the server to which the timer is attached is assumed to be alive. This becomes the only server that can be tried for later AAA requests using the server groups to which the timer belongs.



Note

Because one server has different timers and might have different deadtime values configured in the server groups, the same server might, in the future, have different states (dead and alive) at the same time.



Note

To change the state of a server, you must start and stop all configured timers in all server groups.

The size of the server group will be slightly increased because of the addition of new timers and the deadtime attribute. The overall impact of the structure depends on the number and size of the server groups and how the servers are shared among server groups in a specific configuration.

# **How to Configure AAA Server Groups**

### **Configuring AAA Server Groups**

To define a server host with a server group name, enter the following commands in global configuration mode. The listed server must exist in global configuration mode.

### **Before You Begin**

Each server in the group must be defined previously using the **radius-server host** command.

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. radius server server-name
- 4. aaa group server {radius | tacacs+} group-name
- **5. server** *ip-address* [**auth-port** *port-number*] [**acct-port** *port-number*]
- 6. end

### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	radius server server-name	Specifies the name for the RADIUS server.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# radius server rad1	
Step 4	aaa group server {radius   tacacs+} group-name	Defines the AAA server group with a group name.
	Example:	All members of a group must be the same type, that is, RADIUS or TACACS+. This command puts the device in
	Device(config)# aaa group server radius group1	server group RADIUS configuration mode.
Step 5	server ip-address [auth-port port-number] [acct-port port-number]	Associates a particular RADIUS server with the defined server group.
	Example:	<ul> <li>Each security server is identified by its IP address and UDP port number.</li> </ul>
	Device(config-sg-radius)# server 172.16.1.1 acct-port 1616	Repeat this step for each RADIUS server in the AAA server group.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 6	end	Exits server group RADIUS configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-sg-radius)# end	

## **Configuring AAA Server Groups with a Deadtimer**

### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. aaa group server radius group
- 4. deadtime minutes
- **5**. end

### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.	
	Device> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device# configure terminal		
Step 3	aaa group server radius group	Defines a RADIUS type server group and enters server group RADIUS configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config)# aaa group server radius group1		
Step 4	deadtime minutes	Configures and defines a deadtime value in minutes.	
	<pre>Example:    Device(config-sg-radius)# deadtime 1</pre>	Note Local server group deadtime overrides the global configuration. If the deadtime value is omitted from the local server group configuration, it is inherited from the master list.	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 5	end	Exits server group RADIUS configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-sg-radius)# end	

## Configuration Examples for AAA Server Groups

### **Examples: AAA Server Groups**

The following example shows how to create server group radgroup1 with three different RADIUS server members, each using the default authentication port (1645) and accounting port (1646):

```
aaa group server radius radgroup1
server 172.16.1.11
server 172.17.1.21
server 172.18.1.31
```

The following example shows how to create server group radgroup2 with three RADIUS server members, each with the same IP address but with unique authentication and accounting ports:

```
aaa group server radius radgroup2
server 172.16.1.1 auth-port 1000 acct-port 1001
server 172.16.1.1 auth-port 2000 acct-port 2001
server 172.16.1.1 auth-port 3000 acct-port 3001
```

### **Example: Multiple RADIUS Server Entries Using AAA Server Groups**

The following example shows how to configure the network access server to recognize two different RADIUS server groups. One of these groups, group1, has two different host entries on the same RADIUS server configured for the same services. The second host entry configured acts as failover backup to the first one. Each group is individually configured for the deadtime; the deadtime for group 1 is one minute, and the deadtime for group 2 is two minutes.



In cases where both global commands and **server** commands are used, the **server** command takes precedence over the global command.

```
! This command enables AAA.
aaa new-model
! The next command configures default RADIUS parameters.
aaa authentication ppp default group group1
! The following commands define the group1 RADIUS server group and associate servers! with it and configures a deadtime of one minute.
aaa group server radius group1
server 10.1.1.1 auth-port 1645 acct-port 1646
server 10.2.2.2 auth-port 2000 acct-port 2001
```

```
deadtime 1
! The following commands define the group2 RADIUS server group and associate servers
! with it and configures a deadtime of two minutes.
aaa group server radius group2
server 10.2.2.2 auth-port 2000 acct-port 2001
server 10.3.3.3 auth-port 1645 acct-port 1646
deadtime 2
! The following set of commands configures the RADIUS attributes for each host entry
! associated with one of the defined server groups.
radius-server host 10.1.1.1 auth-port 1645 acct-port 1646
radius-server host 10.2.2.2 auth-port 2000 acct-port 2001
radius-server host 10.3.3.3 auth-port 1645 acct-port 1646
```

## **Additional References**

#### **Related Documents**

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases
AAA and RADIUS commands	Cisco IOS Security Command Reference
RADIUS attributes	RADIUS Attributes Configuration Guide (part of the Securing User Services Configuration Library)
AAA	Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting Configuration Guide (part of the Securing User Services Configuration Library)
L2TP, VPN, or VPDN	Dial Technologies Configuration Guide and VPDN Configuration Guide
Modem configuration and management	Dial Technologies Configuration Guide
RADIUS port identification for PPP	Wide-Area Networking Configuration Guide

#### **RFCs**

RFC	Title
RFC 2138	Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS)
RFC 2139	RADIUS Accounting
RFC 2865	RADIUS
RFC 2867	RADIUS Accounting Modifications for Tunnel Protocol Support

RFC	Title
RFC 2868	RADIUS Attributes for Tunnel Protocol Support

#### **Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	

# **Feature Information for AAA Server Groups**

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to . An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Table 1: Feature Information for AAA Server Groups

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
AAA Server Group	Cisco IOS XE 3.2SE	Configuring the device to use AAA
	Cisco IOS XE 3.3SE	server groups provides a way to group existing server hosts. This allows you to select a subset of the configured server hosts and use them for a particular service. A server group is used with a global server-host list. The server group lists the IP addresses of the selected server hosts.
		In Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE, this feature was supported on the following platforms:
		• Catalyst 3850 Series Switches
		• Cisco 5760 Wireless LAN Controller
		In Cisco IOS XE Release 3.3SE, this feature was supported on the following platforms:
		• Catalyst 3650 Series Switches
		The following commands were introduced or modified: aaa group server radius, aaa group server tacacs+, and server (RADIUS).

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
AAA Server Group Enhancements	Cisco IOS XE 3.2SE Cisco IOS XE 3.3SE	AAA Server Group Enhancements enables the full configuration of a server in a server group.
		In Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE, this feature was supported on the following platforms:
		• Catalyst 3850 Series Switches
		Cisco 5760 Wireless LAN Controller
		In Cisco IOS XE Release 3.3SE, this feature was supported on the following platforms:
		• Catalyst 3650 Series Switches
AAA Server Group Deadtimer	Cisco IOS XE 3.2SE Cisco IOS XE 3.3SE	Configuring deadtime within a server group allows you to direct AAA traffic to separate groups of servers that have different operational characteristics.
		In Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE, this feature was supported on the following platforms:
		• Catalyst 3850 Series Switches
		Cisco 5760 Wireless LAN Controller
		In Cisco IOS XE Release 3.3SE, this feature was supported on the following platforms:
		• Catalyst 3650 Series Switches
		The following commands were introduced or modified: <b>deadtime</b> .

**Feature Information for AAA Server Groups**