

TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding

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Cisco TrustSec (CTS) builds secure networks by establishing domains of trusted network devices. Each device in the domain is authenticated by its peers. Communication on the links between devices in the domain is secured with a combination of encryption, message integrity check, and data-path replay protection mechanisms.

The TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding feature allows the interfaces in a router to be manually enabled for CTS so that the router can insert the Security Group Tag (SGT) in the packet to be carried throughout the network in the CTS header.

- Prerequisites for TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding, on page 1
- Information about TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding, on page 2
- How to Configure TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding, on page 2
- Additional References for TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding, on page 6
- Feature Information for TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding, on page 6

Prerequisites for TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding

The CTS network needs to be established with the following prerequisites before implementing the TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding feature:

- Connectivity exists between all network devices
- Cisco Secure Access Control System (ACS) 5.1 operates with a CTS-SXP license
- Directory, DHCP, DNS, certificate authority, and NTP servers function within the network
- Configure the **retry open timer** command to a different value on different routers.

Information about TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding

Security Groups and SGTs

A security group is a grouping of users, endpoint devices, and resources that share access control policies. Security groups are defined by the administrator in the ACS. As new users and devices are added to the Cisco TrustSec (CTS) domain, the authentication server assigns these new entities to appropriate security groups. CTS assigns to each security group a unique 16-bit security group number whose scope is global within a CTS domain. The number of security groups in the router is limited to the number of authenticated network entities. Security group numbers do not need to be manually configured.

Once a device is authenticated, CTS tags any packet that originates from that device with an SGT that contains the security group number of the device. The packet carries this SGT throughout the network within the CTS header. The SGT is a single label that determines the privileges of the source within the entire CTS domain. The SGT is identified as the source because it contains the security group of the source. The destination device is assigned a destination group tag (DGT).



Note

The CTS packet tag does not contain the security group number of the destination device.

How to Configure TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding

Manually Enabling TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding on an Interface

Perform the following steps to manually enable an interface on the device for Cisco TrustSec (CTS) so that the device can add Security Group Tag (SGT) in the packet to be propagated throughout the network and to implement a static authorization policy.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. interface {GigabitEthernet port | Vlan number}
- 4. cts manual
- **5. policy static sgt** *tag* [trusted]
- 6. end
- 7. show cts interface [GigabitEthernet port | Vlan number | brief | summary]

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.	
	Device> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device# configure terminal		
Step 3	interface {GigabitEthernet port Vlan number}	Enters the interface on which CTS SGT authorization and	
	Example:	forwarding is enabled	
	Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet 0		
Step 4	cts manual	Enables the interface for CTS SGT authorization and	
	Example:	forwarding, and enters CTS manual interface configuration mode.	
	Device(config-if)# cts manual		
		Note To enable the cts manual command on a subinterface, you must increase the IP MTU size to accommodate the additional bytes for the Dot1Q tag. This is applicable only for releases earlier than Cisco IOS XE Release 3.17.	
Step 5	policy static sgt tag [trusted]	Configures a static authorization policy for a CTS security group with a tagged packet that defines the trustworthiness of the SGT.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-if-cts-manual)# policy static sgt 100 trusted	of the SG1.	
Step 6	end	Exits CTS manual interface configuration mode and enters	
	Example:	privileged EXEC mode.	
	Device(config-if-cts-manual)# end		
Step 7	show cts interface [GigabitEthernet port Vlan number brief summary]	Displays CTS configuration statistics for the interface.	
	Example:		
	Device# show cts interface brief		
	<u> </u>		

Example:

The following is sample output for the **show cts interface brief**command.

Cisco ASR 1000 Series Aggregation Services Routers and Cisco Cloud Services Router 1000V Series

Device# show cts interface brief

Global Dot1x feature is Disabled

```
Interface GigabitEthernet0/1/0:
   CTS is enabled, mode: MANUAL
   IFC state:
                           OPEN
   Interface Active for 00:00:40.386
   Authentication Status: NOT APPLICABLE
                          "unknown"
       Peer identity:
       Peer's advertised capabilities: ""
   Authorization Status: NOT APPLICABLE
   SAP Status:
                         NOT APPLICABLE
   Propagate SGT:
                         Enabled
   Cache Info:
       Cache applied to link : NONE
```

Cisco 4400 Series Integrated Services Routers

Device# show cts interface brief

```
Interface GigabitEthernet0/1/0
   CTS is enabled, mode: MANUAL
   Propagate SGT: Enabled
   Static Ingress SGT Policy:
    Peer SGT: 100
   Peer SGT assignment: Trusted
```

Disabling CTS SGT Propagation on an Interface

Follow these steps to disable CTS SGT Propagation on an interface in an instance when a peer device is not capable of receiving an SGT.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. interface {GigabitEthernetport | Vlan number}
- 4. cts manual
- 5. no propagate sgt
- 6. end
- 7. show cts interface [GigabitEthernetport | Vlan number | brief | summary]

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3	<pre>interface {GigabitEthernetport Vlan number} Example: Device(config) # interface gigabitethernet 0</pre>	Enters the interface on which CTS SGT authorization and forwarding is enabled
Step 4	cts manual Example:	Enables the interface for CTS SGT authorization and forwarding. CTS manual interface configuration mode is entered where
	Device(config-if)# cts manual	CTS parameters can be configured.
Step 5	no propagate sgt Example:	Disables CTS SGT propagation on an interface in situations where a peer device is not capable of receiving an SGT.
	Device(config-if-cts-manual)# no propagate sgt	Note CTS SGT propagation is enabled by default. The propagate sgt command can be used if CTS SGT propagation needs to be turned on again for a peer device. Once the no propagate sgt command is entered, the SGT tag is not added in the L2 header.
Step 6	end	Exits CTS manual interface configuration mode and enters
элер о	<pre>Example: Device(config-if-cts-manual)# end</pre>	privileged EXEC mode.
Step 7	show cts interface [GigabitEthernetport Vlan number brief summary] Example:	Displays CTS configuration statistics to verify that CTS SGT propagation was disabled on interface.
	Device# show cts interface brief Global Dot1x feature is Disabled Interface GigabitEthernet0: CTS is enabled, mode: MANUAL IFC state: OPEN Authentication Status: NOT APPLICABLE Peer identity: "unknown" Peer's advertised capabilities: "" Authorization Status: NOT APPLICABLE SAP Status: NOT APPLICABLE Propagate SGT: Disabled Cache Info: Cache applied to link: NONE	

Additional References for TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Security commands	Cisco IOS Security Command Reference: Commands A to C
	Cisco IOS Security Command Reference: Commands D to L
	Cisco IOS Security Command Reference: Commands M to R
	Cisco IOS Security Command Reference: Commands S to Z
Cisco TrustSec switches	Cisco TrustSec Switch Configuration Guide

MIBs

MIB	MIBs Link
	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco software releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	

Feature Information for TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Table 1: Feature Information for TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding		This feature allows the interfaces in a router to be manually enabled for CTS so that the router can insert the Security Group Tag (SGT) in the packet to be carried throughout the network in the CTS header. The following commands were introduced or modified: cts manual, policy static sgt, propagate sgt, show cts interface.

Feature Information for TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding