



# Image Verification

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The Image Verification feature allows users to automatically verify the integrity of Cisco IOS images. Thus, users can be sure that the image is protected from accidental corruption, which can occur at any time during transit, starting from the moment the files are generated by Cisco until they reach the user. The efficiency of Cisco IOS routers is also improved because the routers can now automatically detect when the integrity of an image is accidentally corrupted as a result of transmission errors or disk corruption.

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## Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest feature information and caveats, see the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the Feature Information Table at the end of this document.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to [www.cisco.com/go/cfn](http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn). An account on Cisco.com is not required.

## Restrictions for Image Verification

### **Cisco IOS Release 12.2(18)S and 12.0(26)S Only**

Image Verification is applied to and attempted on any file; however, if the file is not an image file, image verification will not occur and you will see the following error, “SIGNATURE-NOT-FOUND.”



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### Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T Only

Image Verification is applied only to image files. If any other file type is copied or verified, you will not receive a warning that image verification did occur, and the command (copy or verify) will silently succeed.



#### Note

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The Image Verification feature can only be used to check the integrity of a Cisco IOS software image that is stored on a Cisco IOS device. It cannot be used to check the integrity of an image on a remote file system or an image running in memory.

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## Information About Image Verification

- [How Image Verification Works, page 2](#)

## How Image Verification Works

Because a production image undergoes a sequence of transfers before it is copied into the memory of a router, the integrity of the image is at risk of accidental corruption every time a transfer occurs. When downloading an image from Cisco.com, a user can run a message-digest5 (MD5) hash on the downloaded image and verify that the MD5 digest posted on Cisco.com is the same as the MD5 digest that is computed on the user's server. However, many users choose not to run an MD5 digest because it is 128-bits long and the verification is manual. Image verification allows the user to automatically validate the integrity of all downloaded images, thereby, significantly reducing user interaction.

## How to Use Image Verification

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## Globally Verifying the Integrity of an Image

The **file verify auto** command enables image verification globally; that is, all images that are to be copied (via the **copy** command) or reloaded (via the **reload** command) are automatically verified. Although both the **copy** and **reload** commands have a **/verify** keyword that enables image verification, you must issue the keyword each time you want to copy or reload an image. The **file verify auto** command enables image verification by default, so you no longer have to specify image verification multiple times.

If you have enabled image verification by default but prefer to disable verification for a specific image copy or reload, the **/noverify** keyword, along with either the **copy** or the **reload** command, will override the **file verify auto** command.

Use this task to enable automatic image verification.

**SUMMARY STEPS**

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **file verify auto**
4. **exit**

**DETAILED STEPS**

	<b>Command or Action</b>	<b>Purpose</b>
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>enable</b>  <b>Example:</b> Router> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter your password if prompted.</li> </ul>
<b>Step 2</b>	<b>configure terminal</b>  <b>Example:</b> Router# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 3</b>	<b>file verify auto</b>  <b>Example:</b> Router(config)# file verify auto	Enables automatic image verification.
<b>Step 4</b>	<b>exit</b>  <b>Example:</b> Router(config)# exit	Exits global configuration mode.  You must exit global configuration mode if you are going to copy or reload an image.

- [What to Do Next, page 3](#)

**What to Do Next**

After issuing the **file verify auto** command, you do not have to issue the **/verify** keyword with the **copy** or the **reload** command because each image that is copied or reloaded will be automatically verified.

**Verifying the Integrity of an Image That Is About to Be Copied**

When issuing the **copy** command, you can verify the integrity of the copied file by entering the **/verify** keyword. If the integrity check fails, the copied file will be deleted. If the file that is about to be copied does not have an embedded hash (an old image), you will be prompted whether or not to continue with the copying process. If you choose to continue, the file will be successfully copied; if you choose not to continue, the copied file will be deleted.

Without the **/verify** keyword, the **copy** command could copy a file that is not valid. Thus, after the **copy** command has been successfully executed, you can issue the **verify** command at any time to check the integrity of the files that are in the storage of the router.

Use this task to verify the integrity of an image before it is copied onto a router.

### SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **copy** [/erase] [/verify] /noverify] *source-url destination-url*
3. **verify** [/md5 [md5-value]] *filesystem: file-url*

### DETAILED STEPS

Command or Action	Purpose
<p><b>Step 1</b> <b>enable</b></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router&gt; enable</pre>	<p>Enables privileged EXEC mode.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter your password if prompted.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Step 2</b> <b>copy</b> [/erase] [/verify] /noverify] <i>source-url destination-url</i></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router# copy /verify tftp://10.1.1.1/jdoe/c7200-js-mz disk0:</pre>	<p>Copies any file from a source to a destination.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>/verify</b> --Verifies the signature of the destination file. If verification fails, the file will be deleted.</li> <li>• <b>/noverify</b> --Does not verify the signature of the destination file before the image is copied.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note</b> <b>/noverify</b> is often issued if the <b>file verify auto</b> command is enabled, which automatically verifies the signature of all images that are copied.</p>
<p><b>Step 3</b> <b>verify</b> [/md5 [md5-value]] <i>filesystem: file-url</i></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router# verify bootflash://c7200-kboot-mz.121-8a.E</pre>	<p>(Optional) Verifies the integrity of the images in the router's storage.</p>

## Verifying the Integrity of an Image That Is About to Be Reloaded

By issuing the **reload** command with the **/verify** keyword, the image that is about to be loaded onto your system will be checked for integrity. If the **/verify** keyword is specified, image verification will occur before the system initiates the reboot. Thus, if verification fails, the image will not be loaded.

**Note**

Because different platforms obtain the file that is to be loaded in various ways, the file specified in BOOTVAR will be verified. If a file is not specified, the first file on each subsystem will be verified. On certain platforms, because of variables such as the configuration register, the file that is verified may not be the file that is loaded.

Use this task to verify the integrity of an image before it is reloaded onto a router.

**SUMMARY STEPS**

1. **enable**
2. **reload** [[warm] [/verify|/noverify] *text* | [warm] [/verify|/noverify] **in** [*hh* : *mm* [*text*] | [warm] [/verify|/noverify] **at** *hh* : *mm* [*month day* | *day month*] [*text*] | [warm] [/verify|/noverify] **cancel**]

**DETAILED STEPS**

Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b> <b>enable</b>  <b>Example:</b> Router> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter your password if prompted.</li> </ul>
<b>Step 2</b> <b>reload</b> [[warm] [/verify /noverify] <i>text</i>   [warm] [/verify /noverify] <b>in</b> [ <i>hh</i> : <i>mm</i> [ <i>text</i> ]   [warm] [/verify /noverify] <b>at</b> <i>hh</i> : <i>mm</i> [ <i>month day</i>   <i>day month</i> ] [ <i>text</i> ]   [warm] [/verify /noverify] <b>cancel</b> ]  <b>Example:</b> Router# reload /verify	Reloads the operating system. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>/verify</b>--Verifies the signature of the destination file. If verification fails, the file will be deleted.</li> <li>• <b>/noverify</b> --Does not verify the signature of the destination file before the image is reloaded.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note</b> <b>/noverify</b> is often issued if the <b>file verify auto</b> command is enabled, which automatically verifies the signature of all images that are copied.</p>

## Configuration Examples for Image Verification

- [Global Image Verification Example, page 6](#)
- [Image Verification via the copy Command Example, page 6](#)
- [Image Verification via the reload Command Example, page 6](#)
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## Global Image Verification Example

The following example shows how to enable automatic image verification. After enabling this command, image verification will automatically occur for all images that are either copied (via the **copy** command) or reloaded (via the **reload** command).

```
Router(config)# file verify auto
```

## Image Verification via the copy Command Example

The following example shows how to specify image verification before copying an image:

```
Router# copy /verify tftp://10.1.1.1/jdoe/c7200-js-mz disk0:
Destination filename [c7200-js-mz]?
Accessing tftp://10.1.1.1/jdoe/c7200-js-mz...
Loading jdoe/c7200-js-mz from 10.1.1.1 (via FastEthernet0/0):!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
[OK - 19879944 bytes]
19879944 bytes copied in 108.632 secs (183003 bytes/sec)
Verifying file integrity of disk0:/c7200-js-
mz .....
.....
.....Done!
Embedded Hash          MD5 :CFA258948C4ECE52085DCF428A426DCD
Computed Hash          MD5 :CFA258948C4ECE52085DCF428A426DCD
CCO Hash               MD5 :44A7B9BDDD9638128C35528466318183
Signature Verified
```

## Image Verification via the reload Command Example

The following example shows how to specify image verification before reloading an image onto the router:

```
Router# reload /verify
Verifying file integrity of bootflash:c7200-kboot-mz.121-8a.E
%ERROR:Signature not found in file bootflash:c7200-kboot-mz.121-8a.E.
Signature not present. Proceed with verify? [confirm]
Verifying file disk0:c7200-js-
mz .....
.....Done!
Embedded Hash          MD5 :CFA258948C4ECE52085DCF428A426DCD
Computed Hash          MD5 :CFA258948C4ECE52085DCF428A426DCD
CCO Hash               MD5 :44A7B9BDDD9638128C35528466318183
Signature Verified
Proceed with reload? [confirm]n
```

## Verify Command Sample Output Example

The following example shows how to specify image verification via the **verify** command:

```
Router# verify disk0:c7200-js-mz
%Filesystem does not support verify operations
Verifying file integrity of disk0:c7200-js-mz.....
.....Done!
Embedded Hash          MD5 :CFA258948C4ECE52085DCF428A426DCD
Computed Hash          MD5 :CFA258948C4ECE52085DCF428A426DCD
CCO Hash               MD5 :44A7B9BDDD9638128C35528466318183
Signature Verified
```

# Additional References

## Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Configuration tasks and information for loading, maintaining, and rebooting system images	Using the Cisco IOS Integrated File System feature module in the <i>Cisco IOS Configuration Fundamentals and Network Management Configuration Guide</i> , Release 12.4T.
Additional commands for loading, maintaining, and rebooting system images	<i>Cisco IOS Configuration Fundamentals Command Reference</i> , Release 12.4T

## Standards

Standard	Title
None	--

## MIBs

MIB	MIBs Link
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>None</li></ul>	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: <a href="http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs">http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs</a>

## RFCs

RFC	Title
None	--

**Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
<p>The Cisco Support website provides extensive online resources, including documentation and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies.</p> <p>To receive security and technical information about your products, you can subscribe to various services, such as the Product Alert Tool (accessed from Field Notices), the Cisco Technical Services Newsletter, and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) Feeds.</p> <p>Access to most tools on the Cisco Support website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.</p>	<a href="http://www.cisco.com/techsupport">http://www.cisco.com/techsupport</a>

## Feature Information for Image Verification

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to [www.cisco.com/go/cfn](http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn). An account on Cisco.com is not required.

**Table 1**      *Feature Information for Image Verification*

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
Image Verification	12.2(25)S 12.0(26)S 12.3(4)T Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	<p>The Image Verification feature allows users to automatically verify the integrity of Cisco IOS images.</p> <p>The following commands were introduced or modified: <b>copy</b>, <b>file verify auto</b>, <b>reload</b>, <b>verify</b>.</p>

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