

IPv6 Access Control Lists

Access lists determine what traffic is blocked and what traffic is forwarded at device interfaces and allow filtering of traffic based on source and destination addresses, and inbound and outbound traffic to a specific interface. Standard IPv6 ACL functionality was extended to support traffic filtering based on IPv6 option headers and optional, upper-layer protocol type information for finer granularity of control. Standard IPv6 ACL functionality was extended to support traffic filtering based on IPv6 option headers and optional, upper-layer protocol type information for finer granularity of control.

This module describes how to configure IPv6 traffic filtering and to control access to virtual terminal lines.

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RSP3 Porting Related Information

IPv6 ACL is not supported on RSP3

Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see Bug Search Tool and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Information About IPv6 Access Control Lists

Access Control Lists for IPv6 Traffic Filtering

The standard ACL functionality in IPv6 is similar to standard ACLs in IPv4. Access lists determine what traffic is blocked and what traffic is forwarded at device interfaces and allow filtering based on source and destination addresses, inbound and outbound to a specific interface. Each access list has an implicit deny statement at the end. IPv6 ACLs are defined and their deny and permit conditions are set using the **ipv6** access-listcommand with the **deny** and **permit** keywords in global configuration mode.

IPv6 extended ACLs augments standard IPv6 ACL functionality to support traffic filtering based on IPv6 option headers and optional, upper-layer protocol type information for finer granularity of control (functionality similar to extended ACLs in IPv4).

IPv6 Packet Inspection

The following header fields are used for IPv6 inspection: traffic class, flow label, payload length, next header, hop limit, and source or destination IP address. For further information on and descriptions of the IPv6 header fields, see RFC 2474.

Access Class Filtering in IPv6

Filtering incoming and outgoing connections to and from the device based on an IPv6 ACL is performed using the **ipv6 access-class** command in line configuration mode. The **ipv6 access-class** command is similar to the **access-class** command, except the IPv6 ACLs are defined by a name. If the IPv6 ACL is applied to inbound traffic, the source address in the ACL is matched against the incoming connection source address and the destination address in the ACL is matched against the local device address on the interface. If the IPv6 ACL is applied to outbound traffic, the source address in the ACL is matched against the local device address on the interface and the destination address in the ACL is matched against the outgoing connection source address. We recommend that identical restrictions are set on all the virtual terminal lines because a user can attempt to connect to any of them.

How to Configure IPv6 Access Control Lists

Configuring IPv6 Traffic Filtering

Creating and Configuring an IPv6 ACL for Traffic Filtering



IPv6 ACLs on the Cisco ASR 1000 platform do not contain implicit permit rules. The IPv6 neighbor discovery process uses the IPv6 network-layer service; therefore, to enable IPv6 neighbor discovery, you must add IPv6 ACLs to allow IPv6 neighbor discovery packets to be sent and received on an interface. In IPv4, the Address Resolution Protocol (ARP), which is equivalent to the IPv6 neighbor discovery process, uses a separate data-link-layer protocol; therefore, by default IPv4 ACLs implicitly allow ARP packets to be sent and received on an interface.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. ipv6 access-list access-list-name
- **4.** Do one of the following:
 - permit protocol {source-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length | any | host source-ipv6-address} [operator [port-number]] {destination-ipv6-prefix | prefix-length | any | host destination-ipv6-address} [operator [port-number]] [dest-option-type [doh-number | doh-type]] [dscp value] [flow-label value] [fragments] [log] [log-input] [mobility] [mobility-type [mh-number | mh-type]] [routing] [routing-type routing-number] [sequence value] [time-range name]
 - deny protocol {source-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length | any | host source-ipv6-address} [operator port-number]] {destination-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length | any | host destination-ipv6-address} [operator [port-number]] [dest-option-type [doh-number | doh-type]] [dscp value] [flow-label value] [fragments] [log] [log-input] [mobility] [mobility-type [mh-number | mh-type]] [routing] [routing-type routing-number] [sequence value] [time-range name] [undetermined-transport

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	ipv6 access-list access-list-name	Defines an IPv6 ACL, and enters IPv6 access list configuration mode.
	Example:	• The <i>access-list name</i> argument
	Device(config)# ipv6 access-list inbound	specifies the name of the IPv6 ACL. IPv6 ACL names cannot contain a space or quotation mark, or begin with a numeral.
Step 4	Do one of the following:	Specifies permit or deny conditions for an
	• permit protocol {source-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length any host source-ipv6-address} [operator [port-number]] {destination-ipv6-prefix prefix-length any host destination-ipv6-address} [operator [port-number]] [dest-option-type [doh-number doh-type]] [dscp value] [flow-label value] [fragments] [log] [log-input] [mobility] [mobility-type [mh-number mh-type]] [routing] [routing-type routing-number] [sequence value] [time-range name]	IPv6 ACL.
	• deny protocol {source-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length any host source-ipv6-address} [operator port-number]] {destination-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length any host destination-ipv6-address} [operator [port-number]] [dest-option-type [doh-number doh-type]] [dscp value] [flow-label value] [fragments] [log] [log-input] [mobility] [mobility-type [mh-number mh-type]] [routing] [routing-type routing-number] [sequence value] [time-range name] [undetermined-transport	
	Example:	
	Device(config-ipv6-acl)# permit tcp 2001:DB8:0300:0201::/32 eq telnet any	
	Example:	
	Device(config-ipv6-acl)# deny tcp host 2001:DB8:1::1 any log-input	

Applying the IPv6 ACL to an Interface

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3**. **interface** *type number*
- 4. ipv6 traffic-filter access-list-name {in| out}

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	interface type number	Specifies the interface type and number, and enters interface configuration mode.
	Example:	-
	Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet 0/0/0	
Step 4	ipv6 traffic-filter access-list-name {in out}	Applies the specified IPv6 access list to the interface specified in the previous step.
	Example:	
	Device(config-if)# ipv6 traffic-filter inbound in	

Controlling Access to a vty

Creating an IPv6 ACL to Provide Access Class Filtering

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. ipv6 access-list access-list-name
- **4.** Do one of the following:
 - permit protocol {source-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length | any | host source-ipv6-address} [operator [port-number]] {destination-ipv6-prefix | prefix-length | any | host destination-ipv6-address} [operator [port-number]] [dest-option-type [doh-number | doh-type]] [dscp value] [flow-label value] [fragments] [log] [log-input] [mobility] [mobility-type [mh-number | mh-type]] [routing] [routing-type routing-number] [sequence value] [time-range name
 - deny protocol {source-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length | any | host source-ipv6-address} [operator port-number]] {destination-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length | any | host destination-ipv6-address} [operator [port-number]] [dest-option-type [doh-number | doh-type]] [dscp value] [flow-label value] [fragments] [log] [log-input] [mobility] [mobility-type [mh-number | mh-type]] [routing] [routing-type routing-number] [sequence value] [time-range name] [undetermined-transport]

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	 Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	ipv6 access-list access-list-name	Defines an IPv6 ACL, and enters IPv6 access list configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# ipv6 access-list cisco	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 4	 permit protocol {source-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length any host source-ipv6-address} [operator [port-number]] {destination-ipv6-prefix prefix-length any host destination-ipv6-address} [operator [port-number]] [dest-option-type [doh-number doh-type]] [dscp value] [flow-label value] [fragments] [log] [log-input] [mobility] [mobility-type [mh-number mh-type]] [routing] [routing-type routing-number] [sequence value] [time-range name deny protocol {source-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length any host source-ipv6-address} [operator port-number]] {destination-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length any host destination-ipv6-address} [operator [port-number]] [dest-option-type [doh-number doh-type]] [dscp value] [flow-label value] [fragments] [log] [log-input] [mobility] [mobility-type [mh-number mh-type]] [routing] [routing-type routing-number] [sequence value] [time-range name] [undetermined-transport 	Specifies permit or deny conditions for an IPv6 ACL.
	Example:	
	Device(config-ipv6-acl)# permit ipv6 host 2001:DB8:0:4::32 any	
	Example:	
	Device(config-ipv6-acl)# deny ipv6 host 2001:DB8:0:6::6 any	

Applying an IPv6 ACL to the Virtual Terminal Line

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. line [aux| console| tty| vty] line-number[ending-line-number]
- 4. ipv6 access-class ipv6-access-list-name {in| out}

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.

	Enter your password if prompted.
Example:	
Device> enable	
configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Example:	
Device# configure terminal	
line [aux console tty vty] line-number[ending-line-number]	Identifies a specific line for configuration and enters line configuration mode.
Example:	• In this example, the vty keyword is used to specify the virtual terminal lines for remote console access.
Device(config)# line vty 0 4	
ipv6 access-class ipv6-access-list-name {in out}	Filters incoming and outgoing connections to and from the device based on an IPv6 ACL.
Example:	
Device(config-line)# ipv6 access-class cisco in	
	<pre>Device> enable configure terminal Example: Device# configure terminal line [aux console tty vty] line-number[ending-line-number] Example: Device(config)# line vty 0 4 ipv6 access-class ipv6-access-list-name {in out} Example: Device(config-line)# ipv6 access-class cisco</pre>

Configuration Examples for IPv6 Access Control Lists

Example: Verifying IPv6 ACL Configuration

In this example, the **show ipv6 access-list** command is used to verify that IPv6 ACLs are configured correctly:

Device> show ipv6 access-list

```
IPv6 access list inbound
   permit tcp any any eq bgp (8 matches) sequence 10
   permit tcp any any eq telnet (15 matches) sequence 20
   permit udp any any sequence 30

IPv6 access list Virtual-Access2.1#427819008151 (per-user)
   permit tcp host 2001:DB8:1::32 eq bgp host 2001:DB8:2::32 eq 11000 sequence 1
   permit tcp host 2001:DB8:1::32 eq telnet host 2001:DB8:2::32 eq 11001 sequence 2
```

Example: Creating and Applying an IPv6 ACL

The following example shows how to restrict HTTP access to certain hours during the day and log any activity outside of the permitted hours:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# time-range lunchtime
Device(config-time-range)# periodic weekdays 12:00 to 13:00
Device(config-time-range)# exit
Device(config)# ipv6 access-list INBOUND
Device(config-ipv6-acl)# permit tcp any any eq www time-range lunchtime
Device(config-ipv6-acl)# deny tcp any any eq www log-input
Device(config-ipv6-acl)# permit tcp 2001:DB8::/32 any
Device(config-ipv6-acl)# permit udp 2001:DB8::/32 any
Device(config-ipv6-acl)# end
```

Example: Controlling Access to a vty

In the following example, incoming connections to the virtual terminal lines 0 to 4 are filtered based on the IPv6 access list named acl1:

```
ipv6 access-list acl1
  permit ipv6 host 2001:DB8:0:4::2/32 any
!
line vty 0 4
  ipv6 access-class acl1 in
```

Additional References

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases
IP access list commands	Cisco IOS Security Command Reference
Configuring IP access lists	"Creating an IP Access List and Applying It to an Interface"

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html

Feature Information for IPv6 Access Control Lists

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

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Table 1: Feature Information for IPv6 Access Control Lists

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
IPv6 Services: Extended Access Control Lists	Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	Standard IPv6 ACL functionality was extended to support traffic filtering based on IPv6 option headers and optional, upper-layer protocol type information for finer granularity of control.