



Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery

When an invalid security parameter index error (shown as “Invalid SPI”) occurs in IP Security (IPsec) packet processing, the Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery feature allows for an Internet Key Exchange (IKE) security association (SA) to be established. The “IKE” module sends notification of the “Invalid SPI” error to the originating IPsec peer so that Security Association Databases (SADBs) can be resynchronized and successful packet processing can be resumed.

- [Finding Feature Information, on page 1](#)
- [Prerequisites for Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery, on page 1](#)
- [Restrictions for Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery, on page 2](#)
- [Information About Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery, on page 2](#)
- [How to Configure Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery, on page 2](#)
- [Configuration Examples for Invalid SecurityParameter Index Recovery, on page 9](#)
- [Additional References, on page 14](#)
- [Feature Information for Invalid Security ParameterIndex Recovery, on page 15](#)

Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see [Bug Search Tool](#) and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Prerequisites for Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery

Before configuring the Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery feature, you must have enabled IKE and IPsec on your router.

Restrictions for Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery

If an IKE SA is being initiated to notify an IPsec peer of an “Invalid SPI” error, there is the risk that a denial-of-service (DoS) attack can occur. The Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery feature has a built-in mechanism to minimize such a risk, but because there is a risk, the Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery feature is not enabled by default. You must enable the command using command-line interface (CLI).

Information About Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery

How the Feature Works

An IPsec “black hole” occurs when one IPsec peer “dies” (for example, a peer can “die” if a reboot occurs or if an IPsec peer somehow gets reset). Because one of the peers (the receiving peer) is completely reset, it loses its IKE SA with the other peer. Generally, when an IPsec peer receives a packet for which it cannot find an SA, it tries to send an IKE “INVALID SPI NOTIFY” message to the data originator. This notification is sent using the IKE SA. If there is no IKE SA available, the receiving peer drops the packet.



Note A single SA has only two peers. However, a SADB can have multiple SAs, whereby each SA has an association with a different peer.

When an invalid security parameter index (SPI) is encountered, the Invalid Security Parameter Index feature provides for the setting up of an IKE SA with the originator of the data, and the IKE “INVALID SPI NOTIFY” message is sent. The peer that originated the data “sees” the “INVALID SPI NOTIFY” message and deletes the IPsec SA that has the invalid SPI. If there is further traffic from the originating peer, there will not be any IPsec SAs, and new SAs will be set up. Traffic will flow again. The default behavior (that is, without configuring the Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery feature) is that the data packet that caused the invalid SPI error is dropped. The originating peer keeps on sending the data using the IPsec SA that has the invalid SPI, and the receiving peer keeps dropping the traffic (thus creating the “black hole”).

The IPsec module uses the IKE module to send an IKE “INVALID SPI NOTIFY” message to the other peer. Once the invalid SPI recovery is in place, there should not be any significant dropping of packets although the IPsec SA setup can itself result in the dropping of a few packets.

To configure your router for the Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery feature, use the **crypto isakmp invalid-spi-recovery** command. The IKE SA will not be initiated unless you have configured this command.

How to Configure Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery

Configuring Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery

To configure the Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery feature, perform the following steps.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. enable
2. configure terminal
3. crypto isakmp invalid-spi-recovery

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Router> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Router# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	crypto isakmp invalid-spi-recovery Example: Router (config)# crypto isakmp invalid-spi-recovery	Initiates the IKE module process whereby the IKE module notifies the receiving peer that an “Invalid SPI” error has occurred.

Verifying a Preshared Configuration

To determine the status of the IPsec SA for traffic between two peers, you can use the **show crypto ipsec sa** command. If the IPsec SA is available on one peer and not on the other, there is a “black hole” situation, in which case you will see the invalid SPI errors being logged for the receiving peer. If you turn console logging on or check the syslog server, you will see that these errors are also being logged.

The diagram below shows the topology of a typical preshared configuration setup. Host 1 is the initiating peer (initiator), and Host 2 is the receiving peer (responder).

Figure 1: Preshared Configuration Topology

SUMMARY STEPS

1. Initiate the IKE and IPsec SAs between Host 1 and Host 2
2. Clear the IKE and IPsec SAs on Router B
3. Send traffic from Host 1 to Host 2 and ensure that new IKE and IPsec SAs are correctly established
4. Check for an invalid SPI message on Router B

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1 Initiate the IKE and IPsec SAs between Host 1 and Host 2

Router A

Example:

```
Router# show crypto isakmp sa
  f_vrf/i_vrf    dst          src          state      conn-id slot
  / 10.2.2.2     10.1.1.1    QM_IDLE        1         0
```

Router B**Example:**

```
Router# show crypto isakmp sa
  f_vrf/i_vrf    dst          src          state      conn-id slot
  / 10.1.1.1     10.2.2.2    QM_IDLE        1         0
```

Router A**Example:**

```
Router# show crypto ipsec sa interface fastethernet0/0
interface: FastEthernet0/0
  Crypto map tag: testtag1, local addr. 10.1.1.1
  protected vrf:
  local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (10.0.0.1/255.255.255.255/0/0)
  remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (10.0.2.2/255.255.255.255/0/0)
  current_peer: 10.2.2.2:500
    PERMIT, flags={origin_is_acl,}
  #pkts encaps: 10, #pkts encrypt: 10, #pkts digest: 10
  #pkts decaps: 10, #pkts decrypt: 10, #pkts verify: 10
  #pkts compressed: 0, #pkts decompressed: 0
  #pkts not compressed: 0, #pkts compr. failed: 0
  #pkts not decompressed: 0, #pkts decompress failed: 0
  #send errors 0, #recv errors 0
  local crypto endpt.: 10.1.1.1, remote crypto endpt.: 10.2.2.2
  path mtu 1500, media mtu 1500
  current outbound spi: 7AA69CB7
  inbound esp sas:
    spi: 0x249C5062(614223970)
      transform: esp-des esp-sha-hmac ,
      in use settings ={Tunnel, }
      slot: 0, conn id: 5123, flow_id: 1, crypto map: testtag1
      crypto engine type: Hardware
      sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4537831/3595)
      IV size: 8 bytes
      replay detection support: Y
  inbound ah sas:
    spi: 0xB16D1587(2976716167)
      transform: ah-sha-hmac ,
      in use settings ={Tunnel, }
      slot: 0, conn id: 5121, flow_id: 1, crypto map: testtag1
      crypto engine type: Hardware
      sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4537831/3595)
      replay detection support: Y
  inbound pcp sas:
  outbound esp sas:
    spi: 0x7AA69CB7(2057739447)
      transform: esp-des esp-sha-hmac ,
      in use settings ={Tunnel, }
      slot: 0, conn id: 5124, flow_id: 2, crypto map: testtag1
      crypto engine type: Hardware
      sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4537835/3595)
      IV size: 8 bytes
      replay detection support: Y
  outbound ah sas:
```

```

spi: 0x1214F0D(18960141)
    transform: ah-sha-hmac ,
    in use settings ={Tunnel, }
    slot: 0, conn id: 5122, flow_id: 2, crypto map: testtag1
    crypto engine type: Hardware
    sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4537835/3594)
    replay detection support: Y
    outbound pcp sas:

```

Router B

Example:

```

Router# show crypto ipsec sa interface Fastethernet1/0
interface: FastEthernet1/0
    Crypto map tag: testtag1, local addr. 10.2.2.2
    protected vrf:
        local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (10.0.2.2/255.255.255.255/0/0)
        remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (10.0.0.1/255.255.255.255/0/0)
        current_peer: 10.1.1.1:500
            PERMIT, flags={origin_is_acl,}
            #pkts encaps: 10, #pkts encrypt: 10, #pkts digest: 10
            #pkts decaps: 10, #pkts decrypt: 10, #pkts verify: 10
            #pkts compressed: 0, #pkts decompressed: 0
            #pkts not compressed: 0, #pkts compr. failed: 0
            #pkts not decompressed: 0, #pkts decompress failed: 0
            #send errors 0, #recv errors 0
            local crypto endpt.: 10.2.2.2, remote crypto endpt.: 10.1.1.1
            path mtu 1500, media mtu 1500
            current outbound spi: 249C5062
            inbound esp sas:
                spi: 0x7AA69CB7(2057739447)
                    transform: esp-des esp-sha-hmac ,
                    in use settings ={Tunnel, }
                    slot: 0, conn id: 5123, flow_id: 1, crypto map: testtag1
                    crypto engine type: Hardware
                    sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4421281/3593)
                    IV size: 8 bytes
                    replay detection support: Y
            inbound ah sas:
                spi: 0x1214F0D(18960141)
                    transform: ah-sha-hmac ,
                    in use settings ={Tunnel, }
                    slot: 0, conn id: 5121, flow_id: 1, crypto map: testtag1
                    crypto engine type: Hardware
                    sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4421281/3593)
                    replay detection support: Y
            inbound pcp sas:
            outbound esp sas:
                spi: 0x249C5062(614223970)
                    transform: esp-des esp-sha-hmac ,
                    in use settings ={Tunnel, }
                    slot: 0, conn id: 5124, flow_id: 2, crypto map: testtag1
                    crypto engine type: Hardware
                    sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4421285/3593)
                    IV size: 8 bytes
                    replay detection support: Y
            outbound ah sas:
                spi: 0xB16D1587(2976716167)
                    transform: ah-sha-hmac ,
                    in use settings ={Tunnel, }
                    slot: 0, conn id: 5122, flow_id: 2, crypto map: testtag1
                    crypto engine type: Hardware
                    sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4421285/3592)

```

Verifying a Preshared Configuration

```
replay detection support: Y
outbound pcp sas:
```

Step 2 Clear the IKE and IPsec SAs on Router B

Example:

```
Router# clear crypto isakmp
Router# clear crypto sa
Router# show crypto isakmp sa
  f_vrf/i_vrf    dst          src          state      conn-id slot
  /           10.2.2.2.     10.1.1.1    MM_NO_STATE       1      0 (deleted)
Router# show crypto ipsec sa
interface: FastEthernet1/0
  Crypto map tag: testtag1, local addr. 10.2.2.2
  protected vrf:
  local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (10.0.2.2/255.255.255.255/0/0)
  remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (10.0.0.1/255.255.255.255/0/0)
  current_peer: 10.1.1.1:500
    PERMIT, flags={origin_is_acl,}
  #pkts encaps: 0, #pkts encrypt: 0, #pkts digest: 0
  #pkts decaps: 0, #pkts decrypt: 0, #pkts verify: 0
  #pkts compressed: 0, #pkts decompressed: 0
  #pkts not compressed: 0, #pkts compr. failed: 0
  #pkts not decompressed: 0, #pkts decompress failed: 0
  #send errors 0, #recv errors 0
  local crypto endpt.: 10.2.2.2, remote crypto endpt.: 10.1.1.1
  path mtu 1500, media mtu 1500
  current outbound spi: 0
  inbound esp sas:
  inbound ah sas:
  inbound pcp sas:
  outbound esp sas:
  outbound ah sas:
  outbound pcp sas:
```

Step 3 Send traffic from Host 1 to Host 2 and ensure that new IKE and IPsec SAs are correctly established

Example:

```
ping
Protocol [ip]: ip
Target IP address: 10.0.2.2
Repeat count [5]: 30
Datagram size [100]: 100
Timeout in seconds [2]:
Extended commands [n]: no
Sweep range of sizes [n]: n
Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 30, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 10.0.2.2, timeout is 2 seconds:
..!!!!!!Success rate is 93 percent (28/30), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/3/8 ms
RouterB# show crypto isakmp sa
  f_vrf/i_vrf    dst          src          state      conn-id slot
  /           10.1.1.1     10.2.2.2    QM_IDLE            3      0
  /           10.1.1.1     10.2.2.2    MM_NO_STATE       1      0 (deleted)
RouterB# show crypto ipsec sa
interface: FastEthernet1/0
  Crypto map tag: testtag1, local addr. 10.2.2.2
  protected vrf:
  local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (10.0.2.2/255.255.255.255/0/0)
  remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (10.0.0.1/255.255.255.255/0/0)
  current_peer: 10.1.1.1:500
```

```

PERMIT, flags={origin_is_acl,}
#pkts encaps: 28, #pkts encrypt: 28, #pkts digest: 28
#pkts decaps: 28, #pkts decrypt: 28, #pkts verify: 28
#pkts compressed: 0, #pkts decompressed: 0
#pkts not compressed: 0, #pkts compr. failed: 0
#pkts not decompressed: 0, #pkts decompress failed: 0
#send errors 0, #recv errors 0
local crypto endpt.: 10.2.2.2, remote crypto endpt.: 10.1.1.1
path mtu 1500, media mtu 1500
current outbound spi: D763771F
inbound esp sas:
spi: 0xE7AB4256(3886760534)
    transform: esp-des esp-sha-hmac ,
    in use settings ={Tunnel, }
    slot: 0, conn id: 5127, flow_id: 3, crypto map: testtag1
    crypto engine type: Hardware
    sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4502463/3596)
    IV size: 8 bytes
    replay detection support: Y
inbound ah sas:
spi: 0xF9205CED(4179647725)
    transform: ah-sha-hmac ,
    in use settings ={Tunnel, }
    slot: 0, conn id: 5125, flow_id: 3, crypto map: testtag1
    crypto engine type: Hardware
    sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4502463/3596)
    replay detection support: Y
inbound pcp sas:
outbound esp sas:
spi: 0xD763771F(3613619999)
    transform: esp-des esp-sha-hmac ,
    in use settings ={Tunnel, }
    slot: 0, conn id: 5128, flow_id: 4, crypto map: testtag1
    crypto engine type: Hardware
    sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4502468/3596)
    IV size: 8 bytes
    replay detection support: Y
outbound ah sas:
spi: 0xEB95406F(3952427119)
    transform: ah-sha-hmac ,
    in use settings ={Tunnel, }
    slot: 0, conn id: 5126, flow_id: 4, crypto map: testtag1
    crypto engine type: Hardware
    sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4502468/3595)
    replay detection support: Y
outbound pcp sas:
RouterA# show crypto isakmp sa
  f_vrf/i_vrf   dst          src          state      conn-id slot
  /           10.2.2.2    10.1.1.1    MM_NO_STATE      1        0 (deleted)
  /           10.2.2.2    10.1.1.1    QM_IDLE          2        0

```

Step 4 Check for an invalid SPI message on Router B

Example:

```

Router# show logging
Syslog logging: enabled (10 messages dropped, 13 messages rate-limited, 0 flushes, 0 overruns, xml
disabled)
    Console logging: disabled
    Monitor logging: level debugging, 0 messages logged, xml disabled
    Buffer logging: level debugging, 43 messages logged, xml disabled
    Logging Exception size (8192 bytes)
    Count and timestamp logging messages: disabled
    Trap logging: level informational, 72 message lines logged

```

Verifying a Preshared Configuration

```

Log Buffer (8000 bytes):
*Mar 24 20:55:45.739: %CRYPTO-4-RECVD_PKT_INV_SPI: decaps: rec'd IPSEC packet has invalid spi for
  destaddr=10.2.2.2, prot=51, spi=0x1214F0D(18960141), srcaddr=10.1.1.1
*Mar 24 20:55:47.743: IPSEC(validate_proposal_request): proposal part #1,
  (key eng. msg.) INBOUND local= 10.2.2.2, remote= 10.1.1.1,
    local_proxy= 10.0.2.2/255.255.255.255/0/0 (type=1),
    remote_proxy= 10.0.0.1/255.255.255.255/0/0 (type=1),
    protocol= AH, transform= ah-sha-hmac ,
    lifedur= 0s and 0kb,
    spi= 0x0(0), conn_id= 0, keysize= 0, flags= 0x2
*Mar 24 20:55:47.743: IPSEC(validate_proposal_request): proposal part #2,
  (key eng. msg.) INBOUND local= 10.2.2.2, remote= 10.1.1.1,
    local_proxy= 10.0.2.2/255.255.255.255/0/0 (type=1),
    remote_proxy= 10.0.0.1/255.255.255.255/0/0 (type=1),
    protocol= ESP, transform= esp-des esp-sha-hmac ,
    lifedur= 0s and 0kb,
    spi= 0x0(0), conn_id= 0, keysize= 0, flags= 0x2
*Mar 24 20:55:47.743: IPSEC(kei_proxy): head = testtag1, map->ivrf = , kei->ivrf =
*Mar 24 20:55:47.743: IPSEC(key_engine): got a queue event with 2 kei messages
*Mar 24 20:55:47.743: IPSEC(spi_response): getting spi 4179647725 for SA
  from 10.2.2.2      to 10.1.1.1      for prot 2
*Mar 24 20:55:47.747: IPSEC(spi_response): getting spi 3886760534 for SA
  from 10.2.2.2      to 10.1.1.1      for prot 3
*Mar 24 20:55:48.071: IPsec: Flow_switching Allocated flow for flow_id 939524099
*Mar 24 20:55:48.071: IPsec: Flow_switching Allocated flow for flow_id 939524100
*Mar 24 20:55:48.135: IPSEC(key_engine): got a queue event with 4 kei messages
*Mar 24 20:55:48.135: IPSEC(initialize_sas): ,
  (key eng. msg.) INBOUND local= 10.2.2.2, remote= 10.1.1.1,
    local_proxy= 10.0.2.2/0.0.0.0/0/0 (type=1),
    remote_proxy= 10.0.0.1/0.0.0.0/0/0 (type=1),
    protocol= AH, transform= ah-sha-hmac ,
    lifedur= 3600s and 4608000kb,
    spi= 0xF9205CED(4179647725), conn_id= 939529221, keysize= 0, flags= 0x2
*Mar 24 20:55:48.135: IPSEC(initialize_sas): ,
  (key eng. msg.) OUTBOUND local= 10.2.2.2, remote= 10.1.1.1,
    local_proxy= 10.0.2.2/0.0.0.0/0/0 (type=1),
    remote_proxy= 10.0.0.1/0.0.0.0/0/0 (type=1),
    protocol= AH, transform= ah-sha-hmac ,
    lifedur= 3600s and 4608000kb,
    spi= 0xEB95406F(3952427119), conn_id= 939529222, keysize= 0, flags= 0xA
*Mar 24 20:55:48.135: IPSEC(initialize_sas): ,
  (key eng. msg.) INBOUND local= 10.2.2.2, remote= 10.1.1.1,
    local_proxy= 10.0.2.2/0.0.0.0/0/0 (type=1),
    remote_proxy= 10.0.0.1/0.0.0.0/0/0 (type=1),
    protocol= ESP, transform= esp-des esp-sha-hmac ,
    lifedur= 3600s and 4608000kb,
    spi= 0xE7AB4256(3886760534), conn_id= 939529223, keysize= 0, flags= 0x2
*Mar 24 20:55:48.135: IPSEC(initialize_sas): ,
  (key eng. msg.) OUTBOUND local= 10.2.2.2, remote= 10.1.1.1,
    local_proxy= 10.0.2.2/0.0.0.0/0/0 (type=1),
    remote_proxy= 10.0.0.1/0.0.0.0/0/0 (type=1),
    protocol= ESP, transform= esp-des esp-sha-hmac ,
    lifedur= 3600s and 4608000kb,
    spi= 0xD763771F(3613619999), conn_id= 939529224, keysize= 0, flags= 0xA
*Mar 24 20:55:48.139: IPSEC(kei_proxy): head = testtag1, map->ivrf = , kei->ivrf =
*Mar 24 20:55:48.139: IPSEC(mtree_add_ident): src 10.2.2.2, dest 10.1.1.1, dest_port 0
*Mar 24 20:55:48.139: IPSEC(create_sa): sa created,
  (sa) sa_dest= 10.1.1.1, sa_prot= 51,
  sa_spi= 0xF9205CED(4179647725),
  sa_trans= ah-sha-hmac , sa_conn_id= 939529221
*Mar 24 20:55:48.139: IPSEC(create_sa): sa created,
  (sa) sa_dest= 10.2.2.2, sa_prot= 51,
  sa_spi= 0xEB95406F(3952427119),
  sa_trans= ah-sha-hmac , sa_conn_id= 939529222

```

```
*Mar 24 20:55:48.139: IPSEC(create_sa): sa created,
  (sa) sa_dest= 10.1.1.1, sa_prot= 50,
    sa_spi= 0xE7AB4256(3886760534),
    sa_trans= esp-des esp-sha-hmac , sa_conn_id= 939529223
*Mar 24 20:55:48.139: IPSEC(create_sa): sa created,
  (sa) sa_dest= 10.2.2.2, sa_prot= 50,
    sa_spi= 0xD763771F(3613619999),
    sa_trans= esp-des esp-sha-hmac , sa_conn_id= 939529224
ipseca-72a#
```

Configuration Examples for Invalid SecurityParameter Index Recovery

Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery Example

The following example shows that invalid security parameter index recovery has been configured on Router A and Router B. The following example shows the topology used for this example.

Router A

```
Router# show running-config
Building configuration...
Current configuration : 2048 bytes
!
version 2.1
no service pad
service timestamps debug datetime msec localtime
service timestamps log datetime msec localtime
no service password-encryption
service tcp-small-servers
!
hostname ipseca-71a
!
logging queue-limit 100
no logging console
enable secret 5 $1$4GZB$L2YOmnenOCNAu0jgFxebT/
enable password lab
!
clock timezone PST -8
clock summer-time PDT recurring
ip subnet-zero
!
!
no ip domain lookup
!
ip cef
ip audit notify log
ip audit po max-events 100
mpls ldp logging neighbor-changes
no ftp-server write-enable
!
!
no voice hpi capture buffer
no voice hpi capture destination
```

Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery Example

```

!
!
crypto isakmp policy 1
  authentication pre-share
  lifetime 180
crypto isakmp key 0 1234 address 10.2.2.2
crypto isakmp invalid-spi-recovery
!
!
crypto ipsec transform-set auth2 ah-sha-hmac esp-des esp-sha-hmac
!
crypto map testtag1 10 ipsec-isakmp
  set peer 10.2.2.2
  set transform-set auth2
  match address 150
!
!
controller ISA 5/1
!
!
interface FastEthernet0/0
  ip address 10.1.1.1 255.0.0.0
  no ip route-cache cef
  duplex full
  speed 100
  crypto map testtag1
!
interface FastEthernet0/1
  ip address 10.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
  no ip route-cache cef
  duplex auto
  speed auto
!
interface Serial1/0
  no ip address
  no ip route-cache
  no ip mroute-cache
  shutdown
  serial restart_delay 0
  clockrate 128000
!
interface Serial1/1
  no ip address
  no ip route-cache
  no ip mroute-cache
  shutdown
  serial restart_delay 0
  clockrate 128000
!
interface Serial1/2
  no ip address
  no ip route-cache
  no ip mroute-cache
  shutdown
  serial restart_delay 0
!
interface Serial1/3
  no ip address
  no ip route-cache
  no ip mroute-cache
  shutdown
  no keepalive
  serial restart_delay 0
  clockrate 128000

```

```

!
ip classless
ip route 10.3.3.3 255.0.0.0 10.2.0.1
no ip http server
no ip http secure-server
!
!
access-list 150 permit ip host 10.0.0.1 host 10.0.2.2
dialer-list 1 protocol ip permit
dialer-list 1 protocol ipx permit
!
!
call rsvp-sync
!
!
mgcp profile default
!
!
line con 0
  exec-timeout 0 0
line aux 0
line vty 0 4
  password lab
  login
!
!
end
ipseca-71a#

```

Router B

```

Router# show running-config
Building configuration...
Current configuration : 2849 bytes
!
version 2.1
no service pad
service timestamps debug datetime msec localtime
service timestamps log datetime msec localtime
no service password-encryption
service udp-small-servers
service tcp-small-servers
!
hostname ipseca-72a
!
logging queue-limit 100
no logging console
enable secret 5 $1$kKqL$5Th5Qhw1ubDkkK90KWFxi1
enable password lab
!
clock timezone PST -8
clock summer-time PDT recurring
ip subnet-zero
!
!
no ip domain lookup
!
ip cef
ip audit notify log
ip audit po max-events 100
mpls ldp logging neighbor-changes
no ftp-server write-enable
!

```

Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery Example

```

!
no voice hpi capture buffer
no voice hpi capture destination
!
!
mta receive maximum-recipients 0
!
!
crypto isakmp policy 1
  authentication pre-share
  lifetime 180
crypto isakmp key 0 1234 address 10.1.1.1
crypto isakmp invalid-spi-recovery
!
!
crypto ipsec transform-set auth2 ah-sha-hmac esp-des esp-sha-hmac
!
crypto map testtag1 10 ipsec-isakmp
  set peer 10.1.1.1
  set transform-set auth2
  match address 150
!
!
controller ISA 5/1
!
!
interface FastEthernet0/0
  no ip address
  no ip route-cache
  no ip mroute-cache
  shutdown
  duplex half
!
interface FastEthernet1/0
  ip address 10.2.2.2 255.0.0.0
  no ip route-cache cef
  duplex half
  crypto map testtag1
!
interface FastEthernet1/1
  ip address 10.0.2.2 255.0.0.0
  no ip route-cache cef
  duplex half
!
interface FastEthernet1/2
  no ip address
  no ip route-cache
  no ip mroute-cache
  shutdown
  duplex half
!
interface FastEthernet1/3
  no ip address
  no ip route-cache
  no ip mroute-cache
  shutdown
  duplex half
!
interface FastEthernet1/4
  no ip address
  no ip route-cache
  no ip mroute-cache
  shutdown
  duplex half

```

```
!
interface FastEthernet1/5
no ip address
no ip route-cache
no ip mroute-cache
shutdown
duplex half
!
interface FastEthernet1/6
no ip address
no ip route-cache
no ip mroute-cache
shutdown
duplex half
!
interface FastEthernet1/7
no ip address
no ip route-cache
no ip mroute-cache
shutdown
duplex half
!
interface Serial3/0
no ip address
no ip route-cache
no ip mroute-cache
shutdown
serial restart_delay 0
!
interface Serial3/1
no ip address
no ip route-cache
no ip mroute-cache
shutdown
serial restart_delay 0
clockrate 128000
!
interface Serial3/2
no ip address
no ip route-cache
no ip mroute-cache
shutdown
serial restart_delay 0
!
interface Serial3/3
no ip address
no ip route-cache
no ip mroute-cache
shutdown
no keepalive
serial restart_delay 0
clockrate 128000
!
ip classless
ip route 10.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 10.2.0.1
no ip http server
no ip http secure-server
!
!
access-list 150 permit ip host 10.0.2.2 host 10.0.0.1
dialer-list 1 protocol ip permit
dialer-list 1 protocol ipx permit
!
!
```

Additional References

```

call rsvp-sync
!
!
mgcp profile default
!
dial-peer cor custom
!
!
gatekeeper
shutdown
!
!
line con 0
exec-timeout 0 0
stopbits 1
line aux 0
stopbits 1
line vty 0 4
password lab
login
!
!
end

```

Additional References

The following sections provide references relate to Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery.

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Configuring IKE	Configuring Internet Key Exchange for IPsec VPNs
Interface commands	Cisco IOS Master Command List

Standards

Standards	Title
No new or modified standards are supported by this feature, and support for existing standards has not been modified by this feature.	--

MIBs

MIBs	MIBs Link
No new or modified MIBs are supported by this feature, and support for existing MIBs has not been modified by this feature.	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS XE software releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

RFCs

RFCs	Title
No new or modified RFCs are supported by this feature, and support for existing RFCs has not been modified by this feature.	--

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
<p>The Cisco Support website provides extensive online resources, including documentation and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies.</p> <p>To receive security and technical information about your products, you can subscribe to various services, such as the Product Alert Tool (accessed from Field Notices), the Cisco Technical Services Newsletter, and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) Feeds.</p> <p>Access to most tools on the Cisco Support website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.</p>	http://www.cisco.com/techsupport

Feature Information for Invalid Security ParameterIndex Recovery

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Table 1: Feature Information for Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
Invalid Special Parameter Index (SPI) Recovery	Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	<p>When an invalid SPI occurs in IPsec packet processing, the Invalid Security Parameter Index Recovery feature allows for an IKE SA to be established. The “IKE” module sends notification of the “Invalid SPI” error to the originating IPsec peer so that Security Association Databases (SADBs) can be resynchronized and successful packet processing can be resumed.</p> <p>The following command was introduced or modified: crypto isakmp invalid-spi-recovery.</p>

■ Feature Information for Invalid Security ParameterIndex Recovery