The Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature introduces per-tunnel QoS support for DMVPN and increases per-tunnel QoS performance for IPsec tunnel interfaces.

Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see Bug Search Tool and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Prerequisites for Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

Before you configure the Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature, you must configure Cisco Express Forwarding switching.
Before you can configure an Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) group on a spoke and map the NHRP group to a QoS policy on a hub, the spoke and the hub must already be configured for DMVPN without the per-tunnel QoS.

Restrictions for Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

- The Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature only supports the following encapsulation and transport protocol combinations:
  - Per-Tunnel QoS for IPv4 over DMVPN with IPv4 transport (Effective from Cisco IOS XE Release 3.6S).
  - Per-Tunnel QoS for IPv6 over DMVPN with IPv4 transport (Effective from Cisco IOS XE Release 3.8S).
  - Per-Tunnel QoS for IPv4 over DMVPN with IPv6 transport (Effective from Cisco IOS XE Release 3.11S).
  - Per-Tunnel QoS for IPv6 over DMVPN with IPv6 transport (Effective from Cisco IOS XE Release 3.11S).
  - Per-Tunnel QoS for MPLS VPN over DMVPN with IPv4 transport (2547oDMVPN) (Effective from Cisco IOS XE Release 3.15S).
  - Per-Tunnel QoS for MPLS VPN over DMVPN with IPv6 transport (2547oDMVPN) (Effective from Cisco IOS XE Release 3.15S).

- For a given DMVPN tunnel interface, one transport protocol, either IPv4 or IPv6, can only be used. However, different DMVPN tunnel interfaces on the same device may use IPv4 or IPv6 transport protocol at the same time. Per-tunnel QoS can be configured for IPv4 and IPv6 DMVPN passenger traffic packets and be associated with an outbound physical interface that is either IPv4, IPv6 or both. This DMVPN tunnel traffic may be mixed with non-DMVPN IPv4 and IPv6 traffic, or both, on the outbound physical interface with its own QoS policy with restrictions.

- The Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature does not support the following:
  - Per-Tunnel QoS for IPv4 or IPv6 or Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) VPN over DMVPN with Layer 2 Tunnel Protocol (L2TP) transport.
  - Per-Tunnel QoS for IPv4 or IPv6 or MPLS VPN over DMVPN.

- Per-Tunnel QoS service policies are only supported in the egress direction.

- This feature does not support adding the capability of user configurable queuing and schedules before the crypto engine.

- Fair queueing should not be used in a per-tunnel QoS for DMVPN policy map because the outer header with nonchanging IP addresses is used for individual flow queue selection. This results in the same queue being selected for all traffic flowing through the class with fair queueing.

- A QoS service policy is supported on the main interface or subinterface that the tunnel is sourced from in conjunction with a per-tunnel QoS service policy on the DMVPN tunnel interface. However, there are certain restrictions for the main or subinterface service policy, which are as follows:
• A service policy is supported on either the main interface or the subinterface, but not both, in conjunction with the per-tunnel QoS service policy.

• The main interface or subinterface QoS service policy is limited to only a class-default shaper (it can only contain the `class class-default` and `shape` commands). Additional QoS configurations are not supported on the main interface or subinterface when two different QoS service policies are applied to the main or subinterface and the tunnel interface simultaneously.

• The main interface or subinterface QoS service policy must be applied before the tunnel interface service policy.

• The main interface or subinterface QoS service policy is checked for validity only when a QoS service policy is applied on the tunnel interface. The main interface or subinterface service policy is not checked during a tunnel movement or modification.

• Adding new classes or features to the main interface or subinterface policy map is not supported. The classes or features may not be blocked on CLI and could result in unpredictable behavior.

• The policy-map counters for the main interface or subinterface service policy (from the `show policy-map interface` command) may not account for all packets and therefore should not be used or referenced. However, this does not affect the QoS functionality. The shaper will still limit the traffic on the main interface or subinterface, including all DMVPN tunnel traffic over that interface.

Information About Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN Overview

The Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature lets you apply a quality of service (QoS) policy on a Dynamic Multipoint VPN (DMVPN) hub on a per-tunnel instance (per-spoke basis) in the egress direction for DMVPN hub-to-spoke tunnels. The QoS policy on a DMVPN hub on a per-tunnel instance lets you shape tunnel traffic to individual spokes (a parent policy) and differentiate individual data flows going through the tunnel for policing (a child policy). The QoS policy that the hub uses for a specific spoke is selected according to the specific Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) group into which that spoke is configured. Although you can configure many spokes into the same NHRP group, the tunnel traffic for each spoke is measured individually for shaping and policing.

You can use this feature with DMVPN with or without Internet Protocol Security (IPsec).

When the Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature is enabled, queuing and shaping are performed at the outbound physical interface for generic routing encapsulation (GRE)/IPsec tunnel packets. The Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature ensures that the GRE header, the IPsec header, and the Layer 2 (for the physical interface) header are included in the packet-size calculations for shaping and bandwidth queuing of packets under QoS.

Benefits of Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

Before the introduction of Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature, quality of service (QoS) on a Dynamic Multipoint VPN (DMVPN) hub could be configured to measure only either the outbound traffic in the aggregate (overall spokes) or outbound traffic on a per-spoke basis (with extensive manual configuration).

The Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature provides the following benefits:
• The QoS policy is attached to the DMVPN hub, and the criteria for matching the tunnel traffic are set up automatically as each spoke registers with the hub (which means that extensive manual configuration is not needed).
• Traffic can be regulated from the hub to spokes on a per-spoke basis.
• The hub cannot send excessive traffic to (and overrun) a small spoke.
• The amount of outbound hub bandwidth that a “greedy” spoke can consume can be limited; therefore, the traffic cannot monopolize a hub’s resources and starve other spokes.

NHRP QoS Provisioning for DMVPN

Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) performs the provisioning for the Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature by using NHRP groups.

An NHRP group, a new functionality introduced by this feature, is the group identity information signaled by a Dynamic Multipoint VPN (DMVPN) node (a spoke) to the DMVPN hub. The hub uses this information to select a locally defined quality of service (QoS) policy instance for the remote node.

You can configure an NHRP group on the spoke router on the DMVPN generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnel interface. The NHRP group name is communicated to the hub in each of the periodic NHRP registration requests sent from the spoke to the hub.

NHRP group-to-QoS policy mappings are configured on the hub DMVPN GRE tunnel interface. The NHRP group string received from a spoke is mapped to a QoS policy, which is applied to that hub-to-spoke tunnel in the egress direction.

After an NHRP group is configured on a spoke, the group is not immediately sent to the hub, but is sent in the next periodic registration request. The spoke can belong to only one NHRP group per GRE tunnel interface. If a spoke is configured as part of two or more DMVPN networks (multiple GRE tunnel interfaces), then the spoke can have a different NHRP group name on each of the GRE tunnel interfaces.

If an NHRP group is not received from the spoke, then a QoS policy is not applied to the spoke, and any existing QoS policy applied to that spoke is removed. If an NHRP group is received from the spoke when previous NHRP registrations did not have an NHRP group, then the corresponding QoS policy is applied. If the same NHRP group is received from a spoke similar to the earlier NHRP registration request, then no action is taken because a QoS policy would have already been applied for that spoke. If a different NHRP group is received from the spoke than what was received in the previous NHRP registration request, any applied QoS policy is removed, and the QoS policy corresponding to the new NHRP group is applied.

Per-Tunnel QoS for Spoke to Spoke Connections

The QoS: Spoke to Spoke per tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature enables a DMVPN client to establish a direct crypto tunnel with another DMVPN client leveraging the per-tunnel QoS policy, using Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) to build spoke-to-spoke connections.

This feature enhances the Adaptive QoS over DMVPN feature, which ensures effective bandwidth management using dynamic shapers based on available bandwidth.

A spoke-to-spoke connection is established when a group identity information, configured on the spokes using the `nhrp attribute group` command, is exchanged between the spokes through the NHRP Vendor Private Extension (VPE). The NHRP Vendor Private Extensions, encapsulated in NHRP control packets—NHRP resolution request and reply packets.
Assume a network with two spokes—Spoke A and Spoke B, connected to hub. If Spoke A is configured with the `nhrp attribute group` command and traffic exists between the Spoke A and Spoke B, a resolution request from the Spoke A carries the group identity information as part of Vendor Private Extension (VPE). On receiving the resolution request, Spoke B extracts the VPE header and checks the extension types received as part of the resolution request packet. If the VPE extension has group type, the NHRP VPE parser extracts the group information and checks if a matching map is present. If a matching map is present, QoS applies the policy on the target interface.

**How to Configure Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN**

To configure the Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature, you define a Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) group on the spokes and then map the NHRP group to a quality of service (QoS) policy on the hub.

### Configuring an NHRP Group on a Spoke

**SUMMARY STEPS**

1. enable
2. configure terminal
3. interface tunnel `number`
4. Enter one of the following
   - `ip nhrp group group-name`
   - `nhrp group group-name`
5. `end`

**DETAILED STEPS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Command or Action</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Step 1</td>
<td>enable</td>
<td>Enables privileged EXEC mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example:</td>
<td>Device&gt; enable</td>
<td>• Enter your password if prompted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 2</td>
<td>configure terminal</td>
<td>Enters global configuration mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example:</td>
<td>Device# configure terminal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 3</td>
<td>interface tunnel <code>number</code></td>
<td>Configures a tunnel interface and enters interface configuration mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example:</td>
<td>Device(config)# interface tunnel 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 4</td>
<td>Enter one of the following</td>
<td>Configures a Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) group on the spoke.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• <code>ip nhrp group group-name</code></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• <code>nhrp group group-name</code></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Example:</td>
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<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Configuring an NHRP Group Attribute on a Spoke

SUMMARY STEPS

1. enable
2. configure terminal
3. interface tunnel number
4. nhrp attribute group group-name
5. nhrp map group group-name service-policy output qos-policy-map-name
6. end

DETAILED STEPS

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</tr>
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<td>Enters global configuration mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example: Device# configure terminal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 3</strong> interface tunnel number</td>
<td>Configures a tunnel interface and enters interface configuration mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example: Device(config)# interface tunnel 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 4</strong> nhrp attribute group group-name</td>
<td>Configures the QoS group identity information on the spoke.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example: Device(config-if)# nhrp attribute group spoke1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 5</strong> nhrp map group group-name service-policy output qos-policy-map-name</td>
<td>Adds the Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) group to the quality of service (QoS) policy mapping.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example: Device(config-if)# nhrp map group spoke_group1 service-policy output group1_parent</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Mapping an NHRP Group to a QoS Policy on the Hub

**SUMMARY STEPS**

1. `enable`
2. `configure terminal`
3. `interface tunnel number`
4. Do one of the following:
   - `ip nhrp map group group-name service-policy output qos-policy-map-name`
   - `nhrp map group group-name service-policy output qos-policy-map-name`
5. `end`

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<td>Example:</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Device# configure terminal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 3</td>
<td>interface tunnel number</td>
<td>Configures a tunnel interface and enters interface configuration mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Example:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Device(config)# interface tunnel 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 4</td>
<td>Do one of the following:</td>
<td>Adds the Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) group to the quality of service (QoS) policy mapping on the hub.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- <code>ip nhrp map group group-name service-policy output qos-policy-map-name</code></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- <code>nhrp map group group-name service-policy output qos-policy-map-name</code></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Example:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Device(config-if)# ip nhrp map group spoke_group1 service-policy output group1_parent</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Example:</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Verifying Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

SUMMARY STEPS

1. enable
2. show dmvpn detail
3. show ip nhrp
4. show ip nhrp group [group-name]
5. Do one of the following:
   - show ip nhrp group-map [group-name]
   - show nhrp group-map [group-name]
6. show policy-map multipoint [tunnel tunnel-interface-number]
7. show tunnel endpoints

DETAILED STEPS

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<tr>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Device&gt; enable</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 2</td>
<td>show dmvpn detail</td>
<td>Displays detailed Dynamic Multipoint VPN (DMVPN) information for each session, including the Next Hop Server (NHS) and NHS status, crypto session information, and socket details.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Example:</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Device# show dmvpn detail</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 3</td>
<td>show ip nhrp</td>
<td>Displays the NHRP cache and the NHRP group received from the spoke.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Example:</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Device# show ip nhrp</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 4</td>
<td>show ip nhrp group [group-name]</td>
<td>Displays NHRP group mapping.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Example:</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
## Command or Action

<table>
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</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Device# show ip nhrp group</td>
<td>• The output includes the associated QoS policy name and the list of tunnel endpoints using the QoS policy.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Step 5

Do one of the following:
- show ip nhrp group-map [group-name]
- show nhrp group-map [group-name]

**Example:**
Device# show ip nhrp group-map group1-parent

**Example:**
Device# show nhrp group-map group1-parent

### Step 6

**show policy-map multipoint [tunnel tunnel-interface-number]**

**Example:**
Device# show policy-map multipoint tunnel 1

Displays QoS policy details applied to multipoint tunnels.

### Step 7

**show tunnel endpoints**

**Example:**
Device# show tunnel endpoints

Displays information about the source and destination endpoints for multipoint tunnels and the QoS policy applied on the spoke tunnel.

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### Configuration Examples for Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

#### Example: Configuring an NHRP Group on a Spike

The following example shows how to configure two Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) groups on three spokes:

**Configuring the First Spoke**

```plaintext
interface tunnel 1
  ip address 209.165.200.225 255.255.255.224
  no ip redirects
  ip mtu 1400
  ip nhrp authentication testing
  ip nhrp group spoke_group1
  ip nhrp map 209.165.200.226 203.0.113.1
  ip nhrp map multicast 203.0.113.1
  ip nhrp network-id 172176366
  ip nhrp holdtime 300
  ip tcp adjust-mss 1360
  ip nhrp nhs 209.165.200.226
  tunnel source fastethernet 2/1/1
  tunnel mode gre multipoint
  tunnel protection ipsec profile DMVPN
```
interface fastethernet 2/1/1
  ip address 203.0.113.2 255.255.255.0

Configuring the Second Spoke

interface tunnel 1
  ip address 209.165.200.227 255.255.255.224
  no ip redirects
  ip mtu 1400
  ip nhrp authentication testing
  ip nhrp group spoke_group1
  ip nhrp map 209.165.200.226 203.0.113.1
  ip nhrp map multicast 203.0.113.1
  ip nhrp network-id 172176366
  ip nhrp holdtime 300
  ip tcp adjust-mss 1360
  ip nhrp nhs 209.165.200.226
  tunnel source fastethernet 2/1/1
  tunnel mode gre multipoint
  tunnel protection ipsec profile DMVPN
interface fastethernet 2/1/1
  ip address 203.0.113.3 255.255.255.0

Configuring the Third Spoke

interface tunnel 1
  ip address 209.165.200.228 255.255.255.224
  no ip redirects
  ip mtu 1400
  ip nhrp authentication testing
  ip nhrp group spoke_group2
  ip nhrp map 209.165.200.226 203.0.113.1
  ip nhrp map multicast 203.0.113.1
  ip nhrp network-id 172176366
  ip nhrp holdtime 300
  ip tcp adjust-mss 1360
  ip nhrp nhs 209.165.200.226
  tunnel source fastethernet 2/1/1
  tunnel mode gre multipoint
  tunnel protection ipsec profile DMVPN
interface fastethernet 2/1/1
  ip address 203.0.113.4 255.255.255.0

Example: Configuring an NHRP Group Attribute on a Spoke

The following example shows how to configure two Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) groups attributes on two spokes:

Configuring the First Spoke

class-map match-any class2
  match ip precedence 5
end
!
policy-map p2
  class class2
  priority percent 60
end
<table>
<thead>
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<td>Example: Mapping an NHRP Group to a QoS Policy on the Hub</td>
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</table>

Example: Mapping an NHRP Group to a QoS Policy on the Hub

The following example shows how to map Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) groups to a quality of service (QoS) policy on the hub. The example shows a hierarchical QoS policy (parent: group1_parent/group2_parent; child: group1/group2) that will be used for configuring Per-tunnel QoS for Dynamic MultipointVPN (DMVPN) feature. The example also shows how to map the NHRP group spoke_group1 to the QoS policy group1_parent and map the NHRP group spoke_group2 to the QoS policy group2_parent on the hub:
Example: Verifying Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

The following example shows how to display the information about Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) groups received from the spokes and display the quality of service (QoS) policy that is applied to each spoke tunnel. You can enter this command on the hub.

Device# show dmvpn detail

Legend: Attrb --> S - Static, D - Dynamic, I - Incomplete
N = NATed, L = Local, X = No Socket
# Ent --> Number of NHRP entries with same NBMA peer
NHS Status: E --> Expecting Replies, R --> Responding
UpDn Time --> Up or Down Time for a Tunnel

Interface Tunnel1 is up/up, Addr. is 209.165.200.225, VRF ""
Tunnel Src./Dest. addr: 209.165.200.226/MGRE, Tunnel VRF ""
Protocol/Transport: "multi-GRE/IP", Protect "DMVPN"
Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

Example: Verifying Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

The following example shows how to display information about the NHRP groups that are received from the spokes. You can enter this command on the hub.

```
Device# show ip nhrp
192.0.2.240/32 via 192.0.2.240
  Tunnel1 created 00:22:49, expire 00:01:40
  Type: dynamic, Flags: registered
  NBMA address: 209.165.200.227
  Group: spoke_group1
192.0.2.241/32 via 192.0.2.241
  Tunnel1 created 00:22:48, expire 00:01:41
  Type: dynamic, Flags: registered
  NBMA address: 209.165.200.228
  Group: spoke_group1
192.0.2.242/32 via 192.0.2.242
  Tunnel1 created 00:22:52, expire 00:03:27
  Type: dynamic, Flags: registered
  NBMA address: 209.165.200.229
  Group: spoke_group2
```

Pending DMVPN Sessions:

The following example shows how to display information about the NHRP groups that are received from the spokes. You can enter this command on the hub.

```
Device# show ip nhrp
192.0.2.240/32 via 192.0.2.240
  Tunnel1 created 00:22:49, expire 00:01:40
  Type: dynamic, Flags: registered
  NBMA address: 209.165.200.227
  Group: spoke_group1
192.0.2.241/32 via 192.0.2.241
  Tunnel1 created 00:22:48, expire 00:01:41
  Type: dynamic, Flags: registered
  NBMA address: 209.165.200.228
  Group: spoke_group1
192.0.2.242/32 via 192.0.2.242
  Tunnel1 created 00:22:52, expire 00:03:27
  Type: dynamic, Flags: registered
  NBMA address: 209.165.200.229
  Group: spoke_group2
```
The following example shows how to display the details of NHRP group mappings on a hub and the list of tunnels using each of the NHRP groups defined in the mappings. You can enter this command on the hub.

Device# show ip nhrp group-map

Interface: tunnel1
  NHRP group: spoke_group1
  QoS policy: group1_parent
  Tunnels using the QoS policy:
  Tunnel destination overlay/transport address
  198.51.100.220/203.0.113.240
  198.51.100.221/203.0.113.241
  NHRP group: spoke_group2
  QoS policy: group2_parent
  Tunnels using the QoS policy:
  Tunnel destination overlay/transport address
  198.51.100.222/203.0.113.242

The following example shows how to display statistics about a specific QoS policy as it is applied to a tunnel endpoint. You can enter this command on the hub.

Device# show policy-map multipoint

Interface tunnel1 <--> 203.0.113.252
  Service-policy output: group1_parent
  Class-map: class-default (match-any)
    29 packets, 4988 bytes
    5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
    Match: any
    Queueing
    queue limit 750 packets
    (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
    (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
    shape (average) cir 3000000, bc 12000, be 12000
    target shape rate 3000000
    Service-policy : group1
    queue stats for all priority classes:
      queue limit 250 packets
      (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
      (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
      class-map: group1_voice (match-all)
        0 packets, 0 bytes
        5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
        Match: access-group 100
        Priority: 1000 kbps, burst bytes 25000, b/w exceed drops: 0
      class-map: group1_Routing (match-all)
        0 packets, 0 bytes
        5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
        Match: ip precedence 6
        Queueing
        queue limit 150 packets
        (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
        (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
        bandwidth 20% (600 kbps)
      class-map: class-default (match-any)
        29 packets, 4988 bytes
        5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
        Match: any
        queue limit 350 packets
        (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
        (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
  Interface tunnel1 <--> 203.0.113.253
Service-policy output: group1_parent
Class-map: class-default (match-any)
  29 packets, 4988 bytes
  5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
  Match: any
Queueing
  queue limit 750 packets
  (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
  (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
  shape (average) cir 3000000, bc 12000, be 12000
  target shape rate 3000000
Service-policy: group1
  queue stats for all priority classes:
    queue limit 250 packets
    (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
    (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
Class-map: group1_voice (match-all)
  0 packets, 0 bytes
  5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
  Match: access-group 100
  Priority: 1000 kbps, burst bytes 25000, b/w exceed drops: 0
Class-map: group1_Routing (match-all)
  0 packets, 0 bytes
  5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
  Match: ip precedence 6
Queueing
  queue limit 150 packets
  (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
  (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
  bandwidth 20% (600 kbps)
Class-map: class-default (match-any)
  29 packets, 4988 bytes
  5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
  Match: any
  queue limit 350 packets
  (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
  (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
Interface tunnel1 <--> 203.0.113.254
Service-policy output: group2_parent
Class-map: class-default (match-any)
  14 packets, 2408 bytes
  5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
  Match: any
Queueing
  queue limit 500 packets
  (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
  (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
  shape (average) cir 2000000, bc 8000, be 8000
  target shape rate 2000000
Service-policy: group2
  queue stats for all priority classes:
    queue limit 100 packets
    (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
    (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
Class-map: group2_voice (match-all)
  0 packets, 0 bytes
  5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
  Match: access-group 100
  Priority: 20% (400 kbps), burst bytes 10000, b/w exceed drops: 0
Class-map: group2_Routing (match-all)
  0 packets, 0 bytes
  5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
  Match: ip precedence 6
Queueing
queue limit 50 packets
(queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
(pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
bandwidth 10% (200 kbps)
class-map: class-default (match-any)
14 packets, 2408 bytes
5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
Match: any
queue limit 350 packets
(queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
(pkts output/bytes output) 0/0

### Additional References for Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

#### Related Documents

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#### Technical Assistance

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Feature Information for Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Table 1: Feature Information for Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Feature Name</th>
<th>Releases</th>
<th>Feature Information</th>
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<tr>
<td>Per-Tunnel QoS</td>
<td>Cisco IOS XE Release 3.11S</td>
<td>The Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature introduces per-tunnel QoS support for DMVPN and increases per-tunnel QoS performance for IPsec tunnel interfaces. In Cisco IOS XE Release 3.11S, this feature was enhanced to provide support for IPv6 addresses. The following commands were introduced or modified: <code>ip nhrp group</code>, <code>ip nhrp map</code>, <code>ip nhrp map group</code>, <code>nhrp group</code>, <code>nhrp map group</code>, <code>show dmvpn</code>, <code>show ip nhrp</code>, <code>show ip nhrp group-map</code>, <code>show nhrp group-map</code>, <code>show policy-map multipoint tunnel</code>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QoS: Spoke to Spoke Per-tunnel QoS for DMVPN</td>
<td>Cisco IOS XE Release 3.15S</td>
<td>The QoS: Spoke to Spoke per tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature enables a DMVPN client to establish a direct crypto tunnel with another DMVPN client leveraging the per-tunnel QoS policy, using Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) to build spoke-to-spoke connections. The following commands were introduced or modified: <code>nhrp attribute group</code>, <code>show dmvpn</code>, <code>show ip nhrp</code>, <code>show ip nhrp group</code>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QoS: DMVPN Per-tunnel QoS over Aggregate GEC</td>
<td>Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.4.1</td>
<td>The QoS: DMVPN Per-tunnel QoS over Aggregate GEC feature is supported on port-channel interface.</td>
</tr>
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