



QoS: Features for Voice Overview Configuration Guide, Cisco IOS Release 15.0M

Americas Headquarters

Cisco Systems, Inc. 170 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134-1706 USA http://www.cisco.com

Tel: 408 526-4000 800 553-NETS (6387) Fax: 408 527-0883 THE SPECIFICATIONS AND INFORMATION REGARDING THE PRODUCTS IN THIS MANUAL ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. ALL STATEMENTS, INFORMATION, AND RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS MANUAL ARE BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE BUT ARE PRESENTED WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED. USERS MUST TAKE FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THEIR APPLICATION OF ANY PRODUCTS.

THE SOFTWARE LICENSE AND LIMITED WARRANTY FOR THE ACCOMPANYING PRODUCT ARE SET FORTH IN THE INFORMATION PACKET THAT SHIPPED WITH THE PRODUCT AND ARE INCORPORATED HEREIN BY THIS REFERENCE. IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO LOCATE THE SOFTWARE LICENSE OR LIMITED WARRANTY, CONTACT YOUR CISCO REPRESENTATIVE FOR A COPY.

The Cisco implementation of TCP header compression is an adaptation of a program developed by the University of California, Berkeley (UCB) as part of UCB's public domain version of the UNIX operating system. All rights reserved. Copyright © 1981, Regents of the University of California.

NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER WARRANTY HEREIN, ALL DOCUMENT FILES AND SOFTWARE OF THESE SUPPLIERS ARE PROVIDED "AS IS" WITH ALL FAULTS. CISCO AND THE ABOVE-NAMED SUPPLIERS DISCLAIM ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, THOSE OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT OR ARISING FROM A COURSE OF DEALING, USAGE, OR TRADE PRACTICE

IN NO EVENT SHALL CISCO OR ITS SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, LOST PROFITS OR LOSS OR DAMAGE TO DATA ARISING OUT OF THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THIS MANUAL, EVEN IF CISCO OR ITS SUPPLIERS HAVE BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

Cisco and the Cisco logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Cisco and/or its affiliates in the U.S. and other countries. To view a list of Cisco trademarks, go to this URL: www.cisco.com/go/trademarks. Third-party trademarks mentioned are the property of their respective owners. The use of the word partner does not imply a partnership relationship between Cisco and any other company. (1110R)

Any Internet Protocol (IP) addresses and phone numbers used in this document are not intended to be actual addresses and phone numbers. Any examples, command display output, network topology diagrams, and other figures included in the document are shown for illustrative purposes only. Any use of actual IP addresses or phone numbers in illustrative content is unintentional and coincidental

© 2011 Cisco Systems, Inc. All rights reserved.



CONTENTS

Introduction to QoS Features for Voice 1

Information About QoS Features for Voice 1

Characteristics of Voice Applications 1

QoS and Voice Feature Sets 1

Where to Go Next 2

Additional References 2

Contents



Introduction to QoS Features for Voice

This module provides a high-level introduction to the Cisco IOS quality of service (QoS) features related to handling voice traffic.

- Information About QoS Features for Voice, page 1
- Where to Go Next, page 2
- Additional References, page 2

Information About QoS Features for Voice

This section contains the following concepts related to QoS features for voice:

- Characteristics of Voice Applications, page 1
- QoS and Voice Feature Sets, page 1

Characteristics of Voice Applications

Real-time applications such as voice applications have different characteristics and requirements from those of traditional data applications. Because they are real-time-based, voice applications tolerate minimal variation in the amount of delay affecting delivery of their voice packets. Voice traffic is also intolerant of packet loss and jitter, both of which degrade unacceptably the quality of the voice transmission delivered to the recipient end user. To effectively transport voice traffic over IP, mechanisms are required that ensure reliable delivery of voice packets. Cisco IOS QoS features collectively embody these techniques, offering the means to provide priority service that meets the stringent requirements of voice packet delivery.

QoS and Voice Feature Sets

Cisco IOS software includes a rich set of features that enable you to deploy mechanisms that deliver QoS throughout your network.

Cisco IOS QoS for voice features are best deployed at different points in the network and are designed to be used in conjunction with other QoS features to achieve specific goals such as control over jitter and delay. Not all QoS for voice features are supported on all platforms.

The following are a few of the Cisco IOS features that address the requirements of end-to-end QoS and service differentiation for voice packet delivery:

• Frame Relay Traffic Shaping (FRTS)--Delays excess traffic using a buffer, or queueing mechanism, to hold packets and shape the flow when the data rate of the source is higher than expected.

- FRF.20 (and Higher)--Ensures predictability for voice traffic, aiming to provide better throughput on low-speed Frame Relay links by interleaving delay-sensitive voice traffic on one virtual circuit (VC) with fragments of a long frame on another VC utilizing the same interface.
- IP RTP Priority and Frame Relay IP RTP Priority--Provides a strict priority queueing scheme that
 allows delay-sensitive data such as voice to be dequeued and sent before packets in other queues are
 dequeued. These features are especially useful on slow-speed WAN links, including Frame Relay,
 Multilink PPP (MLP), and T1 ATM links. It works with weighted fair queueing (WFQ) and ClassBased WFQ (CBWFQ).
- IP to ATM Class of Service (CoS)--Includes a feature suite that maps QoS characteristics between IP
 and ATM. Offers differential service classes across the entire WAN, not just the routed portion. Gives
 mission-critical applications exceptional service during periods of high network usage and congestion.
- Low Latency Queueing (LLQ)--Provides strict priority queueing on ATM VCs and serial interfaces. This feature allows you to configure the priority status for a class within CBWFQ and is not limited to User Datagram Protocol (UDP) port numbers, as is IP RTP Priority.
- Multilink PPP (MLP)--Allows large packets to be multilink-encapsulated and fragmented so that they
 are small enough to satisfy the delay requirements of real-time traffic. MLP also provides a special
 transmit queue for the smaller, delay-sensitive packets, enabling them to be sent earlier than other
 flows.

Where to Go Next

Decide which of the QoS feature for voice you want to use in your network and see the corresponding module. For more details, see the Where to Go Next, page 2 section below.

Additional References

The following sections provide references related to QoS features for voice traffic.

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
FRTS	"MQC-Based Frame Relay Traffic Shaping" module
FRF.20 support	"FRF.20 Support" module
IP RTP Priority and Frame Relay IP RTP Priority	"Configuring Weighted Fair Queueing" module
IP to ATM CoS	"Configuring IP to ATM Class of Service" module
LLQ	"Configuring Weighted Fair Queueing" module

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html

Cisco and the Cisco Logo are trademarks of Cisco Systems, Inc. and/or its affiliates in the U.S. and other countries. A listing of Cisco's trademarks can be found at www.cisco.com/go/trademarks. Third party trademarks mentioned are the property of their respective owners. The use of the word partner does not imply a partnership relationship between Cisco and any other company. (1005R)

Cisco and the Cisco logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Cisco and/or its affiliates in the U.S. and other countries. To view a list of Cisco trademarks, go to this URL: www.cisco.com/go/trademarks. Third-party trademarks mentioned are the property of their respective owners. The use of the word partner does not imply a partnership relationship between Cisco and any other company. (1110R)

Any Internet Protocol (IP) addresses and phone numbers used in this document are not intended to be actual addresses and phone numbers. Any examples, command display output, network topology diagrams, and other figures included in the document are shown for illustrative purposes only. Any use of actual IP addresses or phone numbers in illustrative content is unintentional and coincidental.