

## **EEM Python Module**

Embedded Event Manager (EEM) policies support Python scripts. Python scripts can be executed as part of EEM actions in EEM applets.

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# **Prerequisites for the EEM Python Module**

Guest Shell must be working within the container. Guest Shell is not enabled by default. For more information see the *Guest Shell* feature.

## **Information About EEM Python Module**

### **Python Scripting in EEM**

Embedded Event Manager (EEM) policies support Python scripts. You can register Python scripts as EEM policies, and execute the registered Python scripts when a corresponding event occurs. The EEM Python script has the same event specification syntax as the EEM TCL policy.

Configured EEM policies run within the Guest Shell. Guest Shell is a virtualized Linux-based environment, designed to run custom Linux applications, including Python for automated control and management of Cisco devices. The Guest Shell container provides a Python interpreter.

### **EEM Python Package**

The EEM Python package can be imported to Python scripts for running EEM-specific extensions.



Note

The EEM Python package is available only within the EEM Python script (The package can be registered with EEM, and has the EEM event specification in the first line of the script.) and not in the standard Python script (which is run using the Python script name).

The Python package includes the following application programming interfaces (APIs):

- Action APIs—Perform EEM actions and have default parameters.
- CLI-execution APIs—Run IOS commands, and return the output. The following are the list of CLI-execution APIs:
  - eem cli open()
  - eem\_cli\_exec()
  - eem\_cli\_read()
  - eem\_cli\_read\_line()
  - eem\_cli\_run()
  - eem cli run interactive()
  - eem\_cli\_read\_pattern()
  - eem\_cli\_write()
  - eem\_cli\_close()
- Environment variables-accessing APIs—Get the list of built-in or user-defined variables. The following are the environment variables-accessing APIs:
  - eem\_event\_reqinfo ()-Returns the built-in variables list.
  - eem\_user\_variables()-Returns the current value of an argument.

## **Python-Supported EEM Actions**

The Python package (is available only within the EEM script, and not available for the standard Python script) supports the following EEM actions:

- Syslog message printing
- · Send SNMP traps
- · Reload the box
- Switchover to the standby device
- Run a policy
- · Track Object read
- · Track Object Set
- Cisco Networking Services event generation

The EEM Python package exposes the interfaces for executing EEM actions. You can use the Python script to call these actions, and they are forwarded from the Python package via Cisco Plug N Play (PnP) to the action handler.

### **EEM Variables**

An EEM policy can have the following types of variables:

- Event-specific built-in variables—A set of predefinied variables that are populated with details about the event that triggered the policy. The eem\_event\_reqinfo () API returns the builtin variables list. These variables can be stored in the local machine and used as local variables. Changes to local variables do not reflect in builtin variables.
- User-defined variables—Variables that can be defined and used in policies. The value of these variables can be referred in the Python script. While executing the script, ensure that the latest value of the variable is available. The eem\_user\_variables() API returns the current value of the argument that is provided in the API.

### **EEM CLI Library Command Extensions**

The following CLI library commands are available within EEM for the Python script to work:

- eem\_cli\_close()—Closes the EXEC process and releases the VTY and the specified channel handler connected to the command.
- eem\_cli\_exec—Writes the command to the specified channel handler to execute the command. Then reads the output of the command from the channel and returns the output.
- eem\_cli\_open—Allocates a VTY, creates an EXEC CLI session, and connects the VTY to a channel handler. Returns an array including the channel handler.
- eem\_cli\_read()—Reads the command output from the specified CLI channel handler until the pattern of the device prompt occurs in the contents read. Returns all the contents read up to the match.
- eem\_cli\_read\_line()—Reads one line of the command output from the specified CLI channel handler. Returns the line read.
- eem\_cli\_read\_pattern()—Reads the command output from the specified CLI channel handler until the pattern that is to be matched occurs in the contents read. Returns all the contents read up to the match.
- eem\_cli\_run()—Iterates over the items in the *clist* and assumes that each one is a command to be executed in the enable mode. On success, returns the output of all executed commands and on failure, returns error.
- eem\_cli\_run\_interactive()—Provides a sublist to the *clist* which has three items. On success, returns the output of all executed commands and on failure, returns the error. Also uses arrays when possible as a way of making things easier to read later by keeping expect and reply separated.
- eem\_cli\_write()—Writes the command that is to be executed to the specified CLI channel handler. The CLI channel handler executes the command.

# **How to Configure the EEM Python Policy**

For the Python script to work, you must enable the Guest Shell. For more information, see the *Guest Shell* chapter.

## **Registering a Python Policy**

### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. event manager directory user policy path
- 4. event manager policy policy-filename
- 5. exit
- 6. show event manager policy registered
- 7. show event manager history events

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	event manager directory user policy path  Example:	Specifies a directory to use for storing user library files or user-defined EEM policies.
	Device(config)# event manager directory user policy flash:/user_library	You must have a policy in the specified path.  For example, in this step, the eem_script.py policy is available in the flash:/user_library folder or path.
Step 4	event manager policy policy-filename	Registers a policy with EEM.
	Example:  Device(config) # event manager policy eem_script.py	• The policy is parsed based on the file extension. If the file extension is .py, the policy is registered as Python policy.
		• EEM schedules and runs policies on the basis of an event specification that is contained within the policy itself. When the <b>event manager policy</b> command is invoked, EEM examines the policy and registers it to be run when the specified event occurs.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 5	exit	Exits global configuration mode and returns to privileged
	Example:	EXEC mode.
Device(config)# exit		
Step 6	show event manager policy registered	Displays the registered EEM policies.
	Example:	
	Device# show event manager policy registered	
Step 7	show event manager history events	Displays EEM events that have been triggered.
	Example:	
	Device# show event manager history events	

### **Example**

The following is sample output from the **show event manager policy registered** command:

Device# show event manager policy registered

```
No. Class
              Type
                    Event Type
                                        Trap Time Registered
                                        Off Tue Aug 2 22:12:15 2016 multi 1.py
    script
             user
                     multiple
1: syslog: pattern {COUNTER}
2: none: policyname {multi 1.py} sync {yes}
trigger delay 10.000
 correlate event 1 or event 2
 attribute tag 1 occurs 1
nice 0 queue-priority normal maxrun 100.000 scheduler rp primary Secu none
                                       Off Tue Aug 2 22:12:20 2016 multi_2.py
                   multiple
   script user
1: syslog: pattern {COUNTER}
 2: none: policyname {multi 2.py} sync {yes}
triager
 correlate event 1 or event 2
nice 0 queue-priority normal maxrun 100.000 scheduler rp primary Secu none
                                        Off Tue Aug 2 22:13:31 2016 multi.tcl
  script user
                   multiple
1: syslog: pattern {COUNTER}
2: none: policyname {multi.tcl} sync {yes}
triaaer
 correlate event 1 or event 2
 attribute tag 1 occurs 1
nice 0 queue-priority normal maxrun 100.000 scheduler rp primary Secu none
```

## **Running Python Scripts as Part of EEM Applet Actions**

### Python Script: eem\_script.py

An EEM applet can include a Python script with an action command. In this example, an user is trying to run a standard Python script as part of the EEM action, however; EEM Python package is

not available in the standard Python script. The standard Python script in IOS has a package named from cli import cli, clip and this package can be used to execute IOS commands.

```
import sys
from cli import cli,clip,execute,executep,configure,configurep

intf= sys.argv[1:]
intf = ''.join(intf[0])

print ('This script is going to unshut interface %s and then print show ip interface brief'%intf)

if intf == 'loopback55':
   configurep(["interface loopback55","no shutdown","end"])
   else :
   cmd='int %s,no shut ,end' % intf
   configurep(cmd.split(','))

executep('show ip interface brief')
```

This following is sample output from the **guestshell run python** command.

#### Device# guestshell run python /flash/eem\_script.py loop55

```
This script is going to unshut interface loop55 and then print show ip interface brief
Line 1 SUCCESS: int loop55
Line 2 SUCCESS: no shut
Line 3 SUCCESS: end
Interface IP-Address OK? Method Status Protocol
Vlan1 unassigned YES NVRAM administratively down down
GigabitEthernet0/0 5.30.15.37 YES NVRAM up up
GigabitEthernet1/0/1 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/2 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/3 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/4 unassigned YES unset up up
GigabitEthernet1/0/5 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/6 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/7 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/8 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/9 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/10 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/11 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/12 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/13 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/14 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/15 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/16 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/17 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/18 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/19 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/20 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/21 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/22 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/0/23 unassigned YES unset up up
GigabitEthernet1/0/24 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/1/1 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/1/2 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/1/3 unassigned YES unset down down
GigabitEthernet1/1/4 unassigned YES unset down down
Tel/1/1 unassigned YES unset down down
Te1/1/2 unassigned YES unset down down
Te1/1/3 unassigned YES unset down down
```

```
Te1/1/4 unassigned YES unset down down
Loopback55 10.55.55.55 YES manual up up

Device#
Jun 7 12:51:20.549: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback55, changed state to up
Jun 7 12:51:20.549: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Loopback55, changed state to up
```

The following is a sample script for printing messages to the syslog. This script must be stored in a file, copied to the file system on the device, and registered using the event manager policy file.

```
::cisco::eem::event_register_syslog tag "1" pattern COUNTER maxrun 200
import eem
import time
eem.action_syslog("SAMPLE SYSLOG MESSAGE","6","TEST")
```

The following is sample script to print EEM environment variables. This script must be stored in a file, copied to the file system on the device, and registered using the event manager policy file.

## Adding a Python Script in an EEM Applet

### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. event manager applet applet-name
- 4. event [tag event-tag] syslog pattern regular-expression
- 5. action label cli command cli-string
- **6.** action label cli command cli-string [ pattern pattern-string ]
- **7.** end
- 8. show event manager policy active
- 9. show event manager history events

### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted.	
	Device> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device# configure terminal		
Step 3	event manager applet applet-name	Registers an applet with the Embedded Event Manager	
	Example:	(EEM) and enters applet configuration mode.	
	Device(config)# event manager applet interface_Shutdown		
Step 4	event [tag event-tag] syslog pattern regular-expression	Specifies a regular expression to perform the syslog message	
	Example:	pattern match.	
	Device(config-applet)# event syslog pattern		
	"Interface Loopback55, changed state to administratively down"		
Step 5	action label cli command cli-string	Specifies the IOS command to be executed when an EEM	
	Example:	applet is triggered.	
	Device(config-applet)# action 0.0 cli command "en"		
Step 6	action label cli command cli-string [ pattern pattern-string ]	Specifies the action to be specified with the <b>pattern</b> keyword.	
	Example:	Specify a regular expression pattern string that will	
	Device(config-applet)# action 1.0 cli command "guestshell run python3 /bootflash/eem_script.py loop55"	match the next solicited prompt.	
Step 7	end	Exits applet configuration mode and returns to privileged	
	Example:	EXEC mode.	
	Device(config-applet)# end		
Step 8	show event manager policy active	Displays EEM policies that are executing.	
	Example:		
	Device# show event manager policy active		
Step 9	show event manager history events	Displays the EEM events that have been triggered.	
	Example:		
	Device# show event manager history events		

#### What to do next

The following example shows how to trigger the Python script configured in the task:

```
Device(config)# interface loopback 55
Device (config-if) # shutdown
Device(config-if) # end
Device#
Mar 13 10:53:22.358 EDT: %SYS-5-CONFIG I: Configured from console by console
Mar 13 10:53:24.156 EDT: %LINK-5-CHANGED: Line protocol on Interface Loopback55, changed
state to down
Mar 13 10:53:27.319 EDT: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Loopback55, changed state to
{\tt administratively\ down}
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Mar 13 10:53:35.38 EDT: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback55, changed
 state to up
*Mar 13 10:53:35.39 EDT %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Loopback55, changed state to up
+++ 10:54:33 edi37(default) exec +++
show ip interface br
GigabitEthernet0/0/0 unassigned YES unset down GigabitEthernet0/0/1 unassigned YES unset down GigabitEthernet0/0/2 10.1.1.31
                                                                                   down
                                                                                   down
                                                                                   up
GigabitEthernet0/0/3 unassigned YES unset down
                                                                                    down
GigabitEthernet0 192.0.2.1
Loopback55 198.51.100.1
                                            YES manual up
YES manual up
                                                                                   uρ
                                                                                   uр
                        172.16.0.1 YES manual up
192.168.0.1 YES manual up
203.0.113.1 YES manual up
Loopback66
                                                                                   up
Loopback77
Loopback88
                                                                                   up
```

# **Additional References EEM Python Module**

### **Related Documents**

Related Topic	Document Title
EEM configuration	Embedded Event Manager Configuration Guide
EEM commands	Embedded Event Manager Command Reference
Guest Shell configuration	Guest Shell

#### **Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
The Cisco Support website provides extensive online resources, including documentation and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies.	http://www.cisco.com/support
To receive security and technical information about your products, you can subscribe to various services, such as the Product Alert Tool (accessed from Field Notices), the Cisco Technical Services Newsletter, and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) Feeds.	
Access to most tools on the Cisco Support website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	

# **Feature Information for EEM Python Module**

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <a href="https://www.cisco.com/go/cfn">www.cisco.com/go/cfn</a>. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Table 1: Feature Information for EEM Python Module

Feature Name	Release	Feature Information
EEM Python Module	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.5.1a	This feature supports Python scripts as EEM policies.
	Cisco IOS XE Everest	No new commands were introduced.
	16.5.1b	In Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.5.1a, this feature was implemented on the following platforms:
		Cisco Catalyst 3650 Series Switches
		Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switches
		Cisco Catalyst 9300 Series Switches
		•
		In Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.5.1b, this feature was implemented on the following platforms:
		Cisco ISR 4000 Series Integrated Service Routers
	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.2	In Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.2, this feature was implemented on Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series Switches.
	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.8.1a	In Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.8.1a, this feature was implemented on Cisco Catalyst 9500-High Performance Series Switches

Feature Information for EEM Python Module