

## N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs

The N:1 PVC Mapping to PseudoWire Emulation (PWE) with Nonunique virtual path identifiers (VPIs) feature maps one or more ATM permanent virtual circuits (PVCs) to a single pseudowire (PW). There are two modes of AAL0 encapsulation, N:1 and 1:1 mapping. In N:1 mapping, multiple unrelated virtual path identifier/virtual channel identifier (VPI/VCI) are carried over a single Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) PW. This is an efficient mapping method because less resources are used from the MPLS network. In 1:1 mapping, a single VPI/VCI is carried over a single MPLS PW. Benefits of this feature include the following:

- Aggregate quality of service (QoS) can be applied to related PVCs.
- Bandwidth is conserved with the reduction in the number of pseudowires that are used.
- Finding Feature Information, on page 1
- Restrictions for N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs, on page 1
- Information About N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs, on page 2
- How to Configure N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs, on page 2
- Configuration Examples for N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs, on page 7
- Additional References, on page 8
- Feature Information for N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs, on page 9

## **Finding Feature Information**

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see Bug Search Tool and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <a href="https://www.cisco.com/go/cfn">www.cisco.com/go/cfn</a>. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

## **Restrictions for N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs**

- N:1 permanent virtual circuits (PVC) mapping configuration is supported only on multipoint subinterfaces; it is not supported on main interfaces or point-to-point subinterfaces.
- N:1 PVC mapping mode is not supported on Access Circuit Redundancy subinterfaces.

- Preconfigured PVCs cannot exist on the multipoint subinterface on which you want to configure N:1 PVC mapping.
- An attachment circuit that has been bound to a pseudowire cannot be removed unless all Layer 2 virtual circuits (VCs) have been removed.
- Layer 3 PVCs cannot be configured on N:1 subinterfaces.
- Cell packing values configured under a VC class attached to the PVC, main interface, or subinterface will not be inherited by N:1 PVCs.
- Operation, Administration, and Maintenance (OAM) functionality is not supported on N:1 Layer 2 PVCs.
   OAM cells coming from the customer edge (CE) network will be treated as normal data traffic and will traverse through the pseudowire.
- Only ATM adaptation layer type 0 (AAL0) encapsulation is supported for N:1 PVCs.
- The service policy configuration can be configured only at the subinterface level for N:1 PVCs.

## **Information About N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs**

### N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs Feature Description

To transport ATM cells over Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS), a VC is established between the provider edge (PE) routers on both ends of the MPLS backbone. With the N:1 permanent virtual circuit (PVC) Mapping to PseudoWire Emulation (PWE) with Nonunique VPIs feature, multiple PVCs irrespective of their Virtual Path Identifiers (VPIs), are transported over a single pseudowire configured on a subinterface. ("N:1" refers to the number of PVCs transported over one pseudowire). ATM cells are packed together in a single frame and sent over the single pseudowire. The ATM cell header information is packed together with the cell payload on a per-cell basis in the packets so that packets received at the egress end are unpacked and the ATM cells are mapped to the respective PVCs.

In N:1 PVC mapping mode, the device can pack cells only from a single PVC in an MPLS packet to transmit over a pseudowire; cells from multiple PVCs cannot be packed in a single MPLS packet and mapped to a single pseudowire for transmission. However, if a device receives an MPLS packet that is packed with cells from multiple PVCs, then those cells will be unpacked and sent to the respective PVCs.

## How to Configure N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs

### **Configuring N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs**

**SUMMARY STEPS** 

1. enable

- 2. configure terminal
- **3. interface atm** *slot/subslot/port*
- **4. atm mcpt-timers** *timer1 timer2 timer3*
- 5. exit
- 6. configure terminal
- 7. interface atm slot/subslot/port.subslot multipoint
- 8. no ip address
- 9. atm enable-ilmi-trap
- **10. cell-packing** *maxcells* **mcpt-timer** *timer-number*
- 11. xconnect peer-ipaddress vc-id encapsulation mpls
- 12. pvc vpi/vci l2transport
- **13.** Repeat Step 12 for the number of PVCs that you want to configure.
- **14**. end

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.	
	Device> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device# configure terminal		
Step 3	interface atm slot/subslot/port	Enables the ATM interface and enters interface configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config)# interface atm 9/1/1		
Step 4	atm mcpt-timers timer1 timer2 timer3	Sets the Maximum Cell Packing Timeout (MCPT) values	
	Example:	in microseconds.	
	Device(config-if)# atm mcpt-timers 100 200 300	• The MCPT timer sets the time for which the device waits for the raw cells (AAL0 encapsulation) to be packed into a single packet for punting to the pseudowire.	
Step 5	exit	Exits interface configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-if)# exit		
Step 6	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device# configure terminal		

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 7	<pre>interface atm slot/subslot/port.subslot multipoint Example:    Device(config) # interface atm 9/1/1.1 multipoint</pre>	Enters subinterface configuration mode and creates a multipoint subinterface on the given port on the specified ATM Shared Port Adapter (SPA).
Step 8	<pre>no ip address Example: Device(config-subif) # no ip address</pre>	Removes the interface IP address.
Step 9	<pre>atm enable-ilmi-trap  Example: Device(config-subif) # atm enable-ilmi-trap</pre>	Generates an Integrated Local Management Interface (ILMI) atmfVccChange trap when an ATM interface or subinterface is enabled or shut down.
Step 10	<pre>cell-packing maxcells mcpt-timer timer-number Example:   Device(config-subif) # cell-packing 20 mcpt-timer 2</pre>	Enables ATM over MPLS to pack multiple ATM cells into each MPLS packet within the MCPT timing.
Step 11	<pre>xconnect peer-ipaddress vc-id encapsulation mpls  Example: Device(config-subif) # xconnect 10.1.1.1 100 encapsulation mpls</pre>	(Optional) Enables the attachment circuit and specifies the IP address of the peer, a VC ID, and the data encapsulation method.
Step 12	<pre>pvc vpi/vci l2transport  Example:    Device(config-subif) # pvc 10/100 l2transport</pre>	Assigns a VPI and virtual channel identifier (VCI).
Step 13	Repeat Step 12 for the number of PVCs that you want to configure.	
Step 14	<pre>end Example: Device(config-subif) # end</pre>	Exits subinterface configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

## Configuring N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs using the commands associated with the L2VPN Protocol-Based CLIs feature

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. interface atm slot/subslot/port
- 4. atm mcpt-timers timer1 timer2 timer3
- 5. exit

- 6. configure terminal
- 7. interface atm slot/subslot/portt.subslot multipoint
- 8. no ip address
- 9. atm enable-ilmi-trap
- **10. cell-packing** *maxcells* **mcpt-timer** *timer-number*
- **11**. end
- **12. interface pseudowire** *number*
- 13. encapsulation mpls
- **14. neighbor** *peer-address vcid-value*
- **15.** exit
- **16. l2vpn xconnect context** *context-name*
- **17. member pseudowire** *interface-number*
- **18.** member gigabitethernet interface-number
- **19**. end
- 20. pvc vpi/vci l2transport
- **21.** Repeat Step 12 for the number of PVCs that you want to configure.
- **22**. end

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	interface atm slot/subslot/port	Enables the ATM interface and enters interface
	Example:	configuration mode.
	Device(config)# interface atm 9/1/1	
Step 4	atm mcpt-timers timer1 timer2 timer3	Sets the Maximum Cell Packing Timeout (MCPT) values
	Example:	in microseconds.
	Device(config-if)# atm mcpt-timers 100 200 300	• The MCPT timer sets the time for which the device waits for the raw cells (AAL0 encapsulation) to be packed into a single packet for punting to the pseudowire.
Step 5	exit	Exits interface configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-if)# exit	
		1

Command or Action	Purpose	
configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
Example:		
Device# configure terminal		
interface atm slot/subslot/portt.subslot multipoint	Enters subinterface configuration mode and creates a	
Example:	multipoint subinterface on the given port on the specified ATM Shared Port Adapter (SPA).	
Device(config)# interface atm 9/1/1.1 multipoint	71111 Shared 1 of t Adapter (5174).	
no ip address	Removes the interface IP address.	
Example:		
Device(config-subif)# no ip address		
atm enable-ilmi-trap	Generates an Integrated Local Management Interface	
Example:	(ILMI) atmfVccChange trap when an ATM interface or subinterface is enabled or shut down.	
Device(config-subif)# atm enable-ilmi-trap	submerface is charted of shat down.	
cell-packing maxcells mcpt-timer timer-number	Enables ATM over MPLS to pack multiple ATM cells int	
Example:	each MPLS packet within the MCPT timing.	
Device(config-subif)# cell-packing 20 mcpt-timer 2		
end	Exits to privileged EXEC mode.	
Example:		
Router(config-subif)# end		
interface pseudowire number	Specifies the pseudowire interface and enters interface	
Example:	configuration mode.	
Router(config)# interface pseudowire 100		
encapsulation mpls	Specifies that Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) is	
Example:	used as the data encapsulation method.	
Router(config-if)# encapsulation mpls		
neighbor peer-address vcid-value	Specifies the peer IP address and virtual circuit (VC) ID value of the Layer 2 VPN (L2VPN) pseudowire.	
Example:		
Router(config-if)# neighbor 10.1.1.1 100		
exit	Exits interface configuration mode.	
Example:		
	Example: Device# configure terminal  interface atm slot/subslot/portt.subslot multipoint  Example: Device(config)# interface atm 9/1/1.1 multipoint  no ip address  Example: Device(config-subif)# no ip address  atm enable-ilmi-trap  Example: Device(config-subif)# atm enable-ilmi-trap  cell-packing maxcells mcpt-timer timer-number  Example: Device(config-subif)# cell-packing 20 mcpt-timer 2  end  Example: Router(config-subif)# end  interface pseudowire number  Example: Router(config)# interface pseudowire 100  encapsulation mpls  Example: Router(config-if)# encapsulation mpls  neighbor peer-address vcid-value  Example: Router(config-if)# neighbor 10.1.1.1 100  exit	

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 16	12vpn xconnect context context-name	Creates a Layer 2 VPN (L2VPN) cross connect context and enters xconnect configuration mode.	
	Router(config)# 12vpn xconnect context con1		
Step 17	member pseudowire interface-number  Example:	Specifies a member pseudowire to form a Layer 2 VPN (L2VPN) cross connect.	
	Router(config-xconnect) # member pseudowire 100		
Step 18	member gigabitethernet interface-number  Example:	Specifies the location of the Gigabit Ethernet member interface.	
	Router(config-xconnect) # member GigabitEthernet0/0/0.1		
Step 19	end	Exits to privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:		
	Router(config-xconnect)# end		
Step 20	pvc vpi/vci l2transport	Assigns a VPI and virtual channel identifier (VCI).	
	<pre>Example: Device(config-subif) # pvc 10/100 12transport</pre>		
Step 21	Repeat Step 12 for the number of PVCs that you want to configure.	_	
Step 22	end	Exits subinterface configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-subif)# end		

# Configuration Examples for N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs

### **Example: Configuring N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs**

The following example shows how to configure the N:1 ATM permanent virtual circuit (PVC) mapping to pseudowires with non unique virtual path identifiers (VPIs):

Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# interface atm 9/1/1
Device(config-if)# atm mcpt-timers 500 5000 50000

```
Device(config-if)# exit

Device# configure terminal

Device(config)# interface atm 9/1/1.1 multipoint

Device(config-subif)# no ip address

Device(config-subif)# atm enable-ilmi-trap

Device(config-subif)# cell packing 20 mcpt-timer 2

Device(config-subif)# xconnect 10.1.1.1 100 encapsulation mpls

Device(config-subif)# pvc 10/100 12transport

Device(config-subif)# pvc 11/122 12transport

Device(config-subif)# pvc 19/231 12transport

Device(config-subif)# end
```

## Example: Configuring N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs using the commands associated with the L2VPN Protocol-Based CLIs feature

The following example shows how to configure the N:1 ATM permanent virtual circuit (PVC) mapping to pseudowires with non unique virtual path identifiers (VPIs):

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device (config) # interface atm 9/1/1
Device(config-if) # atm mcpt-timers 500 5000 50000
Device(config-if)# exit
Device(config) # configure terminal
Device (config) # interface atm 9/1/1.1 multipoint
Device (config-subif) # no ip address
Device(config-subif) # atm enable-ilmi-trap
Device(config-subif) # cell packing 20 mcpt-timer 2
Device(config-subif) # exit
Device (config) #interface pseudowire 100
Device (config-if) #encapsulation mpls
Device (config-if) #neighbor 10.1.1.1 100
Device(config-if) # pvc 10/100 12transport
Device(config-if) # pvc 11/122 12transport
Device (config-if) # pvc 19/231 12transport
Device (config-if) # exit
Device (config) #12vpn xconnect context A
Router(config-xconnect) #member pseudowire 100
Device (config-xconnect) #member atm 9/1/1
Device (config-xconnect) # end
```

### **Additional References**

#### **Related Documents**

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Master Command List
ATM commands	Asynchronous Transfer Mode Command Reference

#### **Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	

# Feature Information for N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <a href="https://www.cisco.com/go/cfn">www.cisco.com/go/cfn</a>. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Table 1: Feature Information for N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs	Cisco IOS XE Release 3.7S	The N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs feature maps one or more ATM PVCs to a single pseudowire. In Cisco IOS XE Release 3.7S, support was added for Cisco ASR 903 Routers.  The following command was introduced by this feature: show atm cell-packaging.

Feature Information for N:1 PVC Mapping to PWE with Nonunique VPIs