L2VPN Pseudowire Preferential Forwarding

Last Updated: November 28, 2011

The L2VPN: Pseudowire Preferential Forwarding feature allows you to configure the pseudowires so that you can use ping and show commands to find status information of the pseudowires before, during, and after a switchover.

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Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest feature information and caveats, see the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the Feature Information Table at the end of this document.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Prerequisites for L2VPN--Pseudowire Preferential Forwarding

- Before configuring the L2VPN: Pseudowire Preferential Forwarding feature, you should understand the concepts in the following documents:
  - Preferential Forwarding Status Bit Definition (draft-ietf-pwe3-redundancy-bit-xx.txt)
  - MPLS Pseudowire Status Signaling
Restrictions for L2VPN--Pseudowire Preferential Forwarding

- Only ATM attachment circuits are supported.
- The following features are not supported:
  - Port mode cell relay
  - Any Transport over MPLS: AAL5 over MPLS
  - VC cell packing
  - OAM emulation
  - ILMI/PVC-D
  - Permanent virtual circuit (PVC) Range
  - L2TPv3 Pseudowire Redundancy
  - Local switching
  - Multiple backup pseudowires
  - Static pseudowires

Information About L2VPN--Pseudowire Preferential Forwarding

- Overview of L2VPN--Pseudowire Preferential Forwarding, page 2

Overview of L2VPN--Pseudowire Preferential Forwarding

The L2VPN: Pseudowire Preferential Forwarding feature allows you to configure pseudowires so that you can use ping, traceroute, and show commands to find status information before, during, and after a switchover. The implementation of this feature is based on Preferential Forwarding Status Bit Definition (draft-ietf-pwe3-redundancy-bit-xx.txt). The L2VPN: Pseudowire Preferential Forwarding feature provides these enhancements for displaying information about the pseudowires:

- You can issue `ping mpls` commands on the backup pseudowires.
• You can display status of the pseudowires before, during, and after a switchover, using the `show xconnect` and `show mpls l2transport vc` commands.

**Note**
In a single-segment pseudowire, the PE routers at each end of the pseudowire serve as the termination points. In multisegment pseudowires, the terminating PE routers serve as the termination points.

### How to Configure L2VPN--Pseudowire Preferential Forwarding

**• Configuring the Pseudowire Connection Between PE Routers, page 3**

### Configuring the Pseudowire Connection Between PE Routers

You set up a connection, called a pseudowire, between the routers to transmit Layer 2 frames between PE routers.

As part of the pseudowire configuration, issue the `status redundancy master` command to make it the master. This enables the L2VPN: Pseudowire Preferential Forwarding feature to display the status of the active and backup pseudowires. By default, the PE router is in slave mode.

**Note**
One pseudowire must be the master and the other must be assigned the slave. You cannot configure both pseudowires as master or slave.

**Note**
You must specify the `encapsulation mpls` command as part of the pseudowire class for the AToM VCs to work properly. If you omit the `encapsulation mpls` command, you receive the following error: `%Incomplete command.%`

The PE routers must be configured for the L2VPN Pseudowire Redundancy and NSF/SSO--Any Transport over MPLS and AToM Graceful Restart features. See the following documents for configuration instructions.

• L2VPN Pseudowire Redundancy
• NSF/SSO--Any Transport over MPLS and AToM Graceful Restart

**SUMMARY STEPS**

1. `enable`
2. `configure terminal`
3. `pseudowire-class name`
4. `encapsulation mpls`
5. `status redundancy {master | slave}`
6. `interworking {ethernet | ip}`
# DETAILED STEPS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command or Action</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 1</strong> enable</td>
<td>Enables privileged EXEC mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Enter your password if prompted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Example:</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Router&gt; enable</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Step 2</strong> configure terminal</td>
<td>Enters global configuration mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Example:</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Router# configure terminal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 3</strong> pseudowire-class name</td>
<td>Establishes a pseudowire class with a name that you specify, and enters pseudowire class configuration mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Example:</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Router(config)# pseudowire-class atom</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Step 4</strong> encapsulation mpls</td>
<td>Specifies the tunneling encapsulation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• For AToM, the encapsulation type is mpls.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Example:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Router(config-pw)# encapsulation mpls</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 5</strong> status redundancy {master</td>
<td>slave}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Example:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Router(config-pw)# status redundancy master</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Note</strong></td>
<td>One pseudowire must be the master and the other must be assigned the slave. You cannot configure both pseudowires as master or slave.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 6</strong> interworking {ethernet</td>
<td>ip}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Example:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Router(config-pw)# interworking ip</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

# Configuration Examples for L2VPN--Pseudowire Preferential Forwarding
L2VPN--Pseudowire Preferential Forwarding Configuration Example

The following commands configure a PE router with the L2VPN: Pseudowire Preferential Forwarding feature:

```
  mpls ldp graceful-restart
  mpls ip
  mpls label protocol ldp
  mpls ldp router-id Loopback0 force
  mpls ldp advertise-labels

  pseudowire-class mpls
  encapsulation mpls
  status redundancy master
  interface ATM0/2/0.1 multipoint
  logging event subif-link-status
  atm pvp 50 l2transport
  xconnect 10.1.1.2 100 encap mpls
  backup peer 10.1.1.3 100 encap mpls
end
```

Displaying the Status of the Pseudowires Example

The following examples show the status of the active and backup pseudowires before, during, and after a switchover.

The `show mpls l2transport vc` command on the active PE router displays the status of the pseudowires:

```
Router# show mpls l2transport vc
  Local intf     Local circuit              Dest address    VC ID      Status
  -------------  -------------------------- --------------- ---------- ----------
  AT0/2/0/0.1    ATM VPC CELL 50            10.1.1.2         100        UP
  AT0/2/0/0.1    ATM VPC CELL 50            10.1.1.3         100        STANDBY
```

The `show mpls l2transport vc` command on the backup PE router displays the status of the pseudowires. The active pseudowire on the backup PE router has the HOTSTANDBY status.

```
Router1-standby# show mpls l2transport vc
  Local intf     Local circuit              Dest address    VC ID      Status
  -------------  -------------------------- --------------- ---------- ----------
  AT0/2/0/0.1    ATM VPC CELL 50            10.1.1.2         100        HOTSTANDBY
  AT0/2/0/0.1    ATM VPC CELL 50            10.1.1.3         100        DOWN
```

During a switchover, the status of the active and backup pseudowires changes:

```
Router# show mpls l2transport vc
  Local intf     Local circuit              Dest address    VC ID      Status
  -------------  -------------------------- --------------- ---------- ----------
  AT0/2/0/0.1    ATM VPC CELL 50            10.1.1.2         100        RECOVERING
  AT0/2/0/0.1    ATM VPC CELL 50            10.1.1.3         100        DOWN
```

After the switchover is complete, the recovering pseudowire shows a status of UP:

```
Router# show mpls l2transport vc
  Local intf     Local circuit              Dest address    VC ID      Status
  -------------  -------------------------- --------------- ---------- ----------
  AT0/2/0/0.1    ATM VPC CELL 50            10.1.1.2         100        UP
  AT0/2/0/0.1    ATM VPC CELL 50            10.1.1.3         100        STANDBY
```
The `show xconnect` command displays the standby (SB) state for the backup pseudowire, which is independent of the stateful switchover mode of the router:

```
Router# show xconnect all
Legend:   XC ST=Xconnect State  S1=Segment1 State  S2=Segment2 State
         UP=Up       DN=Down            AD=Admin Down      IA=Inactive
         SB=Standby  HS=Hot Standby     RV=Recovering      NH=No Hardware
          +---------------------------------+---+---------------------------------+---------
          UP pri ac   AT1/1/0/0.1/1:220/220(ATM V UP mpls 10.193.193.3:330            UP
          IA sec ac   AT1/1/0/0.1/1:220/220(ATM V UP mpls 10.193.193.3:331 SB
```

The `ping mpls` and `traceroute mpls` commands show that the dataplane is active on the backup pseudowire:

```
Router# ping mpls pseudowire 10.193.193.22 331
%Total number of MS-PW segments is less than segment number; Adjusting the segment number to 1
Sending 5, 100-byte MPLS Echos to 10.193.193.22, timeout is 2 seconds, send interval is 0 msec:
Codes: '!' - success, 'Q' - request not sent, ',' - timeout,
       'L' - labeled output interface, 'B' - unlabeled output interface,
       'D' - DS Map mismatch, 'F' - no FEC mapping, 'f' - FEC mismatch,
       'M' - malformed request, 'm' - unsupported tlvs, 'N' - no label entry,
       'P' - no rx intf label prot, 'p' - premature termination of LSP,
       'R' - transit router, 'I' - unknown upstream index,
       'X' - unknown return code, 'x' - return code 0
Type escape sequence to abort.
!!!!!
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/1/4 ms
```

```
Router# traceroute mpls pseudowire 10.193.193.22 331 segment 1
Tracing MS-PW segments within range [1-1] peer address 10.193.193.22 and timeout 2 seconds
Codes: '!' - success, 'Q' - request not sent, ',' - timeout,
       'L' - labeled output interface, 'B' - unlabeled output interface,
       'D' - DS Map mismatch, 'F' - no FEC mapping, 'f' - FEC mismatch,
       'M' - malformed request, 'm' - unsupported tlvs, 'N' - no label entry,
       'P' - no rx intf label prot, 'p' - premature termination of LSP,
       'R' - transit router, 'I' - unknown upstream index,
       'X' - unknown return code, 'x' - return code 0
Type escape sequence to abort.
! 1 10.193.33.22 4 ms [Labels: 23 Exp: 0]
  local 10.193.193.3 remote 10.193.193.22 vc id 331
```

### Additional References

The following sections provide references related to the L2VPN: Pseudowire Preferential Forwarding feature.

### Related Documents

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<th>Related Topic</th>
<th>Document Title</th>
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<tr>
<td>Description of commands associated with MPLS and MPLS applications</td>
<td>Cisco IOS Multiprotocol Label Switching Command Reference</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L2VPN Pseudowires</td>
<td>- L2VPN Pseudowire Redundancy</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- MPLS Pseudowire Status Signaling</td>
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## Related Topic

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<th>NSF/SSO for L2VPNs</th>
<th>NSF/SSO--Any Transport over MPLS and AToM Graceful Restart</th>
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<tr>
<td>Ping and Traceroute for L2VPNs</td>
<td>MPLS LSP Ping/Traceroute for LDP/TE, and LSP Ping for VCCV</td>
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## Standards

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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>draft-ietf-pwe3-redundancy-bit-xx.txt</td>
<td>Preferential Forwarding Status Bit Definition</td>
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## MIBs

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<th>MIBs Link</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No new or modified MIBs are supported by this feature, and support for existing MIBs has not been modified by this feature.</td>
<td>To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS XE software releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: <a href="http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs">http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs</a></td>
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## RFCs

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<tr>
<td>No new or modified RFCs are supported by this feature, and support for existing standards has not been modified by this feature.</td>
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## Technical Assistance

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<tr>
<td>The Cisco Support website provides extensive online resources, including documentation and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. To receive security and technical information about your products, you can subscribe to various services, such as the Product Alert Tool (accessed from Field Notices), the Cisco Technical Services Newsletter, and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) Feeds. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.cisco.com/techsupport">http://www.cisco.com/techsupport</a></td>
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</table>
Feature Information for L2VPN: Pseudowire Preferential Forwarding

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

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<th>Feature Name</th>
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<tr>
<td>L2VPN: Pseudowire Preferential Forwarding</td>
<td>12.2(33)SRE</td>
<td>This feature allows you to configure the pseudowires so that you can use ping and show commands to find status information of the pseudowires before, during, and after a switchover. The following commands were introduced or modified: show mpls l2transport vc, show xconnect, status redundancy.</td>
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</tbody>
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