

# Configuring IP SLAs DLSw+ Operations

This module describes how to configure the IP Service Level Agreements (SLAs) Data Link Switching Plus (DLSw+) operation to measure and analyze the DLSw+ protocol stack and network response time between DLSw+ peers.

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# **Finding Feature Information**

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see Bug Search Tool and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table at the end of this module.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <a href="https://www.cisco.com/go/cfn">www.cisco.com/go/cfn</a>. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

# **Prerequisites**

A connected DLSw+ peer between the source and destination networking devices must be configured.

# Information About IP SLAs DLSw+ Operations

## **DLSw+ Operation**

The Cisco IOS IP SLAs DLSw+ operation measures the DLSw+ protocol stack and network response time between DLSw+ peers. DLSw+ is the enhanced Cisco version of RFC 1795. DLSw+ tunnels non-routable Layer 2 traffic such as Systems Network Architecture (SNA) traffic over IP backbones via TCP. The networking devices performing the tunneling of non-routable traffic into TCP/IP are referred to as DLSw+ peers. DLSw+ peers normally communicate through TCP port 2065. The destination networking device does not have to be a Cisco router if it supports RFC 1795.

In the figure below, Router A is configured as the source IP SLAs device and a DLSw+ operation is configured with Router B as the remote DLSw+ peer. Router A and Router B are configured as connected DLSw+ peers. The peer (destination device) does not have to run a Cisco IOS IP SLA-capable image.

Figure 1: DLSw+ Operation



Network response time is computed by measuring the round-trip time (RTT) taken to connect to the remote DLSw+ peer using TCP. This operation does not use the IP SLAs Responder.

# **How to Configure IP SLAs DLSw+ Operations**

## **Configuring IP SLAs DLSw+ Operations**



There is no need to configure an IP SLAs responder on the destination device.

Perform one of the following tasks:

## Configuring a Basic DLSw+ Operation on the Source Device

### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3. ip sla** *operation-number*
- 4. dlsw peer-ipaddr ip-address
- **5. frequency** *seconds*
- 6. end

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router# configure terminal	
Step 3	ip sla operation-number	Begins configuration for an IP SLAs operation and enters IP SLA configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config)# ip sla 10	
Step 4	dlsw peer-ipaddr ip-address	Defines a DLSw+ operation and enters IP SLA DLSw+ configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config-ip-sla)# dlsw peer-ipaddr 172.21.27.11	
Step 5	frequency seconds	(Optional) Sets the rate at which a specified IP SLAs operation repeats.
	Example:	
	Router(config-ip-sla-dlsw)# frequency 30	
Step 6	end	Exits to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config-ip-sla-dlsw)# end	

## Configuring an IP SLAs DLSw+ Operation with Optional Parameters on the Source Device

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3. ip sla** *operation-number*
- 4. dlsw peer-ipaddr ip-address
- 5. history buckets-kept size
- 6. history distributions-of-statistics-kept size
- 7. history enhanced [interval seconds] [buckets number-of-buckets]
- 8. history filter {none | all | overThreshold | failures}
- 9. frequency seconds
- 10. history hours-of-statistics-kept hours
- 11. history lives-kept lives
- **12. owner** *owner-id*
- 13. request-data-size bytes
- 14. history statistics-distribution-interval milliseconds
- **15. tag** *text*
- **16.** threshold milliseconds
- **17.** timeout milliseconds
- **18**. end

### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router# configure terminal	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3	ip sla operation-number	Begins configuration for an IP SLAs operation and enters IP SLA configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config)# ip sla 10	
Step 4	dlsw peer-ipaddr ip-address	Defines a DLSw+ operation and enters IP SLA DLSw configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config-ip-sla)# dlsw peer-ipaddr 172.21.27.11	
Step 5	history buckets-kept size	(Optional) Sets the number of history buckets that are kept during the lifetime of an IP SLAs operation.
	Example:	
	Router(config-ip-sla-dlsw)# history buckets-kept 25	
Step 6	history distributions-of-statistics-kept size	(Optional) Sets the number of statistics distributions kept per hop during an IP SLAs operation.
	Example:	
	<pre>Router(config-ip-sla-dlsw)# history distributions-of-statistics-kept 5</pre>	
Step 7	history enhanced [interval seconds] [buckets number-of-buckets]	(Optional) Enables enhanced history gathering for an IP SLAs operation.
	Example:	
	Router(config-ip-sla-dlsw) # history enhanced interval 900 buckets 100	
Step 8	history filter {none   all   overThreshold   failures}	(Optional) Defines the type of information kept in the history table for an IP SLAs operation.
	Example:	
	Router(config-ip-sla-dlsw)# history filter failures	
Step 9	frequency seconds	(Optional) Sets the rate at which a specified IP SLAs operation repeats.
	Example:	
	Router(config-ip-sla-dlsw) # frequency 30	
Step 10	history hours-of-statistics-kept hours	(Optional) Sets the number of hours for which statistics are maintained for an IP SLAs operation.
	Example:	
	Router(config-ip-sla-dlsw)# hours-of-statistics-kept 4	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 11	history lives-kept lives	(Optional) Sets the number of lives maintained in the history table for an IP SLAs operation.
	Example:	
	Router(config-ip-sla-dlsw) # history lives-kept 5	
Step 12	owner owner-id	(Optional) Configures the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) owner of an IP SLAs operation.
	Example:	
	Router(config-ip-sla-dlsw)# owner admin	
Step 13	request-data-size bytes	(Optional) Sets the protocol data size in the payload of an IP SLAs operation's request packet.
	Example:	
	Router(config-ip-sla-dlsw)# request-data-size 64	
Step 14	history statistics-distribution-interval milliseconds	(Optional) Sets the time interval for each statistics distribution kept for an IP SLAs operation.
	Example:	
	Router(config-ip-sla-dlsw)# history statistics-distribution-interval 10	
Step 15	tag text	(Optional) Creates a user-specified identifier for an IP SLAs operation.
	Example:	
	Router(config-ip-sla-dlsw)# tag TelnetPollServer1	
Step 16	threshold milliseconds	(Optional) Sets the upper threshold value for calculating network monitoring statistics created by an IP SLAs
	Example:	operation.
	Router(config-ip-sla-dlsw)# threshold 10000	
Step 17	timeout milliseconds	(Optional) Sets the amount of time an IP SLAs operation waits for a response from its request packet.
	Example:	
	Router(config-ip-sla-dlsw)# timeout 10000	
Step 18	end	Exits to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config-ip-sla-dlsw)# exit	

## **Scheduling IP SLAs Operations**

### **Before You Begin**

- All IP Service Level Agreements (SLAs) operations to be scheduled must be already configured.
- The frequency of all operations scheduled in a multioperation group must be the same.
- The list of one or more operation ID numbers to be added to a multioperation group must be limited to a maximum of 125 characters in length, including commas (,).

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3.** Enter one of the following commands:
  - ip sla schedule operation-number [life {forever | seconds}] [start-time {[hh:mm:ss] [month day | day month] | pending | now | after hh:mm:ss}] [ageout seconds] [recurring]
  - ip sla group schedule group-operation-number operation-id-numbers {schedule-period schedule-period-range | schedule-together} [ageout seconds] [frequency group-operation-frequency] [life {forever | seconds}] [start-time {hh:mm [:ss] [month day | day month] | pending | now | after hh:mm [:ss]}]
- 4. end
- 5. show ip sla group schedule
- 6. show ip sla configuration

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	Enter one of the following commands:  • ip sla schedule operation-number [life {forever   seconds}]	Configures the scheduling parameters for an individual IP SLAs operation.
	[start-time {[hh:mm:ss] [month day   day month]   pending   now   after hh:mm:ss}] [ageout seconds] [recurring]	<ul> <li>Specifies an IP SLAs operation group number and the range of operation numbers for a multioperation scheduler.</li> </ul>

	Command or Action	Purpose
	• ip sla group schedule group-operation-number operation-id-numbers {schedule-period schedule-period-range   schedule-together} [ageout seconds] [frequency group-operation-frequency] [life {forever   seconds}] [start-time {hh:mm [:ss] [month day   day month]   pending   now   after hh:mm [:ss]}]	
	Example:	
	Device(config)# ip sla schedule 10 life forever start-time now	
	Device(config)# ip sla schedule 10 schedule-period frequency	
	Device(config)# ip sla group schedule 1 3,4,6-9 life forever start-time now	
	Device(config)# ip sla schedule 1 3,4,6-9 schedule-period 50 frequency range 80-100	
Step 4	end	Exits global configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# end	
Step 5	show ip sla group schedule	(Optional) Displays IP SLAs group schedule details.
	Example:	
	Device# show ip sla group schedule	
Step 6	show ip sla configuration	(Optional) Displays IP SLAs configuration details.
	Example:	
	Device# show ip sla configuration	

### **Troubleshooting Tips**

- If the IP SLAs operation is not running and not generating statistics, add the **verify-data** command to the configuration of the operation (while configuring in IP SLA configuration mode) to enable data verification. When data verification is enabled, each operation response is checked for corruption. Use the **verify-data** command with caution during normal operations because it generates unnecessary overhead.
- Use the **debug ip sla trace** and **debug ip sla error** commands to help troubleshoot issues with an IP SLAs operation.

#### What to Do Next

To add proactive threshold conditions and reactive triggering for generating traps (or for starting another operation) to an IP SLAs operation, see the "Configuring Proactive Threshold Monitoring" section. operation)

To display and interpret the results of an IP SLAs operation, use the **show ip sla statistics** command. Check the output for fields that correspond to criteria in your service level agreement to determine whether the service metrics are acceptable.

# Configuration Examples for IP SLAs DLSw+ Operations

## **Example IP SLAs DLSw+ Operation Configuration**

The following example shows the configuration for a DLSw+ operation from Router A to Router B, a remote DLSw+ peer. Router B is configured as a DLSw+ peer and Router A is specified as the remote (connected) DLSw+ peer. Router A is then configured as a DLSw+ peer with Router B as the connected DLSw+ peer, and the IP SLAs DLSw+ operation parameters are configured. The operation is scheduled to start immediately and run for 7200 seconds (2 hours).

#### **Router B Configuration**

```
configure terminal
dlsw local-peer peer-id 172.21.27.11
dlsw remote-peer 0 tcp 172.20.26.10
```

#### **Router A Configuration**

```
dlsw local-peer peer-id 172.20.26.10
dlsw remote-peer 0 tcp 172.21.27.11
ip sla 14
dlsw peer-ipaddr 172.21.27.11
frequency 50
timeout 50000
tag DLSw-Test
exit
ip sla schedule 14 life 7200 start-time now
```

## **Additional References**

#### **Related Documents**

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Commands List, All Releases
Cisco IOS IP SLAs commands	Cisco IOS IP SLAs Command Reference

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS IP SLAs: general information	Configuring IOS IP SLAs Overview chapter of the Cisco IOS IP SLAs Configuration Guide.

### **Standards**

Standards	Title
No new or modified standards are supported by this feature, and support for existing standards has not been modified by this feature.	

### **MIBs**

MIBs	MIBs Link
CISCO-RTTMON-MIB	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL:  http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

### **RFCs**

RFCs	Title
RFC 1795	Data Link Switching: Switch-to-Switch Protocol

### **Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	

# Feature Information for Cisco IOS IP SLAs DLSw+ Operations

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <a href="https://www.cisco.com/go/cfn">www.cisco.com/go/cfn</a>. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Table 1: Feature Information for Cisco IOS IP SLAs DLSw+ Operations

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
IP SLAs DLSw+ Operation	12.3(14)T 15.0(1)S	The Cisco IOS IP SLAs Data Link Switching Plus (DLSw+) operation allows you to schedule and measure the DLSw+ protocol stack and network response time between DLSw+ peers

Feature Information for Cisco IOS IP SLAs DLSw+ Operations